

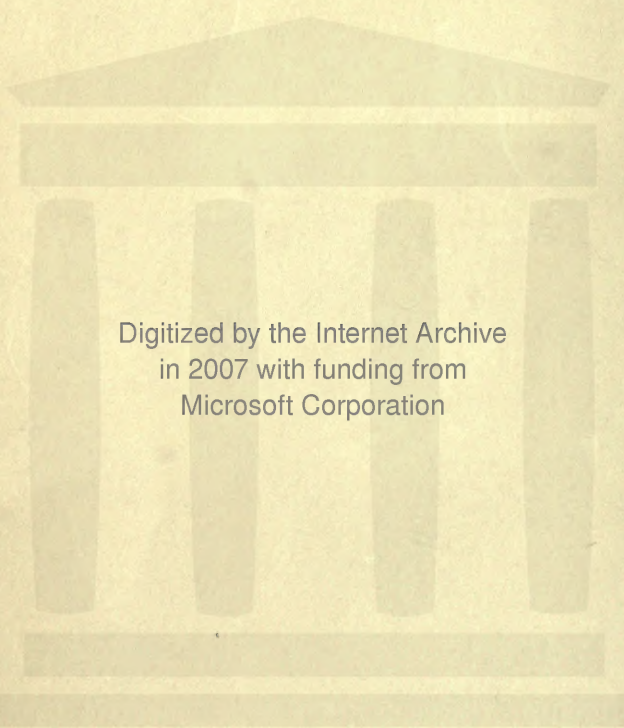
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DICTIONARY,  
SPANISH AND ENGLISH,

*John* AND *Fleming*  
ENGLISH AND SPANISH:

CONTAINING,

THE SIGNIFICATION OF WORDS,

AND

THEIR DIFFERENT USES;

TOGETHER WITH

THE TERMS OF ARTS, SCIENCES, AND TRADES;

AND THE

SPANISH WORDS ACCENTED AND SPELLED ACCORDING TO THE REGULATION  
OF THE ROYAL SPANISH ACADEMY OF MADRID.

A NEW EDITION,

CORRECTED, AND GREATLY ENLARGED,

BY JOSEPH BARETTI,

SECRETARY FOR FOREIGN CORRESPONDENCE TO THE ROYAL ACADEMY OF  
PAINTING, SCULPTURE, AND ARCHITECTURE.

PART I. SPANISH AND ENGLISH.

LONDON:

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1807.

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## ADVERTISEMENT.

**T**HE latest Dictionaries of any language are generally the best; as the last editor must be very injudicious, should he not retain whatever appears to be valuable in former works of the like nature. If he be diligent and skilful, he cannot fail to insert what has been omitted by preceding lexicographers; and to correct mistakes of the press, or in the orthography and accents. A moderate degree of judgment will enable him to reject what is foreign to the subject; and to be careful in expunging what is only proper for a treatise of geography, or a dictionary of arts and sciences.

Several Dictionaries, in English and Spanish, have appeared in this country. The first was compiled by Capt. Stevens, who, having resided some years in Spain, undertook to publish an English and Spanish Dictionary, as we then had nothing of this kind worth attention. His compilation is far from being contemptible; and he availed himself with much industry of the Dictionaries of Nebrixa and Aldrete, that were then the best which had been published in Spain. His work was printed several times in the course of the last century.

After Captain Stevens, Pineda pretended to make, as the phrase is, a perfect Spanish and English Dictionary; but the perfection of his work consisted in nothing more than in mutilating the Dictionary of Stevens in many places, and making a very few additions; though, in the preface to his book, Pineda took great liberties with the Spanish Academicians, who had compiled, in six large folio volumes, a Dictionary of their language, under the auspices, and at the expence, of their king Philip the Fifth; and was hardy enough, in that preface, to dispute with those Academicians upon the subject of their orthography, which they had regulated in a proper manner.

To Pineda succeeded Delpino, who likewise undertook to compile a better Spanish and English Dictionary than had hitherto appeared. It must be confessed, that, with all his faults, he took the trouble of adjusting the orthography of the Spanish part, after the manner of the Spanish Academicians; and, in his preface, he justly blamed Pineda for not conforming to their orthography.



Delpino's edition being sold, and a new one wanted, the present compiler has corrected and enlarged it. This he has performed chiefly by the help of Johnson's Dictionary with regard to the English part, and of the Spanish Academicians with regard to the Spanish. He can with truth declare, that he has added little less than ten thousand words, and made many necessary erasures. As to the orthography, he has adhered to Johnson and the Academicians, without the least deviation. He does not pretend, that this work is a perfect one of the kind; on the contrary, he candidly owns, that it is still far from perfection. Mean while, the Englishman who intends to learn Spanish, and the Spaniard who studies English, will not often find themselves at a loss for the meaning of a word.

To conclude in Johnson's words, "Of such a work as this, it is not necessary to say more; and it is presumed, it will not be found that truth required the editor to say less."

**J. BARETTI.**



# A NEW SPANISH AND ENGLISH DICTIONARY.

## PART THE FIRST,

CONTAINING

The SPANISH before the ENGLISH.

A

**A**, The first letter of the Spanish alphabet, and almost all known languages, and the first of the five vowels.

**A** is a preposition which marks the dative and accusative cases either singular or plural; ex. *à Pedro*, to Peter; *à los hombres*, to the men.

**A** marks also the accusative case: ex. *amo a Pedro*, I love Peter.

**A**, in Spanish, sounds always like *a* in these English words, *tall*, *war*, *call*; ex. *cadaver*, a corpse; *abanico*, a fan.

**A** is used likewise before the articles *el*, *la*, and *los*; ex. *à el hombre*, to the man; *à los Ingleses*, to the Englishmen.

**A** is a preposition, which they take from the Latin *ad*; when it is joined with a proper name in the masculine gender, they use it simply; as *à Fernando*, *à Carlos*; to Ferdinand, to Charles: but when it is joined to a noun appellative in the masculine gender, it agrees with the article *el*, which precedes the noun; and, to avoid the meeting of the two vowels, the *e* is suppressed; and so it is said, *al Rey*, to the King; *al*

A

*Papa*, to the Pope; and yet the *a* continues a preposition, as if it was separated.

**A** serves also to explain the action of the verb, either when it precedes the proper names of things, as *jugar à las cartas*, to play at cards; or when it is placed before an infinitive governed by another verb, as *vamos à pasear*, let us go to walk; *ir à comer*, to go to dinner; *matarse à estudiar*, to kill one's self with study.

**A** signifies the place where any thing had happened; ex. *à la puerta de su casa*, at the door of his house.

**A** shews also the nearness of any thing or place; ex. *estar sentado à la mesa*, to sit down at table; *à la puerta*, at the door.

**A** explains the distance from one place to another, and from one point of time to another, as *de Madrid à Cadix hay cien leguas*, there is a hundred leagues from Madrid to Cadiz; *de aqui à seis meses*, hence six months.

**A** signifies the time in which an action is done, as *à deshora*, out of season; *à las cinco*, at five o'clock.

A

**A** signifies also the manner of the action; ex. *à pie*, on foot; *à caballo*, on horseback; *paso à paso*, one step after another.

**A** signifies conformity or good order in any thing, as *à ley de Castilla*, according to the law of Castille; *à fuere de Aragon*, after the custom of Aragon.

**A** serves also to explain quantity or number, as *el gasto sube à cien pesos*, the expence amounts to a hundred dollars; *vale de veinte*, *à veinte y cinco doblones*, it is worth from twenty to twenty-five doubloons; *murieron en la batalla de quatro à cinco mil hombres*, there were killed in the battle from four to five thousand men.

**A** serves to express the price of any thing, as *à veinte reales vale la fanega de trigo*, a bushel of corn is worth twenty reals.

**A**, after the verbs of motion, sometimes point out the place where one goes, as *ir à Madrid*, to go to Madrid; *ir al campo*, to go into the country; *marchar à Roma*, to go to Rome; *llevar à Cadiz*, to carry any thing to Cadiz; and sometimes is made use of for the preposition *hacia*, towards, or

*contra*, against; as *como se fue hacia*, or *contra*, *ellos volvio la cara á tal parte*, as he went towards them, he turned his face to such a side.

*A* is a preposition which signifies also on, into, at; as *á las tres*, at three o'clock; *á veinte leguas de aquí*, twenty leagues off; *á dos pulgadas de tierra*, within two inches of the ground; *á razon de seis por ciento*, at the rate of six per cent.; *á la derecha*, on the right hand. *A* points out the distribution or equal partition of any thing; as *á tres por ciento*, at three per cent.; *á perdiz por barba*, a partridge each; *dos á dos*, two by two.

*Ais* also a particle which has several significations; sometimes it signifies the fashion; ex. *vestida a la Francesa*, dressed after the French fashion.

Sometimes the quality; ex. *a prueba de bombas*, bomb-proof.

Sometimes it is put for the adverb *about*: *de nueve á diez mil hombres*, about nine or ten thousand men.

*A* precedes many adverbs; ex. *poco á poco*, softly; *á trueco*, by changing; *á brazo partido*, by strength of arms; *á vista de ojos*, evidently; *á pecho descubierto*, sincerely.

It is also a particle of composition in many verbs, as from *dueda*, *lanza*, *palo*, are formed *aduedar*, *alanzar*, *apalar*, &c.

*A* signifies also the motive or end of the action, as *á instancia del Rey*, *vino el Papa en ello*, at the King's request, the Pope agreed to it; *á beneficio del publico*, for the public good; *á que proposito*, to what purpose.

*A* signifies the instrument with which any thing is done, as *quien á hierro mata*, *á hierro suero*, he who kills with a knife, dies by it.

These are the principal senses wherein this letter is used; but there are some others besides, which can hardly be brought under the foregoing significations, or indeed under any particular rules; yet you will find them all in the series of this dictionary.

*Aarón* (*barba de Aaron*) s. f. the herb wake robin, or cuckow-pintle.

*A'ba*, s. f. a little space of ground of about two yards.

*Abaca*, s. f. a kind of flax that grows in America.

*Abaceria*, s. f. an oil-shop.

*Abacero*, s. m. the master or mistress of an oil-shop, or any one who had obliged himself to supply the town he lives in with all the goods commonly sold in an oil-shop, or chandler's shop.

*Abacial*, adj. belonging to an abbot.

*Abáco*, s. m. (a term of architecture) the uppermost member of a column.

*Abáñ*, s. m. an abbot. The head of some principal churches in Spain.—*Abáñ bendito*, an abbot with bishop's privileges.—*Abáñ mitrado*, a mitred abbot.—Anciently they called *abáñ* the curate of a parish church.—Prov. *El abáñ de lo que canta yánta*, every body must live by his own labour.

*Abáda*, s. f. the female of a rhinoceros.

*Abadéjo*, s. m. that sort of salt fish we call dried cod, the bird called a wag-tail, and the fly we call the Spanish fly, or *cantharis*, used for raising blisters.

*Abadengo*, s. m. the territory and other things belonging to an abbot.—*Abadengo*, adj. belonging to an abbot.

*Abádes*, s. m. the fly called *cantharis*.

*Abadesa*, s. f. an abbess of a monastery of religious women.—*Abadesa*, s. f. the last spark that remains in a bit of paper burnt to ashes.

*Abadia*, s. f. an abbey, a monastery, or convent; and also it is understood the dignity.

*Abadiado*, m. ant. the same.

*Abahár*, vid. *Avahar*.

*Abajár*, vid. *Abaxar*.

*Abajarrón*, s. m. a sort of locust that devours the leaves and buds of trees.

*Abajera*, s. f. the herb called balm-gentle, or bee-wort.

*Abalado*, adj. soft, spongy.

*Abalanzador*, s. m. one who thrusts forwards or hazards.

*Abalanzár*, v. a. to hold or make the balance or scales even.—*Abalanzarse*, v. r. to attack, to rush on suddenly.

*Abaldonadamente*, ad. ant. vilely, with injury, ignominy, &c.

*Abaldonar*, v. a. ant. to taunt, to cast reproaches upon one, to give ill language.

*Abalgár*, s. m. a sort of purge, a purging potion.

*Aballár*, v. a. an. to lead a flock hastily to some place or other; to throw or cast.—*Aballár*, v. a. to ruin, to undo, to demolish.

*Abalório*, s. m. bugles. No *vale unabalorio*, it is not worth a pin.

*Abalóte*, s. m. uproar, tumult.

*Abanár*, a. an. to fan.

*Abandalizár*, v. a. an. to divide people into bands.

*Abanderádo*, s. m. an ensign's servant that carries the colours to him.

*Abanderádos*, s. m. pl. the name the people of Salamanca give those that carry the colours at the procession on Good Friday and Easter Day.

*Abanderár*, v. a. to hang or adorn a place with colours and streamers.

*Abandería*, f. an. faction, party, a side, or sect.

*Abanderizádor*, m. factious, mutinous.

*Abanderizár*, v. a. to raise a rebellion in a nation, to divide into many parties.

*Abandonamento*, s. m. the action of abandoning.

*Abandonár*, v. a. to abandon, to forsake, to desert.—*Abandonarse*, v. r. to abandon one's self to idleness or despair, to want courage to support adversity.

*Abandono*, s. m. the same as *abandonamiento*.

*Abanicar*, v. a. to fan, to cool with a fan.—*Abanicarse*, v. r. to fan one's self.—*Abanicaso*, m. a stroke with a fan.

*Abanico*, s. m. a fan.—*Abanico*, s. m. a curtain gathered in the form of a fan.—*Abanicos de culpas*, a nick-name given to the alguasils, or Spanish bailiffs, because they blow the fire, and excite men to commit crimes, that they may have an occasion to arrest them.

*Apanillo*, s. m. a little fan.

*Apapino*, s. m. a small sort of ruff or gorget, formerly worn by women in Spain.

*Abáno*, s. m. any sort of fan.

*Abantál*, s. an apron.

*Abantar*, v. a. to row off, to pass forwards.



ABA

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**Abaól**, s. m. poppy, sleep wort.  
**Abaratár**, v. a. to sell cheap, also to cheapen, to beat down the price of a thing.  
**Abarca**, s. f. a sort of shoes worn by country people, made of raw skins.  
**Abarcado**, adj. shod with *abarcas*.  
**Abarcár**, v. a. to clasp in the arms, to rake together much wealth, to assume command, to aspire to honour. *Quien mucho abarca, poco aprieta*, all covet all lose.  
**Abarcón**, s. m. anything whereby another is retained, as an anchor or chord, or anything that holds another; an iron circle that serves to fasten the pole of a coach.  
**Aburloár**, v. n. to sail to windward, to gain upon a wind, to tack from side to side.  
**Abarquillar**, v. a. to bend any thing in the shape of a little boat.  
**Abarracár**, v. a. to put into barracks.—**Abarracarse**, v. r. to cover from the inclemency of the weather, by entering into barracks.  
**Abarrado**, adj. (*pañó abarrado*) cloth ill dyed, with spots and bars.  
**Abarracamiento**, s. m. the life of a man and woman who live together in fornication.  
**Abarraganáda**, s. f. a mistress kept by one, a woman in keeping.  
**Abarraganado**, s. m. a map that keeps a mistress.  
**Abarraganarse**, v. r. to live in fornication.  
**Abarrancadero**, s. m. a steep downfall, a dangerous hill or rock, a precipice, also a great difficulty.  
**Abarrancado**, adj. sticking in cliffs, or craggy places, or in bogs between hills.  
**Abarrancár**, v. and a. to fall or throw down headlong, to tumble off precipices, to stick in bogs. *Metaph.* to run one's self into dangers, or troublesome business.  
**Abarráz**, s. an herb.  
**Abarrisco**, adv. confusedly, disorderly, inconsiderately.  
**Abarrotrár**, v. a. to bind down, to press hard with.  
**Abarrótes**, s. pl. by English sailors called dennage, being small parcels of goods to fill up the cavities in stowing of a ship.

**Abastadaménte**, adv. an. abundantly, copiously.  
**Abastádo**, adj. an. well furnished or provided. *Casa abastada*, a house well stored.  
**Abastamiénte**, s. m. an. the same as *abastanza*.  
**Abastánza**, s. f. an. or *Abasto*, sufficiency, store, plenty.  
**Abastér**, v. a. an. to furnish plentifully, or fully provide.  
**Abastecedór**, s. m. provider.  
**Abastecer**, v. a. to furnish, provide, supply, or store with provisions, or other things.  
**Abastecimiénte**, s. m. the care and action of providing.  
**Abastionár**, v. a. to fortify with bastions.  
**Abásto**, s. m. plenty, abundance; the small embroideries in a great piece.  
**Abatanadór**, s. m. a fuller of cloth.  
**Abatanár**, v. a. to full or mill cloth.  
**Abáte**, s. m. an Italian word used to denote one dressed like a priest in a short cloak; *abate*, interj. take care.  
**Abateár**, v. a. to wash.  
**Abatidaménte**, adv. meanly, basely, faintly, negligently, feebly, humbly.  
**Abatido**, adj. mean, humble, discouraged, dismayed, low in spirit, cast down.  
**Abatidór**, s. m. a person that opposes or casts down others, or discourages them.  
**Abatimiénte**, s. m. discouragement, disheartening, debasing, humbling, casting down; in the seaman's phrase, leeward way.—**Abatimiento**, s. m. humiliation, also meanness of birth.  
**Abatir**, v. a. to beat down, to discourage or cast down, to debase, to humble; to go leeward way.—**Abatirse**, v. r. to humble or subvert one's self.—**Abatir la bandera**, to strike the colours.—**Abatir la bandera por guindamania**, to strike the colours, and hoist them again as soon as run down.—**Abatíose el gerifalte**, the gerfalcon stooped.  
**Abaxadero**, s. m. a place to descend or come down, as the side of a hill, or the like.  
**Abaxadór**, s. m. he that takes down, humbles, lessens, or abates any thing.  
**Abaxamiénte**, s. m. an. humbling, debasing, lessening, taking down, or abating.

**Abaxár**, v. a. an. to come down, to stoop, to bring down, to humble, to lower, to descend.—**Abaxár la cabeça**, to hang down the head, that is, to submit or assent.—**Abaxár los párpados**, to wink.—**Abaxár los bríos**, to cool a man's courage.—**Abaxár la marén**, to ebb, as the water does.—**Abaxár las réntas**, to lower the revenue.—**Abaxár el halcón**, in falconry, to bring down a hawk's fat.—**Abaxár el tono**, to lower the voice, or set the tune lower.  
**Abáxo**, adv. below, under.—**De Dios abáxo**, under God.  
**Abdicación**, s. f. abdication.  
**Abdicár**, v. a. to abdicate, renounce the power once assumed, to revoke.  
**Abdómen**, s. m. the *peritonæum*, or inner rim of the belly covering the entrails.  
**Abéce**, s. m. the alphabet, the A, B, C.  
**Abecedario**, s. m. the first book in which children learn to read, like our primer, so called from the A, B, C.  
**Abéja**, s. f. a bee (*apis*).  
**Abejár**, s. m. a hive, a bee-hive.  
**Abejarrón**, s. m. a horse-fly.  
**Abejéra**, s. f. a place where they keep many bees.  
**Abejéro**, s. m. one who takes care of the bee-hives. Also an obscure mean person.  
**Abejerúco**, s. m. a bird that devours bees, called a witwall, or woodwall; also an unknown man.  
**Abejica**, or **abejilla**, a little bee.  
**Abejón**, s. m. a bee that has lost its sting; a drone.—**Abejon**, a sort of play among children, at which one cries buz, and if the other is not watchful to pull away his head, he gives him a cuff on the ear. Thence *Jugar con uno al abejón*, is to make sport of, or to make a jest of a man.  
**Abejonazo**, s. m. a great bee, or a wasp.  
**Abejorro**, s. m. a sort of fly that lives and breeds in the woods.  
**Abejuéla**, s. f. a little bee.  
**Abejurúco**, vid. *Abejeruco*.  
**Abélla**, s. f. a bee.  
**Abellár**, s. m. a bee-hive.  
**Abemolár**, v. a. to soften, to supple.  
**Abenúlas**, s. f. an. the eyelashes, or the hair on the eyelids.

**Abenúz**, s. m. an. the ebony-tree. This name is Arabick: the common Spanish name *éban*.

**Aberengenado**, adj. the colour of a fruit growing in Spain, called *berengena*, which in the beginning is green, and afterwards changes to the colour of a violet.

**Abernardarse**, v. r. to be highly incensed, raised into a passion beyond measure, spoken jeeringly to any one.

**Abernuncio**, interj. far be it from me.

**Abertéro**, adj. easy to be opened.

**Abertúra**, s. f. an opening, a chink, breach, or cleft; a yawning; a leak in a ship. In architecture, the doors and windows of a house are called *aberturas*.—*Hablar con abertúra*, to speak freely.

**Abeso**, adj. bad, nought. Obs.

**Abesana**, s. f. a yoke of oxen.

**Abeterno**, interj. from eternity.

**Abeto**, s. f. a fir-tree.

**Abetunár**, v. a. to daub over with bitumen, or any glutinous matter.

**Abéya**, s. f. obs. a bee.

**Abeyera**, s. f. obs. a bee-hive.

**Abéza**, s. m. vid. *Avezamiento*.

**Abezadamente**, adv. knowingly, customarily.

**Abezamiento**, s. m. accustoming, an inuring.

**Abiertamente**, adv. openly, plainly, manifestly, evidently.

**Abierto**, adj. open, clear, manifest, plain, conspicuous, v.

**Abrire**.—*Crédito abierto*, a term among the merchants, signifying full credit without limitation.

**Abierto**, s. m. open, or without walls or defence.

**Abigarrado**, s. a garment of several colours.

**Abigarrar**, v. a. to paint in many colours, without order.

**Abigato**, s. m. the thiefing or stealing of cattle; a word used in law.

**Abigó**, s. m. a driver of cattle, properly he who drives a whole flock or herd to kill them, a stealer of cattle.

**Abigotado**, s. m. one with long whiskers.

**Abinício**, adv. from the beginning.

**Abintestato**, adv. one that dies without making a will, intestate.

**Abitáque**, s. m. the fourth part of the measure called *viga*, a rafter.

**A'bito**, s. m. habit, dress.

**Abizcochado**, adj. made in the form of a basket, and as hard.

**Abjurar**, v. a. to abjure, forsake, renounce with an oath.

**Abjuración**, s. f. abjuration, the act of abjuring.

**Ablandador**, s. m. one that softens, smooths, or soothes, pacifies, appeases, or assuages.

**Ablandadura**, s. f. a softening, soothing, smoothing, pacifying, or appeasing.

**Ablandahigos**, s. m. a soft fellow that is to be moulded every way.

**Ablandar**, v. a. to soften, to soothe, flatter, appease, or pacify; from *blando*, soft.

**Ablativo**, s. m. the ablative case.

**Ablantador**, s. m. one that fans or winnows.

**Ablantar**, v. a. to fan, or winnow corn, or the like.

**Abnegación**, s. f. abnegation, denial, or alienation.

**Abobamiento**, s. m. astonishment, gazing as if one were beside himself.

**Abobár**, v. a. to become foolish, or make one a fool, or to make a man gaze as if he were beside himself.

**Abobás**, adv. foolishly, ignorantly.

**Abocamiento**, s. m. a congress, or meeting together.

**Abocar**, v. a. to seize with the mouth; also a term used by sportsmen, when a dog seizes a partridge.—*Abocar las vergas*, to make fast the yards of a ship, particularly in time of battle, to seize them fast that they may not fall.—*Abocar la artillería*, to point a gun, to aim, to direct the cannon; ex. *abocó la artillería a la brecha*, he pointed the artillery to the breach.

**Abocarse**, v. r. some to come mouth to mouth to confer.

**Abocardado**, adj. (*cañon abocardado*) with a mouth like that of a trumpet.

**Abochornar**, v. a. to vex or stifle, to make faint with excessive heat.—*Abochornar*, to plague, to weary, to tire, to trouble.—*Abochornar*, to irritate, to provoke.—*Abochornar*, to ashame, to disgrace.

**Abocinado**, adj. the curve of an arch, the two segments of which are similar, though the diameter of their curve is larger in the one than in the other.

**Abofeteador**, s. m. one that cuffs, boxes, or buffets another.

**Abofetear**, v. a. to cuff, box, buffet, or strike on the face.

**Abogacia**, s. f. the office or duty of a counsellor at law; also the practice or art of pleading.

**Abogación**, s. f. pleading, arguing, or defending a cause, as lawyers do.

**Abogada**, s. f. patroness, protectress.

**Abogado**, s. m. a counsellor at law, or advocate; also an intercessor or mediator.—*Abogado sin letras*, an ignorant pettifogger.

**Abogador**, s. m. one that calls together: the same as *muñidor*, the beadle of a company, from the verb act. *muñir*, to warn an assembly.

**Abogalla**, s. f. an oak-apple.

**Abogamiento**, s. m. a plea at the bar.

**Abogar**, v. n. to plead as a counsellor or lawyer, to speak in favour of any one.

**Abolenco**, vid. *Avolenco*.

**Abolición**, s. f. an abolishing, annulling, or making void.

**Abolir**, v. a. to abolish, to annul, to cancel or vacate.

**Abolladura**, s. f. a bruise.

**Abollador**, s. m. one that bruises, batters, or makes dents in things.

**Abollados**, s. m. pl. raised work, or embossing in embroidery.

**Abollar**, v. a. to bruise, batter, or beat dents in things.—*Abollar la cabeza de uno*, to vex, to tire, to plague one.

**Abollón**, s. m. the shoot of a vine.

**Abollonado**, adj. full of bunches, sticking out, or knobs made with beating, as in vessels of metal that are battered out.

**Abollonar**, v. a. to raise knobs, or risings on any thing with bruising or beating; to bud, to bloom.

**Abolsado**, adj. any thing folded in the manner of a purse.

**Abominable**, adj. abominable, detestable, loathsome, execrable.

**Abominablemente**, adv. abominably.



**Abominación, s. f.** abomination, detestation, loathing, abhorring; and the thing abominable.

**Abominador, s. m.** an abominator, or one that abhors or detests any thing.

**Abominar, v. a.** to abominate, to abhor, to detest, to loath; from the Latin *abominor*.

**Abonado, s. m.** one that has a good account given of him, or that has security or bail given for him; a rich, full of money, able to do any thing.

**Abonador, s. m.** one that answers or speaks a good word for another; also a surety, or bail.

**Abonamiento, s. m.** speaking a good word, or giving a good character of another, or giving security or bail for him. Obs.

**Abonanza, s. f.** the clearing or breaking up of the weather, and becoming fair. Obs.

**Abonanzar, v. a.** to clear up, to grow fair weather.

**Abonar, v. a.** to speak a good word for, or give a good character of another, to be bound for one, to bail a man.—*Abonar mercaderías*, to warrant goods, to answer for their goodness.—*Abonase el tiempo*, the weather mends.

**Abondamiento, s. in.** abundance, plenty.

**Abondar, v. a.** to abound, to have plenty, to be well stored.

**Abondo, adj.** (or *Abondoso*) obs. plentiful, abundant, copious.

**Abono, s. m.** giving a man a good word, or character, being bound for him.

**Abordadura, s. f.** boarding of a ship, or bringing a ship close to the shore.

**Abordar, v. n.** to lay a ship aboard, or to board her as in fight; also to bring her close to the shore.

**Abordo, s. m.** (a sea term) aboard, that is, in the ship; also boarding of a ship.

**Abordonar, &c.** See Bordonar.

**Aborascado, adj.** grown blustering, stormy, foul weather.

**Aborascár, v. n.** to grow blustering, stormy, foul weather.

**Aborrecedero, adj.** hateful, odious, abominable, despicable, contemptible.

**Aborrecedor, s. m.** one that hates, loaths, or abhors.

**Aborrecer, v. a.** to hate, abhor, loath, or dislike.—*Aborrecer, los huevos*, to fall off from one's friendship; verbatim, to hate the eggs; because birds leave their eggs when they find they have been handled.

**Aborrecible, adj.** hateful, loathsome.

**Aborreciblemente, adv.** hatefully.

**Aborrecimiento, s. m.** hatred, loathing, dislike.

**Aborrecencia, s. f.** abhorrence, hatred.

**Aborrir, v. a.** to vex, torment, or disgust, to be vexed at one's self or another.

**Abortadura, s. f.** an untimely birth, bringing into the world before time.

**Abortar, v. a.** to miscarry, to bring forth before the due time.

**Abortivo, adj.** abortive, born before the time, unsuccessful.

**Aborto, s. m.** a miscarriage, bringing forth before time.

**Abortón, s. m.** an abortive child, or other creature, born before its time.

**Abotinado, adj.** any thing in form of a boot.

**Abotagarse, v. r.** to swell.

**Abotinado, adj.** having the form of a boot. It is said of a particular kind of shoes.

**Abotonado, adj.** buttoned, as a man's coat; in trees, it is budded.

**Abotonador, s. m.** an instrument of iron used to button cloths with.

**Abotonadura, s. f.** buttoning, or the place on which the buttons are fastened.

**Abotonar, v. a.** to button a garment; in trees, to bud.

**Abovedar, v. a.** to vault, or arch.

**A/bra, s. f.** an opening, a creek of the sea, or an inlet to the land, a harbour.

**Abraçijo, s. m.** a sincere embrace.

**Abraçadamente, adv.** vigorously, fervently, ardently.

**Abraçador, adj.** that burns or consumes with fire.

**Abraçamiento, s. m.** a burning, or consuming with fire.

**Abraçar, v. a.** to burn, to consume with fire.

**Abraçarse, v. r.** to be inflamed.

**Abrazaderas, s. f.** cramping irons to hold fast stone or timber.

**Abrazador, s. m.** the person who embraces another; (in cant) the hangman.

**Abrazamiento, s. m.** an embracing.

**Abrazar, v. a.** to embrace, to hug, to clasp in the arms; also to encompass, to hem in. *Abrazar la opinion de otro*, to follow another's opinion.

**Abrazarse, v. r.** to embrace mutually, or one with another.

**Abrazo, s. m.** an embrace, a hug, a close embrace; ex. *darse el ultimo abrazo*, to take leave.

**Abrego, s. m.** the south-west wind.

**Abrevadero, s. m.** a watering place for cattle (*aquarium*).

**Abrevado, adj.** wet, moistened.

**Abrevador, s. m.** one who waters cattle.

**Abrevár, v. a.** to water cattle.

**Abreviación, s. f.** an abbreviation, epitome, compendium.

**Abrevado, adj.** abridged, shortened, made brief, cut off short.

**Abreviado, adj.** according to Quevedo, a jocular expression, intimating that a person is illegitimate.

**Abreviador, s. m.** an abridger, one that makes short; also an officer that dispatches the pope's briefs.

**Abreviatura, s. f.** an abridgment, retrenchment, cutting off, or shortening, or writing with abbreviations.

**Abreviar, v. a.** to make short, to be brief, to abridge, to cut off short.—*Abreviarse, v. r.* to be straitened, to be bound close.

**Abreviatura, s. f.** an abridgment, a summary, a compendium; also an abbreviation.

**Abrionarse, v. r.** to become a rogue, or to abandon one's self to vice.

**Abridido, adj.** a thing easy to be opened.

**Abridor, s. m.** one that opens; also an iron used to starch bands on; also an engraver, or carver.

**Abrigano, s. m.** a sheltering place, particularly used by shepherds as a cottage.

**Abrigar, v. a.** to cover warm, to clothe warm, to shelter close from the weather; also to support, to defend, or protect.

**Abrigo, s. m.** covering or cloth-

ing warm, any covert against the weather, but more particularly against cold.

**Abril**, s. m. the month of April. *Viene hecho un Abril*, or *está hecho un Abril*, he comes very handsome or beautiful.

**Abrimiento**, s. an opening, a discovery.

**Abrir**, v. a. to open, to discover, to disclose, to reveal, to cleave asunder, to expound.—*Abrir lo sellado*, to unseal.—*Abrir mano de una cosa*, to desist from a thing.—*Abrir portillo*, to make a breach.—*Abrir en cobre*, to engrave on copper.—*Abrir puerta*, to give an opportunity, to make a way.—*Abrir tienda*, to open shop; taken in a bad sense for women when they first expose themselves to be lewd.—*Abrir el ojo*, to stand upon one's guard, to be watchful.—*Abrir el tiempo*, is when the weather clears up, and clouds break away.—*Abrir camino*, to facilitate, to make way.—*Abrir los oídos*, to hearken, to be attentive.—*Abrir trinchera*, to open the trenches.—*Abrir el paso*, to facilitate.—*Abrir el puerto*, to take off an embargo upon ships detained.—*Abrir los ojos a uno (desengañarle)* to undeceive, to disabuse one.—*Abrir en canal*, to baffle, to joke, to offend one.—*Abrir las ganas*, to sharpen the stomach.—*Abrir la mano*, to be generous or liberal.—*Abrir las manos*, to let one's self be bribed or corrupted.—*Abrir las piernas*, to consent in a bad sense.—*Abrir la puerta a los delitos*, to give occasion to crimes.—*En un abrir y cerrar de ojos*, in a twinkling of the eyes, quickly.—*Abrirse*, v. r. to be opened, to be wide, or open.—*Abrirse la pared*, is when the wall cracks.

**Abierto**, p. p. of the verb *abrir*.—*Hombre abierto*, an open, free, sincere man.—*Campo abierto*, an open field.—*Canta a libro abierto*, he sings at the opening of the book.—*Crédito abierto*, a credit without limits (in trade); *guerra abierta*, an open war.—*Lugar abierto*, an open place.—*Vér el cielo abierto*, to find a favourable occasion to execute a project.

**Abrochadura**, s. f. clasp-

hooking, or drawing cloaths together.

**Abrochar**, v. a. to hasp, or clasp clothes together, but used sometimes for any way of making them fast.

**Abrogación**, s. f. an abrogating, annulling, or making void (in law).

**Abrogar**, v. a. (pres. *yo abrogo*, pret. *yo abrogué*) to abrogate, to annul, to abolish, to make void.

**Abrojo**, s. m. bramble, briar. Also such as soldiers call calthrops, chaussetrapes, or crowsfeet, being four-pointed irons, so made, that whatsoever way they fall, one point is always up; they are used to hinder the approach of cavalry, because they run into the horses feet and lame them.—**Abrojos**, s. pl. the Spanish sailors gave that name to some places in the sea, full of shelves, or covered with shallow rocks.

**Abromarse**, v. r. to be eaten by worms.

**Abroquelarse**, v. r. to cover one's body with a buckler or target against an enemy; to ward off a blow; to be protected, defended, supported.

**Abrotano**, s. m. the herb southernwood.

**Abrumador**, adj. heavy, or depressed by weight.—**Abrumador**, adj. troublesome, teizing, importunate, haranguing.

**Abrumar**, v. a. to oppress, to afflict, to molest, trouble, or teize.

**Absceso**, s. m. an abscess, a sore, or swelling full of matter.

**Abseconder**, v. a. to hide or conceal, abscond.

**Absencia**, or **Ausencia**, s. f. absence.

**Absentarse**, v. r. to be absent, vid. *Ausentarse*.

**Absénte**, adj. absent.

**Absolvedéras**, s. f. pl. easiness in a confessor to give absolution. A jocose word.—*Confesor de admirables absolvedéras*, a confessor that absolves easily.

**Absolvedór**, s. m. obs. a confessor.

**Absolver**, v. a. (pres. *absuelvo*, pret. *absolví*) to absolve, forgive, discharge sins, or offences.

**Absolución**, s. f. absolution.

remission, forgiveness, or pardon of sins or offences.

**Absolutamente**, adv. absolutely; also precisely, wholly, and truly.

**Absóluto**, *ta*, adj. absolute, independent, free, with full power.

**Absortir**, v. a. to suspend, to astonish.

**Absórto**, p. p. wholly taken up, wrapped in imagination, amazed.

**Absorver**, v. a. to sup up, or swallow, or suck up.

**Abstémio**, abstemious, one that is abstinent or sparing in his meat, drink, and other things. Latin *abstemius*.

**Abstenerse**, v. n. to abstain, to refrain from meat, drink, pleasure, or any other thing; ex. *para que te abstengas y reportes en el hablar demasiado conmigo*, that you abstain and keep from speaking too much with me.

**Abstersivo**, adj. abstersive, that has the quality of cleansing.

**Abstinencia**, s. f. abstinence, refraining, or forbearing of meat, drink, pleasures, or the like.—*Día de abstinencia*, a day of abstinence, is that which only obliges to abstain from eating of flesh, but is not a fast, which allows but one meal a day.

**Abstínente**, adj. abstinent, continent.

**Abstracción**, s. f. abstraction, or taking from disregard of worldly objects, absence of the mind, inattention.

**Abstractivamente**, adv. abstractedly.

**Abstrácto**, adj. extatick, abstract, or who is in an extasy, trance, or rapture.

**Abstraer**, v. a. to separate one thing from another.—*Abstraerse*, v. r. to abstain from doing a thing.

**Abstruso**, abstruse, hidden, concealed, profound. Latin *abstrusus*.

**Absuelto**, p. p. of the verb *absolver*.

**Absurdamente**, adv. absurdly, preposterously.

**Absurridad**, s. f. absurdity, that which is against reason.

**Abúrdo**, s. m. absurdity, what is done or said against reason.

**Abúrdo**, adj. absurd, preposterous.

**Absynthio**, s. m. worm-wood.



**Abuádo**, *da*, adj. hidden, pale, diseased.  
**Abubilla**, *s. f.* a bird called a hoopoe, that has a crest from the bill to the neck, and delights in dung and filth.  
**Abucásta**, *vid.* Avacasta.  
**Abucástro**, *s. m.* a tiresome, disagreeable fellow.  
**Abuchornár**, *vid.* Abochornar.  
**Abuela**, *s. f.* a grandmother; better spelt *aguéla*: see it there.  
**Abuelo**, *s. m.* a grandfather; better spelt *aguélo*: where see more of it.—*Abueltas desso*, together with that. It is properly two words, *a bueltas*.  
**Abuénas**, *adv.* fairly, by fair means. Two words, like the last.  
**Abuhamiénto**, *s. m.* a swelling, puffing up, bloating; also splenetickness, moroseness, or foppish ill-nature.  
**Abuhárse**, *v. r.* to swell, puff up, bloat; also to be splenetick, morose, or in the mumps.  
**Abulla**, *s. f.* a bubble in the water.  
**Abultár**, *v. a.* to make a great bulk, to have a large body.  
**Abulto**, *adv.* by the lump. *Tomar á bulto*, to take a thing upon content; *comprár a bulto*, to buy by the parcel, without examining.  
**Abundancia**, *s. f.* abundance, plenty, great store.  
**Abundante**, *p. a.* abounding, plentiful, well stored.  
**Abundanteménte**, *adv.* abundantly, plentifully.  
**Abundár**, *v. n.* to abound with, or in, to have in great plenty, also to be in great plenty, to have great store.  
**Abundosamente**, *adv.* as abundantly, barbarous.  
**Abundosidad**, abundance, plenty, great store.  
**Abundoso**, adj. abounding, plentiful, well stored.  
**Abunnelár**, *v. a.* to make any thing in the form of a fritter, or pancake.  
**Aburár**, *v. n.* to burn, to scorch.  
**Aburelado**, adj. dark red.  
**Aburrir**, *v. a.* to vex, distract, or make a man weary of his life.—*Aburrir los huevos la gallina*, is for the hen to take a dislike to her eggs, not sit upon them any more.  
**Abusár**, *v. n.* to abuse, misuse, misemploy.

**Abusión**, *s. f.* [little used] abuse, misemploying, misapplying; also superstition.  
**Abúso**, *s. m.* (as *abusión*) the abuse of any thing.  
**Abutárda**, a bustard, so called from the Latin *avis tarda*, a slow bird. *Vis.* Avtarda.  
**Abuvilla**, *vid.* Abubilla.  
**Abysmales**, *s. m. pl.* great nails, such as fasten the pole of a coach.  
**Abysmár**, *v. r.* to throw any thing into an abyss, or deep place.  
**Aby'smo**, *s. m.* an abyss, or deep place; also hell.  
**A'ca**, *adv.* hither, here; *ex. vén áca*, *mentecato*, come hither, you foolish fellow.—*Por áca*, hereabouts.—*Acá y aculla*, hither and thither.—*Acá*, a note of calling, as in English, hey. *Acá* denotes the time in which a thing hath happened.—*Desde un mes áca*, a month ago, or since.—*Acá como allá*, it is the same here as there.—*Andar de acá para allá*, *à de acá para aculla*, to run backwards and forwards, or ramble here and there.—*Prov. De quando acá Perico (ô Marica) con guantes?* how long is it since you have gone so fine?  
**Acabáble**, adj. any thing that can be finished.  
**Acabadaménte**, *adv.* completely, perfectly, absolutely.  
**Acabalar**, *v. a.* to finish, to bring any thing to perfection, to complete.  
**Acaballadero**, *s. m.* the time and place where horses cover the mares.  
**Acabaliádo**, adj. resembling a horse.  
**Acaballar**, *v. a.* to leap the female, as a stallion.  
**Acaballerádo**, adj. endued with a noble and generous disposition, gentleman like.  
**Acaballerár**, *v. a.* to think one's self a knight, without being so.  
**Acabádo**, adj. completed, entirely finished; also a wise man.—*Es un hombre acabádo*, an accomplished man.  
**Acabamiénto**, *s. m.* the end of any thing; also death.  
**Acabár**, *v. a.* to make an end, to conclude, to finish, to perfect, to accomplish, to depart out of this life.—*No puedo, acábar con el*, I cannot prevail

with him.—*Acaba ya*, do it then.—*Seria nunca acabar*, a thing that never would be ended, finished, completed, perfected.—*Quien mal anda en mal acába*, a bad beginning; a bad ending.—*Acabé áora de llegar*, I am but just come this moment.  
**Acabdilladamenté**, *adv.* orderly.  
**Acabdilladó**, *s. m.* a general.  
**Acabdillamiénto**, *s. m.* a conducting, guiding, or leading on the soldiers.  
**Acabdillár**, *v. a.* to conduct, or guide soldiers.  
**Acabelládo**, adj. chesnut colour.  
**Acabo**, *s. m.* the end, the conclusion. Properly two words, *a cabo*.  
**Acabronádo**, adj. wild, free, as free as a wild goat.  
**Acacharse**, *v. r.* to lay squat to lay close that one may not be seen.  
**Acacia**, *s. f.* a tree and drug so called, brought from Egypt, &c.  
**Academia**, *s. f.* an academy.  
**Académico**, *s. m.* a member of an academy.—*Académico*, adj. belonging to an academy.  
**Acaecer**, *v. imp.* to happen, to chance, to fall out; from the Lat *n accidere*.  
**Acaecerse**, *v. r.* to be present.  
**Acacimiénto**, *s. m.* an accident, event, incident.  
**Acairelar**, *v. a.* to fringe.  
**Acallar**, *x. n.* to still, quiet, appease, silence, to hush as they do children; from *callár*, to be silent.  
**Acalmár**, *v. n.* to calm, or still.  
**Acalonár**, *v. a.* to calumniate.  
**Acalorár**, *v. a.* to warm, heat, or make hot. Also to encourage.—*Acalorárese*, *v. r.* to heat one's self in a dispute, to hurry one's self.  
**Acampamiénto**, *s. m.* the place where an army is encamped.  
**Acampár**, *v. n.* to encamp, to lie in the field.  
**Acamuzádo**, adj. buff coloured.  
**Acána**, *s.* a sort of fine wood brought from the West-Indies of a very deep red.  
**Acanalar**, *v. a.* to cut in gutters or channels. In columns and carved work called fluting.  
**Acanáles**, *adv.* in gutters or channels, or a fluted column.  
**Acandilár**, *v. a.* to make any thing in the shape of a candle.

**Acaneládo**, adj. of a cinnamon colour, or dressed with cinnamon.

**Acanilládo**, s. m. interwoven canes, or reeds, like wadding, or any thing done after that manner.—*Pano acanillado*, a coarse sort of cloth, with great threads like reeds.

**Acanavereador**, s. m. one that pricks or wounds others with sharp canes or reeds.

**Acanavereár**, v. u. to pierce, prick, or wound with sharp canes or reeds, which was formerly used to make criminals confess, running sharp reeds between their nails and their flesh.

**Acanoneár**, v. a. to fire a gun, also to batter any place with cannon.

**Acantaleár**, v. a. to throw stones, to fling stones to; and also, to hail, to drop hail as big as stones.

**Acantarár**, v. a. to measure out by pitchers; also to strike with a pitcher.

**Acánto**, s. m. a sort of thistle called in English bears-foot, or bears-breach.

**Acanthobéla**, s. f. the name of a surgical instrument used in taking out something that sticks in the throat.

**Acantilár**, v. a. to strengthen, to press hard, to drive to necessity.

**Acantonár**, v. a. to canton troops.

**Acapár**, v. a. to muffle up in a cloak; from *capa*, a cloak.

**Acaparrár**, v. a. to shroud or shelter under another's cloak; to put under another's protection.

**Acaparesádo**, adj. of a colour between blue and green.

**Acapizárse**, v. r. [low] to pluck one another by the hair.

**Acaponádo**, adj. that is like an eunuch or a capon; also effeminate.

**Acaptár**, v. a. o. to beg.

**Acarár**, v. a. [Aragon] to confront, to bring face to face.

**Acardenalár**, v. a. to make scars, to beat or wound so that the scars remain.

**Acareár**, v. a. to confront, to bring face to face.

**Acariciador**, s. m. a person that makes much of his guest, or entertains his friends kindly.

**Acariciár**, v. a. to make much of, to treat tenderly and affectionately.

**Acarreadizo**, adj. that may be, or is brought, or carried.

**Acarreadór**, s. m. one that brings, and carries.

**Acareadúra**, s. f. acarreamiento, m. bringing, or carrying.

**Acarreár**, v. a. to bring or carry.

**Acarreó**, } s. m. carriage; *Hi-*  
**Acarreto**, } *lo acarreto*, pack-thread.

**Acarriár**, v. a. n. u. to put into the way, or into the track.

**Acarriállado**, adj. n. u. full cheeked, plump faced, or that has great cheeks.

**Acarriállár**, v. n. n. u. full cheeked, plump faced.

**Acáso**, adv. by chance, accidentally, casually.

**Acáso**, s. m. chance, hazard, accident.

**Acatadaménte**, adv. reverently.

**Acatadúra**, s. f. the countenance, presence, aspect, or face.

**Acatamiénte**, s. m. presence, aspect; also reverence, respect, honour.

**Acatár**, v. a. to respect, honour, reverence; also to behold, to look upon, to view.

**Acatañarse**, v. r. to take cold.

**Acaudalador**, s. m. one that gathers wealth, or makes up a stock.

**Acaudalár**, v. a. to grow rich, to gather wealth, to lay up a stock.

**Acaudillador**, s. m. one that leads, or conducts, as an officer does soldiers.

**Acaudilladúra**, s. f. Acaudillamiento, s. m. leading, conducting, as officers do their soldiers.

**Acaudillár**, v. a. to lead, conduct, or command, as an officer over soldiers.

**Acautelarse**, v. r. to be cautious, to be careful, or reserved.

**Acayrelár**, v. a. n. u. to adorn with square loops, or laces, or needlework.

**Acceleración**, s. f. swiftness, velocity.

**Acceleradaménte**, adv. swiftly, hastily, rashly, with precipitation.

**Acceleramiénte**, s. m. vid. *Acceleracion*.

**Accelerár**, v. a. to hasten, make speed.

**Accendér**, an. vid. *Encender*.

**Accénto**, s. m. accent, tone, pronunciation.—*Accento musico*, the sweetness of the voice, or softness of sound in music. *Accénto*, a note or mark upon words, that regulates their pronunciation, according to the Latins and others.

**Accentuár**, v. a. to lay a true accent upon words; also to pronounce right the accents; and in music, to sing melodiously.

**Accessible**, adj. accessible, easy of access.

**Accesión**, s. f. accession, increase, coming, or adding to; also the fit or paroxysm of a fever, otherwise called *accidente*, the Spanish physicians using both terms indifferently.

**Accésso**, s. m. an addition; also access, or an avenue, or way to a place.

**Accessór**, s. m. one that adds, or consents to, an accessory.

**Accessoriáménte**, adv. accessarily.

**Accessório**, adj. accessory, or consenting, or assisting to.

**Accidentádo**, adj. affected with an ill state of health.

**Accidental**, adj. accidental.

**Accidentalménte**, adv. accidentally, casually.

**Accidente**, s. m. the fit or paroxysm of a fever, or any other fit of a disease; also an accident unforeseen.

**Acción**, s. f. a deed, an action; also the title or claim a woman has to any thing; it is also an action at law, or an accusation laid against a man.

**Accionár**, v. a. to adapt the action proper to the words spoken.

**Aceár**, s. m. a Moorish ceremony, part of their devotions.

**Acebadamiénte**, s. m. a surfeit in horses, mules, &c. proceeding from eating too much barley.

**Acebadár**, v. a. to surfeit a beast, by giving him too much barley.

**Acebédo**, m. land covered with holly-trees; or a plantation of holly-trees.

**Acébo**, m. holly oak, holm agrifolium.

**Acebúche**, m. oleastre.

**Acechador**, s. m. one that is always watching, and prying, or observing, or peeping.

**Acechamiénte**, s. m. a watching, observing, prying, or peeping,



- Acechánza**, *vid.* **Assechanza**.  
**Acechár**, *v. a.* to watch, pry, or peep into others actions.—*Prov. Quien acecha por agujero, vé su duelo*; who peeps through a hole, sees something proper to trouble him; that is, he who is over curious, often hurts himself.  
**Acéche**, *s. m.* a kind of black earth to make ink with.  
**Acécho**, *s. m.* the act of watching, or prying; an observation.  
**Acechón**, *s. m. vid.* **Acechador**.  
**Acecinár**, *v. a.* to salt and dry meat in the air or smoke.—*Acecinarse*, *v. r.* to grow lean and dry like smoaked meat.  
**Acedár**, *v. a.* to make acid, to sour; also to trouble, to disgust.  
**Acedera**, *s. f.* the herb sorrel.  
**Acedia**, *s. f.* a sour taste; also metaphorically disgust; also a flat fish resembling a flounder.  
**Acédo**, *adj.* sour, acid; also harsh of temper, crabbed, peevish.  
**Acedúra**, *s. f. vid.* **Acedia**.  
**Acéfalo**, *a.* acephalous; without a head.  
**Acéite**, *s. m.* oil.  
**Acéitera**, *s. f.* oil bottle.  
**Aceituna**, *s. f.* an olive.  
**Acéiga**, *s. f.* white-beet.—*Cara de acelga*, a pale, greenish, melancholy face.  
**Acémila**, *s. f.* a vagage.  
**Acemíte**, *s. m.* bran.  
**Acendradúra**, *s. f.* the refining of gold or silver.  
**Acendrár**, *v. a.* to refine silver or gold, to cleanse, purify, or bring to perfection.  
**Acéna**, *s. f.* a water-mill, *vid.* **Azena**.  
**Acepción**, *s. f.* sense or signification of any thing; acceptance, or receiving any thing, reception, whether good or bad.—*Acepcion de personas*, the preference given to persons without their deserving it.  
**Acéphalo**, *adj.* any thing that wants a head or beginning.—*Libro acéphalo*, a book that wants the beginning.—*Verbos acéfalos*, a sort of heroicks, that begin with a short syllable; also sag ends of verses.—*Hereses acéfalos*, a sort of ancient hereticks, so called, because it is not known who was the first that started their heresy; they asserted there was but one nature in the person of Christ.  
**Acepilladór**, *s. m.* one that planes, as joiners and carpenters do with a plane.  
**Acepilladúras**, *s. f. pl.* shavings of wood, such as are taken off with a plane, when the wood is planed.  
**Acepillár**, *v. a.* to smooth, or plane, as joiners do with a tool, called a plane; also to brush cloaths; to civilize.  
**Acceptable**, *adj.* acceptable, pleasing.  
**Acceptación**, *s. f.* approbation, acceptance.  
**Acceptadór**, *s. m.* a receiver.  
**Aceptár**, *v. a.* to accept.—*Aceptar una letra*, to accept a bill.  
**Acceptante**, *s.* the person that accepts.  
**Acépto**, *adj.* well received, well taken, grateful.  
**Acéquia**, *s. f.* a canal to carry water.  
**Acéra**, *s. f.* the foot-path in the streets.  
**Acerár**, *v. a.* to steel water, &c. or steel arms or instruments, to fortify.  
**Acerbaménte**, *adv.* harshly, bitterly, severely, austere.  
**Acerbidád**, *s. f.* cruelty, asperity.  
**Acérbo**, *adj.* harsh, bitter, austere, severe; cruel, fierce, bloody.  
**Acérca**, *adv.* near, or close by; also concerning.  
**Acercamiénte**, *s. m.* drawing near, or approaching.  
**Acercár**, *v. a.* (*pres. yo acerco*, *pret. yo acerque*) to approach, to draw near, to be close at hand.—*Acercarse*, *v. r.* to come near at hand.—*Acercate*, draw near, come closer, approach.  
**Acércen**, *adv.* cut off cleverly close to the root or marks.—*Cortar las orejas a cercén*, to cut off the ears close to the head.  
**Acerico**, *s. m.* a small pillow; also a pincushion.  
**Acérp**, *s. m.* steel, a sort of metal; also a sword; also courage, spirit.—*Tomar el acero*, to drink a sort of potion mixed with steel.  
**Aceróso**, *sa*, *adj.* sharp, rough.  
**Acerravélas**, or **aserrauelas**, the cords by which the sail is made fast to the yard, called by English sailors the *robins*.  
**Acerrimaménte**, *adv.* sharply, bitterly.  
**Acérrimo**, *adj.* very sharp, bitter.  
**Acertadaménte**, *adv.* rightly, dextrously, cleverly.  
**Acertadór**, *s. f.* skilful in shooting, expert in guessing any thing.  
**Acertájo**, an enigma, a riddle.  
**Acertajón**, *s. m.* an augmentative of *acertajo*.  
**Acertamiénte**, *s. m.* or rather *Acierto*, the hitting the work, or doing a thing right.  
**Acertár**, *v. a.* (*pres. acierto*, *pret. acerte*) to hit the nail on the head; to do or to take a thing right; to hit a mark; to give a true solution to a question.—*Acertár*, is used by taylor to express the putting, and fitting together of the pieces they have cut out for a garment, to sew them together. This word is also used to signify what happened accidentally; as,—*Acertó passar por aquí á tal tiempo*, he happened to pass this way at such a time.—*Acertar errando*, to happen right by going wrong.  
**Acertíjo**, *s. m.* enigma, riddle.  
**Aceruélo**, *s. m.* a kind of pack-saddle for riding.  
**Acérvo**, *s. m.* a heap.  
**Acetábulo**, *s. m.* a little measure used by apothecaries, the  $\frac{1}{4}$  of an hemina.  
**Acetár**, *v. a.* to accept, to admit, to receive.  
**Acetádo**, *da*, *p. p.* of *acelar*.  
**Acétre**, *s.* a brass or copper bucket to carry water in, often used for that they carry the holy water in, in great churches; taken also for the sprinkler of the holy water.  
**Acetrería**, *s. f.* the place or street where the brasiers live, a brasier's shop; also the place where hawks are kept; in this sense more commonly called *cetreria*.  
**Acetréro**, *s. m.* a brasier; also a falconer.  
**Aceviládo**, *adj.* mean, base, vile, and of no repute.  
**Acevilarse**, *v. r.* to become mean, base, vile, and of no repute. *Obs.*  
**Acezár**, *v. n.* obs. to pant as dogs do when overheated.  
**Acezár**, *v. n. o.* to draw one's

breath short and hard, as one does after running, or some fright.

**Acezo**, s. m. drawing the breath short and with difficulty, by reason of some obstruction.

**Achacadizo**, adj. deceitful, fraudulent.

**Achacár**, v. a. to impute, attribute, to lay to another's charge.—*Achacarse*, v. r. to claim to one's self another man's merit or deeds.

**Achacosamente**, adv. sickly, ill.

**Achacoso**, adj. one that is full of excuses, or pretences; also a diseased person that is full of failings.

**Achancletár**, v. a. to put on the shoes with the heel down like slippers.

**Achaparrado**, adj. belonging to shrubs; small, and fat thing.

**Achaparrarse**, v. r. to be short of growth.

**Acháque**, s. m. a pretence, an excuse; also a distemper, an ailment.

**Achaquiar**, v. a. o. to accuse any one.

**Achaquiento**, adj. valetudinarian, who is always taking care of his health.

**Achaquito**, s. m. diminutive of *acháque*.

**Achicadura**, s. lessening, diminishing, drawing into a less compass.

**Achicár**, v. a. to lessen, to diminish, to bring into a less compass.

**Achicharrár**, v. a. to toast, or fry too much.

**Achicoria**, s. f. dandelion, endive.

**Achinelado**, adj. that wears slippers.

**Achiote**, s. m. a great tree growing in America, whose seed is used in dying.

**Achocador**, s. m. an unmerciful fellow that knocks down, or fells.

**Achocár**, v. a. (pres. *achuéco*, pret. *achuqué*) to knock down, to fell; also to hoard up money, to break the head.

**Achote**, s. a hard substance of a very deep red, formerly used to be put into chocolate to give it a good colour, and because it is an excellent pectoral. See *Achiote*.

**Achuchar**, v. a. to press or squeeze close together, also to persuade, to convict.

**Achuchurrár**, vid. *Achuchar*.

**Achugar**, v. a. to bind, or press hard, to ram down, thrust down in measuring, to wedge, or shore up.

**A'cia**, adv. vid. *Hacia*.

**Aciaño**, adj. miserable.

**Acial**, s. m. a hair rope made fast to a strong stick, used by farriers in Spain to hold unruly horses by the nose, instead of our barnacle.—Prov. *Mas puede acial que fuerza de official*; the barnacle can do more than the strength of a farrier; that is, towards holding the horse. It is equivalent to, Policy goes beyond strength.

**Acibár**, s. m. the purging drug made of the juice of the plant aloes; bitterness, sharpness.

**Acibarár**, v. a. to make bitter with aloes; also to vex, to trouble, to disgust.

**Acibarár**, v. a. o. to dash against.

**Acicalador**, s. m. polisher, burnisher.

**Acicaladura**, s. f. polishing, burnishing, or setting out to the best advantage.

**Acicalár**, v. a. to polish, burnish, or set off to the best advantage; to sharpen the edge of a sword.

**Acicátes**, s. m. pl. spurs which have a long broad point sticking out instead of rowels; used in Spain by gentlemen when they ride at bulls or the like sports.

**Acicatzó**, s. m. a stroke with such a spur as above.

**Aciche**, s. m. a trowel as bricklayers use.

**Acidía**, s. f. o. sloth.

**Acidióso**, adj. o. slothful.

**Acido**, s. m. acid, dissolvent, corrosive, properties opposed to alkali.—*Acido*, adj. acid, sour.

**Aciegas**, adv. blindfold.

**Acierito**, s. m. the right doing or performing of any business, a good hit, a right method, dexterity, good fortune.

**Aciगतado**, adj. that has the yellow jaundice.

**Acimbóca**, s. f. a citron-tree.

**Acimentarse**, v. r. to settle in a neighbourhood.

**Acina**, s. f. vid. *Hacina*.

**Acinar**, v. a. vid. *Hacinar*.

**Ación**, s. f. a stirrup-leather

**Aciprés**, s. f. o. the cypress-tree.

**Acipreste**, s. m. o. vid. *Acipreste*.

**Acirates**, s. m. pl. limits or bounds.

**Acitrón**, s. m. a preserved citron.

**Acivilár**, v. a. to debase.

**Aclamación**, s. f. acclamation.

**Aclamador**, s. m. the proclaimer.

**Aclamár**, v. a. to receive with acclamations, to shout by way of approbation.

**Aclaración**, s. f. a clearing, or making plain.

**Aclarador**, s. m. a clearer, or explainer of matters, one that lays things open.

**Aclarár**, v. n. to clear, to cleanse, to explain, to lay things open.

**Aclareár**, v. n. o. to explain, to clear up, to put a thing in a true light; *aclarar un navio*, to clear out a ship at the custom-house.

**Aclavilla**, s. an instrument dyers use for dipping the things they dye.

**Aclocarse**, v. r. to set as a hen does on her eggs; also to be lazy.

**Acobardár**, v. a. to frighten, terrify, scare.—*Acobardarse*, v. r. to become a coward.

**Acoceador**, adj. that kicks or spurs.

**Acoceamiento**, s. m. a kicking, a spurning.

**Acoceár**, v. a. to kick or spurn.

**Acochinar**, v. a. to come to a secret agreement with a criminal; to murder by violence.—*Acochinar*, meta. to hinder the course of any process, or to puzzle or confound.

**Acocotár**, v. a. to kill with a blow or cut given on the nape of the neck.

**Acodadura**, s. f. a bending like that of an elbow; also the act of leaning on the elbow; also the pruning of vines, and their taking root.

**Acodár**, v. a. to make a bending like an elbow; also to lean on the elbow; it is also a term used by carpenters in measuring; and in trees it is to prone them, and their taking root in the ground.

**Acodiciár**, v. n. o. to covet.

**Acódo**, s. m. a knot in a tree; (a word used by gardeners).

**Acogedor**, s. m. one that receives or entertains others.

**Acoger**, v. a. (pres. *acijo*, pret.



*acogi*) to entertain, to admit, to receive friendly; metaph. to protect, also to shelter.—*Acógerse*, v. r. to betake one's self to flight, to make an escape, to have recourse to, to defend one's self.—*Acogerse*, to conform to another's opinion.

*Acogeta*, s. f. an escape.

*Acogida*, s. f. a place to betake one's self to, a place of refuge; also reception, or entertainment; as *me hizo buena acogida*, he received me friendly; also a confluence.

*Acogimiento*, s. m. reception, entertainment, an escape, protection.

*Acogotar*, v. a. to grow thick necked; also to strike on the neck, or kill with a blow on the neck as we do rabbits.

*Acohombrado*, adj. made like a cucumber, or dressed with cucumber.

*Acoitarse*, v. r. to be affected with trouble, to be perplexed. Obs.

*Acolchár*, v. a. to quilt, wad, stuff with cotton or silk.

*Acolyto*, s. m. an acolyte, one that serves the priest at the altar.

*Acollador*, s. m. a rope made use of by sailors to bind the mast.

*Acollarár*, v. a. to yoke beasts together; to put a collar to a dog.

*Acollér*, obs. vid. *Acoger*.

*Acolvado*, adj. filled, heaped up. Obs.

*Acólvár*, v. a. to fill, to heap up. Obs.

*Acomandar*, v. a. o. to recommend, to speak well of. Vid. *Encomendar*.

*Acombár*, vid. *Combar*.

*Acometedór*, s. m. one that assaults, attacks, or sets upon, or one that undertakes.

*Acometér*, v. a. to assault, to attack, to set upon; also to undertake.—*Acometedor con dardivas*, to tempt a man with gifts.

*Acometida*, s. f. an assault, an attack; also an undertaking.

*Acometimiento*, s. an assault, an attack; also an undertaking.

*Acomodable*, adj. convenient, fit.

*Acomodación*, s. f. accommodation.

*Acomodadamente*, adv. conveniently, opportunely.

*Acomodado*, adj. convenient, apt, fit for any thing.—*Acomodado*, settled.—*Acomodado*, commodious, also rich.

*Acomodador*, s. m. he who adapts something to another; also the man who has the care to assign women their places at the play-house.

*Acomodadora*, s. f. a woman whose business is to look for nurses.

*Acomodamiento*, s. m. a fitting, making convenient, bringing to reason, a settlement or provision.

*Acomodar*, v. a. to make fit or convenient, to compound a difference, to place a servant, to provide for another.—*Acomodar*, iron, to hurt any one.—*Acomodar*, to fit any thing to any one.—*Acomodarse*, v. a. to provide for one's self, or to get an employment; also to conform, and settle one's self to the times or circumstances.

*Acompañador*, s. m. one that keeps company with, or follows another.

*Acompañamiento*, s. m. a retinue, attendance, or keeping in company.—*Acompañamiento*, the band of a company of musicians, the singer; also the time and the instrument itself.

*Acompañante*, p. ac. de *acompañar*, he who accompanies any one.

*Acompañar*, metaph. to join one thing to another.—*Acompañar*, paint, to adorn the principal figure with others, in order that it may shine more among them.—*Acompañar*, v. a. to accompany, or be of a retinue.—*Mas vale solo que mal acompañado*, it is better to be alone than in bad company.

*Acomplexionado*, adj. belonging to the complexion, either good or bad.

*Acumular*, v. a. obs. vid. *Acumular*.

*Acomplimento*, s. m. complement, that which makes any thing complete.

*Aconchadillo*, s. m. any sort of ragoo.

*Aconchár*, v. a. to cover with shells, or to lay and fit together, that things may lie as fish does in the shell.—*Aconchár dinero*, to hoard money.

*Acondicionar*, v. a. to put into good condition.

*Acongojar*, v. a. to vex, fatigue, perplex, trouble, oppress.

*Aconito*, s. m. a poisonous herb, of which there are two sorts, the one called libbards-bane, the other wolfs-bane.

*Aconsejamente*, adv. with advice, maturely, discreetly.

*Aconsejador*, s. m. a counsellor, an adviser.

*Aconsejar*, v. a. to counsel, to advise.—*Mal aconsejado*, ill advised; it is said of one that does any thing rashly without taking advice.—*Aconsejarse*, to consult with any one.

*Aconsolar*, v. a. o. to comfort. Vid. *Consolar*.

*Acontagiár*, v. a. to infect. Vid. *Inficionar*.

*Acontár*, v. a. o. vid. *Contar*.

*Acontecer*, v. imp. to happen, to chance, to fall out.—*No me acontecerá otra vez*, it shall be so no more, I will not be served so again.

*Acontecimiento*, s. m. an accident, any thing that has happened.

*Acontentarse*, v. r. vid. *Contentarse*.

*Acontrastár*, o. vid. *Contrastar*.

*Acopado*, adj. that is made round like a cup; as *arbol acopado*, a tree that has a round head like a cup, tufted.

*Acopár*, v. a. to make a thing have a round head like a cup, to tuft.

*Acopetado*, adj. curled.

*Acopiamento*, s. m. an account or estimate taken at the disposing of any pastures or flocks of cattle.

*Acopiar*, v. a. to value or set a price on pasture ground.

*Acoplar*, v. a. to join together, as carpenters do boards.—*Acoplarse*, v. r. to be joined together, p. Ar. to yoke oxen, &c. to work.

*Acoquinár*, v. a. or rather *acouquinarse*, v. r. to be frightened, to fear.

*Acoralado*, adj. adorned with coral, or of the colour of coral.

*Acorár*, v. a. to cut the hoof to the quick.

*Acorár*, v. a. to kill, to stifle.

*Acortablemente*, and *Acordadamente*, adv. with common consent.

*Acordamiento*, s. m. vid. *Conformidad*.

**Acordanza**, vid. Consonancia.

**Acordar**, v. a. (pres. *acuerdo*, pret. *acorde*) to remember, to awake from sleep, to put in mind, to agree together, to determine; in music, to tune.

**Acorde**, adj. agreed, unanimous.

**Acornár**, and **Acornear**, v. a. to but as horned beasts do; also to abuse.

**Acóro**, s. m. galingale.

**Acorralar**, v. a. to fold cattle; also to drive up where one cannot escape, to pen up, to distress, to bring into straits.—*Acorrálarse*, v. r. to be straitened, penned up.

**Acorrér**, v. a. to run to, to help, to relieve, to succour, or assist.

**Acorrimento**, s. m. aid, assistance, succour, relief, running to.

**Acórro**, s. m. help, aid, assistance, succour, relief.

**Acorrucarse**, v. r. vid. **Acurrucarse**.

**Acortadizo**, s. m. shreds, fragments.

**Acortamiento**, s. m. shortening, abridging, retrenching.

**Acortár**, v. a. to shorten, to abridge, to retrench; also to suspend, to detain.—*Acotársese*, v. r. to be stopped short with fear or shame, to be out, to falter.

**Acorvâr**, v. a. to crook, bend, or bow.

**Acorzâr**, v. a. p. Aragon, vid. **Acortar**.

**Acosadór**, s. m. one that pursues, persecutes, or molests, or baits others.

**Acosamiento**, s. f. close pursuit, persecuting, molesting, or vexing, baiting.

**Acosâr**, v. a. to pursue close, to persecute, molest, fret and vex, to bait.

**Acostamiento**, s. m. vid. **Sueldo**.

**Acostâr**, v. a. to put to bed, to lay one down; also to incline, to be in decay or ready to fall; also to enlist soldiers, or to follow the opinion or party of one.—*Acostárase*, v. r. to approach, to come near, or to draw and bring near.—*Acostárase el peso*, to incline the balance on one side.—*Acostárase al parecer de otro*, to incline to another man's opinion.

**Acostumbramiento**, s. m. accustoming, use.

**Acostumbrâr**, v. a. to accustom, to use.—*Acostumbrárase*, v. r. to accustom one's self to any thing.—*Hijo de viuda, ó mal criado ó mal acostubrâdo*, a widow's son is generally spoil'd by the love of his mother.

**Acotación**, s. f. the action of putting bounds or limits; also a mark, an annotation put in the margin of a writing or book.

**Acotâr**, v. a. to bound, to limit; also to take notice, to mark, to make annotations; to cut down, to accept.—*Acotársese*, v. r. to put one's self in safety.

**Acotolâr**, v. a. to use ill.

**Acotylâr**, v. n. to procure. Obs.

**Acoyundâr**, v. a. to yoke the oxen.

**A'cre**, adj. sour, sharp; (it is used in a proper and figurative sense.)—*Acre*, metaph. it is said of one that is of a rough temper.

**Acrecentadór**, s. m. one that increases, enlarges, augments, or improves.

**Acrecentamiento**, s. m. increasing, enlarging, improvement.

**Acrecentâr**, v. a. (pres. *acreciento*, pret. *accentre*) to increase, enlarge, augment, or improve.

**Acreeer**, v. a. to increase, to add to.

**Acrecimiento**, s. m. increase, or augmentation. Vid. **Crecimiento**.

**Acreditâr**, v. a. to give credit, to confirm, to put in esteem; also to be bound for, to prove.—*Acreditâr una opinion*, to give credit to an opinion.—*Acreditâr en quenta*, to credit in account.—*Acreditárise*, v. r. to get into credit, to get a name.

**Acreeidór**, s. m. a creditor.

**Acreeer**, v. n. o. to lend money upon goods as the pawnbrokers do.

**Acreménte**, adv. sharply,

**Acribadúra**, s. f. the action of sifting.

**Acribadúras**, s. f. pl. siftings.

**Acribâr**, v. a. to sift; also to shoot through and through.

**Acr'billâr**, v. a. to pierce full of holes; also to tire, to plague, to persecute, to molest.

**Acriminación**, s. f. the action of exaggerating a crime.

**Acriminadór**, s. m. a prosecutor, an evidence.

**Acriminâr**, v. a. to accuse, to lay crimes to one's charge, to prosecute rigorously.

**Acrimonia**, s. f. sharpness, tartness; metaphorically, severity, asperity; also ardour, vehemence, energy.

**Acrisolâr**, v. a. to refine in a crucible; metaphorically, to cleanse, or purify, to try a man thoroughly,

**Acróstico**, s. m. acrostick.

**Acrotéras**, s. f. pl. (in architecture) little pedestals without bases, placed at the middle and the two extremes of pediments.

**A'ctas**, s. f. pl. publick acts, or records.

**Actiadéro**, adj. in law, imminent, ready to be done.

**Actitâr**, v. a. in law, to act, to bring before a judge.

**Actividad**, s. f. activity, diligence, expedition, vivacity.

**Activo**, adj. eficacious, active, diligent, expeditious.

**A'cto**, s. m. act, action, deed.

**Actór**, s. m. a performer, an actor; in the law, plaintiff, or prosecutor.

**Actos**, s. m. pl. vid. **Autos**.—*Actos de caballeria*, deeds of noblemen.—*Actos de comedia*, acts of a play.—*Actos de los Apostoles*, the acts of the Apostles.—*Actos de posesion*, (in law) a form of taking possession of an estate, employment, dignity, &c.—*Actos de universidad*, an act or solemn dispute in an university.—*Actos publicos*, publick acts of justice, as those of the inquisition against criminals.—*Tener actos positivos*, to deserve an employment.

**Actuâl**, adj. actual.

**Actualmente**, adv. actually, truly, indeed.

**Actuâr**, v. a. to act, to perform, to operate.—*El estómago, actual las manjares, y el entendimiento los conceptos*, the stomach digests the aliments, and the understanding prepares the ideas.

**Actuário**, s. m. a scrivener, a register.

**Actuôso**, adj. diligent, careful.

**Acuchilladizo**, adj. that has been, or is exposed to be slashed and cut; said of a quarrelsome person who is always flashing, a bully.

**Acuchilladór**, s. m. a prize-fighter, a gladiator.—*Mangas acuchilladas*, slashed sleeves.

**Acuchilladúra**, s. f. or **acuchillamiento**, s. m. a cutting, slashing, or hewing.



**Acuchillar**, v. a. to cut, slash, or hew; to wound.—*Acuchillarse*, v. r. to fight another both sword in hand.

**Acacia**, s. f. o. diligence, carefulness, attention, labour.

**Acuár**, v. a. o. to sharpen; also to hasten, to urge, to wish, to press.

**Acusiosamente**, adv. sharply, diligently.

**Acuciós**, adj. obs. sharp, diligent.

**Acucillas**, adv. o. setting on one's legs, with the body hanging on the hams.

**Acuda**, s. a great wheel to draw water with, out of wells, commonly used to water gardens.

**Acudimiento**, s. m. repairing to; also relief or assistance.

**Acudir**, v. n. to repair to, to come to a call; also to relieve or assist; also to apply to, to ask for protection.

*Acudir la tierra con frutos*, to bring forth plenty of fruits.

**Acuén**, adv. on account, conveniently.

**Acuerdár**, v. n. to grow or make wiser.

**Acuerdo**, s. m. agreement, resolution, judgment, reason, knowledge, capacity.—*Hacer acuerdo*, to remember.—*Acuerdo de asesor*, the opinion of the counsellor to the jury.—*Acuerdos del reyno*, the resolution taken in the Spanish courts.—*Estar fuera de su acuerdo*, to lose one's senses, as in a fainting fit.—*El libro de acuerdo*, the rolls.—*Por último acuerdo*, by the last determination.—*Quedar ó estar de acuerdo*, to be unanimous, to agree together.—*Tomar acuerdo*, to consult, to ask advice.—*Volver en su acuerdo*, to recover the senses after a fit.

**Acuernár**, v. a. to but, to strike with the horns.

**Acuéstas**, adv. upon a man's back, on his shoulders.—*Tener sesenta años acuestas*, to be three-score years old. *Verbatim*, to have threescore years upon one's back.—*Tomar un muchacho acuestas*, to hoist up a boy as they do at school to be whipped.—*Llevar á otro acuestas, verbatim*, to carry another upon one's back; *metaphorically*, to maintain him.

**Acuitarse**, to afflict or trouble one's self, to pine away.

**Aculla**, adv. there in that place. *Allá y aculla*, here and there.

**Acullir**, v. a. to receive or entertain a guest.

**Acumbrár**, v. a. to raise, extol, elevate.

**Acúmen**, s. m. acuteness, sharpness, subtilty.

**Acumulación**, s. f. an heaping together.

**Acumulador**, s. m. one that accumulates, or heaps together, one that lays faults to others, and magnifies them.

**Acumular**, v. a. to accumulate, to heap on, to lay to one's charge.

**Acunzador**, s. m. polisher, refiner, one that adorns and sets things in order.

**Acunzár**, to polish, refine, adorn, or set things in order. Obs.

**Acunador**, s. m. a coiner; also a cleaver that cleaves with wedges.—*Acunador de testigos falsos*, a coiner; that is a suborner of false witnesses.

**Acunár**, v. a. to coin money, to cleave with wedges.—*Acunñar dinero*, besides the literal sense of coining, signifies *metaphorically*, to heap or gather wealth.

**Acurrucarse**, v. r. to clothe one's self well against cold weather.

**Acurrullár**, v. a. (a sea term) used in the galleys to express the action of furling the sails.

**Acurtidór**, s. m. vid. Curtidor.

**Acurtir**, v. a. vid. Curtir.

**Acusación**, s. f. an accusation.

**Acusador**, s. m. accuser, evidence.

**Acusamiento**, s. m. an accusation.

**Acusár**, v. a. to accuse, to charge with offences.—*Acusarse*, v. r. to accuse one's self.

**Acusativo**, s. m. the accusative case.

**Acusatório**, adj. accusatory.

**Acutángulo**, s. m. an acute-angled triangle.

**Adafina**, s. f. a sort of ragoo used among Jews in Spain.

**Adágio**, s. m. an adage, a proverb.

**Adaguár**, v. a. to water cattle.

**Adahála**, s. f. vid. Adahala.

**Adála**, s. a gutter, a nautical word.

**Adalid**, s. m. a guide, a conductor. This word is generally used for those that conduct armies.

**Adamadillo**, adj. sparkish, beaush.

**Adamádo**, adj. finical, fine, nice, dainty, lady-like.

**Adamadura**, s. f. effeminacy.

**Adamamiento**, s. m. vid. Adamadura.

**Adamár**, v. a. to love eagerly.

*Adamarse*, v. r. to make or become finical, nice, dainty, or lady-like.

**Adamascádo**, adj. diversified or variegated like a damasked stuff.

**Adanismo**, s. m. a meeting of naked men and women; or the sect called Adamites.

**Adaponér**, v. a. to present. Obs.

**Adaptádo**, s. m. a person who is fit or proper for any thing.

**Adaptár**, v. a. to adapt, to fit, to make equal.

**Adaragadante**, s. m. one who covers himself with a target.

**Adárga**, s. f. a short light target, or buckler, made of buffalo's hide, or buff, used by the Spaniards and Africans.

**Adargáma**, s. f. the finest flour.

**Adargár**, v. a. to arm or cover with a target, or buckler, to stand upon one's guard.—*Adargarse*, v. r. to be covered with a target or buckler.

**Adárme**, s. m. a dram weight; also a small piece of money formerly so called in Spain.

**Adarmiento**, s. m. a herd of cows.

**Adarvado**, adj. stupified, benumbed, or become motionless with a fright, like the statues they used formerly to set on the *adarves*, or walls, to make the number of the defendants seem the greater.

**Adarvár**, v. a. obs. to stupify, to strike with wonder.

**Adárre**, s. m. the space or breadth on the top of the walls of a fortified place, where the battlements are for the defendants to stand on.—*Prov. Abaxáanse los adárves, y levántanse los muladáres*, the high walls stoop, and the dung-hills rise, used when persons of note humble themselves, or

are cast down, and base fellows strive to look great, or rise high.—*Adaután beber adaután*, to drink to a pitch, to drink hard; to drink as much as another.

**Adafina**, s. f. v. d. Adafina.

**Adesios**, s. f. *hablar adesios*, to speak nothing to the purpose; or though it be to the purpose, to talk to those that will not mind, or at least will not admit of what is said.

**Adesüera**, adv. the same as *afuera*, por *defuera*, outwardly.

**Adchala**, s. f. any thing taken or given over and above the bargain agreed on.

**Adelantación**, s. f. vid. *Adelantamiento*.

**Adelantadamente**, adv. before time.

**Adelantado**, s. m. a president, one that is chief, or placed over others.—*Adelantado*, da, p. p. from *adelantar*, to advance.—*Adelantado*, used as an adjec. is the same as *atrevido*, bold; *imprudente*, imprudent.

**Adelantamiento**, s. m. going before, advancing, rising to preferment; also the post and authority of the lord lieutenant of a province; and the province itself that is under such a governor.

**Adelantar**, *acelerar*, *apresurar*, v. a. to go before, to advance, to rise to preferment, to excel, or outstrip others.—*Adelantarse*, v. r. to advance one's self, to go forwards.

**Adelante**, adv. before, beyond; also on, or go on, go forwards.—*Mas adelante*, farther yet.—*De oy en adelante*, from this time forward.

**Adelfa**, s. f. the plant oleander, or rose-bay-tree.

**Adelgazador**, s. m. one that makes things small and slender.

**Adelgazamiento**, s. m. a lessening, decreasing, a diminution.

**Adelgazar**, v. a. to make small or slender, to grow slender; also to subtilize, to use subtilties, to refine.—*Adelgazar la pluma*, to make a pen write small.—*Adelgazar un punto*, o *questión*, to canvass a point, to manage it nicely, to make the most of it.

**Adelgazarse**, v. r. to grow thin.

**Adenán**, s. m. motion, gesture,

action, or an exterior mark by which one shews pleasure or disgust.

**Además**, adv. moreover, over and above.

**Adensar**, v. a. to condense, to make thick.

**Adentelladas**, adv. by mouthfuls, by bites of the teeth.

**Adentellador**, s. m. one that bites, snaps, or marks with his teeth.

**Adentelladura**, s. f. a biting, snapping, or setting of the teeth in a thing.

**Adentellar**, v. a. to bite, to snap, to set the teeth in a thing.

**Adentro**, adv. within.—*Volverlo de adentro afuera*, to turn the inside out.

**Adequación**, s. f. adequation.

**Adequadamente**, adv. adequately, completely.

**Adequado**, adj. adequate.

**Adequar**, v. a. to make equal.

**Aderchas**, adv. on the right hand, on the right way.—*A tuertas* o *á derechas*, right or wrong.

**Aderezamiento**, s. m. dressing, making straight, setting in order, adorning.

**Aderézár**, v. a. to dress, to make straight, prepare, furnish, make ready, set in order, adorn.—*Aderézár la casa*, to furnish, or set the house in order.—*Aderézár las calles*, to hang and adorn the streets.

**Aderézár el camino**, to repair the high-way.—*Aderézár la comida*, to dress meat.—*Aderézárse*, v. r. to dress one's self; also to paint as women do.

**Aderézo**, s. m. dressing, order, ornament.—*Aderézo de diamantes*, a set of diamonds.

**Aderra**, s. f. a mop made of rushes.

**Adeshóra**, adv. out of time, out of season; also on a sudden, unexpected, unlooked for.

**Adestrador**, s. m. one that guides, directs, or instructs.

**Adestrár**, v. a. to guide, direct, or instruct.—*Adestrárse*, v. a. to exercise one's self.

**Adeudado**, *ant*, indebted to any one.—*Adendado*, da, p. p. to run in debt.—*Hombre adeudado*, cada año *apedreado*, ref. a man indebted, every year is troubled.

**Adeudarse**, v. r. to run in debt.

**Adevinación**, s. f. divination: Vid. *Adivinación*.

**Adevinanza**, s. f. foretelling; also guessing. Vid. *Adivinanza*.

**Adherencia**, s. f. adherence, connexion.—*Tener adherencias*, to have friends, to get a name.

**Adherente**, s. an adherent.—*Adherentes*, s. m. p. an instrument, either mechanical or mathematical; to do any thing.

**Adherir**, v. n. to cleave, or to adhere to, to cling, or keep close to.

**Adhesión**, s. f. adherence, adhesion.

**Adiado**, adj. appointed on a certain day, or that has a day set him.

**Adiamantado**, adj. hard, like a diamond, adamantine.

**Adición**, s. f. an addition.

**Adicto**, *ta*, adjec. inclined to any thing, also obstinate in one's opinion.

**Adicionador**, s. m. one who makes a new addition.

**Adicionar**, v. a. to add.

**Adintelado**, (*termino de arquitectura*) an arch ending in a right line.

**Adir**, v. a. obs. to distribute, to divide into compartments.

**Aditamento**, s. m. an addition, a supply; also a revenue.

**Aditicio**, adj. added.

**Adiva**, s. m. a beast in Asia, much resembling a dog, but with a fox's tail.

**Adivas**, s. f. pl the disease in horses and other beasts called the *vices*; also crooked pins put into dogs meat to kill them.

**Adive**, s. m. v. *Adiva*.

**Adivinación**, s. f. divining, guessing at things to come.

**Adivinador**, s. m. a diviner, a fortune-teller, a soothsayer.

**Adivinanza**, s. f. divining, guessing at what is to happen.

**Adivinar**, v. a. to divine, to guess at what is to happen.

**Adivino**, s. m. a soothsayer, a fortune-teller, a diviner.—*Adivina quien le dio*, guess who hit you; the play used by children called hot cockles.—

Prov. *Lo que con el ojo se ve, con el dedo se adivina*, what the eyes see, the finger divines; that is, in things plain and visible there needs



- no art or conjuration to make them out.
- Adjetivación, s. f.** the art of joining nouns adjectives with substantives.
- Adjetivar, v. a.** to agree together like adjectives and substantives. *Adjetiva bien*, he writes elegantly.
- Adjetivo, s.** (*termino de gramática*) an adjective.
- Adjudicación, s. f.** adjudging, giving by sentence of the court.
- Adjudicar, v. a.** to adjudge, to award, to give by sentence of the court.—*Adjudicarse, v. r.* to appropriate any thing to one's self.—*Adjudicarse, apropiarse, aplicarse alguna cosa á si mismo*, to appropriate any thing to one's use.
- Adminicular, v. a.** to help or succour in trivial things.
- Adminiculo, s. m.** supply, succour in small things, vehicle.
- Administración, s. f.** administration, managing of affairs.
- Administrador, s. m.** he that administers, a manager, a distributor.—Prov. *Administradoresillos, comer en plata y morir en grillos*, guardians and administrators generally live well, but are frequently deficient in their accounts, and often perish in gaol.
- Administrar, v. a.** to administer, to manage, to distribute.
- Admirable, adj.** admirable, wonderful, excellent.
- Admirablemente, adv.** admirably, wonderfully, excellently.
- Admiración, s. f.** admiration, wonder, astonishment, excellency.
- Admirar, v. a.** to admire, or be admired, to wonder, and to cause astonishment.—*Admirarse, v. r.* to be astonished, to be amazed.
- Admirativo, adj.** wondering.
- Admisión, s. f.** admission, admittance, entrance.
- Admitir, v. a.** to admit, receive, or allow of.
- Admonición, s. f.** admonition, advice.
- Admonitor, s. m.** an adviser.
- Adnáta, s. f.** the tunic covering the interior part of the eye.
- A'do, adv.** where or whither.
- Adobado, adj.** put into a pickle, well-seasoned.
- Adobador, s.** butcher, mender, patcher.
- Adobár, v. a.** to dress meat, to botch cloaths, to cobble shoes, to daub, to plaister, to set right, to pickle.—*Adobár cueros*, to tan or dress hides or skins.
- Adóbe, s. m.** the clay which bricks are made of that are not burnt, but only dried in the sun; thence used for other clay, or composition like it.
- Adoberia, s. f.** the pickling place.
- Adóbio, } s. m.** mending, re-  
**Adóbo, } pairing, or daubing.—**  
**Adóbo, s. m.** pickle.
- Adocenár, v. a.** to make into dozens; also to be easy of doing any thing.
- Adocir, v. a.** obs. to bring.
- Adolecér, v. n.** pres. *adolesco*, pret. *adoleci*, to fall sick, to be under any tedious distemper.
- Adolecérse, v. r.** to condole, to pity.
- Adolentárse, v. r.** to grow sick, diseased, or in pain.
- Adolescência, s. f.** adolescence, youth.
- Adolescente, s. m.** a youth, a young man.
- Adolo, adv.** a rustick word, where, whither.
- Adolorado, adj.** grieved, sorry, sorrowful.
- Adónde, adv.** where, whither.—*Adónde quiera*, wheresoever, or whithersoever.
- Adopción, s. f.** adoption, taking another for one's son and heir.
- Adoptador, s. m.** he that adopts or takes another in the place of his own son.
- Adoptár, v. a.** to adopt, to take another's child for one's own; metaphorically, to graft trees.
- Adoptivo, adj.** adoptive; also counterfeit.
- Adór, s. m.** a time appointed for watering gardens.
- Adorable, adj.** adorable.
- Adoración, s. f.** adoration.
- Adorador, s. m.** adorer, worshipper.
- Adorár, v. a.** to adore, to worship, to reverence; also to be passionately in love.—*Fulano quiere ser adorado*, such a one is so proud, he would have a sort of adoration paid him.
- Adoratório, s. m.** a temple of idols.
- Adormidéra, s. m.** a thing that causes sleep.
- Adormecér, v. a.** to nap, to nod, as when one is neither fast asleep, nor quite awake, to grow sleepy, to slumber.—*Adormecérse la pierna, o brazo*, is when a leg or arm is numbed with being long in one posture.—*Adormecérse, v. r.* to be nodding or napping.
- Adormecimiento, s. m.** slumbering, nodding, growing sleepy.
- Adormidéras, s. f.** white poppies.
- Adormimicento, s. m.** vid. *Adormecimiento*.
- Adormir, v. a.** vid. *Adormecer*.
- Adormirse, vid.** *Adormecerse*.
- Adornár, v. a.** to adorn, to trim up, to grace, to beautify.
- Adornador, s.** one that adorns, dresses, or sets out to the best advantage.—*Adornarse, v. r.* to be adorned, set out to the best advantage.
- Adórno, s. m.** ornament.
- A'dos, adv.** so many to so many, love.—*A dos manos*, adv. liberally, prodigally.—*Dós á dos*, adv. two against two, two to two.
- Adotár, v. a.** v. *Adoptar*.
- Adotrinár, v. a.** to instruct; also to breed up any one to another's opinion.—*Adotrinar, or doctrinar, v. a. metaph.* to bring up a youth.
- Adquiridór, s. m.** one that acquires, purchases, procures, obtains, or gets.
- Adquirir, v. a.** to acquire, to purchase, obtain, procure, get.
- Adquisición, s. f.** acquisition.
- Adredanas, adv.** vid. *Adrede*.
- Adrede, adv.** purposely, designedly, premeditatedly.
- Adredamente, adv.** vid. *Adrede*.
- Adriánes, s. m.** corns, or hardness in the flesh growing in any part of the body; also magpies' nests.
- Adrizár la galera, to trim the galley.**
- Adrólla, s. f.** fraud.
- Adrubado, adj.** hump-backed, round-shouldered. Vid. *Estropeado*.
- Adstricción, s. f.** compression of pores.
- Adstringir, vid.** *Astringir*.
- Aduána, s. f.** the custom-house; (in east) a bawdy-house.

**Aduanero**, s. m. a custom-house officer, one that receives the duty upon goods.  
**Aduar**, s. m. a village of tents or huts, which is removed up and down; a street of booths or tents, shepherds' cottages, properly a village of Arabs, who remove about.  
**Aducár**, s. f. a coarse silk stuff.  
**Aduchó**, adj. tried, proved, experienced.  
**Aducir**, v. a. to bring.  
**Adúfe**, s. m. a timbrel, or sort of tabor.  
**Aduféro**, s. m. one that plays on a timbrel or tabor, or he that makes or sells them.  
**Adúla**, s. f. a place that is destitute of water, for the want of a servant to supply it.  
**Adula**, s. f. a herd or flock.  
**Adulación**, s. f. flattery.  
**Adulador**, s. m. a flatterer, a sycophant.  
**Adulár**, v. a. to flatter, to soothe, to play the sycophant.—  
**Adularse**, v. r. to flatter one's self.  
**Aduleár**, v. a. to cry loud by intervals, to howl.  
**Adulero**, s. m. he who has the care of a number of beasts of burden on holidays, or when they are left to rest.  
**Adulero**, s. m. a vociferous fellow.  
**Adulación**, s. f. adulteration.  
**Adulterador**, s. m. the person who adulterates, vitiates, or corrupts; also the person who commits adultery.  
**Adulterár**, v. a. to adulterate, to vitiate, to corrupt, to commit adultery.  
**Adulterinamente**, adv. adulterately, corruptly.  
**Adulterino**, adj. adulterate, counterfeit, vitiate, falsified; a child got in adultery.  
**Adulterio**, s. m. adultery.  
**Adultero**, s. m. f. an adulterer.  
**Adulto**, adj. one that is grown up, or come to the age of man.  
**Adulzar**, vid. Endulzar.  
**Adunár**, v. a. to meet together, to assemble.—  
**Adunarse**, v. r. to be assembled.  
**Adúnia**, adv. enough, sufficient, plenty. Obs.  
**Adustión**, s. f. burning, parching, fretting.  
**Adústo**, adj. burned up, dried up, by the heat of the sun.

**Adutáque**, s. f. the finest meal.  
**Advena**, s. m. a foreigner, stranger.  
**Advenedizo**, adj. one who settles in a foreign country.  
**Advenidéro**, adj. that which is to come.  
**Advenimiento**, vid. Venida.  
**Advenir**, v. a. obs. to come.  
**Adventicio**, adj. adventitious, casual, accidental.  
**Adverbio**, s. m. an adverb.  
**Adversamente**, adv. unhappily, unluckily.  
**Adversario**, adj. unfortunate, unlucky.—  
**Adversario**, s. m. an adversary, an enemy.—  
**Adversarios**, s. m. plur. a collection of notes, extracts.  
**Adversativo**, adj. adversative.  
**Adversidad**, s. f. adversity, ill fortune.  
**Adversión**, vid. Advertencia.  
**Adverso**, adj. unhappy, adverse.  
**Advertencia**, s. f. attention, also advice, counsel.  
**Advertidamente**, adv. on purpose.  
**Advertimiento**, vid. Advertencia.  
**Advertir**, v. a. to take into consideration, to reflect upon; also to counsel, to advise.  
**Un hombre advertido**, a cautious careful man.  
**Advierto**, s. m. advent.  
**Advocación**, s. f. the name given to a church.  
**Advocado**, vid. Abogado.  
**Advocar**, vid. Avocar, or Abogar.  
**Adyacencia**, s. f. the situation of a thing near another.  
**Adyacente**, adj. adjacent, near, contiguous.  
**Aechadero**, s. m. the place where corn is winnowed.  
**Aechador**, s. m. one who winnows corn.  
**Aechadaduras**, s. f. pl. the siftings.  
**Aechar**, v. a. to winnow, to fan; also to perfectionate.  
**Aéreo**, adj. aerial, ethereal; also vain, useless. *Título aerio*, a vain title.  
**Aereomancia**, s. f. the art of divining, by observing the air.  
**Aereomántico**, s. m. the person who foretells or divines by the air.  
**Aereophiláctico**, s. m. pl. cavities in the earth full of air.  
**Aéscarramonchones**, adv. a-stride.

**Aescondidas**, adv. hiddenly, privately.  
**Aescondidillas**, adv. privately.  
**Aescúras**, adv. in the dark; also inconsiderately, or conjecturally. *Dexar a uno a escúras*, to baffle one, to deceive him.  
**Aesquádra**, adv. at right angles.  
**Aexcúso**, adv. privately.  
**Afabilidad**, s. f. affability.  
**Afable**, adj. affable, easy to be spoken with, and courteous in speech.  
**Afablemente**, adv. affably, courteously, obligingly.  
**Afacimiento**, s. m. obs. familiarity.  
**Afalagar**, v. a. to fawn, coax, or wheedle.  
**Afamador**, one that spreads abroad reports, or endeavours to make others famous.  
**Afamár**, v. a. to make, or to become famous and renowned.  
**Afamarse**, v. r. to be famous.  
**Afan**, s. m. labour, weariness, vexation, excessive care, or anxiety.  
**Afanadamente**, adv. laboriously, vexatiously.  
**Afanador**, s. m. one that takes much pains, or rather who is always caring, over-anxious, or solicitous.  
**Afanár**, v. a. to toil, to labour, to be weary, to be over careful, anxious, or solicitous.  
**Afano**, s. m. obs. vid. Afan.  
**Afascalar**, v. a. to heap up the sheaves in the field.  
**Afe**, adv. faith, in truth, verily, by my faith.  
**Afeador**, s. m. he that deforms or makes any thing ugly; he that represents things in the worst manner.  
**Afeamiento**, s. m. defaming, deforming, making ugly, or representing things heinously.  
**Afeár**, v. a. to deform, or make any thing ugly; also to cry down, to represent any thing in the worst manner.—  
**Afeár un delito**, to represent a crime as black as may be.  
**Afección**, s. f. affection, love, benevolence, good-will; also aggregation, union.  
**Afectación**, s. f. affectation, over-much niceness in speaking, writing, dressing, or the like; from the Lat. *affectatio*.  
**Afectadamente**, adv. affectedly.



**Afectador**, s. m. the person who affects.

**Afectar**, v. a. to affect, or to use affectation.

**Afectillo**, s. m. diminut. of *afecto*.

**Afectísimo**, *ma*, super. very affective.

**Afectivo**, adj. belonging to affection.

**Afect**, s. m. subst. an affection of the mind; also affection or kindness.—*Afecto*, adj. affected, inclined, well disposed.

**Afectuosamente**, adv. amorously.

**Afectuoso**, adj. amorous.

**Afeitadamente**, adv. handsomely.

**Afeitador**, s. m. a barber.

**Afeitár**, v. a. to dress, to clean, to paint the face as women do; also to adorn, to beautify; also to shave.

**Afeite**, s. m. paint, or dressing.

**Afelpado**, adj. hairy.

**Afeminación**, s. f. effeminacy.

**Afeminado**, s. effeminate in carriage, habit, or otherwise; sometimes signifying a man that has a womanish shape or face, of a weak constitution.

**Afeminár**, v. a. to effeminate.

**Afères**, s. m. affairs, business, generally taken for business of little consequence or ornament. Obs.

**Afermosear**, v. a. vid. *Hermosear*.

**Aferrador**, s. m. the person who grapples.

**Aferrár**, v. a. to grapple, to anchor as ships do, to hook together, to lay fast hold of, to cramp with iron.—*Aferrarse*, v. r. to be grappled, or hooked together with irons.—*Aferrarse en su parecer*, to be positive in one's own opinion.

**Aferravías**, s. f. pl. small lines rec'd into the eyelet-holes of the sails, under the head-rope, to make fast the sail to the yard, called by our sailors the robins.

**Aferventár**, v. a. to make hot.

**Afervorarse**, v. r. vid. *Enfervorizarse*.

**Afervorizar**, v. a. to raise into a heat.

**Afianzár**, v. a. to be security, to bail; to prop, to secure; to fix a criminal on the rack in order to torture him.

**Afice**, s. m. an overseer, a

master in any trade to examine work or wares.

**Afición**, s. f. affection, inclination, love.

**Aficionadamente**, adv. affectionately.

**Aficionár**, v. a. to gain the affection or love of others.—

*Aficionarse*, v. r. to take an affection to any thing or person.

**Afiérro**, vid. *Aferrar*.

**Afigir**, v. a. obs. to fix, to fasten.

**Afilador**, a sharpener of tools, one that whets.

**Afiladura**, sharpening of tools, or whetting.

**Aflár**, v. a. to sharpen, to whet, from the word *filo*, an edge.—

*Aflár el ingenio*, to sharpen the wit.—*Aflarse*, v. r. to be sharpened, to be whetted.

**Afligánado**, adj. very thin, nice, delicate, delicately done.

**Afin**, adv. to the end that; properly two words.

**Afin**, s. m. a kinsman, a relation by affinity.

**Afinación**, s. f. affinage, refining of metals.

**Afinadamente**, adv. finally, perfectly.

**Afinador**, s. m. one that finishes, brings to perfection, or ends; a refiner.

**Afinadura**, s. f. a perfecting, finishing, bringing to an end or conclusion; dying; also refining.

**Afinár**, v. a. to perfect, finish, or bring to an end or conclusion; to die, to refine, to tune instruments nicely.—*Afinar los metales*, to refine metals.

**Afincadamente**, adv. vehemently, earnestly.

**Afincamiento**, s. m. the force of a blow.

**Afincár**, v. a. to fasten, to be constant.

**Afinco**, s. m. vid. *Abinco*.

**Afinidad**, s. f. affinity, the kindred that is contracted by marriage, without the tie of consanguinity.

**Afinojarse**, v. r. obs. to kneel down.

**Afir**, s. m. a liquor made of juniper berries.

**Afirmación**, s. f. an affirmation in discourse; also making fast, or strengthening.

**Afirmadamente**, adv. affirmatively; also strongly.

**Afirmador**, s. m. one that

affirms with words; or one that makes fast any thing.

**Afirmaménto**, s. m. the action of affirming.

**Afirmante**, p. a. a deponent, one that affirms any thing, or avouches.

**Afirmanza**, s. f. stability.

**Afirmár**, v. a. to affirm, to rest upon, to avouch, to fix; in fencing, to make directly at one's adversary with the point of one's sword.—*Afirmarse*, v. r. to be certain, to be assured.

**Afirmativa**, s. f. the affirmative, opposite to the negative.

**Afirmativamente**, adv. affirmatively; also strongly.

**Afirmativo**, adj. that stands upon the affirmative, that fastens or makes sure.

**Afistolar**, v. a. to grow into a fistula; also to play on a pipe, or to make any thing in the shape of a pipe.

**Afixaménto**, s. m. the action of fixing any thing.

**Afixar**, v. a. to affix, make fast to.

**Aflechates**, s. m. the small ropes made fast across the shrouds, like ladders, for men to ride up; called by our sailors the ratlings of the shrouds.

**Afetador**, s. m. a freighter of a ship.

**Afetamiénto**, s. m. the hiring, or freighting of a ship.

**Afetár**, v. a. to hire, to freight a ship.

**Afección**, s. f. affliction, sorrow, trouble.

**Aflicto**, adj. afflicted, grieved, troubled, sorry, sorrowful.

**Afligidamente**, afflictedly.

**Afligidór**, s. m. one that afflicts, troubles, or molests others.

**Afligimíento**, s. m. affliction.

**Afligir**, v. a. pres. *afligo*, to afflict, trouble, grieve.

**Afloxador**, s. m. one that loosens, weakens, assuages, mitigates, slackens.

**Afloxadura**, s. f. a loosening, a relaxation.

**Afloxar**, v. a. to let loose, to slacken, to mitigate, to grow easy.—*Afloxar el arco*, to unbend the bow.—*Afloxar el brio*, to lose courage.—*Afloxar el dolor*, is for a pain to abate.

*Afloxar los agüetas*, to untie the points, to intruss a point.

**Afluencia**, s. f. affluence, abundance.

**Afuente**, adj. abundant, copious, fluent.

**Afo**, s. m. a den, a cave.

**Afogar**, v. a. vid. *Ahogar*.

**Afollado**, adj. blown up, as we do the fire; also made in puffs, as *was formerly used in garments* to have great puffs of silk.—*Afollado*, s. m. a pair of breeches made in large plaits.

**Afollar**, v. a. to blow, to make puffs upon a thing to be worn, to make a garment very full.

**Afondar**, v. a. to sink down.

**Aforado**, adj. that has got a privilege or charter, or one made free of a corporation that has a charter, and therefore subject to its laws.

**Aforador**, s. m. the person who gauges.

**Aforamiento**, vid. *Afuero*.

**Aforar**, v. a. to make free of a corporation, to grant a privilege, or charter.

**Aforisina**, s. m. a swelling; a distemper among beasts.

**Aforisino**, s. m. an aphorism, a succinct account, a short determinative sentence, a rule in *physic*.

**Aforo**, s. m. the measurement, or the dimension of the casks.

**Aforrador**, s. m. a liner.

**Aforradura**, s. f. a lining.

**Aforrar**, v. a. to line; also to make a slave free.

**Aforrarse**, v. r. to put on winter cloaths.

**Afórro**, s. m. a lining.

**Afortunadamente**, adv. fortunately, luckily, successfully.

**Afortunado**, adj. fortunate, lucky, prosperous, successful.

**Afortunár**, v. a. to make or become fortunate or lucky.

**Afoyar**, v. a. to make holes.

**Afoyado**, *ada*, p. p. a person with holes in his face.

**Afrancár**, v. a. to set any one at liberty.

**Afranco**, s. free.

**Afrancesado**, *da*, adj. one who imitates the French manners or customs.

**Afratellarse**, v. r. to become as familiar as a brother.

**Afrechado**, obs. adj. sifted from the bran, or mixed, or strewed with bran.

**Afrechadura**, s. f. obs. bran; also the mixing or compound with bran.

**Afrechar**, v. a. obs. to sift the

bran out of the meal; also to mix any thing with bran.

**Afrecho**, s. m. obs. bran.

**Afrenta**, s. f. an affront, a dishonour, or disgrace.

**Afrentador**, s. m. one that affronts, or dishonours another.

**Afrentar**, v. a. to affront, disgrace, or dishonour.—*Afrentarse*, v. r. to be affronted, to be disgraced, dishonoured.

**Afrentosamente**, adv. dishonourably, shamefully, after a disgraceful manner.

**Afrentoso**, adj. dishonourable, shameful, disgraceful.

**Afretar**, v. a. to clean a ship.

**Africo**, s. m. the south-west wind.

**Afrionado**, adj. corpulent, not well shaped; said of horses.

**Afrontamiento**, s. m. the act of confronting or facing one another.

**Afrontar**, v. a. to confront, as was used with witnesses and criminals; in old Spanish it signified to require, and sometimes to affront.—*Afrontarse*, v. r. to be brought face to face.

**Afruentar**, v. a. to advise, admonish, to give counsel.

**Afuciar**, v. a. to give security for another; to hope.

**Afuciarse**, v. r. to rely upon.

**Afuér**, adv. after the manner.—*Afuér*, or *á ley*, adv. *afuér de hombre de bien*, as I am an honest man; *afuér de caballero*, as I am a gentleman; *á ley de Castilla*, after the law of Castille.

**Afuera**, adv. without; also a word of command, as make room.—*Afuera*, adv. *vengo de afuera*, I come without; *salgamos afuera*, let us go out; *afuera de esto*, besides this.

**Afueros**, s. m. pl. a word used among merchants, signifying the rate put upon the goods at the custom-house, or the general valuation of them, in order to pay the king's duties.

**Afusa**, s. f. flight, running away.

**Afusar**, v. a. to scamper, to make way, to fly; a sort of cant word.

**Afuselas**, } adv. obs. giving the  
**Afusolas**, } slip by running away.

**Afusión**, s. m. an escape.

**Afumada**, s. f. a signal given by smoke.

**Afumár**, v. a. to smoke.

**Afuste**, s. m. the carriage for a gun by land, which is long, and with high wheels, fit to be drawn by horses; the carriages of guns at sea in Spanish are called *cureñas*.

**Afuyentar**, v. a. to put to flight.

**Afuzia**, obs. confidence, hope.

**Afuzar**, v. a. to put in hope, to assure; from *fuzia*.

**Aga**, s. m. commander of the Janizaries in Turkey.

**Agachadiza**, s. f. a small bird of the partridge kind.

**Agachar**, v. a. to lie squat or flat.

**Agalarar**, v. a. to deck, to make fine, to adorn.

**Agalla**, s. f. a gall-nut, such as ink is made of; a kernel in the flesh, the gill of a fish, the almonds of the ears.—*Agallas de acipres*, the cypress nut.

**Agallas**, p. the interior parts of some animals near the throat.—*Tener caidas las agallas*, to have the almonds of the ears down.

**Agallones**, s. m. pl. great hollow silver beads, like galls, of which the country brides in Spain used to wear strings for ornament.

**Agamitar**, v. a. to imitate the cry of small game, to imitate the bleating of a young hind, or fawn.

**Agarbarse**, v. r. to hide one's self suddenly; said of a hare when hunted.

**Agarén**, a Moor, an Arab, any of the race of Ishmael.

**Agárico**, s. m. agarick, a sweet smelling mushroom, which shines in the night, and grows on high trees, especially the larch.

**Agarrador**, s. m. f. one who gripes, or grasps.

**Agarrama**, s. f. a kind of tribute.

**Agarrar**, v. a. to grasp, to gripe, to lay fast hold of, as birds of prey do with their talons, called *garras*.

**Agarro**, s. m. the action of grasping any thing.

**Agarrochar**, v. a. to prick, or stick full of those small darts they use in Spain called *garrochus*; to prick and fret the bulls at the bull-feasts.

**Agarrotar**, v. a. to bind, or tie with cords.



Agasajador, s. m. one who makes much of, or entertains his friends well.

Agasajar, v. a. to make much of, to treat, or entertain lovingly.

Agasajo, s. m. kind and loving usage and entertainment; also a present, a gift.

Agastar, v. a. vid. Gastar.

Agata, s. f. an agate, precious stone.

Agatar, v. a. to creep on all four, like a cat.

Agatas, adv. going on all four, like a cat.

Agavanza, s. f. a bush like a bramble.

Agavillar, v. a. to truss, or bundle up, to tie up like a faggot; from *gavilla*, a faggot.

Agazapár, v. a. Agazaparse, v. n. to squat down, or squat one's self down like a hare.

Agedrés, s. m. the game of chess.

Agegado, adj. obs. got together.

Agencia, s. f. diligence, application, care, agency.

Agenciár, v. a. to procure any thing diligently.

Agencióso, adj. active, solicitous.

Agéno, adj. of another, belonging to another.

Agennollarse, v. r. to kneel down.

Agénte, s. m. an agent.

Agénúz, s. m. cockle, the weed that grows among corn.

Ageráto, s. m. a kind of acrimony; some call it maudlin and eupatory.

Agestado, adj. countenanced; as *bien agestado*, one that has a good face or countenance.

A'gi, s. m. Guinea pepper.

Agigantado, adj. giant like.

Agil, adj. nimble, active; from the Latin *agilis*.

Agilidad, s. f. agility, nimbleness, levity.

Agilitár, v. a. to facilitate, or make easy.

Agilmente, adv. nimbly, quickly.

Agironár, v. a. to put three cornered pieces or gores into a garment.

Agitación, s. f. agitation.

Agitar, v. a. to agitate, to be about doing a thing; also to molest, to vex.

Agitante, p. a. from *agitar*.

Agitides, s. f. pl. the veins under the tongue.

Aglayarse, v. r. to be stupified, astonished, or amazed, with any sudden accident or surprise.

Agláyo, s. m. obs. surprise, astonishment, stupefaction.

Agnación, s. f. a relation by the father's side.

Agnadó, s. m. a kinsman by the father's side.

Agnocásto, s. m. a sort of ozier, called chaste-tree.

A'guas dei, s. m. a flat cake of wax, cast with a lamb on one side, and some other figure on the reverse; so called from the lamb on it, blessed by the pope, and kept as a relic.

Agobiár, v. a. to bow, to bend as old men do.

Agolar *la vela*, v. a. to hoist the sail as high as it will go.

Agonales, s. m. pl. *juégos agonales*, sports or games celebrated formerly in Rome in honour of Janus.

Agonia, s. f. an agony, the great disorder a man is put into by any anguish, or passion, or the agony of death.

Agonista, s. m. the person who is in agony.

Agonizár, v. a. to be in great anguish, to be giving up the ghost.

Agóra, adv. now, at this time.

Agorador, s. m. a fortune teller, sooth-sayer.

Agorár, v. a. to divine, to tell fortunes, to guess; also to be superstitious in observing signs of what will happen, or omens.

Agoreria, s. f. foretelling of things to come, fortune-telling, or superstition in observing omens.

Agoréro, s. m. a soothsayer, a fortune-teller; one that is superstitious in observing signs of what will happen, or omens.

Agostadero, s. m. a summer-house, a cool place to keep cattle in the heat of summer; also any place to lay up the harvest.

Agostador, s. m. one who lives in a summer-house, or in a cool place; metaph. one that

spends another man's substance.

Agostár, v. a. to gather in the harvest; also to reside in some cool place in the heat of summer; to dry, wither, or parch in the heat of the sun; metaph. to spend, to consume.

Agostéro, s. m. one that serves the reapers at harvest time.

Agostizo, s. m. born or brought forth in August; also parched, withered, or burnt up with the sun.

Agosto, s. m. the month of August; it is also frequently used to signify the harvest, because August is the great harvest month.

Agotador, s. m. one that empties or drains.

Agotadura, s. f. emptying to the last drop, or draining.

Agotár, v. a. to empty to the last drop, to drain, to exhaust.—*Agotár la paciencia*, to tire one's patience.—*Agotár la hacienda*, to run out an estate.—*Agotár un pozo*, to drain a well.—*Agotár un jarro*, to drink up the liquor to the last drop.

Agracera, s. f. a vessel that contains verjuice.

Agraciado, adj. well favoured, or well behaved.

Agraciár, v. a. to make things graceful, well shaped, or well favoured.

Agrazones, s. m. pl. green gooseberries.

Agradable, adj. grateful, acceptable, pleasing, of a courteous behaviour.

Agradablemente, adv. gratefully, acceptably, pleasingly, after a taking manner.

Agradár, v. a. to please.

Agradecér, v. a. to give thanks.

Agradecido, adj. grateful, thankful; also thanked.—Prov. *Al agradecido mas de lo pedido*, to a grateful man more than is asked; that is, grant him more than he asks, because gratitude deserves it.

Agradecimiento, s. m. thankfulness, gratitude.

Agrado, s. m. pleasing, obliging behaviour.

Agramadera, s. f. an instrument to cut hemp with.

Agramár, v. a. to beat hemp.

**Agramente**, adv. sourly, sharply, severely.

**Agramiza**, s. f. the reeds in hemp growing.

**Agramonta**, vid. *Agrimonia*.

**Agrandar**, v. a. to magnify, to aggrandize.

**Agravamiento**, s. m. heaviness, gravity.

**Agravantemente**, adv. in a loading manner.

**Agravar**, v. a. to aggravate, to make heavy; as age or a distemper bears a man down.

**Agravatorio**, adj. a writ in law, obliging the person to appear; also a warrant from a justice.

**Agraviador**, s. m. the offender.

**Agravar**, v. a. to wrong, to injure.—*Agraviarse*, v. r. to be affronted.

**Agravio**, s. m. a wrong, an injury.—*Prov. Un agravio consentido, otro remedio*, the taking of one wrong brings on another.

**Agráz**, s. m. green-sour grapes, verjuice.

**Agrazajo**, s. m. the holm-tree.

**Agre**, adj. obs. v. *Agrio*.

**Agregación**, s. f. heaping together, gathering into one place; also accusing or laying to one's charge.

**Agregado**, s. m. a heap.

**Agregador**, s. m. one that heaps together; also an accuser, one that lays things to another's charge.

**Agregamiento**, s. m. heaping together, gathering into one place; also accusing or laying to another's charge.

**Agregar**, v. a. to gather into one place, to heap together; accuse, or lay to one's charge.

**Agrêles**, s. f. the herb sorrel; a word little in use.

**Agresor**, s. m. the aggressor or offender.

**Agrêste** adj. rustic, clownish, unpolished, country-like.—*Agrêste*, adj. all things produced by nature herself without cultivation.

**Agrêto**, s. m. any thing a little sourish.

**Agriamente**, adv. sourly, tartly, severely.

**Agricultor**, s. m. a husbandman.

**Agricultura**, s. f. husbandry, tillage.

**Agridulce**, adj. between sweet and sour.

**Agriñolio**, s. m. the holm or holly-tree.

**Agriñado**, adj. bound with fetters.

**Agriño**, adj. sourish, sharpish; metaph. peevish, or froward.

**Agriñonia**, s. f. the herb agrimony, or liver-wort.

**Agrio**, adj. sharp, sour, tart; metaph. peevish, ill-natured, also steep; as *Subida agria*, a steep ascent.

**Agro**, adj. sour.

**Agrór**, s. sourness, sharpness, tartness; metaph. harshness of temper.

**Agruador**, s. m. obs. the person who offends.

**Agüra**, s. f. sharpness, tartness, sourness; metaph. harshness of temper.

**Agua**, s. f. water.—*Agua de angeles*, angels water, a sort of sweet water extracted from several sweet flowers of a most delicious scent, and therefore so called.—*Agua de azahar*, s. f. orange-flower-water.—*Agua de cepas*, wine.—*Agua de cerrajas*, the water of an herb called *cerrajas*; also they call *agua de cerrajas*, every thing that is useless.—*Agua de espíritu santo*, the water used in baptism.—*Agua de pié*, running water, or spring water.—*Agua fuerte*, aqua fortis.—*Agua lluvia*, rain water.—*Camelote de aguas*, watered camel.—*Cinta de aguas*, a watered ribbon.—*Agua viva*, the spring of a well or fountain.—*Agua vertientes*, water running from mountains, and from the tops of the houses.—*Uacer aguas*, (méar) to make water, to piss.—*Agua rosada*, s. f. rose-water.—*Agua de trebol*, s. f. sweet trefoil-water.—*Agua bendita*, s. f. holy-water.—*Agua cirina*, s. f. a water betwixt the skin and the flesh.—*Agua ardiente*, s. f. brandy, or any strong water.—*Agua pié*, s. f. a small liquor made of the grapes squeezed a second time, with water among them, after the wine has been pressed out; so called, as it were the washings of feet.—*Agua nieve*, a sleet, half rain, half snow.—*Agua acerada*, s. f. chalybate, or steel water.—*Agua miel*, s. f. water and honey, a small sort of hydromel, or mead.—*Agua canilla*, s. f. a sort of

houseleek that grows on the tops of houses.—*Agua flovediza*, s. f. rain-water.—*Agua chirle*, s. f. water bewitched, any poor liquor good for nothing.—*Agua manos*, s. f. water to wash the hands.—*Agua de páso*, s. f. a running water.—*Agua viva*, s. f. spring water, or fresh river water.—*Agua va*, s. f. *verbatim*, it is water goes, the word used in Spain to give notice when any thing is thrown out of the window, for the people in the street to avoid it.—*Agua vivas*, s. f. the spring tide, which falls out with the full of the moon, when the water rises highest with the flood, and falls lowest with the ebb.—*Agua chieles*, s. f. the neap-tide, which happens when the moon is in the middle of the second and last quarter. It is the opposite to the spring, for in this the water never rises so high, nor falls so low as in the spring-tide. The lowest neap-tide is four days before the full or change of the moon.—*Agua muertas*, s. f. standing waters; also the low tides, or neap-tides; also the city of *Aigues mortes* in Languedoc in France.—*Agua mayores y menores*, s. f. a way of children expressing themselves at school, signifying to make water, and ease themselves both.

*Agua*, s. f. it is also sometimes taken for urine, and for the waters in watered silks or stuffs.—*Hace agua el navio*, the ship is leaky.—*Mas claro que el agua*, clearer than water; this they say of any matter that is easy, without any difficulty.—*La lengua del agua*, the edge of the water.—*Echarse al agua*, *verbatim*, to leap into the water; metaphorically, to launch out, to venture upon any thing that is difficult or dangerous.—*Hay más deso que de agua*, there is more of that than of water; to express the great plenty of it, that nothing is more common.—*No dar un jarro de agua*, there is not to give a pitcher of water; that is, to give nothing, to be niggardly in the highest degree.—*Faltarle ha el agua*, he will want water; to signify an idle lazy person that can get nothing,



or one so unfortunate that nothing succeeds with him.—*Dile el agua à la boca*, the water is up to his mouth, he is in the utmost danger.—*No vale sus orejas llenas de agua*, he is not worth his ears full of water; that is, worth nothing, since nothing is so cheap as water, and no less quantity than what a man can hold in his ears.—*Baylar el agua delante*, to dance with the water before one; that is, to be very nimble, or quick in performing one's duty, or pleasing another; taken from the maids watering the roofs and courts in Spain in hot weather against their masters come, doing it sily, as if they were dancing as they carry and scatter the water before them.—*Llevar, el agua à su molino*, to carry the water in his own mill; that is, to turn all things to one's own advantage.—*Tener el agua a la garganta*, to be up to the neck in water; to be in imminent danger.—*Descudo como agua de Mayo*, wished for like rain in May; this they say of any thing they earnestly desire or covet, because in Spain rain in May fills the corn, and prevents that scarcity which often follows a dry May, and is good for the vineyards.

*Aguabresa*, s. f. a gutter.

*Aguacate*, s. m. a green precious stone, also a sort of fruit growing in New Spain, on a tree like a walnut-tree.

*Aguacero*, s. m. a violent shower, or storm of rain.

*Aguacera*, s. f. a dry soil, which is watered after it is sown.

*Aguacha*, s. f. corrupted water.

*Aguachinar*, v. a. to fill any spot of ground full of water.

*Aguacil*, s. m. (*alguacil*) an officer of justice, a bailiff.

*Aguacierna*, s. f. a portion of land sown when dry, and watered afterwards.

*Aguada*, s. f. watering, or taking fresh water into a ship.

*Aguadaza*, s. f. a scythe.

*Aguadera*, s. f. a frame set on an horse or an ass, to hold the earthen vessels to carry water in.

*Aguaderas*, f. f. in falconry, the flags which are four-fea-

thered in each wing of the hawk, the next to the six principal feathers, called in Spanish *cuchillos*, and in English *sarcel* feathers.

*Aguadero*, s. m. a watering-place, or a place to take water; also a water-carrier.

*Aguado*, s. m. a man that does not drink wine.—*Aguado*, adj. watered; also a water-drinker.—*Caballo aguado*, is a foun-dered horse.

*Aguador*, s. m. a water-carrier, one that sells water.

*Aguadicho*, s. m. a conduit, or water-course; properly a gutter made by a sudden rain.

*Aguage*, s. m. the rapidity of currents in the sea.

*Aguatador*, s. m. one that watches, or lies in wait for another.

*Aguaitamiento*, s. m. an ambush, or snare, watching and lying in wait for another.

*Aguaitar*, v. a. to lie in wait, to lie in ambush, to wait to insnare another.

*Aguamanil*, s. m. an ewer to carry water to wash the hands.

*Agamános*, s. m. water to wash the hands.

*Aguamiel*, s. f. water and honey, hydromel mead.

*Aguanosidad*, s. f. a watery humour in the body.

*Aguanoso*, adj. watery, damp.

*Aguantado*, suffered, tolerated, endured, borne with patience.

*Aguantar*, v. a. to suffer, to tolerate, to endure, to bear patiently.

*Aguante*, s. m. strength, force.

*Aguar*, v. a. to water.—*Aguar vino*, to mix wine and water.—*Aguar placeres*, to disturb, allay, or spoil pleasures.—*Aguarse*, v. r. to be benumbed; (speaking of horses and other beasts.)

*Aguarada*, s. f. expectation.

*Aguardar*, v. a. to expect, to attend, to stay, to wait for.—*Aguardar*, in music, is to make rests or pauses.—*Aguardar por la deuda*, to forbear a debt, and not to arrest the debtor.—*No aguardar razones*, to proceed without hearing reason.

*Aguardentero*, s. m. f. a brandy merchant.

*Aguardiente*, s. f. brandy, spirit of wine.

*Aguarras*, s. f. spirit of turpentine prepared for varnishing.

*Aguatécha*, s. f. the cock of a conduit, a tap, a syringe; also an engine, to extinguish fire with.

*Aguañaque*, s. m. gum amme-nac.

*Agüaza*, s. f. a watery humour between the skin and the flesh.

*Agazal*, s. m. a marshy fenney place.

*Agüazo*, s. m. water-colour.—*Agüazo*, adv. in water-colours.

*Agüca*, s. f. an earnest desire of obtaining or doing any thing. Obs.

*Agücar*, v. a. obs. to desire earnestly.

*Aguciosamente*, adv. eagerly, greedily, covetously. Obs.

*Agudamente*, ad. sharply, readily, wittily.

*Agüdeza*, s. f. sharpness, readiness, quickness of wit, piercing of sight; also the sharpness of the edge of a tool.

*Agudillo*, ad. sharpish, or a little sharp fellow; diminutive of *agüdo*.

*Agüdo*, adj. sharp, ready, quick-witted.

*Agüdo*, adj. sharp, that has a cutting edge; also one that has a quick ready wit; also a person that cannot stay long in a place.

*Agüelo*, vid. *Avuelo*.

*Agüera*, s. f. furrows in ploughed lands made for conducting water.

*Aguerar*, v. a. to divine, to prophesy.

*Agüero*, s. m. omen, a superstitious observation, or sign of what is to happen.

*Agüja*, s. f. a needle; also an obelisk; also the sharp part of the loin of any creature.—*Agüja de bazar*, a stitching needle.—*Agüja de salmar*, a great packing needle.—*Agüja de marear*, the sea compass.—*Agüja marina*, a fish with a long sharp beak like a needle; also an herb with a kind of blade shooting out sharp, called stork's-bill.

*Agüjada*, s. f. a prick of a needle.

*Agüjear*, } v. a. to bore, to pierce holes.

*Agüjear*, }

*Agüjillo*, s. m. a little hole.

*Agüjero*, s. m. a hole; also a needle-maker.

*Agüjeta*, s. f. a point.

Agujetéro, s. m. a point-maker.  
 Agujada, s. f. a driving stick with a goad.  
 Agujador, s. m. one that pricks on, or puts forward.  
 Agujadura, s. f. goading, or pricking forward.  
 Agujar, v. a. to put on, to prick forward, to hasten, to spur on.  
 Agujeno, adj. gravelly, or full of pebble stones.  
 Agujón, s. m. a goad, a prick, a sting.—*Agujón*, s. m. a large needle.—*Agujonazo*, s. m. a prick with a goad, or sting.  
 Agujonear, v. a. to prick forward, to sting.  
 Aguila, s. f. an eagle.—*Aguila pescadéra*, an osprey.—*Aguila negra*, the hawk called a saker.—*Aguila atahorma*, a heron.—*Aguila de stores llanas*, in cant, is a common plain thief.  
 Aguilénado, adj. hook-nosed, or hawk-nosed.  
 Aguileno, adj. of or belonging to an eagle, also hook or hawk-nosed.  
 Aguilucho, s. m. an eagle's chicken, an eaglet; in cant, it is one that has a share in stolen goods, though he is not at the stealing of them.  
 Aguinaldo, s. m. a new-year's gift.  
 Aguisar, v. a. to put in order, to fit, to compose or prepare any thing.—*Hacer aguisado*, to do right, to do one a kindness.—*Aguisados de acuballo*, a sort of horse formerly used in Andalusia and Castile.  
 Agustinos, s. m. pl. the religious order of the Augustin friars.—*Agustinos descalzos*, the barefoot friars of St. Augustin.  
 Agosto, adv. to one's mind, to one's liking.  
 Aguzadéra, s. f. a whetstone.  
 Aguzadéro, s. m. pl. a place where wild boars sharpen their tusks.  
 Aguzador, s. m. the person who provokes or aggravates another.  
 Aguzadura, s. f. a whetting.  
 Aguzamiento, s. m. whetting.  
 Aguzaniere, s. m. the bird called a wagtail.  
 Aguzar, to whet, to sharpen, to gnash one's teeth.—*Aguzar las navajas el puercó*, is for a boar to sharpen his tusks.  
 Ah! interj. an adverb of calling-

Abajar, v. a. to rumple, to disorder, to sully.—*Muger ahajada*, a woman that has to do with many men, that has been too much handled, that has lost her reputation.  
 Ahá! interj. ho; a word of calling.  
 Ahásta, adv. vid. Hasta.  
 Ah! interj. alas! oh!  
 Añechar, vid. Aechar.  
 Ahécho, adv. indifferently.  
 Ahédo, s. m. a steep rock.  
 Aheleár, v. a. to imbitter, to mix with gall.  
 Ahelgado, adj. that has bright teeth, and parted from one another.  
 Ahembrado, adj. a man with a soft effeminate look.  
 Aherrojamiento, s. m. the action of fettering a person.  
 Aherrojar, v. a. to bolt, to shackle, to fetter; from *hierro*, iron.  
 Aherrumbradura, or Aherrumbramiento, rust or rusting.  
 Aherrumbrar, v. n. to rust.—*Aherrumbrarse*, v. r. to be corrupted by rust.  
 Ahervoradamente, adv. warmly.  
 Ahervorarse, v. r. to be burnt up with heat.  
 Ahí, adv. there.  
 Ahidalgaménte, adv. genteely. Obs.  
 Ahidalgado, adj. genteel, gentleman-like.  
 Ahidalgár, v. n. to grow genteel.  
 Ahigadado, adj. liver-coloured, also a valiant man.  
 Ahijada, s. f. a god-daughter.  
 Ahijado, s. m. a god-son.  
 Ahijamiento, s. m. an adoption, or taking another person's child for your own.  
 Ahijár, v. a. to beget spiritually, to take for one's god-son.  
 Ahilamiento, starving, pining away with hunger.  
 Ahilarse, v. r. to be starved, to be worn away with hunger; metaphorically, to be fainting.  
 Ahilo, s. m. a swoon.  
 Ahillo, s. m. a gang, a company, a society. Obs.  
 Ahina, adv. quickly.  
 Ahineadamente, adv. earnestly, pressingly.  
 Ahincanza, s. f. diligence.  
 Ahincár, v. a. to be earnest, or pressing, to stick in.  
 Ahineo, s. m. earnestness, pressing, also thrusting in.

Ahinojar, v. a. to kneel.—*Ahinojarse*, v. r. to be upon one's knees.  
 Ahirmar, v. n. vid. Afirmar.—*Ahirmarse*, v. r. vid. Afirmarse.  
 Ahitar, v. a. to surfeit.—*Ahitarse*, v. r. to be surfeited.—*Ahitarse con un piñon*, to surfeit with eating a pine apple kernel; that is, to have very weak stomach and ill digestion, so that the least thing surfeits one.  
 Ahitéra, s. f. a great rawness of stomach and ill digestion.  
 Ahito, s. m. surfeit, indigestion.—*Ahito*, adj. raw, indigested.  
 Ahó, interj. ho! come here!  
 Ahobachonado, adj. giving up to sloth and idleness.  
 Ahccinarse, v. a. to grow crooked as a river, to contract.  
 Ahogadéro, s. m. the smallest of the two ropes used in hanging criminals in Spain; metaphorically, a great press or crowd; also a woman's necklace; also a crowd of people.  
 Ahogadizo, adj. apt to choke in swallowing.—*Ahogamiento*, s. m. strangury; also affliction, anxiety.  
 Ahogar, v. a. to choke, to drown; to stew very close.—*No me ahogues*, verbatim, do not choke me; metaphorically, do not press so hard upon me, be not hasty.—*Ahogarse*, v. r. to be choaked.—*Se ahogó con su mismo aliento*, he choked himself with his own breath.—*Prov. Nadar, nadar, y á la orilla, ahogar*, to eat an whole ox and faint at the tail, *todo devorado bobe in cauda deficere*. This proverb is said when any body falls short of a thing after having used all endeavours.—*Ahogarse, en aprétura*, to be thronged to death.—*Ahogarse, de calor*, to be stifled with heat.—*Dar mate ahogado*, to require things to be done with precipitation, with a breathing time; taken from a term at chess, signifying to give checkmate.—*Carnero ahogado*, mutton stewed very close.—*Prov. Ahogarse en poca agua*, to be drowned in a little water; that is, to be overcome with little labour or trouble, to be fit for little business.  
 Ahógo, s. m. affliction, pain, trouble.



Ahojár, v. a. (*el-ganado*) to feed cattle with leaves.

Ahombráda, s. f. a masculine woman.

Ahómbro, s. m. vid. Hombre.

Abondamiento, s. m. deepening; also searching or diving to the bottom.

Ahondár, v. a. to deepen; also to search or dive to the bottom.

Ahóra, adv. now, this hour.

Ahóra ahóra, just now, this instant.—*Ahórabien*, well then.

Ahorcadizo, adj. that may be hanged.

Ahorcadór, s. m. a hangman.

Ahorcádas, adj. forked wise, astride, straddling.

Ahorcárase, v. n. to set astride, as on horseback.

Ahorcár, v. a. to hang.—*Ahorcarse*, v. r. to hang one's self.

—*Que me ahorquen*, I'll be hanged.—*Que se ahorqué*, let him be hanged.—*En casa del ahorcado no se ha de mentar la cosa*, you should not mention a halter to any whose relations or friends have suffered by it.

Ahormár, v. a. to stretch upon a last.—*Ahormár*, to instruct or educate youth well.

Ahornamiento, s. m. a blasting by heat.

Ahornárase, v. r. to be blasted by heat.

Ahornár, v. a. to put into the oven.—*Ahornarse, la tierra*, is for the land to be scorched, or burnt up.

Ahorquillar, v. a. to place a little fork to support the branches of trees.

Ahorradúra, s. f. saving, sparing; also setting free.

Ahorramiento, s. m. idem.

Ahorrá, v. a. to save, to spare, to make a slave free.—*No ahorrarse, con su padre*, not to abate one's own father.—*Ahorrase*, v. r. to redeem one's self from slavery.

Ahorrativo, adj. too sparing.

Ahórro, s. m. saving of expences, parsimony.

Ahotádo, obs. bold, surly, daring.

Ahotár, v. a. obs. to make bold, surly, or daring.

Ahóyado, adj. made into holes, ditched.

Ahoyadór, s. m. a ditcher, a digger.

Ahoyadúra, s. f. ditching, digging of holes.

Ahoyár, v. a. to ditch, to dig holes.

Ahuchadór, s. m. the person who hoards up money in a box.

Ahuchár, v. a. to put into a box; to hoard money.

Ahuicár, v. a. obs. to give hope.

Ahuecamiento, s. m. a hollowing or boring a hole.

Ahuecár, v. a. to make hollow.—*Ahuecarse*, v. r. to be hollowed; metaph. spoken of a man when he is foolish or illiterate, as calling him an empty fellow.

Ahuélo, s. m. f. vid. Avuelo.

Ahuetár, v. a. to splice, as sailors do ropes.

Ahuillar, v. a. to howl.

Ahumáda, s. f. smoking; smoke made in the day, as fire at night to alarm the country.

Ahumár, v. n. to smoke.

Ahúmo, s. m. vid. Humo.

Ahurta Cordel, vid. Hurtar.

Ahurtádas, Ahurtadillas, adv. by stealth.

Ahusár, to shape like a spindle; from *húso*, a spindle.

Ahuyentadór, s. m. one that puts to flight, one that frights away.

Ahuyentár, v. a. to put to flight, to fright away.

Ahuziádo, adj. obs. trusted.

Ahuziamiento, obs. trusting, confidence.

Ahún, adv. yet, even.

Ahúngue, adv. notwithstanding.

Aidóro, s. m. obs. help.

Aína, adv. quickly, suddenly; also sooner, rather.

Aínas, adv. quite near, almost.

Aírase, v. r. to be angry.

Aíre, s. m. the wind, or air.—

*Aíre corrupto*, a corrupt air.—*Beber los aíres*, to desire any thing earnestly, or greedily.

—*Hender un cabello en el aire*, so very acute, that he can split a hair; spoken of a man who is exceeding witty or satirical in his expressions.—*Cantar ó tañer, con aire*, to sing well or to play well upon an instrument.—*Creerse del aire*, to believe easily every thing.—*Dar aire a una cosa*, to embellish, to beautify.—*Dar de buen aire*, to give a strong blow.—*Dar a uno el aire*, to suspect, to conjecture; to give an inkling of.

—*Darle un aire a otro, ó tener el aire de otro*, to look like one.

—*Echarse el aire*, to be calm, (speaking of wind).—*En el aire*, quickly, suddenly.—*Estar con un pie en el aire*, to be unsettled, also to be on a voyage.—*Esto es un poco de aire*, that is, a trifling.—*Hablar al aire*, to beat the air, to speak foreign to the purpose.—*Hacerse aire*, to fan one's self.—*Matarlas en el aire*, to be a sagacious man.—*Mudarse a cualquier aire*, to be inconstant.—*Mudarse el aire*, to be changed, (speaking of weather and fortune).—*Que darse en el aire*, to lose an employment.—*Tener buen aire*, to look well.—*Tener la cabeza llena de aire*, to be an empty noodle.—*Tomar el aire*, to take a walk.—*Tomar el aire a unas res*, to wind or scent game.—*Tomar los aíres naturales*, to breathe one's own country air.—*Aírase*, v. r. to take the air.

Airecillo, diminut. of *aire*.

Aíron, s. m. heron, a bird so called.

Aírones, s. m. heron's feathers, or others like them; helmet-feathers.

Aírosamente, adv. elegantly, genteelly.

Aírosidad, s. f. gracefulness, gentility.

Aíroso, adj. lying open to the wind; also elegant, nice, fine, genteel.

Aisládo, adj. encompassed with water like an island.—*Quedar uno aislado*, to be so surrounded by misfortunes, as not to be able to extricate one's self.

Aislár, v. a. to encompass with water like an island.—*Aislarse una persona*, to be so surprised or astonished, as not to know what one does.

Ajada, s. f. a sauce made with garlic and salt.

Ajamiento, s. m. the action of reproaching, injuring or degrading a man's reputation.

Ajar, v. a. to handle any thing so as to spoil its beauty or make it fade.—*Ajár*, to injure, reproach, or degrade any one's reputation.

Ajenadór, s. m. the person who delivers possession to another, or parts with an estate outright.

Ajenár, v. a. to alienate, to pass away an estate, to deliver up possession to another.

**Ajéno**, adj. belonging to another man, of another country, foreign, none of our kin or relation, alien, strange, inconvenient, unmeet, misbecoming, contrary, different, of another sort, absurd, beside the purpose, disagreeable, averse, unwholesome, hurtful, unkindly.

**Ajete**, s. m. young garlick; also a sauce made with garlick.

**Ajicla**, s. f. a sort of glue, made by boiling pieces of leather with garlick.

**Ajilimogé**, s. m. a sort of sauce.

**Ajillo**, diminut. of *ajo*, s. m. garlick.

**Ajo**, s. m. garlick; also paint used by women.—*Un mujame, un ajo*, a numbskull, a dunce. *Villano harto de ajos*, a stubborn stinking clown.—*Dalle su ajo*, to season meat, to dress meat, to daub any thing, or to paint a woman's face.—Prov. *Tiesso como un ajo*, as stiff as garlick; that is, healthy, strong, robust.—Prov. *Suspirar por los ajos y cebollas de Egipto*, to sigh after the garlick and onions of Egypt; to desire to return to the past wicked life; to wish for filth and loathsomeness.—Prov. *Hacer morder el ajo*, to make bite the garlick; to hold a man's nose to the grind-stone.—Prov. *Ajo crudo y vino puro, pasan el puerto seguro*, raw garlick and pure wine pass the port safe: in Spain they call the passes of mountains dry ports; these mountains are generally very cold, and wine and garlick comfort the stomach, and keep out the cold; so it signifies they are a good defence for travellers who are to pass them.

**Ajobár**, v. a. to load, to carry upon the back.

**Ajóbo**, s. m. the action of loading.

**Ajólio**, s. m. a sauce made with oil and garlick.

**Ajónge**, s. m. the juice of a thistle with which they make birdlime.

**Ajonjera**, s. f. the wild plant birdlime is made with.

**Ajónoli**, s. m. a very small bright seed so called.

**Ajorar**, v. a. to force or drive by violence.

**Ajorca**, vid. *Axorca*.

**Ajordár**, v. n. to cry out till one is hoarse.

**Ajornalár**, v. a. to hire by the day.

**Ajórtó**, adv. towing one boat after another.

**Ajuágas**, s. f. an ulcerous swelling among horses.

**Ajuanetado**, adj. full of corns.—*Cará ajuanetada*, a lean face.

**Ajuar**, s. m. vid. *Axuar*.

**Ajufayna**, s. f. a deep bason.

**Ajuciar**, v. n. to grow ripe in judgment.

**Ajuntamiento**, s. m. putting together, joining.

**Ajuntár**, v. a. to put together, to join.

**Ajustadamente**, adv. rightly, justly, truly.

**Ajustador**, s. m. an under-waistcoat.—*Ajustadme esas medidas*, this is said when a man speaks foreign to the purpose, and another should answer, agree this matter if you can.

**Ajustamiento**, s. m. equality.

**Ajustár**, v. a. to adjust, to make fit; also to reconcile differences, to make accounts even.

**Ajustarse**, v. r. to agree in any bargain, or contract.—

*Ajustarse al tiempo, ó con el tiempo*, to conform to the times.—*Hombre ajustado, dictamen ajustado*, a man of integrity and sincerity.

**Ajüste**, s. m. a contract, a bargain.

**Ajusticiár**, v. a. to execute criminals.

**Al**, in old Spanish, signifies another thing.—*Non fagades al*, do no other.—*Al*, from *algo*, something.—*Al*, is also the article of the dative case, corruptly from *a el*; as, *al hombre*, to the man; *al momento*, this moment; sometimes it stands for the preposition *in*, as *al fin*, in fine.

**Ala**, s. f. a wing; also the bonnet of a sail.—*Ala de terado*, the eaves of a house.—

*Ala de pez*, the fins of a fish. *Ala de batalla*, the wing of a battle.—

*Ala de gente de acaballo*, a squadron of horse.—

*Ala (yerba)*, the herb *enula campana*.—*Alas de sombréro*, the rims of a hat.—

*Ala de misca*, in cant, is a cheating trick at cards.—*Alas de mur-*

*ciélagos*, bat's wings; metaph. any thing that has a false appearance, because a bat's wings have no feathers.—*Batir las alas*, to clap the wings, to make haste, as birds do in their flight.—*Cuérse las alas*, to hang the wings, to dismay, to lose courage.—*Dír alas*, to grow bold, proud.—*Quebrarse las alas*, to be cast down. *Llevar alas en los carcañules*, to run as if one had wings at their heels.—*Cubrir con las alas*, to protect.—*Alá!* interj. Ex. *Aló!* que tengo un dolor, O Lord! I have got a doubt in my pocket.

**Alabadór**, s. m. one that praises.

**Alabamiento**, s. m. the action of praising.

**Alabancero**, s. m. a flatterer, a sycophant.

**Alabancioso**, s. m. a boaster.

**Alabandina**, s. f. a red stone mixed with blue.

**Alahanza**, s. f. praise, commendation, applause.

**Alabar**, v. a. to praise, to commend.—*Es para alabar a Dios*, when any thing is very beautiful or good, they say it is a subject to praise God. *Alabarse*, v. r. to boast, to vaunt.

**Alabarda**, s. f. halberd.

**Alabardazo**, s. m. a stroke with a halberd.

**Alabardero**, s. m. a halberdier, a yeoman of the guard.

**Alabardilla**, s. f. a little halberd.

**Alabastrino**, adj. of the colour of alabaster.—*Alabastrinas*, s. f. pl. th n pieces of alabaster.

**Alabastro**, s. m. alabaster.

**Alabeár**, v. n. to bend any wood so as to make it crooked.

**Alabéga**, s. f. the herb called basil royal.

**Alabéo**, s. m. the vicious bent of a plank.

**Alabesa**, s. f. the handle of an halberd.

**Alabéz**, s. m. the sides of a target or shield.

**Alacáyo**, s. m. vid. *Lacavo*.

**Alacayuelo**, s. m. diminut. of *alacayo*.

**Alacena**, vid. *Albacena*.

**Alacér**, s. m. a circle.

**Alácha**, s. f. a little fish like a herring, taken for it.

**Alacrán**, s. m. a scorpion; also the rings which the reins



of a bridle are fastened to.  
*Alacran marino*, s. m. a sea scorpion.

*Alacranado*, adj. bitten by scorpions.

*Aladár*, s. m. the hair on the temples.

*Aládo*, adj. winged.

*Aladrada*, s. f. a furrow in ploughed land.

*Aladro*, s. m. a plough.—*A la fe*, in faith, in truth.—*A la he*, fashionable.

*Alafia*, s. f. the pardon of a fault.

*Alaga*, s. f. a sort of grain called in Latin *alica*.

*Alagar*, v. a. to make much of, to soothe.

*Alagarera*, s. f. a talkative, prattling woman.

*Alagartado*, adj. coloured like a lizard.—*Medias, telas, cintas alagartadas*, stockings, stuffs, ribbons of several colours.

*Alago*, vid. *Halago*.

*Alagrèza*, s. f. obs. joy, hilarity, alacrity.

*Alaúna*, s. f. vid. *Laguna*.

*Alahilca*, s. f. hangings to adorn the walls.

*Alaica*, s. f. an ant that has got wings.

*Aláju*, s. m. a sort of sweetmeat, or composition made of flour, honey, pine-apple kernels, and spice.

*Alaja*, s. f. vid. *Albaja*, and its derivatives.

*Alálba*, adv. at break of day.

*Alama*, s. f. vid. *Lama*.

*Alamano*, at hand.—*A la mano*, as *venir a las manos*, to come to handy strokes.

*Alamar*, s. m. silver or silken twist for cloaths.

*Alamarès*, s. m. great silk, or gold and silver loops.

*Alamarado*, adj. a garment trimmed with loops.

*Alambár*, s. m. vid. *Ambar*.

*Alambiár*, v. a. to distil.

*Alambique*, s. m. a limbeck.—*Traer por alambique*, to bring through a limbeck; that is, the farthest way about.—*Alambicarse el cerebro*, to crack one's brain.

*Alambór*, s. m. the cavity of any thing.

*Alambre*, s. m. copper.

*Alameda*, s. f. a grove; also a walk planted with trees.

*Alámin*, s. m. a man of reputation, one that may be safely trusted.

*Alamina*, s. f. a tax laid upon potters.

*Alamire*, s. f. a key or cliff in music.

*Alamo*, s. m. a poplar-tree.—*A' lamo blanco*, the white poplar.—*A' lamo negro*, the black poplar, or alder.

*Alamón*, s. m. a bird of a violet colour, with red feet and beak.

*Alamúd*, s. m. the bolt of a spring-lock, or other bolt or bar to fasten windows or doors with.

*Alanceador*, s. m. the person who brandishes a spear.

*Alancear*, v. a. to wound with a lance.

*Alancél*, s. m. vid. *Arancel*.

*Alandál*, s. m. a mass of coquina, out of which the pills are made.

*Alania*, s. f. a cupboard made in the wall.

*Alano*, s. m. a mastiff dog, particularly a bull-dog.

*Alantoides*, s. f. the name of one of three tunicks, wherein the fetus is enclosed.

*A la par*, even, equal.

*A la póstre*, at the end.

*Alanzada*, s. f. so much ground as one yoke of oxen will ear in a day, or a measure of land as far as a man can throw a dart.

*Alanzar*, v. a. obs. to fling, to throw, to cast.

*Alaquèques*, s. m. pl. glass beads.

*Alár*, vid. *Halar*.

*Alára*, s. f. an egg without a shell, only covered with a pellicle.

*Alárbe*, s. m. an ignorant, cross, rustic man.

*Alaracas*, s. f. pl. shouts, cries.

*Alaraquiento*, adj. noisy.

*Alárde*, s. m. a muster, a review of forces.—*Hazer alárde*, is properly to muster; metaph. to boast.—*A la redonda*, adv. round about.

*Alarès*, s. m. pl. snare, gin, or spring.

*Alarganiento*, s. m. prolonging, getting far off, lengthening, stretching.

*Alargár*, v. a. to prolong, to lengthen, to stretch out.—*Alargár la bolsa*, to have money at will.—*Alargár el paso*, mend your pace, go faster.—*Alargár la rienda*, to give a horse his head; metaph. to give one

more liberty.—*Alargár el tiempo*, to drive off, or protract time.—*Alargár la vela*, to loose the sail, to spread it to the wind.—*Alargarse*, v. r. to get far off; to talk long upon a subject.

*Alargás*, s. f. a delay.

*Alargéz*, s. f. rose of Jerusalem, our Lady's rose.

*Alarguez*, s. f. the seed, or thin rind of a kind of weed used to give hair a fair colour; or a sort of wood called rosewood, because it smells like roses.

*Alarido*, s. m. a crying out.—*Alaridos*, cries, shouts, shrieks.

*Alarifazgo*, s. m. surveyorship.

*Alarife*, s. m. a surveyor, overseer, or master builder.

*Alarixes*, s. f. a kind of grapes of a purplish colour.

*Alarma*, to arms! to arms! a military cry.

*Alarse*, v. r. to run away from justice or punishment.

*Alastár*, v. a. to pay a fine or penalty.

*Alastrador*, s. m. one that carries ballast to ships.

*Alastrár*, v. a. to ballast.—

*Alastrarse*, v. r. to lay one's self flat on the ground, as birds do when they are pursued.

*A las vezes*, adv. by turns.

*Alatón*, s. m. vid. *Latón*.

*Alatonár*, v. a. to plate with thin brass.

*Alatonero*, vid. *Almez*.

*Alatrón*, s. m. salt-petre.

*Alávas*, s. f. pl. the teeth of a wheel in clock-work.

*Alavéo*, s. m. the white that is in some wood between the body and the bark.

*A la vista*, to the sight.

*Alaxeado*, adj. paved with flagstones.

*Aláxu*, vid. *Alaju*.

*Alazán*, s. m. a sorrel horse.—*Alazán claro*, a bright sorrel.—

*Alazán dorado*, betwixt roan and sorrel.—*Alazán tostado*, a dark sorrel.—Prov. *Alazán tostado, antes muerto que cansado*, a dark sorrel horse will die before he'll jade; so good an opinion the Spaniards have of that colour.

*Alázo*, s. m. a blow with the wing.

*Alazór*, s. m. wild saffron.

*Al'ba*, s. f. the dawn or break of day; also an albe, such as

priests wear at the altar.—*El reir del alba*, the first dawning of the day.—*Al alba*, adv. at break of day.

**Albacára**, s. f. a pulley wherein a cord or rope runneth to draw any thing by; some call it a windlass.

**Albacéa**, s. m. an executor, administrator, or assign left by will.

**Albacéago**, s. m. the office, or charge of an executor.

**Albacóra**, s. f. the éarly or first figs.

**Albáda**, s. f. the song sung, or the musick played under the window of a mistress very éarly in the morning, by her lover.

**Albaháca**, s. f. a very fragrant herb called majericon, or sweet garden basil.

**Albahaquéro**, s. m. a flower-pot, any such pots as are used in gardens; from *albaháca*, because that herb is kept in them.

**Albahaquilla**, s. f. small basil. *Albahaquilla salvaje*, wild basil.

**Albaida**, obs. whiteness; also formerly a small piece of money worth half a *maravedi*.

*Albaida*, vid. *Albayda*.

**Albaire**, s. m. an egg. Obs.

**Albála**, s. m. a note, a receipt, a pass, an acquittance; also a licence.

**Albanádo**, adj. asleep.

**Albanéga**, s. f. a kind of network coif, or net cap, that women wear to keep their hair up; also a kind of net used by hunters to catch hares.

**Albanégüero**, } s. m. a cant  
Albánes, } word for a gamester at dice.

**Albanár**, s. m. a kennel, gutter, sink, or common-shore.

**Albanil**, s. m. a plaisterer, or brick-layer.

**Albanilería**, s. f. plaisterers, or brick-layers work, or business.

**Albaquía**, s. f. the residue, the remain to balance the account.

**Albár**, adj. that which is soon ripe; also very white.

**Albára**, s. f. a bank-note.

**Albaráda**, s. f. a dry stone wall without mortar; also a causeway.

**Alberán**, s. m. a writing, a sheet of paper.—*Albarán*, s. m. a note, acquittance, receipt, or pass.

**Albarazáda**, s. f. a sort of grapes of jasper colour.

**Albarazádo**, adj. affected with morpew.

**Albarázo**, s. m. a kind of leprosy.

**Albárca**, s. f. a kind of shoe tied about the foot.

**Albárda**, s. f. a pannel, a pack-saddle.—*Bestia de albárda*, a beast to carry burdens.—*Fulano es una albárda*, such a one is a pack-saddle; to avoid saying he is a blockhead.

*Como a hora llueven albardas*, that is, it now rains pack-saddles; which manner of speaking is used by the Spaniards when they hear an improbable story.

**Albardadór**, s. m. one that puts the pack-saddles upon the beast, or that makes them.

**Albardán**, s. m. an impudent merry fellow.

**Albardanía**, s. f. an impudent, bold jest.

**Albardár**, v. a. to put on a pack-saddle or pannel.

**Albardería**, s. f. the street the pack-saddlers live in.

**Albardéro**, s. m. a pannel, or pack-saddle maker.

**Albardilla**, s. f. a little pannel or pack-saddle.

**Albardin**, s. m. small rushes or mat-weed.

**Albardón**, s. m. a beast of burden, that carries a pack-saddle; a great pack-saddle.

**Albardoncillo**, dim. nut. of *albardón*.

**Albaréjo**, s. m. diminut. of *albrío*.

**Albaricóque**, s. m. an apricot.

**Albarigo**, adj. a kind of corn to make bread very white.

**Albarillo**, s. m. diminut. of *albaricóque*.

**Albarino**, adj. a dun, swarthy colour.

**Albarjón**, vid. *Alvarjón*.

**Albaráda**, s. f. a dry wall of stones without mortar; also a causeway.

**Albarrán**, s. m. a bachelor, or single man, a stranger, that has no certain place of abode.

**Albarrána**, s. f. a watch-tower standing by itself in the fields; also a wild onion.

**Albarrané**, s. m. a foreigner, or stranger.

**Albarranía**, s. f. single life, bachelorship.

**Albarráz**, s. m. the herb staves-acre, or louse-bane.

**Albartáda**, s. f. a heap, a pile, a stack, a rick, any great mass.

**Albatára**, the clitoris.

**Albatócha**, s. f. a small sort of covered vessel, or bark.

**Albatóza**, s. f. a small boat covered over.

**Albayáda**, s. f. a plant.

**Albayaldádo**, adj. painted with white lead.

**Albayalde**, s. m. white lead.

**Albayre**, s. m. in cant signifies an egg.

**Albazáno**, adj. of a chesnut colour.

**Albázo**, s. m. an assault made at break of day.

**Albedriadór**, s. m. an arbitrator.

**Albedriár**, v. a. to arbitrate, or determine between two parties.

**Albédrio**, s. m. free will, or voluntary action.

**Albédro**, s. m. a crab-tree.

**Albeitár**, s. m. the person who cures distempers in beasts, a farrier.

**Albeitería**, s. f. the art of curing sickness in beasts.

**Albelión**, s. m. vid. *Albañar*.

**Albéndá**, s. f. hangings made of white linen.

**Albendéra**, s. f. the woman who weaves such hangings.

**Albendóla**, s. f. a net of the smallest size, to catch shrimps or prawns.

**Albengála**, s. f. a fine web woven in silk, used by the Moors to adorn themselves.

**Albércá**, s. f. a pool or pond, a fish-pond.

**Albérchiga**, s. f. the fruit of the apple-quince.

**Albérchigo**, s. m. an apple-quince.

**Albercóque**, s. m. an apricot.

**Alberengéna**, s. f. vid. *Berengéna*.

**Albergáda**, s. f. a trench used in fortification.

**Albergadór**, s. m. one that lodges, harbours, or entertains others.

**Albergár**, v. a. to lodge, harbour, or entertain.—*Albergarse*, v. r. to be entertained, to be lodged.

**Albérque**, s. m. a shelter, any safe place against bad weather; also a public house; and among the knights of Malta,



- the several quarters where the knights of different nations live.
- Alberguería, s. f. a public-house.
- Alberguero, s. m. an inn-keeper.
- Albihár, s. m. the herb called daffodil, or Narcissus.
- Albiharés, s. m. pl. the flower called Narcissus, or daffodil.
- Albilla, s. f. a sort of white grape.
- Albillo, s. m. wine made from a sort of white grape called *albilla*.
- Albín, s. m. a blood-stone.
- Albina, s. f. the beating of the water upon the shore.—*Albina*, s. f. a place overflowed with water, as a marsh or fen.
- Albino, adj. born with very white hair, and a white skin.
- Albitána, s. f. a piece of timber in a ship so called.
- A'lbo, adj. white, milk white.
- Alboaire, s. m. chequer work, made with varnished tiles of different colours.
- Albogue, s. m. a pipe or flute, according to some; yet in *Don Quixote* we find this word explained to be brass plates like candlesticks; which being hollow and beaten one against another, make a sort of rustic music.
- Alboguero, s. m. a piper, or one that makes pipes, or one that plays, or makes *albüques*.
- Albohéra, s. m. vid. *Albufera*.
- Albohól, s. m. the white flower of the herb jaron.
- Albondigas, s. f. balls made of forced meat.
- Albóndiguillas, s. f. little balls of forced meat.
- Albór, s. m. whiteness.
- Alboráda, s. f. music played to one at the break of day; also the break of day itself.
- Alborbólas, s. f. pl. a noise made for some trifling matter.
- Alborbolear, v. a. to make a noise of rejoicing. Obs.
- Alboréa, s. f. the dawn of the day.
- Alboreár, v. n. to dawn.
- Alborecér, vid. *Alborear*.
- Albórga, s. f. shoes made of broom.
- Albornia, s. f. a great earthen pan, such as they use to put milk in.
- Albornóz, s. m. a sort of upper garment close before, with only a place for the head to come out, and a hood to it, made of a sort of stuff that turns off water, so that none goes through.
- Alboronía, s. f. a kind of salad made of herbs, milk, wine, oil, cheese, garlic.
- Alboróque, s. m. a gratuity given to one that makes up a bargain between two, in the nature of brokerage; or to a workman above his hire.
- Alborotadaménte, adv. disorderly, tumultuously, seditiously.
- Alborotador, s. m. a mutinous seditious fellow.
- Alborotamiénte, s. m. sedition, tumult, disorder, commotion.
- Alborotár, v. a. to raise a tumult, or sedition, to put in disorder.
- Alboróto, s. m. mutiny, tumult, or sedition, disorder, confusion.
- Alborozador, s. m. the person who excites mirth in others.
- Alborozár, v. a. to rejoice, to be full of joy; also to raise a tumult.
- Alborózo, s. m. joy, a violent commotion of the heart, caused by any thing that is joyful.
- Albricias, s. f. pl. a reward or gratuity given to one that brings good news.
- Albudéca, s. f. a sort of spongy, watery, and unsavory melon.
- Albuféra, s. f. a pool of stagnating water.
- Albúr, s. m. a gudgeon.
- Albúra, s. f. whiteness.
- Alburéjo, s. m. a little mullet, a fish so called.
- Alburés, s. m. a term used in a certain game at cards.
- Alcabála, s. f. a duty imposed upon things sold; also the bottom of a fishing-net.
- Alcabaléro, s. m. a collector, or gatherer of that duty.
- Alcabór, s. m. the flue of a chimney.
- Alcabúco, s. m. a forest or thick wood.
- Alcabúz, vid. *Arcabuz*.
- Alcacél, s. m. green barley cut for horses.
- Alcancería, s. f. obs. v. *Alcacería*.
- Alcachófa, s. f. an artichoke.
- Alcachofado, adj. belonging to an artichoke.
- Alcachofál, s. m. the place where artichokes grow.
- Alcacil, vid. *Alcarcil*.
- Alcafár, s. m. the trappings of a horse.
- Alcaház, s. m. a cage or coop for birds, made of cane.
- Alcahazáda, s. f. a quantity of birds inclosed in a cage called *alcahaz*.
- Alcahazár, v. a. to shut birds up in a cage called *alcahaz*.
- Alcahotár, v. a. vid. *Alcahuetar*.
- Alcahotería, s. f. vid. *Alcahueteria*.
- Alcahuéta, s. f. a bawd.
- Alcahuéte, s. m. a pimp or pander.
- Alcahueteár, v. a. to procure, to pimp, or bawd.
- Alcahuetéjo, s. m. a little pimp.
- Alcahueteria, s. f. bawding, or a bawdy-house.
- Alcahuetilló, s. f. a little pimp.
- Alcaide, s. m. the governor of a fort, town, or castle.
- Alcaidésa, s. f. the wife of a governor.
- Alcaidia, s. f. the government of a fort or town.
- Alcaldada, s. f. a blunder, a mistake.—*Alcaldada*, imprudent, affected; it is also said metaphorically of an action done with affectation of authority, which excites laughter.
- Alcalde, s. m. a magistrate, of which there are these several sorts:—*Alcalde de aldea*, a mayor, bailiff, or headborough of a country town.—*Alcalde mayor de justicia*, a lord chief justice.—*Alcalde de corte*, a justice belonging to the king's household.—*Alcalde de alcáldes*, a high commissioner over the justices.—*Alcalde de las alzadas*, a judge of appeals, a chief judge, to whom appeals lie from inferior courts.—*Alcalde de los hidalgos*, a judge to try the case of gentility; that is, whether a man be really a gentleman, and consequently free from paying taxes, from arrests, &c.
- Alcaldía, s. f. the jurisdiction, office, power, and territory, or district of the *alcalde*.
- Alcallér, s. m. a potter; also a potter's work-house.

**Alcám**, s. m. a kind of wild gourd called *coloquintida*.

**Alcamiz**, s. m. a review of soldiers, or the list of their names.

**Alcanonías**, s. f. different sorts of spices.

**Alcamphór**, s. m. camphire, the gum of a tree in the East Indies.

**Alcamphorádo**, adj. belonging to camphire.

**Alcána**, s. f. an exchange, a place full of shops.

**Alcance**, s. m. the action of reaching a thing, or of coming up with a person; also capacity, genius.—*Alcance de cuenta*, the balance of an account.—*Alcance de un cañon*, the reach of a gun.—*Alcance*, s. m. a wound which horses receive by rubbing their feet one against another in running.—*Despachar alcance*, to send an express in order to reach the post.—*Seguir el alcance*, to pursue the enemies after an action.

**Alcancia**, s. f. a little round earthen pot to keep money in, such as children play with.—*Alcancia de fuego*, a pot full of wild fire to throw among enemies, in the nature of our hand-grenades.

**Alcanciar**, v. a. to throw such pots of wild fire; it is also a sport used in Spain, where they have thin pots made, and rding, throw them at one another, where they break on the armour.

**Alcancíazo**, s. m. a blow with such a pot.

**Alcancilla**, s. f. a reddish sort of dye.

**Alcandára**, s. f. a perch for a hawk.

**Alcandía**, s. f. a kind of small grain called millet or hirse.

**Alcandíal**, s. m. the ground where such seed is sown.

**Alcandiga**, vid. Alcandia.

**Alcandóra**, s. f. a beacon to alarm the country; metaph. a shirt.

**Alcánna**, s. f. an Egyptian plant used in dyeing.

**Alcantára**, s. f. a bridge; the military order of Alcantára.

**Alcantarilla**, s. f. a little bridge.

**Alcanzadizo**, adj. that which may be reached.

**Alcanzador**, s. m. one that

reaches, obtains, compasses, or overtakes.

**Alcanzamiento**, s. m. the action of obtaining.

**Alcanzár**, v. a. to reach, to obtain, to compass, to overtake.—*Alcanzár el techo*, to reach to the ceiling.—*Alcanzár lo que se desea*, to obtain or compass one's wish.—*Alcanzár al que huye*, to overtake one that runs away.—*Alcanzár a uno de cuenta*, to prove an account is short; also to confute a man.—*Alcanzarse la bestia*, is when a horse over-reaches.—*No me alcánza la pretina*, the girdle will not come about me.—*No se os alcánza*, you do not comprehend it.—*No le alcánza un huelgo a otro*, he is quite out of breath.—*No le alcánza la sal al agua*, he is so poor that he hath not salt enough to season his water.

**Alcaparras**, s. f. capers, a fruit.

**Alcaparrádo**, adj. like capers, or dressed with capers.

**Alcaparrál**, s. m. a piece of ground where capers grow.

**Alcaparrilla**, s. f. a little caper.

**Alcaparrón**, s. m. a larger sort of caper; also the hilt of a sort of sword anciently used.

**Alcaparrónal**, s. m. a place where capers grow.

**Alcapárro**, s. m. the caper-tree.

**Alcaparrósa**, s. f. a kind of mineral salt found in copper-mines.

**Alcaparróso**, adj. full of capers, or that tastes of capers.

**Alcaraván**, s. m. the fowl called a bittern.—*Piernas de alcaravan*, long spindle shanks.

**Alcaravea**, s. f. carraway seed.

**Alcarceña**, s. f. dwarf elder.

**Alcarchófa**, an artichoke.

**Alcarchofádo**, adj. of an artichoke colour.

**Alcarcíl**, s. m. a wild artichoke.

**Alcarráza**, s. f. a sort of pitcher, commonly with four handles.

**Alcarracéro**, the person who sells such pitchers.

**Alcaría**, s. f. a country full of villages and country houses, or cottages; also the country houses or cottages themselves.

**Alcartáz**, s. m. a paper turned sharp at one end, and open at the other; such as confectioners use to wrap sweetmeats, or the like.

**Alcatára**, s. f. vid. Alquitara.

**Alcatifa**, s. f. a carpet, a blanket for a bed, a bed in a garden.

**Alcatife**, s. m. in cant, signifies silk.

**Alcatifero**, s. m. in cant, is a silk-stealer.

**Alcatraz**, s. m. a sea fowl, like a sea-gull.

**Alcaviu**, s. f. a Moorish carpet.

**Alcaúci**, or **Alcaúcil**, s. m. a kind of thistle.

**Alcaudón**, s. m. a sort of bird.

**Alcayáta**, s. f. a pin or nail to hang cloaths, hats, or the like.

**Alcazába**, s. f. a strong castle.

**Alcázar**, s. m. a fortress, castle, or the king's palace.

**Alcazúz**, s. m. vid. Alcauzur.

**Alce**, s. m. an elk.

**Alcedón**, s. m. vid. Halcyon.

**Alchérmes**, s. m. a little worm of a red colour, which is generated in pease.

**Alchimia**, s. f. alchymy; also metal that is gilt and refined, pronounced *alquimia*.

**Alchimilla**, s. f. the herb startwort.

**Alchimista**, s. m. an alchymist.

**Alcibiádo**, s. m. a plant so called.

**Alción**, s. m. the bird called a king's-fisher.

**Alcionio**, or **Alcyonio**, s. m. a hard, yet spongy sort of matter growing in the sea.

**Alco**, s. m. a little sort of beast in the West Indies, like a dog.

**Alcoba**, s. f. an alcove, a separate part of the room where the bed stands; also the beam of a balance.

**Alcobilla**, } s. f. diminutives of Alcobita, } *alcoba*.

**Alcocarra**, s. f. a mouth, a wry face, a grimace.

**Alcófa**, s. f. a basket.

**Alcofól**, vid. Alcolhol.

**Alcohéla**, s. f. the herb endive.

**Alcohól**, s. m. antimony, a mineral of a metallic nature.

**Alcoholádo**, p. p. coloured with antimony, black.—*Toro alcoholádo*, a bull with black



- eyes, as if blacked with antimony.
- Alcoholár, v. a. to colour with antimony.
- Alcoholéro, s. m. one that sells antimony.
- Alcólá, s. f. a little pot to preserve liquors in.
- Alcoimenías, s. f. all sorts of spice used in dressing meat.
- Alcón, vid. Halcor.
- Alconçilla, s. f. a sort of red, used by women for their faces.
- Alcór, s. m. a hill.
- Alcorán, s. m. the Coran, the book of the law of Mahomet.
- Alcoranista, s. m. one who teaches the doctrine of the Alcoran.
- Alcórrei, s. m. a sort of jewel used by women.
- Alcornocál, s. m. a grove or wood of cork-trees.
- Alcornéque, s. m. the cork-tree.
- Alcornoquéno, adj. belonging to a cork-tree.
- Alcórque, s. m. a shoe or slipper with a cork-sole.
- Alcórza, s. f. a lozenge.
- Alcorzár, v. a. to cover any thing over with sugar mixed with honey, or the white of an egg, as. cakes are done.
- Akótán, s. m. a hawk called hobby.
- Alcotón, s. m. cotton.
- Alcoronía, s. f. cloth made with cotton.
- Alcova, vid. Alcoba.
- Aherbite, s. m. brimstone.
- Alucéro, s. m. the person who makes and sells *alcuzas*.
- Alcúna, } s. f. family, race.
- Alcurnia, }
- Alcúza, s. f. a tin oil-bottle.
- Alcuzkila, s. f. the quantity of oil that may be contained in the *alcúza*.
- Alcuzázo, s. m. a blow with an oil-pot.
- Alcuzcúza, s. f. a sort of potage thickened with meal.
- Alcuzcúz, s. m. a paste made with flour and honey, and reduced into round pellets no bigger than seeds, good to eat.
- Alcuzcúza, s. m. vid. Alcuzcúz.
- Alcuzilla, s. f. a little oil-pot.
- Alcuzón, s. m. a great oil-pot.
- Aléa, s. f. a skirt, a woman's coats.—*Poner aldas en cinta*, to tuck up one's coats under their girdle; that is, to be in readiness.
- Aldába, s. f. a handle or hasp to lift a thing, or to hold by; also the knocker of a door.
- Aldabáda, s. f. a stroke with a knocker.
- Aldabázo, s. m. augm. of *aldába*.
- Aldabear, v. a. to knock at a door, to clatter with a knocker.
- Aldabilla, s. f. a little knocker of a door, handle, or hasp.
- Aldabón, s. m. a great knocker at a door.
- Aldáva, s. f. v. Aldaba.
- Aldeá, s. f. a village, or tribe.
- Aldeána, s. f. a country lass, or woman.
- Aldeaniégo, rustick, not well bred.
- Aldeañégo, adj. mean, country-like, ill bred.
- Aldeáno, s. m. a countryman.
- Aldeguéla, s. f. a little village.
- Aldear, v. a. vid. Haldear.
- Aldeorio, s. m. a village or little place where the inhabitants are poor.
- Alderredór, adv. round about.
- Aldica, } a sort of brushwood
- Aldiza, } or heath they make brooms of.
- Alducár, s. m. the silk of the second sort.
- Aldúdo, adj. vid. Haldudo.
- Alcaición, s. f. allaying, or mixing of metals.
- Aléada, s. f. a stroke with a wing.
- Aléar, v. a. to mix metals; also to beat with the wings; metaph. to begin to show courage, to recover.—*Aléir metales*, to put alloy to metals.
- Alabrarse, v. r. metaph. to be frightened, or in fear; to lie down close to the ground through fear.
- Alabrastarse, v. r. vid. Alabrarse.
- Alabronarse, v. r. vid. Alabrarse.
- Aléche, s. m. a herring.
- Alchugár, v. a. to plait or fold any thing in the form of a lettuce.
- Alectoria, s. f. a stone found in the liver of a cock.
- Aléda, s. f. bee-glue, found at the entrance of the hive.
- Aledáno, s. m. boundary, limit.
- Alefris, s. m. (a sea term) a concavity made in building ships, to place the side planks.
- Alegación, s. f. allegation.
- Alegador, s. m. one that alleges.
- Alegamiento, s. m. alledging.
- Alegár, v. a. to alledge, to plead, to quote law or authors for what one says.
- Alegato, s. m. allegation.
- Alegoria, s. f. allegory.
- Alegoricamente, adv. allegorically.
- Alegórico, adj. allegorical.
- Alegorizar, v. a. to speak allegories.
- Alegramiento, s. m. the act of rejoicing or making merry.
- Alegriar, v. a. to rejoice, to make merry.—*Alegriarse*, v. r. to be joyful or merry.
- Alégre, adj. joyful, merry, of a pleasant disposition.
- Alegreménte, adv. joyfully, merrily.
- Alegreza, s. f. mirth, joy.
- Alegria, s. f. mirth, joy; also the seed called *ajonjolí*.
- Alegrón, s. m. a great sudden joy upon any groundless news.
- Alegüstre, s. m. a flower so called.
- Alejamiento, s. m. distance.
- Alejár, v. a. to put at a distance, to remove—*Alejár*, v. a. to be afar off.
- Aléjú, s. m. a sort of sweetmeat.
- Aléli, or Alheli, s. m. a violet, a clove gilliflower.
- Alleluya, s. f. hallelujah, sung in churches.
- Alemána, s. f. a sort of dance.
- Alemanádo, adj. of, or like a German.
- Alemanisco, adj. a sort of German cloth.
- Aléndro, s. m. the rose bay-tree.
- Alentáda, s. f. a breathing.—*Alentado*, adj. courageous.
- Alentadamente, adv. courageously, manly.
- Alentár, v. n. to breathe, to encourage, to grow bold.
- Alephanginas, adj. fem. pl. an epithet given to a kind of medical pills.
- Aléra, s. f. the right of feeding

herd near another vil-  
lage.  
Alérce, s. m. the cedar-tree.  
Aléro, s. m. the eaves of a  
house.  
Alérta, adv. in a readiness,  
upon one's guard, watch-  
ful.  
Alertár, v. a. to be quick, to  
be ready.—*Alertarse*, v. r. to  
be watchful, or vigilant.  
Alérto, adj. vigilant, watchful,  
diligent, careful.  
Aléta, s. f. a little wing, or fin  
of a fish.  
Aléto, s. m. a sparrow-hawk,  
osprey, or falcon.  
Aletria, s. f. vermicelli, a sort  
of Italian paste, made with  
flour and eggs.  
Alevadar, v. a. to leaven  
bread.  
Alève, s. m. and f. traitor,  
traitress.—*Aleze*, adj. traiter-  
ous.  
Alévo, s. m. a godson.  
Alevosamente, adv. treacher-  
ously, deceitfully.  
Alevosia, s. f. treachery, false-  
hood.  
Alevoso, adj. treacherous.  
Alexixa, s. f. a sort of sausage  
of swine's flesh.  
Alexú, s. m. a sort of sweet-  
meat.  
Alézna, s. f. an awl.—*Agido*  
*como una alexna*, as sharp as  
an awl, a man of a sharp  
wit; also an acting, stirring  
person.  
Aleznr, v. a. to polish, burnish,  
or make bright.  
Alfár, s. m. vid. Alfahar.  
Alfabega, s. f. vid. Albahaca.  
Alfadia, s. f. present, gift.  
Alfageme, s. m. a barber.  
Alfabár, s. m. a potter's shop,  
or the place where he makes  
his pots.  
Alfaharefia, s. f. the place  
where all the potters live and  
work at their trade.  
Alfaharéro, s. m. a potter.  
Alfajór, vid. Alexu.  
Alfalfa, s. f. three-leaved or  
clover grass.  
Alfalfár, s. m. a field of clover  
grass.  
Alfaltés, s. m. vid. Alfalfa.  
Alfamár, s. m. more properly  
*alhamar*, a coverlid, or red  
blanket.  
Alfana, s. f. a strong bold-  
spirited horse.  
Alfaneque, s. m. the hawk  
called a lanner.

Alfangazo, s. m. a stroke of a  
cymetar.  
Alfange, s. m. a cymetar.  
Alfangón, s. m. augment. of  
*alfange*.  
Alfangonazo, s. m. augment.  
of *alfange*, and a blow or cut  
with the *alfange*.  
Alfáque, s. m. a bench made of  
sand on the sea shore.  
Alfaqueque, s. m. one that is  
employed in the redemption  
of captives.  
Alfáqui, s. m. a great priest of  
the Moors.  
Alfaraces, adj. the light horse.  
Alfarame, s. m. a long gauze  
hood to cover the face.  
Alfárda, s. f. a tribute the  
Moors and Jews paid to Chris-  
tian princes, for liberty to live  
in their dominions.—*Alfárda*,  
s. f. a tribute paid for water  
to water the lands.  
Alfardéro, s. m. a collector of  
the water tribute.  
Alfardón, s. m. the iron ring  
placed in the axle-tree of a  
cart, waggon, &c. hanging  
loosely between the case and  
the wheel.  
Alfarge, s. m. an oil-mill; pro-  
perly the under stone of the  
oil-mill.  
Alfargia, s. f. a very thin  
board.  
Alfárma, s. f. the herb rue,  
great saint John's wort.  
Alfaróbas, s. f. pl. the herb and  
seed called carobes.  
Alfaxeme, vid. Alfajemé.  
Alfaxór, vid. Alexu.  
Alfaya, s. f. household stuff, im-  
plements, furniture, all things  
moveable within the house.  
Alfayáta, s. f. obs. a woman  
taylor.  
Alfayáte, s. m. obs. a taylor.  
Alfeiza, s. m. an opening made  
in a wall for a window to be  
fixed in.  
Alfeliche, s. m. the epilepsy, or  
falling sickness of chil-  
dren.  
Alfeña, s. f. vid. Alheña.  
Alfenaído, adj. vid. Alheñado.  
Alfenaído, adj. soft, kind,  
sweet.  
Alfénique, s. m. a paste made  
of sugar to open obstructions  
in the breast, commonly made  
up in long slender rolls, to  
put into children's mouths for  
them to suck.—*Hecke de alfe-  
nique*, a man that is very  
slender, or that is very dainty

and nice; metaph. it is ap-  
plied to persons of delicate  
complexion.  
Alferázgo, s. m. an ensign's  
employment.  
Alferécia, s. f. convulsions.  
Alferéz, s. m. an ensign. At  
chess it is a bishop.  
Alferezázdo, s. m. vid. Alfe-  
razgo.  
Alficóso, } s. m. a kind of cu-  
Alficóz, } mber.  
Alfid, s. m. obs. vid. Aguero.  
Alfidél, s. m. obs. vid. Alfiler.  
Alfil, s. m. an elephant, a  
term used in the game at  
chess.  
Alfílér, s. m. a pin, such as  
are used about cloaths.—  
*Alfílères de las señoras*, pin-  
money.  
Alfíletéro, s. m. a pin-hole.  
Alfin, adv. at the end, or in  
fine.  
Alfítete, s. m. a composition  
of seasoning things.  
Alfocigo, vid. Alhocigo.  
Alfóli, s. m. a granary for  
corn.  
Alfólla, s. f. a cloth tissued  
with gold and silk, a bro-  
cade.  
Alfómbra, s. f. a carpet.  
Alfombrár, v. a. to cover with  
carpets.  
Alfombrilla, s. f. diminut. of  
*alfómbra*; also St. Anthony's  
fire.  
Alfondéga, ò Alfondiga, vid.  
Alhondiga.  
Alfonsário, s. m. a charnel-  
house where the skulls and  
bones of the dead are laid  
up.  
Alfónsi, vid. Alphonsi.  
Alfonsígo, s. m. a pistach-nut.  
Alfonsina, s. f. a severe act  
they go through who take  
their degrees in divinity at  
*Alcalá*.  
Alfórja, s. f. a wallet; a crook-  
ed-back fellow.—*Cazador de*  
*alfórja*, a poacher that takes  
all game he can come at.  
Alforjáo, adj. made in the  
shape of a wallet.  
Alforjéro, s. m. a maker of  
wallets.  
Alforjillas, s. f. pl. a little  
wallet.  
Alfórnas, s. f. pl. the herb  
fennu-greek.  
Alforria, or Alforva, vid. Alfor-  
nas.  
Alfórxa, vid. Alforja.  
Alfórza, s. f. a tuck in a garment.



Alfostigo, s. m. vid. Alfonsigo.  
Alfóz, s. m. obs. the limits or bounds.

Alga, s. f. sea-weed.

Algácias, s. f. pl. a horseman's equipage.

Algálaba, s. f. wild grapes.

Algáida, s. f. obs. a thicket or wood, a place full of bushes.

Algália, s. f. civet, the civet cat; also a probe.

Algaliéro, s. m. the person who sells civet or perfume; also perfumed with civet.

Algána, s. f. darnel.

Algár, s. m. a cave.

Algára, s. f. a body of horse that goes out to pillage, or the incursion they make.

Algarabía, s. f. the Arabick tongue; also any unintelligible words or writings, gibberish.

Algaráda, s. f. a tumult, a hurlyburly; also the passing of an army several times before fires in the night, to make the enemy believe they are more than they are; also a machine of war used by the ancients to discharge balls from.

Algaréar, v. a. to cry out, to make a great noise.

Algaréro, adj. seditious, noisy.

Algarés, s. m. caves, dens, holes, or pits.

Algarino, adj. concealed, hid in a cave.

Algarráda, s. f. a warlike engine used by the ancients to shoot stones, darts, &c.

Algarróba, s. f. the fruit called a carobe.

Algarróbo, s. m. the carob-tree.

Algáva, or Algayda, vid. Algáida.

Algazára, s. f. properly the cry or shout of the Moors, when in battle, thence used for any confused noise.

Algebéná, s. f. an earthen bason  
Algebra, s. f. algebra.

Algebrista, s. m. one that understands algebra; also a bone-setter.

Algeceria, s. f. the place where chalk is made or sold.

Algecero, s. m. the person who brings or sells chalk.

Algredez, vid. Axedrez.

Alguinifio, s. m. a pedlar that goes from fair to fair, and from market to market.

Algér, s. m. plaster, such as is used on walls; also whitening.

Algerife, s. m. a fisherman's net.

Algerifero, s. m. a fisherman.

Algez, s. m. plaister used in stucco-works.

Algezar, s. m. the mine plaister is found in, or taken from.

Algezón, s. m. a great piece of plaister.

Algibe, s. m. a cistern, a great vessel to keep water in; also a place where slaves were kept.

Algibéro, s. m. a cistern.

Algimifrado, adj. affectedly adorned.

Algo s. m. something; it was formerly taken for wealth.—

*Fulano es algo*, such a one is a man of note, or of worth.—*Hombre de algo*, a man of substance.—*Mas vále algo que nada*, something is better than nothing.

Algodón, s. m. cotton.—*Algodones*, s. m. pl. the cotton used in the ink-glass.—*Tener a uno entre algodones*, *criar entre algodones*, to bring up one with effeminacy.

Algodonador, s. m. a cottoner.

Algodonadura, s. f. cotton, the nap of cloth.

Algodonál, s. m. the ground where cotton grows.

Algodonár, v. a. to stuff with cotton.

Algodonéro, s. m. the person who deals in cotton.

Algoría, s. f. a corn-loft, or a corn-house.

Algorismo, s. m. the science of numbers, arithmetic.

Algoritmo, s. m. arithmetic.

Algoso, adj. full of sea-weeds.

Algrinal, s. m. a sort of cap used anciently by women.

Aguacil, s. m. the proper name of an officer to apprehend malefactors, corresponding to a constable.—*Aguacil de corte*, is equivalent to our sergeants at arms, and king's messengers.—*Aguacil de moscas*, a great spider that catches flies in her web.—*Cada uno tiene su aguacil*, everyone has his fault-finder.

Alguacilazgo, s. m. the office of an *aguacil*.

Alguaquia, } s. f. a match to  
Alguaquida, } light a fire with.

Alguquidero, s. m. a seller of matches.

Alguarín, s. m. a pantry.

Alguáza, s. f. an hinge.

Alguén, pron. rel. somebody.

Alguinio, s. m. a large basket to gather fruit.

Alguinalda, s. f. vid. Guirnalda.

Algún, pron. some (only used before substantives, never after); as *algún hombre*, *algún soldado*, &c. some man, some soldier.

Algúno, pron. somebody, or some one.

A'lha, s. m. God.

Alhacéna, vid. Alhazéna.

Alhadida, s. f. burnt copper; also a rule belonging to the astrolabe.

Alhagár, vid. Halagar.

Alhágo, vid. Halago.

Alháite, s. m. a jewel.

Alhája, s. f. toy, all manner of furniture, household goods, or any other.—Prov. *Alhája que tiene boca, nadie la toca*, nobody will meddle with a piece of furniture that has a mouth; that is, none care for such things as are a constant charge.—Prov. *Quién trabaja, tiene alhája*, he that works has furniture; we must take pains if we expect to get any thing.

Alhajado, p. p. furnished.

Alhajár, v. a. to furnish.

Alhajéme, s. m. obs. a barber.

Alhalí, vid. Alheli.

Alhamár, s. m. a red blanket.

Alhamél, obs. a porter that carries burdens, or a packhorse.

Alhänge, vid. Alange.

Alhanía, s. f. an alcove, or place for a bed to stand.

Alhaquéque, s. m. an herald at arms.

Alhaquí, vid. Alfaquí.

Alharáca, s. f. an out-cry.

Alharaquíento, s. m. a noisy, bawling man or woman.

Alhargáma, s. f. wild rue.

Alhavára, s. f. a tribute collected from the ass-mills.

Alhavéga, s. f. majericon, or sweet garden-basil.

Alhaxéme, vid. Alhajéme.

Alhazéna, s. f. a cupboard.

Alhéga, Alhelga, s. f. the staple of a lock or bolt; also the space betwixt teeth that do not stand close.

Alhelí, s. m. vide Aleli.

Alhéña, s. f. a plant called privet, or prim-print; also a sort of ointment to dye the hair black.—*Molido como una alhéña*, tired or weary.—Prov. *No esté la tienda, sin alhéña*, this proverb is to ridicule those

whofill their houses with things of little or no use, and neglect the more useful.

**Alheñar**, v. a. to dye the hair black.—*Alheñarse*, v. n. to be blasted.

**Alherce**, s. m. a sort of cedar.

**Alhocigo**, s. m. the fistick nut or tree; the pistacho.

**Alhója**, s. f. a lark.

**Alhólbá**, s. f. fennugreek.

**Alholí**, s. m. a place to keep corn in, a barn, a granary, a bin.

**Alholia**, or **Alfolia**, s. f. a weaving or texture of silk and gold.

**Alhómbra**, s. f. a carpet; also the red spots in the face, proceeding from heat.

**Alhombrár**, v. a. vid. *Alfombrar*.

**Alhondiga**, s. f. a shop, a warehouse; a granary.

**Alhondiguero**, s. m. a shop-keeper, a warehouse or granary-keeper.

**Alhondón**, adv. at the bottom.

**Alhorí**, vid. *Alholi*.

**Alhórré**, s. m. a sort of troublesome running tetter.

**Alhórza**, vid. *Alforza*.

**Alhostiga**, s. f. the fistick-nut, or pistacho.

**Alhostigo**, s. m. the pistachotree, or fistick-tree.

**Alhóz**, s. m. vid. *Alfoz*.

**Alhozigo**, vid. *Alhocigo*.

**Alhurreca**, s. f. the salt foam that comes out of the roots of canes; also the foam of the sea.

**Alhuzéma**, s. f. lavender.

**Aliacán**, s. m. the jaundice.

**Aliacádo**, adj. jaundiced.

**Aliacrán**, s. m. vid. *Aliacan*.

**Aliága**, s. f. broom.

**Aliáuz**, s. f. alliance, confederacy.

**Aliár**, v. a. to ally, to confederate.

**Aliára**, s. f. jack of the hedge, or sauce alone, having a taste like garlic.

**Alica**, s. f. a little wing.

**Alicaído**, adj. wing-fallen; metaph. sickly, weak, feeble, unhealthy; it is also applied to a person degraded from a high post, riches, or a flourishing situation in life.

**Alicante**, s. m. a sort of snake.

**Alicatádo**, s. m. chequer-work of different colours.

**Alicates**, s. m. pl. pliers, a tool like pincers, used by several

trades for small work; also nppers to pull hair with.

**Alicéres**, s. m. pl. the Dutch tiles, such as we use to adorn the sides of chimnies with.

**Alicionâr**, v. a. to teach one's lesson, to instruct.

**Alicóta**, s. f. an aliquot part, as two to six, and three to nine, being the third part, and so of other numbers.

**Alidáda**, s. f. a cross-staff.

**Alienación**, s. f. alienation.

**Alienâr**, v. a. to estrange, to alienate.

**Aliénde**, adv. vid. *Alliende*.

**Aliénto**, s. m. breath, spirit, courage.

**Aliér**, s. m. a soldier placed at the sides of a ship to take care of it.

**Alifáfe**, s. m. any thing that is lined with skins.

**Alifáfe**, s. m. pl. a distemper that breaks out in blisters on the joints of beasts.

**Alifár**, v. a. to polish.

**Alifara**, s. f. over measure, over weight; also a luncheon.

**Aligación**, s. f. alloying, or mixture of metals.

**Aligamiénto**, s. m. the act of binding, or tying together.

**Aligár**, v. a. to bind, to tie; metaph. to lay under an obligation for a favour received.

**Aligerár**, v. a. to lighten, to be nimble, or quick.

**Aligéro**, adj. having wings, aligerous, winged, bearded.

**Alijár**, v. a. to lighten a ship, taking out goods, either in a storm, or that she may draw less water, to pass over shoals.

**Alijo**, s. m. the lightening a ship of her burden.

**Alilla**, s. f. a little wing.

**Alimadór**, s. m. filer.

**Alimána**, } s. f. a brute beast,  
**Alimanía**, } more particularly tame cattle.

**Alimár**, v. a. to file; metaph. to polish, to refine.

**Alinára**, s. f. a sign made by the beacons on the coast.

**Alimentadór**, s. m. one that nourishes, feeds, or maintains.

**Alimentâr**, v. a. to nourish, to feed, or maintain; metaph.

an encourager of dissensions; it is applied also to vices, virtues, passions, and other effects of the soul.

**Aliménto**, s. m. nourishment, food, maintenance.—*Alimén-*

**tos**, s. m. pl. provision made

for children in a contract or deed.

**Alimpiadéro**, s. m. any thing that serves to make things clean.

**Alimpiadór**, s. m. a cleanser.

**Alimpiadúra**, s. f. a cleansing.

**Alimpiadúra**, s. f. pl. the dregs, scurf, parings, or any thing taken off to cleanse another thing.

**Alimpiár**, v. a. to cleanse; from *limpio*, clean.

**Alindar**, v. n. to limit, set bounds, or confine; also to make fine or curious.

**Alinde**, s. m. the bounds or limits of any place; also a magnifying glass, and the quicksilver behind a looking-glass.

**Alinadór**, s. m. one that sets things in order; that dresses or fits.

**Alinâr**, v. a. to dress, to adorn, to set in order, to make fit.

**Alifño**, s. m. neatness, dressing.

**Alifnoso**, adj. belonging to finery, dress, or ornament.

**Alifox**, s. m. obs. marble.

**Alípte**, s. m. the servant who anointed, cleaned and perfumed people in the bagnio.

**Aliquidár**, v. a. to perform or transact any thing diligently or expeditiously.

**Alirón**, s. m. a large wing.

**Alisadúra**, s. f. smoothing, plaining, and sliding.

**Alisár**, v. a. to smooth, to make plain, and to slide.

**Alisima**, s. f. a sort of plantain.

**Aliso**, s. m. a sort of willow.

**Alisongeadór**, s. m. a sycophant, a flatterer.

**Alissa**, s. f. vid. *Aliso*.

**Alistar**, v. a. to enroll, to list; from *lista*, a roll or list; also

to be ready, to be prepared; to write down a memorandum.

—*Alistarse*, v. r. to be enrolled, to be enlisted.

**Aliteración**, s. f. a figure in rhetoric signifying an allusion to any thing by playing upon the word.

**Aliviadór**, s. m. one that eases another.

**Alivianâr**, v. a. to make light or slight, or giddy-headed.

**Aliviár**, v. a. to ease.

**Alivio**, s. m. ease.—*Alivio de luto*, second mourning.

**Alixarés**, s. m. pl. public walks or places for the people to divert themselves without the town.



- Alizáze, } s. m. a foundation.  
 Alizáque, }
- Alizár, s. m. a row of Dutch tiles in a wall; also the tile itself.—*Alizár*, s. m. a dial post fixed against a wall, wherein were several dials wrought with chequer-work.
- Aljába, s. f. a quiver.
- Aljabíbe, s. m. a person who sells cloaths ready made.
- Aljafería, s. f. the palace of the kings at Zaragoza.
- Aljáma, s. f. an assembly, a congregation; also a particular place where Jews and Moors lived among the Christians.
- Aljamía, s. f. a strange barbarous language invented by the Moors to make themselves understood by the Spaniards.
- Aljamiádo, adj. belonging to that language.
- Aljárfá, ò Aljárfé, s. f. a sort of net used by the Moors in fishing.
- Aljaráz, s. m. a small bell.
- Aljemfáso, s. m. a pedlar.
- Aljofáina, s. f. a bason.
- Aljofár, s. m. seed pearl.
- Aljofarár, v. a. to embroider, or adorn with seed pearl.
- Aljofifa, s. f. a coarse cloth.
- Aljofifár, v. a. to dry or rub with a coarse cloth.
- Aljofizár, s. m. a place laid with fine tile, or the tile itself.
- Aljóngé, s. m. the juice of a thistle bird-lime is made of.
- Aljóngéra, s. f. a sow-thistle.
- Aljóngéro, adj. the appellative of that plant or thistle out of which that badlime is made called *aljonge*.
- Aljúba, s. f. a Moorish garment like a short vest, after the eastern fashion.
- Aljúfána, } s. f. a deep bason  
 Aljúfáina, } without brims.
- Alkáli, s. m. a sort of plant called saltwort, or kali.
- Alkanquégi, } s. m. alkekengi,  
 Alkaquéngi, } a medicinal fruit  
 Alkakéngi, } or berry produced by a plant of the same name called winter-cherry.
- A'lla, adv. thither; as *voy allá*, I go thither.—*Allá*, there; as *alla está*, he is there.
- Alládo, adv. by the side, two records.
- Allanadór, s. m. one that plains, levels, or makes easy.
- Allanadúra, s. f. plaining, levelling, making easy.
- Allanár, v. a. to make plain, to level, to make easy; to quell difficulties, to quell rebels.—*Allanarse*, v. r. to be mitigated or appeased, to be submissive to any law.
- Allegadizo, adj. that is, or that may be brought together.
- Allegadór, s. m. one that gathers or heaps.—*Allegadór de ceniza, y durrnádor, de harina*, one that gathers ashes and scatters flour; that is, one that saves at the spigot, and lets it run out at the bung.
- Allegáños, s. m. pl hangers on; also friends.
- Allegadúra, s. f. } a gather-  
 Allegamiento, s. m. } ing, or heaping.
- Allegánza, s. f. kindred.
- Allegár, v. a. to gather, to heap, to draw near, to take a party.—Prov. *Allegate a los buenos, y serás uno dellos*, join with good men, and you will be one of them; that is, keep good company, and you'll learn their good customs, and be a good man, or at least you will not fail to be thought one; the contrary to evil communication corrupts good manners.
- Allenár, v. a. to fill.
- Allénde, adv. beyond, furthermore, or over and above, on the other side.—*Allénde y aquénde*, on this side, and the other.
- Alli, adv. there, in that place.
- Allico, s. f. a certain herb that comes up with the flax.
- Allomár, v. a. obs. to curse.
- Allóza, s. f. a green almond.
- Allozár, s. m. a grove of almond-trees.
- Allózo, s. m. the almond-tree.
- Alluvió, s. f. a great sudden inundation that carries all before it.
- A'lma, s. f. the soul; vivacity.—*Alma de cañon*, the bore, or chamber of a cannon.—*Alma de cántaro*, a silly fellow.—*Mi alma*, my dear soul.—*Alma en pena*, a melancholy, dull soul. *En mi alma*, upon my soul (an asseveration).—*Cuerpo sin alma*, a heavy lumpish person.—*El alma de la ley*, the reason or ground of the law.—*Frío el alma tras una cosa*, to covet a thing passionately, as if one's soul yearned after it.—*Pesame en el alma*, I am sorry at my heart.—*Tocar en el alma*, to touch to the quick.—*Mil almas*, a thousand souls, or men. *No háy un alma*, there is not one soul, there is nobody.—*No tener alma*, to have no soul, that is, no conscience.—*Dar alma a una cosa*, to make a thing lively.—*Dár el alma a Dios*, to give one's soul to God; that is, to die.—*Dár el alma al diablo*, to give one's soul to the devil, to stick at wickedness, or to curse one's self.—*Dar el alma a un amigo*, to give one's soul to a friend, to expose or hazard one's life for him.—*Amigo del alma*, a dear friend.—*En alma me dá que es así*, my soul, that is, my mind, gives me it is so.—Prov. *Por vuestra alma váyan esos paternostres*, let those paternosters, or prayers, be for your own soul; they say to one that mutters or curses.—Prov. *Su alma en su palma*, you have your liberty, do as you will; as you brew even so bake; as the Spaniards also said, *Allá se lo háya*.—Prov. *Un alma sola, ni canta, ni llora*, one soul alone neither sings nor weeps; that is, one person alone makes no harmony, wants society, and help.—Prov. *Es como el alma de Garibay, que no guiso Dios ni el diablo*, he is like the soul of Garibay, which neither God nor the devil would have.
- Almacaeóro, s. m. a fisherman who goes to fish in a boat called *almacébes*, a skiff or smack.
- Almacén, s. m. vid. Almazen.
- Almaceria, s. f. a dry wall of stones or bricks without mortar; also any wall or fence about a ground.
- Almaciza, s. f. gum-mastich.
- Almacigas, s. f. the beds in gardens where seeds are planted.—*Almacigas*, great pots, or boxes, or little beds, in which gardeners bring up plants from the seed to transplant.
- Almacigár, v. a. to stick, or mix with gum-mastich.
- Almacigo, s. m. seeds fit for transplanting.
- Almadána, s. f. a mattock, or spade, or a hoe.
- Almadén, s. m. a mine, or vein of metal.
- Almadéna, s. f. a great iron

sledge, to break stones, or work in a forge, or the like.

**Almadia**, *s. f.* a low-built vessel used in the Indies; also a float of several pieces of wood joined together.

**Almadrába**, *s. f.* the fishing of tunny.

**Almadríque**, *s. m.* a coarse quilt, flock, or straw beds for servants to lie down in their cloaths, when they must be ready at call.

**Almadrávas**, *s. f. pl.* places on the south coast of Spain, into which the fishermen drive their tunny fish; at these places abundance of the archest rogues in Spain are bred, and learn all sorts of wickedness of one another, so that they are fit for any sort of villany.

**Almadrávero**, *s. m.* is not only a fisherman of those places, but any vile fellow that has the education of them.

**Almadreñas**, *s. f.* wooden shoes.

**Almagazén**, *s. m.* vid. *Almazén*.

**Almagésto**, *s. m.* the title of one of Ptolemy's books, which treats of astrology in general.

**Almágra**, *s. f.* vid. *Almagre*.

**Almagrador**, *s. m.* one that marks or colours red.

**Almagrar**, *v. a.* to mark or colour with red ochre.

**Almagre**, *s. m.* red ochre, or red lead.

**Almaíal**, *s. m.* an herb, the ashes whereof are used with sand, for making of glass, and called glass-wort, or salt-wort, of which *sal alkali* is made.

**Almaizal**, *Almayzal*, *s. m.* a sort of veil or head attire used by the Moorish women, made of thin silk, striped of several colours, and shagged at the ends, which hangs down on the back; also a hair cloth, such as they rub horses with.

**Almaizalado**, } *adj.* covered  
**Almayzalado**, } with, or made like such a veil.

**Almaizár**, *s. m.* vid. *Admaizal*.

**Almaláfa**, the same sort of veil as the *almaizal*, only that is of silk, and this of linen; it is also a Moorish sort of upper garment, or vest.

**Almanách**, *s. m.* an almanack, a calendar.

**Almanaque**, *idem.*

**Almanaquero**, *s. m.* a vender or maker of almanacks.

**Almandaríbe**, *obs. s. m.* a harbour or road for ships.

**Almánta**, *vid.* *Almaciga*.

**Almaráda**, *s. f.* a dagger or poniard with three edges.

**Almaráx**, *s. m.* *obs.* a bridge.

**Almarcha**, *s. f.* a village situated in a bottom.

**Almariáles**, *s. m. pl.* low lands, which receive all the rain which runs down from the hills.

**Almariète**, *s. m.* *obs.* a little cupboard.

**Almário**, *s. m.* *obs.* a cupboard.

**Almarjal**, *s. m.* the place where the herb grows that glass is made of.

**Almárjo**, *s. m.* the herb that glass is made of.

**Almáro**, *s. m.* an herb like marjorum; the herb mastich.

**Almarráxa**, *s. f.* a glass bottle full of small holes to sprinkle water with.

**Almarréga**, *s. f.* a kind of blanket, a cloth to cover horses.

**Almartága**, a head-stall for a horse, or a rein to hold or lead him by when the rider alights; also the scum of lead or litharge; and a sort of medicinal herb.

**Almartáxa**, *s. f.* the scum, foam, or froth of silver.

**Almartéga**, } *vid.* *Almartaga*.

**Almartéga**, } *vid.* *Almartaga*.

**Almarzén**, *s. m.* vid. *Almazén*.

**Almastéch**, *s. m.* vid. *Almastiga*.

**Almastiga**, *s. f.* gum-mastich.

**Almatica**, *s. f.* vid. *Dalmatica*.

**Almatréro**, *s. m.* the person who fishes for shads.

**Almáxia**, a Moorish garment.

**Almayzál**, *vid.* *Almaizal*.

**Almayzór**, *vid.* *Almaizor*.

**Almazára**, *s. f.* an oil-mill.

**Almazén**, *s. m.* a storehouse, a warehouse, a magazine, an arsenal, or armoury.—*Almazén de aguadúcho*, the conduit-head which serves the aqueduct with water.

**Almazénár**, *v. a.* to lay up in a warehouse.

**Almaziga**, *vid.* *Almaciga*.

**Alméa**, *s. f.* red storax; also daffodil flowers.—*Amardehéno*, a hay-loft.

**Almeár**, *s. m.* an hay-rick.

**Alméja**, *s. f.* the shell-fish called a muscle.

**Almejéro**, *s. m.* one that gathers or sells muscles.

**Almélle**, *s. f.* *vid.* *Almendra*.

**Alména**, *s. f.* a battlement or turret of a wall.

**Alménado**, *adj.* made with battlements or turrets.

**Alménara**, *s. f.* a beacon.—*Alménara de azofár*, a brass candlestick with several sockets, or a brass lamp to hold several sconces, such as we call a branch.

**Almenára**, *s. f.* a piece of iron in which the poor among the Spaniards fix the *tea*, or heart of a pine-tree, which, split in pieces, burns like a torch, and is used as such.

**Almëndola**, *s. f.* *vid.* *Almendra*.

**Almëndolón**, } *s. m.* *vid.* *Almi-*  
**Almëndón**, } *dón.*

**Almendra**, *s. f.* an almond.

**Almendra de los andes**, *vide* *Cocos*.

**Almëndras de cochapoyas**, a delicious and wholesome fruit in the Indies.

**Almëndrada**, *s. f.* milk of sweet almonds, with the substance of melon and pompon seeds pressed into it, and then boiled till it grows to a consistence.

**Almëndral**, *s. m.* an orchard of almond-trees.

**Almëndrera**, *s. f.* the almond-tree.

**Almëndrica**, *s. f.* a little almond.

**Almëndro**, *s. m.* an almond-tree.—*Prov. Al almëndro y al villano, el palo en el mano*, to deal with the almond-tree, and with a clown, you must have a stick in your hand; that is, they both require thrashing.

**Almëndrón**, *s. m.* a great almond.

**Almëndrónes**, *s. m. pl.* candied almonds.

**Almëndrúco**, *s. m.* a green almond.

**Almenilla**, *s. f.* a little battlement of a wall.

**Alménos**, *adv.* at least.

**Almenorète**, *adv.* at the very least.

**Almíron**, *vid.* *Almiron*.

**Alméte**, *s. m.* a helinet.

**Almetóli**, *s. m.* *obs.* a tin oil-pot.

**Almexia**, *s. f.* a sort of silk used anciently by ladies.

**Alméz**, y **Alméro**, *s. m.* the lote, or nettle-tree.

**Almés**, *adv.* monthly.

**Alméza**, *vid.* *Almeja*.



- Almezina, s. f. the lote tree, and its fruit.
- Almézo, s. m. the fruit of the lote-tree.
- Almiár, s. m. a hay-rick; also a stone, or heap of earth rising, and ending in a point for a boundary or landmark.
- Almibár, s. m. sugar melted and boiled to make sweet-meats with.—*Almibarado*, da, adj. metaph. an agreeable person, who is pleasant in his conversation and manners.
- Almibarár, v. a. to sweeten.—*Alpibares*, p. m. sweet meats, or sweet fruits.
- Almidón, s. m. starch.—*Almidonado*, adj. metaph. one who dresses neat and formal.
- Almidonadora, s. f. a starcher.
- Almidonar, v. a. to starch.
- Almifór, s. m. an horse, so called in cant.
- Almifora, s. f. in cant, signifies a mule.
- Almiforero, s. m. in cant, a horse or mule stealer.
- Almilla, s. f. a waistcoat; also the bridge of a fiddle, and a long slip of flesh they cut out of swine from head to tail, counted excellent meat; also a little soul.
- Almíma, s. f. obs. a tower or turret.
- Almiranta, s. f. the admiral ship of a fleet.
- Almirantazgo, s. m. the office of an admiral.—*Almirantazgo*, the court of admiralty, or the office of an admiral.
- Almirante, s. m. an admiral.—*Almirante de Castilla*, the admiral of Castile.
- Almiréz, s. m. a mortar of metal.
- Almirón, s. m. white endive.
- Almisclero, adj. belonging to musk.
- Almisór, s. m. f. a horse or mare, called so in cant.
- Almisórero, } s. m. a horse or  
Almisórero, } mare stealer.
- Almisque, vid. Almizela.
- Almisquera, s. f. a box, or place to keep musk.
- Almixár, s. m. the place where figs are dried to keep.
- Almizeládo, adj. perfumed with musk.
- Almizcle, s. m. musk.
- Almizclero, s. m. a sort of mouse that breeds in the water, whose skin smells of musk.
- Al'mo, adj. kind, nourishing.
- Almocadén, s. m. a captain of foot.
- Almocáfre, s. m. a dibble to set herbs with.
- Almocáti, s. m. the marrow of the bone, and the substance of the brains.
- Almocéla, s. f. a hood of a particular form, so-called.
- Almoorébe, } s. m. a carrier, a  
Almoorébe, } mule-driver.
- Almodón, s. m. flour, fine meal, or corn.
- Almodróte, s. m. a sort of sauce made of garlick, cheese, and other ingredients, to dress the fruits called in Spain, *berenjenas*.
- Almofar, s. m. some covering for the head, whether cap, hood, or veil.
- Almofariz, s. m. vid. Almirez.
- Almoféz, vid. Almofres.
- Almofía, s. f. a bason.
- Almofrész, s. m. or Almofrex, a bag made like a pillow, properly a case to carry a travelling bed in.
- Almogáma, s. f. the narrow parts of a ship towards head and stern, distant about half way from the widest in the hold, and sharpening away, that the water may run the faster to the rudder.
- Almogávares, } s. m. pl. old ex-  
Almogávares, } perienched soldiers, that were formerly kept in garrison; also a party of horse sent out to reconnoitre the enemy.
- Almogôte, s. m. a battalion of soldiers in battle array.
- Almoháda, s. f. a pillow, or a cushion; also the stones at the corner of a building which jut out beyond the rest of the wall.—*Consultar con la almoháda*, to consult one's pillow, to sleep upon a business.
- Almohadilla, s. f. a little pillow or cushion; a cushion women in Spain used to work on; also swellings on the mules sides under the saddle.
- Almohátre, s. m. mercury sublimate.
- Almoháza, s. f. a curry-comb.
- Almohazár, v. a. to curry horses.
- Almohino, adj. fretful.
- Almojama, s. f. the flesh or the tunny fish dried.
- Almojara, s. f. a sort of earthen pitcher with a great belly, and four or more handles.
- Almojater, s. m. sal ammoniac.
- Almojavána, s. f. a sort of cheese-cake.
- Almóna, s. f. the place where soap is made.
- Almondiga, vid. Albondiga.
- Almoneda, s. f. a public sale, an auction.—Prov. *En el almoneda, ten la barba queda*, at a sale keep your beard on your chin still; that is, let not your beard wag too fast in bidding, lest you overbid and repent.
- Almonedear, v. a. to have to do in sales.
- Almoradux, s. m. the herb sweet marjorau.
- Almorafes, s. m. pl. armour for the thighs.
- Almorranádo, adj. one that has the piles.
- Almorranas, s. f. pl. the piles or hemorrhoids.—*Almorranas con sangre*, the bloody piles, or hemorrhoids.—*Almorranas sin sangre*, the dry piles.—*Almorranas con resquebrajadura*, the fistula in ano.
- Almorranédo, adj. one that has the piles.
- Almórtas, s. f. pl. a kind of pease which are square.
- Almorreña, s. f. a particular manner of making floors with blue bricks.
- Almorzáda, s. f. what may be contained in both hands.
- Almorzár, v. a. to breakfast.
- Almósna, s. f. vide Limosna.
- Almósta, s. f. as much as a man can grasp with both hands.
- Almotacén, s. m. a clerk of the market; also an officer to see that the streets are kept clean.
- Almotacenázgo, s. m. the office of the clerk of the market, or of the officer that is to see the streets kept clean.
- Almotacenia, s. f. idem.
- Almotaléfe, s. m. an officer where there are silk works, to view them, and put seals to the silks before they are sold.
- Almoxarifazgo, s. m. custom or duty upon commodities, and the office of a customer.
- Almoxarife, s. m. a receiver of customs for commodities imported or exported; formerly the treasures were so called,

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# ALQ

as may be seen in ancient histories.

Almozáda, s. f. vid. Almosta.

Almúcio, s. m. a certain ornament of furs, worn by canons of churches.

Almúd, s. m. a measure of half a bushel.

Almudáda, s. f. as much land as half a bushel of wheat will sow.

Almudéjo, s. m. vide Almud.

Almudéna, s. f. a public storehouse for corn, a grange.

Almudero, s. m. the officer who inspects the dry measures.

Almúdi, s. m. the corn-market; so called, from the measure *almúd*.

Almuedáno, s. m. obs. a cryer.

Almuerza, s. f. as much corn, oats, or other such things as may be contained in both hands when opened and joined.

Almuézo, s. m. a breakfast.

Almuéza, s. f. vide Almuérza.

Almúna, } s. f. vide Almude-  
Almunia, } na.

Almúrca, s. f. the lees or dregs of oil.

Almutazáf, s. m. an officer that has the care of inspecting measures.

Al'na, s. f. an ell.

Alnadillo, s. m. diminut. of *almúdo*.

Alnádo, s. m. a son-in-law; that is, a man's wife's son by another husband, or the husband's by another wife.

Alnáfe, s. m. a close furnace to put fire in, and a pot over.

Al'no, s. m. an elder-tree.

Al'lo, s. m. the herb called comfrey, or camfrey.

Al'adado, adj. that has been bit by wolves.

Alobádo, adj. vide Lobado.

Alobugádo, adj. wolf-like, especially in the colour.

Alócádo, adj. freakish, mad-dish.

Alodiáles, adj. s. m. pl. an epithet to *biens*; allodial, not feudal.

Alóe, s. m. vide Acibar.

Alogadór, s. m. obs. one that lets out houses or lands to hire.

Alogamiénto, s. m. the letting of a house, or setting to hire.

Alogár, v. a. obs. to let out to hire, or to hire.

Aloguér, } s. m. the rent for  
Aloguéro, } lodging or house-  
room, house rent, or any  
rent.

Alojadór, s. m. one that lodges, a harbinger, a quarter-master.

Alojamiénto, s. m. lodgings, quarters.

Alojár, v. a. to lodge, to quarter.—*Alojarse*, v. r. to be lodged, or to be quartered.

A lo más, adv. at most.

A lo ménos, adv. at least.

Alón, s. m. wing.

Alóndra, s. f. a lark.

Alongamiénto, s. m. prolonging, protracting, or stretching out.

Alongár, v. to prolong, to protract, to stretch out.

Alonjoli, vid. Ajongoli.

Al'opécia, s. f. scurf, scab.

Alopádo, adj. drowsy, sleepy, or mixed with opium, whence the word.

Alóque, s. m. a pale wine between white and red.

Alósa, s. m. the fish called a shad.

Alotónes, s. m. pl. the fruit of the lote-tree.

Alóxa, s. f. metheglin, or mead.

Aloxería, s. f. the house where metheglin or mead is sold.

Aloxéro, s. m. the person who sells or makes metheglin or mead.

Alózna, s. f. obs. wormwood.—*Alózna marina*, wormseed.

Alparcería, s. f. partnership.

Alparcéro, s. m. a partner.

Alpargáta, s. f. vide Alpargate.

Alpargatádo, adj. one shod with buskins, made of packthread or rushes.

Alpargatár, v. a. to make shoes of packthread, or rushes.

Alpargatázo, s. m. a stroke with an *alpargate*.

Alpargáta, s. m. a sort of shoe or buskin made of packthread, and sometimes of rushes.

Alpargatéro, s. m. one that makes or sells *alpargates*.

Alpartáz, s. m. a coat of mail.

Alpechín, s. m. the dregs or lees of oil.

Alpéstre, adj. alpine, rough, stony.

Alpéz, s. m. (the same as *alopecia*) scurf, scab.

Al'pha, s. f. the first letter in the Greek alphabet.

Alphabético, adj. alphabetical, in order of the alphabet.

Alphabêto, s. m. the alphabet.

Alphón, s. m. vide Albarazo.

Alp'cóz, s. m. cucumber.

Al pie, adv. at the foot.—*Al pie de la letra*, exactly, to a tittle.

Alpino, adj. of, or belonging to the Alps.

Alpiste, s. m. an herb called foxtail; also Canary seed, such as birds eat.

Alpistêla, } s. f. a cake made

Alpistêra, } with flour, eggs, and sugar.

Alpivre, s. f. an herb called bishop's wort.

Al presente, adv. at present.

Al principio, adv. at first, in the beginning.

Alquaquéngi, s. m. a cockle.

Alquemista, s. m. vide Alquimista.

Alquería, s. f. a farmer's house.

Alquérme, s. m. the grains of the scarlet oat, also the composition made of them with sugar, powder of roses, coral, pearl, and other cordial ingredients.

Alquérque, s. m. the game of draughts.

Alquetifa, } s. f. vide Alca-

Alquetiza, } tifa.

Alquéz, s. m. a large measure containing about eighty gallons.

Alquibla, s. f. the southern climate, coast, part, or quarter of the world.

Alquicel, s. m. a Moorish mantle, or covering.

Alquiladizo, adj. that may be hired.

Alquiladór, s. m. one that hires, or lets out to hire.

Alquilamiento, s. m. letting out to hire.

Alquilar, v. a. to hire, or let out to hire.

Alquile, } s. m. hire.

Alquiler, }

Alquilon, adj. any thing proper or capable to be hired.

Alquimia, s. f. alchemy, or the art of chemistry.—*Prov. Alquimia probada, tener renta y no gastar nada*, it is a tried alchemy to have an estate, and to spend nothing.

Alquimila, s. f. the herb ladies-mantle.

Alquimista, s. m. a chemist.—*Prov. Alquimista cortero del*



*hierro pensó hacer oro, y del oro hierro*, a never-failing chemist, he thought to turn iron into gold, and turned the gold into iron; a jeer upon all chemists.

Alquinál, s. m. a sort of Moorish handkerchief.

Alquitara, s. f. a limbeck.

Alquitran, s. f. gum tragacanth. Alquitran, s. m. naphtha, a liquid substance flowing out of the earth, in some places like melted pitch; in some places they use it about ships, instead of pitch and tar.

Alquitranar, v. a. to daub with alquitran.—*Es un alquitran*, he is a passionate, hasty man.

Aquitrave, s. m. vid. Architrave.

Alquicál, s. m. vide Alquicel.

Al rededór, adv. round about.

Al reir del alva, at the dawn of the day.

Al revés, adv. the wrong day.

Al romper el alva, vid. Al reir del alva.

Alsine, s. f. the herb chickweed.

Alta, s. f. in cant, is a tower, or a window.—*Alta*, s. f. an old Spanish dance.

Atabáque, s. m. a great basket, a hamper, or pannier.

Altamár, s. m. the main ocean.

Altamente, adv. wonderfully, prodigiously.

Altamerón, s. m. in cant, is a thief that gets in at the tops of houses to rob.

Altamia, s. f. an earthen porringer.

Altamisa, vid. Artemisa.

Altana, s. f. in cant, a church.

Altanado, adj. in cant, married.

Altanería, s. f. the sport of hawking; also pride, vanity, insolence, impudence.

Altanéro, s. m. and adj. a hawk, or any bird that soars high; thence, any conceited, or high-flying person.

Altánto, adv. vide Tanto.

Altáque, s. m. a wicker basket.

Altár, s. m. an altar.

Altarero, s. m. the person who takes care to adorn the altar.

Altarico, s. m. diminutive of *alta*.

Alterable, adj. alterable, changeable, mutable.

Alteración, s. f. alteration, change; also passion, or anger.

Alteradór, s. m. one that often alters, or changes.

Alterár, v. a. to alter, to change, to provoke to anger.—*Alterár la gente*, to stir up the people, to commit any disorder.—

*Alterarse*, v. r. to be changed, to be provoked.

Altercación, s. f. contention, wrangle, dispute.

Altercadór, s. m. a wrangling fellow.

Altercár, v. a. to wrangle, to dispute, to contend, to debate.

Alternación, s. f. acting alternately, or by turns.

Alternadamente, adv. alternately, by turns.

Alternadór, s. m. one that does things by turns.

Alternár, v. a. to act alternately, or by turns.

Alternativa, s. f. a change, an alternative, choice, option.

Alternativamente, adv. alternately, successively.

Alternativo, adj. alternate, reciprocal.

Alterno, adj. done by turns.

Altéza, s. f. highness, loftiness.

Altibáxo, s. m. a downright stroke.

Altibáxos, s. m. pl. uneven places, up and down hill; the uneven carriage of a man.

Altalóquo, adj. eloquent.

Altosonante, adj. sonorous, sounding, noisy.

Altisímo, adj. highest, supreme.

Altitud, s. f. loftiness, altitude, highness.

Altivamente, adv. loftily, proudly.

Altivecer, v. n. to grow proud.

Altivedad, } s. f. pride, haughti-  
Altivéz, } ness.

Altivo, adj. proud, or lofty.

Alto, adj. high, lofty, tall, profound.—*Hacer alto*, to halt in a march.—*Pasosele por alto*, he took no notice of it.—

*Alto de aí*, be gone.—*Casa de tres altos*, a house three stories high.—*Brocado de tres altos*, the richest brocade.—*Alta mar*, the deep sea, far out at sea.—*El alto de veloz*, a flight, scampering; it is a cant word, but whence derived I do not find.

Altobórdo, s. m. a ship of the largest size, a first rate.

Altór, s. m. vide Altura.

Altozanillo, s. m. diminutive of

Altozano, s. m. a little hill or mountain.

Altramúz, s. m. a lupin, or kidney-bean.

Al través, adv. a cross.—*Dar al través*, to run aground, to be shipwrecked.

Altura, s. f. height, altitude, and tallness; also the latitude of a place.

Alúbias, s. f. pl. a kind of French bean.

Alucár, v. a. obs. to make shine, to give a lustre.

Alucidad, s. f. obs. lustre.

Alucinado, *da*, p. p. from *Alucinar*, to dim, to darken.

Alucón, s. m. an owl.

Alúda, s. f. an ant that has wings.

Aludir, v. n. to allude.

Alúdo, adj. winged, that has wings.

Aluengár, v. a. obs. to lengthen, to extend.

Alufrár, v. a. to see quick, distinctly, and from afar.

Alugar, v. a. to let out, to give for hire.

Alumbradór, s. m. one that lights.

Alumbrár, v. a. to light, to give light, explain.—*Alumbrár una persona*, is either to light a man, or to inform his judgment.—*Dios te alumbré con bien*, God give you a happy hour, God send you a safe delivery; a prayer for women with child.—*Alumbrar, metaph.* to instruct, to teach any one.

Alumbre, } s. m. alum.

Alumbréa, }  
Alumbrera, s. m. an alum mine.

Aluminoso, adj. mixed with alum.

Alumíxa, s. f. lavender.

Alumno, s. m. a foster-child, one that is bred up under those that are not his parents, or he that breeds such a child.

Alunado, s. m. a lunatick.—*Alunado*, adj. any thing hurt, or damaged by the influence of the moon.—*Alunado*, adj. is applied to a horse who suffers a contraction of his nerves all over his body, or in any part, so that he cannot move.

Alunamiento, s. m. the madness that comes at full moon.

Alunarse, v. r. and n. to become lunatick.

**Aluquéte**, s. m. sometimes taken for a match to light fire with, but generally for a zest, that is, a round, thin bit of orange-peel, which some squeeze into drink, and rub the edges of the glass or cup with.

**Alusión**, s. f. an allusion.

**Alusivamente**, adv. with allusion to, allusively.

**Alusivo**, adj. allusive, alluding.

**Alustrár**, v. a. to give a lustre to a thing, to make it bright and shining.

**Alutación**, s. f. so the miners call the first gold found in the mines, about four feet deep.

**Aluzéma**, vid. *Albuzema*.

**Aluzár**, v. a. to make smooth, plain; bright, or glossy.

**Aluzinár**, v. a. to obfuscate, to dim, to cloud; to darken, as one that acts betwixt light and darkness.—*Aluzinar*, metaph. roughness, without politeness or moderation.—*Aluzinarse*, v. r. to be obfuscated.—*Aluzinacion*, s. f. the act of darkening.

**Alva**, s. f. vid. *Alba*.

**Alvár**, *Alvaro*, *ra*, s. m. n. p. of a man or woman.

**Alvedrio**, s. m. vid. *Albedrio*, and its derivatives.

**Alvéo**, s. m. the channel or bed of a river.

**Arveja**, } s. f. vide *Arveja*.

**Arvejána**, }

**Alvidriar**, v. a. to glaze.

**Alvo**, adj. white.

**Alza**, s. f. a piece of leather placed between the last and upper leather to make the shoes a little wider.

**Alzáda**, s. f. the conclusion of a controversy at law, a court of appeal, an appeal.—*Alzada*, a town built on any elevation above the surface.

**Alzadera**, s. f. a stone a man holds in his hand to leap with; also a pole which rope-dancers use.

**Alzado**, s. m. a curious description of any place or edifice.

**Alzadura**, s. f. the action of raising, or lifting up.

**Alzamiento**, s. m. a revolt, a rebellion.

**Alzapie**, s. m. a gin or snare, used by sportsmen.

**Alzaprima**, s. f. a crane to

draw up weights; also a trick, a trap.—*Dar alzaprima*, to entrap, to ensnare a man.

**Alzaprimar**, v. a. to crane up.

**Alzár**, v. a. to lift, to raise, to take up, also to lay up, or keep.—*Alzár rey*, to proclaim a king by a solemn and legal publication.—*Alzár*, to raise up the host at mass.—*Alzár*, v. n. to stand, to raise up.—*Alzár*, to take away, also to lift up a burden.—*Alzár un dostierro*, to recal a banished person.—*Alzár los naipes*, to cut the cards at play.—*Alzár (en la imprenta)* to put in order the printed leaves, (in printing).—*Alze Dios su ira*, (vulgar phrase) when they are in a great passion.—*Alzár barbecho*, to till, to plough an uncultivated ground.

**Alzár cabeza**, to recover, to restore from sickness or poverty, to lift up one's head.—*Alzár de eras*, to keep up the corn after harvest.—*Alzár de obra*, to interrupt a work.—*Alzár el gallo*, to speak with pride and arrogance.—*Alzár el grito*, to raise the voice.—*Alzár el real*, to decamp.—*Alzár figura*, to cast a figure, (in astrology).—*Alzár hervor*, to begin boiling.—*Alzár la mano*, to threaten, to menace by action.—*Alzár la mano de uno*, to abandon a person or affair, to forsake it.—*Alzár la mesa*, to take away the table.

**Alzár la tienda**, to shut one's shop; also to shift the tent.—*Alzár velas*, to sail.—*Alzarse*, v. r. to rebel.—*Alzarse en el juego*, to give over play, when one is a gainer.—*Alzarse a mayores*, to pretend superiority, among equal persons.

**A'ma**, s. f. a mistress, a governess, a nurse, a house-keeper.

**Amabilidad**, s. f. a sweet, or amiable disposition.

**Amable**, adj. lovely, amiable.

**Amablemente**, adv. lovingly, amiably.

**Amáca**, s. f. a hammock, a hanging bed.

**Amacena**, s. f. a sort of large plum.

**Amachamartillo**, adv. firmly, solidly, resolutely.

**Amadizitos**, s. m. pl. little favourite lap-dogs; also the

nicest sorts of fops or beaux.

**Amador**, s. m. a lover.

**Amadrigarse**, v. r. to take shelter as rabbits do by running into their burroughs; metaph. to fly for refuge or protection to a church, or a great man's house.

**Amadrinar**, v. a. to make horses or mules tame and gentle, which is done at the time of breaking, by tying one that is not broke with one that is, which last serves as a kind of *madrina* or example to the other.

**Amaestradura**, s. f. a contrivance, by which shopkeepers, as mercers, linen-drapers, &c. hinder their buyers from having a good sight of their goods.

**Amaestramiento**, s. m. instructing, teaching, discipline.

**Amaestrar**, v. a. to make perfect in any art or science.

**Amagador**, s. m. one that offers to strike.

**Amagar**, v. a. to make an offer, or lift up the hand, as if one was going to strike.—*Amagar*, v. a. a prelude, to be previous to.—*Amagarse*, v. r. to cringe one's self, to contract or draw one's self in a small compass.

**Amágo**, s. m. prelude, the action by which one offers or threatens to strike.

**Amainar**, v. a. to strike sail, to take in the sails; metaph. to cool, to relent.

**Amaitinar**, v. a. to observe narrowly, to fix one's eye on any thing.

**Amajadar**, v. n. to remain, or to be lodged in the sheep-fold.

**Amalgama**, } s. f. a chemical composition, which silversmiths make use of for gilding.

**Amalgación**, }

**Amamar**, vide *Mamar*.

**Amamantamiento**, s. m. giving suck, suckling.

**Amamantar**, v. a. to suckle, to give suck.

**Amanar**, v. a. to put a thing in readiness, so as it may be at hand.

**Amancebamiento**, s. m. concubinage.

**Amancebado**, s. m. one that keeps a mistress.



**Amanecbarse**, v. r. to live in a state of fornication.

**Amanecillár**, v. a. to stain, defile, pollute.

**Amanecillador**, s. m. one that stains, or defiles.

**Amanderécha**, adv. on the right hand.

**Al amanecer**, adv. of time, at the dawn or break of day.

**Amanecer**, v. n. to grow day.—*Amanecer*, to be, or to arrive in a place at the dawn or break of day.

**Amanarse**, v. r. to be handy or dexterous at any thing.

**Amanós**, s. m. preparation, readiness.

**Amanoquisuérda**, } vide **Mauo**.  
**Amano derécha**, }

**Amanojár**, v. a. to tie or make up in bunches or parcels.

**Amansador**, s. m. a man that tames, pacifies, or quells.

**Amansamiento**, s. m. taming, pacifying, quelling.

**Amansar**, v. a. to tame, pacify, or quell.

**Anante**, s. m. f. a lover.

**Amanteniente**, adv. forcibly, vigorously, irresistibly.

**Anantés**, s. m. a sea term, a great rope used to unburden ships with.

**Amanillár**, v. a. to top the lifts, so the seamen call it; that is, to make the arms of the yards hang higher or lower, as they think fit.

**Amantillos**, s. m. pl. the lifts, so the seamen call certain ropes which belong to the yard-arms, and serve to top them; that is, to make them hang higher, or lower, or even as they please.

**Amanuense**, s. m. an amanuensis, one that writes for another.

**Amanzillador**, s. m. one that moves compassion, or that spots or defiles.

**Amanzillár**, v. a. to move compassion; also to spot, or defile.

**Amapóla**, s. f. a poppy.

**Amapolarse**, v. n. to blush.

**Amár**, v. a. to love.

**Amaracino**, s. m. a sort of unguent.

**Amaráco**, s. m. sweet marjoram, feverfew.

**Amarápto**, s. m. the amarant, or flower-gentle, whereof there are several sorts.

**Amargalejan**, s. f. pl. a sort of

plums that have a harsh taste.

**Amargamente**, adv. bitterly.

**Amargár**, v. n. to taste bitter, to be unpleasant.

**Amargáza**, the herb pellitory of the wall.

**Amárgo**, adj. bitter; any thing that is displeasing.—*Al gusto estragado lo dulce le es amargo*, the sweetest thing is unpleasant to a sick palate.

**Amargón**, s. m. wild endive.

**Amargor**, s. m. bitterness.

**Amargoso**, adj. bitter.

**Amarguillo**, adj. bitterish, a little bitter.

**Amargúra**, s. f. bitterness; metaph. sorrow.

**Amaricádo**, adj. effeminate, woman-like.

**Amarilleár**, v. n. to turn yellow, pale, or wan.

**Amarilléjo**, adj. yellowish.

**Amarilléz**, s. f. yellowness, paleness, wanness.

**Amarillo**, adj. yellow; also pale and wan.

**Amáro**, s. m. the herb St. John's wort; by poetical writers used for bitter.

**Amárra**, s. f. a cable, cord, or rope to make any thing fast.

**Anarradéro**, s. m. the place for anchoring; also the place for mooring ships.

**Amarrár**, v. a. to make fast, to anchor; this word is used by seamen, as ours do the word to *lash*; that is, to tie or make fast.—*Amarrár el navio*, to moor a ship.

**Amarrazón**, s. m. a cable rope.

**Amarrido**, adj. afflicted, grieved, perplexed, sad, melancholy.

**Amartága**, s. f. the litharge of metals.

**Amarteládo**, adj. fallen in love, smitten with beauty.

**Amartelamiento**, s. m. falling in love.

**Amartelár**, v. a. to torment, to put to pain; to harass, to excruciate.

**Amartelarse**, v. r. to fall in love.

**Amartilládo**, *da*, p. p. from *amartillar*.

**Amartillár**, v. a. to hammer; also to cock a gun.

**Amas**, adv. besides, over and above.

**A mas correr**, adv. with

all possible quickness and celerity.

**A mas tardar**, adv. at latest, at most.

**Amasadéra**, s. f. tub, trough to knead dough in; a woman that kneads or makes bread, a baker woman.

**Amasador**, s. f. one that kneads bread, or any such thing.

**Amasadúra**, s. f. kneading of bread.

**Amasar**, v. a. to knead, to make bread.

**Amasijo**, s. m. a vessel to knead, or make bread in; also any quantity of dough.

**Amatár**, v. a. vide **Matar**.

**Amatório**, adj. belonging to love.

**Amathýste**, s. m. a precious stone, called an amethyst.

**Amazona**, s. f. a masculine woman.

**Ambáges**, s. m. pl. a long tedious story to no purpose, a fetch about, impertinencies, intricate passages, turnings and windings.

**Ambár**, **Ambargris**, s. m. ambergris.—*Ambár*, s. is also the yellow amber; of which we have beads, and other curiosities.

**Ambáres**, s. m. pl. the fruit of a large tree in India.

**Ambarino**, adj. belonging to amber.

**A'mbas**, pron. fem. both.

**A'mbia**, s. f. a liquor in Peru, which flows from a spring.

**Ambición**, s. f. ambition.

**Ambicionár**, v. a. to seek for preferment, to sue or court another for a place.

**Ambiciosamente**, adv. ambitiously.

**Ambicioso**, adj. ambitious, proud, vain-glorious.—*Ambicioso*, adj. desirous of honour and promotion.

**Ambidéxtro**, adj. one that uses both hands equally.

**Ambiente**, s. m. the ambient air, that surrounds all the bodies.

**Ambiguamente**, adv. ambiguously, doubtfully.

**Ambiguidád**, s. f. ambiguity, doubt.

**Ambiguo**, adj. ambiguous, doubtful.

**A'mbito**, s. m. the ambit, the compass or circuit of any thing.

**A'mbla**, s. f. the amble of a horse.

Amblador, s. m. an ambler.

Amblár, v. n. to amble, to pace.

Ámbos, pron. adj. both.—

*Ámbos a dos*, both together.

Ambrólla, s. f. a deceitful practice.

Ambrollador, s. m. an intangler, an insnarer.

Ambrollár, v. a. to trouble, perplex, or molest.

Ambrósia, s. f. the meat the poets feigned the gods did eat.—*Ambrósia*, s. f. the herb oak of Jerusalem.

Ambrosiano, adj. belonging to *ambrosia*.

Ambrunésa, s. f. a sort of cherry.

Ambulante, adj. inanimate beings that appear to be animated, inclining to animation.

Ambulár, v. a. to walk, to travel.

Ambulários, s. m. pl. ragged clothes.

Ambulativo, adj. a traveller, having no fixed habitation; vide *Ambular*.

Amebéo, s. m. answering alternately, verses when one answereth another by course, as in some of Virgil's Eclogues.

Ameçér, v. n. to mix.

Amechár, vid. *Mechar*.

Amedrentador, s. m. one that frights or puts others into fear.

Amedrentár, v. a. to put into fear, to make one afraid; from the Latin *metus*.

Amejorar, v. a. to better, to make better.—*Amejorar*, v. n. to grow better.

Amelecinár, v. a. to cure, to give a medicine.

Amelgar, v. a. to make holes in the ground, as is done when an estate is taken possession of, to know the limits.

Amélla, s. f. vid. *Almendra*.

Amellón, s. m. vid. *Almidon*.

Amelo, s. m. the herb starwort, share-wort, or codwort.

Amelonár, v. a. to soften or mollify; also to shape like a melon.

Amén, s. m. amen, so be it.—*Amen*, adv. besides, over and above, except, excepted.—*En un santi amén*, in an instant, in a moment.

Amenaza, s. f. a threat.

Amenazár, v. a. to threaten.—

Prov. *Los amenazados pan comen*, threatened folks eat bread.

Amenguado, p. p. vid. *Menguado*.

Amenguador, s. m. one who lessens.

Amenguamiento, s. m. a diminution or lessening.

Amenguár, vid. *Menguar*.

Amenidad, s. f. pleasantness, clearness of weather.

Améno, adj. pleasant, delightful.

Amentár, v. a. to sling, or throw with a sling; also to tie with ropes.

Aménto, s. m. vid. *Amiento*.

Aménido, adv. often.

Améos, s. m. the herb *ammy*.

Amerár, v. a. to mix water with wine.

Amercedear, v. a. to favour, to regard with kindness.

Amesadores, s. m. pl. obs. the king's guards.

Amesnar, v. a. obs. to be upon guard, or to do monthly duty.

Amesurar, v. a. to measure.

Ametalár, v. a. to mix or cover with metal; also to feign or counterfeit.

Améxa, s. f. obs. a plum or prune.

Amía, s. a kind of fish that keep company in shoals.

Amiáto, s. m. a kind of stone like alum.

Amicia, s. f. obs. friendship.

Anido, adv. unwillingly.

Amidón, s. m. vid. *Almidon*.

Amiento, s. m. a leathern strap wound about a dart, which serves to fling it with the greater force.

Amiesgado, } s. m. a fruit like

Amiezgado, } a strawberry.

Amíga, s. f. a female friend, when meant of a friend to a man; also taken in an ill sense.

Amigable, adj. friendly.

Amigablemente, adv. in a friendly manner.

Amigajas, vid. *Migajas*.

Amigar, v. a. to make or become friends.—*Amigarse*, v. r. to lie together.

Amigo, s. m. a friend, when meant of a woman's friend, taken in an ill sense.—*Amigo*, adj. friendly, kind.

Amigote, s. f. a half friend.

Amiguilla, s. f. a little she-fr end or mistress; diminutive of *amiga*.

Amilanár, v. a. to frighten, to scare.—*Amilanarse*, v. r. to be daunted, or frightened, as birds are when they see the kite.

Amistád, s. f. friendship.—Prov. *Amistád de yérno, sol de invierno*, a son-in-law's friendship is like the winter sun; that is, but just warm, and not lasting.—*Amistád*, s. f. whoredom, fornication, harlotry.

Amistánza, s. f. friendship.

Amistár, v. a. to join in a league of friendship.—*Amistarse*, v. r. to be in conjunction with a harlot.

Amistosamente, adv. friendly. Obs.

Amistoso, adj. friendly, kindly. Obs.

Amíto, s. m. an amice; that is, a square linen cloth the priest ties about his neck hanging down behind, under the alb when he vests to say mass.

Amí, s. m. bishop's weed; a kind of herb.

Amoniáco, s. m. gum ammoniac.

Amnistia, s. f. amnesty, free pardon, forgetfulness of past offences.

A'mo, s. m. master, landlord.—*Amo*, s. m. master, owner.

Amodita, s. f. a kind of serpent.

Amodorrado, adj. sick of a lethargy, seized with a drowsiness.

Amodorrarse, v. n. to fall sick of a lethargy, to be seized with a heaviness.

Amodorrecerse, v. r. idem.

Amodorrado, vid. *Amodorrado*.

Amoharse, v. r. to grow mouldy; or be covered with moss.

Amohatrár, v. a. to take up, or let out at extortion, to pawn.

Amohinar, v. a. to put out of humour, to anger, to fret.

Amojamado, adj. lean, thin, barren; wrinkled with age.

Amojonador, s. m. one who sets bounds or limits.

Amojouár, v. a. to limit or set bounds.

Amolador, s. m. a grinder.

Amoladura, s. f. the dross that comes off iron in grinding.



**Amolár, v. a.** to grind, to whet, to sharpen.

**Amoldador, s. m.** one that casts in a mould.

**Amoldár, v. a.** to cast in a mould, to fit as if things were cast in the same mould.—**Amoldér, to direct** or correct any one's manners or life, to institute one's life according to the rule of reason.

**Amollado, da, p. p.** from *Amollar*.

**Amollante, p. a.** from *Amollar*.

**Amollar, v. a.** obs. to soften, or slacken.

**Amollecér, v. a.** the same as *Ablandar*, to soften.

**Amollecido, du, p. p.** from *Amollecér*.

**Amolientadura, s. f.** obs. softening, slackening.

**Amollentar, v. a.** obs. vid. *Amollar*.

**Amómo, s. m.** a plant of a very hot, astringent, and drying nature.

**Amondongado, adj.** gross, all of a heap, all belly.—*Rostro amondongado*, a plumpy face.

**Amonedár, v. a.** to strike as smiths do, to hammer, to forge, to coin, or stamp money.

**Amonestación, s. f.** warning, admonition; banns bid. in churches before matrimony, then used in the plural *amonestaciones*.

**Amonestador, s. m.** a warner, an admonisher.

**Amonestamento, s. m.** for *amonestación*, but little used.

**Amonestár, v. a.** to warn, to admonish.

**Amónio, s. m.** an herb called ammony.

**Amónár, v. a.** to amount; also to get up into the mountains.—**Amónarse, v. r.** to separate one's self from the society of men.

**Amontón, adv.** by the heap.

**Amontonadamente, adv.** by heaps.

**Amontonador, s. m.** a heaper.

**Amontonamiento, s. m.** a heaping.

**Amontonár, v. a.** to heap.

**Amontones, adv.** by heaps, in great quantities, plentifully, abundantly.

**Amór, s. m.** love.—*Amór*, a sort of small tree.—*Aníres*, commonly taken in the worst

sense for a lewd passion; as also for common courtship, or making love.—*Amor de Dios*, charity.—*Amor Platonico*, Platonic love, a sincere, reasonable, and honest love.—*Amor propio*, self-love, selfishness.—*En buen amor y compañía*, with unanimous consent.—*Por amor de Dios*, for God's sake.—*Por amor de mi, por amor de fukmo*, for my sake, or thy sake.—*Amor de hortelano, s. m.* the plant called burdock.

**Amoradux, s. m.** marjoram, a fragrant plant so called.

**Amoratado, adj.** of a dark or brown colour; blackish.

**Amorlazador, s. m.** a sanderer; an ill tongue.

**Amordazamiento, s. m.** slander, slandering, obloquy, detraction, back-biting.

**Amordazár, v. a.** to slander, to vilify, to detract, to back-bite.

**Amoreár, v. a.** to show to the fire, to warm gently.

**Amóres Secos, s. m.** burdocks.

**Amorgado, adj.** about to die, half dead.

**Amorguár, v. a.** to lay branches in such a manner, as the branch from one vine is brought under the earth to the place designed for another vine to grow.

**Amoricónes, s. m. pl.** clownish, coarse love, as among peasants.

**Amorios, s. m.** a clownish, or jocose word for love.

**Amorisado, after the Moorish fashion.**

**Amormado caballo, vid. Caballo.**

**Amormíos, s. f.** daffodil.

**Amorosamente, adv.** lovingly, kindly.

**Amoroso, adj.** loving, kind.

**Amoría, s. f.** a sport among children, when one holds up fingers, and the other blind-folded is to guess how many were held up.

**Amorrár, v. n.** to be silent.

**Amortajar, v. a.** to put into a shroud for burial.

**Amortecér, v. a.** to swoon, or faint away; to be as it were dead.—**Amortecerse, v. r.** to be in a swoon.

**Amort cimiento, s. m.** swooning or fainting away.

**Amortiguamiento, s. m.** mortifying, or deadening,

**Amortiguár, v. a.** to mortify, to deaden. In painting, to darken colours.

**Amortización, the falling of an estate to mortmain.**

**Amortizár, v. a.** to put an estate into such hands as it cannot be sold or disposed of again, which the English law calls mortmain.

**Amoscador, s. m.** a fan to drive the flies away.

**Amosquearse, v. r.** to be freed from flies by driving them away.

**Amostazár, v. a.** to mix or season with mustard; *metaph.* to vex, fret or put into a passion.—**Amostazarse, v. r.** to be mixed or seasoned with mustard.

**Amostrár, v. a.** to show.

**Amotinador, s. m.** one that raises mutinies.

**Amotinár, v. a.** to raise a mutiny, to stir up to sedition.

**Amover, v. a.** to take away, to remove.

**Amovible, adj.** moveable, or that can be moved.

**Amoxamado, adj.** shrivelled, shrunk up.

**Ampa, s. f.** vid. *Hampa*.

**Ampara, s. f.** sequestration.

**Amparador, s. m.** a protector, a defender.

**Amparamiento, s. m.** the act of protecting.

**Amparánza, s. f.** obs. vid. *Amparo*.

**Amparár, v. a.** to protect, defend, or support.—**Ampararse, v. r.** to be protected, to defend one's self.—**Ampararse, v. r.** to seize, to take possession by force, to lay an embargo upon another's goods.—*Los acreedores se han amparado de todos mis bienes*, the creditors have seized all my property.

**Ampáro, s. m.** protection, defence, support.

**Amphibiedad, s. f.** amphibiousness, the quality of being able to live in two different elements.

**Amphibio, adj.** amphibious, that lives either on the land, or in the water.

**Amphibologia, s. f.** a doubtful sentence that carries a doubtful meaning.

**Amphibologamente, adv.** amphibologically, doubtfully, equivocally.

**Amphibológico**, adj. ambiguous, doubtful.

**Amphisbena**, s. f. a serpent which seems to have a head at both ends, and goes both ways.

**Amphiselos**, s. m. pl. the *amphiscii*, so called from their casting two shadows, the inhabitants of the torrid zone.

**Amphiteatro**, s. m. amphitheatre, a round theatre for the people to sit about and see sports.

**Amphora**, s. f. a Roman measure, but sometimes used by the Spaniards, especially poets, for any great pitcher.

**Ampléxo**, s. an embrace.

**Ampliaménte**, adv. fully, largely.

**Ampliár**, v. a. to enlarge, to make wide.

**Amplificación**, s. f. an enlargement.

**Amplificar**, v. a. to enlarge, make wide, or ample.

**Amplio**, adj. ample, extended, unlimited.

**Amplitud**, s. f. largeness, amplitude.

**Amplio**, adj. ample, large, wide.

**Ampo**, s. m. whiteness of snow. — *Ampo de nieve*, a flake of snow.

**Ampolla**, s. f. a blister in the flesh, a bubble in the water, a glass viol, or bottle with a round belly.

**Ampollarse**, v. r. to rise in blisters.

**Ampollóso**, adj. full of blisters.

**Ampón**, adj. vainly pompous, hollow and vain, though abounding with ornaments; foolishly gay.

**Ampricia**, s. f. a brief the lawyers use to plead by.

**Amputár**, v. a. to cut off.

**Anuchachádo**, adj. boyish, boy-like.

**Amuchiguarse**, v. r. to be increased, augmented.

**Amufar**, v. a. to attack any thing in a roaring bellowing manner.

**Amuocérdo**, adj. imitating a woman in words or actions.

**Amugeriégas**, adv. in the manner that women ride on horse-back.

**Amugronár**, v. a. vid. *Amorgonar*.

**Amulár**, v. a. to mumble as old women do their meat.

**Amulatádo**, adj. like a mulatto;

that is, tawny, like one that is born of a black and a white.

**Amuléto**, s. m. an amulet.

**Amúra**, s. f. the main-tack, which is a great rope in a ship seized into the ckw of the sail, to carry forward the clew of the sail, and to make it stand close by a wind; it is also taken for that part of the ship which is the midway from the broadest part to the head.

**Amurádas**, s. f. pl. the high sides within the ships.

**Amurár**, v. a. to carry the extremities of the sails towards the prow.

**Amúras**, s. f. pl. the ropes which tie the sails.

**Amúrcia**, s. f. the lees or dregs of oil.

**Amúrco**, s. m. the blow given by striking with the horns.

**Amúscó**, adj. ash-coloured.

**Amusgár**, v. a. to make an unlucky motion, as vicious beasts, especially mules, do with their nose and ears, when they are bent upon mischief; also to stretch out the snout to bite; from the Italian *muso*, a snout.

**A'na**, s. f. a measure about three quarters of an English yard; it is also sometimes taken for a fathom.

**Anabatistas**, s. m. pl. anabaptists, the sectaries so called.

**Anácala**, s. f. the baker's maid, who fetches the bread from private houses to the bakehouse, and carries it home again baked.

**Anacáles**, s. m. pl. the boards which the bread is set on before it goes into the oven, and after it is drawn.

**Anácalo**, s. m. a man that carries bread from the bakehouse.

**Anacardina**, s. f. the confection made with the fruit called *anacardo*.

**Anacardo**, s. m. a sort of fruit.

**Anacénosis**, s. f. a figure used in rhetoric, signifying a repetition of any thing.

**Anacephaleósis**, s. f. a recapitulation.

**Anachoréta**, s. m. an anchorite or hermit who leads a solitary life.

**Anachorético**, s. m. diminut. of *anachoréta*.

**Anachronismo**, s. m. a bad calculation in chronology.

**A'nade**, s. m. a duck or drake.

**Anadeár**, v. n. to waddle like a duck.

**Anadina**, or **Anadino**, s. m. a duckling, a small duck.

**Anadiplosis**, s. f. a figure in rhetoric, when the last word of a verse is repeated at the beginning of the next.

**Anádo**, adv. as *passár un río anádo*, to swim over a river.

**Anadón**, s. m. a great duck.

**Anafalla**, s. f. a sort of cotton cloth.

**Anafaya**, s. f. vid. *Anafalla*.

**Anagalide**, s. f. the herb *calceolap* spout.

**Anaglyphos**, s. m. pl. vessels or plates chased, imbossed, or wrought with the hammer, not engraved.

**Anagoge**, or **Anagogia**, s. f. the subtle or lofty interpretation of scripture, or other mysterious book.

**Anagógicaménte**, adv. mysteriously, mystically.

**Anagógico**, adj. sublime, subtle, lofty.

**Anagramma**, s. m. an anagram.

**Anagýris**, s. m. bean-trefoil, an herb fair to look at, but of an ill scent.

**Analémma**, s. m. a term in dialling; a way to find out the course of the sun, and the increase of the shadow.

**Analítico**, adj. belonging to a restorative medicine used in a consumption.

**Análes**, s. m. pl. annals, histories digested in the exact order of time.

**Analista**, s. m. vid. *Annalista*.

**Analogía**, s. f. analogy, proportion, like reason.

**Anagógicaménte**, adv. proportionably, in like reason.

**Analógico**, adj. proportionable, analogick.

**Análogo**, s. m. any thing in proportion to another.

**Analysis**, s. f. a resolution, or unfolding a discourse.

**Analytica**, s. f. the art of resolving, or unfolding a discourse.

**Anánas**, } s. m. pine-apple.

**Ananáso**, }

**Anapélo**, s. m. wolf's-bane, a poisonous herb.

**Anapéstico**, adj. belonging to a foot or measure in verse, having the two first syllables short, and the last long.

**Anapéstó**, s. m. a foot or mea-



sure in a verse, having the two first syllables short; the next long.

**Anaphóra**, s. f. a figure, when in the beginning of every verse or member of a sentence, the same word is repeated.

**Anaphórico**, adj. belonging to *anaphora*.

**Anaquél**, s. m. a sort of cupboard or hollow in a wall, to set glasses or other things; also a shelf.

**Anárca**, } s. m. the author of  
**Anárcha**, } confusion.

**Anarchía**, s. f. anarchy, or confusion; pronounced *anarkia*.

**Anárchico**, adj. belonging to anarchy or confusion.

**Anascóte**, s. m. a sort of stuff, which our merchants call say.

**Anastomosis**, s. f. the orifices of the veins and arteries where they meet, also the bursting of those orifices, and the blood which comes by breaking a vein.

**Anastomótico**, adj. belonging to *anastomosis*.

**Anastróphe**, s. f. an inversion, or setting that word foremost which should follow.

**Anáta**, s. f. a year's revenue of a benefice, paid to the pope by the person promoted to it.

**Anathéma**, s. m. an anathema, a curse, or excommunication.

**Anathematizámién**, s. m. an anathematization, or cursing.

**Anathematizar**, v. a. to anathematize, curse, or excommunicate.

**Anatista**, s. m. an officer that receives a year's revenue of benefices for the pope.

**Anatocismo**, s. m. usury upon usury.

**Anatomía**, s. f. anatomy; also a very lean man.—*Hacer anatomía*, to examine with the greatest care.

**AnatOMICAMENTE**, adv. anatomically.

**Anatómico**, adj. belonging to anatomy.

**Anatómista**, s. m. an anatomist, he that makes an anatomy.

**Anatomizar**, v. a. to anatomize.

**Ancá**, s. f. the hip or buttock of an horse.—*Cabalgár en las ancas*, to ride on the rump, or to ride behind another.—*Caballo que no sufre ancas*, a horse that will not carry double.—*Ración que no sufre ancas*, an

allowance that will not admit of a supernumerary guest.—*Anca de navío*, the quarter of a ship.

**Ancarótes**, s. f. the gum of a tree in Persia.

**Añcha**, s. f. in cant, a town or city.

**Anchamén**, adv. widely, largely, loosely.

**Ancharía**, s. f. vid. *Anchura*.

**Anchéza**, s. f. vid. *Anchura*.

**Anchicórto**, adj. short and wide.

**Añcho**, adj. broad.

**Anchór**, s. m. vid. *Anchura*.

**Añchora**, s. f. (*áncora*) the anchor of a ship.

**Anchóva**, s. f. an anchovy.

**Anchovéta**, s. f. a little anchovy.

**Anchúra**, s. f. breath.—*Vivir ó andar á sus anchuras*, to live in a licentious manner.

**Anchuróso**, adj. very wide or broad; *metaph.* spoken of a person who leads an extravagant life, as if he was wide from the intent and design of living.

**Anchusa**, s. f. a kind of buglos, alchanet, or orchanet.

**Ancianamente**, adv. anciently.

**Ancianía**, s. f. ancientness.

**Ancianidad**, s. f. old age.

**Anciano**, adj. ancient, old.

**Ancila**, s. f. a bond-woman, a servant maid.

**Añcla**, s. f. an anchor.

**Añclado**, p. p. anchored.

**Añclage**, s. m. anchorage.

**Añclar**, v. a. to cast anchor.

**Añclás**, s. f. pl. in cant, signifies the hands.

**Añcón**, s. m. an harbour for ships.

**Añcora**, s. f. an anchor.

**Añcoráge**, s. m. the tribute that ships pay for anchoring.

**Añcorár**, v. a. to anchor.

**Añcorca**, s. f. a pale colour.

**Añcuza**, s. f. a sort of bugloss.

**Andabátas**, s. m. gladiators, who blindfolded themselves before they engaged.

**Andabóba**, s. f. a trick, a fraud used in some games at cards.

**Añdaca**, come hither.

**Andáda**, s. wandering.

**Andádas**, p. the hunters term to trace the marks of rabbits, hares, partridges, &c.—*Andádas, volver á las andádas, metaph.* to relapse again into vice, bad habits or errors.

**Andadéra**, s. f. a woman among the nuns to go of errands.

**Andadéro**, s. m. the man who goes of errands.

**Andádo**, adj. gone, walked over; also a son in-law, the son of a man's wife, or a woman's husband in former wedlock.—*Andádo*, s. m. the common path or highway.

**Andador**, s. m. a walker; also a beadle or such officer that goes about to warn people.

**Andadóres**, s. m. pl. leading-strings, to teach children to walk.

**Andadúra**, s. f. going, walking; gait, or way of going, ambling.—*Caballo de andadura*, a pacing horse.

**Andámio**, s. m. a temporary gallery or stage erected for the spectators at public shews or entertainments; also the timber frames of a building.—*Andámio*, s. m. a sort of shoes, the soles of which are made with cork.

**Andána**, s. f. *navio de andána*, a ship well stowed, and fit for sailing.—*Andána*, s. f. any thing put in good order, as a fine row of houses or windows, or tier of guns.

**Andancia**, s. f. going; also behaviour or conduct of a person; also good luck, or bad luck, chance, fortune.—*Andancia*, s. f. a walking place.

**Andante**, adj. used in romances, as *caballero andante*, a knight errant.

**Andanza**, s. f. a ramble, a jaunt, a tour, a flight, an excursion; the manner of proceeding, behaviour, conduct; fortune, event, luck, run.—*Mala andanza*, ill luck.

**Andár**, s. m. the action of walking.—*Andár*, v. a. to go, to walk.—*Andár en zancos*, to walk upon stilts.—*Andár en carnes*, to go naked.—*Andár en cueros*, idem.—*Andár en cuérpo*, to go without a cloak.—*Andár del cuérpo*, to go to stool.—*Andár a la méno*, to be ready at hand.—*Andár a gatas*, to creep on all fours.—*Andár a orza*, to sail with a side wind.—*Andár a sesgo*, to go sideling.—*Andar, metaph.* joined with some adverbs and adjectives, is to proceed, to go on, to act, according to the signification of the adverbs or adjectives, viz. *andar bien*, 6

*mal*, to go well or ill; *andar prudente*, to be prudent; *andar como hombre de bien, como caballero*, to conduct one's self like a gentleman; it also implies an inanimate thing, which moves, as a ship, the sun, the planets, &c. — *Andarse a las anchuras*, to lead a loose life. — *A mas andar*, to go full speed.

*Andaraya*, s. f. a sort of game like draughts.

*Andariego*, s. f. a gadding gossip. — *Prov. La mula buena, como la vida, gorda y andariego*, a good mule should be like a loose life. — *A mas andar*, to go full speed.

*Andariego*, s. m. a man that is always gadding.

*Andarilla*, s. f. a little sedan, or chair to be carried in.

*Andarin*, s. m. a running footman.

*Andarivel*, s. m. the name of a rope so called on board a ship.

*Andas*, s. f. pl. a ber to carry the dead, or to carry images in procession. — *Ande*, let it go, or let him go. — *Anden mis blancas tocas*, let my white head-cloaths come on again; that is, off with the mourning. — *Ande la loca*, let us be merry.

*Andén*, s. m. a walk, or a gallery, or any place to walk in.

*Andero*, s. m. the poles which chairmen carry their chairs with.

*Andilla*, s. f. a saddle, with a frame standing up about it, for women to ride on; also a little bier, or such like carriage.

*Andira*, s. f. vid. *Angelina*.

*Andito*, s. m. a passage or walk.

*Andolías, y pirigayes*; fooleries and nonsense.

*Andolina*, s. f. a swallow. Obs.

*Andorina*, s. f. obs. a swallow.

*Andorra*, s. f. an ordinary gossiping woman.

*Andorrero*, adj. wandering, rambling.

*Andrajero*, s. m. a ragman.

*Andrajo*, s. m. a rag, a clout.

*Andrajosamente*, adv. nakedly, raggedly.

*Andrajoso*, adj. ragged, tattered.

*Andrina*, s. f. obs. (*endrina*) a kind of plum so called.

*Androméda*, s. f. one of the twenty-two constellations.

*Andromina*, s. f. a false pretence.

*Androna*, s. f. vid. *Endrina*.

*Androgéno*, s. m. an hermaphrodite.

*Androsáces*, s. f. the white herb.

*Anduáres*, s. m. pl. vid. *Aduares*.

*Anduários*, s. m. pl. ragged cloaths; also a long garment.

*Andalencia*, s. f. a walking, rambling.

*Andurriales*, s. m. pl. unfrequented ways and passages.

*Aneáge*, s. m. the act of measuring by ells, or a duty upon every ell of cloth; in arithmetic, the rule for reducing the ells of one country to the measure of another.

*Aneár*, v. a. to measure by ells.

*Aneblár*, v. a. to cover, or overwhelm with darkness.

*Anecáse*, v. r. to make one's self foolish or ignorant.

*Anegadizo*, adj. that is subject to be drowned, flooded, or overflowed.

*Anegadura*, s. f. } a drown-

*Aneamiento*, s. m. } ing, flood-

ing, or overflowing.

*Aneár*, v. a. to drown, flood, or overflow. — *Anearse*, v. r. to be drowned, to be overflowed.

*Anejo*, adj. vid. *Anexo*.

*Anelár*, v. a. vid. *Anhelar*.

*Anemóne*, s. f. the wind-flower.

*Anemoscópio*, s. m. a machine invented to shew the changes of the wind.

*Anexár*, v. a. to annex.

*Anexo*, adj. annexed.

*Anfón*, s. m. laudanum, given to make persons sleep.

*Anfiteatro*, s. m. an amphitheatre, a place with seats round to see sports.

*Anfrácto*, s. m. broken rugged passage.

*Angarillas*, s. f. pl. a hand-barrow, also the frames which men have on their breasts to carry great pitchers, or jars of water on; also any hurdle to draw goods on.

*A'ngara*, s. m. a signal.

*Ángel*, s. m. an angel.

*Ángelica*, s. f. the plant angelica.

*Ángelical*, adj. angelical.

*Ángelicamente*, adv. angel-like.

*Ángélico*, s. m. a little angel. — *Ángélico*, adj. angelical.

*Ángelín*, s. m. a tree so called.

*A'ngelo*, s. m. an angel.

*Ángelote*, s. m. augment. of *ángelo*.

*Ángena*, s. f. squinancy, squincy, or quincy.

*Angéu*, s. m. canvass.

*Angina*, s. m. an inflammation of the throat, quinsy.

*Angostár*, v. a. to make narrow, or strait. — *Angostarse*, v. r. to be made narrow or strait.

*Angosto*, adj. narrow or strait.

*Angostura*, s. f. narrowness, straitness.

*Ángra*, s. f. bay, harbour.

*Anguila*, s. f. an eel.

*Anguilazo*, s. m. a lash with a whip because it winds about like an eel.

*Ángular*, adj. angular, that has many corners, or that belongs to the corner.

*Ángularmente*, adv. angularly.

*Ángulena*, s. f. canvass. — *Hacer ángulenas*, to be very ceremonious: the Spaniards, when they see a person too ceremonious, say *no haga ángulenas*, don't be impertinent.

*Ángulo*, s. m. angle, or geometrical term. — *Ángulo recto*, a right angle. — *Ángulo agudo*, an acute angle. — *Ángulo obtuso*, an obtuse angle. — *Ángulo resallado*, an angle salient, which thrusts out its point from the works in fortification.

*Ánguria*, s. f. a water-melon.

*Angurria*, s. f. strangury, difficulty in making water.

*Ángustia*, s. f. anguish, pain, trouble.

*Ángustiadamente*, adv. anxiously, painfully.

*Ángustiar*, v. a. to trouble, vex, or afflict.

*Ángustioso*, adj. afflicted, troubled, painful.

*Anhelár*, v. n. to breathe with difficulty; also to be eager after any thing, to covet a thing earnestly.

*Anhelito*, s. m. the breath.

*Anhélo*, s. m. desire, ambition.

*Anhóica*, s. f. the herb briony.

*Anidamiento*, s. m. nesting, lodging.

*An'dár*, v. n. to nest, to lodge, to settle.

*Anieblarse*, v. r. to hurt with the fog.

*Anihilar*, v. a. vid. *Aniquilar*.

*Añil*, s. m. indigo.

*Anillo*, s. f. a ring.

*A'nima*, s. f. the soul.

*Animable*, adj. capable of receiving a soul.

*Animación*, s. f. the infusion of the soul into the body.

*Animador*, s. m. who gives the soul, or spirit.



**Animadversión**, s. f. animadversion, or taking notice, or observing.

**Animal**, s. m. an animal, any living creature; commonly taken for a beast, or for a brutish man.—*Animal*, adj. belonging to sensation.

**Animalazo**, s. m. a great beast.

**Animaléjo**, s. m. a little animal.

—*Animales ceñidos*, insects.

**Animalia**, s. f. an animal.

**Animalito**, a little animal.

**Animalón**, } s. m. augm. of  
**Animalote**, } *animal*, diminutive.

**Animante**, s. m. one who lives, or gives life.

**Animar**, v. a. to encourage, or give life.—*Animarse*, v. r. to pluck up courage.

**Ánime**, s. f. the gum called gum anime.

**Animero**, s. m. the person who begs or collects the alms to relieve souls from purgatory.

**Ánimo**, s. m. the mind; also courage.

**Animosamente**, adv. courageously, boldly.

**Animosidad**, s. f. courage, boldness.

**Animoso**, ad. stout, valiant, bold, daring, courageous.

**Aniñadamente**, adv. childishly.

**Aniñado**, adv. childish.

**Aniñarse**, v. a. to grow childish.

**Aniquilación**, s. f. annihilation, entire dissolution of any thing.

**Aniquilar**, v. a. to annihilate, to reduce to nothing.—*Aniquilarse*, v. r. to be annihilated, to be entirely dissolved, or reduced to nothing.

**Anís**, s. m. aniseed.

**Anisillo**, s. m. diminut. of *anis*.

**Aniversario**, s. m. anniversary.

**Annal**, adj. vid. *Annual*.

**Annales**, s. m. pl. annals, histories of any thing.

**Annualista**, s. m. one who composes annals.

**Annata**, s. f. the annual product or revenue of an ecclesiastical benefice.

**Annexar**, v. a. to join, to knit together, to annex.

**Annexidad**, s. f. a conjunction, a knitting together.

**Annexión**, s. f. an union, or conjunction.

**Annexo**, adj. joined, or knit together.—*Annexo*, s. m. a small living that is annexed to a great one.

**Ánniga**, s. f. a yearly payment.

**Aniversario**, s. m. anniversary.

**Año**, s. m. vid. *Año*.

**Añojo**, s. m. vid. *Añojo*.

**Anominación**, s. f. an allusion to the name of any thing.

**Anotación**, s. f. annotation.

**Anotador**, s. m. one who makes annotations.

**Anotar**, v. a. to remark, observe.

**Annual**, adj. belonging to a year.

**Annualmente**, adv. annually, yearly, every year.

**Añojo**, adj. vid. *Annual*.

**Año**, s. m. (*pés de la cirugía*) the anus.

**Anóche**, adv. last night.

**Anochecer**, v. n. to grow night; also to be at night in a place.—*Anocheció y no ananeció*, he was here at night, and gone in the morning; said of a tradesman that breaks, or other person that runs away privately.—*Al anochecer*, at the dusk of the evening, or the night fall.

—*Anochecerse*, v. r. to become dark; also to hide one's self.

**Anodino**, adj. anodyne, that which has the power of mitigating pain.

**Anomalía**, s. f. irregularity, deviation from rule; anomaly, anomalism.

**Anomalismo**, s. m. the same as *Anomalía*.

**Anómalo**, adj. irregular.

**Anón**, s. m. an Indian tree.

**Anóna**, s. f. an Indian fruit.

**Anonadación**, s. f. the contempt of one's self.

**Anonadarse**, v. r. to diminish, to decrease, lessen.—*Anonadarse*, v. r. to be diminished, lessened, decreased, humbled.

**Anónimo**, adj. anonymous, without a name. *Greek*.

**Anóna**, s. f. the herb sweet briony.

**Anoria**, s. f. a wheel at a well with buckets to draw up water.

**Anatomía**, s. f. vid. *Anatomia*.

**Aunque**, or **Aunque**, adv. notwithstanding, nevertheless.

**Anquilla**, s. f. a little hip, or buttock; diminut. of *anca*.

**Ansár**, s. m. a goose.—*Prov.*

*Es como el ansar de Cantimpola, que salió al lobo al camino*, he is like Cantimpola's goose, that went out to meet the wolf;

said of such as voluntarily run into danger.

**Ansareria**, s. f. or *Ansaria*, a place where geese are kept.

**Ansarillo**, s. m. a goslin.

**Ansarino**, adj. belonging to a goose.

**Ansarón**, s. m. a great or big goose.

**Ansí**, adv. so. obs.

**Ansia**, s. f. anguish, pain, grief, anxiety, ardent desire, torment, agony.—*Las ansias de la muerte*, the pangs of death.—*Cantar en el ansin*, to confess a crime in tortures and agonies.

**Ansado**, adj. covetous, greedy, niggard, avaricious.

**Ansár**, v. a. to long, to desire eagerly, avariciously.

**Ansua**, adv. obs. vid. *Assi*.

**Ansiosamente**, adv. anxiously, painfully, grievously; also covetously, avariciously.

**Ansoso**, adj. full of anguish, anxiety, pain or grief.

**Anta**, s. f. among architects, is the same as a pilaster, or a half column against a wall.—*Anta*, s. f. an Indian beast.

**Antagonista**, s. m. an antagonist, a contrary; in anatomy, is that muscle which counteracts some other.

**Antána**, s. f. a word of no meaning, and only used in the phrase *llamarse antána*; to gainsay what one has said; to knock under.

**Antaño**, s. m. long time ago.—*Prov.* *En los nidos de antaño no hai páxaros ogaño*, in last year's nest there are no birds this year; used to denote that a person is used coolly, or with indifference, when he was before caressed.

**Antanóna**, adj. an old woman.

**Antaphroditico**, adj. good against the venereal disease.

**Antártico**, adj. antarectic, and opposite to the arctic.

**Antarés**, s. f. a star so called in the constellation of scorpion.

**Ante**, s. m. buff.—*Ante*, prep. before, in the presence of; as, *ante escribano*, before a notary.

*Ante, o antes*, adv. rather, before that.—*Ante*, s. m. the first dish served for dinner or supper.

**Anteado**, adj. of a buff colour.

**Ante Ayer**, adv. the day before yesterday.

**Anta Cámara**, s. f. antechamber.

**Antecánto**, s. m. a stanza, or a number of verses spoken or sung by way of invitation to another poet, to sing or speak verses.

**Antecedente**, adj. antecedent, going before.—*Antecedente*, s. m. the antecedent preposition.

**Antecedentemente**, adv. before, antecedent to.

**Anteceder**, v. a. to precede, to go before.

**Antecesor**, s. m. an antecessor.

**Antecesores**, *progenitores*, ó *antepasados*, p. de quienes alguno descende, ancestors; one from whom a person descends, either by the father or the mother; it is distinguished from *antecesor*, predecessor; which is not like ancestor, a natural but civil denomination: An hereditary monarch succeeds to his ancestors, an elective to his predecessors.

**Antechinos**, s. m. pl. plate chased.

**Antecoger el ganado**, v. e. to drive cattle before one.

**Antecóro**, s. m. the hall or room through which one goes to choir.

**Antecós**, s. m. pl. the inhabitants of the earth that live in the same meridian of the globe.

**Antedáta**, s. f. antedate.

**Antedatár**, v. a. to antedate.

**Anteférir**, v. n. to place before.

**Anteiglesia**, s. f. the church porch.

**Antelación**, s. f. the act of preferring one before another.

**Antemano**, s. m. a present made before hand; or before obtaining the favour that is expected.—*Antemano*, adv. previously, with a yearly notice.

**Antemeridiano**, adj. before noon.

**Antemúlas**, s. m. the groom of the mules.

**Antenuál**, s. m. a fort or mountain that defends a place.

**Antemuro**, s. m. a *fausse-braye*, a small mound of earth erected round the foot of the rampart.

**Antena**, s. f. vide *Entena*.—*Antena de caracol*, the upright

post in the middle of a winding stair-case.

**Antenado**, s. m. a son, or daughter-in-law; that is, the son of a man's wife, or of a woman's husband by another.

**Antenóche**, adv. the night before last.—*Ante omnia*, before all things; it is plain Latin, but become a Spanish phrase in common use.

**Anteojos**, s. m. pl. spectacles.

**Antepasado**, s. m. gone before; ancestor, predecessor.

**Antepécho**, s. m. any thing to lean one's breast against, to look over; parapet, rail of a balcony, or the like; also the poitrel, or armour, for the breast of a horse.

**Antepensar**, v. a. to premeditate, to think on before.

**Antepenúltimo**, adj. the last but two.

**Anteponer**, v. a. to prefer, or set before.—*Anteponerse*, v. r. to be preferred, to be set before.

**Anteportal**, s. m. the space before the porch of a house.

**Antepuerta**, s. f. a piece of tapestry, or any other hanging before a door.

**Antepuesto**, p. p. irreg. of the verb *anteponer*.

**Anterior**, adj. precedent, going before.

**Anterioridad**, s. f. precedency, preference.

**Anteriormente**, adv. previously, before hand.

**Antes**, prep. and adv. before, rather.—*Antes que*, before that.—Prov. *Antes que te cases mira lo que haces*, look before you leap; that is, consider and examine well the consequences of things before you engage.

**Antesala**, s. f. anti-chamber, a room before the room of state.

**Antesaléta**, s. f. a little anti-chamber.

**Antesignano**, s. m. an ensign.

**Antestadúra**, s. f. trenches made with expedition in great necessity.

**Antetódo**, adv. first of all, in chief.

**Antevedimiento**, s. m. providence, foresight.

**Antevér**, v. a. to foresee.

**Antevisto**, adj. advised, admonished.

**Antevispéra**, s. f. the day before the vigil.

**Antevisto**, p. p. of *antever*; foreseen.

**Antia**, s. f. a kind of fish.

**Anthropologia**, s. f. the method among men to convey an idea of the attributes of God.

**Antypophóra**, s. f. a figure in rhetoric, when the orator asks, and answers himself.

**Anthropophágo**, s. m. a man-eater, a cannibal.

**Antipophóra**, s. m. a figure in rhetoric so called.

**Antibáccio**, s. m. a foot of a Latin verse so called, consisting of two syllables long, and one short.

**A'ntibe**, s. m. the force or impulse of the water.

**Anticipación**, s. f. anticipation, prevention.

**Anticipadamente**, adv. before-time.

**Anticipador**, s. m. one that prevents, or anticipates.

**Anticipár**, v. a. to anticipate, or prevent.—*Anticiparse*, v. r. to be prevented.

**Anticolas**, s. m. pl. vide *Antecos*.

**Anticuésco**, s. m. pl. large breeches formerly worn.

**Antidiluviano**, adj. antediluvian.

**Antidotário**, s. m. the place where apothecaries put the cordials in their shop; a book that treats of the composition of medicines.

**Antidóto**, s. m. antidote, preservative against poison.

**Antifáz**, s. m. any thing that is worn before the face, to keep off the dust and sun.

**Antifona**, s. f. an anthem.

**Antiguallas**, s. f. pl. antiquities, pieces of antiquity.

**Antiguamente**, adv. anciently.

**Antiguamiento**, s. m. antiquating, or abolishing.

**Antiguar**, v. n. to antique, to abolish.

**Antiguário**, s. m. antiquary.

**Antigüedad**, s. f. antiquity.

**Antiguo**, adj. ancient.

**Antiguones**, s. m. pl. pieces of antiquity.

**Antiguor**, s. f. obs. antiquity.

**Antiguos**, s. m. pl. old or ancient authors.

**Antilogia**, s. f. a contradiction.

**Antimctábole**, s. f. a figure, when words are repeated in



- the same sentence, in a diverse case or person.
- Antimonial, adj. belonging to antimony.
- Antimónio, s. m. antimony.
- Antinóo, s. m. one of the twenty-two celestial constellations.
- Antipápa, s. m. antipope.
- Antipára, s. f. a screen.—*Antipára*, any covering to hang before things to preserve them; also a sort of buskins worn by harvest men, that the corn may not prick their legs; a leather apron.
- Antiperístasis, s. f. a figure in rhetoric, which granting what the adversary says, denies his inference.
- Antipatía, s. f. antipathy, a natural aversion to any thing.
- Antipático, adj. antipathetick, having a natural contrariety to any thing.
- Antiphona, s. f. anthem.
- Antiphonário, s. m. the book which hath the anthems.
- Antiphonéro, s. m. he who sets the anthem.
- Antiphrásis, s. f. antiphrasis, the use of words, in a sense opposite to their proper meaning.
- Antípóca, s. f. a confession in writing, by which a man acknowledges himself liable to pay any fine, or demand.
- Antipécár, v. a. to acknowledge one's self liable to pay any fine, or demand, by a confession in writing.
- Antipódal, adj. antipodal, belonging or relating to the antipodes.
- Antípodas, s. m. pl. the antipodes, or people that live in that part of the world, which is directly under our feet.
- Antiquádo, adj. out of fashion.
- Antiquário, s. m. an antiquary, a man studious of antiquity.
- Antiscios, s. m. the people who have their shadows projected opposite ways.
- Antiscorbúteo, adj. good against the scurvy.
- Antispódio, s. m. a kind of medicinal ashes made of certain herbs.
- Antístrope, s. f. a figure, when in one sense a word is repeated, either in the same or divers cases.
- Antítesis, s. f. a figure in rhetoric, when contraries are opposed to contraries.
- Antitypo, s. m. antitype; that which is resembled, or shadowed out by the type; also a copy drawn from an original.
- Antiveneréo, adj. good against the venereal disease.
- Antojadizamente, adv. fancifully, according to the wildness of imagination.
- Antojadizo, adj. fanciful, fickle, imaginative; rather guided by imagination than reason.
- Antojarse, v. r. to fancy, to imagine; to believe, without being able to prove; to pourtray in the mind, to image to himself, to imagine.—*Antojarse a uno alguna cosa*, to fancy any thing.—*Se le antojan berros*, it fancies to be berros, or another thing; (a vulgar expression).
- Antejo, s. m. a. longing, as a woman with child does; a fancy.—*Antejo de larga vista*, a prospective glass.—*Antejós*, s. m. pl. spectacles; from *ante ojos*, before the eyes.—*Antejuelo*, diminut. of *antoso*.
- Antonomasía, s. f. a figure in rhetoric, when another name is used instead of that which is proper to a man or thing.
- Autór, s. m. one who sells stolen goods.
- Antórcha, s. f. torch, flambeau.
- Antorchádo, adj. made like a torch; also wreathed or twisted.
- Antoría, s. f. the action of selling goods before they are stole.
- A'ntro, s. m. a den, a cave.
- Antruéjo, s. m. shrovetide; obsolete.
- Antuviáda, s. f. a blow, (in cant).
- Antuviár, v. a. to prevent, to surprise; *metaph.* to strike first.
- Antuvío, vid. Antubión.
- Antuvión, or Antubion, s. m. preventing another, or being too quick for him; as, *jugar de antuvión*, upon a falling out to give the first stroke, or wound another by surprise.
- Antyér, adv. the day before yesterday.
- Anublár, v. a. to blast, or to be dark with clouds.—*Anublarse el cielo*, is for the sky to grow cloudy; from *nube*, a cloud.—*Anublarse el trigo*, is for the corn to be blasted.
- Anúblo, s. m. blight, mildew.
- Anudadór, s. m. one that knots.
- Anudadúra, s. f. knotting.
- Anudár, v. a. to knot.—*Anudarse la garganta*, not to be able to speak for trouble or concern.
- Anudar en los estudios*, to make no progress in one's studies.
- Anulación, s. f. abolition.
- Anulár, v. a. to annul, to make void.
- Anuloso, adj. full of rings.
- Anumerár, v. a. to add to the number.
- Anunciación, s. f. a declaration, or notification.
- Anunciadór, s. m. f. one who declares, or notifies; a messenger.
- Anunciamento, s. m. vid. Anunciación.
- Anunciar, v. a. to declare, to notify, to make known; often taken in an ill sense.
- Anuncio, s. m. presage, or warning of some ill.
- Anxéo, vide Anjeo.
- Anzél, s. m. obs. a resolution, a decree, or decision of wise men.
- Anzolár, v. a. to catch in a fish-hook.
- Anzoléje, s. m. a small fish-hook.
- Anzoléro, s. m. the man who makes fish-hooks.
- Anzuelar, v. a. vide Anzolar.
- Anzuélo, s. m. a fish-hook.—*Tragar el anzuélo*, to swallow the fish-hook; or, as we say, to swallow the bait, when a man greedily lays hold of what is laid to do him harm.
- Roer el anzuélo*, to gnaw off the hook, that is, to escape the bait.—*Picár en el anzuélo*, to leap at the bait, to suffer one's self to be ensnared.
- A'ña, s. f. a sort of fox.
- Añáda, s. f. the space of one year.
- Añadíencia, } s. f. an addition;  
Añadidúra, } that which is given over in buying, or a small matter to make up weight.
- Añadimiento, s. m. addition.
- Añadir, v. a. to add, to put to.—*Añadir*, to amplify, or exaggerate, a thing.—*Añadir*,

to make an addition of what we are treating of.

**Añafil**, s. m. a hautboy, a sort of straight trumpet used by the Moors, and made of metal.

**Añafilero**, s. m. one that plays on a trumpet, or makes them.

**Añagaza**, s. f. bird call.—*Añagaza*, enticement, allurement. *Hacer añagazas*, to flatter one, in order to deceive him.

**Añal**, adj. belonging to a year.—*Añal*, a. m. a yearly offering.

**Añascár**, v. a. to trouble, or entangle affairs.

**Añásmes**, s. m. pl. obs. bracelets.

**Añazéas**, s. f. pl. days of pleasure.

**Añejarse**, v. r. to grow old, or stale.

**Añejo**, adj. what is more than one, two, or more years old; speaking of wine, &c.

**Añico**, a. m. the smallest bit of any thing.—*Hacer añicos*, to cut in little bits, to pull to pieces.—*Hacerse añicos*, to be in the greatest fury.

**Añil**, s. m. indigo, or indico.

**Añilado**, adj. dyed with añil, or indigo.

**Añines**, s. m. the coarse part of flax, tow-oakum to caulk ships with.

**Añinos**, a. m. the fine fleece of a lamb one year old.

**Añir**, s. m. obs. vide *Añil*.

**Año**, s. m. a year.—*Mal año*, God forbid.—*Sacar el vientre de mal año*, to be very well entertained.

**Añojo**, s. m. a yearling calf.

**Añozo**, adj. ancient, old.

**Añoñez**, adv. every other year, when the land yields a good crop one year, and a bad one the next.

**Añublado**, adj. blindfold.

**Añublar**, v. a. vide *Anublar*.—*Añublarse*, v. r. vide *Anublarse*.

**Añublo**, s. m. blasting of corn, mildew.—*Añudé los labios*, be silent, hold your tongue.

**Añudadura**, vide *Anudadura*.

**Anudar**, vide *Anudar*.

**Añusgar**, v. a. to vex or trouble another.—*Añusgarce*, v. n. to stick in the throat.

**A'oáo**, an adverb of calling at a distance.

**Aocaménto**, s. m. the action of making any thing hollow.

**Aocár**, v. a. to make hollow.

**Aochávo**, s. m. vide *Ochavo*.

**Aócho**, adj. num. vide *Ocho*.

**Aojador**, s. m. one that bewitches with his eyes.

**Aojadura**, s. f. bewitching, or fascinating, doing mischief with the looks.

**Aojamiento**, s. m. idem.

**Aojár**, v. a. to bewitch, or do mischief with only looking; to look upon any one with an evil eye.

**Aójo**, s. m. vide *Ojo*.

**Aóra**, adv. now.—*Aóra poco*, a little while since.

**Aormár**, v. a. vide *Ahormar*.

**Aórta**, s. f. the great artery.

**Aórza**, s. f. vide *Orza*.—*Aórza*, adv. (a sea word) on the left hand.

**Aosadas**, adv. boldly, audaciously.

**Aovár**, v. n. to lay eggs, as birds and insects do.

**Apabilarse**, v. r. to consume one's self by degrees, as a candle does.

**Apacár**, v. a. to pacify, to make easy, to mitigate.

**Apacentador**, s. m. one that feeds, or that grazes, a herd-groom, or herdsman.

**Apacentamiento**, s. m. feeding, grazing, putting into pasture; also pasture itself.

**Apacentár**, v. a. to feed, to graze, to put into pasture; used also in a spiritual sense.

**Apacabilidad**, s. f. lenity, ease, quiet, peace.

**Apacible**, adj. meek, pleasing to all persons, calm.—*Un dia apacible*, un sitio apacible, a fine day, a pleasant place.

**Apaciblemente**, adv. peaceably, quietly, calmly.

**Apaciguador**, s. m. a peacemaker, one who endeavours to reconcile differences.

**Apaciguamiento**, s. m. the action of pacifying or appeasing.

**Apaciguar**, v. a. to pacify, to appease, to calm.

**Apadrinador**, s. m. one who supports, or is second to another; a protector, a defender.

**Apadrinar**, v. a. to second, to back, to support.

**Apagable**, adj. extinguishable, that may be quenched.

**Apagador**, s. m. one that quenches, or extinguishes, or

appeases; also an extinguisher, a hollow cone put upon a candle, to quench it.

**Apagamiento**, s. m. a dejection of mind.

**Apagar**, v. a. to quench, to extinguish, to appease, or pacify.—*Apagar la sed*, to quench one's thirst.—*Apagarse*, v. r. to be extinguished, or to be quenched.—*Aunque la malicia obscurezca la verdad*, no la puede apagar, deceit may perplex, but can never overthrow the truth.

**Apagullár**, v. a. to strike any body unawares, and suddenly.

**Apainelado**, adj. (in architecture) the appellation of an arch which imitates half an ellipse formed upon its greater axis.

**Apaisado**, adj. (*pintura apaisada*) a picture or landscape disposed in length.

**Apajado**, adj. covered with straw, strewed over with straw.

**Apalabrár**, v. a. to give one's word, to engage; also to speak to.

**Apalambrarse**, v. r. to be very thirsty.

**Apalancár**, v. a. to raise, to move, to lift any weight with a lever; also to supplant, to force away by stratagem.

**Apaleador**, s. m. one that beats with a cudgel; also one that ventilates corn.—*Apaleador de sardinas*, in cant, a galley-slave.

**Apaleamiento**, s. m. a cudgelling.

**Apaleár**, v. a. to cudgel, or beat; also to ventilate grain. *Trás cornudo apaleado*, first cuckolded, then beaten.

**Apalmada**, adj. the hand held up so as the palm is seen, as in a coat of arms.

**Apalpar**, v. a. vide *Palpar*.

**Apañador**, s. m. he that takes or grasps; also to reform, or change for the better.

**Apanáge**, s. m. lands, or a capital of money set apart for the maintenance of younger children.

**Apañamiento**, s. m. taking, or grasping.

**Apañar**, v. a. to take, or grasp, to keep carefully; also to seize, to take by force, to lay



hold on.—*Apañar*, to act with consideration and prudence.—*Apañer*, to mend, or preserve from decay.

*Apancón*, s. f. a sort of shell growing by the sea side amongst rocks.

*Apanillar*, v. n. to be divided in different parties against each other; also (in cant) to cheat at cards.

*Apaniaguár*, v. a. to maintain, keep, or feed. Obs.

*Apáno*, s. m. a taking up, or grasping; but more properly, handiness, dexterity.

*Apañuscado*, adj. intangled.

*Apañuscador*, s. m. f. the person who grasps or takes hold.

*Apapagayádo*, adj. parrot-like. *Nariz apapagayada*, an aquiline, or hooked nose.

*Apapagayarse*, v. r. to swell, or bridle, as a parrot does.

*Apár*, adv. vid. *Par*.

*Aparador*, s. m. a side-board table, a dresser in a kitchen, the place where workmen keep their tools or instruments.

*Aparár*, v. a. to prepare, provide, and make ready; also to hold up the hands or other things to catch what is tossed.—*Apararse*, v. r. to be prepared, to be provided; also it is taken, for the female to be ready to receive the male.

*Aparatádo*, adj. prepared; *bien ó mal aparatado*, able-bodied, or in bad health.

*Aparáto*, s. m. pomp, splendour, sumptuousness, expensiveness; also preparation, readiness.

*Aparatoso*, adj. sumptuous, costly, expensive, splendid.

*Aparcería*, s. f. partnership in trade, or the like.

*Aparcero*, s. m. a partner.

*Aparciár*, v. a. to partake, to share.

*Apareador*, s. m. one that pairs or couples.

*Apareadura*, s. f. or *Apareamiento*, s. m. pairing, or coupling.

*Apareár*, v. a. to pair, to couple.—*Aparearse*, v. r. to go, or walk two by two.

*Aparecedór*, s. m. one that appears or comes in sight; or one that seems or has a resemblance. Obs.

*Aparecer*, v. a. to appear, to

come into sight, to be found.

*Aparecimiento*, s. m. an appearance, a resemblance, coming in sight.—*Apared en medio*, the next house, which is only parted by a wall.

*Aparejadór*, s. m. one that prepares, provides, dresses, or makes ready.

*Aparejamiento*, a provision, preparation, prevention.

*Aparejár*, v. a. to make ready, to prepare, provide, or dress; also amongst muleteers, to saddle, to pannel.

*Aparejas*, adv. alike, by pairs.

*Aparejo*, s. m. preparation, provision, necessities; also the saddle, or pannel, bridle, &c. for a horse.—*Aparejo real*, a sea term; our sailors call it the garret; which is a tackle, wherewith they hoise in all casks and goods, if they be not too heavy, as great ordnance, or the like.

*Aparejos*, s. m. pl. the tools or instruments of a workman; also the rigging or tackling of a ship.

*Aparellár*, v. a. obs. vide *Aparejar*.

*Aparencia*, s. f. vide *Apariencia*.—*Aparencias*, s. f. pl. the scenes in a play-house, or other shows representing things, but without life, or motion.

*Aparentar*, v. n. vide *Emparentar*.

*Aparénte*, adj. apparent, seeming, not real; also false, deceitful, or able, convenient, proper; also appearing true; *anciently*, elegant, handsome, beautiful, fair.

*Aparentemente*, adv. apparently, with semblance of truth.

*Aparescedór*, s. m. vide *Aparecedor*.

*Aparecer*, v. a. vide *Aparecer*.

*Aparecimiento*, s. m. vide *Aparcimiento*.

*Aparición*, s. f. apparition, appearance, visibility.

*Apariencia*, s. f. appearance, likelihood.—*Apariencias*, s. f. pl. the decorations or scenes of a stage; imaginary, not real.

*Aparir*, v. a. to appear, to come in sight.

*Aparroquiár*, v. a. to furnish one's shop well with goods and customers.

*Apartadamente*, adv. separately, distinctly.

*Apartadizo*, or *Apartadizo*, s. m. a place apart, a division, or separation, a bye place to lay things out of the way.

*Apartadizo*, adj. peevish, cross, morose, man hater.

*Apartadór*, s. m. one that parts, or separates, or puts away, but more peculiarly used among those that deal in wool, who separate four or five sorts of it.

*Apartados*, s. m. pl. the little boxes the printers letters lie in, for composing; or any other such boxes divided from one another.

*Apartamiento*, s. m. a separation, division; also a divorce or legal separation of husband and wife.

*Apartár*, v. a. to part, to set apart, to separate.—*Apartarse*, v. r. to part, to be divorced, to separate, to set aside.—*Apartar la gente*, to make room in a crowd.—*Apartarse de la querrela*, to let fall a suit.—*Apartarse de lo concertado*, to go from one's bargain.—*Apartar*, to dissuade, to deter, to divert one by reason from any thing.—*Apartar la mano de uno*, ó *de una cosa*, to forsake one, or to set aside any business.—*Apartar la vista*, ó *los ojos*, to forget, to neglect.—*Apartarse del dictamen de otro*, to be of a contrary opinion.—*Apartarse de sí mismo*, to lead a loose, disorderly life.

*Apárte*, adv. apart, aside.—*Llamar uno apárte*, to take any body aside; that is, when you impart some secret.

*Aparvár*, v. a. to make a heap, to accumulate.

*Apascentár*, v. a. vid. *Apacentar*.

*Apasionadamente*, adv. lovely, passionately, with great love.

*Apasionár*, v. a. to desire eagerly; also to vex, to plague, to give trouble.—*Apasionarse*, v. r. to be put into a passion, to be vexed, to be passionately in love; also to be partial.—*Hombre apasionado no quiere ser consolado*, a passionate man is deaf to all advice.

*Apastár*, v. a. vid. *Apacentar*.

*Apásto*, s. m. food, nourishment.

**Apatuscár, v. a.** to do work in a hurry, to make more haste than good speed.

**Apatúscu, s. m.** an ornament of several baubles; also any thing made in a hurry.

**Apazóte, s. m.** a sort of herb so called.

**A'pe, s. m.** an Indian word for a great commander among them.

**Apéa, s. f.** a fetter, fetlock, shackle.

**Apecadéro, s. m.** a horse-block, to mount or dismount, a horse.

**Apeadóres, s. m. pl.** persons appointed to adjust the bounds of lands.—*Apeamiento de una heredad*, the extremity, bounds, or limits of a field measured.

**Apeamiento, s. m.** alighting, dismounting; also conceiving, or comprehending.

**Apear, v. a.** to alight, or dismount; also to conceive or comprehend; to stop a cart by putting a stone under the wheels.—*Apear, metaph.* to dissuade any one from his opinion.—*Apearse, v. r.* to alight from a horse or carriage; to fall from preferment.—*Apear el río*, to be able to pass a river on foot, or to ford it.—*Apear heredades*, to fix, or settle the bounds of lands.

**Apéchos, adv. as, tomar á péchos**, to take a thing upon one, to take charge of it, to take it into a man's own care.

**Apechugar, v. n.** to clasp or grasp close breast to breast; also to undertake with spirit and courage.

**Apedazár, v. a.** to break any thing in pieces.—*Apedazar*, to mend, to repair.

**Apedazos, adv.** by piece-meal.

**Apedernaládo, adj.** as hard as a flint-stone.

**Apedreadero, s. m.** the place where boys throw stones at one another.

**Apedreadór, s. m.** one that is always throwing stones.

**Apedreamiento, s. m.** the throwing of stones.

**Apedrear, v. a.** to stone, or sling stones; also to hail, or spoil with hail; *metaph.* to use abusive language.—*Las viñas se apedrearon*, the vineyards were spoiled with a storm of hail.—*Entre apedreado, & em-*

*pedrado*, a face marked by the small-pox.

**Apegamiento, s. m.** sticking, cleaving, or fastening to; also inclination, propension of mind.

**Apegár, v. a.** to stick, to cleave, to cling.—*Apegarse, v. r.* to be close to another.

**Apégo, s. m. vid.** Apegamiento.

**Apelación, s. f.** an appeal.

**Apelambrár, v. a.** to take off the hair from skins, as tanners do with lime.

**Apelánte, s. m.** he that appeals.

**Apelár, v. n.** to appeal.—*Apelar, metaph.* to appeal to, or have recourse to other means.

**Apelativo, s. m.** appellative, a name given.

**Apeldár, v. n.** to fly, to make an escape.

**Apelde, s. m.** an escape, in a hurry.

**Apeligrádo, adj.** exposed to danger.

**Apeliótes, s. m.** a wind so called; the same as *subolano*.

**Apellár, v. a.** to soften a skin with oil or fat, as tanners do.

**Apellidár, v. a.** to call upon, to call for assistance; to cry for such a party or faction.

**Apellido, s. m.** surname.—*Prov. El más ruyn del apellido, da mayor voz por ser oydo*, the basest of the surname makes the greatest noise to be heard; that is, the worst people are more noisy and loud.

**Apellucár, v. a.** to force, or compress many things into one by squeezing them.

**Apellucár, v. a.** to mould into a mass.

**Apelmazár, v. a.** to squat, squeeze, or flat together; to mould with the hands or feet; also to grow or make lazy.

**Apélo, adv.** fit to a hair, exact, just, even.—*Apélo ayiso*, down the hair, or with the hair.—*Apélo arriba*, up the hair, or against the hair.—*A redro pelo*, against the grain.

**Apénas, adv.** scarcely, hardly, barely.

**Apendice, s. m.** appendix, supplement, addition.

**Apeñuscár, vid.** Apañuscar.

**Apéu, s. m.** the settling the bounds of lands; also the act in justice by which the bounds are fixed.

**Apeonár, v. n.** to run on the ground; a term properly of sportsmen.

**Aperadó, s. m.** one that commands and directs labourers; also a cart-maker.

**Aperár, v. a.** to make any sort of carts or waggons.

**Apercebimiento, s. m.** preparation, provision, warning; also an order.

**Apercebir, v. a.** to prepare, provide, warn; also (in law) to advise one to appear before the judge.—*Hombre apercebido*, *medio combatido*, the man who is upon his guard is the least hurt; that is, the more cautious any one acts, the less danger he exposes himself to.

**Apercollár, v. a.** to take a man by the collar.—*Apercollár, v. a.* to take any thing clandestinely.

**Aperdigádo, adj.** broiled, singed; also a word to reproach those that have been in the inquisition, as if they had narrowly escaped being burnt.

**Aperdigár, v. a.** to broil, to singe.

**Aperitivo, adj.** aperitive, opening.

**Apernár, v. a.** to hold, or catch any one by the leg.

**Apéro, s. m.** a sheepcote, a fold.—*Apéro, s. m.* all the furniture, or harness for beasts that work in the country; also the tools belonging to any trade.—*En casa del herrero peor apéro*, a bad knife in a cutler's house; or, nobody goes worse shod than the shoemaker's wife.

**Aperreádo, adj.** dogged, sharp, biting; also ill used, as we say, used like a dog.

**Aperreador, adj.** troublesome, importunate.

**Aperrear, v. a. v. n.** to grow dogged, sharp, and biting; also to tire, to vex, oneself.

**Aperroquiádo, adj.** that has good custom in selling.

**Aperroquiár, v. a.** to have good custom in selling; to become a parishioner.

**Apersonádo, adj.** as, *bien apersonádo*, that has a good presence.



**Apersonarse**, v. r. to be of a graceful comely mien, or presence.

**Apesadumbrár**, v. a. to cause trouble or vexation.

**Apesar**, adv. in spite of; to one's sorrow.

**Apesaradamente**, adv. grievously; vexatiously, anxiously.

**Apesarár**, v. a. to grieve, to trouble.

**Apesamiénto**, s. m. squeezing, weighing, or pressing flat.

**Apesgár**, v. a. to squeeze, weigh, or press flat.—**Apesgarse**, v. r. to be weighty, heavy.

**Apestádo**, adj. infected with the plague.

**Apestár**, v. a. to infect with the plague, thence to poison with a stench.—**Apestar**, *metaph.* to pervert, to mislead.—**Apestado**, da, p. p. from **Apestar**.—**Apestar**, v. n. to scent or perfume, so as to affect the nose with a disagreeable smell.

**Apetecedór**, s. m. f. one who desires, or has an appetite for any thing.

**Apetecér**, v. a. to have an appetite, or desire for a thing, to covet, or long for.

**Apetecible**, adj. that which excites the appetite, which is to be coveted, or desired.

**Apetible**, adj. *vid.* **Apetecible**.

**Apetência**, s. f. the desire or coveting any thing.

**Apetitivo**, adj. belonging to the desiring or coveting any thing.

**Apetito**, s. m. appetite, desire, covetousness.

**Apetitoso**, adj. to be coveted or desired, a thing exciting the appetite; also one that has a fancy for every thing he sees.

**Apháca**, s. f. vetches or tares.

**Aphélio**, s. m. that part of the orbit of a planet in which it is at the point remotest from the sun.

**Apherésis**, s. f. a figure in rhetoric, when a letter or a syllable is taken from the beginning of a word.

**Aphorismo**, s. m. aphorism, general rule.

**Apiadado**, adj. that has taken compassion, or pity, become tender hearted.

**Apiadár**, v. a. to take pity,

to have compassion, or to move pity or compassion.—

**Apiadarse**, v. r. to be compassionate.

**Apiastro**, s. m. the herb called crows-foot.

**Apicarado**, adj. roguish, knavish.

**Apice**, s. m. a jot, a tittle, the least thing that may be.—

**Apice**, s. m. the height, top, summit, perfection; also a very small object.—**Estar en los apices**, to have a perfect knowledge of any art or science.

**Apicos páros**, adv. *vid.* **Pico**.

**Apie juntillas**, adv. **Pie**.

**Apierna suelta**, adv. *vid.* **Pierna**.

**Apilár**, v. a. to heap, thrust, or mould together.—**Apilarse la gente**, to run into a throng.

**Apilasco**, adv. cast into large ingots.

**Apiñadura**, s. f. } a clinging  
**Apiñamiento**, s. m. } or sticking close together.

**Apinár**, v. a. to cling, stick, or run close together; to close as hard as a pine-apple.

**A'pio**, s. m. smallage, or water parsley.—**Apio**, s. m. celery, an herb much used in winter salads, a species of parsley.

**Apíolar**, v. a. to tie or hold down by the foot all sorts of game, as hares, fowls, &c.; to hang.

**Apíolar**, *metaph.* to seize, to imprison.

**Apíque**, adv. upon the point, just ready upon the brink; as, *apique de perderse*, upon the brink of perdition; *el navio se fue a pique*, the ship went to the bottom or was sunk.

**Apisonár**, v. a. to ram down, to squeeze or compress.

**Apitón**, s. m. the bud of a flower before it blossoms.

**Apitonado**, adj. budded; also passionate, hasty, or furious.

**Apitonamiento**, s. m. budding; also passion, hastiness, or fury.

**Apitonár**, v. n. to peep out, to begin showing itself, and it is said of the horns of cattle.—**Apitonarse**, v. r. to be so enraged as not to know what one does.

**Aplicable**, adj. that may be appeased, assuaged, mitigated.

**Apicador**, s. m. a peace-maker.

**Apacamiénto**, s. m. the peace that is made.

**Apacár**, v. a. to appease, or pacify.—**Apaca el tiempo**, the storm is over.

**Apacentár**, v. a. to please, to delight.

**Apacér**, v. n. to please.—**Apacer**, adv. at pleasure.

**Apacible**, adj. pleasing, delightful.

**Apaciente**, adj. affable, agreeable, pleasing.

**Aplanamiento**, s. m. the planing or smoothing any thing.

**Aplanár**, v. a. to smooth or plane.—**Aplanarse**, v. r. to fall down; also to be astonished and stupified.

**Aplanchár**, v. a. to make even, smooth, or plain.

**Aplastár**, v. a. to squat, squeeze, or flat together, to mould with the hands or feet.

**Aplaudir**, v. a. to rejoice, or clap hands, to give praise; also to applaud.

**Aplauso**, s. m. applause, approbation.

**Aplayár**, v. n. to overflow.

**Aplazamiento**, s. m. an appointment, a set time.

**Applazár**, v. a. to appoint a day, to warn to a day.

**Aplicable**, adj. applicable, fit, apt, proper.

**Aplicación**, s. f. application.

**Aplicadero**, adj. that may be applied.

**Aplicador**, s. m. one that applies.

**Aplicár**, v. a. to apply.—**Aplicarse**, v. r. to be diligent, to be careful, industrious.—**Aplicar a uno, a una cosa**, to set one upon a thing.—**Aplicar el oído**, to yield attention.

**Apionado**, adj. heavy as lead, leaded, like lead, dull, lumpy; also upright or perpendicular.

**Apíomar**, v. a. to cover, or solder with lead; also to set upright or perpendicular with a plummet.—**Apíomarse**, v. r. to be at a stand, to know not what to say or do.

**Apóca**, s. f. an acquittance or discharge.

**Apocadamente**, adv. meanly, abjectly, of little value.

**Apocado**, adj. made little, or of small value, lessened, of little worth; also mean-spirited.

**Apocador**, s. m. the person who lessens or diminishes.

**Apocaménto**, s. m. lessening; also meanness of spirit.

**Apocár**, v. a. to lessen, to make small account of, or undervalue; to become mean-spirited.—*Apocarse*, v. r. to be lessened; also to despise one's self, to undervalue one's self.

**Apocéma**, s. f. a decoction.

**Apócha**, s. f. a receipt given on a payment.

**Apócope**, s. f. a figure in poetry, which takes a syllable from the end of a word.

**Apócrýpho**, adj. apocryphal, fabulous, uncertain.

**Apodadéro**, s. m. joke, banter, pun.

**Apodádo**, adj. reflected on, jested at.

**Apodador**, s. m. one that is full of jests and biting words; a banterer, a jester.

**Apodamiénto**, s. m. a reflection or jest.

**Apodár**, v. a. to reflect on, to jest upon another, to use witty, sharp expressions.

**Apodencádo**, adj. belonging to a setting dog.

**Apoderár**, v. a. or *Apoderarse*, v. r. to take or give power, or possession, to enable, to possess.

**Apódo**, s. m. a witty jest, or reflection upon another.

**Apodósis**, s. f. a figure in rhetoric, called reddition.

**Apogéo**, s. m. apogee, or apogeeum, a point in the heavens, where the sun or planet is at the greatest distance possible from the earth.

**Apolládo**, adj. moth-eaten.

**Apolladúra**, s. f. eating, or the hole made by a moth.

**Apollársé**, v. r. to be moth-eaten.

**Apollár**, v. a. to set the hen upon her eggs.

**Apologético**, adj. belonging to an apology.

**Apología**, s. f. an apology.

**Apologista**, s. m. the person who writes apologies.

**Apologizár**, v. r. to defend any one's cause by speaking or writing.

**Apólogo**, s. m. a fable, a tale, in which we make birds, beasts, and things inanimate to speak.

**Apoltronársé**, v. r. to grow lazy and idle.

**Apomazár**, v. a. to rub the canvas with the pumice-stone as painters do.

**Apophásis**, s. f. a figure by

which the orator seems to wave what he would plainly insinuate.

**Apophisis**, s. f. the prominent parts of some bones.

**Apophthégma**, s. m. an apophthegm, a short and remarkable saying.

**Apoplético**, adj. belonging to an apoplexy.

**Apoplexia**, s. f. apoplexy.

**Apoquecér**, v. a. vid. *Apocar*.

**Aporcádo**, adj. dug in ridges, or little hillocks, or made in trenches.

**Aporcadúra**, s. f. raising ridges, or hillocks, or making little trenches.

**Aporcár**, v. a. to make little ridges, to throw up earth about plants to keep the roots warm, or make little furrows to drain away the water.

**Aporfia**, adv. contentiously, vying, striving to outdo one another.

**Aporisma**, s. f. an inflammation after being let blood.

**Aporrá**, v. a. vid. *Aporrear*.

**Aporreadúra**, s. f. } a beat-  
} ing.

**Aporreár**, v. a. to beat.—*Aporrearse*, v. r. to beat one's self; also to fall with weariness.—*Aporrearse en la jaula*, *aporrear la jaula*, to tire in vain.

**Aporillo**, adv. abundantly, copiously, plentifully.

**Aportaderas**, s. f. pl. panniers or packs carried by horses or mules.

**Aportamiénto**, s. m. arriving.

**Aportár**, v. n. to arrive, to come into a port.

**Aportelládo**, s. m. the name of an honourable ancient dignity in Spain.

**Aportillár**, v. a. to break open, or to batter down, to make a breach.

**Aposéma**, s. m. a physical position, a decoction.

**Aposentádo**, adj. lodged, quartered, billeted.

**Aposentador**, s. m. a harbinger.—*Aposentadr de exercito*, a quarter-master.

**Aposentamiénto**, s. m. a lodging or quartering.

**Aposentar**, v. a. to lodge, to quarter.—*Aposentar árboles*, to plant trees in rows.

**Aposentillo**, s. m. a little chamber.

**Aposento**, s. m. a chamber, lodging, or quarters.—*Aposento de náo*, a dock where ships are

built; also a cabin in a ship.

**Aposopésis**, s. f. a figure in rhetoric, when one through anger or earnestness leaves out a part of a sentence.

**Apospélo**, adv. oppositely, violently, against the grain.

**Aposesionar i nto**, s. m. putting into possession.

**Aposesionár**, v. a. to put into possession.—*Aposesionarse*, v. r. to take possession.

**Apostadamiénto**, adv. purposefully, designedly.

**Apostál**, s. m. a fit place to catch fish.

**Apostamientos**, s. m. pl. obs. furniture or ornaments.

**Apostár**, v. a. to lay a wager; also to post a centinel or body of men.

**Apostasia**, s. f. apostacy, departure from what a man has professed.

**Apostáta**, s. m. f. an apostate, one that renounces his religion.

**Apostatár**, v. a. to apostatize, to renounce one's religion.

**Apostéma**, s. f. an apostume, aposteme or imposthume, a swelling, an abscess.

**Apostemación**, s. f. the gathering of a purulent tumour, an apostemation.

**Apostemár**, v. a. to apostemate, to swell and corrupt into matter.—*Apostemarse*, v. r. to be apostemated.

**Apostia**, s. f. calumny, falsehood.

**Apostillár**, v. a. to illustrate with marginal notes.

**Apóstol**, s. m. an apostle.

**Apostoládo**, } s. m. apostle-  
} ship.

**Apostolázgo**, }

**Apostólico**, adj. vid. *Apostólico*.

**Apostolicaménte**, adv. apostolically.

**Apostólico**, adj. apostolical, or belonging to the apostles.

**Apóstolo**, s. m. *Apóstol*.

**Apostróphe**, s. m. a figure when we turn our discourse from those we speak to, to the absent; also a dash with the pen, being a note of cutting off a letter, as when we write *believed* for *believed*.

**Apostúra**, s. f. handsomeness, comeliness.

**Apothéca**, s. f. an apothecary's shop.

**Apothecário**, s. m. an apothecary.

**Apoýár**, v. a. to maintain, to support, to prop.—*A, oyarre*,



v. r. to be supported, maintained.  
 Apóyo, s. m. support, prop; also help, protection, favour.  
 Apracar, v. a. to appease, assuage, mitigate.  
 Aplicable, adj. praise-worthy, commendable, laudable.  
 Apreciadaménte, adv. commendably, praise-worthily.  
 Apiciador, s. m. an appraiser, one that set a rate or value on goods.  
 Apiciadura, s. f. prizing, valuing, setting a rate.  
 Apiciár, v. a. to prize, to value, to set a rate; to esteem.  
 Apiciativo, adj. commendable, laudable.  
 Apició, s. m. price, value, esteem.  
 Apregonár, v. a. to cry.  
 Aprehender, v. a. to apprehend, to conceive; also to suspect, or be apprehensive, to lay hold of.  
 Aprehendedor, s. m. one that apprehends, conceives, or is apprehensive.  
 Aprehensión, s. f. apprehension, fear, suspicion of something.  
 Aprehensivo, adj. apprehensive, fearful, suspicious.  
 Apremiadaménte, adv. violently, by compulsion or force.  
 Apremiador, s. m. one that forces or compels.  
 Apremiadura, s. f. force, compulsion.  
 Apremiamiento, s. m. vid. Premio.  
 Apremiar, v. a. to force, to compel.  
 Apremio, s. m. force, compulsion, violence.  
 Aprender, v. a. to learn.  
 Aprendigón, s. m. a beginner, a novice, an apprentice, an unexperienced attempter, a learner.  
 Aprendiz, s. m. an apprentice.  
 Aprendizágo, s. m. apprenticeship.  
 Apresador, s. m. a presser.  
 Apresár, v. a. to press; also to distress, to molest.  
 Apresár, v. a. to press one against his will; also to take him prisoner.  
 Apreséntar, v. a. vid. Presentar.  
 Apresadór, s. m. one that prepares or makes ready.  
 Apresadúra, s. f. preparing, or making ready.  
 Apresár, v. a. to prepare, to make ready.  
 Apresto, s. m. a preparation.

Apresuración, s. f. readiness, dispatch, diligence, celerity.  
 Apresuradaménte, adv. hastily.  
 Apresurador, s. m. one that hastens.  
 Apresuramiento, s. m. hastening.  
 Apresurar, or Apresurar, v. a. to hasten, to make haste.—  
*Apresurarse*, v. r. to be expeditious, quick, or speedy.  
 Apretadaménte, adv. closely, pressingly, forcibly.  
 Apretadera, s. f. a rope, or strap used to bind anything.—  
*Apretado, da*, p. p. metaph. a miser, a covetous person.  
 Apretadón, s. m. the cant word for a doublet.  
 Apretador, s. m. a woman's girdle; also a silver and gold wire women wore on the head.—  
*Apretador*, s. m. a rammer, such as paviours use to ram in the stones with.  
 Apretadura, s. f. } a squeeze.  
 Apretamiento, s. m. } ing, pressing, straightening; also affliction, sorrow, grief.  
 Apretante, s. m. in cant, a sharper at play, who lets his cully win a while, and then squeezes him.  
 Apretár, v. a. to squeeze, press, straighten, or close; also to pursue and molest, also to press, to urge.—  
*Apretar con uno*, to hold, to seize one.—  
*Apretar la mano*, to confirm a promise.—  
*Apretar las soletas*, to run, to fly.—  
*Apretar las cinchas*, to girt a horse tight.  
 Apretón, s. m. a sudden pressing exigency; also a short, swift race; also affliction.  
 Apretura, s. f. straightness; a throng, a pressing circumstance.  
 Aprieta, adv. hastily, quickly.  
 Aprieto, s. m. danger, pressing circumstances, difficulty.  
 Aprimas, adv. chiefly, first of all.  
 Aprisa, adv. in a hurry, quickly.  
 Aprisar, v. n. to haste, to move with swiftness.  
 Apriscár, v. a. to put into a sheepfold.  
 Aprisco, s. m. a sheepfold.  
 Aprisonar, v. a. to imprison, to fetter.  
 Apriso, s. m. obs. vid. Aprisco.  
 Apro, s. m. a boar. • Used only by poets.  
 Aproár, v. a. to steer a ship.  
 Aprobación, s. f. approbation, consent, liking.

Aprobador, s. m. the person who approves.  
 Aprobar, v. a. to approve, to allow, to consent, to like.  
 Apróches, s. m. pl. the approaches at a siege.  
 Aprobamiento, s. m. preparation, the act of making ready what will soon be wanting.  
 Aprobár, v. a. to make ready, to put in order.  
 Apronto, vid. Aprobamiento.  
 Apropinquar, v. a. to approach, to draw near.  
 Apropósito, vid. Propósito.  
 Apropiación, s. f. appropriation, applying, adapting.  
 Apropiar, v. a. to appropriate, apply, adapt, fit.—  
*Apropiarse*, v. r. to adapt any thing to one's self.  
 Aprobación, vid. Aprobacion.  
 Aprovar, v. a. vid. Aprobar.  
 Apróvecér, v. n. vid. Aprovechar.  
 Aprovechadaménte, adv. profitably, usefully.  
 Aprovechamiento, s. m. profit, gain, advantage.  
 Aprovechar, v. n. to save, to improve, to put to good use, to profit.—  
*Aprovecharse*, v. r. to be put to good use, to be profitable.  
 Aprovechoso, adj. profitable, useful, beneficial.  
 Aprovechimiento, s. m. vid. Aprovechamiento.  
 Aproveér, v. a. vid. Proveer.  
 Aproximación, s. f. approaching, or drawing near.  
 Aproximar, v. a. to approach, to draw near.  
 Apruéva, adv. upon trial.  
 Apsides, s. m. apsides, the higher aps is called aphelion, or apogee, the lower perihelion, or perigee.  
 Aptaménte, adv. fitly, properly, aptly.  
 Aptitud, s. f. aptness, readiness, capacity.  
 Apto, adj. apt, ready, capable.  
 Aptúno, s. m. autumn. Obs.  
 Apuesta, s. f. a wager.  
 Apuestaménte, adv. elegantly, delicately, nobly, gracefully.  
 Apuesto, adj. seasonable, opportune, in right time.—  
*Apuesto*, s. m. gracefulness, neatness.  
 Apuñalar, v. a. to strike with the fist.  
 Apuñar, v. a. to grasp in the fist.

**Apunadúra, s. f.** a grasp.

**Apuneadúra, s. f.** a beating or buffeting.

**Apunéar, v. a.** to beat or buffet.

**Apuneteár, v. a.** to beat with the fist.

**Apuntación, s. f.** annotation, note.

**Apuntadór, s. m.** an observer, one that points out or directs, or one that takes notice of faults.

**Apuntalár, v. a.** to prop, or shore up, to underset, to support.

**Apuntamiénto, s. m.** an advice, remembrance; also pointing and agreement.

**Apuntár, v. a.** to appoint, to point out, to mark; also to sharpen, to edge.—*Apuntarse, v. r.* to grow sour.

**Apuntillár, v. a.** to kick, to spur.

**Apunto, adv.** ready.

**Apunuscár, v. a.** to gripe roughly in the fist, to rumple, to squeeze.

**Apuradaménte, adv.** cleanly, absolutely, or of necessity.

**Apuradéro, s. m.** a clear or manifest proof of any thing.

**Apuradór, s. m.** one who drives another to extremity; also one that searches out the truth of any thing.

**Apuramiénto, s. m.** draining; also purifying, and driving to extremity.

**Apurar, v. a.** to drain, to purify, to drive to extremity; also to examine, to drain, and to provoke.—*Apurar la paciencia,* to try a man's patience.—*Apurar un hombre,* to press a man hard.

**Apuro, s. m.** vid. *Apuramiénto*.

**Aquadrillár, v. a.** to form, or head parties.—*Aquadrillar, v. a.* to unite people in different bands.—*Aquadrillado, da, p. p.* from *Aquadrillar*.—*Aquadrilla, s. f.* a union, or bond of association; also a confederacy, a band.

**Quantiado, adj.** belonging to quantity, equalling in quantity.

**Aquário, s. m.** the eleventh sign in the zodiac.

**Quartelamiénto, s. m.** the place where soldiers are quartered.

**Aquartelár, v. a.** to quarter soldiers, to appoint them quarters.

**Aquático, adj.** watery, or that belongs to the water.

**Aquatil, adj.** that lives in the water.

**Aquatismo, s. m.** an ocean, or congregation of waters. Obs.

**Aquatocho, s. m.** vid. *Agua-tocho*.

**Aquéda, adv.** as *tañer á quedá*, to ring the bell which sets the watch at night.

**Aquedador, s. m.** one that stops or stays; that stills or quiets.

**Aquedár, v. a.** to stay or stop, to still or quiet.

**Aqueducto, s. m.** an aqueduct.

**Aquejadaménte, adv.** anxiously, vexatiously, hastily.

**Aquejamiénto, s. m.** hastiness, anxiety.

**Aquejár, v. a.** to hasten, to press.

**Aquejosaménte, adv.** anxiously.

**Aqué, pron.** that man.

**Aquélla, pron.** that woman.

**Aquéello, pron.** that thing.

**Aquénde, adv.** obs. on this side.

**Aquéo, adj.** watery, or belonging to water.

**Aquésó, adv.** that.

**Aquésta, pron.** that woman.

**Aquéste, pron.** that man.

**Aquésto, pron.** this thing.

**Aquí, adv.** here; also now.

**Aquiescencia, s. f.** agreement, condescension.

**Aquietamiénto, s. m.** quieting, stilling, pacifying.

**Aquietár, v. a.** to quiet, still, or pacify.

**Aquila, vid.** *Aguila*.

**Aquilatár, v. a.** to assay gold, to examine closely.

**Aquiléño, vid.** *Aguleño*.—*Aquileño, s. m.* a man apt or fit to be a thief.

**Aquilifer, ó Aquilifero, s.** an ancient ensign, a cornet.

**Aquilino, the same as** *aguleño*.

**Aquilla, s. f.** the keel of a ship.

**Aquillotrado, adj.** a clownish word; desperately in love.

**Aquilón, s. m.** the north wind.

**Aquilonar, adj.** belonging to the north.

**Aquistár, v. a.** to acquire, to get, to obtain.

**Aquitibi, s. m.** a burlesque name given to each of the porters, who dressed like sextons, carry the representations of the tools of our Saviour's passion in the procession of Passion-week.

**Aquoso, adj.** full of water.

**Ara, s. f.** an altar, or an altar-

stone laid on the altar, where mass is said; also a constellation so called.

**Aráda, s. f.** a ploughed field.

**Arádo, s. m.** a plough.—*Arádo coméro*, a crooked plough.

**Aradór, s. m.** plougher, ploughman; also an insect.

**Arádro, s. m.** vid. *Arado*.

**Aradúra, s. f.** ploughing.

**Aragán, adj.** vid. *Haragan*.

**Araíz, s. f.** vid. *Raiz*.

**Arajéda, s. f.** the plough-staff to cleanse the coulter with.

**Aráldo, s. m.** vid. *Heraldo*.

**Arám, s. m.** brass drawn or worked out to a length, as brass wire. Obs.

**Arambél, s. m.** a tattered cloth, a rag; sometimes taken for the hanging of a room.

**Arambrado, adj.** of a copper-colour, or covered with copper.

**Arambrár, v. a.** to paint or dye of a copper colour, or to cover with copper.

**Arámbré, s. m.** copper.—*Hilo de arámbré*, brass or copper wire.

**Aramía, s. f.** a ploughed field.

**Arána, s. f.** deceit, craft.

**Arancél, s. m.** a regulation of rates of provisions; also setting the duties paid on goods at the custom-house; also a method, a rule.

**Arandáno, s. m.** the fruit of the service-tree.

**Arandéla, s. f.** a thing in the shape of a funnel, fastened to the thick end of a lance, to defend the man's hand; it is also a sort of band worn by women.

**Arandés, s. f.** pl. strawberries.

**Aranéa, s. f.** the tunicle of the eye, that contains the crystalline humour.

**Araniégo, adj.** a hawk that has been taken in a net.

**Aranzáda, s. f.** an acre, or about the same quantity of ground, or land.

**Aráña, s. f.** a spider. It is also a branch to hang in the middle of a room with many candles; and in some places a crab; also an industrious, diligent man.—Prov. *Al aráña, hurtó la rúta el diábulo, porque saque la tela del rábo*, the devil stole the spider's distaff, that she might draw her thread through her tail; this they say to any that do things preposterously.



Arañadór, s. m. one that scratches.

Arañadúra, s. f. a scratching or claving.

Arañár, v. a. to scratch, to claw; also to be a miser, a scrape-penny.

Arañeta, s. f. a little spider.

Arañerto, adj. full of spiders.

Arañiego, s. m. a kind of kite so called.

Arañita, s. f. a little spider.

Aráño, s. m. a scratch.

Arañuela, s. f. diminut. of *aráña*.

Arañuelo, s. m. a snare, a net to catch birds in.

Arauzél, a scroll, a roll of paper, a muster-roll, a list; also a proclamation settling the rates of provisions.

Arár, v. a. to plough.—*Arár el mar*, metaph. to plough the seas, to sail; it is also called ploughing because the ship leaves a track behind her, as plough does a furrow.

Arasár, v. a. vid. Arrasar.

Arastrar, v. a. vid. Arrastrar.

Arasúz, adv. now, now for it.

Arativo, adj. arable, fit for tillage.

Aratório, adj. contributing to tillage.

Arátos, adv. now and then, by fits, at several times.

Aravál, s. m. vid. Arrabal.

Arbéja, s. f. the tare or vetch.

Arbitana, s. f. vid. Albitana.

Arbitradór, s. m. an arbitrator.

Arbitrál, adj. voluntarily left to one's own choice; arbitrary.

Arbitraménto, s. m. judgment, decision, determination.

Arbitránte, s. m. an arbitrator, an umpire.

Arbitrar, v. a. to arbitrate, to decide.

Arbitrariaménto, adv. decisively, determinately, peremptorily.

Arbitrário, adj. that is, or may be put to arbitration; also arbitrary.

Arbitréro, adj. obstinate, stiff in opinion, froward, pertinacious.

Arbitriano, s. m. an arbitrator, an umpire. Obs.

Arbitrio, s. m. a man's will, opinion, or decision; also a project.

Arbitrista, s. m. a projector.

Arbitro, s. m. an arbitrator, umpire.

Árbol, s. m. a tree, a mast of a

ship.—*Árbol del paraíso*, vid.

Alheña.—*Árbol triste*, a tree growing in several parts of

India.—*Árbol mayor*, the mainmast of a ship.—*Árbol de proa*, ó *de trinquete*, the fore-

mast.—*Árbol de mezana*, the mizen-mast, the mast in the stern of a ship.—*Árbol de la camisa*, the body of a shirt, also a tool used by watchmakers.—Prov. *Quien a buen árbol se arrima, buena sombra le cobija*, he that leans against a good tree, has a good shade over him; that is, he that relies on good, worthy people reaps a benefit.—*Árbol de fuego*, a tree of fire-works.

Arbolado, s. m., in cant, a tall man.—*Arbolado*, adj. set upright as a tree, raised or lifted up.

Arbolár, v. a. to mast a ship, to set upright.—*Arbolar vándera*, to set up, or to hoist, or hold up the colours, to display them.

Arbolario, s. m. vid. Herbolario.

Arbolázo, s. m. a great tree.

Arbolcillo, s. m. a little tree, a shrub.

Arbolecér, v. n. to grow up to a tree.

Arbolecio, s. m. vid. Arbolcillo.

Arboléda, s. f. a grove of trees.

Arboledéro, s. m. one that looks to an orchard or a wood.

Arboléte, s. m. a lime-twig to catch birds.

Arbolillo, diminut. of *árbol*.

Arbolista, s. m. a gardener, a dresser or planter of trees.

Arbollón, s. m. a drain to draw off water.

Arborádo, adj. full of trees, or shaded with trees.

Arborár, v. n. to grow up to trees; also as *arbolár*.

Arbórbola, s. f. a tumult, an uproar.

Arbosánte, s. m. a short ladder; also a prop to support any building, a stone arch.

Arbústo, s. m. a little tree, a shrub.

Árca, s. f. a chest, a bin to keep bread and corn, a great cistern to keep water.—*Árca del pan*, a bin for bread; metaph. the belly.—*Árca de Noé*, Noah's

ark; metaph. any place or chest that contains all sorts of things.—Prov. *En arcade avariéto, el diablo yáze dentro*, the devil lies in a covetous man's chest.—Prov. *En arca abierta el justo péca*, the just man sins by an open chest; opportunity makes the thief.—*Sangrar á uno de la vena del arca*, to trick any one out of his money.—Prov. *Ni ojo en la carta, ni mano en el arca*, neither look into writing paper, nor put your hand into another man's purse; that is, be not impertinently curious to observe what does not belong to you.

Arcabuceádo, adj. shot.

Arcabuceár, v. a. to shoot.

Arcabuceria, s. f. the infantry who make use of an engine to shoot darts or stones out of. Obs.

Arcabucéro, s. m. an engineer; a maker of military engines.

Arcabúco, s. m. a great thick wood of trees.

Arcabúz, s. m. a musket.

Arcabuzázo, s. m. a musket-shot.

Arcabuzeria, s. f. musketeers, a body of them.

Arcabuzéro, s. m. a musketeer.

Arcachófa, s. f. vide Alcachofa.

Arcáda, s. f. straining or reaching to vomit.—*Estár uno dando arcádas*, to be in the pangs of death.

Arcadéro, s. m. a chest-maker, a joiner.

Arcadór, s. m. vide Arqueador.

Arcadúces, s. m. pl. buckets fixed to the wheels of a water mill to draw up water in.

Arcadúz, s. m. a pipe or conduit for water, an aqueduct, a pot, whereof they tie a great many to a rope set round a wheel to draw up water.—*Arcadúz*, a mark or token of the affections of the mind; also a busy body; also a flatterer and pimp.

Arcaduzár, v. a. to lay pipes or other conveniences to carry water; metaph. to contrive and lay the method to carry on any business.

Arcanidad, s. f. a secret.

Arcáno, adj. secret, concealed, hidden, undiscovered.

Arcáz, s. m. a man's chest, or breast, all that part of him which is shut in by the ribs;

metician. — *Arithmético*, adj. belonging to arithmetic.

*Arlequin*, s. m. a harlequin. — *Arlinga de vela*, our seamen call it a bolt-rope, and is the rope into which the sail is sewed or made fast.

*Ario*, s. m. a shrub so called. Women in Spain used it formerly to dye their hair yellow. — *Arlota* ó *akota*, s. f. the reeds which support hemp or flax. — *Arlote*, adj. lazy, idle person.

*A'rma*, s. f. weapon, alarm.

*Armación*, s. f. obs. a military tune in use among the ancients.

*Armáda*, s. f. a fleet of men of war. — *Dar armáda*, ó *armadilla*, in cant, is to furnish one with money to play with another.

*Armadia*, s. f. a raft to send things down a river; a trap, a snare.

*Armadijo*, s. m. a snare; a gin to catch birds, or any small creatures.

*Armadilla*, s. f. a little fleet of fighting ships, a small squadron.

*Armadiño*, s. m. an animal in the West Indies, covered all over with scales like armour.

*Armador*, s. m. one that fits out armed ships against enemies; also an under waistcoat.

*Armadura*, s. f. armour, furniture; also a bedstead, or any thing formed in that nature.

*Armamento*, } s. m. armament,  
*Armamiénto*, } warlike preparation.

*Armandijas*, vide *Armadijo*.

*Armár*, v. a. to arm. — *Armár á los pájaros*, to set snares for birds. — *Armár navio*, to equip, or fit out ships. — *Armár una ballesta*, to bend a cross bow. — *Armár una cama*, to set up the wooden frame of a house. — *Armár al que juega*, to furnish a gamester with money. — *Armár en le juégo*, to sharp, to cheat at play. — *Armár un lázo*, to lay a snare. — *Armár bréga*, or *pendencia*, to begin a quarrel. — *Armár una cama*, to set up a bedstead. — *Armár zancadilla*, to trip up one's heels, or to lay a stumbling block in a man's way. —

*Armár una celáda*, to lay an ambush.

*Armárió*, s. m. cupboard, press, chest of drawers.

*A'rmas*, s. f. pl. arms, weapons, armour; also the coat of arms of a family.

*Armátoste*, s. m. a rack to bend a cross bow, commonly used for any piece of lumber; also a snare.

*Armazón*, s. f. arming, or equipping; also any framework, as the timber-work of a house, or the like. — *Armazón de cama*, a bedstead.

*Arnelina*, s. f. an ermin.

*Armélla*, s. f. an iron staple for a lock or bolt, or any such use; also a ring, and a knocker of a door.

*Armelléta*, s. f. diminut. of *armella*.

*Armendón*, s. m. starch.

*Armería*, s. f. an armoury.

*Arméro*, s. m. an armourer, one that makes or sells arms.

*Armífero*, adj. armed, belonging to, or bearing arms.

*Armigero*, adj. warlike, belonging to war.

*Armila*, s. f. a bracelet.

*Armillar*, adj. resembling a bracelet, armillary, composed of rings or circles.

*Armillá*, s. f. the shell-fish, called a cockle.

*Armin*, s. m. *Armiño*.

*Armiñado*, adj. belonging to ermine.

*Armiño*, s. m. ermine. — *Blanco como un armiño*, white as an ermine.

*Armipoténte*, adj. powerful in arms.

*Armisticio*, s. m. armistice, truce, suspension of arms.

*Armióles*, s. m. pl. an herb called orach or golden flower.

*Armonia*, s. f. harmony.

*Armoniáco*, gum ammoniac.

*Armónico*, adj. harmonious.

*Armoniósó*, adv. sonorous.

*Armuéllés*, s. m. pl. an herb called orach, or golden herb.

*A'rna*, s. f. a bee-hive made of cork; also the belly.

*Arnequin*, s. m. layman, a figure of a man made with joints to put in any posture, used by painters and carvers; thence taken for a tumbler, or a fellow that puts himself into all sorts of postures.

*Arnéro*, s. m. a sieve.

*Arnés*, s. m. armour. — *Echar mano á los arneses*, to draw the sword.

*Arnéses*, *metaph.* necessary instruments, or tools.

*A'ro*, s. m. a hoop, either of wood or iron, for casks, or any other use.

*Aróca*, s. f. a web of fine texture.

*Arómas*, s. f. pl. sweet, or aromatick drugs.

*Aromático*, adj. belonging to sweet spices or drugs, aromatick.

*Aromatizar*, v. a. to perfume or scent with sweet spices.

*Arómo*, s. m. a spice-tree.

*Aróza*, s. m. the chief among the black-smiths.

*A'rpa*, a harp.

*Arpélla*, s. f. a bird of prey.

*Arpéos*, s. m. pl. our seamen call them grappels, which are in the nature of anchors for galleys, or boats to ride by.

*Arpia*, s. f. a harpy.

*Arpillár*, v. a. vid. *Harpillar*.

*Arpillera*, s. f. a coarse piece of canvas, or such cloth to wrap goods.

*Arpón*, s. m. vid. *Harpon*.

*Arqueador*, s. m. a gauger, an officer whose business it is to gauge ships, or take their dimensions, to know what burden they will carry.

*Arqueáge*, s. f. the gauging of a ship to know its dimensions.

*Arqueamiénto*, s. m. gauging, or taking the dimensions of ships.

*Arqueár*, v. a. to bow, or to arch; also to gauge, to take the dimensions of ships.

*Arquéo*, s. m. vid. *Arqueage*.

*Arqueria*, s. f. arched work.

*Arquéro*, s. m. a bow-maker, or a chest-maker; also he that keeps the key of a public chest.

*Arquéta*, s. f. a small chest.

*Aiquetón*, s. m. a great chest, a bin for provender.

*Arquetoncillo*, a little chest.

*Arquibáncó*, s. m. a chief or principal form or bench.

*Arquilla*, s. f. a little chest.

*Arquillo*, s. m. a little bow.

*Arquiméza*, s. f. a chest of drawers; also a bureau.

*Arquita*, s. f. diminut. of *arca*.

*A'rra*, s. f. an earnest given



as a security to fulfil the contract.

**Arraáz**, s. m. the stones of the olives, after they have been broken in the mill to take out the oil.

**Arrabál**, s. m. a suburb.

**Arrabiadamente**, adv. furiously, passionately.

**Arracádas**, s. f. pl. pendants for women to wear at the ears.

**Arraceár**, v. a. to lessen, to diminish.

**Arracife**, s. m. a cause-way, thence taken for a ridge of rocks in the sea.

**Arracimar**, v. a. to heap up many things together, suspending them like grapes.

**Arraéz**, s. m. a master of a Moorish vessel.

**Arraigádas**, s. f. pl. the main beams belonging to any ship or vessel.

**Arraygar**, v. n. to produce roots.—*Arraygarse*, v. r. to fix or establish one's self any where with an estate.—Prov. *De hombre arraigado no te verás vengado*, you shall never be revenged of a rich man; that is, might will overcome right.

**Arráigo**, s. m. a security, or bail for another.

**Arramblár**, v. a. to gravel over.

**Arranco**, s. f. a pulling or tearing violently, rooting up.

**Arranca Siega**, s. m. a plucking or tearing up any thing by the roots, which ought to be mowed.

**Arrancada**, s. f. precipitation, running hastily.

**Arrancadéro**, s. m. the butt end of a musket or gun.

**Arrancador**, s. m. one that pulls or tears away violently, that roots up.

**Arrancadúra**, s. f. pulling or tearing away violently, rooting up.

**Arrancamiento**, s. m. the same as *arrancadura*.

**Arrancár**, v. a. to pull, or tear away violently, to root up, to snatch away.—*Arrancár el caballo*, to start for a race, to fly out on a sudden.—*Arrancarse el alma*, to die with much struggling, to be in great sorrow or pain, as if one's soul were torn away.—*Arrancár del pecho*, to hawk up

phlegm.—*Arrancáte nabo*, say the children in a play they have, when one sits on the ground, and the other strives to lift him. They say, *arrancáte nabo*; that is, come up, turnip; and he answers, *no puedo de harto*, I am so full I cannot. They reply, *arrancáte cépa*, come up, root; and he again, *no puedo de seca*, I am so dry I cannot.

**Arránque**, s. m. pulling out, rooting up.—*Caballo de grande arranque*, a horse flying out on a sudden.—*Carbon de arranque*, charcoal made by burning the roots of trees.

**Arrapár**, v. a. to snatch away, to take by force.

**Arrapiézo**, s. m. the lowest hanging part of any garment; any tatter, rag.—*Llevar a uno de los arrapiézos*, to tug a man away by his cloaths; that is, to arrest, to force him away.

**Arrápo**, s. m. vid. *Arrapiero*.

**Arraquite**, s. m. a sort of narrow bordering worn for ornament about the bottom of a petticoat.

**Arras**, s. f. pl. the money a husband gives his wife when they are married; also earnest-money given to bind any bargain.

**Arrasadúra**, s. f. smoothing, levelling, reaping, mowing, or shearing; also striking a measure that is over full.

**Arrasár**, v. a. to smooth, to level, to raise; also to mow, reap, or shear, to fill to the brim, to strike a full measure.

*Arrasar*, to level down, to lay waste.

**Arrastradúra**, s. f. drawing, dragging, trailing along the ground.

**Arrastramiento**, s. m. idem.

**Arrastrár**, v. a. to draw, drag, trail along the ground, to draw to execution.—*Arrastra la honra*, honour puts a man upon many things he would not do.—*Llevar la soga arrastrando*, to drag a halter after one; that is, to be in danger.

*Andar arrastrado*, to be in a very mean condition, or full of troubles, to be harassed with too much business.—*Ser arrastrado*, to be drawn as malefactors to execution.—*Arrastrar*, to trump, to win with a trump card.—*Arrastrar*

*a uno*, to tire one, to molest him.—*Arrastrar lutos*, to be in a deep mourning.—*Hacer una cosa arrastrando*, to do a thing by force, unwillingly.

**Arrástre**, s. m. trumping at cards.

**Arratonár**, v. a. vid. *Ratonar*.

**Arravál**, s. m. vid. *Arrabal*.

**Arráx**, s. m. vid. *Arraax*.

**Arraxáque**, s. f. an iron prong, or fork with three crooked points; also a sort of swallows called martlets, with very little feet, and their claws bent like those forks.

**Arrayán**, s. m. a myrtle-tree.

**Arrayanal**, s. m. a myrtle-grove.

**Arrazife**, vid. *Arracife*.

**Arre**, the word carriers use to their horses, mules, or asses, to make them go.

**Arreár**, v. a. to dress, to adorn.

**Arrebañadór**, s. m. one that rakes, or scrapes.

**Arrebañadúra**, s. f. a raking, or scraping.

**Arrebañar**, v. a. to rake, to scrape, to hoard, to save.

**Arrebatadamente**, adv. precipitately, hastily, inconsiderately, madly.

**Arrebatadór**, adj. one that snatches, or catches hastily.

**Arrebatadóra**, s. f. a buzzard.

**Arrebatamiento**, s. m. snatching, or catching; also hastiness, passion.

**Arrebatár**, v. a. to snatch, to pull away violently, to catch suddenly, to attract by violence.—*Arrebatarse*, v. r. to be rapt in spirit.—*Arrebita capos*, a cloak-stealer; also a foppish person.—*Arrebatado en espíritu*, rapt in spirit, in an extasy.

**Arrebatíña**, s. f. a catching, or snatching, a fray.

**Arrebenta búey**, s. m. a great fly that vexes and hurts the cattle.

**Arreventár**, v. n. vid. *Rebentar*.

**Arrebozado**, adj. muffled, covered with a veil, or cloak.—*Carne arrebozada*, meat dressed with eggs and other ingredients which disguise it.

**Arreból**, s. m. the redness of clouds; also the red colour used by women to paint their face.—*Arrebolada muger*, a woman painted red.

**Arrebolár**, v. a. to colour, paint, or counterfeit.—*Arrebólar*, v. r. to be coloured, or painted.—*Arrebólar*, to paint red.

**Arrebolera**, s. f. a little box of paint.

**Arrebolés**, s. m. pl. the red curdling clouds in fair weather, coloured by the rising or setting sun, morning and evening; thence metaphorically the red paint in women's faces.

**Arrebollarse**, v. r. to throw one's self headlong from a precipice.

**Arrebolver**, v. a. vid. Rebol-ver.

**Arrebozada**, s. f. a company of bees.

**Arrebujarse**, v. r. to muffle one's self up, to cover one's face with a veil or cloak.

**Arrebujar**, v. a. to muffle, wrap, or cover up.

**Arrebujadura**, s. f. } a wrap-

**Arrebujamiento**, s. m. } ping up, covering, or muffling.

**Arrecáe**, s. m. a kind of thistle very thorny.

**Arrechadura**, s. f. a stiffness, erection.

**Arrechár**, v. a. to stand, to be stiff, or erect.

**Arrecho**, s. m. standing, or set up an end.

**Arrecár**, v. n. to increase in health, or grow strong after sickness; also to augment.

**Arreeffe**, s. m. a causeway; also a ridge of rocks in the sea, or a sandy place.

**Arrecirse**, v. r. to be numbed, or grow stiff with cold.

**Arrecoger**, v. a. vid. Recoger.

**Arredomado**, adj. made in the fashion of a glass vial; in cant it signifies assembled, or agreed; also that has had a vial of ink thrown in his face.

**Arredomar**, v. a. a cant word, signifying to assemble, or to agree; also to cast a vial full of ink against one's face, so that the glass breaks and cuts the face, and the ink runs about and gets into the gashes, which is troublesome to be cured, so as not to leave a scar; a villainous sort of revenge, practised by ruffians.—*Arredomarse*, v. r. to be offended.

**Arredondár**, v. a. to make round.

**Arredradura**, s. f. putting back, forcing or removing back.

**Arredrar**, v. a. to put, force, or drive back.—*Arredrarse*, v. r. to give ground, to retire, to fall back.

**Arredro**, adv. behind.—*Arredro* *vayas enemigo malo*, go behind me, satan.—*Arredro* *pe'o*, against the hair, or the grain.

**Arregazado**, adj. tucked up as women do their petticoats, when they go in the dirt.—*Nariz arregazada*, a nose that turns up as if it were tucked up.

**Arregazar**, v. a. to tuck up as women do their clothes to keep them from the dirt.

**Arregladamente**, adv. orderly, with good order, and rule.

**Arreglamiento**, s. m. a regulation.

**Arreglar**, v. a. to give orders, rules, or directions, to do any thing.—*Arreglarse*, v. r. to be conformable to established rules.

**Arregotarse**, v. r. to taste and please one's self with the relish; to desire such things as one has tasted.—*Arregostase la vieja a los bledos, ni dexo verdes ni secos*, the gluttonous old woman, when she had tasted her beet-root, spared none in her garden; that is, the covetous person cannot be satisfied, the more he has, the more he desires.

**Arrehenes**, s. m. vid. Rehene.

**Arrejacár**, v. a. to roll the ground, and so to break the clods, and cover the seed.

**Arrejada**, s. f. the plough-staff, or the iron in a plough-staff, with which the coulter is scraped.

**Arrelde**, s. m. a four pound weight.—*Arrelde*, s. m. a little bird so called.

**Arrellanado**, adj. sitting, spread in a lazy posture.

**Arrellanarse**, v. r. to squat, or sit down at one's full ease, or in a lazy posture.

**Arremangadura**, s. f. } trussing  
**Arremangamiento**, s. m. } sing or tucking up of sleeves.

**Arremangar**, v. a. to tuck or truss up the sleeves.

**Arremango**, s. m. trussing or tucking up of sleeves.

**Arremedar**, v. a. to mock.

**Arremete**, s. m. precipitation, running hastily, the act of an attack.

**Arremeter**, v. a. to assault, to set upon, to attack, to run at.—*Arremetarse*, v. r. to meddle in, to interfere, to interpose importunately or officiously.

**Arremetida**, s. f. an assault, an attack, a setting upon, or running at.

**Arremolinár**, v. a. to turn round like a whirlpool.

**Arrempujár**, v. a. to push with violence.

**Arremueco**, s. m. motions, gesture.

**Arrendable**, adj. what is hired, or fit to be hired.

**Arrendación**, s. f. a hiring, or letting out to hire.

**Arrendadero**, s. m. an iron hook or ring to tie horses and mules to in a stable.

**Arrendador**, s. m. one that hires, or lets out to hire; a farmer; also a mimic, one that mimicks another.

**Arrendadorcillo**, s. m. a little farmer.—Prov. *Arrendadorcillos, comen en plata, morir en grillos*, little farmers eat in plate, and die in irons. The farmers of the revenue get much by their farms, but live high, and die in a gaol; applied to an extravagant person.

**Arrendajo**, s. m. a bird that imitates any voice it hears.—*Arrendajo*, also the person who imitates any voice he hears, or any action he sees.

**Arrendamiento**, s. m. farming, hiring, or letting to hire.

**Arrendár**, v. a. to bridle, curb, or rein, to hire or let out to hire, or to farm; also to mimic or act another.

**Arrentado**, adj. rich, wealthy.

**Arreo**, adv. one after another, successively.—*Arreo*, s. m. ornament or dress for a woman; furniture for a horse.

**Arrepastár**, v. a. to feed, graze, or put into pasture.

**Arrepentidas**, s. f. pl. women that have been lewd, and are retired to live a religious life.

**Arrepentimiento**, s. m. repentance, penitence, sorrow for what is past.

**Arrepentirse**, v. r. to repent,



- to be sorry for what is done.
- Arrequite**, s. m. a sort of woman's dress.
- Arrestar**, v. a. to stop, detain, or arrest.—*Arrestarse*, v. r. to be bold, or enterprising.
- Arresto**, s. m. rashness, boldness.
- Arrevolver**, v. a. obs. to revolve, to roll any thing round; to cover by involution, to enwrap; to assemble in a circle.
- Arreque**, s. f. a fork with three prongs, or any tool that has three teeth; also the bird called a martlet.
- Arreyeto**, s. m. a sort of dance.
- Arrezáes**, s. m. pl. places full of briars and brambles.
- Arreziar**, v. n. to grow stronger.
- Arrezife**, s. m. vid. *Arrecife*.
- Arrezil**, s. m. an inundation, a flood that carries all before it.
- Arriaga**, s. f. a very strong place.
- Arrial**, s. m. the hilt of a sword.
- Arriar**, v. a. to veer, to fall back, as a ship does when they veer out cable.—*Arriar las velas*, is to strike sail; that is, to let the sail run down.
- Arriate**, s. m. a bed in a garden; a hedge; a cause-way; a path.
- Arriaz**, s. m. obs. an iron button fixed in the middle of the hilt, that the sword may be held fast.
- Arriba**, adv. above.—*Arriba*, adv. a sea term, bear up; bring the ship more before the wind.—*De arriba abajo*, from the head to the foot, from the top to the bottom.
- Arribada**, s. f. arrival; putting into an harbour.
- Arribar**, v. n. to arrive; to succeed; to be forced back into the harbour.
- Arribo**, s. m. an arrival.
- Arriete**, s. m. a place in the sea full of rocks and sands.
- Arreises**, s. m. pl. an horse's girth; also the straps of stirrups.
- Arriédro**, adv. backwards.
- Arriendo**, s. m. vid. *Arrendamiento*.
- Arriero**, s. m. a carrier.
- Arriesgadamente**, adv. dangerously, with hazard.
- Arriesgado**, adj. hazardous, bold, daring.—*Hombre arriesgado*, a venturesome daring man.
- Arriesgamiento**, s. m. hazarding or venturing.
- Arriesgar**, v. a. to hazard, to venture.
- Arrieto**, s. m. v. d. *Arresto*.
- Arriomadéro**, s. m. the thing that a man leans against, a leaning-place.
- Arriomadillo**, s. m. any thing placed against the walls to prevent the white-wash coming off on them that lean against them, a sort of fine mats they nail and cover the walls with.
- Arriomadizo**, adj. parasitical, one that flatters.
- Arriomadór**, s. m. one that leans against any thing.
- Arriomadura**, s. f. the act of leaning against.
- Arriomar**, v. a. to lean, or set up one thing against another; to leave off any thing.—*Arriomar las espuelas*, to clap spurs to a horse.—*Arriomar a uno*, to leave a man dead, or in a desperate condition, as it were leaning against a wall.—*Arriomar un delito*, to add one crime more; to accuse a man of one crime more; to accuse falsely of a crime.—*Arriomar el clavo*, to cheat; a metaphor taken from knavish farriers, who, on seeing a stranger upon a good horse, prick him that he may go lame, and then send somebody after him, with another horse to sell.—*Arriomar*, to stow; that is, to place goods in order in the hold of a ship.—*Arriomar un testigo falso*, to suborn a false witness.—*Arriomarse a la pared*, to lean against the wall.—*Arriomarse a ruines*, to keep ill company.—*Arriomarse al parecer de otro*, to adhere to another man's opinion.—*Prev. Arriamate a buenos, y serás uno dellos*, keep company with good men, and you will be one of them.
- Arriomo**, s. m. any thing to lean against or rely on, leaning-place, support, prop, stay.
- Arriomón**, s. m. (a jocose word) the act of leaning.
- Arrincar**, v. a. vid. *Arrancar*.
- Arrinconador**, s. m. one that thrusts into corners.
- Arrinconamiento**, s. m. thrusting into a corner, living obscure or in misery.
- Arrinconar**, v. a. to mew up, to keep close, as it were in a corner, to deject or cast down; metaph. to deprive any one of his employment, confidence, or power.—*Arrinconarse*, v. r. to keep one's self up close, to live in private.
- Arriscadamente**, adv. boldly, valiantly, courageously.
- Arriscador**, s. m. a person who gathers olives.
- Arriscar**, v. a. to hazard, to endanger, to venture.
- Arrisque**, s. m. danger, hazard.
- Arriscanca**, s. f. the crupper of beasts of burden.
- Arriva**, adv. vid. *Arriba*.
- Arrivar**, v. n. vid. *Arribar*.
- Arrixáque**, s. m. vid. *Arrexáque*.
- Arrizáfa**, s. f. a royal garden.
- Arriزار**, v. a. to lash, baste, or cudgel; a word used aboard the galleys.
- Arroba**, s. f. twenty-five pounds, or a quarter of an hundred weight; in liquid measure eight azumbres, about twelve quarts Engl. sh.—*Arrobá*, s. f. an instrument used in agriculture to lay the ground even and smooth.
- Arrobado**, adj. one in a rapture, in an extasy.
- Arrobadór**, s. m. one that measures by the arroba.
- Arrobál**, adj. belonging to arroba.
- Arrobamiento**, s. m. rapture, extasy.
- Arrobár**, v. a. to sell by the arroba.—*Arrobár*, v. n. to weigh or sell by *arrobos*. In agriculture, to lay the ground even by means of the instrument called *arroba*.—*Arrobarse*, v. r. to be in rapture; to be deprived of one's senses.
- Arrobéro**, s. m. f. the person who sells by *arrobas*, or quarters of an hundred weight.
- Arrobinar**, v. a. to gather or scrape together.
- Arrobita**, s. f. diminut. of *arroba*.
- Arrobo**, s. m. rapture, extasy.
- Arrocado**, adj. raised high; also

belonging to a distaff.—*Man-gas arrocadas*, high sleeves tucked up.

**Arrocár**, v. a. to raise, tuck, or roll up.

**Arrocínarse**, v. r. to be stupid, to be ignorant.—*Caballo arrocinado*, a sorry horse.

**Arrodear**, v. a. vid. *Rodear*.

**Arrodilladura**, s. f. the act of kneeling.

**Arrodillamiento**, s. m. idem.

**Arrodillár**, v. n. to kneel.—*Arrodillarse*, v. r. to kneel down, to bend one's knees.

**Arrogancia**, s. f. arrogance, pride, haughtiness.

**Arrogante**, adj. arrogant, proud, haughty; also valiant, courageous.

**Arrogantemente**, adv. proudly, haughtily, arrogantly.

**Arrogár**, v. r. to arrogate, take more upon one than belongs to him.

**Arrojadamente**, adv. boldly, audaciously.

**Arrojado**, adj. missible, thrown with the hand; also bold, stout, brave.

**Arrojado**, adj. cast, thrown, cast away; also a bold, rash, or desperate man.

**Arrojados**, s. m. pl. in cant, signifies breeches.

**Arrojamiento**, s. m. boldness, audacity, impudence.

**Arrojar**, v. a. to cast, to throw, to fling away.—*Arrojarse*, v. r. to cast one's self violently, as from a high place; to do, or say any thing rashly, or without consideration.

**Arrojo**, s. m. boldness, audacity, impudence.

**Arrollador**, s. m. a roller.

**Arrollár**, v. a. to roll.—*Arrollár*, to be carried in a circle by the force of the air and water.

*Arrollár*, metaph. to confound, to destroy an enemy.—*Arrollár*, metaph. to break off short in conversation.

**Arromadizado**, adj. that has taken cold, that has a defluxion, or a rheum falling.

**Arromadizarse**, v. r. to take cold, to have a defluxion or a rheum falling.

**Arromadizo**, adj. vid. *Romadizo*.

**Arrombada**, s. f. the bend or wale of a galley.

**Arrompér**, v. a. to plough an untilled field.

**Arrompídos**, s. m. pl. lands

newly ploughed up, that were not sown before.

**Arroundár**, v. a. to make round.

**Arroñár**, v. a. vid. *Arrojar*.

**Arrozár**, v. n. to weigh anchor.

**Arropár**, v. a. to clothe warm, to put on cloaths to keep out the cold.—*Arropate que sudas*, put on more cloaths, for you sweat; the advice good, when given seriously, but this is commonly spoke ironically, as when one pretends to be very weary with doing little or nothing.

**Arrope**, s. m. must, new wine boiled thick.—*Arrope con ello*, let him have it to himself.

**Arropéas**, s. f. pl. a sort of handcuffs, with a bar going up from them to the collar, to hinder one from lifting his hand.

**Arropía**, s. f. vid. *Melcocha*.

**Arrosceár**, v. a. to make up like a roll of bread; to wrap up.

**Arrostrar**, v. a. to face, or bring face to face; also to have a liking to a thing.

**Arrotulár**, v. a. to enroll, or to make up to a roll.

**Arrova**, s. f. vid. *Arroba*.

**Arrovero**, s. m. vid. *Arrobero*.

**Arrovinár**, v. a. obs. to snatch, or catch hastily.

**Arroxár**, v. a. vid. *Arrojar*; also to make red.—*Arroxár*, v. a. to heat an oven.

**Arroyada**, s. f. a torrent, a fierce running stream.

**Arroyár**, v. a. to cut furrows or trenches for water to run.—*Arroyarse*, v. r. to divide itself

into small channels.

**Arroyo**, s. m. brook, little stream of water.

**Arroyuelo**, s. m. a little brook; diminutive of *arroyo*.

**Arroz**, s. m. rice.

**Arrozár**, v. a. to freeze, or congeal drinking.

**Arruár**, v. n. to grunt as a wild boar does when hunted.

**Arrufaldado**, adj. tucked up as women do their cloaths.

**Arrufarse**, v. r. to be angry, to be in a passion.

**Arrufianado**, adj. become a bully, pimp, or ruffian, or after the manner of one.

**Arrufianár**, v. a. to become a bully, pimp, or ruffian.

**Arruga**, s. f. a wrinkle; a fold; a plait.

**Arrugadura**, s. f. a wrinkling, or rumpling.

**Arrugár**, v. a. to wrinkle.—

*Arrugarse*, v. r. to be wrinkled, also to die.

**Arrugia**, s. f. a gold-mine in which they dig very deep for the metal.

**Arruinamento**, s. m. rain, destruction, ruination.

**Arruinár**, v. a. to ruin, destroy, undo.—*Arruinarse*, v. r. to be ruined, or undone.—*Arruinar la casa*, to ruin one's house.

**Arrullado**, adj. lulled asleep.

**Arrullador**, s. m. who lulls to sleep.

**Arrullár**, v. a. to cool.—*Arrullár un niño*, v. a. to lull a child to sleep.—*Arrullarse*, v. r. to fall asleep.

**Arrullo**, s. m. the cooing of pigeons or doves; the singing or lulling a child to sleep.

**Arrumáco**, s. m. a coy, disdainful look when displeased, twitching up the nose; also caterwauling.

**Arrumaje**, s. m. the stowing of goods on board a ship.

**Arrumár**, v. a. to stow goods in a ship, to lay one close to another.

**Arrunazón**, s. m. the gathering of clouds in the horizon.

**Arrumbada**, s. f. the place aboard the galley where the mengo to ease themselves.

**Arrumbár**, v. a. to cast headlong.—*Arrumbarse*, v. r. to take a direction or line according to the voyage.

**Arrumblár**, v. a. to run down impetuously.—*Arrumblar*, v. a. to carry off the superficies of the ground. It is said of torrents.—*Arrumblar con todo*, to carry every thing, to leave nothing behind.

**Arrumúeco**, s. m. vid. *Arrumaco*.

**Arsenal**, s. m. dock, arsenal, a place to build ships and lay up all their stores.

**Arsénical**, adj. arsenical, containing arsenick.

**Arsénico**, s. m. arsenick; poison in general.

**Artadégua**, s. f. lousebane, a herb.

**Artaléte**, s. m. a little pye made with birds flesh minced.



**Artamúz, s. m. vid. Altramuz.**  
**Artár, v. a.** to force, to compel, any one.  
**Arte, s. f.** art; also workmanship and sagacity.—*Artemayór*, a sort of Spanish poetry.—Prov. *Quien tiene arte, vá por toda parte*, he that has a trade may get his living any where.—Prov. *Con arte, y con engañaño sé vive el medio año; con engañaño y con arte se vive la otra parte*, man lives one half year by art and deceit, and the rest he lives by deceit and art; that is, by cunning and cheating all his lifetime.  
**Artejo, s. m.** a. joint of a finger or a toe.  
**Artemisa, Artemisia, Artemissa,** } s. f. the herb mugwort.  
**Artemón, s. m.** the main sail of a galley, the mizen sail.  
**Arteramente, adv.** artificially.  
**Artéria, s. f.** sagacity, craft, cunning.—*Artéria, s. f.* an artery.  
**Arterial, adj.** belonging to the artery.  
**Arteriotomia, s. f.** arteriotomy, letting blood from the artery.  
**Artéro, adj.** cunning, deceitful, crafty.—Prov. *La muger artéra, el marido por la delanterá*, a subtle wife always observes her husband's commands.  
**Artésa, s. f.** a tray, or a trough; a boat like a tray hewed out of a tree.—*Artesa, s.* a trayful.  
**Artesano, s. m.** a handicraft man.  
**Artesilla, s. f.** a little tray.  
**Artesón, s. m.** a vaulted roof of an house.  
**Artesonado, adj.** a ceiling that is made like a tray, with the hollow part turned upwards.  
**Artesoncillo, s. m.** diminutive of *arteson*.  
**Artesones, s. m. pl.** great trays, or troughs to knead bread in, or the like.  
**Artesuela, s. f.** diminutive of *artesa*.  
**Artética, adj. fem.** the appellative of the gout that falls upon the joints and articulations.  
**Artéxo, s. m.** a small joint, as of a finger or toe.  
**Artica, s. f.** a piece of ground newly cultivated.  
**Artichófa, s. f. vid. Archacofa.**  
**Artico, adj.** arctic, northern.  
**Articulación, s. f.** articulation;

also the spring or shooting of twigs from joint to joint.  
**Articular, v. a.** to articulate in speaking; also to article, capitulate, or condition.  
**Artículo, s. m.** an article; also a joint.  
**Artifara, } s. f. in cant, bread.**  
**Artife, }**  
**Artifero, s. m.** in cant, a baker.  
**Artifice, s. m.** an artificer, a handicraft man; also a forger or contriver.  
**Artificial, adj.** artificial; fictitious.  
**Artificialmente, adv. vid. Artificiosamente.**  
**Artificio, s. m.** artifice; also art; also a trick, stratagem.  
**Artificiosamente, adv.** artificially, deceitfully, cunningly, craftily.  
**Artificioso, adj.** full of artifice or deceit; also according to art.  
**Artiga, s. f.** land newly ploughed, or dug, preparatory to cultivation.  
**Artillar, v. a.** to furnish with artillery.—*Artillarse, v. r.* in cant, to be ready armed.  
**Artillería, s. f.** artillery, ordnance.—*Poner toda la artillería*, to apply all the artillery; that is, to leave no stone unmoved.—*General de la artillería*, general of the artillery.  
**Artillero, s. m.** a gunner.  
**Artimáña, s. f.** art, cunning, sagacity, industry; also a snare.  
**Artimañoso, adj.** artful, cunning, deceitful.  
**Artimón, s. m.** the mizen-mast of a ship, which is the mast next the stern.  
**Artista, s. m.** an artist.  
**Artizado, adj.** done according to the rules of art.  
**Artetrógo, s. m.** a greedy gluttonous fellow.  
**Artrodia, s. f.** in surgery, a kind of joint or articulation of the bones.  
**Arúda, s. f. vid. Ruda.**  
**Arúlla, s. f.** diminutive of *ara*.  
**Aruñar, v. a.** to scratch with the nails.  
**Aruño, s. m.** the scratch made with the nails.  
**Aruñón, s. m.** the person who scratches with the nails; in cant, a pick-pocket.  
**Aruspice, s. m.** a soothsayer, a diviner, by looking into the bowels of beasts.

**Aruspicina, s. f.** the art or act of divining by bowels of beasts.  
**Arva, s. f. obs. a** barbarous word for a field.  
**Arvadillo, s. m.** a spinning-wheel.  
**Arvejál, s. m.** a place sowed with vetches.  
**Arvejálva, s. f.** a great wild sort of vetch.  
**Arvéjas, s. f. pl.** peas, but rather a sort of pulse like large vetches.  
**Arvejón, s. m.** a great vetch.  
**Arveola, s. f.** a bird so called.  
**Arvol, s. m. vid. Arbol.**  
**Arvolár, vid. Arbolár.**  
**Arvoléda, s. f. vid. Arboleda.**  
**Arvoledéro, adj. vid. Arboledero.**  
**Arvolillo, s. m. vid. Arbolillo.**  
**Arxóna, s. f. vid. Arjona.**  
**Aryténa, s. f.** the throat, the top of the wind-pipe, by which we fetch breath and form the voice.  
**Arza, s. f.** a great rope made fast to the mast with a pulley, which serves to heave goods into the ships.  
**Arze, s. f. vid. Azre.**  
**Arzenál, s. m. vid. Arcenal.**  
**Arzén, s. m.** the shore or sea-side, a bank to keep out water, a dyke.  
**Arzilla, s. f.** clay.  
**Arzillóso, adj.** full of clay.  
**Arzobispado, s. m.** archbishoprick; the state or jurisdiction of an archbishop; his dignity.  
**Arzobispál, adj.** belonging to an archbishop.  
**Arzobispo, s. m.** an archbishop.  
**Arzolla, s. f.** a green almond.  
**Arzón, s. m.** either the fore, or the hind part of the saddle; as,—*Arzón delantero*, the pommel of the saddle.—*Arzón trasero*, the hinder part of the saddle.—*Afirse al arzón*, to take hold on the fore or hind part of the saddle.  
**As, s. m.** an ace at cards or dice.—*Son tres dos y as*, there are three, two and one; said to a person who enlarges or makes more of a thing than it really is.  
**Asa, s. f.** the ear, or handle to hold any thing by; occasion, opportunity; in cant, the ear of a man.—*Amigo, del asa*, a great friend.—*Ser mui del asa*, to be a great friend.  
**Asabiendas, ad.** knowingly, purposely, designedly.

**Asaborcár, v. a.** to season, or relish.  
**Asacár, v. n.** obs. to plunder, to debauch.—*A saco; as, meter a saco*, to plunder.  
**Asadería, s. m.** vide *Asaderia*.  
**Asálo, p. p.** from *Asar*.  
**Asádo, s.** roasted meat.  
**Asadór, or Espédo, a'** spit on which meat is roasted.  
**Asadúra, s. f.** the pluck.  
**Asactear, v. a.** to shoot with arrows.  
**Asalaríar, v. a.** to keep at wages, to pay wages; from *salário*, wages.  
**Asaltár, v. a.** to set upon, to assault.  
**Asáto, s. m.** an attack; an assault.—*Asaltos*, adv. by leaps.  
**Asambiêa, s. f.** an assembly, or congregation of people.  
**Asár, v. a.** to roast.  
**Asarabacára, s. f.** the herb asarabacca.  
**Asáro, s. m.** idem.  
**Asasinár, v. a.** to assassinate, to murder.  
**Asasino, s. m.** an assassin, or murderer.  
**Asíz, adv.** enough.  
**Asbestino, adj.** belonging to a kind of stone, of which they make cloth, that was cleansed by burning in the fire.  
**Asbêsto, s. m.** a sort of native fossile stone endued with the property of remaining unconsumed in the fire. The ancients had the art of making it into cloth.  
**Ascalonia, s. f.** a sharlot.  
**Ascendência, s. f.** genealogy, ancestry.  
**Ascendente, s. m.** the part of the ecliptick at any particular time above the horizon, which is supposed by astrologers to have great influence.  
**Ascendêr, v. a.** to ascend, to go up.  
**Asrendiente, s. m.** forefather, progenitor.  
**Ascensión, s. f.** the visible ascension of our Lord into heaven.  
**Ascénso, s. m.** an ascent, or raising up.  
**Ascético, adj.** belonging to the practice and instruction of the Christian religion.  
**Ascios, s. m. pl.** the inhabitants of the torrid zone.  
**Ascite, s. f.** a particular species of dropsy.

**Ascetical, } adj.** belonging to  
**Ascítico, } that species of**  
**dropsy called ascite.**  
**A'sco, s. m.** a loathing.  
**Ascondêr, v. a.** vide *Esconder*.  
**Ascondidamênte, adv.** vide *Escondidamênte*.  
**Ascorôso, adv.** vide *Asqueroso*.  
**Ascosidad, s. f.** filth, uncleanness.  
**A'scua, s. f.** a burning fire.  
**Ascúras, adv.** for *aescuras*, in the dark.  
**Ascúso, adv.** secretly, privately.  
**Ascýro, s. m.** St. John's wort.  
**Asعادamênte, adv.** neatly, sprucely, nicely, cleanly, prettily, pleasingly.  
**Aseâr, v. a.** to adorn or compose any thing neatly.—*Asparse, v. r.* to adorn one's self neatly, cleanly.  
**Asécas, adv.** barely, drily; *as, comêr pan á secas*, to eat dry bread.  
**Asechânza, s. f.** vid. *Assechânza*.  
**Azeiâr, v. a.** to besiege.  
**Asédio, s. m.** a siege.  
**Asélga, s. f.** the herb called white beet.—*Asélga bráva*, the herb pondweed.  
**Asemejânza, adv.** to the likeness.  
**Asendereádo, adj.** beaten or trodden to a path, or like a path.  
**Asendrádo, adj.** idem.  
**Asénsio, s. m.** wormwood.  
**Asentár, v. a.** vide *Assentár*.  
**Asentir, v. a.** vide *Assentir*.  
**Aséo, s. m.** vide *Asséo*.  
**Asérico, s. m.** vide *Azérico*.  
**Aserravélas, adv.** vide *Aferavélas*.  
**Aserrár, v. a.** to saw.  
**Asesár, v. n.** to grow sober or wise.  
**Asesór, s. m.** an assessor, a lawyer joined in commission with a judge.  
**Asestar, v. a.** to take aim, to level a piece.  
**Aséalto, s. m.** vide *Asphalto*.  
**Asiál, s. m.** a barnacle to hold an unruly horse by the nose with.  
**Asidéro, s. m.** the ear or handle of any thing to take hold by.  
**Asidiâr, v. a.** obs. to besiege.  
**Asidilla, s. f.** diminutive of *asilla*.  
**Asidio, s. m.** obs. a siege.  
**Asiéto, s. m.** a seat; the situation of a place; settledness; sedateness; settling at the

bottom of any thing; a contract.  
**Asignár, v. a.** to assign, to appoint.  
**Asilla, s. f.** a little handle to hold any thing by; a small occason.  
**Asimimêto, s. m.** the action of catching.  
**Asinino, adj.** belonging to an ass.  
**Asío, s. m.** a kind of owl with feathers on her head like ears; a horn-owl.  
**Asir, v. a.** to lay hold of, to stick to, to gripe, to grasp.  
**Asistir, v. n.** to assist, to aid, to attend, to wait on.  
**A'sma, s. f.** an asthma.  
**Asmadúra, s. f.** } discretion,  
**Asmamiêto, s. m.** } judgment.  
**Asmár, v. a.** to judge any thing by conjecture; to dare to be bold; to be thoughtful.  
**Asmático, adj.** one that is troubled with an asthma.  
**A'sna, s. f.** a she ass.  
**Asnal, adj.** belonging to an ass; also rough, savage, ferocious. *Medias anales*, coarse stockings.  
**Asualmênte, adv.** ignorantly, foolishly, ass like.  
**Asnár, adj.** vide *Asnal*.  
**A'snas, s. f. pl.** little beans.  
**Asnázo, s. m.** a great ass.  
**Asnería, s. f.** a drove of asses.  
**Asnerizo, s. m.** an ass-driver, or keeper.  
**Agnêro, s. m.** a keeper of asses.  
**Asnico, } s. m.** a little ass.  
**Aspillo, } s. m.** a little ass.  
**Asnino, adj.** belonging to an ass.  
**A'sno, s. m.** an ass.—*Asno campes, asno campesino*, a wild ass.—*Asno sordêco*, an ass of the Sardinian breed, which are very serviceable.  
**Asobacár, v. a.** to truss up under the arm.  
**Asobarcár, v. a.** to lift up a weight.  
**Asolár, v. a.** to overthrow, destroy, or lay level with the ground; from *suelo*, to sun; from *sol*.  
**Asólas adv.** along.  
**Asoldadár, v. a.** to grow like a soldier, or turn soldier.  
**Asoleamimêto, s. m.** a sunning.  
**Asoleár, v. a.** to sun.  
**Asomár, v. n.** Assomar.  
**Asombrár, v. n.** vide *Assombrar*.



**Asonáda**, s. f. an alarm, a sudden noise.

**A'spa**, s. f. a reel for thread or yarn; also two sticks in form of a cross.—*Aspas de molino*, the sweeps of a wind-mill.—*Caballero de aspá*, a knight of the cross; that is, one that has been in the inquisition, because such are brought out in public, with a red and yellow cross hanging before and behind them, to be exposed to shame.

**Aspádo**, *da*, p. p. from *Aspar*.—*Aspado*, *metaph.* confined, restrained from action.

**Aspaláto**, s. m. the rose of Jerusalem, or our Lady's rose; also rosewood.

**Aspálto**, s. m. a dark, but transparent colour used in painting.

**Aspár**, v. a. to reel thread, or yarn; also to plague, to molest, to shame.

**Aspaviénto**, s. m. the counterfeit hectoring behaviour of a cowardly bully.

**Aspécto**, s. m. the aspect, look, air, appearance.—*Al primer aspecto*, at the first sight.

**Aspeluzár**, v. a. vide *Espeluzar*.

**Asperaménte**, adv. harshly, severely, bitterly, roughly, austere.

**Asperancia**, s. f. hope, trust, expectation. Obs.

**Asperésa**, s. f. vide *Aspereza*.

**Asperéar**, v. a. to make, or become harsh, sharp, bitter, rough, or austere.

**Asperéza**, s. f. harshness, roughness, austerity, severity.

**Aspérges**, s. m. aspersion, scandal; also, a sprinkling.

**Aspérgula**, s. f. an herb called goosegrass.

**Asperidád**, s. f. sharpness, roughness, harshness, austerity.

**Asperiegra**, s. f. a sort of apple of a pleasant taste, though somewhat sourish.

**A'spero**, adj. harsh, rough, austere, severe; also rugged, or craggy, as bad ways or mountains.

**Asperón**, s. m. a whetstone; also the beak of a ship or galley.

**Aspersión**, s. f. sprinkling; aspersion; detracting from another's character.

**Aspersório**, s. m. the instrument with which the water is sprinkled.

**Asperúra**, s. f. vide *Aspereza*.

**Asphálto**, s. m. a solid bituminous substance found swimming on the surface of lakes.

**Aspid**, s. m. the venomous creature called an asp.

**Aspiláto**, s. f. a sparkling gem so called.

**Aspiración**, s. f. aspiration; breathing.

**Aspiraménto**, s. m. blowing, breathing, aspiration.

**Aspirár**, v. a. to aspire, to have high thoughts, or aim at great things; also to aspirate, to pronounce with full breath.

**Aspiránte**, s. m. one that aspires.

**Asqueár**, v. a. to loath, or make nauseous, to nauseate.

**Asquerosaménte**, adv. nauseously, hatefully.

**Asquerosidád**, s. f. a loathing, nauseating; also a disgust.

**Asquerosito**, adj. one that is nicely squeamish.

**Asquerosó**, adj. loathsome; also loathing or squeamish.

**A'sre**, s. m. the maple-tree.

**A'sa**, s. f. the gum called laser, or master-wort.

**Asacár**, [or *Assacar*] v. a. to accuse falsely or calumniate. Obs.

**Asadería**, [or *Assadería*] s. f. a roasting kitchen.

**Asadéro**, s. m. meat that may be roasted; it is sometimes, but seldom, used for a spit, or for a turn-spit.

**Asaderillo**, diminutive of *asadéro*.

**Asádo**, [or *Assado*] s. m. roasted meat.

**Asadór**, [or *Assador*] s. m. a spit.

**Asadoráda**, s. f. a blow given with a spit.

**Asadoráxo**, s. m. a wound made by a spit.

**Asadorcilo**, s. m. a little spit.

**Asadúra**, [or *Assadura*] s. f. roasting; also the name of a duty upon beasts.

**Asadurilla**, s. f. a little pluck, such as a lamb's or kid's.

**Asaeteador**, s. m. one that shoots with arrows.

**Asaeteár**, [or *Assaetear*] v. a. to shoot with arrows.

**Asaeteádo**, *da*, p. p. from *Asaetear*.

**Asafetida**, s. f. the stinking gum called by some devil's dung.

**Asalariádo**, *da*, from *Asalariar*.

**Asalariár**, [or *Asalariar*] v. a. to allow a salary or wages.

**Asaltador**, s. m. the person

who attacks another, or assaults.

**Asaltár**, [or *Assaltar*] v. a. to assault, attack, or set upon.

**Asálto**, [or *Assalto*] s. m. an assault, an attack.

**Asamblea**, s. f. an assembly.

**Asampája**, s. f. a sort of fruit growing in India.

**Asañarse**, v. r. to be provoked, to be made angry.

**Asár**, [or *Assar*] v. a. to roast.—*Asarse*, v. r. to be roasted; to be sun-burnt; to be worked into a passion.

**Asarabáca**, s. f. the herb called asarabacca.—*Asusinado*, *da*, p. p. from *Asusinar*.

**Asasinár**, [or *Assasinar*] v. a. to kill any one by laying in wait or ambush for him.

**Asasináto**, s. m. the action of killing any body treacherously.

**Asasino**, [or *Assasino*] s. m. an assassin, a murderer.

**Asayádo**, *da*, p. p. from *Asayar*.

**Asayár**, v. n. to endeavour to attempt to do any thing, to make a trial.

**Asáz**, adv. enough.

**Aseálico**, adj. neatish; diminutive of *aseado*.

**Aseár**, v. a. to make neat or curious.

**Asechador**, s. m. one that watches, observes, or spies.

**Asechánza**, s. f. snare, wile, contrivance to entrap another; spying, watching or observing.

**Asechár**, v. a. to watch, to observe, to spy, to peep.

**Asécla**, s. m. a page, a lacquey.

**Asecládo**, adj. smooth like silk.

**Aseclár**, v. a. to besiege.

**Asedio**, s. m. a siege.

**Aseglarádo**, adj. a priest or churchman layman like.

**Asegundár**, v. a. to second.

**Aseguración**, s. f. security.

**Aseguradaménte**, adv. securely, assuredly, without doubt.

**Asegurador**, s. m. assurer, securer, insurer.

**Aseguramiénto**, s. m. security, insurance.

**Aseguránza**, s. f. assurance, security, insuring.

**Asegurar**, v. a. to assure, secure, or insure.

**Asemejanza**, s. f. likeness.

**Asemejár**, v. a. to liken to another.—*Asemejarse*, v. r. to be like.

**Asendeár, v. a.** to beat or tread a path; also to pursue, chase, or follow; to perplex, vex, or tire.

**Asengladúra, s. f.** the leagues that a vessel goes in four and twenty hours.

**Acénsio, s. m.** wormwood.

**Asénso, s. m.** assent or consent.

**Aséntada, s. f.** all at once, altogether.

**Asentaderas, s. f. pl.** the but-tocks.

**Asentador, s. m.** a major-general that marks the ground for a camp, or one who quarters the troops.

**Asentamiento, s. m.** settling; also a contract.

**Asentár, v. a.** to place, to settle, to seat, to sit; also to assure, to confirm; also to agree or to annote, to write down.—*Asentarse, en cuéllas*, to sit on one's hams.—*Asentár el real*, to encamp.—*Asentár piedras*, to lay stones as a mason does.—*Asentár en libro*, to book down.—*Asentár la mano, ó el guante*, to chastise, or punish.—*Asentár*, in fencing to lay down the foils.—*Asentár, a la guera*, to list for a soldier.—*Asentár casa*, to settle to house-keeping.—*Asentár el licor*, to settle.—*Asentár el pié*, to live a settled, sober life.—*Asentár a mercedes como gavalán*, to take service under some great person without any certain wages, but only to be at the courtesy of the master, and be maintained on what is given.—*Asentár el juicio*, to be wise, prudent, quiet.—*Quando se la asentara el juicio*, when will you be wise?

**Asentido, da, p. p.** from *Asentir*.

**Asentir, v. n.** to assent, or be of the same opinion.

**Asentista, s. m.** one that keeps a register; also an undertaker, a receiver of the king's revenue.

**Aséo, s. m.** neatness.

**Aserár, v. a.** to settle, to grow sober. *Qba.*

**Aserradero, s. m.** a saw-pit.

**Aserrador, s. m.** a sawyer.

**Aserraduras, s. f. pl.** saw-dust.

**Aserrár, v. a.** to saw.

**Aserto, adj.** asserted, affirmed.

**Aservár, v. a.** to keep, to preserve.

**Asesár, v. n.** to grow steady, sober, or wise.

**Asesino, s. m.** vide *Asasino*.

**Asesor, s. m.** assessor, lawyer commissioned to sit on the bench with a judge.

**Asesoria, s. f.** the setting on the bench with a judge, or the assessor's allowance.

**Asestadero, s. m.** the place where persons retire from the heat of the day.

**Asestador, s. m.** one that aims, levels, props or supports.

**Asestadura, s. f.** aiming, leveling, propping.

**Asestár, v. a.** to aim, to level, to prop, to support.—*Asestarse, v. a.* to go right against; to be aimed at.

**Aseveración, s. f.** asseveration, affirmation.

**Aseserár, v. a.** to affirm, to alledge earnestly.

**Así, adv. so.**—*Así me estoy*, I am in the same condition, or I am indifferent.—*Así mismo*, adv. even so; also, moreover. *Como así?* how so?—*Así que*, adv. so that.

**Asidero, [or Asidero] s. m.** any handle to take hold of; also an occasion or opportunity.

**Asiduo, adj.** diligent, assiduous.

**Asiento, [or Asiento] s. m.** seat, chair, situation; also the settling of any liquor; also a contract, or bargain.—*Asiento de muela*, the gums, or that part of them where the hind gums stick.—*Asientos de puños*, the edge of the sleeves to which the wristbands are sewed.—*Asientos de los pies*, the soles of the feet.—*Asientos*, they call pearls that are flat on one side; also the receipts of the king's revenue, or contracts for receiving it.—*Asiento de edificio*, the situation of a house.—*Estar de asiento*, to be settled.—*Hacer asiento*, to settle about the bottom of a vessel, as liquors that are not fine.

**Asignación, s. f.** appointment, assignment.

**Asignár, v. a.** to appoint, to assign.

**Asignatura, s. f.** that treatise on any science to be read every year by a professor in a university.

**Asila, [or Asilla] s. f.** a little handle to hold by.

**Asimésimo, adv.** also, likewise.

**As milación, s. f.** resemblance, exact copy.

**Asimilar, v. n.** to grow, or to become like, or to compare to.

**Asimilativo, adj.** exactly copied, bearing a near resemblance.

**Asimismo, adv.** vide *Asimesmo*.

**Asin, adv.** obs. for *así*.

**Asir, v. a.** vide *Asir*.

**Asisia, s. f.** an evidence, affirmation, or deposition of witnesses taken in writing. *Obs.*

**Asistancia, s. f.** being in presence.—*Asistencia*, s. f. help, or defence, safeguard, assistance.

**Asistente, s. f.** a servant who waits on the maids of honour; also a maid servant.

**Asistente, s. f.** assistant, helper; also one that is in presence.—*Asistente*, a governor.

**Asistir, v. n.** to assist, to aid; also to be present.—*Asistir a algúno*, to assist or help any one.—*Asistir la razón a algúno*, for reason and justice to assist any one; that is, when reason and justice is on his side.

**Asociación, s. f.** association, a society; also the act of giving an assessor to a judge.

**Asociarse, v. r.** to go in company, to take a partner in trade, to adopt as a friend.

**Asolación, s. f.** wasting, ruining, or destroying; also sunning.

**Asolador, s. m.** one that wastes, destroys, and levels with the ground.

**Asoladura, s. f.** wasting, destroying, levelling with the ground.

**Asolamiento, s. m.** idem.

**Asolarse, v. r.** to be scorched with the eastern wind.

**Asolar, v. a.** to waste, destroy, lay level with the ground; from *suelo*, to sun, from *sol*.

**Asolarse, v. r.** to refine, to purify as waters do when the mud subsides or sinks down.

**Asolcar, v. a.** to make furrows, to plough, to cut through as a ship does in the sea.

**Asoldamiento, s. m.** pay, wages, hire.

**Asoldár, v. a.** to keep in pay, to give wages.

**Asolar, v. a.** to sun.—*Asolarse, v. r.* to be hurt by the heat of the sun, to be sunburnt.

**Asoltár, v. a.** obs. vide *Soltár*.

**Asolvado, adj.** as *rio asolvado*, a river that is choked up with sand or mud.



**Asomáda**, s. f. a short appearance.  
**Asomádo**, adj. looking out, appearing at a window; also drunkish.  
**Asomár**, v. n. to begin to show itself, to peep.—*Asomarse*, v. r. to look out at a window, or the like.  
**Asombradizo**, adj. that is easily frightened.—*Caballo asombradizo*, a starting horse.  
**Asombrador**, s. m. one that frights others.  
**Asombramiento**, s. m. fear or terror.  
**Asombrar**, v. a. to fright, or scare; also to shadow; also to astonish, to move admiration.  
**Asómbro**, s. m. fright, terror; also a prodigy.  
**Asomáda**, s. f. } the looking out,  
**Asómo**, s. m. } or appearing of  
 a man or other thing, as at a window, or such like place. Peeping out; as, *asóma el día*, the day peeps.—*Prov. Mas va de una traspueta que dos asomados*, once scampering is worth twice looking out, or peeping; that is, one pair of heels is worth two pair of hands.—*Asomada de guerra*, an appearance of war, and a warlike exploit.—*Ni por asomo pensé en tal cosa*, it never came into my mind, I never thought of it.  
**Asonada**, [or *Asonada*] s. f. a sound, a noise, a rumour, a report, a commotion.—*Asonada de guerra*, a rumour of war, warlike preparations.  
**Asonador**, s. m. one that sets tunes; also one that raises men. Obs.  
**Asonamiento**, s. m. vide *Asonada*.  
**Asonancia**, s. f. the sound or melody of an instrument or the voice; also the consonance of Spanish verses.  
**Asonantado**, adj. speaking of verses those are *asonantados*, that do not answer with an exact rhyme, but only with an assonance.  
**Asonante**, s. m. an assonant, a word that rhymes almost with another, as *cielo* to *bueno*.  
**Asonar**, v. a. to tune, to sound, to raise, to cause commotions.—*Asonar*, v. a. to enlist soldiers.

**Asoplar**, v. a. vide *Soplar*.  
**Asordadura**, s. f. } making  
**Asordamiento**, s. m. } deaf.  
**Asordar**, v. a. to deafen, or make deaf.  
**Asosegadamente**, adv. quietly.  
**Asosegadamente**, s. m. peace, pacification.  
**Asosegar**, v. a. to pacify, to quiet, to appease.  
**Asotanado**, adj. belonging to the lower part of an house.  
**Asueto**, s. m. a vacation-day.—*Asueto*, adj. accustomed.  
**Asulcar**, v. a. to make furrows, to plough up.  
**Asunción**, s. f. vide *Asuncion*.  
**Asumir**, v. a. to assume.  
**Asúmpito**, s. m. vide *Asunto*.  
**Asunción**, s. f. assumption, taking up; the feast of the Assumption of the blessed Virgin.  
**Asunto**, p. p. of *asumir*, taken up, or added.—*Asunto*, s. m. what is added, and the subject of a discourse.  
**Asurar**, v. a. to burn as victuals do in the pot.  
**Asurcar**, v. a. to furrow.  
**Asustar**, v. a. to frighten, to cause a fright or a fear.  
**A'sta**, s. f. the staff of a lance, spear, or pike; any long staff.  
**Astar**, v. a. in cant, to inlarge.  
**A'stas**, s. f. a stag's horn.  
**Asterisco**, s. m. an asterisk.  
**Astil**, s. m. the staff of a javelin, the handle of a spade, pick-ax, or any such utensil; the stalk of any herb.—*Astil de columna*, the body or shaft of a pillar or column.  
**Astilla**, s. f. a slip, a splinter.—*Astilla*, in cant, a small cheat; a petty larceny.—*Astilla muerta*, sea-term, as much of the ship's sides as is above water.  
**Astillado**, adj. made chips or splinters.  
**Astilladura**, s. making of chips; also, the chips themselves.  
**Astillar**, v. a. to make chips; also to splinter a broken bone, and to set upon a staff.—*Astillazos de tabernas*, in cant, money spent or lost at the tavern.  
**Astillejo**, s. m. the constellation called Orion, the two twins.  
**Astillera**, s. f. the place where they laid up their spears or lances.

**Astillero**, s. m. a dock to build ships in; a rack to place arms on, or any rack over a chimney.  
**Astinencia**, s. f. abstinence.  
**Astinente**, adj. abstinent, temperate.  
**Astragal**, s. m. the astragal, being a rounding, joining immediately to the square or dye of a pillar, or column; also the ankle-bone of the foot.  
**Astrágalo**, s. m. astragal.  
**Astral**, adj. belonging to the stars.  
**Astreñir**, v. a. to compel, to force.  
**Astricto**, p. p. of *astreñir*.  
**Astrifero**, adj. carrying or supporting a star or many stars.  
**Astringente**, adj. binding.  
**Astringir**, v. a. to bind together.  
**Astro**, s. m. any of the luminous bodies in heaven, such as sun, moon, star, planet.  
**Astrolábio**, s. m. an astrolabe, a mathematical instrument to observe the motion of the stars.  
**Astrólogo**, adj. astrological.  
**Astrologia**, s. f. astrology.  
**Astrológico**, adj. astrological.  
**Astrólogo**, s. m. an astrologer.  
**Astronomía**, s. f. astronomy.  
**Astronómico**, adj. astronomical.  
**Astrónomo**, s. m. an astronomer.  
**Astrosamente**, adv. loathsomely, shabbily, poorly; also unfortunately.  
**Astróso**, adj. loathsome, poor, shabby, ragged, dirty; also unlucky, or born under an ill planet.  
**Astúcia**, s. f. subtilty, craft, cunning.  
**Asturión**, s. m. a little horse, a small nag, or pad.  
**Astutamente**, adv. craftily, subtilly, cunningly.  
**Astuto**, adj. subtle, cunning, crafty.  
**Asúso**, adv. above.  
**Asýlo**, s. m. a sanctuary, or place of refuge.  
**Asymetria**, s. f. asymetry, contrariety to symmetry, disproportion.  
**Asymptotos**, s. f. pl. right lines, which approach nearer and nearer to some curve, but never meet it.  
**Asyndeton**, s. f. a figure in

grammar, when a conjunction copulative is omitted.

*Ata*, s. f. a tree so called.—*Ata*, prep. until. Obs.

*Atabacado*, adj. snuff coloured.

*Atabál*, s. m. a kettle-drum.

*Atabalégo*, s. m. a small kettle-drum.

*Atabaléro*, s. m. a kettle drummer.

*Atabalillo*, s. m. a little kettle-drum.

*Atabardillado*, adj. belonging to the spotted fever.

*Atábe*, s. m. a breathing hole, a vent.

*Atablár*, v. a. to smooth the earth with boards.

*Ataca*, s. f. a ladle. Obs.

*Atacado*, adj. in cant, stabbed.

*Atacadór*, s. m. a lace, such as women use to their stays. In martial affairs, a rammer of a gun. In cant, a dagger.

*Atacadura*, s. f. lacing.

*Atacamiento*, s. m. vide *Atacadura*.

*Atacár*, v. a. to lace on stays, bodices, or the like; also in martial affairs to attack; also to tease, to ask with importunity; in cant, to stab.—*Atacar calzas*, to lace or tie up one's breeches.—*Atacar un arcabúz*, to ram down the charge in a musket.—*Calzas atacadas*, anciently, breeches and stockings in one piece, that they used to lace to the waistcoat.—*Hombre de calzas atacadas*, a man very ceremonious.—*Atacarse*, v. r. to catch at; to tie one's self to; to be puzzled; to puzzle; to be bewildered.

*Atadéras*, s. f. pl. garters.

*Atadéro*, s. m. a rope or cord.

*Atadijo*, s. m. a little bundle.

*Atadillo*, s. m. a small bundle or parcel tied up.—*Atadillo de almizcle*, a musk cod.

*Atadór*, s. m. one that binds, or ties; or the string or cord that ties.

*Atadúra*, s. f. tying; also a band, or string.

*Atafagado*, da, p. p. from *Atafagar*.

*Atafagar*, v. a. to put one in a passion, to make angry; also to suffocate, to importune, to trouble.—*Atafagarse*, v. r. to be in a passion, to be angry.

*Atafén*, s. f. a surfeit.

*Atafarra*, s. f. vide *Atabarre*.

*Ataharradura*, s. f. cruppering; and thence trussing, or binding up.

*Ataharrár*, v. a. to crupper a beast; thence to truss up, to bind up.

*Ataharre*, s. m. a crupper, but generally for a beast of burthen.

*Atahóna*, s. f. an ass or a horse-mill.

*Atahonar*, v. a. to grind in a mill.

*Atahonéro*, s. m. a miller.

*Atahórna*, } s. f. the great eagle  
*Atahórna*, } called an osprey.

*Atajadizo*, s. m. a small closet contrived out of a room.

*Atajador*, s. m. he that cuts through any place or path in order to shorten his way.—*Atajader*, s. m. the officer that goes every where exploring where the enemy is when the armies are within reach.—*Atajador*, s. m. one that cuts off, stops, or prevents, that runs down, or puts others out of countenance.—*Atajamiento de sangre*, stopping of blood.

*Atajár*, v. a. to cut off, to stop away, to prevent, to take the short cut, to be brief, to put out of countenance.—*Atajár ganado*, to drive away cattle, to steal it.—*Atajár camino*, to stop a way, to take the shortest way.—*Atajár el enemigo*, to cut off an enemy's retreat, or provisions.—*Atajár pleyto*, to withdraw one's plea.

*Atajár razones*, to make few words.—*Atajarse un hombre*, to be out of countenance, to be run down, to have nothing to say for himself.

*Atajasolázes*, s. m. a disturber of mirth, a messenger of ill news.

*Ataísór*, s. m. a deep dish for soup, or pottage; also a round table.

*Atájo*, s. m. a short cut in the road; also a stop in the way, or a wear in a river, or a stile in a hedge.—*Atájo de ganado*, a number of cattle.—Prov. No áy atájo sin trabajo, there is no short cut without some trouble; that is, there is no convenience without an inconvenience.

*Atajuélo*, s. m. diminut. of *atájo*.

*Atál*, adv. so that.

*Ataladrár*, v. a. to bore, to pierce with a wimble.

*Atalár*, v. a. vide *Talar*.

*Ataláya*, s. f. a watch-tower, or a centinel, or person that stands to discover, or watch. In cant, a thief.

*Atalayador*, s. m. centinel, watch, spy in war.

*Atalayamiento*, s. m. watching, or looking out to discover.

*Atalayár*, v. a. to stand centinel, or be upon the watch upon a high place or aboard a ship.—*Atalayár*, to observe studiously the actions of one's self, or another.

*Atalcár*, v. a. vide *Atalayar*.

*Atalón*, s. m. vide *Talon*.

*Atalvina*, s. f. a sort of hasty pudding made of almonds, milk, and flower.

*Atambór*, s. m. a drum, or the drummer.

*Atamborcillo*, s. m. a little drum.

*Atamboreár*, v. a. to beat a drum.

*Atamienio*, s. m. slothfulness, or a remissness of mind or spirits; cowardice.—*Atamienlo*, a tying, or binding; unhandiness.

*Atán*, a comparative article, obs. the same as *tan*, so much.

*Atanasia*, s. f. the herb tansy.

*Atancár*, v. a. to press or squeeze.—*Atancár*, to be fast, that one cannot get out; to stick.

*Atañedéro*, adj. pertaining, or belonging to.

*Atañer*, v. imp. to belong, to appertain.—*Atañer*, v. a. to detain, to keep back.—*Atañeme acá esa búrta*, stop that ass for me.

*Atanés*, adv. until.

*Atanór*, s. m. a conduit, or pipe to convey water, a water-cock.

*Atanguía*, s. f. a plaister used to pull off hair, sometimes a pair of nippers to pull out hairs.—*Atanguia*, a gross sort of silk.

*Atáno*, adv. so far as.—*Atáno*, adj. so great. Vide *Tanto*.

*Atapador*, s. m. a stopper, or cover.

*Atapadura*, s. f. stopping, or covering.

*Atapar*, v. a. to stop, to cover; metaph. to conceal.



Atapiár, v. a. vide Tapiar.

Atapierna, s. f. a garter.

Ataque, s. m. attack, assault.

Ataqué, s. f. a planting of new vines.

Ataquizador, s. m. the man who plants the new vines.

Ataquizár, v. a. to plant new vines, where the old ones are either withered or dead.

Atár, v. a. to tie, to bind; also to hinder.—*Loco de atár*, a madman, an enraged furious person.—*Atarse*, v. r. to be beside one's self.—*Ni áta ni desáta*, he neither ties, nor unties; that is, he says nothing to the purpose, or that thing is not to the purpose. As some say, it is neither here nor there.—Prov. *Quien bien áta, bien desáta*, he that ties well, unties well; equivalent to fast bind, fast find.

Ataracéa, s. f. a well prepared mixture of two colours. Vide Taracea.

Ataracéar, v. r. to adorn with many colours.

Atarantado, adj. stung by the tarantula; applied to any one that moves frequently his head and body.

Atarascár, v. a. to wound in the face with a sword.

Atarazana, s. f. dock, arsenal, place to build ships; also a storehouse, a magazine.—*Atarazana*, a wine cellar; and (in cant) the place where thieves conceal the things they have stolen.

Atarazanal, s. m. vide Atarazana.

Atarazár, v. a. to pull in pieces, tear.

Atarse, s. f. the tamarisk-tree.

Ataréa, s. f. a task of work to be done.

Atareár, v. a. to set a task.—*Atarearse*, v. r. to set one's self a task.

Atarragár, v. a. to fit shoes on the horse.

Atarraña, s. f. a fishing or fowling net.

Atarréa, s. f. vide Ataharre.

Atarugamiento, s. m. a wedge; a large skewer.

Atarugár, v. a. to wedge any thing.—*Atarugar*, metaph. to cut any one short in conversation.—*Atarugado*, da, p. p. from *Atarugar*.

Atarxéa, s. f. a case of bricks made to screen the water-pipes from being spoilt.

Atasajado, adj. broke or cut in pieces.

Atascadero, s. m. a marshy place; an obstruction in doing any thing.—*Atascadero*, a place where carriages or cattle stick in the mire.

Atascár, v. a. to calk a vessel; that is, to stop up all the crannies with oakum.—*Atascarse*, v. r. to stick in the mire, to be fast that one cannot get out, to run one's self into straits or difficulties.

Atavál, s. m. vide Atabal.

Ataválero, s. m. vide Atabalero.

Ataúd, s. m. a coffin.

Ataviadaménte, adv. finely.

Ataviár, v. a. to dress, to adorn, to set off.

Atavillár, v. a. to fold together.

Atavío, s. m. apparel, ornament, dress.

Ataurique, s. m. in building, a Moorish ornament over a door.

Atauxia, s. f. damasking on metal; inlaying one metal with another; also the fine gilding we see on sword-blades, or the like.

Ataxia, s. f. vide Atarxéa.

Atayfór, s. m. vide Ataífor.

Ataymado, s. m. vide Taymado.

Ate, adv. vide Ante. Obs.

Atediarse, v. r. to be weary, to be tired.

Atémér, v. a. vide Temer.

Atemorizár, v. a. to put into a fear, to make one afraid, to scare, to daunt.

Atemperar, } v. a. to moderate,  
Atemplar, } to appease.

Atenaceár, v. a. to nip, or pull piece-meal with pincers.

Atenazadas, adv. by nips of pincers,

Atenazár, v. a. to nip or pull in pieces with pincers; from *tenazas*, pincers.

Atención, s. f. attention, application; also respect, politeness.

Atendár, v. n. to pitch tents, to encamp.

Atendér, v. a. to attend, to give ear; also to wait on.

Atenedór, s. m. a party-man.

Atenér, v. a. obs. to keep peace with others.—*Atenarse*,

v. r. to stick to a thing, to stand to it.

Atentadaménte, adv. carefully, attentively, deliberately; also politely.

Atentado, adj. that proceeds with caution.—*Atentado*, s. m. a sentence or decree of a judge contrary to law.

Atentaménte, adv. attentively, carefully, respectfully, politely.

Atentar, v. a. to attempt but more properly to feel, or grope as in the dark.—*Atentarse*, v. r. to do things with deliberation, to be solid, or stayed.

Aténto, adj. heedful, attentive, careful; also polite, courteous.—*Aténto*, adv. about that, for which cause.

Atenuación, s. f. a wasting or consuming away; also tenuity; growing thin.

Atenuár, v. r. to attenuate, to spend, to waste, to consume.

Atenuarse, v. r. to be wasted, to be wore away.

Atercianado, adj. belonging to the *terciana*, or tertian day ague.

Atercerse, to starve or grow stiff with cold.

Atercido, adj. starved, or grown stiff with cold.

Aterecimiento, starving or growing stiff with cold.

Atericiarse, v. r. to be ill of the jaundice.

Aterido, adj. starved, or stiff with cold; also slothful, lazy.

Aterirse, vide Aterecerse.

Aterifado, adj. stupid.

Ateritarse, v. r. to be stupid.—*Aterrado*, da, p. p. from *Aterrar*.

Aterramiento, s. m. a destruction, a levelling to the ground.

Aterrár, v. a. to throw down, to pull down, to terrify, to fright; to humble.—*Aterrarse*, v. r. to come near the land (a sea-term).

Aterréro, adv. *firar á terréro*, to shoot at a settled mark, to a sure mark, to shoot point blank.

Aterrónado, adj. cloddy, full of clods.

Aterrorizár, v. a. to strike terror or fear in any one, to amaze, to surprise.

Atesar, v. a. to make hard.

Atesorár, v. a. vide Athesorar.

Atestación, s. f. attesting, witnessing.

Atestado, adj. crammed, stuffed full.—*Villano atestado de ajos*, a clown stuffed with garlick; that is, a surly, unmannerly clown.

Atestador, s. m. one that witnesses, or one that stuffs or crams.

Atestamiento, s. m. the act of stuffing or ramming any thing down.

Atestar, v. a. to stuff, to cram full, to ram down; also to test fy, or bear witness.

Atestiguación, s. f. a deposition or charge.—*Atestiguado*, da, p. p. from *Atestiguar*.—*Atestiguado*, s. m. confirmed.

Atestiguador, s. m. one that testifies, affirms, or witnesses.

Atestiguiamiento, s. m. testifying, witnessing.

Atestiguar, v. a. to testify, to witness.

Atetar, v. a. to give suck.

Atezamiento, s. m. the action of blacking the face, or daubing it.

Atezar, v. a. to black or daub the face, or besmear it with soot, charcoal, &c.—*Atezar*, v. r. to acquire blackness, by reason of the heat of the climate.

Athanasia, s. f. the herb tansy.

Atheísmo, s. m. atheism.

Atheista, s. m. or Atheo, an atheist.

Athéo, s. m. an atheist.

Athéra, s. f. a kind of pudding made very thin.

Athesorar, v. a. to treasure up.

Athleta, s. m. wrestler, champion.

Athleticamente, adv. in an athletick manner, with great strength, with most manly vigour.

Athlético, adj. athletick, belonging to wrestling.

Atibiar, v. n. vide Entibiar.

Atiborar, to fill any thing with lees or dross.

Atico, adj. belonging to the Attick order in architecture.

Aticurga, adj. the appellative of the base of an Attick pillar.

Atiempo, adv. in time, in season.

Atientas, adv. carelessly, without deliberation, without

thought, groping in the dark.

Atiento, adv. the same as *atientas*.

Atiesado, da, p. p. from *Atiesar*.

Atiesar, v. a. to stiffen.

Atiesto, s. m. the act of filling up wine-vessels with wine after it has somewhat diminished by settling or evaporation.

Atildadura, s. f. elegance, finery in dress; also the filing, polishing, or refining of any thing.

Atildar, v. a. to put any writing in perfect order, according to the strictest rules of orthography; *metaph.* to note, to remark any one for good or bad character.—*Atildarse*, v. r. to be elegant, or fine in dress.

Atinadamente, adv. judiciously, discreetly.

Atinado, adj. guessed, or hit upon by guess; also, judicious, discreet.—*Atinado*, s. m. a prudent, deliberate, cautious, wise man.

Atinar, v. a. to guess right, to find, to hit upon things by guess.

Atincár, s. m. borace, a sort of gum used in soldering of gold.

Atino, s. m. good guess, judgment, discretion, foresight.

Atiplada, adj. f. treble, that reaches high in music.

Atiplar, v. a. to sharpen the sound.—*Atiplarse*, v. r. to pass suddenly from a grave to an acute note or sound in singing or playing.—*A tira mas tira*, adv. pell-mell, confusedly, tumultuously.

Atiriciár, v. a. to grow yellow countenanced, to fall into the jaundice.

Atisbadór, s. m. the person who discovers, perceives.

Atisbadura, s. f. a discovering, perception, knowledge.

Atisbar, v. a. to perceive, to discover, to understand, to comprehend.

Atizador, s. m. one that stirs up or kindles fire; also one that provokes, or sets people to quarrel; also a poker.—*Atizar una pendencia*, to heighten a quarrel.

Atizonar, v. a. to repair old walls with brick or stone.

Atlantes, s. m. pl. timbers, or stones in a building

which sustain the beams and joists.

Atlantides, s. f. pl. the stars called Pleiades, or seven stars.

Atleta, s. m. vide Athleta.

Atmosfera, s. f. the atmosphere.

Atmosférico, adj. atmospherick, belonging to the atmosphere.

A'to, s. m. vide Hato.

Atoar, v. a. to tow a great ship with a small vessel.

Atobar, v. a. to fasten any one's mind; that is, to astonish, or surprise.—*Atobarse*, v. r. to remain astonished and confused.

Atocateja, adv. directly, immediately.

Atócha, s. f. the outside of the plant called *esparto*, after the *esparto* is taken out, when it remains bruised and beaten so soft, that it serves to put into beds instead of straw.

Atochado, adj. foolish, soft-pated, dull, stupid.

Atochál, ó Atochar, s. m. a broom-field, or close.

Atochamiento, s. m. growing dull, or foolish.

Atochar, v. a. to stuff with broom.

Atocinar, v. a. beastly, brutal.

*Atocinar*, v. a. *metaph.* to kill.—*Atocinarse*, v. r. to be in a passion.

Atóle, s. m. a drink so called.

Atoladál, s. m. a bog, a quagmire, a slough, or dirty place, where cattle or carts stick.

Atolladero, s. m. a bog.—

*Atolladero*, s. m. an obstacle.

Atolladura, s. f. sticking in the mire.

Atollar, v. n. to stick in the mire or otherwise, so that one cannot stir without help.—

*Atollarse*, v. r. to labour under difficulties, to meet with obstructions, to be hindered.

Atolondrado, da, p. p. from *Atolondrar*.

Atolondrar, v. a. to knock any one on the head with any thing.—*Atolondrarse*, v. r. to be stupified, to be put beside one's self.

Atolondronar, v. a. to stupify, to put a man beside himself.

Atómo, s. m. an atom.

Atonado, adj. obs. astonished, amazed, beside himself.

Atonarse, v. r. obs. to be



astonished, or amazed, or beside himself.  
**Atónico**, adj. astonished, amazed.  
**Atontadamente**, adv. rashly, inconsiderately, foolishly.  
**Atontado**, adj. foolish, or silly.  
**Atontamiento**, s. m. foolishness, rashness.  
**Atontar**, v. n. to grow foolish.  
**Atontas**, adv. foolishly.  
**Atoradamente**, adv. entirely.  
**Atorar**, v. a. to press, squeeze, or ram one thing into another.  
**Atordir**, v. a. obs. vide **Aturdir**.  
**Atorgar**, v. a. to grant, to permit.  
**Atornecer**, v. n. vide **Adornecer**.  
**Atornecimiento**, s. m. vide **Adornecimiento**.  
**Atordir**, v. a. obs. vide **Aturdir**.  
**Atornetador**, s. m. tormentor; executioner; also a very troublesome or offensive person.  
**Atornetamiento**, s. m. a tormenting, a vexing, troubling, perplexing.  
**Atornetar**, v. a. to torment, to rack, to put to great pain; to vex, to fret.  
**Atornar**, v. a. to enclose, to compass about.  
**Atorollar**, v. a. vide **Aturullar**.  
**Atortolar**, v. a. to strike terror or fear, to make as timorous as a dove.  
**Atortujar**, v. a. to squat; or squeeze a thing flat as a tortoise.  
**Atorzonar**, v. a. to give the gripes, or twisting of the guts.  
**Atorzonarse**, v. r. to be troubled or vexed with the gripes, as horses.  
**Atosigador**, s. m. one who gives poison; also one that teazes with importunity.  
**Atosigamiento**, s. m. the act of giving poison.  
**Atosigar**, v. a. to intoxicate, to poison; also to vex with importunity.  
**Atrabancado**, *di*, p. p. from **Atrabancar**.  
**Atrabancar**, v. a. to hurry a work on; to make more haste than good speed.  
**Atrabilar**, adj. atrabilarian, melancholy.  
**Atrabilis**, s. f. black choler, melancholy.  
**Atracar**, *y*. a. to throw the grappling irons aboard a ship.

**Atracarse**, v. r. to join ships together by grappling irons.—  
**Atracarse**, v. r. *metaph.* to eat and drink enormously.  
**Atracción**, s. f. attraction.  
**Atractivo**, adj. attractive, or drawing to.  
**Atractyl**, s. m. wild bastard saffron.  
**Atraer**, v. a. to attract, to draw, to allure.—**Atrafagar**, v. n. to tire any one.—**Atrafagarse**, v. r. to harass one's self with too much business.  
**Atragantarse**, v. r. to be choaked by the victuals in the throat.  
**Atrágo**, adv. by gulps.  
**Atrahér**, v. a. to attract, to draw something.—**Atrahér**, v. a. to attract, to allure, to invite, to entice.  
**Atraidorado**, adj. traitor-like, treacherous.—**Atraidorado**, adj. treacherous, traitorous, treasonous, treasonable, having the nature or guilt of treason.  
**Atraidoramente**, adv. treacherously, deceitfully.—**Atraidoramente**, adv. treacherously, treasonably.  
**Atraillar**, v. a. to draw, drag, or lead a ship or leash.  
**Atramiento**, s. m. attracting, drawing, or alluring.  
**Atraparaiz**, adv. quite pulled, or torn up by the roots.  
**Atramúzes**, s. m. pl. vide **Altramuzes**.  
**Atrancár**, v. a. to bar, to make fast with a bar; also to take large steps; to step over a ditch, or the like.  
**Atrapár**, v. a. to overtake.  
**Atrás**, adv. behind.—**De tiempos atrás**, of former times.—**Atrás**, *máno*, behind-hand.  
**Atrasado**, adj. behind-hand with the world, indebted; also behind, or short in the way.  
**Atrasamiento**, s. m. vide **Atraso**.  
**Atrasar**, v. a. to put behind, to keep back.—**Atrasarse**, v. r. to stay behind, to run in debt.  
**Atrasmano**, adv. aside, out of the way, out of the reach.  
**Atrás**, s. m. the loss of wealth, or of any other thing.  
**Atravancár**, v. a. obs. vide **Atravessar**.  
**Atravesar**, s. m. a beam or a piece of timber that stands or is placed across.

**Atravesar**, or **Atravessar**, v. a. to cross, or lay across.—  
**Atravesar a uno con la espada**, to run a man through.—  
**Atravesar el corazón**, to grieve to the heart, to move to compassion.—  
**Atravesar la calle**, to cross the street.—  
**Atravesar en el juego**, to bar, to cast.—  
**Atravesarse**, v. r. to interpose; to interrupt; to break off; to be contrary; to mediate.  
**Atravesía**, s. f. vide **Travesía**.  
**Atrazadera**, s. f. a bawd.  
**Atrazar**, v. a. to act cunningly, craftily, or vilely.  
**Atrechos**, adv. by intervals, from space to space.  
**Atreguado**, adj. that is mad by fits, that has lucid intervals.  
**Atreguamiento**, s. m. the act of making a truce. Obs.  
**Atreguar**, v. a. to grant a truce.  
**Atrevencia**, s. f. obs. vide **Atrevimiento**.  
**Atrevérse**, v. r. to dare, to be bold; to be saucy.  
**Atrevidad**, s. f. vide **Atrevimiento**.  
**Atrevidamente**, adv. boldly, daringly; saucily.  
**Atrevidillo**, s. m. a little bold hot-headed fellow.  
**Atrevido**, adj. bold, daring; inconsiderate, saucy.  
**Atrevimiento**, s. m. boldness, impudence.  
**Atríaca**, s. f. treacle.  
**Atriángula**, s. f. a plummet hanging to a triangular board, used by workmen to try their work.  
**Atrinaquero**, s. m. one that sells treacle; a quack, a mountebank.  
**Atribución**, s. f. attribution, assignation.  
**Atribuir**, v. a. to attribute, to lay to one.—**Atribuirse**, v. r. to arrogate to one's self.  
**Atribulación**, s. f. tribulation, trouble.  
**Atribuladamente**, adv. in a sorrowful manner.  
**Atribular**, v. a. to trouble, to grieve.—**Atribularse**, v. r. to grieve, to mourn.  
**Atributar**, v. a. to impose a tribute.  
**Atributo**, s. m. an attribute.  
**Atrición**, s. f. attrition.  
**Atril**, s. m. a stand, a desk to set a book on.

**Atrilejo**, s. m. a little stand, or desk for a book.

**Atrilera**, s. f. the cover of a stand or desk.

**Atrincadura**, s. f. vide *Trincadura*.

**Atrincar**, v. a. vide *Trincar*.—*Atrincarse*, v. r. to break itself into bits.

**Atrinceramiento**, s. m. the act of making trenches.

**Atrincerar**, v. r. to intrench.

**A'trio**, s. m. a court-yard.

**Atrito**, adj. belonging to attrition.

**A'tro**, adj. black.

**Atrochado**, adj. giddy-headed, rattle-brained; also stopped, or crossed.

**Atrochar**, v. a. to stop a passage; also to strike out the way or road.

**Atróche y móche**, vulgar adverb; at random, rashly, hand over head.

**Atrocidad**, s. f. cruelty, inhumanity, fierceness.

**A trompa tañida**, adv. at the sound of a trumpet.—*A trompa y taléga*, adv. without reflection, order, or disposition agreed before hand.

**Atrapetado**, adj. shaped or made like a trumpet.

**Atrapón**, adv. without any rule or order.

**Atronador**, s. m. thunderer, the person who thunders or makes a noise; also a fool, or silly fellow.

**Atronamiento**, s. m. stunning with noise; also rashness, or folly.

**Atronar**, v. n. to thunder; to make a great noise; to become a fool.—*Atronarse*, v. r. to be stunned with noise; to be thunder-struck, to be killed by the noise of thunder, as it happens to silk-worms.

**Atronear**, v. a. to make loopholes to shoot out at.

**Atropar**, v. a. to gather into a troop, or body, to close up.—*Atroparse*, v. r. to be gathered into a troop, to be closed up.

**Atropelladamente**, adv. confusedly, disorderly.

**Atropellador**, s. m. the person who treads under foot.

**Atropellamiento**, s. m. the act of treading under foot.

**Atropellar**, v. a. to tread under foot, to bear down, to run or pass over; to neglect, or disregard.—*Atropellar á alguno*,

*metaph.* to blame, to misuse, to abuse; not to give time to speak in one's own defence; to condemn unheard.—*Atropellarse*, v. r. to be trod under foot, to be run over.—*Atropellarse*, v. r. to let one's tongue run before one's wit; to urge, to precipitate.

**Atrophia**, s. f. a kind of consumption.

**Atróphico**, adj. that is in a consumption.

**Atroz**, adj. atrocious, heinous, cruel, or fierce.

**Atrozar**, v. a. to bind, to tie the yard-arm to the mast.

**Atrozmente**, adv. heinously, cruelly, fiercely.

**Atruendo**, s. m. pride, boasting, ostentation.

**Atruéque**, adv. vide *Trueque*.

**Atuendo**, s. m. vide *Atruendo*.

**Atuerto**, adv. wrongfully, unjustly.

**Atufadamente**, adv. peevishly, passionately.

**Atufar**, v. a. to put into a fret, or passion, in a fume.—

*Atufarse*, v. r. to take pet.

**Atujado**, adj. obs. fit, handsome, decent.

**Atúnbo**, s. m. vide *Túmbo*.

**Atún**, s. m. a fish called a tunny.

**Atunara**, s. f. the place where tunny-fish are caught.

**Atunera**, s. f. the hook to catch tunny-fish with.

**Atunero**, s. m. one that catches, or sells tunny-fish; a scoundrel, a black-guard.

**Aturador**, s. m. the person that suffers labour.

**Aturar**, v. a. to suffer with constancy, to bear up against afflictions.

**Aturdidamente**, adv. foolishly, madly.

**Aturdimiento**, s. m. astonishment, surprise, perturbation.

**Aturdir**, v. a. to stun, astonish.

*Aturdirse*, v. r. to be astonished.

**Aturrullar**, v. a. to confound with fear or surprise.

**Atusador**, s. m. a person who shears, or clips, a barber.

**Atusar**, v. a. to shear, to clip close; also to browse as cattle do.

**Atutín**, s. f. tutty. It is the soot of brass, which sticks to the furnace, in the fusion of metal.

**Atutiplén**, adv. abundantly, vulgar expression.

**Aúca**, s. f. a goose.

**Aúctor**, s. m. the person who sells any thing.

**Audacia**, s. f. magnanimity, courage, spirit; also impudence.

**Audáz**, adj. bold, audacious; also impudent.

**Audiencia**, s. f. audience, liberty of speaking granted; also the court of judicature, or the place where it is kept.

**Audiençiero**, s. m. an officer belonging to a court of justice.

**Aúditio**, s. m. hearing.

**Auditor**, s. m. a king's officer, or judge, civil and criminal.

**Auditorato**, s. m. the dignity of such a judge.

**Auditória**, s. f. the auditor's office, the place where he sits in order to examine and judge.

**Auditório**, s. f. auditory, audience.

**Aúge**, s. m. that point wherein the sun or any other planet is farthest from the centre of the earth.—*Fulano está en su auge*, such a one is at the highest pitch, or summit of glory.

**Augmentar**, v. a. to increase, to augment.

**Augúres**, s. m. pl. the augurs among the Romans.

**Augúrio**, the same as *Agüero*, s. m. augur, predict, foretell future events.

**Augústo**, adj. august, venerable.

**A'ula**, s. f. a hall; a court; a palace; a public school at the universities.

**Aulaga**, s. f. a sort of prickly broom.

**Aulagar**, s. m. a place replete with hirc-trees.

**Aúlico**, adj. belonging to the court.

**Aulladero**, s. m. the wolf's kennel.

**Aullador**, s. m. one that howls.

**Aullar**, v. a. to howl as dogs or wolves do.

**Aullido**, s. m. a howl like that of a dog, or wolf.

**Aúllo**, s. m. vide *Aullido*.

**Aumentación**, s. f. augmentation, increase.

**Aumentador**, s. m. one that increases, augments, adds to.



**Aumentar**, v. a. to increase, augment, add to.  
**Aumentativo**, adj. augmentative, increasing, adding.  
**Aumento**, s. m. increase, addition, augmentation.  
**Aún**, adv. yet, *adhuc*.—*Aun*, adv. also, *etiam*.  
**Aúna**, adv. at once, together.  
**Aunados**, s. m. pl. confederates, persons united or allied.  
**Aunamiento**, s. m. confederating, uniting, binding together.  
**Aunar**, v. a. to confederate, unite.—*Aunarse*, v. r. to be united, to be allied, or confederated.  
**Aúnno**, adv. obs. not yet.  
**Aunque**, adv. although.  
**A'ura**, s. f. air, gale, breeze.  
**Aureo**, adj. golden.—*Aureo*, s. m. an ancient gold coin.  
**Aureola**, s. f. a circle painted round the head of our Saviour and the saints by painters.  
**Auricular**, adj. belonging to the ear.  
**Aurífero**, adj. who bears gold, gilt with gold.  
**Auriga**, s. f. a coachman.  
**Aurora**, s. f. the break of day, the aurora, the morning.—*Color de aurora*, a colour between white and light red.—*Prov. Aurora rubia, ó viento ó lluvia*, a red morning is a sign of wind or rain.  
**Aurocado**, adj. ill-ploughed and left full of lumps of earth.  
**Ausencia**, s. f. absence.—*Prov. Ausencia enemiga de amor* *quan léjos del ojo, tan léjos del corazón*, absence is an enemy to love; as far as from the eyes, so far from the heart; out of sight, out of mind.  
**Ausentarse**, v. r. to absent one's self, to depart, to go away.  
**Ausente**, adj. absent, not present.  
**Auspicio**, s. m. omen, sign, token of the event of things, shewed by flying of birds; good or bad success, conduct, management, government, command, advice, authority, one's fancy, will, or pleasure; also good omen and protection.  
**Austeramente**, adv. severely, harshly, austerely.  
**Austeridad**, s. f. austerity, severity, rigour, harshness, mortified life.

**Austero**, adj. austere, harsh, severe, rigorous, ill-natured.  
**Austral**, adj. belonging to the south.  
**Aústro**, s. m. the south wind.  
**Aútan**, adv. the same as Tanto, so much.—*Bebér a autóan*, to drink stiffly, or to a pitch.  
**Auténtica**, s. f. the constitutions, system of laws and customs.  
**Autenticamente**, adv. authentically, by public authority.  
**Autenticar**, v. a. to make a writing authentic, to give it sufficient authority.  
**Autenticidad**, s. f. authenticity, genuineness, the quality of being authentic, legal authority.  
**Auténtico**, adj. authentic.  
**Autillo**, s. m. a small sort of owl, a howlet.—*Autillo*, s. m. diminutive of *auto*.  
**Aúto**, s. m. a public act, a decree of a court, or of a school, or other public act; a representation of some devout play.—*Autos*, all the papers relating to a suit in law.—*Auto de fe*, or *de inquisición*, the public act of the inquisition, when they bring out all their prisoners, and read their offences in public, at which time sentence is passed upon them.  
**Autocracia**, s. f. autocracy, independent power.  
**Autográfico**, s. f. autographical, of one's own writing.  
**Autógrafo**, s. m. a particular person's own writing.  
**Automático**, adj. having the power of moving itself.  
**Automato**, s. m. automaton, a machine that has the power of motion within itself.  
**Autór**, s. m. author, inventor.  
**Autoridad**, s. f. authority, power, credit; ostentation, testimony, credibility.  
**Autorizadamente**, adv. with authority, preemptory.  
**Autorizado**, *da*, p. p. from *Autorizar*.  
**Autorizador**, s. m. a person invested with authority; one that certifies and gives authority.  
**Autorizar**, v. a. to authorize, to make any thing legal; to prove, to justify, to give credit.  
**Autumnál**, adj. belonging to autumn.

**Auxiliar**, v. a. to help, succour, relieve, protect, assist.—*Auxiliar*, adj. auxiliary, giving help or assistance.—*Verbo auxiliar*, auxiliary verb.  
**Auxilio**, s. m. help, aid, relief, assistance, succour.  
**A'va**, adv. take heed.  
**Avadado**, adj. fordable.  
**Avadarse**, v. r. to become fordable.  
**Avahár**, v. a. to warm one's hand by the breath.  
**Avalantarse**, v. r. vide *Abalan-zarse*.  
**Avalgar**, s. m. a purging medicine so called.  
**Avaliador**, s. m. a prizer, a valuer.  
**Avaliár**, v. a. to value, to prize, to rate.  
**Avallár**, v. a. to inclose, intrench about, to fortify, to raise a fence.  
**Avalorar**, v. a. to augment, increase, or raise the value, esteem, or credit of a thing.  
**Avalórios**, s. m. pl. glass bugles.  
**Avalote**, s. m. tumult, noise, sedition.  
**Avámpies**, s. m. pl. splatter-dashes, vulgarly so called.  
**Avance**, s. m. attack, assault.  
**Avanguardia**, s. f. the van of an army.  
**Avanicar**, v. a. to fan.  
**Avanico**, s. m. a fan.  
**Avanino**, s. m. a little gorget women wear about their necks.  
**Avant**, adv. farther, beyond.  
**Avantal**, s. m. an apron.  
**Avanzar**, v. a. to go forward, to advance; to attack; to overbalance in an account current.  
**Avanzo**, s. m. the balance in accounts; also the benefit of a merchant.  
**Avãos**, have a care, stand off. A clownish word.  
**Avaramente**, adv. covetously.  
**Avaratar**, v. a. vide *Abaratar*.  
**Avaricia**, s. f. avarice, covetousness.  
**Avaricioso**, } adj. covetous.—  
**Avariêto**, } *Prov. El avariêto do tiene el thesoro tiene el entendimiento*, wherever a covetous man's treasure is, there is his heart also.  
**Aváro**, adj. vide *Avariento*.  
**Avarrár**, v. a. vid. *Abarrar*.  
**Avarráz**, s. m. vide *Albarraz*.  
**Avarrisco**, adv. vide *Abarrisco*.

**Avassilamiento**, s. m. subjection.

**Avassillado**, *de*, p. p. from *Avassallar*.

**Avassallar**, v. a. to bring under subjection, to subdue; to conquer, to reduce under a new dominion.

**Áve**, s. f. a bird.—*Áve de cu-chár*, all birds that have broad beaks, as geese, ducks, &c.

**Á veces**, adv. sometimes.

**Avéchúcho**, s. m. a useless bird; also an ugly man.

**Áveica**, } a little bird.

**Áveçilla**, }

**Ávecinár**, v. a. to move to, to arrive; also to place one thing near another.—*Ávecinarse*, v. r. to approach.

**Ávecinamiento**, s. m. mansion, dwelling-place, abode.

**Ávecinarse**, v. r. to settle, or take up one's abode in any place.

**Ávegadas**, vide *Vegada*.

**Áveja**, s. f. a bee.

**Ávejaruco**, } s. m. the bird

**Ávejeruco**, } called a witwall.

**Ávejentarse**, v. r. to grow old, to appear old.

**Ávejera**, s. f. the herb balm-gentle.

**Ávejon**, s. m. vide *Abejon*.

**Ávenenár**, v. a. vide *Avenenar*.

**Ávellacádo**, adj. knavish.

**Ávellacár**, v. n. to grow knavish.

**Ávellána**, s. f. a hazel-nut, filbert.

**Ávellanáda**, s. f. a sort of sauce made with pounded hazel-nuts.

**Ávellanádo**, adj. like a hazel-nut; also tough, as sound as a nut.

**Ávellañal**, s. m. a hazel-grove.

**Ávellanarse**, v. r. to grow old and tough.

**Ávellanáda**, s. f. vide *Ávellanal*.

**Ávellanera**, s. f. the woman who sells hazel-nuts.

**Ávellano**, s. m. a hazel.

**Ávena**, s. f. oats.—*Ávena, vana* or *montesina*, wild oats.

**Ávenádo**, adj. mixed with oats; also mad or hair-brained.

**Ávenál**, s. m. the field where oats are sowed.

**Ávenenár**, v. a. to poison.

**Ávenedizo**, s. m. a stranger, one that comes from another place.

**Ávenencia**, s. f. agreement; also a cane to take out wine

at the bung of a cask.—*Prov. Mas vale mala avenencia, que buena sentencia*, a bad agreement is better than a good judgment; that is, it is better to agree at any rate than to go to law.

**Ávenida**, s. f. flood, inundation; also an avenue.

**Ávenimiento**, s. m. vide *Ávenencia*.

**Ávenir**, v. a. to come together, to agree; also, to happen.

**Ávenirse**, v. r. to settle; to appease any dispute or difference. *Alla se las avenen*, let them settle the quarrel among themselves.

**Ávenólas**, s. m. pl. the eye-lids. Obs.

**Áventidéro**, s. m. a fan to make wind with, or drive flies away.

**Áventador**, s. m. one that fans or a fan.

**Áventadúra**, s. f. fanning or winnowing.

**Áventaja**, s. f. advantage; that which the husband or wife may give to the last living of both.

**Áventajadamente**, adv. advantageously.

**Áventajár**, v. a. to exceed; to excel; to surpass, to gain an advantage.

**Áventamiento**, s. m. fanning.

**Áventanado**, adj. that has many windows.

**Áventanarse**, v. r. to stand exposed to view with open windows.

**Áventár**, v. a. to fan, to run headlong.—*Áventarse*, v. r. to take a fright, and run headlong.—*Áventár trigo*, to winnow corn.

**Áventura**, s. f. an adventure, used much in romances.—*Áventura*, adv. by chance, accidentally.

**Áventurado**, adj. fortunate; adventurous.

**Áventurár**, v. a. to venture, to hazard.—*Prov. Quien no se aventura no há ventúra*, he that does not venture has no luck; nothing venture, nothing have.—*Prov. Quien no se aventura no pasála mar*, he that does not venture, never crosses the sea.

**Áventurero**, s. m. an adventurer, one that ventures or hazards; also a chance comer.

**Ávér**, v. n. vide *Haer*.

**Áveramia**, s. f. a sort of wild duck.

**Áverár**, v. a. to aver, to affirm, to verify.

**Áverdugádo**, s. m. a round sort of fardingale women once wore.

**Ávergonzádo**, s. m. one that has been exposed to public view for some crimes; as in the pillory, or as they use, carried about the streets on an ass, and a cryer declaring his offence.

**Ávergonzár**, v. a. to put to the blush, to make ashamed.—*Ávergonzarse*, v. r. to be ashamed.

**Áveria**, s. f. average, the waste or decay of wares or merchandizes.

**Áveriguáble**, adj. belonging to an examination, or making out of the truth.

**Áveriguación**, s. f. making out of the truth, or examining the truth.

**Áveriguadamente**, adv. according to truth.

**Áveriguador**, s. m. one that examines, or sifts out the truth.

**Áveriguamiento**, s. m. averiguacion.

**Áveriguár**, v. a. to examine, to sift out the truth.—*No poderse averiguar con uno*, not to be able to reduce a man to reason.—*Áveriguarse*, v. r. to agree with.

**Áverio**, s. m. a flock of birds.

**Áverno**, s. m. hell. Poetical.

**Áversár**, v. a. to be averse, to oppose, to contradict.

**Áversión**, s. f. aversion, repugnancy, opposition; hatred.

**Áverso**, adj. averse, opposite, contradictory, perverse.

**Ávertamia**, s. f. a bird so called.

**Ávertúra**, s. f. vide *Abertura*.

**Ávestruz**, s. m. an ostrich.

**Áveto**, s. m. vide *Abeto*.—*Áctio*, s. m. an oil used by painters and physicians for plasters and varnish.

**Ávezadura**, s. f. custom, use.

**Ávezár**, v. a. to use, incur, or accustom.

**Áviador**, s. m. a small piercer or wimble that makes way for another.

**Áviamiento**, s. m. readiness, dispatching, setting forward.

**Áviár**, v. a. to make ready, to dispatch, to set forward, to put into the way.

**Áviciádo**, adj. grown vicious.

**Áviciarse**, v. n. to become vicious.



**Avidamente**, adv. covetously, greedily.  
**Avido**, adj. covetous, greedy.  
**Avioldár**, v. a. to fan or winnow.  
**Aviento**, s. m. a sort of fork, used to put straw into a cart.  
**Avicesamente**, adv. out of the way, froward, crossly.  
**Avieso**, adj. cross, out of the way, froward, untoward.  
**Avilantéz**, } s. f. baseness, vile-  
**Avilantéza**, } ness; also insolence, impudence.  
**Avillanarse**, v. r. to become low, mean, abject, to degenerate from the actions of our ancestors.  
**Aviltación**, s. f. scorn, contempt, derision; also meanness.  
**Aviltadamente**, adv. contemptibly, despicably, meanly.  
**Aviltamiento**, s. m. vid. **Aviltación**.  
**Aviltár**, v. a. to despise, to scorn, to contemn; to make mean, to undervalue.  
**Avinagarado**, adj. ill-natured.  
**Avinagrár**, v. a. to grow sharp as vinegar, or to mix with vinegar.—**Avinagrarse**, v. r. to be sharp or angry.  
**Avinar**, v. a. to mix or dress with wine.  
**Avinentéza**, s. f. conformity, agreement.  
**Aviniénte**, adj. obs. convenient, seasonable.  
**Avio**, s. m. prevention, readiness, dispatch.  
**Avión**, s. m. a little bird called a martlet.  
**Avisadamente**, adv. discreetly, prudently, advisedly.  
**Avisado**, adj. prudent, discreet.—**Avisado**, s. m. in cant, is a judge.  
**Avisar**, v. a. to give notice, to advertise; in cant, to observe.  
**Avisamiento**, s. m. vide **Aviso**.  
**Avisionarse**, v. r. to play tricks in order to make people believe one thing for another, or to conceal something from them.  
**Aviso**, s. m. warning, notice given, intelligence, advice.—**Aviso**, o navio de aviso, a king's packetboat.—**Estar sobre aviso**, to be upon one's guard.  
**Avisón**, adv. take care.  
**Avispa**, s. f. a wasp.  
**Avispár**, v. a. to prick, lash, whip, or spur; in cant, to

fright, and to examine with attention.—**Avisparse**, v. r. to grow peevish, to grow uneasy.  
**Avispón**, s. m. in cant, the man who enquires, or looks out sharp, that he may steal anything.  
**Avista**, adv. at sight.  
**Avistár**, v. a. to see at a distance before.—**Avistarse**, v. r. to speak mouth to mouth.  
**Avitár**, v. a. to fasten a cable, a sea-term.  
**Avituallér**, v. a. to victual, to store with provisions.  
**Avivár**, v. a. to revive, to quicken, to cheer.  
**Avizór**, s. m. a spy, an observer of other men's actions.  
**Avizorár**, v. a. to listen or pry into other people's secrets.  
**Avocación**, s. f. } a calling  
**Avocamiento**, s. m. } away, or from.  
**Avocar**, v. a. to call away, to divert.  
**Avogacia**, s. f. the office of a counsellor or advocate.  
**Avogación**, s. f. pleading as a counsellor.  
**Avogamiento**, s. m. vide **Avogación**.  
**Avogar**, v. a. to plead as a counsellor.  
**Avolengo**, s. m. a descendant of a grandfather; also the estate of the grandfather.  
**Avoléza**, s. f. flight. Obs.  
**Avolo**, s. m. vide **Avuelo**.  
**Avolório**, s. m. vide **Avolengo**.  
**Avortár**, v. a. vide **Abortar**.  
**Avortón**, vide **Aborton**.  
**Avucásta**, s. f. a kind of duck.  
**Avuelo**, grandfather; also, an old man.  
**Avuélós**, s. m. pl. ancestors.  
**Avutárda**, s. f. a slow, heavy bird with small legs.  
**Avutardádo**, what is like that bird.  
**Ax**, s. m. sickness, infirmity, ill state of health.—**Ax**, an interjection of complaint when a person is in pain.  
**Axada**, s. f. vide **Azada**.  
**Axadón**, s. m. vide **Azadon**.  
**Axadrea**, s. f. the herb winter savory.  
**Axamar**, v. a. to call.  
**Axanár**, v. a. to smooth or make plain. Obs.  
**Axaqueca**, s. f. a violent pain that seizeth one side of the head.  
**Axaquecarse**, v. r. to be seized

with a violent pain on one side of the head.  
**Axaquecóso**, adj. that is troubled with a pain in the head.  
**Axaquiento**, adj. troubled with small ailings.  
**Axár**, v. a. obs. to find.  
**Axarabe**, s. m. a syrup; a physical potion.  
**Axaraca**, s. f. a snare, a gin.  
**Axarase**, s. f. a high terrace, a balcony on the top of a house, the balcony round the top of a tower.  
**Axarave**, s. m. vide **Xarave**.  
**Axe**, s. m. an imaginary line drawn from one pole to another, round which the earth moves.  
**Axedrea**, s. f. the herb winter savory.  
**Axedrez**, s. f. the game of chess.  
**Axegar**, v. a. to arrive, to come near to another.  
**Axenge**, s. m. silver; an old word.  
**Axenjo**, s. m. wormwood.  
**Axente**, s. m. obs. silver.  
**Axenúz**, s. f. fennel-flower.  
**Axerquia**, s. f. suburb.  
**Axes**, s. m. crab-lice.  
**A'xi**, the fruit of capsicum when red, if I am not mistaken, red pepper.  
**Aximéz**, s. m. a Moorish fashioned window.  
**Aximénes**, s. m. a warm sunny place.  
**Axióma**, s. m. axiom, proposition so plain that it needs no proving.  
**Axofaina**, s. f. vide **Axufaina**.  
**Axo niño**, or **Axo Taita**, words of no signification, but used by mothers and nurses to quiet infants.  
**Axóreas**, s. f. bracelets.—**Axóreas de pies**, ornaments worn about the ankles resembling bracelets; ironically, fetters or irons on the feet.  
**Axovár**, s. m. vide **Axuar**.  
**Axuágas**, s. f. pl. the spavin in a horse's leg.  
**Axuár**, s. m. all manner of household stuff or furniture; more particularly that which the bride carries with her when she is married.  
**Axufaina**, s. f. obs. a bason.  
**Axúndia**, s. f. vide **Enxundia**.  
**Ay**, an exclamation of complaint.—**Ay de mí!** alas for me!  
**Aya**, s. f. vide **Haya**.

**Ayánque**, s. m. one of the chief ropes in a ship so called.

**Ayantár**, s. m. a dinner.—*Ayantár de gorrión*, a sparrow's dinner; that is, a very small one.—*Ayantár*, v. a. to dine.—*Ayantár, como perro*, to dine like a dog: that is, to dine without drink.

**Aydoro**, s. m. the same as *Ayuda*.

**Ayegár**, v. a. to arrive, to draw near.

**Ayeno**, adj. vide *Ajeno*.

**Ayer**, adv. yesterday.

**Ayermado**, adj. deserted, forsaken.

**Ayme!** alas! woe to me!

**Ayo**, s. m. tutor, governor of youth.

**Ayodoro**, s. m. obs. help, assistance, succour, relief.

**Ayrázo**, s. m. a great wind.

**Ayre**, s. m. air, or wind.—*Ayre*, metaph. honour, good presence; courteous, complaisant. *Tiene buena, presencia, buen tallo, buen ayre*, he has good presence!—*Buen ayre*, metaph. a good grace.—*Lo hace con buen ayre*, he does it with a good grace or manner.

**Ayrearse**, v. r. to take the air.

**Ayúda**, s. f. help, assistance, succour; also a clyster; also a subsidy granted a prince.—*Ayúda de cámara*, a gift over and above wages, a voluntary supply to bear one's charges.—*Ayúda de cámara*, a groom of the bedchamber to a prince.—*Pérró de ayúda*, a great dog that can defend or assist his master, or look to his house or cattle.—*Dios y ayúda*, God, and good friends.—*Con ayúda de vecinos*, by the help of good friends.

**Ayudador**, s. m. a helper, one that relieves or assists.

**Ayudante**, s. m. an assistant; also the adjutant of a regiment.

**Ayudar**, v. a. to help, relieve, succour or assist.—*Ayudarse*, v. r. to help or assist one's self.

**Ayudorio**, s. m. obs. vide *Ayuda*.

**Ayunador**, s. m. one that fasts much.

**Ayunar**, v. n. to fast.

**Ayúnas**, adv. *estár en ayúnas*, to be fasting.—*Estár en ayúnas de una cosa*, to know nothing of the matter.

**Ayunte**, s. m. the person who fasts.

**Ayuno**, s. m. a fast.

**Ayunque**, s. m. a smith's anvil.

**Ayuntadmente**, adv. jointly.

**Ayuntador**, s. m. one that joins, or puts together.

**Ayuntamiento**, s. m. joining, putting together; carnal copulation; meeting; city council; court of justice.

**Ayuntar**, v. a. to join, to put together, to couple.

**Ayuso**, adv. below or beneath.—*De Dios en ayuso*, under God.

**Ayzár**, v. a. vide *Aysar*.

**Az**, s. f. vide *Haz*.

**Azacán**, s. a water carrier.—*Azacán*, work without profit.—*Andar como un azacán ó hecho un azacán*, spoken of a man who works incessantly, giving himself no time for rest.

**Azacáya**, s. f. a bucket to draw water out of a well.

**Azáche**, s. m. silk of an inferior sort.

**Azáda**, s. f. a spade.—*Azada de dos dientes*, a spade with two prongs or forks.

**Azadita**, s. a small spade.

**Azadón**, s. m. a spade.

**Azadonada**, s. f. a stroke of a spade; as much as a spade cuts at once.

**Azadonero**, s. m. a person who digs with a spade.

**Azafata**, s. f. a lady of the queen's wardrobe.

**Azafate**, s. m. a work-basket made with osier or reeds; also a hauper.

**Azafran**, s. m. saffron.—*Azafran romi*, bastard saffron.

**Azafranál**, s. m. a field where saffron grows.

**Azafranár**, v. a. to dye with saffron.

**Azagaya**, s. f. a javelin.

**Azaguan**, s. m. vide *Zaguan*.

**Azahar**, s. m. orange or lemon flower.—*Azahar bravo*, a sort of lupins.

**Azainadamente**, adv. treacherously, deceitfully.

**Azainado**, adj. cunning, malicious.

**Azaléja**, s. f. a towel.

**Azanoria**, s. f. vide *Zanahoria*.

**Azanoriáte**, s. m. pickled carrots.

**Azáña**, s. f. vide *Hazaña*.

**Azaneria**, s. f. vide *Hazaneria*.

**Azanoso**, adj. vide *Hazañoso*.

**Azár**, s. m. ill luck, misfortune, obstacle, an ace of dice.—*Tener azar con alguna cosa*, to have an aversion or dislike to any thing.

**Azarandár**, v. a. to clean wheat or other grain with a cribble.

**Azarar**, v. a. to make unfortunate, one who had hopes of being happy.

**Azárbe**, s. m. a pipe, or duct, a canal through which water runs.

**Azarcón**, s. m. ashes of a blue colour coming from burnt lead.

**Azarnéfe**, s. m. a sort of poison.

**Azarólla**, s. f. vide *Azerola*.

**Azarosamente**, adv. unhappily, unfortunately, unluckily.

**Azaroso**, adj. unhappy, unfortunate, unlucky.

**Azaróte**, s. m. the gum called sarcocolla.

**Azaváche**, s. m. vide *Azabache*.

**Azcón**, s. m. } a small dart;  
Azcóna, s. f. } frequently used for a sword.

**Azconilla**, s. f. diminutive of *azcón*, or *azcóna*.

**Azebibe**, } s. m. a plum.

**Azebiá**, }

**Azébo**, s. m. the holm or holly-tree.

**Azebuchál**, s. m. a grove of wild olive-trees.

**Azebúche**, s. m. a wild olive-tree.

**Azealar**, v. a. vide *Acicalar*.

**Azechár**, v. a. vide *Asechar*.

**Azeche**, adj. a sort of black earth or mineral.

**Azéda**, s. f. vide *Azedera*.

**Azedár**, v. a. to sour, to make sharp.

**Azedera**, s. f. the herb sorrel.

**Azederilla**, s. f. little sorrel.

**Azedia**, s. f. sourness, sharpness; also peevishness and sloth.—*Azedia de estómago*, a crudity in the stomach.—*Azedia*, s. f. a fish like a sole, but very small.



Azédo, adj. sour, sharp, eager.  
 Azedura, s. f. sourness, eagerness.  
 Azeitada, s. f. an effusion or spilling of oil.  
 Azeitár, v. a. to pour oil into any thing.  
 Azéite, s. m. oil.  
 Azeitérá, s. f. an oil-bottle, crewet.  
 Azeitéro, s. m. the man who sells oil.  
 Azeitoso, adj. oily.  
 Azeituna, s. f. an olive.  
 Azeitunádo, adj. belonging to olive-colour.  
 Azeitunéro, s. m. who gathers the olives.  
 Azeituní, adv. obs. vide Azeitunado.  
 Azeituno, s. m. the olive-tree.—Prov. *Olivo y azeituno todo es uno*, call it olive or olive-tree, it is all one.  
 Azéiga, s. f. the herb called white beet.—*Cara de azéiga*, a greenish, dirty complexion.  
 Azemár, v. a. to dress; to adorn; to compose.  
 Azemila, s. f. a baggage, or sumpter-mule.  
 Azemilár, adj. belonging to the sumpter-mule.  
 Azemilería, s. f. the place where mules are kept.  
 Azemiléro, s. m. a muleteer, a sumpter.  
 Azemilón, s. m. a great booby, a fellow only fit to carry.  
 Azemita, s. f. bread made with bran.  
 Azemite, s. m. bran.  
 Azéña, s. m. a water-mill.  
 Azenéro, s. m. the miller of a water-mill.  
 Azequia, s. f. a channel for water.  
 Azequiádo, adj. full of conduits-pipes or channels.  
 Azéra, s. f. vide Hazera.  
 Azerádo, adj. steeled.—*Agua azerada*, chalybeate-water, that has had a red-hot iron or steel steeped in it.  
 Azerár, v. a. to steel, to cover, adorn, or strengthen with steel.  
 Azerico, s. m. a small pillow, laid upon the great one in the bed, to rest the head on.—*Azerico de oler*, a sweet bag.—*Azerico de alfileres*, a pin-cushion.  
 Azéro, s. m. steel.  
 Azeróla, s. f. a sort of fruit so called.

Azerólo, s. m. the tree which bears the *azeróla*.  
 Azéros, s. m. pl. the point or edge of a weapon.—*Hombre de buenos azeros*, a man of mettle.  
 Azerrádo, s. m. in cant, an officer of justice.  
 Azerrár, v. a. in cant, to seize, to lay hold of.  
 Azevár, s. m. the herb sea-house-icek.  
 Azévo, s. m. vide Azebo.  
 Azéyte, s. m. oil.  
 Azía, adv. towards.  
 Aziágo, adj. unlucky.  
 Aziál, s. m. an instrument put to the mouth of horses and mules to keep them steady when shoeing.  
 Azibár, s. m. aloes.  
 Azibarár, v. a. to make any thing bitter; to disgust, to mar pleasure.  
 Azicalár, v. a. to polish, furbish, sharpen.  
 Azicátes, s. m. pl. spurs which have a long sharp iron spike instead of rowels.  
 Azige, adj. a sort of black earth.  
 Azímo, adj. unleavened.  
 Azión, s. a stirrup-leather.  
 Azitára, s. f. vide Acitara.  
 Azivár, s. m. vide Azibar.  
 A'zo, adj. obs. this and that.  
 Azofayfa, s. f. the fruit called a jujub.  
 Azofayfo, s. m. the jujub-tree.  
 Azofár, s. m. vide Laton.  
 Azoféyfa, } vide Azofayfa, and  
 Azoféyfo, } Azofayfo.  
 Azogáda, adj. fem. an appellative given to lime when lightly wetted by the masons, as being in a kind of motion.  
 Azogádo, adj. intersected with the fumes of quicksilver; restless, that cannot be still in a place; also timorous.  
 Azogájo, s. m. a little market-place.  
 Azogár, v. a. to mix, rub, or temper with quicksilver, or to infect with quicksilver.—*Azogarse*, v. r. to be mixed with quicksilver.  
 Azogue, s. m. quicksilver, or mercury.—*Azogue*, s. m. a market-place.  
 Azoguéro, s. m. the person who buys or sells quicksilver.  
 Azolár, v. a. to plane, as wood is planned.  
 Azolvár, v. a. to obstruct or

stop the passage of a conduit-pipe.  
 Azomamiento, s. m. the act of irritating and exciting a dog against another.  
 Azomár, v. a. to provoke, to instigate.  
 Azór, s. m. a hawk; in cant, a thief.  
 Azorádo, adj. that sails ill, because ill stowed.  
 Azoráfa, s. f. an animal.  
 Azorár, v. a. to strike fear or terror into any one.—*Azorar*, v. a. *metaph.* to provoke, to irritate.  
 Azoréro, s. m. a thief's companion.  
 Azorádo, da, p. p. from *Azorarse*.  
 Azoraménto, s. m. the stuffing of the head; heaviness.  
 Azorárise, v. r. to be heavy and dull in the head; to be in liquor.  
 Azotacalles, s. m. one who is always walking about the streets.  
 Azotádo, da, p. p. from *Azotar*.  
 Azotádor, s. m. the person who whips.  
 Azotáyna, s. f. a good or sound flogging.  
 Azotár, v. a. to whip, to strike with lashes.  
 Azotázo, s. m. the blow of a whip.  
 Azóte, s. m. lash, whip, chastise.—*Azote*, s. m. *metaph.* calamity.  
 Azotéa, s. f. a gallery in a house where they walk to sun themselves.  
 Azotina, s. f. a whipping.  
 Azotón, s. m. a great whip.  
 Azre, s. m. the maple-tree.  
 Azucár, s. m. sugar.—*Azucar piedra*, or *azucar candi*, sugar-candy.  
 Azucarádo, da, p. p. from *Azucarar*.—*Azucarado*, s. m. *metaph.* a delicate, agreeable, pleasant, and engaging person.  
 Azucarár, v. a. to sweeten any thing with sugar.—*Azucarár*, to give a person fine sweet words.  
 Azucaréro, s. m. a vessel to hold sugar.  
 Azucéna, s. f. a lily.  
 Azúd, s. f. the place where water begins to run into the channels.  
 Azúda, s. f. a large wheel used to draw water out of a river.

**Azuéla**, s. f. a little axe, or hatchet.—*Azuéla de dos manos*, a cooper's axe.

**Azufuía**, s. f. jujubs.

**Azufufo**, s. m. the jujub-tree.

**Azufrado**, *des*, p. p. from *azufrar*.

**Azufrar**, v. a. to smoke with brimstone.

**Azufre**, s. m. brimstone.

**Azufroso**, *sa*, adj. sulphureous, or impregnated with sulphur.

**Azúl**, adj. blue.—*Azúl celeste*, sky-colour.—*Azúl claro*, light blue.—*Azúl obscuro*, dark blue.—*Azúl subido*, a dark

blue.—*Azúl turquí*, dark blue.  
*Azúl verde*, *azúl de costras*, sky blue.

**Azuláque**, s. m. a sort of mortar or cement, with which they join earthen pipes or conduits together.

**Azulár**, } v. a. to colour blue.

**Azuleár**, } *Azulár*, v. n. to have a bluish cast, or look bluish.

**Azulejo**, s. m. a tile glazed, such as we use to adorn the side of chimnies.

**Azumbár**, s. m. red storax; spikenard; daffodil-flowers.

**Azumbrár**, v. a. to measure out liquor by the measure called an *azumbre*.

**Azúmbre**, s. m. a measure for liquors, about half a gallon.

**Azút**, s. m. a wall to keep ditches in their bounds.

**Azutéa**, s. f. a terrace.

**Azutéro**, s. m. the keeper of the terrace.

**Azuzador**, s. m. one who instigates or provokes.

**Azuzár**, v. a. to instigate or provoke.

**Azýmo**, adj. unleavened.

## B.

**B**, The second letter of the alphabet, and the first consonant.

**B moh**, s. m. a B flat in music.

**B quadrado**, s. m. a B sharp in music.

**Baaráz**, s. m. a sort of root which has a glittering in the dark.

**Bába**, s. f. drivel, slaver.

**Babadéro**, } s. m. a bib, as  
**Babadór**, } children or fools wear to keep their cloaths clean.

**Babahól**, s. m. a sort of small red poppy.

**Babínca**, s. m. a fool.

**Babáza**, s. f. a sort of country dance; a kind of coach.

**Babatél**, s. m. a slavering-bib, or any thing that hangs about the neck in a disorderly, slovenly manner; *metaph.* a fool.

**Babáza**, s. f. an augmentative of *baba*; also a kind of snail.

**Babazorro**, s. m. a name given in jest to those that are born in the province of Alca; a fool that sets up for a man of wit and penetration.

**Babéar**, v. n. to drivel, to slaver.

**Babéo**, s. m. the act of spitting, salivation.

**Babéa**, s. f. that part of the helmet that covered the chin; also a fool.

**Babéro**, s. m. obs. vide *Babadéro*.

**Baberól**, s. m. the head-piece in an armour.

**Babés**, s. m. pl. the beams in

a ship, which are those great timbers that keep the sides of the ship asunder and support the deck.

**Bábia**, s. f. folly, stupidity.—*Estar en bábia*, to be in a careless posture.

**Babiéa**, s. m. the name of a famous horse. It is now used to signify a lazy, foolish fellow.

**Babíl**, s. m. } a woman's pri-  
**Babiláda**, s. f. } vities. A cant word!

**Babilonia**, s. f. any place where there is a great concourse of people; a confusion; a multiplicity of tongues; a vicious place.

**Babórd**, s. m. the left-hand side of the ship, by our seamen called the larboard side.

**Babósa**, s. f. silk; the same as *babaza*.—*Hierba babósa*, the herb of which aloes are made.

**Baboseado**, *da*, p. p. from *babosear*.

**Baboseár**, v. n. to slaver any thing.

**Babosillo**, *lla*, diminut. of *babosa*.

**Babóso**, adj. drivelly, slavery.

**Babúja**, s. f. a bubble in the water; a stud; a nail with a great head.

**Báca**, s. f. vide *Vaca*.—*Baca*, s. f. a breach in a water-course, or ditch; a man or a woman that are slothful, poor-spirited, and good for little.—*Báca*, s. f. a word generally used in the plural number to

signify all sorts of berries.—*Bacas de laurál*, bay-berries.

**Bacalláo**, s. m. the fish we call poor-jack, cod-fish, salt-fish.

**Bacéra**, s. f. an obstruction or disorder in the melt occasioned by hard drinking; a swelling in the belly.

**Bacéta**, s. f. a game at cards called basset.

**Bachaná**, adj. any thing belonging to the god Bacchus; a great fat-bellied man; a hard drinker and merry companion; pronounce *bacanal*.

**Bachára**, s. f. an herb and flower called ladies' gloves.

**Bachillér**, s. m. a batchelor of arts, in divinity, canon and civil law, or physic.—*Bachillér de tibi quoque*, a batchelor that had his degree after all the ceremonies performed to another, when the doctor, who gives it, says to every one of the rest, *Tibi quoque*.—*Bachillér*, adj. talkative, prating.

**Bachillereár**, v. n. to prate, to babble very much.

**Bachillería**, s. f. prating, babbling, talkativeness.

**Bacía**, s. f. bason, generally a barber's bason.

**Baciár**, v. a. vide *Vaciár*.

**Baciga**, s. f. a certain game at cards.

**Bacilar**, v. n. to stagger, to waver, to be unsteady.

**Bacilla**, s. f. the four cards that remain after the repartition of eleven given to each of the four players at the game called *revesino*.



- Bacín**, *s. m.* a closetool-pan.  
**Bacina**, *s. f.* vide *Bacia*.  
**Bacinada**, *s. f.* what is thrown out of a closetool-pan, or other filth.  
**Bacinéjo**, *Bacinica*, *Bacinico*, *Bacinilla*, and *Bacinillo*, a little bason or closetool-pan. All diminutives of *bacín*.  
**Bacinero**, *s. m.* the person that goes about with a box in the church to receive charity.  
**Bacineta**, *s. f.* diminutive of *bacia*.  
**Bacinete**, *s. m.* a kind of head-piece or helmet; also a cuirassier, very seldom used in this last sense.  
**Báculo**, *s. m.* a staff; also support, comfort.—*Báculo pastoral*, a bishop's crosier.  
**Báda**, *s. f.* a rhinoceros, more properly *abida*.  
**Badajada**, *s. f.* the stroke of a clapper of a bell; a foolish expression.  
**Badajeár**, *v. n.* to ring bells; to let the clack of the tongue run.  
**Badajillo**, *s. m.* a little clapper of a bell.  
**Badájo**, *s. m.* the clapper of a bell; a dull fellow, a booby.—*Badájo*, *metaph. n.* stupid fellow; also a great talker.  
**Badajuélo**, *s. m.* a little clapper of a bell; a little prating fellow.  
**Badál**, *s. m.* a thing they clap up to horses and other beasts mouths like a basket or bag, to hinder it from eating as it goes along.—*Echár a uno badál a la boca*, to take up a man so sharply, that he has nothing to say for himself.  
**Badána**, *s. f.* leather dressed very soft and pliable.—*Zurrár a uno la badána*, to thrash a man's jacket, to beat him, to abuse him.  
**Badanado**, *adj.* lined or covered with *badána*.  
**Badanilla**, *s. f.* diminutive of *badína*.  
**Badázas**, *s. f. pl.* the ropes by which the bonnets are laced to the sails.  
**Badéa**, *s. f.* a water-melon; a worthless fellow.  
**Badélico**, *s. m.* in cant, signifies a shovel.  
**Badén**, *s. m.* a torrent.  
**Badil**, *s. m.* a shovel; the wooden thing they beat incense with.  
**Badillazo**, *s. m.* a stroke with a shovel.  
**Badina**, *s. f.* a sort of pool made by the rains.  
**Bádo**, *s. m.* vide *Vado*.  
**Baduláque**, *s. m.* meat hashed with thick sauce; a worthless man.  
**Bafanear**, *v. n.* to boast, to swell any thing beyond the truth.  
**Bafaneria**, *s. f.* a boasting.  
**Bafanero**, *s. m.* a boaster, a vain-glorious fellow.  
**Báfo**, *s. m.* vide *Baho*.  
**Bága**, *s. f.* a cord which ties the packs upon horses.  
**Bacáge**, *s. m.* baggage; also a beast to carry baggage.  
**Bagagéro**, *s. m.* a baggage carrier; also the beast which carries the baggage.  
**Bagása**, *s. f.* a lewd woman.  
**Bagatela**, *s. f.* a trifling thing.  
**Bagueta**, *s. f.* a drum-stick.  
**Baguido**, *s. m.* a swimming in the head.  
**Baharada**, *s. f.* vide *Vaharada*.  
**Bahári**, *s. m.* a goshawk. In cant, an underling, a novice at cheating.  
**Bahía**, *s. f.* a haven, or bay.  
**Báho**, *s. m.* the steam of any hot thing.  
**Bahorrina**, *s. f.* a low, mean, trivial thing.  
**Bahúno**, *adj.* vulgar, low, vile, bad, contemptible, worthless.  
*Bahúna gente*, the multitude, the mob.  
**Bahurrero**, *s. m.* a bird-catcher; a man who speaks very ignorantly.  
**Baín**, *s. f.* vide *Bahia*.  
**Baibén**, *s. m.* vide *Vaiven*.  
**Baido**, *s. m.* vide *Vaguido*.  
**Baila**, *s. f.* a sea-trout.  
**Bailadera**, *s. f.* a dancing woman.  
**Bailador**, *s. m.* a dancer.  
**Bailár**, *v. n.* to dance; in cant, to steal.  
**Bailarin**, *s. m. f.* a dancer.  
**Baille**, *s. m.* a ball or entertainment of dancing; also a judge.  
**Bailia**, *s. f.* the authority or jurisdiction of any judge.  
**Bailiáge**, *s. m.* a benefice among the knights of Malta.  
**Bailio**, *s. m.* the name given to the knight of Malta that obtains a benefice.  
**Bailito**, *s. m.* in cant, little thief.  
**Bailón**, *s. m.* an old thief.  
**Baina**, *s. f.* vide *Vaina*.  
**Bainica**, *s. f.* vide *Vainica*.  
**Bainilla**, *s. f.* vanilla, a drug used in chocolate.  
**Baio**, *adj.* vide *Bayo*.  
**Baivél**, *s. m.* a stone-cutter's square to see if his work is even.  
**Bála**, *s. f.* a bullet.—*Bála de viento*, a foot-ball full of wind.—*Bála de mercadería*, a bale of merchants goods.—*Bálas enramadas*, chain-shot, such as is used at sea.  
**Balada**, *s. f.* in cant, an agreement.  
**Baládi**, *adj.* slight, that is not strong or lasting.  
**Baládro**, *s. m.* bellowing.  
**Baladrón**, *s. m.* a noisy, boisterous fellow, a bully.  
**Baladronada**, *s. f.* the words, actions, or behaviour of a bully.  
**Baladroneár**, *v. n.* to prate, to make a noise, to boast.  
**Baladroneria**, *s. f.* prating, making a noise, boasting.  
**Balagár**, *s. m.* an hay-rick.  
**Balágo**, *s. m.* the whole reed of corn that is not broke; sometimes taken for a sheaf of corn.  
**Balaguero**, *s. m.* an heap of straw.  
**Balánc**, *s. m.* balancing; also danger.—*Balánc*, *ó balánc de cuenta*, the balance of an account.  
**Balanceár**, *v. a.* to balance; also to hesitate, to fluctuate; also to settle an account.  
**Balancia**, *s. f.* obs. a water-melon.  
**Balanza**, *s. m.* a long pole with a weight at each end, such as rope-dancers use to poise themselves.  
**Balándra**, *s. f.* a vessel called a bilander, small, but safe in bad weather.  
**Balandrán**, *s. m.* a cassock.  
**Balanza**, *s. f.* a balance, a pair of scales; in cant, gallows, gibbet.  
**Balanzár**, *v. a.* vide *Balancear*.  
**Balanzarío**, *s. m.* one who weighs or balances, or makes equal any thing.  
**Balanzo**, *s. m.* vide *Balance*.  
**Balár**, *v. n.* to bleat like sheep.  
**Baláustra**, *s. f.* the dried blossoms of pomegranates.  
**Balaustria**, *s. f.* the balusters of a stair-case.

Balaustre, s. m. a baluster, a rail.  
 Balaustrado, adj. decorated with a balustrade.  
 Balaustillo, s. m. diminutive of *balaustre*.  
 Baláx, s. m. a precious stone like a ruby.  
 Balázo, s. m. a bullet-shot.  
 Balbuciente, adj. stuttering or stammering.  
 Balcón, s. m. balcony.  
 Balconaje, s. m. } a row of bal-  
 Balconeria, s. f. } conies.  
 Bálda, s. f. a thing of little or no value, good for nothing; also idleness, laziness. — *Andar a la bálda*, to go idling about. — *Vivir a la bálda*, to live idly.  
 Baldado, s. m. a withered or maimed limb, or a man that has such a one.  
 Baldachino, } s. m. a canopy to  
 Baldáqui, } carry over holy things.  
 Baldado, da, p. p. from *balder*.  
 Baldar, v. a. to maim, deface, or deprive of a limb. — *Baldar*, v. a. *metaph.* to hinder or prevent one from doing any thing.  
 Bálde, s. m. obs. a bucket. — *Bálde*, adv. as, *de bálde*, for nothing, free cost. — *Querér a uno mal de bálde*, to bear a man an ill without cause.  
 Baldéo, s. m. in cant, a sword.  
 Baldío, adj. idle; also void, waste; put to no use. — *Baldío*, s. m. a common, an open ground equally used by cattle of several persons.  
 Báldo, s. m. the same as *fallo*; a word that in playing at cards means none; for instance, one says play club; the other answers *báldo*, I have no clubs.  
 Baldón, s. m. reproach, abusive language, affront.  
 Baldonada, s. f. a common strumpet.  
 Baldonador, s. m. one that reproaches, or gives abusive language.  
 Baldonar, v. a. to reproach, to give abusive language.  
 Baldosa, s. f. a square tile.  
 Baldráque, s. m. a thing of no value.  
 Baldrés, s. m. a sheep-skin, or any slight leather tanned.  
 Balería, s. f. a great heap of bullets.  
 Balerina, s. f. the herb valerian.

Balhurria, s. f. in cant, the mob.  
 Balía, s. f. vide *Valia*.  
 Balica, s. f. a sort of boat.  
 Balido, s. m. the bleating of a sheep.  
 Balija, s. f. a cloak-bag; a mail, or portmanteau.  
 Balisa, s. f. land-mark, light-house on the shore for ships to steer by; also a beacon.  
 Balista, s. f. vide *Ballesta*.  
 Balitár, v. n. vide *Balar*.  
 Balléna, s. f. a whale.  
 Ballenato, s. m. the young of a whale-fish.  
 Ballenér, s. m. a ship so called.  
 Ballésta, s. f. a cross-bow. — *Ballésta*, s. f. pl. in cant, a wallet.  
 Ballestázo, s. m. a shot of a steel-bow.  
 Ballesteadór, s. m. vide *Ballestero*.  
 Ballestear, v. a. to shoot with a cross-bow.  
 Ballestera, s. f. the part of the galley on which the soldiers stand to fight.  
 Ballestería, s. f. the art of using the bow.  
 Ballestero, s. m. a cross-bow man, or one that makes cross-bows.  
 Ballestilla, s. f. the cross-staff used for taking the sun's altitude; also a fleam to bleed horses with; and a little cross-bow.  
 Ballestón, s. m. in cant, a trick, a cheat.  
 Bállico, s. m. a sort of weed growing amongst corn, darnel, or tares.  
 Ballúcca, s. f. a weed growing among corn, so called.  
 Balnadú, s. m. obs. a gate.  
 Balón, s. m. a great pack of goods. — *Juego de balón*, the foot-ball game.  
 Balóna, s. f. a band.  
 Balónes, s. m. pl. breeches.  
 Baléta, s. f. ballot, a little ball, used in some places to give in votes with.  
 Balotilla, s. f. diminutive of *balota*.  
 Bálsa, s. f. a pool, or puddle of water; also a float on the water, a flat boat.  
 Balsamar, v. a. to embalm.  
 Balsámico, adj. balsamic, belonging to balsam.  
 Balsamina, s. f. the herb balm.  
 Bálsamo, s. m. balsam.

Balsár, v. a. to fill with water, to make a puddle.  
 Balsilla, s. f. a puddle of water.  
 Balsopéto, s. m. a kind of large purse so called.  
 Baltea, s. f. a belt.  
 Baltrueto, s. m. a roguish rambling fellow.  
 Baluarte, s. m. a bulwark, a bastion.  
 Balvasóres, s. m. pl. the great ruling men in a nation.  
 Balúmba, s. f. } the great bulk  
 Balúnc, s. m. } made by many  
 Balumén, s. m. } things disorderly heaped together and covered, used to signify the great bulk one makes that wears many cloaths.  
 Balúz, s. m. a small bar of gold.  
 Bálsa, s. f. a banner in former times peculiar to the Knights Templars.  
 Bámba, s. m. a foolish fellow. — *Traer en bámba*, to banter.  
 Bambaleár, v. n. to stagger, to totter, to shake, to quiver.  
 Bambalina, s. f. canvas, as used to make the scenes in theatres, on which are represented the skies, &c.  
 Bambaneár, v. n. vide *Bambalear*.  
 Bambaroteár, v. n. to cry out, to make a noise.  
 Bambarotéro, s. m. the person who bawls, or cries out, makes a noise.  
 Bambarria, s. f. a fool, or idiot. — *Bambarria*, or *Bambarrión*, an accidental, yet successive operation of any thing.  
 Bambóche, s. m. a landscape.  
 Bamboleár, v. n. vide *Bambalear*.  
 Bamboleo, s. m. a tottering, shaking, or staggering.  
 Bambólla, s. f. pride, ostentation, boasting.  
 Bamboneár, s. f. to play the fool.  
 Banána, s. f. an American fruit so called.  
 Banár, s. m. a lord, or master. Obs.  
 Banásta, s. f. basket, pannier.  
 Banastéro, s. m. in cant, a gaoler.  
 Banásto, s. m. a porter that carries a basket; also a great basket. In cant, a gaol.  
 Báncia, s. f. a bench.



- Bancál**, s. m. a carpet or cloth to cover a bench.—*Bancál*, s. m. heaps or banks of sand.
- Bancaría**, adj. belonging to the bank.
- Bancaróta**, s. f. a bankrupt.
- Banco**, s. m. bench, stool; a bank of sand in the sea; a bank of money. In cant, a prison.—*Banco de facistol*, a bench with a desk before it to read or write on.—*Bancos de freno*, the cheeks of the bridle, and the rings that hold the bit.—*Bancón de pie de banco*, a foolish reason.—*Bancos de galera*, the seats the men sit on to row in a galley or in a boat.
- Banda**, s. f. a side; a band of men; also a scarf.
- Bandáda**, s. f. a multitude, a number of people; a gang.
- Bandear**, v. n. to bandy, to follow a faction; also to go from side to side; also to succour, protect, help, assist, relieve.—*Bandearse*, v. r. to help one's self, to relieve one's self, by diligence and industry.
- Bandéja**, s. f. a voider, a silver dish.
- Bandéo**, s. m. siding, following a faction.
- Bandera**, s. f. ensign, flag, banner, the colours.—*Banderas tendidas*, colours flying.
- Banderádo**, adj. vide *Abanderado*.
- Bandereta**, s. f. a pendant, a little flag, a streamer.
- Bandería**, s. f. rebellion.
- Banderilla**, s. f. a little ensign, flag, or banner.
- Banderizado**, adj. factious, quarrelsome, litigious.
- Banderizo**, } s. m. a factious
- Bandéro**, } man.
- Banderola**, s. f. a little flag, streamer, or banner; any loose rag that hangs.
- Bandido**, s. m. a highwayman, an outlaw.
- Bandinés**, s. m. pl. the lockers aboard a ship.
- Bandir**, v. a. to banish.
- Bando**, s. m. faction; proclamation to summon a criminal to appear, or to declare a man a traitor.
- Bandocidad**, s. f. obs. rebellion, rising in a rebellious tumult.
- Bándola**, s. f. a lute with four strings.
- Bandoléra**, s. f. bandolier.
- Bandoléro**, s. m. a seditious person; one that has been proclaimed; a highwayman, a robber, an outlaw.
- Bandújo**, s. m. a pudding, a sausage.
- Bandullo**, s. m. the whole of the guts or intestines of a man or beast.
- Bandurria**, s. f. an instrument like a little fiddle.
- Bandúxo**, s. m. vide *Bandujo*.
- Banguardia**, s. f. vide *Van-guardia*.
- Banido**, adj. banished.
- Banóva**, s. f. a thin quilt to cover the bed.
- Banquera**, s. f. a small beehive.
- Banquero**, s. m. a money-banker.—*Banquero*, in cant, a gaol-keeper.
- Banqueta**, s. f. the banquet, or footbank, which is a step raised with earth under every parapet or breast-work for men to stand to fire over.
- Banquette**, s. m. banquet, feast, entertainment.
- Banquetear**, v. a. to feast, to banquet.
- Banquillo**, s. m. a little stool.
- Baña**, s. f. a pond for beasts to water at.
- Bañadera**, s. f. a scoop.
- Bañador**, s. m. one that bathes or dips.
- Bañadura**, s. f. bathing, or dipping.
- Bañar**, v. a. to bathe, to dip.—*Bañarse en agua rosada*, to bathe in rose-water; that is, to be very well pleased.—*Bañar con cera*, to cover over with wax.—*Bañar vasijas de barro*, to glaze earthenware.
- Bañil**, s. m. vide *Baña*.
- Baño**, s. m. a place so called by the Moors, where their slaves were kept.—*Baño*, s. m. a bath.
- Báo**, s. m. vide *Baho*.—*Báo de navio*, the cradle or frame of timber brought along the outside of a ship, to launch her more safely.
- Baptismo**, s. m. baptism.
- Baptisterio**, s. m. the font or place of baptism.
- Baptizar**, v. a. to baptize.
- Baptizo**, s. m. vide *Baptismo*.
- Báque**, s. f. a fall, a loss.—Prov. *Chico baque, y gran caída*, a little fall that makes a great noise; a great cry and little
- wool.—*Dar el báque*, to give a fall.
- Baquéro**, s. m. vide *Vaquero*.
- Baqueta**, s. m. a rammer of a gun.—*Baqueta*, s. f. neats-leather.—*Baquetas*, the drum sticks.—*Mandar a baqueta*, to command imperiously.
- Baquetear**, v. a. (*pasar la baqueta*) to run the gantlet.
- Bára**, s. f. vide *Vera*.
- Baracón**, s. m. a sort of coarse gambet.
- Baragán**, s. m. a sort of fine carpet.
- Baráha**, s. f. the Jewish prayers, or devotions.
- Barahúnda**, s. f. tumult, confusion, disorder.
- Barabustador**, s. m. in cant, a poniard.
- Barahustar**, } v. a. to rush in
- Barahustear**, } among weapons
- and make way; to cross weapons to keep out an enemy.
- Barabústes**, s. m. pl. banisters for galleries or stairs; formerly, a sort of great darts that were cast out of an engine.
- Barája**, s. f. a confusion, a fray, a quarrel; also a pack of cards.—*Echarse en la barája*, to desist from what one was about, to throw up the cards.
- Barajador**, s. m. the dealer at cards, he that shuffles.
- Barajadura**, s. f. a blow given in a quarrel.
- Barajar**, v. a. to confound, intangle, or mix together.—*Barajar*, v. a. to shuffle cards; also to quarrel, to embroil.—*Paciencia y barajar*, to bear patiently our misfortunes wheresoever we go.
- Barajél**, s. m. a provost of an army.
- Barál**, s. m. vide *Varál*.
- Barallár**, v. n. to be quarrelsome.
- Baránda**, s. f. a rail to lean against.
- Barandilla**, s. f. diminutive of *baranda*.
- Barát**, v. n. to lay a ship aground; also to launch a ship.
- Baráta**, s. f. a deceitful barter.
- Baratár**, v. a. to sell cheap; to cheapen; to cheat; to barter; to truck.
- Barateria**, s. f. fraud, deceit, or a suborning, bribing of a judge.

Baráthro, s. m. abyss, bottom-less pit.

Baratijas, s. f. pl. pedlars ware, things of small value.

Baratillo, s. m. a place in the market, where mean goods are sold for a small matter.

Baratista, s. m. a broker; also a cheat.

Barato, adj. cheap.—*Barato*, s. m. money given to standers by at play by the winner, which is so usual in Spain, wherever there is play, that there are many who live only by frequenting gaming-houses, and receiving the bounty of winners.—*Metér en barato*, to carry things by noise; to make a disturbance; to compass one's ends.

Baratón, s. m. a cheap thing, or one that sells cheap, and the barterer.

Baraúnda, s. f. vide Barahunda.

Bárba, s. f. the beard, the chin; also the small strings of the root.—*Barba cabrúna*, an herb called goat's beard, or man's beard that looks like a goat's.—*Barbadeballena*, whale-bone.—*Hombre de bárba*, a man of reputation.—*Decírselo en sus bárbas*, to say a thing to a man's face.—*Arremeter á las bárbas*, to fly at a man's face.—*Pelóirse las bárbas*, to tear one's beard for anger.—*Llevar a uno de la bárba*, to lead a man by the beard.—*Escotar tranío por bárba*, to pay so much a head, to club.—*Echar la buena bárba*, to flatter a man out of his money.

Barbacana, s. f. barbican, a fortification placed before the walls of a town, or an opening in the wall, through which a gun is levelled.

Barbacanera, s. f. a whore that plies about the walls of towns.

Barbacá, s. a scaffold or any such like place, raised above the ground.

Barbada, s. f. the water-chains of a bride, or the rings that hold the bit to them.—*Barbada*, s. f. a kind of fish with a smooth skin, without scales.

Barbadillo, adj. bearded, belonging to a beard.

Barbadíño, s. m. a Capuchin friar.

Barbado, adj. bearded, that has a beard.

Barbadúra, s. f. the beard.

Barbájas, s. f. pl. the fibres that are about the roots.

Barbálla, s. f. an herb so called, eaten in salad.

Barbanca, s. f. a confusion or noise of a multitude.

Barbár, v. n. to begin to have a beard, to put on a beard.

Barbaramente, adv. barbarously.

Barbarería, s. f. vide Barbaridad.

Barbarésco, adj. vide Barbargo.

Barbaria, s. f. barbarity.

Barbaridad, s. f. barbarity.

Barbarie, s. f. barbarity.

Barbaridad, s. f. barbarity.

Barbarismo, s. m. a barbarism in speaking or writing; all barbarous nations.

Barbaro, adj. barbarous; s. m. a barbarian.

Barbáscro, s. m. the herb mullein.

Barbáza, s. f. a great beard.

Barbáz, v. n. to reach any thing with the beard, or that is as high as the beard.

Barbechación, s. f. obs. vide Barbecho.

Barbechár, v. a. to plough, or break up the ground.

Barbechera, s. f. a ploughing.

Barbécho, s. m. a ploughed ground.

Barbecilla, s. m. a little beard.

Barbería, s. f. a barber's shop.

Barberillo, s. m. diminutive of *barbero*.

Barbéro, s. m. a barber.

Barberóte, s. m. he that trims the galley-slaves.

Barbéta, s. f. the tackle aboard a ship to hoist in the boat.

Barbezila, s. f. a little beard.

Barbicácho, s. m. a stay, fillet, or ribbon that comes under the chin.

Barbicano, adj. grey-bearded.

Barbiespesso, adj. thick-bearded.

Barbihecho, adj. newly or freshly shaved.

Barbilindo, adj. smooth faced, close shaved.

Barbilla, s. f. the chin, a little beard.

Barbillera, s. f. locks clipped off wool, shear-wool, flocks such as cloth-workers make in sheering, used in stuffing of bed-ticks, &c.

Barbilúcio, adj. belonging to a smooth or pretty beard.

Barbinégro, adj. black-bearded.

Barbiponiente, adj. that begins to have a beard.

Barbirúbio, adj. red-bearded.

Barbitenido, adj. with a painted beard.

Barbizaño, adj. hairy, rough-bearded.

Bárbo, s. m. the fish called a barble.—*Bárbo de la mar*, a mullet.

Barbón, s. m. a great childish fellow, a booby.

Bakbonázo, s. m. augm. of *barbón*.

Barboquejo, s. m. a muffler.

Barbóte, s. m. the part of the helmet that covers the chin.

Barbudillo, s. m. a little bearded fellow; also a water dog.

Barbúdo, adj. that has a great beard.—*Barbúdo*, s. m. in cant, a goat.

Barbúlla, s. f. an undistinguishable noise or confusion.

Barbullamiento, s. m. vide Barbulla.

Barbullar, v. a. to speak in a hurry, confusedly.

Barbulería, s. f. noise, confusion, hurry.

Barbutijas, s. f. pl. the bubbles in the water when it rains.

Bárca, s. f. a bark, a great boat.

Darcáda, s. f. a boat full.

Barcáge, s. m. passage-money, a duty paid for things carried cross a river.

Barcáza, s. m. augm. of *bárca*.

Barcél, s. m. obs. a prison.

Barcélla, s. f. a measure of liquids so called.

Barcelónes Faldádo, in cant it means a shield, a buckler, a target.

Barcina, s. f. a net.

Barcino, adj. belonging to a reddish colour.

Bárco, s. m. a boat.—*Bárco luengo*, a swift sort of vessel used in the Straits.—*Bárco otorgádo*, a sort of boat.—*Bárco lleno y bárco vacío*, a boat sometimes empty and sometimes full, spoken in respect to the instability or vicissitude of things.

Barcón, s. m. augm. of *bárco*.

Barđa, s. f. a thick ledge, a wall that divides or incloses.

—*Barđa de caballo*, s. f. armour for a horse.—*Barđa de*



*muralla*, the covering on the top of a wall, whether of board, stone, or any other.

*Bardágo*, s. m. among sailors, a rope or tackle so called.

*Bardal*, s. m. enclosure.

*Bardana*, s. f. dock, a plant; the great burr, the clot-burr; also a coarse sort of cloth.

*Bardanza*, s. f. a hawking love; unlawful lust.

*Bardar*, v. a. to lay boards, timber, or stones on a wall to keep the rain from soaking into it.—*Bardar las viñas*, to prune the vines.

*Bardoma*, s. f. dirt, clay.

*Bareteado*, adj. streaky, striped.

*Barilla*, s. f. vide *Varilla*.

*Baritono*, s. m. a voice between a tenor and a base.

*Barjuleta*, s. f. a travelling-bag.—*Barjuleta*, s. f. a purse, a pouch.

*Barjuletaza*, s. f. a large purse.

*Barloventar*, v. n. vide *Barloventear*.

*Barloar*, v. n. to grapple a ship.

*Barloar*, or *barloventear*, v. a. is to ply to the windward; also to ply up and down, or to cruise about.—*Barloventear*, to wander up and down.

*Barlovento*, s. m. the windward.

*Barniz*, s. f. varnish.

*Barnizador*, s. m. a varnisher.

*Barnizar*, v. a. to varnish.

*Báro*, adj. rare, thin, loose.

*Barómetro*, s. m. a barometer.

*Barón*, s. m. a baron; also a man.

*Baronesa*, s. f. a baroness, the lady of a baron.

*Baronia*, s. f. a barony.

*Baronil*, adj. manly.

*Barquear*, v. a. to guide a bark.

*Barquero*, } s. m. waterman,  
*Barquerol*, } boatman.

*Barqueta*, } s. f. a small boat.

*Barquilla*, s. f. *Lucado de la barquilla*, a ducat that had a boat stamped on it.

*Barquillero*, s. m. a boat-builder, or one who sells boats.

*Barquillos*, s. m. pl. large and sweet wafers to eat, rolled up.

*Barra*, s. f. an iron or wooden bar; the bar at the entrance of an harbour; a gross-span thread in cloth; a bar of silver or gold; a barrier.—*Tirar*

*la barra*, to pitch the bar, an exercise formerly in use.—

*Bárras de cabestrante*, the capstan-bars; being small pieces of timber put into the barrel of the capstan through square holes, by which men turn the capstan to heave the anchor.—*Estirar la barra*, to pitch the bar beyond another, to outdo him.—*Estar en barras*, to be upon the point of completing one's business.—*De barra a barra*, from end to end.

*Barraca*, s. f. barrack, hut, such as soldiers have to lie in, or fishermen on the sea-side.

*Barrachel*, s. m. a provost in an army; also an officer to apprehend robbers.

*Barraco*, s. m. a tame boar; also a small sort of cannon.

*Barragán*, s. m. a great lusty fellow; also a bachelor.—*Barragán*, a coarse kind of gambol.

*Barragana*, s. f. a great romping wench; a single woman; also a strumpet.

*Barraganada*, s. f. is sometimes taken for a stout action, sometimes for whoredom.

*Barraganete*, s. m. a piece of wood on the outside of a ship, to fasten some of the tackling to.

*Barraganía*, s. m. whoredom.

*Barrájo*, s. m. strife, contention.

*Barrál*, s. m. a large bottle.

*Barrán*, s. m. a clown, a rustic fellow.

*Barranca*, s. f. } a slough in a  
*Barranco*, s. m. } road, a deep place where the ground is broken up; a place where cattle are stuck; also a rub in a way.

*Barrancoso*, adj. rugged, uneven, full of sloughs and ridges.

*Barranquear*, v. n. to whip a top, such as boys play with.

*Barranquero*, adj. hopping about like an unsteady top.—*A traque barraque*, adv. at any time, for any reason or motive.

*Barraquilla*, s. f. a little barrack; also a cabin in a ship.

*Barraquillo*, s. m. a little boat; also a small piece of cannon.

*Barrar*, v. a. to bar, to make fast.

*Bárras*, s. f. pl. any sort of bars, and *barry* in heraldry.—

*Jogo de bárras*, a game with bowls to be drove through an iron ring.

*Barrear*, v. a. to bar, to barricade.

*Barralera*, s. f. a drag-net.—

*Barredera*, a sail that hangs so low it sweeps the hatches.

*Barredero*, s. m. a broom, or any thing to sweep with; an oven's broom.

*Barredor*, s. m. a sweeper.

*Barreduras*, s. f. pl. sweepings; the dirt that is swept together.

*Barren*, s. m. the rising part of a great saddle, which holds in the rider.

*Barrena*, s. f. the nail-piercer, or auger; also that part of the saddle to which the stirrups hang.

*Barrenar*, v. a. to pierce, or bore.

*Barrenado de escos*, that has had his skull bored, or has no brains.

*Barrendar*, v. a. vide *Barrer*.

*Barrendero*, s. m. a sweeper.

*Barrenilla*, s. f. a small piercer or auger.

*Barrenillo*, s. m. a surgeon's instrument to trepan a broken skull.

*Barreña*, s. f. } an earthen pan,  
*Barréno*, s. m. }

*Barreñon*, s. m. a great earthen pan.

*Barreño*, s. m. a piercer or auger, or the hole made with one.

*Barrer*, v. r. to sweep.—*Barrer todo lo que hay*, or *dejar la casa barrida*, to sweep away all.

*Barrera*, s. f. a barrier; also a clay-pit.

*Barrieta*, s. f. a little bar.

*Barretear*, v. a. to bar, to barricade, to fortify by means of a barrier. Among shoemakers, to make shoes stronger by an additional sole.

*Barriada*, s. f. vide *Barrio*.

*Barrial*, s. m. a clayish spot of ground, a clay-pit.

*Barrica*, s. f. cask, hogshhead.

*Barricada*, s. f. stoppage, obstruction, barricade.

*Barriento*, adj. full of clay.

*Barriga*, s. f. the belly, the paunch.—*Traher barriga*, to be with child.

*Barrigudo*, adj. that has a great belly.

*Bariguela*, }  
*Barriguilla*, } s. f. a little belly  
*Barrita*, }

**Barril**, s. m. any sort of cask or barrel; an earthen vessel with a great belly and narrow neck, in which harvest-men carry drink into the fields.

**Barrilejo**, s. m. a little cask or barrel.

**Barrillero**, s. m. a cooper.

**Barrilote**, s. m. a particular ligature made round a mast. A seaman's word.

**Barrillito**, s. m. a little cask or barrel.

**Barrilla**, s. f. a little bar; also the herb glasswort.

**Barrio**, s. m. a ward or quarter in a town; a farm house.

**Barrión**, adj. sharp, or sour.

**Barriscar**, v. a. to sell by the lump.

**Barréto**, s. m. all the noise the elephant makes.

**Barrizal**, s. m. vide *Barrial*.

**Bárro**, s. m. clay; mortar; earthen pots; pimples on the face.

**Barrón**, s. m. a great earthen pan.—*Barros de rastro*, pimples, carbuncles in the face.

**Barróso**, adj. clayish; pimply.

**Barróte**, s. m. a great bar.

**Barrótes**, s. m. pl. See *Abarrotes*.

**Barrúca**, s. f. deceit, cunning, fraud.—*Barruca*, s. f. obs. cunning, duplicity.

**Barrueco**, s. m. the pearl that is not round but ill-shaped.

**Barrantar**, v. a. to guess at a thing by some sign or token, or symptom; to imagine, to presume upon some ground.

**Barrúnte**, s. m. obs. spy.

**Barrúnto**, s. m. guess, presumption, imagination.

**Barzón**, s. m. a ring to fix the plough-share in.

**Bása**, s. f. base, pedestal on which a pillar, statue, or any other thing stands; also the foundation or basis of any thing.—*Bása*, s. f. a trick made when playing at cards.—*No dexar hacer bása*, to talk all, without suffering the rest to put in a word, alluding to not letting him win a trick at cards.

**Báscas**, s. f. pl. a loathing in the stomach, striving to vomit, inward struggling, a qualm upon the stomach, a reaching.

**Bascosidad**, s. f. filth, nastiness.

**Bascoso**, adj. that is troubled with qualms or reachings.

**Báse**, s. f. the base of a pillar of any thing.

**Basemia**, s. a qualm or provocation to vomit.

**Basija**, any sort of pot or vessel.

**Basílea**, s. f. in cant, the gallows.

**Basilica**, s. f. a church; any royal house.

**Basiligo**, s. m. basil, an herb so called.

**Basilicón**, s. m. an ointment used by surgeons.

**Basilisco**, s. m. a basilisk, a fabulous beast, said to kill by looking.

**Basillo**, vide *Vasillo*.

**Básis**, s. f. the base any thing rests on.

**Basquear**, v. n. to reach for vomiting.

**Basquénce**, s. m. the language of Biscay.

**Basquilla**, s. f. a large upper petticoat to wear over the rest.

**Básta**, s. f. a stitch in a quilt or mattress.—*Basta*, adv. enough, avast.

**Bastaje**, } s. m. a porter to  
} carry burthens.

**Bastago**, s. m. vide *Vastago*.

**Bastamente**, adv. grossly, coarsely.

**Bastánte**, adj. sufficient.

**Bastantemente**, adv. sufficiently.

**Bastár**, v. n. to suffice.

**Bastarda**, s. f. a sail so called; a file; also a piece of artillery.

**Bastardear**, v. n. to degenerate.

**Bastardelo**, s. m. book of memorandum, posting-book, journal that is to be transcribed into the ledger-book; a common-place book.

**Bastardía**, s. f. bastardy.

**Bastardilla**, s. m. a musical instrument, of the flute kind.

**Bastardo**, s. m. a bastard; also wine made of raisins, or any thing that is irregular.—*Bastardo*, in fortification, a platform.—*Bastardo*, adj. bastard, illegitimate, spurious.

**Báste**, s. m. a pack-saddle shely worked.

**Bastear**, v. a. to pack a saddle with wool.

**Bastecedór**, s. m. a purveyor.

**Bastecér**, v. a. to victual, to furnish with provisions.

**Bastecimiento**, s. m. necessary provision in plenty.

**Bastedad**, s. f. vastness, amplitude.

**Bastero**, s. m. the maker of pack-saddles.

**Bastida**, s. f. a wooden tower raised against a town besieged.

**Bastidor**, s. m. a straining-frame for a picture, or the like; or such a frame as embroiderers, or starchers, or other such trades use.

**Bastilla**, s. f. fold or plait in cloth.

**Bastiméto**, s. m. victuals, provisions.

**Bastión**, s. m. a bastion.

**Básto**, adj. coarse, gross, unpollished.—*Basto*, s. m. a sort of pannel.

**Bastón**, s. m. a cane, a stick.—*Bastón de general*, a general's staff.—*Echar el bastón*, to intersperse between friends that are ready to quarrel.

**Bastonada**, s. f. a stroke with a club or staff.

**Bastonazo**, s. m. a great cudgel, or a great stroke with it.

**Bastoncillo**, s. m. a little staff.

In architecture, it is a small round in a pillar between two great ones.

**Bastonero**, s. m. an officer that carries a staff.

**Bastos**, s. m. pl. is also the club at cards so called, because the Spanish cards have those we call clubs, made in the shape of real clubs, called in Spanish *bastones*, and thence *bastés*.

**Bastura**, s. f. ordure, excrement.

**Basurero**, s. m. the person who carries away the dirt, a scavenger.

**Báta**, s. f. a night-gown.

**Batacázo**, s. m. the stroke a man gives on the ground when he falls or is struck down.

**Batador**, s. m. a washing beetle.

**Batafalúa**, } s. f. apiseed.

**Batafaluga**, }

**Bagueta**, s. f. a little kneading trough.

**Batahola**, s. f. confusion, noise, tumult, rumour.

**Batalla**, s. f. a battle, an army.—*Batalla campal*, a pitched battle.

**Batallador**, s. m. the person who fights, a gladiator.

**Batallar**, v. n. to fight, to contend.—*Batallar interiormente*, to debate, or reflect within yourself.



Batallera<sup>mente</sup>, adv. frequent-ly.  
 Batallero, adj. common, usual, frequent.  
 Batáño, s. m. any thing full of flesh or plump.  
 Batallón, s. f. the space in a gallery between the oars; also forked irons on the sides of the galley.  
 Batallón, s. m. a battalion.  
 Batallón, adj. warlike, belonging to war.  
 Batán, s. m. a fulling-mill for cloth.  
 Batanado, da, p. p. from *Batanar*.  
 Batanador, s. m. a fuller of cloth.  
 Batanar, v. a. to full, to mill cloth, or the like; also to beat one.  
 Batanear, v. n. vide *Batanar*.  
 Batanero, vide *Batanador*.  
 Batáta, s. f. a potatoe-root.  
 Batéa, s. f. a painted hamper.  
 —*Batéa*, s. f. a kneading-trough, a binn for bread.  
 Batéar, v. a. to baptise; a corrupt word.  
 Bateguella, s. f. diminutive of *batéa*.  
 Batel, s. m. a ship-boat, a pin-nace, or yawl.  
 Batéles, s. m. pl. in cant, is a gang of thieves or ruffians.  
 Batelillo, s. m. a little boat.  
 Batéo, s. m. a christening.  
 Bateria, s. f. a battery, battering of a place; contention, or strife; *metaph.* to greatly impress the mind; also incessant, or unseasonable solici-tations to obtain your views.  
 Baticulo, s. m. a sort of white veil hanging on the shoulders, and full of plaits below.  
 Batida, s. f. a noise that hunts-men make to rouse up a deer, or wild boar.  
 Batidera, s. f. a chisel, a hatchet, a large ax; also an instrument to beat lime with.  
 Batidero, s. m. a place where there is much hammering or beating.—*Batidero de agua*, a great fall of water.  
 Batido, adj. beaten, or ham-mered.  
 Batidor, s. m. one that beats, or hammers.—*Batidor*, s. m. a spy in an army, a scout, or watch centinel.—*Batidor de oro*, a gold-beater.  
 Batidura, s. f. a beating, or hammering.

Batiénte, s. m. the jamb of a door.  
 Batifulla, s. m. vide *Batidor de oro*.  
 Batihija, s. m. a gold beater.  
 Batiménte, s. m. beat ng.  
 Batir, v. n. to beat, to hammer, to batter; also to throw any thing away.—*Batir laja*, to beat metal into thin plates, or silver, or leaf-gold.—*Batir los dientes*, to chatter the teeth.—*Batir huevos*, to beat eggs.—*Batir el cobre*, to hammer copper; *metaph.* to ply to business very assiduously.—*Batir el estandar*, for *abatir*, to strike the colours.—*Batir muros*, to batter walls.—*Batir en ruina*, to batter quite down.—*Batir moneda*, to coin money.—*Batir las alas*, to clap the wings, to fly swiftly.—*Batir las olas*, to beat the waves, to row.  
 Batología, s. f. a sort of tauto-logy, or foolish repetition of the same words.  
 Batucár, v. a. to mix confused-ly, without distinction.  
 Batucéas, s. m. pl. a sort of wild mountaineers.  
 Batuéco, s. m. a clownish, brutal fellow.  
 Batuquero, s. m. violent shake given to liquids that they may mix.  
 Baucador, s. m. an artful cheat, a cunning rogue.  
 Baul, s. m. a trunk; ironi-cally, the belly.  
 Baupre, s. m. the boltspit of a ship.  
 Bausan, s. m. } a figure made  
 Bausana, s. f. } like a man  
 stuffed with straw, used for-merly to set on walls where the garrison was weak, to make it appear stronger; a fool, heavy, stupid person, or one that stands gazing at any thing as if he were out of his senses.  
 Bautismo, s. m. vide *Baptismo*.  
 Bautisterio, s. m. vide *Baptis-terio*.  
 Báxa, s. f. an old dance.—*Báxa*, s. f. an abatement.—*Báxa*, s. m. a Turkish bashaw.  
 Baxáda, s. f. a descent.  
 Baxado, adj. brought down, humbled, debased.  
 Baxadura, s. f. descend ng.  
 Baxamauro, s. m. in cant, a thief.

Baxamar, s. f. low-water.  
 Baxaménte, adv. lowly, hum-bly, basely.  
 Baxamiénte, s. m. bringing down, descending.  
 Baxámo, adv. underhand, in a private clandestine manner.  
 Baxár, v. n. to bring, or come down, to descend, to hum-ble.—*Baxár de precio*, to lower the price.—*Baxár de plano*, to be humbled, to fall to a lower condition.—*Baxár los bríos*, to bring down a man's stomach.  
 Báxas, s. f. pl. sands in the sea.  
 Baxel, s. m. any sort of ship, or other vessel, but more par-ticularly the smaller sort, and under three decks.  
 Baxelito, s. m. dimin. of *baxel*.  
 Baxéro, adj. that which is be-low, the under-lip.  
 Baxete, s. m. a singer that has a voice tending from the tenor to the base.  
 Baxéza, s. f. lowness, meanness, vileness, baseness; a mean base action.—*Baxéza de animo*, low-ness of spirit, a dejected mind.  
 Baxilla, s. f. all the plate or other furniture for the table.  
 Baxillo, s. m. low, a little fellow.  
 Baxio, s. m. a shoal, or sand  
 Baxo, } in the sea; also low-  
 } ering in price and value.—*Baxo*, adj. low, deep; the base; in a house, the lower floor.—*Hombre baxo*, a mean man.—*Hablar baxo*, to talk low.—*Mar baxa*, a shallow sea.—*Pensamientos baxos*, a mean spirit.—*Precia baxo*, a low price.  
 Baxón, s. m. the base in music, and the instrument called bassoon.  
 Baxoneillo, s. m. diminutive of *baxón*.  
 Baxuelo, s. m. a little low fel-low.  
 Baxúra, s. f. obs. barbarity.  
 Báya, s. f. laughing at, ridi-culing, bantering, mocking.—*Dar báya*, s. f. to banter, to hollow after.—*Bayá*, s. f. a berry.  
 Bayál, s. m. a frame used in shifting mill-stones when re-newing their edges by ham-mering.  
 Bayeta, s. f. a kind of woollen stuff.  
 Báyla, s. f. a dance; also a fish; *metaph.* a successful event.

Bayladéro, *ra*, adj. dancing.  
 Bayladór, *ra*, s. m. a dancer.  
 Baylaforcillo, *lla*, s. m. dimin. of *Bailador*.  
 Báyo, adj. bay, of a bay colour.  
 Bayoneta, s. f. a bayonet, a short dagger fixed at the end of a musket.—*Calar la bayoneta*, to fix the bayonet in the musket.  
 Bayonetazo, s. m. a wound made with a musket.  
 Bayósa, s. f. in cant, a sword.  
 Bayuca, s. f. in cant, a tavern.  
 Báza, s. f. a trick at cards.  
 Bázo, s. m. a spleen, the milt.  
*Bázo*, adj. brown coloured.  
 Bazofia, s. f. the worst part of estates.  
 Bazucár, *v. a.* to mix together.  
 Badello, s. m. badellium, or a black tree in Arabia, or its gum.  
 Be, the cry of a sheep.  
 Beata, s. f. a sort of religious woman, employing herself in prayer, and works of charity; also any female hypocrite, called ironically by that name.  
 Beateria, s. f. a religious action; hypocrisy.  
 Beaterío, s. m. a house where the religious women live.  
 Beatificación, s. f. beatification.  
 Beatificar, *v. a.* to place among the saints.  
 Beatífico, adj. blessed.  
 Beatilla, s. f. a sort of linen wove very thin to make white veils for women, something like a fine canvas.  
 Beatitude, s. f. Beatitude, blessedness. One of the titles given to the pope.  
 Beato, adj. blessed, or a religious man, that lives as the *beatos* above.—*Cara de beato*, y *uñas de gato*, a wolf in sheep's clothing.  
 Bebedero, s. m. a trough for beasts to drink in.  
 Bebedizo, s. m. love-potion, such as foolish women give to men to make them love them.  
 Bebédo, adj. drunk.  
 Bebedór, s. m. f. a drinker, a toper.—Prov. *Debáxo de una miya capu, hay buen bebedór*, under a bad cloak may be a great drinker; that is, under a mean habit may be a rich

man, teaching us to despise no man upon the account of dress.  
 Bebedór, *ra*, s. m. and f. drinker.  
 Bebé, *v. a.* to drink.—*Bebé al cabo*, to drink all up.—*Bebé hasta más no poder*, to drink as long as a man can hold.—*Bebé hasta caer*, to drink till one cannot stand.—*Bebé los vientos*, to drink up the wind; that is, to desire anything immoderately, which makes a man anxious, and breathe quick.—*Bebé la ciencia*, to drink up a science, to become master of it with as much ease as a man can drink.—*Desear beber la sangre de otro*, to desire to drink another man's blood, the utmost malice.—*Bebé por calabaza*, to drink out of a calabash; that is, to do any thing without consideration; because he that drinks out of a calabash, sees not what he drinks, as he does, who has an open cup.—*Bebé de codos*, to drink at one's elbows; that is, at leisure.—*Bebé de aután*, to drink as much as one's neighbour.—*Bebé de brices*, to drink lying all along on the ground.—*Bebé por onzas*, to drink by ounces, to be precise.—*Beberse el seso*, to turn one's brain.—*Bebé sobre tarja*, to live high upon trust, without design to pay.—*Bebé a dos manos*, to drink holding the cup with both hands.—*Bebé a la salud de todos*, to drink to all the company.—*Dársela a beber*, to give it a man to drink; that is, to do a man a diskindness, in revenge for another.—*Bebé a la salud de alguno*, to drink to another's health.  
 Bebida, s. f. drink; also a potion.  
 Bebido, s. m. a drunken man.  
 Bebienda, s. f. vide *Bebida*.  
 Beblada, s. f. drunkenness.  
 Beblado, adj. drunken.  
 Beborrór, *v. n.* to be always drinking or sipping.  
 Beborrótón, s. m. one that is always drinking or sipping.  
 Bebrage, s. m. a draught; commonly a physical draught.  
 Béca, s. f. the dignity of entering on a fellowship, or any

college preferment.—*Béca*, s. f. a welt of cloth hanging about the neck, and almost down to the feet, after the manner of the doctors of divinity's scarfs in England; formerly wore in Spain by dignified obergynen only, now left off by them, and worn by all students in colleges, who are distinguished and known by the several shapes and colours of them.  
 Becada, s. f. a woodcock.  
 Becafigo, s. m. a bird like a nightingale, feeding on figs and grapes; a fig-pecker.  
 Becardón, s. m. a snipe.  
 Becerrillo, s. m. a young calf.  
 Becerro, s. m. a young calf.  
 Beceto, s. m. the hanging part of the lip; also lip-jewels, worn by some Indians.  
 Béco, s. m. an alley.  
 Becoquin, s. m. a little bonnet or cap that ties under the chin.  
 Becôte, s. m. a ring some Indians wear in their lip.  
 Bedéja, s. f. vide *Vedeja*.  
 Bedejudo, adj. vide *Vedejudo*.  
 Bedél, s. m. an officer in the universities in Spain, being the same as the beadle among us.  
 Bedén, s. m. a ribband, a head-band, fillet, or hair-lace to tie up the hair with; a wreath or cornice at the top of a pillar.  
 Bedérre, s. m. in cant, a haugman.  
 Bedija, s. f. vide *Vedeja*.  
 Bedijudo, adj. vide *Vedejudo*.  
 Béfa, s. f. a scoff, an abusive jest.  
 Befar, *v. a.* to scoff, to jeer, to deride.  
 Béfo, adj. splay-footed.  
 Béfre, s. m. the creature called *castor*, or beaver.  
 Bégo, } s. m. the beak of a  
 Béje, } ship.  
 Bégin, s. m. a fine sort of mushrooms.—*Hacerse un begin*, to be in a great passion, to be enraged.  
 Behemóth, s. m. generally interpreted a great beast; but by some is made to comprehend all four-footed beasts; Behetrias, are lordships, or liberties free from the subjection of any lord, but what they chuse at pleasure, and can discard at will.



- Behórdo**, s. m. the herb called cats-tail.
- Bejúco**, s. m. a willow twig.
- Bel**, adj. m. (contracted from *bello*) handsome, beautiful, fine, pretty.
- Beldad**, s. f. beauty; also a beautiful woman.
- Belénio**, s. m. the herb henbane.
- Beléza**, s. f. a plant so called.
- Belléza**, s. f. *hermosura*, *beldad*, beauty.
- Bélfo**, adj. one who has a hanging under lip.
- Belhézés**, s. f. pl. in cant, goods, moveables.
- Belial**, adj. wicked, incorrigible.
- Bélico**, adj. warlike, as a thing belonging to war.
- Belicosamente**, adv. warlike.
- Belicoso**, adj. warlike, as a warlike man.
- Belida**, s. f. the herb called crowfoot.
- Beligéro**, adj. belligerous, warlike.
- Beliro**, s. m. a beggar, a scoundrel, any inconsiderable fellow, a vagabond.
- Belitréro**, s. m. one that abets and supports all manner of rogues.
- Bellacada**, s. f. a bad and mean action.
- Bellacamente**, adv. basely, knavishly.
- Bellaco**, s. m. a knave; a villain; an arch wag.
- Bellacón**, s. m. augm. of *bellaco*.
- Bellamente**, adv. fairly, beautifully, finely.
- Bellaqueria**, s. f. disgrace; villainy, roguery.
- Bellaquillo**, s. m. a little knave.
- Belleguín**, s. m. a bailiff's follower.
- Belléza**, s. f. beauty; also a beautiful person or thing.—*Decir bellezas*, to speak with particular graces.
- Bellido**, adj. graceful, handsome, pretty.
- Bellirife**, s. m. in cant, an officer, or justice.
- Bello**, adj. fair, beautiful. Of old it was used to signify rich.
- Bellón**, s. m. brass, or copper money.
- Bellorita**, s. f. the primrose.
- Bellósa**, s. f. in cant, a rough seaman's coat, or any coarse woollen.
- Bellóta**, s. f. an acorn.—*Cordones de bellóta*, strings with tassels to them.—*Estar un hombre de la bellóta*, to be fat and lusty as swine.
- Bellóte**, s. m. a round-headed nail.
- Bellótero**, s. m. one that gathers or sells acorns; also the place where acorns are found.—*Ha ido al bellótero*, he has been fed with acorns as hogs; speaking of a very fat and lusty man.—*Bellótero*, s. m. an acorn-tree.
- Bel ráto**, a great while.
- Benaláque**, s. m. a farm-house upon a vineyard.
- Bendecir**, v. a. to bless.
- Bendición**, s. f. a blessing.
- Bendito**, adj. blessed.
- Benditamente**, adv. blessedly.
- Benefactor**, s. m. a benefactor.
- Beneficencia**, s. f. beneficence, doing of good turns.
- Beneficiado**, s. m. a priest that has a benefice, or lands, or other things improved.
- Beneficiador**, s. m. a person who does good turns; also one that has the care of any thing, an administrator.
- Beneficial**, adj. beneficial, belonging to a benefit, or benefice.
- Beneficiar**, v. a. to improve.—*Beneficiar*, v. a. to do good turns, to be kind and beneficent.—*Beneficiar oro, o plata*, to refine gold or silver.—*Beneficiar la tierra*, to manure, or improve land.
- Beneficio**, s. m. a benefice, a benefit; also improving, and an ecclesiastical benefice.
- Beneficioso**, adj. beneficent, kind; also profitable, beneficial.
- Benéfico**, adj. one that does good turns, or bestows benefits.
- Benemerencia**, s. f. good turns done to the commonwealth, service to one's country.
- Benemérito**, adj. worthy, well deserving.
- Benplácito**, s. m. permission, approbation.
- Benéra**, s. f. vide *Venera*.
- Benevolencia**, s. f. good-will.
- Benévolo**, adj. well-affected.
- Bengán**, s. f. a very slight sort of silk web.
- Benignamente**, adv. kindly, lovingly.
- Benignidad**, s. f. goodness, kindness, bounty; also salubrity, wholesome quality.
- Benigno**, adj. courteous, loving, kind, bountiful; also wholesome, sweet, mild.
- Benino**, s. m. a bunch, or swelling.
- Benjui**, s. m. benzoin, a resin or gum so called.
- Beodéz**, s. f. drunkenness.
- Beodo**, adj. drunk.
- Béque**, s. m. the beak of a ship or galley; also an house of office.
- Berbéna**, s. f. vide *Verbena*.
- Berberis**, s. m. the white thorn-tree.
- Bercéro**, s. m. f. the person who sells cabbage, salad, &c.
- Berdolaga**, s. f. vide *Verdolaga*.
- Beréda**, s. f. vide *Vareda*.
- Berengena**, s. f. a kind of fruit like a cucumber, shaped like a pear, eaten in Spain, boiled with beef or mutton, or otherwise dressed on fish days.
- Berengenado**, adj. belonging to *berengenas*.
- Berengenal**, s. m. a field where *berengenas* grow.
- Berengenazo**, s. m. a blow given with a *berengena*.
- Bergamota**, s. f. a bergamot pear.
- Bergante**, s. m. a rogue, a rascal.
- Bergantín**, s. m. bergantine, a kind of vessel.
- Bergantón**, s. m. a great rogue.
- Beril**, s. m. a greenish precious stone.
- Beriles**, s. m. pl. fine glasses to preserve the sight, or to set before reliicks or pictures in miniature.
- Berlán**, s. a sort of game at cards.
- Bérma**, s. f. the lower part of a wall in fortification.
- Bermegia**, s. f. a sly trick.
- Bernejar**, v. n. to be reddish; also to blush.
- Bernejizo**, adj. ruddy, reddish; substantively used, a little red-haired boy.
- Berméjo**, adj. red; red-haired.
- Bormejuella**, s. f. a reddish fish, called a rochet.
- Bermejara**, s. f. redness.
- Bermellón**, s. m. vermill, vermilion, fine red.

Bernardina, s. f. proud and boasting speech.  
 Bernegál, s. m. a sort of varnished earthen vessel to drink out of; a silver or golden cup.  
 Bernia, s. f. a coarse sort of cloth.  
 Berniz, s. f. vide Barniz.  
 Berrázas, s. f. pl. over-grown water-cresses.  
 Berráco, s. m. a bear-pig; a nut with a green husk; a short piece of cannon with a wide bore.  
 Berráza, s. f. an aquatic plant so called.  
 Berréa, s. f. a place where water-cresses grow.  
 Berreár, v. n. to cry like a calf, to bellow; to quarrel and to fight.  
 Berroguetar, v. n. to deceive by tricks at cards.  
 Berrido, s. m. the bellowing of calves.  
 Berrín, s. m. the person who puts himself in a passion.  
 Berriondez, s. f. rut, pride in sows.  
 Berríondo, adj. in brimming, in lust.  
 Bérro, s. m. the herb called water-cresses.  
 Berroquí, s. m. a place full of rocky hillocks.  
 Berroquén, s. f. a sort of speckled coarse marble.  
 Berruco, s. m. an uneven hillock; also a wart; misshapen pearl.  
 Berruga, s. f. a wart; the top of a hill or rock.  
 Berrugoso, adj. full of warts; full of hillocks.  
 Berrugueta, s. f. in cant, a cheat at cards.  
 Berruiento, adj. vide Berrugoso.  
 Berýlo, s. m. a precious stone called a beryl, green coloured.  
 Bérza, s. f. cabbage.—*Bérza perruna*, wild mercury.—*Bérzacrépa*, curled cabbage.—*Bérza colorada*, red cabbage.—*Bérzas floridas*, caul flowers.  
 Bersera, s. f. an herb-woman.  
 Berzuéla, s. f. young cabbage.  
 Besádo, da, p. p. from *Besar*.  
 Besa manos, s. m. a kissing of the hands, a ceremony performed by an inferior to a superior.  
 Pesant, s. m. a coin so called, formerly in use.

Besar, v. a. to kiss.—*Besar la ropa el suelo*, to drag, to touch the ground.—*Besar el azote*, to kiss the rod.—*No hay sino llegar y besar*, it is touch and take.  
 Besicos de monja, a sort of sweet-meats.  
 Besito, s. m. diminutive of *beso*.  
 Bésó, s. m. a kiss.—*Dar besos al jirro*, to toss the pot.  
 Bestezuéla, s. f. a little beast.  
 Bestia, s. f. a beast; a brutish man, a dunce, an ill-bred fellow.—*Bestia de albirde*, a beast of burthen.—*Condenar á bestias*, to condemn, to be torn in pieces by wild beasts.  
 Bestial, adj. beastly, belonging to beasts.  
 Bestialidad, s. f. beastliness.  
 Bestialmente, adv. brutishly.  
 Bestiár, s. m. cattle.  
 Bestiáza, s. f. augmentative of *bestia*.  
 Bestión, s. m. a great beast, a great booby fellow. In architecture, or painting, a sort of a half pillar or tall pedestal, with some figure on it, some of which seem to bear up the structure. In fortification, bastion.  
 Béstola, s. f. an iron used to clean the coulter of the plough.  
 Besucador, s. m. he that gives many kisses or busses, and in a coarse manner.  
 Besucár, v. a. to kiss often, or after a rude manner.  
 Besúgo, s. m. a fish called a sea-bream.—*Ojo de besugo*, white eyes.—*Elido como un besugo*, frozen like a bream.  
 Besuguete, s. m. a little fish like a sea-bream.  
 Béta, s. f. a vein in a metallic mine; and also a vein in stone or marble.  
 Bétas, s. f. pl. ropes used among sailors.  
 Betádo, adj. distinguished by veins of various colours, said of marble and stone.  
 Betarrága, }  
 Betarráta, } s. f. a beet-root.  
 Betéle, s. m. a plant so called, which the Asiatic men and women chew.  
 Betlemitas, s. m. a religious order in Spain.  
 Betón, s. m. the coarse wax at the mouth of the bee-hive.  
 Betónica, s. f. the herb betony.

Betumár, v. a. vide Betuminar.  
 Betumén, s. f. bitumen, a liquid thick substance.  
 Betuminár, v. a. to daub with *betumen*.  
 Betuminoso, sa, adj. from *betuminar*.  
 Betún, s. m. vide Betumen.  
 Betunár, v. a. to daub, to caulk ships, to use washes to the face.  
 Beúdo, s. m. vide Borracho.  
 Beñín, s. f. a sort of reddish grape.  
 Beñt, s. m. a fish.  
 Bevándá, s. f. vide Bebanda.  
 Bevedero, s. m. vide Bebedero.  
 Bevedór, s. m. vide Bebedor.  
 Bevér, v. a. vide Beber.  
 Bevida, s. f. vide Bebida.  
 Bexiga, s. f. a bladder.  
 Bexigádo, s. m. a blow with a bladder.  
 Bexigos, s. m. pl. the disease among horses called the scratches.  
 Bexiguilla, s. f. a little bladder.  
 Bexín, s. m. the mushroom called puff-balls, or puffy mushroom; *metaph.* a boy that swells with anger, and after making faces, bursts out in tears.  
 Bexico, s. m. a withe.  
 Bezaár, s. m. the bezoar-stone.  
 Bezár, s. m. vide Bezaar.  
 Bézo, s. m. use, custom; also a kiss, and a lip, and the swelling about a wound when it festers.  
 Bezoár, s. m. vide Bezaar.  
 Bezóte, s. m. an ornament worn upon the lips by Indians.  
 Bezúdo, adj. having thick lips like a negro.  
 Bázas, s. f. pl. knapsack.  
 B báro, s. m. the castor, or beaver.  
 Biblia, s. f. the Holy Bible.  
 Bibliothéca, s. f. a library, a large collection of books.  
 Bibliothecário, s. m. a librarian, or library-keeper.  
 Bicérra, s. f. a kind of wild goat.  
 Bicho, ó bicha, s. m. f. a sort of figures half men or women, and half fish, or any other beast.—*Bichos*, s. m. ó *Bichas*, s. f. any venomous beasts, or any insects in general.—*Cara de bicho*, a great ugly face.—*Un mal bicho*, a malicious and mischievous fellow.



- Bico**, *s. m.* a small ornament of gold formerly worn upon men's caps or bonnets.
- Biecca**, *s. f.* a sentinel's box; a small bad fortified place; a little village.
- Bicórne**, *adj.* belonging to any thing which has two horns; used by poets.
- Bicorporéu**, *adj.* belonging to two bodies.
- Bielda**, *s. f.* a van, or fan, to winnow corn with.
- Bieldár**, *v. a.* to fan, to winnow.
- Bieldo**, *s. m.* a fan, or a thing to cast up corn against the wind to winnow it.
- Bien**, *s. m.* good; also prosperity, advancement; — *Bien*, *adv.* good, well; also much, very. — *Bien que; si bien*, although.
- Bienaudánte**, *adj.* successful, fortunate; a word used in romances.
- Bienaventuradaménte**, *adv.* blessedly, fortunately, luckily.
- Bienaventurado**, *adj.* happy, fortunate, lucky.
- Bienaventuránza**, *s. f.* bliss, happiness, good fortune.
- Biendezir**, *v. a.* vide *Bendezir*.
- Bienes**, *s. m. pl.* goods. — *Bienes raíces*, an estate real. — *Bienes muebles*, moveables.
- Biengranada**, *s. f.* the plant oak of Jerusalem.
- Bienhadado**, *adj.* fortunate, lucky; roguish, mischievous.
- Bienhablado**, *adj.* well-spoken, that speaks well.
- Bienhechor**, *s. m.* benefactor.
- Bienuño**, *s. m.* the space of two years.
- Biénque**, *adv.* although.
- Bienqueréncia**, *s. f.* good-will, affection.
- Bifórme**, *adj.* of two shapes or forms; used by poets.
- Bifronte**, *adj.* that has two faces; used by poets.
- Bigamia**, *s. f.* bigamy, or being married to two women, or having two husbands.
- Bigamo**, *s. m.* one that has been twice married, or that has two wives at once.
- Bigardia**, *s. f.* jest; mockery, derision, dissimulation.
- Bigardo**, *s. m.* an abusive name given to religious men.
- Bigarrado**, *adj.* of various colours.
- Bigorda**, *s. f.* the herb bindweed;
- Bigórnia**, *s. f.* a bickthorn; an anvil that has a round point sticking out, to hammer things round on; also a smith's vice to hold fast any thing in. — *Los de la bigórnia*, in cant, a parcel of bullies.
- Bigóta**, *s. f.* a pulley to draw up weights.
- Bigotazo**, *s. m.* augmentative of *bigote*.
- Bigote**, *s. m.* whisker, mustache.
- Bigotera**, *s. f.* a little sheath or bag that Germans and Goths used to curl their whiskers with. — *Tener buenas bigoteras*, to be pretty, said in speaking of women. — *Nombre de bigotes*, metaph. a man of honour, integrity, and wisdom.
- Bilórta**, *s. f.* an iron ring fixed in the axle-tree of a cart or coach.
- Billéte**, *s. m.* a billet, a note; also a bill of exchange.
- Bulético**, *s. m.* a billet-doux, a love letter.
- Bilióse**, *sa*, *adj.* choleric; abounding with choler.
- Bil's**, *s. f.* choler.
- Bimbrár**, *v. a.* to shake, to brandish.
- Bimbrera**, *s. f.* a place where oziars grow, or an ozier-tree.
- Biméstre**, *adj.* two months old.
- Binar**, *v. a.* to plough twice over.
- Binário**, *adj.* consisting of two things, that belongs to two things.
- Binazón**, *s. f.* in husbandry, the second ploughing given to a field.
- Binóculo**, *s. m.* a telescope with two bores.
- Binza**, *s. f.* the pellicle of an egg or of an onion.
- Biombo**, *s. m.* a skreen.
- Birár**, *v. a.* to tack about in a ship.
- Biribís**, *s. m.* a kind of play or lottery.
- Birláto**, *s. m.* in cant, a bubble.
- Birladór**, *s. m.* in cant, a bubbler.
- Birlár**, *v. a.* to play at nine-pins; in cant, to cheat, to impose upon.
- Birlésca**, *s. f.* in cant, an assembly of whores and rogues.
- Birlésco**, *s. m.* in cant, a ruffian, a thief.
- Birlócha**, *s. f.* a kite, that children play with, or fly in the air.
- Birlóche**, *s. m.* vide *Birlésco*.
- Birlóna**, *s. f.* a game so called.
- Birlos**, *s. m. pl.* nine-pins to play with.
- Biróla**, *s. f.* a little ring fixed to the end of a stick or walking-cane.
- B'rotazo**, *s. m.* vide *Virotazo*.
- Biróte**, *s. m.* vide *Virote*.
- Birrêta**, *s. f.* a cardinal's cap.
- Birrête**, *s. m.* a cap.
- Birretina**, *s. f.* a grenadier's cap.
- Birro**, *s. m.* a sort of short cloak formerly worn, which reached down only to the waist.
- Bisagra**, *s. f.* a hinge.
- Bisavuelo**, *s. m.* a great grandfather.
- Bisálto**, *s. m.* green pease.
- Bisárma**, *s. f.* a kind of weapon with two pikes.
- Biscocer**, *v. a.* to cook over again, to dress a thing twice over.
- Biscochado**, *adj.* baked hard like biscuit.
- Biscochéro**, *s. m.* a biscuit-maker or seller.
- Biscocho**, *s. m.* biscuit.
- Bisel**, *s. m.* the edge of a plate of glass.
- Bisiesto**, *s. m.* the additional day to the leap-year. — *Mudar bisiesto*, to take another course.
- Bislúmbre**, *s. f.* twilight; also any twinkling light or glittering, as of a glass in the sun, or the like.
- Bisojo**, *adj.* squint-eyed; looking two ways at once.
- Bisoferia**, *s. f.* a thing inconsiderately and rashly done.
- Bisóño**, *adj.* a new-raised soldier. — *Bisóño*, *adj.* beginning to learn any art or science.
- Bisón'e**, *s. m.* a fierce sort of beast with a long mane, and shaped like a stag, but has only one horn.
- Bispe**, *s. m.* obs. vide *Obispo*.
- Bispera**, *s. f.* vide *Vispera*.
- Bissextil**, or *año Bissextil*, *s. m.* the leap-year.
- Bissiesto**, *s. m.* vide *Bisiesto*.
- Byssyllabo**, *adj.* of two syllables.
- Bistérta**, *s. f.* the herb bistort, or snake-weed.

**Bistrahér,** } v. a. to pay money  
**Bistrayer,** } before it is due;  
 also to give earnest.

**Bistréta,** s. f. payment before  
 the money comes due.

**Bitacóra,** s. f. the bittacle; a  
 frame of timber in the steer-  
 age, where the compass is  
 placed, on board a ship.

**Bitas,** s. f. pl. the place where  
 the anchor is fastened to a  
 ship.

**Bitoque,** s. m. stopple, or stop-  
 per.—*Tener ojos de bitoque,* to  
 squint.

**Bitumen,** s. m. vide *Betun*.

**Bizarramente,** adv. gallantly,  
 fairly, finely, very well.

**Bizarrear,** v. n. to play the  
 gallant, to be fine and gay.

**Bizarria,** s. f. bravery, gallan-  
 try, rich apparel.

**Bizarro,** adj. brave, gallant,  
 fine in apparel.—*Hablar*  
*bizarro,* to talk gallantly or  
 fantastically and extravagantly.  
 —*Ropa bizarra,* a rich,  
 costly garment.

**Bizásas,** s. f. pl. leathern  
 vallets, budgets, or bags.

**Bizeo,** adj. squint-eyed.

**Bizeocháda,** s. f. soup made  
 with milk, sugar, &c. with  
 biscuit in it.

**Bizeócho,** s. m. biscuit, a kind  
 of hard dry bread, made to be  
 carried to sea.—*Bizecho de*  
*azúcar,* a composition of fine  
 flour, sugar, &c.

**Bizeochnelo,** s. m. a fine small  
 sort of biscuit.

**Bizeotéla,** s. f. a kind of biscuit  
 covered with sugar, made by  
 the nuns.

**Bizma,** s. f. cere-cloth, to  
 keep together; broken bone  
 that is set, or to strengthen  
 a weak part.

**Bizmar,** v. a. to wrap up in  
 a cere-cloth.

**Biznaga,** s. f. a sort of wild  
 fennel, used to make pick-  
 tooth.

**Bizniéta,** s. f. a great grand-  
 daughter.

**Bizniéto,** s. m. a great grand-  
 son.

**Bizuéjo,** adj. squint-eyed.

**Blágo,** s. m. a staff, or stick.

**Blanca,** s. f. a piece of money,  
 about the third part of a  
 farthing.—*No tenga blanca,*  
 I have not one cross.—*No*  
*vale una blanca,* it is not worth  
 a doit.—*Pagar blanca a blanca,*  
 to pay by drivellets.—*Cosa de*

*bes a la blanca,* a thing of a  
 very inconsiderable value.

**Blanco,** adj. white; substan-  
 tively used, a mark to shoot  
 at.—*Dexár en blanco,* to leave  
 a blank in a writing; to  
 baulk, to disappoint.—*Salir*  
*en blanco,* to fail in an un-  
 dertaking.—*Quedar en blanco,*  
 to be left in the lurch.—  
*Dar en el blanco,* to hit the  
 mark, to hit the nail on the  
 head.—*Ne sé si fulano es*  
*blanco; ni negro,* I know not  
 whether such a one is black  
 or white; that is, I know  
 nothing of him.—*Hacer lo*  
*blanco negro, y lo negro blanco,*  
 to make white black, and  
 black white; to impose a  
 falsehood, to oppose the known  
 truth.—*No me dico blanco*  
*tienes el ojo,* he did not say  
 white is your eye; that is,  
 he took so little notice of me,  
 that he did not look me in  
 the face.—*Armado de punta*  
*en blanco,* armed at all points,  
 cap-a-pee.—*Dexár a uno de*  
*punta en blanco que no es así,*  
 to tell a man point blank it  
 is not so, is next to giving  
 him the lie.—*Hijo de la*  
*gallina blanca,* the son of the  
 white hen; that is, a fortune-  
 ate man who succeeds in all  
 things.—*El blanco del áur,*  
 the wings and breast, or the  
 brawn of a fowl.

**Blanco,** metaph. the object or  
 end in view.

**Blancór,** s. m. } whiteness.  
**Blancúra,** s. f. } Prov. *La blan-*  
*cúra mil táchas dissimila,* white-  
 ness covers a thousand faults;  
 that is, a delicate white skin  
 in a woman.

**Blánda,** s. f. in cant, a bed.

**Blandátes,** s. m. pl. a certain  
 part of a ship's tackle, so  
 called.

**Blandamente,** adv. softly,  
 gently.

**Blandear,** v. a. to brandish,  
 to shake; also to fasten, and  
 to waver in one's resolu-  
 tion.

**Blandéo,** s. m. a stony, hard  
 ground, or soft and smooth  
 ground, used in both senses.

**Blandéza,** } s. f. flattery.

**Blandicia,** } s. f. flattery.

**Blandicióso,** m. adj. flatter.

**Blánd co,** adj. foolish.

**Blandido,** da, p. p. from *blándir*.

**Blandir,** v. a. as *blándear*.

**Blándo,** adj. soft, tender,  
 gentle, effeminate. In cant,  
 coward.—*Blándo de corazón,*  
 tender-hearted.—*Traer blándo*  
*la mano,* to carry a gentle  
 hand, to reprove a man  
 lovingly.

**Blandón,** s. m. a great flam-  
 beau; and also a great cand-  
 lestick to set such a light  
 on.

**Blandéjo,** adj. diminutive of  
*blándo*.

**Blandera,** s. f. softness, gen-  
 tleness, tenderness, also neg-  
 ligence and laziness.

**Blandurilla,** s. f. paste, or  
 such compositions women use  
 to their hands or faces; also  
 ointment, or poultices to ri-  
 pen any swelling.

**Blandúxo,** adj. softish.

**Blanqueador,** s. m. a whitener,  
 a whitener.

**Blanqueadura,** s. f. whitening.  
**Blanqueamiento,** vide *Blanque-*  
*adura*.

**Blanquear,** v. a. v. n. to whiten,  
 to look white.

**Blanquecedór,** s. m. one that  
 whitens.

**Blanquecer,** v. a. to whiten;  
 silver or new coin.—*Blan-*  
*quecer,* v. n. to grow white.

**Blanquecimo,** adj. whitish.

**Blanqueo,** vide *Blanqueadura*.

**Blanquería,** s. f. a meadow,  
 where linen is whitened.

**Blanquero,** s. m. vide *Curtidor*.

**Blanquiból,** s. m. obs. ceruse.

**Blanquillo,** } adj, whitish,

**Blanquisco,** } adj, whitish,

**Blanquizál,** s. m. a white field.

**Bláo,** adj. blue; in heraldry,  
 azure.

**Blasnár,** v. a. to reproach,  
 injure, degrade, or detract  
 from any one's reputation.

**Blásmo,** s. m. injury, reproach,  
 disgrace, detraction.

**Blasón,** s. m. blazon, a coat of  
 arms; also boasting.

**Blasonador,** adj. boasting,  
 proud.

**Blasonár,** v. a. to blazon; also  
 to boast.

**Blasphemador,** s. m. a blas-  
 phemer.

**Blasphemamente,** adv. impi-  
 ously, blasphemously.

**Blasphemár,** v. a. to blas-  
 pheme.

**Blasphemía,** s. f. blasphemy.

**Blasphemio,** adj. blasphemous.

**Bláta,** s. f. vide *Polilla*.

**Blanchète,** s. m. obs. a cat.



**Blédo**, s. m. an herb called blite. — *No dársele un blédo*, I don't value it of a pin.  
**Blónda**, s. f. a lace made of white and black silk.  
**Blóndo**, adj. reddish, with a cast of white, a sort of sandy coloured.  
**Bloquear**, v. a. to blockade a town or city.  
**Bloquéo**, s. m. a blockade.  
**Bóá**, s. f. a large serpent of South America.  
**Boaláge**, s. m. a tribute paid for oxen.  
**Boalár**, s. m. an enclosed piece of ground.  
**Boárda**, s. f. a garret-window, such as looks out upon the tiles at the top of the roof.  
**Boarrête**, s. m. a storm or tempest.  
**Boáto**, s. m. the sound of a roaring, noisy voice; fine appearance, show.  
**Bobáda**, s. f. a foolish expression or action.  
**Bobálios**, s. m. a silly fool, a mere dolt.  
**Bobalicón**, s. m. a blockhead, a stupid fellow.  
**Bobalísón**, s. m. a fool, a booby.  
**Bohaménte**, adv. foolishly, ignorantly, stupidly.  
**Bobarría**, s. m. a booby, a Bobarrón, f. fool, a blockhead.  
**Bóbas**, s. f. pl. an herb called share-wort. — *A bóbas*, foolishly.  
**Bobaticaménte**, adv. foolishly, ignorantly, stupidly, impudently.  
**Bobático**, adj. foolish, silly.  
**Bobázo**, s. m. a great fool.  
**Bobear**, v. n. to play the fool.  
**Bobéda**, s. f. a vault.  
**Bobedád**, s. f. folly.  
**Bobería**, s. f. folly, foolishness, ignorance, stupidity.  
**Bobibellaco**, s. m. a cunning, artful, subtle knave.  
**Bobicúlto**, adj. done by a foolish person, who thinks he has done it in a complete manner.  
**Bobillos**, s. m. pl. a sort of thread-lace, much worn in Spain formerly by the women.  
**Bóbilis** **Róbilis**, adv. in vain, without pains, without deserv-  
 ing. *Quix. tom. 2.* — *Para que yo lo communique con étro de bobilis bobilis*, to the end that I may communicate it

to another without pain, without labour, without de serving it.  
**Bobillo**, s. m. a little fool; also a little bellied mug with a handle.  
**Bobina**, s. m. vide Bobo.  
**Bobito**, s. m. dimin. of bobo.  
**Bóbo**, s. m. f. a fool; a stiff, hollow sort of ruff formerly worn. — *Carrillos de bobo*, great blown cheeks. — *Parice el bóbo de cória*, he is more knave than fool.  
**Bobón**, s. m. augmentative of bobo.  
**Boboncillo**, s. m. diminutive of bobo.  
**Bobóte**, s. augmentative of bobo.  
**Bobúno**, adj. foolish, simple, stupid.  
**Bóca**, s. f. the mouth; also an opening, a great hole. — *Bóca de calle*, the end of, or entrance into, a street. — *Bóca de costál*, the mouth of a sack; a wide or insatiable mouth. — *Bóca de escotilla*, a scuttle in the hatches or deck of a ship. — *Bóca de espúerta róta*, a sparrow-mouth. — *Bóca de fuego*, any sort of fire-arms. — *Bóca de niche*, night-fall. — *Bóca de río*, the mouth of a river. — *Obscuro cómo bóca de líba*, as dark as a dungeon. — *Oler mal la bóca*, to have a stinking breath; to have an ill tongue. — *Bóca arriba*, with the mouth upwards. — *Bóca abáxo*, with the mouth down. — *Regular a uno a que quiere bóca*, to treat a man with all his mouth can crave. — *Quitárselo de la bóca para dirlo a otro*, to spare it out of one's mouth to give to another. — *Atapar bocas*, to stop mouths, to give or do something that one may not speak ill. — *Estár bóca con bóca*, to be crowded together mouth to mouth. — *Dar cuenta de un negocio a bóca*, to give account of a business face to face. — *Sustentar muchas bocas*, to feed many mouths. — *No tomar a uno en la bóca*, not to mention a man. — *Pegar la bóca a la pared*, to cling one's mouth to the wall; not to have courage to discover one's wants. — *No os salga de la bóca*, do not speak a word of it. — *No diró esta bóca es mía*, he

did not say, this month is mine; that is, he did not speak one word. — *No tener bóca para decir que no*, not to know how to give a refusal. — *No tener bóca el caballo*, to be hard-mouthed. — *Decir tódo lo que se le viene de la boca*, to say any thing that comes uppermost. — *Guardar la bocá el enfermo*, to be regular, and eat or drink nothing but what the physician orders. — *Boca de horno*, the mouth of an oven.  
**Bobaci**, s. m. buckram.  
**Bocáda**, s. f. a mouthful.  
**Bocadear**, v. a. to bite.  
**Bocadillo**, s. m. a small bit, or mouthful; also a sort of fine linen.  
**Bocádo**, s. m. a morsel, a bit, a mouthful, a bite; the wadding of a gun, the bit of a bridle. — *Bocado sin hueso*, a bit that has no bone; a convenience without an inconvenience. — *Tomar un bocádo*, to eat a bit, to break one's fast. — *Darme un bocádo*, give me a bit to eat. — *Dar un bocádo*, to give poison, to poison. — *No hay un bocádo*, there is not a morsel. — *Comerselo en un bocádo*, to eat it at a mouthful. — *Querérselo comer a bocádos*, to be in such a passion, as if one would eat a man. — *Levantarse con el bocádo en la bóca*, to rise from table with one's mouth full; that is, not to allow one's self time to eat. — *Sacar el bocádo redóndo*, to bite out a mouthful.  
**Bocál**, s. m. a pot or mug with which they take wine out of great jars. — *Bocál de pázo*, the mouth of a well.  
**Bocamanga**, s. f. the extremity of a sleeve.  
**Bocanáda**, s. f. a mouthful of liquor. — *Bocanada de gente*, a crowd of people. — *Bocanadz de viento*, a blast or puff of wind; a gale.  
**Bocarán**, s. m. buckram.  
**Bocar**, v. a. to rough hew, or cut out any work.  
**Bocáaz**, s. f. a large mouth.  
**Bocél**, s. m. the brims or lips of a cup or other vessel; the edge of any ornament in carved work.  
**Bocelár**, v. a. to make the brim, or edge of any vessel.

**Bocellár**, s. m. obs. a kettle.  
**Bocéro**, s. m. obs. advocate.  
**Bocozár**, v. a. to gape, to yawn.  
**Bocézo**, s. m. gaping or yawning.  
**Bócha**, s. f. the play at bowls or balls.  
**Bochár**, v. a. to play at bowls.  
**Bocházo**, s. m. a blow given by the bowl.  
**Bóche**, s. m. the hole children dent in the ground to play at chuck; in cant, the hangman.  
**Bochéro**, s. m. in cant, the executioner's man.  
**Bochin**, s. m. the hangman.  
**Bochornado**, adj. withered, or dried up with heat; fainting with heat.  
**Bochorno**, s. m. sultry, close, hot weather; also shame, blush.  
**Bocina**, s. f. a hunter's cornet; also the northern constellation called *ursa minor*, or the lesser bear; also a speaking trumpet they use at sea, and a sort of sea-snail.  
**Bocinéro**, s. m. one that winds a cornet, or he that makes or sells them.  
**Bocólica**, s. f. eatables, any thing that is to be eat.  
**Bocón**, s. m. a great mouth, also a mouthful of victuals.  
**Borúdo**, adj. that has a great mouth.  
**Bóla**, s. f. a wedding. — *Andarse de bolas en bóla*, to go from wedding to wedding; that is, to live an idle life. — *A bóla, ni bautizado, no voyas sin serllamado*, ref. not to go without being invited.  
**Bodár**, v. n. to marry.  
**Bodéga**, s. f. a cellar for wine. In a ship the hold, which is all the empty space below the first or lower deck, where provisions and stores, or goods are stowed.  
**Bodegón**, s. m. a place where the meaner sort of people go to eat, &c. — *En que bodegon hemos comido juntos?* at what cook's shop do we eat together? or, who gave you permission to take such liberties with me?  
**Bodegoneár**, v. n. to ramble from one cook's shop to another.  
**Bodegonéro**, s. m. a man that

keeps a *bodegón*, or eating-house.  
**Bodeguero**, s. m. a cellar-man, he that has charge of the cellar.  
**Bodeguilla**, s. f. diminutive of *bodega*.  
**Bodían**, s. m. a sea-fish like a tench.  
**Bodigo**, s. m. a small cake or roll of bread, which in Spain they offer in the church.  
**Bodijo**, a. m. a ridiculous wedding.  
**Bodocádo**, s. m. the stroke of *Bodocázo*, a pellet, shot out of a cross-bow.  
**Bodóllo**, s. m. a pruning-knife used by gardeners to cut branches of trees.  
**Bodóque**, s. m. a pellet of clay, a clay bullet; metaph. a heavy, stupid person, of a weak understanding.  
**Boloquera**, s. f. the mould in which the pellets of clay are made.  
**Bodorrío**, s. m. a poor, mean, ridiculous, and ill-sorted marriage.  
**Boemiano**, s. m. a fortune-teller.  
**Boémio**, s. m. a short cloak.  
**Boezuelo**, s. m. a thing filled up with straw; bearing some resemblance to an ox, and used by sportsmen in chasing partridges.  
**Bofáda**, s. f. a dish of victuals made of the entrails minced small.  
**Bófe**, s. m. the lungs or lights. *Rechir los bifes*, to vomit one's heart up; to be so anxious as not to have time to breathe.  
**Bofeña**, s. f. the same as *bifes*.  
**Bofeta**, s. m. a sort of fine linen.  
**Bofetáda**, s. f. a cuff on the ear.  
**Bofetear**, v. a. to buffet.  
**Bofetón**, s. m. a cuff on the ear.  
**Bófo**, s. m. a bruise in the flesh; also a fine manchón of bread. — *Bofines de jubón*, the buckram and canvas, or inward part of a doublet.  
**Bofodir**, v. n. vide *Bohordar*.  
**Bofórdo**, s. m. vide *Bohordo*.  
**Bóga**, s. f. rowing with oars.  
**Bóga**, s. m. a sort of fish very white.  
**Bogáda**, s. f. a buck, or buck-

ing; that is, soaking of linen in lye; also rowing with oars.  
**Bogadór**, s. m. a rower, one that tugs at the oar.  
**Bogar**, v. n. to row, to tug at the oar. — *A bogarncada*, adv. with all might and main.  
**Bogavánte**, s. m. the foreman in rowing.  
**Bogéta**, s. f. a kind of fish like a herring.  
**Boliéna**, s. f. vide *Bofeña*.  
**Bohordár**, v. a. to cast long stiff rushes, called *bupordos*, at one another, or instead of them small rods.  
**Bohórdo**, s. m. any sort of rush but particularly the great rush that has a long round head, like velvet; also small reeds, which the gentry riding abroad to divert themselves, dart up into the air. — *Bohórdo*, the plunging of a horse, or his rising with all four upright from the ground.  
**Boil**, s. m. a stable to shut in oxen at night.  
**Boitrino**, s. m. a kind of fishing-net.  
**Bója**, s. f. compassing, or going about; also a little sore.  
**Bojár**, v. a. to compass, to go about; to be so much about.  
**Bol**, s. m. bole, a kind of medicinal earth so called.  
**Bóla**, s. f. any round bowl, but generally taken for such a bowl as is used at nine-pins, or bowling-greens, or the like: also a lie. See *Mentira*. — *Bola de viento*, a wind-ball in the nature of our foot-ball. — *Emboçar la bóla*, to strike the ball or bowl into the mouth of the ring. — *Tener la bóla en el embóque*, to lie in pass.  
**Boláda**, s. f. vide *Bolazo*.  
**Boládo**, s. m. a cake made with sugar, &c.  
**Bolantín**, s. m. a fine thin packthread.  
**Bolázo**, s. m. a stroke of a bowl.  
**Bolchaca**, s. f. }  
**Bolchaco**, s. m. } a pocket.  
**Boléa**, s. f. a piece of wood fastened to the frame of a coach, to the extremities of which the long straps of the horses are fastened; the same as *Mentira*, a falshood.  
**Boleádo**, adj. that has a crow-



as round as a ball, said of a hat.  
**Bolendór, s. m.** a thief that plies at fairs.  
**Bolcar, v. n.** to bowl.  
**Boléo, s. m.** a flight or stroke given to a ball before it comes to the ground, or the flight of the ball.—*Llevarse una cosa de boléo*, to do a thing or run away with it at a heat.  
**Boléro, s. m.** a child that flies from his house and parents.  
**Boléta, s. f.** a little billet, or ticket; a billet for quarters.  
**Boletár, v. a.** to sell any thing wrapped in small pieces of paper.  
**Boletín, s. m.** a soldier's billet for quarters formerly; the order given to a treasurer for paying money.  
**Bolicho, s. m.** the small fish drawn in a net; also the whole draught, as it is often bought. In cant, a gaming-house.  
**Bolichéro, s. m.** in cant, a card-maker.  
**Bolicia, s. f.** a company of riotous tumultuous men.  
**Bolilla, s. f.** a little bowl or ball.  
**Bolillo, s. m.** a little nine-pin, or a bobbin to make lace.  
**Bolina, s. f.** the bow-line, a sea term.  
**Bolinar, v. a.** to sail upon a bow-line.  
**Bolinete, s. m.** a capstan of a ship.  
**Bolisa, s. f.** ashes.  
**Bolla, s. m.** a little light roll of bread; also an impression.  
**Bolladára, s. f.** vide *Abolladura*.  
**Bollar, v. a.** vide *Abollar*.  
**Bollecér, v. a.** obs. to raise  
**Bollescér, v. a.** or cause a tumult.  
**Bolleta, s. f.** vide *Boletín*.  
**Bollicár, v. a.** vide *Bulliciar*.  
**Bollicioso, a, adj.** noisy, clamorous, turbulent. See *Bullicioso*.  
**Bollir, v. n.** vide *Bullir*.  
**Bollito, s. m.** diminutive of *bóllo*.  
**Bóllo de pan, s. m.** a roll of bread.—*Bóllo, de golpe*, a bump or swelling by a blow.—*Bóllo maimón*, a cake or roll full of sweet-meats.  
**Bollón, s. m.** a large sort of nails used to adorn coaches or chairs, called studs or knobs;

*Bollón de cinta*, a stud or boss on a girdle.  
**Bollonado, adj.** studded, or bossed.  
**Bolluéo, s. m.** dimin. of *bóllo*.  
**Bolos, s. m.** one of the nine-pins; also a cushion to make laces.—*Juego de bolos*, the play called nine-pins.  
**Bolonio, s. m.** a fantastic, whimsical, and ignorant person.  
**Bólos, s. m. pl.** nine-pins to play.—*Estár en los bólos*, to be within pins; *metaph.* to have the convenience of managing one's business at pleasure.  
**Bóisa, s. f.** a purse, a pouch; also an exchange for merchants to meet.—*Bóisa de camino*, a pouch or bags for a traveller to carry his necessities.—*Bóisa de arzón*, a hawking-bag, or a bag to carry behind one on horseback.—*Bóisa en vestido*, a pucker or fold in a garment.—*Bóisa rota*, a torn purse; *metaph.* a man that cannot keep his money.—*Bóisa de hierro*, an iron purse; a man that will not part with his money.—*Bóisa de Dios*, God's purse; that is, alms for the poor.—*Dar otro nudo a la bóisa*, to give the purse another knot, to be proof against all temptations of laying out money.—*Ejér a sacir de la bóisa*, to trust till the purse is taken out of the purse, to sell for ready money.—*Llevar bien herrada la bóisa*, to have the purse well lined with money.  
**Bolsár, v. a.** to make purses, to pucker, or gather up, as garments ill made do.  
**Bolseár, v. n.** to pucker, or gather up, to wrinkle; also to fold or plait.  
**Bolséro, s. m.** a purse-maker.  
**Bólsica, s. f.** a little purse.  
**Bólsico, s. m.** a little purse or pouch.—*Prov. Quién tiene cuatro y gasta cinco no ha menester bolínco*, he that hath four and spends five, has no need of a purse.  
**Bolsilla, s. f.**  
**Bolsillo, s. m.** } a coat-pocket.  
**Bolsita, s. f.**  
**Bolsón, s. m.** a great purse or pouch.  
**Bolsónes, s. m.** the foundation of an arch.  
**Boltario, adj.** an unsteady person that is not long in a mind.

**Bolteador, s. m.** a tumbler, a vaulter.  
**Bolteadura, s. f.** tumbling, vaulting.  
**Bolteár, v.** to tumble, to vault rather *volteír* from *volto*.  
**Boltezuéla, vide** *Bueltezuela*.  
**Boltón, s. m.** a jewel like a heart; to hang about the neck.—*Boltón de cinta*, a stud, or boss on a girdle.  
**Bolvér, v. a.** vide *Volver*.  
**Bómba, s. f.** a pump; also a bomb.—*Dar a la bómba*, to pump; *metaph.* to vomit.—*Bómba marina*, a column of water that appears in the sea in stormy weather, dangerous for ships.  
**Bombarda, s. f.** a mortar-piece.  
**Bombardeado, dr, p. p.** from  
**Bombardeár, v. a.** to bombard.  
**Bombardero, s. m.** a gunner, a bombardier.  
**Bombasí, s. f.** a coarse sort of cloth of different colours, made of cotton and wool.  
**Bombeár, v. a.** to throw bomb-shells.  
**Bon, adj.** obs. vide *Bueno*.  
**Bonancible, adj.** fair, calm; (speaking of weather.)  
**Bonanza, s. f.** a calm, fair weather at sea; *metaph.* prosperity.  
**Bonanzár, v. n.** to clear up, to grow fair or calm.  
**Bonazo, adj.** very good-natured.  
**Bondad, s. f.** goodness.  
**Bondár, v. n.** vide *Bastar*.  
**Bondéjo, s. f.** the cheese-press.  
**Boneta, s. f.** bonnet, an additional sail added upon occasions on to the other sail, to gather all the wind that may be gathered.  
**Bonetada, s. f.** a pulling off the bonnet, salutation.  
**Bonete, s. m.** a cap, a boan t.—*Un bravo bonete*, a great fool, an ignorant fellow.  
**Bonetería, s. f.** the place where caps are sold or made.  
**Bonetéro, s. m.** a cap-maker.  
**Bonetillo, s. m.** a little cap, a skull-cap.  
**Bonicamente, adv.** prettily, neatly, softly.  
**Bonicia, s. f.** vide *Bondad*.  
**Bónico, adj.** pretty, neat.  
**Bonificar, v. a.** to do good, to approve any thing.  
**Bonillo, adj.** diminutive of *bueno*.  
**Bonina, s. f.** the herb camomile.

**Bonifato**, s. m. vide **Bonito**.  
**Bonitamente**, adv. vide **Bonitamente**.  
**Bonito**, s. m. a kind of sea fish so called.—*Bonito*, adj. pretty.  
**Bonvarón**, s. m. the herb groundsel.  
**Boniga**, s. f. cow-dung.  
**Bótes**, s. m. a constellation so called.  
**Bóque**, s. m. a he-goat.  
**Boqueada**, s. f. a gaping or yawning.—*La última boqueada*, the last gasp.  
**Boquear**, v. n. to gape, to yawn, to open the mouth, to gasp for breath; also to die, to expire.—*No osar boquear*, not to dare to speak a word.—*Boquear*, or *Dar la postre*, *boqueada*, to breathe one's last.  
**Boquera**, s. f. the opening made on the side of a canal for the purpose of turning part of the water another way.  
**Boquerón**, s. m. a great hole in a wall, a great opening, or yawning.  
**Boquete**, s. m. diminutive of *boquerón*.—*Tomar boquete*, to escape, to fly.  
**Boquiabierto**, adj. open-mouthed.  
**Boquiáncho**, adj. with a large mouth.  
**Boquifruncido**, adj. shrivel-mouthed, that has the mouth drawn up like a purse.  
**Boquihundido**, adj. that has the mouth sunk in.  
**Boquilla**, s. f. a little mouth.  
**Boquimuelle**, adj. tender-mouthed, (speaking of horses); also credulous.  
**Boquin**, s. m. the coarsest sort of bays.  
**Boquins**, s. f. goat-skin.  
**Boquínegro**, s. m. a sort of snail.  
**Boquínvel**, s. m. an unexperienced person easy to be deceived.  
**Boquiróto**, adj. wide-mouthed; *metaph.* foul-mouthed.  
**Boquiróxo**, } s. m. a young  
**Boquirúbio**, } beau. In cant, a cully; also a credulous unexperienced person.  
**Boquiséco**, adj. dry-mouthed; *metaph.* a man that cannot speak one word of comfort.—*Me dexaron salir boquiséco*, they let me come away without wetting my lips.

**Boquisumido**, adj. that has the mouth sunk in, like old people who have lost their teeth.  
**Boquita**, s. f. a little mouth.  
**Boquituerto**, adj. wry-mouthed.  
**Boquivérde**, s. m. one who talks inconsiderately, idly.  
**Borbólla**, s. f. a little bubble upon the water.  
**Borbollear**, v. n. to bubble, to boil up.  
**Borbollita**, s. f. a little bubble.  
**Borbollón**, s. m. the violent gushing of water out of a pipe, or other hole; also the bubbling of boiling water, or of a spring that gushes out of the ground.  
**Borbotar**, v. n. to gush violently out of a pipe; to boil very fast.  
**Borbotón**, s. m. vide **Borbollón**.  
**Borbotear**, v. n. to mutter, or grumble.  
**Borbúja**, s. f. vide **Borbolla**.  
**Borcegui**, s. m. a buskin.  
**Borceguinería**, s. f. the place where buskins are sold.  
**Borcélla**, s. f. the edge or rim of a box or chest.  
**Bórda**, s. f. the main-sail of a galley.  
**Bordador**, s. m. f. an embroiderer.  
**Bordadura**, s. f. an embroidery; also edging.  
**Bordar**, v. a. to embroider; also to edge.  
**Bórde**, s. m. the edge, the brim, the side of a ship; also a bastard son.—*Bórde tajado*, a shagged or jagged edge.  
**Bordear**, v. n. to tack forwards and backwards at sea; also a cruise.  
**Bordel**, s. m. a bawdy-house.  
**Bordóna**, s. f. a whore, a common prostitute.  
**Bórdo**, s. m. as, *ir a bórdo*, to go aboard a ship.—*Hacer étro bórdo*, to tack the ship, to bring her head about.  
**Bordón**, s. m. a staff to walk with, a pilgrim's staff; also the great or base string of an instrument.  
**Bordonadores**, s. m. pl. some gentlemen who were used to cast wooden rods at a mark to exercise their strength, and try whether they could strike it.  
**Bordonéco**, s. m. diminutive of *bordón*.  
**Bordencico**, } s. m. a little  
**Bordencillo**, } walking-staff.

**Bordonéar**, v. a. to strike with a walking-staff.  
**Bordonería**, s. f. the custom of going about like a pilgrim.  
**Bordonéro**, s. m. a counterfeit pilgrim, that goes about in that habit to live idly; an idle strolling fellow or beggar.  
**Boreál**, adj. belonging to the north.  
**Bóreas**, s. m. the north-wind.  
**Boreó**, adj. vide **Boreál**.  
**Borgoñarse**, v. r. to boast or brag.  
**Borgoñota**, s. f. a kind of helmet.  
**Bórta**, s. f. a tuft, or tassel of silk, or other matter. Doctors wear a *bórta*; that is, a silk tassel on their caps to denote their degree.  
**Borladór**, s. m. tassel-maker.  
**Borlilla**, s. f. a little tuft or tassel.  
**Borlón**, s. m. a great tuft or tassel.  
**Borlones**, s. m. pl. a sort of stuff.  
**Bórne**, s. m. the end of the lance used in tilting; also a sort of oak and the bending of any wood.  
**Borneadizo**, adj. easy to be turned or twisted.  
**Bornéar**, v. a. to wrap, to bend by heating at the fire or otherwise.  
**Bornéo**, s. m. the action of twisting or bending by heating at the fire.  
**Bornéro**, adj. belonging to the stone that mills the corn.  
**Borní**, s. m. a sort of hawk.  
**Bornido**, adj. in cant, hanged.  
**Boróna**, s. f. a sort of bread made with Indian corn or millet.  
**Boronia**, s. f. a kind of dish eaten on meagre days.  
**Borra**, s. f. short wool, the nap of frize, or the like; any little tuft of wool; also the dross, or lees of wool.  
**Borracha**, s. f. a leather bottle which when empty falls together like a purse; also a drunken woman.  
**Borrachada**, s. f. drunkenness, a drunken action; also a club of drunkards; also a mad action.  
**Borrachear**, v. a. to play the drunkard.  
**Borrachera**, s. f. drunkenness, a drunken bout, a drunken action.



**Borrachería, s. f.** the disorder or confusion caused by drunkenness.  
**Borrachéz, s. f.** drunkenness.  
**Borrácho, adj.** drunk; substantively used, a drunkard.  
**Borrachón, } s. m.** a great  
**Borrachónazo, } drunkard.**  
**Borrachuélo, s. m. f.** a little drunkard.  
**Borráda, s. f.** a blotting out.  
**Borradéro, s. m.** that which may be blotted out.  
**Borrador, s. m.** a blotting paper, a day-book, or note-book, where things are only set down for the present to be writ out fair; also a rough draught.  
**Borradorcillo, s. m.** a little blotting paper, or a small note-book for memorandums.  
**Borradura, s. f.** a blotting.  
**Borrája, s. f.** the herb borage.  
**Borrapeláire, s. m.** used as an interjection, (an arbitrary word) silly, worthless, rascally fellow.  
**Borrar, v. a.** to blot, to blur, to strike out, to blemish.  
**Borras, s. f. pl.** dregs or lees of any liquor.  
**Borrasca, s. f.** a tempest, a storm; *metaph.* a broil, a fray.  
**Borrascoso, adj.** tempestuous; *metaph.* quarrelsome.  
**Borrasquilla, s. f.** a little storm or tempest, a small scuffle, a little turbulent fellow.  
**Borrax, s. m.** borax, used for solder by goldsmiths.  
**Borraxa, s. f.** an herb called borage.  
**Borráz, s. m.** vide **Borrax**.  
**Borréga, s. f.** an ewe lamb.  
**Borregada, s. f.** a flock of lambs.  
**Borrégo, s. m.** a lamb; a good-natured, quiet, fat child.  
**Borregón, s. m.** the shepherd who takes care of a flock.  
**Borreguero, s. m.** a shepherd that has the custody of the lambs, or sells lambs to butchers.  
**Borreguillo, s. m.** diminutive of **borregó**.  
**Borrén, s. m. }** the high part of  
**Borréna, s. f. }** a saddle before and behind.  
**Borrica, s. f.** a she-ass.  
**Borricada, s. f.** a drove of asses; also foolishness.  
**Borricazo, s. m.** a great ass.  
**Borrico, s. m.** an ass.  
**Borricón, s. m.** a great ass, a great coxcomb.

**Borricóte, s. m.** vide **Borricón**.  
**Borriqueño, adj.** belonging to an ass.  
**Borriquete, s. m.** the top-gallant-sail.  
**Borriquillo, } s. m.** a little ass.  
**Borriquito, }**  
**Borriva, s. f.** the wool of the lamb.  
**Bórro, s. m.** a lamb of a year old; also a stupid ignorant fellow.  
**Borrón, s. m.** a blot.—**Borrón**, a disgrace, a dishonour.  
**Borroneillo, s. m.** diminutive of **borrón**.  
**Borronista, s. m.** one who frequently blots in writing.  
**Borróso, adj.** of, or belonging to lees or dregs.  
**Borrufalla, s. f.** a trifle.  
**Borrumbada, s. f.** a rash, inconsiderate action.  
**Borújo, }**  
**Borrujón, }** s. m. vide **Orujo**.  
**Borzegui, s. m.** a buskin.  
**Borzeguinería, s. f.** a buskin-maker's shop.  
**Borzeguínero, s. m.** a buskin-maker.  
**Bosadilla, s. f.** a vomit.  
**Bosár, v. a.** to be brimful, to run over.  
**Boscage, s. m.** a thick place, a woody place; also a landscape in painting.—**Boscage, s. m.** a picture embellished with woods.  
**Boscar, v. a.** vide **Buscar**.  
**Boslár, v. a.** obs. vide **Bordar**.  
**Bosphoro, s. m.** a streight, a passage from sea to sea.  
**Bósque, s. m.** wood, forest.  
**Bosquecillo, } s. m.** diminutives  
**Bosquecito, }** of **bosque**.  
**Bosquejar, v. a.** to make a rough draught; to lay the first colours on a picture; to sketch.  
**Bosquejo, s. m.** a rough draught, a picture that has only the first colour, a sketch.  
**Bosquero, s. m.** a woodman.  
**Bossada, }**  
**Bossadina, }** s. f. vomiting.  
**Bossadara, }**  
**Bossál, s. m.** an ornament of silver for a horse's head, with bells.  
**Bossár, v. a.** to run over, to vomit.  
**Bostezár, v. n.** to gape, to yawn.  
**Bostezo, s. m.** gaping, yawning.  
**Bóta, s. f.** a boot; a leather bottle; a butt.

**Botácio, s. m.** that part of a column that is cut wreathed like a rope.  
**Botador, s. m.** a punch, an iron to drive nails that cannot be drawn with pincers.  
**Botafuégó, s. m.** a long stick with a match-rope fixed to the end to fire off cannon.  
**Botálo, } s. m.** a pole so called,  
**Botalón, }** used in ships.  
**Botamen, s. m.** a great number of barrels for a ship.  
**Botamente, adv.** bluntly, dully.  
**Botana, s. f.** a round plug of wood to stop a leather bottle; plaister upon a sore.  
**Botánica, s. f.** botany, the knowledge of plants.  
**Botánico, adj.** belonging to botany, skilled in herbs.  
**Botanomancia, s. f.** superstitious divination or prophecy by herbs.  
**Botár, v. a.** to vow, to make a vow; to swear to.—**Botó a Dios**, I vow to God.—**Botár, v. a.** to throw, to cast out.—**Botár al agua un navío**, to launch a ship.  
**Botaráte, s. m.** an ignorant senseless man.  
**Botarél, s. m.** prop, stay, support; what workmen call a shore.  
**Botarga, s. f.** the dress of Harlequin, and Harlequin himself; also a ridiculous figure they put before the bulls at the bull-feasts; also a sort of sausage.  
**Botarguear, v. a.** to batt with the horns, as bulls do; also to ill-treat one, to abuse him as bulls do the *botarga*.  
**Botaséla, s. f.** the sound to get on horseback for the cavalry.  
**Bóte, s. m.** any common boat; properly the long boat of a ship.—**Bóte**, a gallipot, such as apothecaries use; also the end, or extremity.—**Bóte**, a thrust, a blow.—**Bóte de pelota**, the rebound of a ball.—**Ir de bote**, to go the ready way.—**Estár lleno de bóte en bóte**, to be as full as it can hold.  
**Botecário, s. m.** a tribute raised for the support of the wars.  
**Botecillo, s. m.** a little gallipot.  
**Botella, s. f.** a bottle.  
**Botequin, s. m.** a little boat.  
**Botéro, s. m.** a leather-bottle-maker.  
**Botiboleo, s. m.** the taking a

ball at half its rebound, and sending it back to the adversary.

**Botica**, s. f. an apothecary's shop; sometimes taken for another shop.

**Boticário**, s. m. an apothecary. In cant, a pedlar.

**Botija**, s. f. an earthen vessel with a great belly; a great unwieldy fellow.

**Botijero**, s. m. an earthen-wareman.

**Botijón**, s. m. a great vessel with a large belly; a punch belly.

**Botiuêla**, s. f. a small belled vessel.

**Botilla**, s. f. a little boot; a little leather bottle.

**Botillero**, s. m. a butler.

**Botilleria**, s. f. a buttery formerly, but now a public-house where they sell frozen drinks.

**Botillero**, s. m. a butler formerly, but now one that sells frozen drinks.

**Botillo**, s. m. a little leather bottle.

**Botín**, s. m. a leather bottle.—*Botín*, s. m. a buskin; also the booty taken in war.

**Botinero**, s. m. a buskin-maker.

**Botines**, s. m. pl. gambadoes, spatter-dashes.

**Botnillo**, s. m. a little short buskin.

**Botquin**, s. m. a box that apothecaries make use of to put their medicines in.

**Botivoléo**, s. m. a blow to a ball while in the air.

**Boto**, adj. blunt, dull; also stupid, heavy.

**Botón**, s. m. a button; a bud of a tree; a pimple.—*Botón de fuego*, a cautery.—*Botón de biba*, a pocky sore.—*Contar los botones á un b.*, to give many pushes with a sword.

**Botonadura**, s. f. the set of buttons on a suit of clothes.

**Botonar**, v. a. to bud as trees do; also to cauterize.

**Botonazo**, s. m. a thrust or push with a foil.

**Botoncillo**, s. m. a little button; a small bud of a tree.

**Botonero**, s. m. a button-maker.

**Botór**, s. m. obs. an imposthume.

**Botryíte**, s. m. soot.

**Bovage**, } s. m. a tax on  
**Bovático**, } oxen.

**Bovér**, v. a. to play the fool.

**Bovêda**, s. f. a vault.—*Hablar*

*de bôveda*, to talk big.—*Bôveda de jardín*, s. a bower, a walk in a garden that has the trees or greens bowed over it like an arch.

**Bovêdar**, v. a. to vault, to arch over.

**Bovêdilla**, s. f. a little vault.

**Bovino**, adj. belonging to oxen.

**Box**, s. m. the box-tree; a compass taken about.—*Cor de zapâtero*, a small tool made of box, shoemakers use to smooth their seams with.

**Boxádo**, da, p. p. from

**Boxár**, } v. a. to compass  
**Boxêar**, } about or surround.

—*Boxêr tantas léguas*, to contain so many leagues.

**Boxêdal**, s. m. a grove of box-trees.

**Boxêo**, s. m. the mensuration of any kingdom.—*Tener tantas léguas de boxêo*, to be so many leagues in compass.

**Boxiganga**, s. f. vide *Moxiganga*.

**Boy**, s. m. obs. an ox.

**Boya**, s. f. a buoy, a piece of wood or barrel made fast to the fluke of an anchor by the buoy-rope, and floating over it, serving to show where the anchor is.—*Bôya*, s. m. in some places they give this name to the hangman.—*Buêna boyá*, is one that is no slave, but rows voluntarily in the galley for pay.

**Boyáda**, s. f. a herd of oxen.

**Boyánte**, adj. a ship that is light laden and sails swift; also happy.

**Boyár**, v. n. to buoy up, to raise up at the sides.

**Boyéra**, s. f. a stable for oxen.

**Boyerizo**, } s. m. a neat-herd.

**Boyêro**, }

**Boyezuêlo**, s. m. a little ox; also a stalking-ox to kill partridges.

**Boyja**, s. f. the cork of a fishing-net.

**Boyûda**, s. f. in cant a pack of cards.

**Boyûno**, adj. belonging to oxen.

**Bôza**, s. f. a stopper, a sea-term; a piece of rope having a whale-knot at one end and a lanner spliced to it, and the other end made fast to some part, used to stop the cables that they may go out by little and little.

**Bozál**, s. m. a muffler, a muzzle, a bag to hang at a beast's mouth that it may not stop

to eat.—**Bozál**, adj. ignorant, that cannot speak the language of the country, or can speak only his own tongue, unskilful.—*Mancebido bozál*, a mere novice.

**Bozár**, v. a. to read any thing attentively, to look diligently over any thing.

**Bozeador**, s. m. a bawling fellow.

**Bôzo**, s. m. the down that grows on men's faces before the beard; also a halter for a beast.—*Bozo*, the chin.

**Bozón**, s. m. a military machine.

**Brabáda**, } s. f. bravado.

**Brabáta**, }

**Brabánte**, s. m. a kind of linen.

**Brabeár**, v. a. vide *Bravear*.

**Brábio**, s. m. the prize given to wrestlers.

**Braceáda**, s. f. the motion of the arms.

**Braceáje**, s. m. labour or exercise of the arms.

**Braceár**, v. q. to exercise the arms, to resist; raise the sails of a ship.

**Bracêro**, s. m. one that has a strong arm at casting a dart; a gentleman-usher that leads a lady by the arm; a day-labourer for any labour that requires strength of arms.

**Bracête**, s. m. a small arm.

**Brachión**, s. m. vide *Brahon*.

**Brachylogia**, s. f. a short, concise, laconic expression. Pronounce *brakilogia*.

**Brácio**, }

**Bracillo**, } s. m. a little arm.

**Bracito**, }

**Bracil**, s. m. the upper part of the arm.

**Brácio**, s. m. in cant, the arm; *Bracio gôdo y ládro*, in cant, the right and left arm.

**Bráco**, adj. a small sort of setting-dog; also a dog that has a short turn-up nose.

**Bráfon**, vide *Bráhon*.

**Brafonêro**, s. f. a roller or fillet to tie about the arm.

**Brága**, s. f. a linen rag tied under children that they may not dirty themselves.—*Media braga*, half-gentleman.

**Bragádo**, adj. of several colours, speaking of beasts.—*Buey bragádo*, an ox that has legs of a different colour from his body.

**Bragádas**, s. f. the upper and inner part of the thigh in men and animals.



**Bragadúra**, s. f. the twist of a man or other creature, that part from whence he begins to be forked.

**Brágas**, s. f. pl. breeches, properly a sort of short breeches used by women, friars, and working people.—*A malas hadas*, *malas bragas*, ref. by bad cloaths one may see one's ill fortune.—*Calzarse las bragas*, s. metaph. a wife that commands.

**Bragásas**, s. f. pl. augm. of *brágas*; also a coward, an idle fellow.

**Braguéra**, s. f. } a truss for a  
**Braguero**, s. m. } broken belly;  
the cod-pieete.

**Bragueta**, s. f. the cod-pieete.

**Bragueton**, s. m. a great cod-pieete.

**Braguillas**, s. f. pl. a child in breeches, an ugly short man.

**Brahón**, s. m. several folds of cloth, or other stuff worn on the shoulders, belonging to a sort of coat which had not sleeves to put the arms into, but hanging sleeves, and these folds at the shoulders.

**Brahonéras**, s. f. pl. the holes through which they put their arms with the *brahónes*, or the *brahónes* themselves, described above.

**Brama**, s. f. the bellowing of a stag at rutting-time; any roaring.

**Bramadero**, s. m. the place where deer and other creatures call their mate at rutting-time.

**Bramador**, s. m. a roarer.

**Bramante**, s. m. packthread; also linen cloth.

**Bramár**, v. a. to roar like a lion or other wild beast; also to fall in a great passion, to be enraged, furious; in cant, to cry out.—*Bramár*, in cant, to bellow and make a noise.

**Bramido**, } s. m. bellow, roar.—  
**Brámo**, } *Brámo*, in cant, an information, a discovery.

**Bramón**, s. m. in cant, a discoverer, an evidence.

**Bramosamente**, adv. furiously, desperately, outrageously.

**Bramoso**, adj. rutting, crying as some animals do in rutting-time.

**Bramúra**, s. f. vide *Bramido*.

**Branca**, s. f. a claw, paw, or foot of a wild beast; also a

chain used in galleys and prisons to fetter slaves, or prisoners.—*Byñca ursina*, the herb bears-foot.

**Brancáda**, s. f. a drag-net.

**Branchas**, s. f. pl. the gills of a fish.

**Branco**, adj. white; a rustic word.

**Brandál**, s. m. the ropes of which the shrouds are made in ships.

**Brandalágas**, s. m. a tall and lean man.

**Brandenburg**, s. m. a great coat.

**Brandis**, s. m. a great coat very close upon the breast.

**Brándo**, s. m. a sort of dance.—  
*Brándo*, adj. vide *Blando*.

**Brandúra**, s. f. vide *Blandura*.

**Bráña**, s. f. a little mean village; a marshy, fenny place.

**Bránque**, s. m. the stem of a ship, the utmost part of the head.

**Bránza**, s. f. the chain with which the slaves in the galleys are chained.

**Branquillo**, s. m. diminutive of *braco*.

**Brása**, s. f. a burning coal; an eager and vehement desire.—  
*Estar hecho unas brasas*, f. metaph. to be as red as fire.—  
*Estar en brasas*, s. metaph. to be disturbed, uneasy, restless, in a state of suspense.—  
*Huir del fuego, y dar en las brasas*, f. metaph. to avoid one danger, and fall into a greater.

**Braserico**, s. m. diminutive of *brasero*.

**Brasero**, s. m. a fire-pan, such as they use to make fire in; the place where they burn malefactors.

**Brasil**, s. m. brasil-wood.

**Braváda**, s. f. vide *Bravata*.

**Bravaménte**, adv. bravely.

**Bravata**, s. f. a rodomontade, vain boasting.

**Bravatero**, s. m. an ignorant babbler.

**Bravato**, s. m. boaster, a bully, a braggadocio, a puffing fellow.

**Braveár**, v. n. to brave, to boast, to talk big.

**Bravera**, s. f. a vent-hole, or small window to a cellar.

**Braveria**, s. f. vide *Bravata*.

**Bravéza**, s. f. fierceness, wildness, bravery; also courage,

bravery, magnanimity; also magnificence.

**Brávio**, adj. ferocious, savage, wild.

**Brávio**, adj. fierce, wild, headstrong, perverse, high-spirited; also fine brave; substantively used, a hector, a bully, ruffian; ironically, foolish.

**Bravonél**, s. m. a bully, a ruffian.

**Bravosamente**, adv. bravely, nobly.

**Bravosidad**, s. f. bravery, magnanimity.

**Braváso**, s. m. a huffing fellow; in cant, a bully.

**Bravôte**, s. m. in cant, a boaster.

**Bravúra**, s. f. vide *Braveza*.

**Bráza**, s. f. a fathom.

**Brazáda**, s. f. a fathom, as far as a man can reach, or as he can clasp in his arms.

**Brazádo**, adj. fathomed; also braced as the yards in a ship.

**Brazáge**, s. m. vide *Braceage*.

**Brazál**, s. m. an ancient defensive weapon for the arm; a bracelet; a rivulet.

**Brazaléte**, s. m. a bracelet.

**Brázo**, s. m. the arm, the limb which reaches from the hand to the shoulder.—*Brázo*, strength, power.—*Brázo de antena*, the yard-arm of a ship.—*Brázo de cruz*, the arm of a cross.—*Brázo de mar*, an arm of the sea.—*Brázo eclesiástico*, the clergy.—*Brázo seglar*, the laity.—*Brázo militar*, the soldiery.—*Brázos de regno*, the arms of the kingdom; that is, the three states of the kingdom, the clergy, nobility, and laity, who assemble in the cortes.—*Invocar el auxilio del brazo seglar*, to appeal to the judges and laity for redress.—*Luchar á brazo partido*, to contend upon equal terms.—*Recibir á uno á brazos abiertos*, to receive a man with open arms; that is, lovingly.—*Acabar un negocio á fuerza de brazos*, to compass a business by dint of labour.—*Llevar en brazos*, to carry in one's arms.—*Brázos de canchrejo*, the claws of a crab.—*Cruzados los brazos*, besides the literal sense, it signifies, metaph. with submission, hu-

military.—*Ponerse, ó entregarse en brazos de otro*, to place one's self under another's protection.—*Ser el brazo derecho de alguno*, to be the greatest friend or protector.

**Brazol**, s. m. the armour for the arm; also a sort of short sleeve women formerly wore.

**Brázolète**, s. m. the armour for the arm.

**Brazuelo**, s. m. a shin of beef.

**Bréa**, s. f. tar; also a sort of tarred canvas.

**Breadura**, s. f. daubing with tar.

**Bréar**, v. a. to tar; also to abuse, to plague, to molest.

**Bréba**, s. f. vide *Breva*.

**Brebaje**, } s. m. a drench for  
**Brebajo**, } a beast; any scurvy mixture or drench; among sailors, wine, beer, or cyder.

**Bréca**, s. f. a little white fish, a bleak, or blay.

**Brécha**, s. f. a breach, the ruin of any part of works beaten down with cannon, or blown up by a mine. In cant, a dye to play with.

**Brechado**, adj. in cant, cheated at dice.

**Brechador**, s. m. in cant, a third man at play.

**Brechár**, v. n. to cheat with false dice.

**Brechero**, s. m. one that cheats with false dice.

**Bredo**, s. m. vide *Bledo*.

**Bréga**, s. f. fray, strife, contention, wrangling.

**Bregadura**, s. f. a wrinkle.

**Bregar**, v. n. to quarrel, to contend; to fight, and conquer.—*Bregar el arco*, to shoot with a bow.

**Breguero**, s. m. a wrangler, a quarrelsome fellow.

**Brénca**, s. f. the herb maiden-hair.

**Bréna**, s. f. a place full of shrubs, thorns, or bushes; or a crag of a mountain.—

**Brénar**, s. f. pl. a thorny place, full of brambles.

**Brenál**, s. m. craggy, bushy, or thorny place.

**Brenoso**, adj. thorny, craggy; full of briars and brambles.

**Bréque**, s. m. vide *Breca*.

**Bréscá**, s. f. a honey-comb.

**Brescadillo**, s. m. pearl.

**Breschado**, adj. embroidered with pearl.

**Bretador**, s. m. a whistle to allure birds.

**Brète**, s. m. obs. stocks, fetters to lock up the feet; also a bolt, and a sort of rack.—

*Brète del trigo*, the beard of corn.

**Bretón**, s. m. a young sprout of any thing.

**Bréva**, s. f. an early fig.

**Brevage**, s. m. vide *Brebage*.

**Brevál**, s. m. a fig-tree, or the place where figs grow.

**Brève**, adj. short.—*Brève*, s. m. the Pope's brief.

**Brevccito**, adj. short, brief.

**Brevedad**, s. f. brevity.

**Brevemente**, adv. briefly, shortly.

**Brevete**, s. m. a little bill, note, or breviate.

**Breviár**, v. n. in cant, to coax or wheedle any one to get the better opportunity of cheating him.

**Breviario**, s. m. an abridgment; also the book containing the daily service of the Roman church.

**Brevión**, s. m. in cant, the person who coaxes or wheedles another in order to cheat him.

**Brezár**, v. a. to rock a child in a cradle.

**Brézna**, s. f. a chip; also, a lath.

**Brézo**, s. m. brush-wood; also furze, heath, or gorse.

**Briaga**, s. f. a rope made with rushes.

**Briaguéz**, s. f. vide *Embriaguéz*.

**Brial**, s. m. a sort of garment worn by queens and great ladies.

**Briba**, s. f. mumping, begging.

**Bribár**, v. a. to beg, to go a mumping.

**Bribia**, s. f. the canting tale of a beggar to move compassion.

**Bribático**, adj. belonging to the art or knack of begging.

**Bribién**, } s. m. a stroller, a  
**Br bón**, } fellow who will not

work, but goes about begging.

**Bribonada**, s. f. a wandering or strolling about.

**Bribonazo**, s. m. augmentative of *bribón*.—*Bribonazo*, adj.

cunning, sly, subtle.

**Briboncillo**, s. m. diminutive of *bribón*.

**Bribonear**, v. a. vide *Bribar*.

**Briboneria**, s. f. beggary.

**Bricho**, s. m. welt, lace, or border about a garment, worked with lace.

**Brida**, s. f. a bridle.—*Andar á la brida*, to ride long in the stirrups, contrary to *cabalgar á la gineta*, to ride short.

**Bridécú**, s. m. a sword-belt.

**Bridón**, s. m. one that rides long in the stirrups.

**Briénto**, adj. forcible, violent.

**Obs.**

**Briga**, s. f. the old word for a town.

**Brigada**, s. f. a brigade of soldiers.

**Brigadier**, s. m. the officer of a brigade, or brigadier.

**Brigola**, s. f. an ancient military engine.

**Brillador**, adj. shining, sparkling, glittering.

**Brilladura**, s. f. splendor, brightness.

**Brillante**, adj. shining, glittering, sparkling, brilliant.

**Brillantéz**, s. m. splendor, brightness.

**Brillar**, v. n. to shine.

**Brilléscó**, adj. vide *Brillante*.

**Brillo**, s. m. brightness, splendor.

**Brimbillada**, s. f. vide *Mermelada*.

**Brimbón**, s. m. vide *Bribón*.

**Brin**, s. m. a fibre of saffron.

**Brincador**, s. m. f. one that is always leaping and skipping.

**Brincár**, v. n. to leap, to skip; to dandle a child.

**Brincho**, s. m. a term used in playing at a game of cards called *quimola*.

**Brinco**, s. m. a leap, a skip; also a little sort of jewel ladies used to wear; also a play-thing for a child; any pretty bauble.

**Brindár**, v. n. to drink to; also to offer, to present; also to engage.

**Brindél**, s. m. the band or strap that holds on the clog.

**Brindis**, s. m. a health in drinking.

**Brindón**, s. m. a sort of fruit as red as blood within. Dyers make use of it, and vinegar is made of the bark.

**Bríno**, s. m. vide *Brin*.

**Brinquillo**, } s. m. a little leap  
**Brinquito**, } or skip; also a little toy.



**Brío**, s. m. bravery, valour, mettle, liveliness.—*Hombre de brío*, a man of mettle.  
**Brió**, s. m. vide *Brioles*.  
**Bríoles**, s. m. pl. the bunt-lines; small lines made fast to the bottom of the sail in a ship, in the middle part of the bolt-rope, used to rise or draw up the sail to the yard.  
**Brionia**, s. f. the herb briony.  
**Briosamente**, adv. in a spirited, lively, or sprightly manner.  
**Bríoso**, adj. brave, mettlesome, lively.—*Caballo bríoso*, a mettlesome horse.  
**Brisa**, s. f. the trade-wind which carries ships to the West Indies.—*Arisa*, a breeze, a wind that blows from the sea.  
**Brisca**, s. f. } a gentle breeze  
**Briscór**, s. m. } of air. Obs.  
**Briscado**, adj. belonging to the twisting of silver and gold.  
**Británica**, s. f. an herb called spoon-wort, or scurvy-grass.  
**Bríva**, s. f. vide *Bríva*.  
**Brivía**, s. f. obs. the Bible.  
**Brivón**, s. m. vide *Bribon*.  
**Brizar**, v. a. obs. to rock a cradle.  
**Bríza**, s. f. } s. f. a chip, a  
**Briznilla**, } splinter; the roughness of boards that are not planed.  
**Brizo**, s. m. obs. a cradle.  
**Bróca**, s. f. a button of any sort; also a sort of bobbin used by embroiderers to roll their silk on, and a shoemaker's tack-nail.  
**Brocado**, s. m. cloth of gold or silver.  
**Brocadúra**, s. f. the bite of a bear.  
**Brocál**, s. m. a cover for a well, or the brink or mouth of a well.—*Brocál de flasco*, the mouth of a bottle.  
**Brocamantón**, s. m. a clasp set upon garments, a little hook or loop.  
**Brocárdico**, s. m. a sentence, axiom, or aphorism quite common and vulgar.  
**Brocatel**, s. m. a sort of lindsay-woolsey resembling brocade, made of silk.  
**Brocato**, s. m. vide *Brocado*.  
**Brócha**, s. f. a clasp; also a loop on a coat.—*Brécha*, s. f. a little brush made of hogs bristles,

**Brochár**, v. a. to clasp, or shut with a clasp.  
**Bróche**, s. m. a clasp.  
**Brochéro**, s. m. a clasp-maker.  
**Brochón**, s. m. a great clasp; also a painter's great brush or pencil.  
**Bródio**, s. m. pottage, such as they give beggars with the broken bread, and scraps of the table; any odd slop or confused mixture.  
**Brodista**, s. m. a poor scholar who at noon repairs to the monasteries to dine upon pottage.  
**Brollár**, v. n. to embroil; to boil.  
**Bróma**, s. f. a worm that eats holes in ships; a heavy lumpish thing of no value; the coarse mortar thrown in to fill up in building; froth or soap-suds, or the like.—*Es una broma*, he is a stupid, foolish fellow.  
**Bromado**, adj. heavy, weighty, ponderous.—*Nave bromada*, a ship that is eaten by the worms.  
**Brómo**, s. m. wild oats.  
**Brónce**, s. m. a mixed metal of pewter and copper, called brass; a piece of ordnance.—*Gente del bronce*, rake, debauchee.  
**Broncear**, v. a. to adorn with brouze.  
**Bróncha**, s. f. a sort of silver clasp, ill shaped, worn by country people for ornament.  
**Bróncha**, s. f. } a poniard,  
**Broncáe**, s. m. } small dagger.  
**Broncinéro**, adj. belonging to brass.  
**Brónco**, adj. coarse, rough, unpolished, hoarse.  
**Bronquedad**, s. f. hardness, roughness, hoarseness.  
**Broquel**, s. m. a round target; metaph. protection.—Prov. *Tódo es dar en los broqueles*, it is all but clattering the targets; much talk and little to the purpose.—*Salir de broquel a cada repique*, to come out with a target for every trifle, to be quarrelsome.  
**Broquelado**, adj. armed with a target.  
**Broquelázo**, s. m. a blow given with the target.  
**Broquelojo**, s. m. a little target.  
**Broquelero**, s. m. a target-

maker; a quarrelsome fellow.  
**Broqueléte**, s. m. a little target.  
**Broquello**, s. m. diminutive of *broquel*.  
**Brosador**, s. m. an embroiderer.  
**Brosadúra**, s. f. embroidery.  
**Brosár**, v. a. to embroider.  
**Brosquil**, s. m. a pen or fold to keep sheep.  
**Brotnate**, s. m. a prop, a shore to support.  
**Brótár**, v. n. to bad, to shoot out in growing.  
**Bróte**, s. m. chips that carpenters make.  
**Brótes**, s. m. pl. small sprouts of cabbages.  
**Brotón**, s. m. a branch, a twig of a tree.  
**Bróza**, s. f. any small stuff of no value; small chips, the bits of stone that fly when they are hewing it; the dust that falls from worm-eaten wood.—*Servir de toda bróza*, to do all sorts of work.  
**Brozar**, v. a. to clean with a brush, as printers do.  
**Brózno**, adj. rough, rugged, harsh.  
**Brozoso**, adj. clean, neat.  
**Brúces**, s. m. pl. the lips.  
**Bruchete**, s. m. a sort of small shell-fish.  
**Brúeta**, s. f. a wheel-barrow.  
**Brúgo**, s. m. a worm that gnaws trees.  
**Brúja**, s. f. vide *Bruxa*.  
**Brújula**, s. f. vide *Bruxula*.  
**Brullarse**, v. r. to turn milk to curds in boiling it.  
**Brúlo**, s. m. coagulated milk prepared to be made into cheese.  
**Brulóte**, s. m. a fire-ship.  
**Brúma**, s. f. raw, cold, winter weather, a hoary frost, a thick fog, a cold wind; also a bruise.  
**Brumador**, adj. that which causes trouble and pain by being too heavy.  
**Brumál**, adj. wintery.  
**Brumamiénto**, s. m. trouble or pain caused by a load too heavy.  
**Brumár**, v. n. to bruise, to squeeze, to flat together.  
**Brumète**, s. m. vide *Grumete*.  
**Brunete**, adj. a coarse sort of cloth of a dirty black.  
**Bruneto**, adj. a dark colour, almost black.

**Brúno**, adj. brown, dark, obscure.

**Brunidor**, s. m. a burnisher.

**Brunidura**, s. f. burnishing.

**Brunir**, v. a. to burnish.

**Brúca**, s. f. a plant called knee-holly, or butchers-broom.

**Bruscador**, s. m. one that uses or sells knee-holly.

**Brúco**, s. m. is that which is lost as inconsiderable, or not worth looking after, as the loose grapes that drop at the vintage, or loose corn at harvest, or the like.—*No hay brúco*, there is not a coin, not a grain, there is not the least thing.—*Brusco, ca*, adj. rough, harsh, uncivil, rude; severe, without tenderness.

**Brusela**, s. f. the periwinkle.

**Brutál**, adj. brutish, beastly.

**Brutalidad**, s. f. brutishness, beastliness.

**Brutalmente**, adv. brutally, beastly.

**Brutedad**, s. f. vide *Brutalidad*.

**Brutescos**, s. m. f. grotesques, odd sort of landscapes representing grottoes and caves.

**Brutéz**, } s. f. ugliness; bru-  
**Brutiza**, } tality.

**Brúto**, s. m. a brute beast, or a brutish man; adjectively used, rough, coarse, unpollished.

**Brúxa**, s. f. a screech-owl; a witch, a hag.—*Chupado, de Bruzas*, lean and pale coloured.

**Bruxear**, v. n. to walk all the night.

**Bruxería**, s. f. witchcraft.

**Brúxo**, s. m. a wizzard.—*Brúxo*, adj. light in his moral conduct, licentious.

**Bruxúla**, s. f. the mark on a cross bow, or on the barrel of a gun to take aim by; also the sea-compass, or a small box to carry it in.—*Mirar por bruxula*, to take aim, to peep through a hole or cranny, to observe a thing by one part of it.

**Bruxulear**, v. a. to take aim through a hole.

**Brúza**, s. f. a curry-comb.—

**Brúzas**, s. f. pl. the mouth downwards, or more properly the under-lip.

**Brúzno**, adj. dark, cloudy, obscure.

**Brúzno**, adv. as, *de brúzno*, with the mouth downward.—*Caer de brúzno*, to fall upon one's

face.—*Beber de brúno*, to drink lying along with one's mouth downward.

**Bu**, s. m. a word of dread used to frighten children.

**Búa**, s. f. a border, a limit.—

**Búa**, s. f. pimple.—*Búa*, s. f. vide *Buba*.

**Buár**, v. a. to hedge or surround the borders or limits.

**Buárno**, } s. m. an owl. Obs.

**Buárro**, }

**Búa**, s. f. the French pox; generally used in the plural.

**Bubación**, s. f. a mineral found where the load-stone is.

**Bubón**, s. m. a tumour or swelling in the groin, a bubo.

**Buboso**, adj. one that has the French pox, poxed.

**Bucarán**, s. m. buckram.

**Bucarito**, s. m. diminutive of *bucaro*.

**Bucáro**, s. m. a sort of red cup, used to drink water out of.

**Bucear**, v. a. to dive under the water.

**Bucentauro**, } s. m. a fine galley

**Bucentoro**, } the republic of Venice has.

**Bucéo**, s. m. driving under water.

**Bucephalo**, s. m. any fine and mettlesome horse.

**Bucés**, s. m. pl. vide *Bruzós*.

**Búcha**, s. f. a box made of clay.

**Buchár**, v. a. to hide or conceal carefully.

**Búche**, s. m. the maw or craw of any bird; also the stomach of a man and of any animal;

also a mouthful of liquor; likewise a young ass.—*Buche de almizcle*, a little bag to put perfume in.—*Hacer el buche*, to eat and drink healthfully.

**Buchete**, s. m. a cheek puffed up with wind, a pop made with the mouth.

**Buchórno**, s. m. sultry, hot, stifling weather.

**Búco**, s. m. any hollow thing, as a boat or the like.

**Bucólica**, s. f. belly-timber, food.—*Bucólica*, s. f. a kind of pastoral poems.

**Bucólico**, adj. bucolic, pastoral.

**Budél**, s. m. a wooden pin tapering to one end to open the strands of cables to splice them together.

**Budión**, s. m. a cod-fish; a dull jolt-headed fellow.

**Buéja**, s. f. a boundary, a limit.

**Buétre**, s. m. vide *Buitre*.

**Buén**, adj. good; only used before a masculine noun in the singular number.—*Buen hombre, pero mal sastre*, a good man, but of a weak capacity.—*Buen aire*, fine appearance, gracefulness, elegance.

—*Buena alma*, a virtuous man, ironically, a malicious cunning fellow.—*Buen porque*, a reward; also a great quantity of any thing.—*Buena gracia*, a good grace, the beauty of a woman; also affability, a fine mien, behaviour.—*Buena madrecha* good luck, good success in your undertakings.

**Buenamente**, adv. well, easily, without difficulty.

**Buenaróya**, s. m. a rower in a galley hired and paid for; also a very easy and complaisant man.

**Buén**, adj. good, honest; also virtuous, and noble.—*Bueno*, useful, convenient; also in good health, and sometimes great.—*Buenas artes*, the liberal arts.—*Ser bueno, o malo*, to be a good or a bad man.—*Estar buena o malo*, to be in health, or to be sick.—*Buenas letras*, belle lettres, polite literature.—*Buenos dias* good day.—*Buenas noches*, good night.—*Buenas ganas*, good stomach, sharp appetite.—*Buena fé*, faithfulness, honesty, veracity; also ingenuity.—*A buena fé*, indeed, certain, truly.—*De donde bueno?* whence come you?—*Buena cuchillada*, a great cut of a sword.—*Buena calentura*, a violent fever.—*Buén bellaco*, a great knave.—*Buén hombre*, properly a good man; ironically, a cuckold.—*Buena mujer*, properly a good woman; ironically, a whore.

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**Bucyéro, s. m.** a neat-herd.  
**Bueyézillo, s. m.** a steer, a little ox.  
**Buf, interj.** an expression when any one is angry, or rejects what another says or does.  
**Búfa, s. f.** a jest, derision.  
**Bufado, adj.** an epithet given to glass made into small empty bubbles to make a great noise when broken.  
**Bufalandiana, s. m.** a buffoon.  
**Báfalo, } s. m.** buffalo, a sort  
**Bufano, }** of ox.  
**Bufar, v. a.** to puff, to blow, as a horse or an ox, or as a man in a passion.  
**Bufo, s. m.** a sort of large fish.  
**Bufete, s. m.** a table.  
**Bufetillo, s. m.** a toilet or dressing-table.  
**Bufar, v. a.** vide **Bufar**.  
**Buff, s. m.** a sort of camblet.  
**Búfia, s. f.** in cant, a leather bottle.  
**Buñadór, s. m.** in cant, a vintner.  
**Buffido, } s. m.** the act of puff-  
**Búfo, }** ing or blowing, like a horse, or ox, or like a man in a passion.  
**Bufón, s. m.** a buffoon, a jester.  
**Bufonada, s. f.** buffoonery, ridiculous jesting.  
**Bufonear, v. n.** to play the buffoon, or fool.  
**Bufonería, s. f.** buffoonery.  
**Bufonista, s. m.** who professes buffoonery.  
**Bufonizar, v. n.** vide **Bufonear**.  
**Búfos, s. m. pl.** a sort of ancient head-dress, sticking out hollow over the ears. Also the puffs that grow on the thistles, which fly away and almost vanish when touched; any thing that is very light.  
**Bugada, s. f.** a buck, or washing of linen with lye.  
**Bugalla, s. f.** the nut called gall.  
**Bugellada, s. f.** a fine lye used by women to wash their heads; any daub used by them.  
**Bugelladór, s. m.** one that makes or sells slops for women's faces.  
**Bugia, s. f.** a small wax candle, such as we call book-wax.  
**Buglós, s. f.** the herb buglos, or ox-tongue.  
**Buguellada, s. f.** a compound water to wash one's face with.  
**Buhár, v. a.** in cant, to discover; to watch.

**Buháda, s. f.** a sky-light.  
**Buhardilla, s. f.** diminutive of *buharda*.  
**Buhedál, s. m.** a bog, a quagmire.  
**Buhéra, s. f.** a loop-hole to shoot through.  
**Buhía, s. f.** a hut, or cottage.  
**Búho, s. m.** an owl.—*Búho*, in cant, the person who discovers or impeaches another.  
**Buhonería, s. f.** a shop of toys.  
**Buhonéro, s. m.** a pedlar.  
**Buhúda, s. f.** a little window on the top of a house upon the tiles.  
**Buidadór, s. m.** a melter or founder.  
**Buir, v. a.** to polish, to burnish; to sharpen.  
**Buitár, v. a.** to throw, to fling.  
**Buitre, s. m.** a vulture.—*Come como un buitre*, he eats like a vulture.—*Prov. Mas vale párraro en mano que bláitre volando*, one bird in the hand is better than two in the bush.  
**Buitrera, s. f.** a little house with two loop-holes to shoot at vultures; also a very lean beast.  
**Buitrero, adj.** belonging to vultures.—*Buitrero*, s. m. the person who takes, or catches vultures.  
**Buitrón, s. m.** a sort of net, like a wheel, to catch fish; also a small oven to refine silver or its ore.  
**Bujaca, s. f.** vide **Burjaca**.  
**Bujasól, s. m.** a kind of red figs.  
**Bujarrón, s. m.** a sodomite.  
**Búla, s. f.** the Pope's bull.  
**Buládo, adj.** honoured or dignified by a Pope's bull.  
**Bulár, v. a.** to burn the criminal on the forehead.  
**Bularcama, s. m.** a great timber that strengthens the prow of a ship.  
**Bulário, s. m.** the book of the Pope's bulls.  
**Búlbo, s. m.** a wild onion.  
**Búlda, s. f.** vide **Bula**.  
**Bulderías, s. f. pl.** outrageous and opprobrious words and names.  
**Buldéro, s. m.** one that publishes and carries about the Pope's bulls; also he who anciently published the croisado's bull.  
**Buléro, s. m.** a commissary charged with the distribution of the Pope's bulls.  
**Buléto, s. m.** a private bull sent by the Pope.

**Búlla, s. f.** confusion, disorder, bustle, tumultuous commotions.  
**Bulladór, s. m.** a tricking, artful, cunning fellow, who maintains himself by cheating others.  
**Bulláge, s. m.** a concourse, a tumult, an uproar.  
**Bullár, v. a.** to put a seal or mark, as merchants do on their goods.  
**Búlle Búlle, s. m.** a busy-body.  
**Bullicio, s. m.** a stirring, a commotion, or confusion; also the humming noise made by a multitude of people; sedition, quarrel, tumult.  
**Bulliciosamente, adv.** tumultuously, disorderly, restlessly.  
**Bullicioso, adj.** restless, turbulent, always in motion, contentious.  
**Bullidór, s. m.** one that is always stirring.  
**Bullidura, s. f.** stir, motion; the state of boiling.  
**Bulligár, v. a.** to abound in.  
**Bullir, v. a.** to boil, to move, to stir, to bubble up like boiling water.—*Bullir piéjos, ó gusanos*, lice or maggots to swarm.—*Bullir la gente*, a great concourse of people moving.—*Bullir el aire*, wind that just breathes.—*No bullir pié ni mano*, not to move hand nor foot.  
**Bullón, s. m.** dagger, knife.  
*Obs.*—*Bullon*, s. m. the dye when it is boiling.  
**Bullillo, s. m.** a diminutive of *búllo*.  
**Búlto, s. m.** a bulk that is seen at a distance without discovering what it is; a thing covered so that only the bulk of it appears.—*Mencar el búlto*, to beat one.—*Ver el búlto de una cosa*, to see the bulk or bigness of a thing without perceiving what it is.—*Juzgar una cosa a búlto* to judge of a thing by the bulk; to make a rash judgment.—*Figura de búlto*, a solid statue.—*Búlto* a pillow or cushion stuffed with coarse wool or straw.—*Hablar a búlto*, to speak confusedly, indistinctly, rashly.  
**Bululú, s. m.** a word of derision, invented and used by Quevedo, on account of its ridiculous sound.  
**Bunio, s. m.** a kind of turnip that grows wild.

**Bunolería**, s. f. the place where they make or sell *buñuelos*.

**Buñolero**, s. m. he that makes or sells *buñuelos*.

**Buñuelo**, s. m. a sort of fritter. — *Es buñuelo*, it cannot be so easily done as one supposes.

**Bepreste**, s. m. a sort of Spanish fly.

**Búque**, s. m. the bulk, stowage, or contents of a ship; also a ship. — *Búque*, is metaphorically made use of to signify the size or capacity of any thing. — *Hombre de mucho búque* a man of great capacity. — *Casa de mucho búque*, a very large house.

**Buqueta**, s. f. French wheat.

**Burarillo**, s. m. diminutive of *burato*.

**Buráto**, s. m. a kind of light silken stuff.

**Búrba**, s. f. a kind of African coin of a low value.

**Burbalúr**, s. m. a kind of sea-monster.

**Burbuja**, s. f. a little bubble on the water.

**Burbujear**, v. n. to bubble as water does.

**Burbujita**, s. f. diminutive of *burbuja*.

**Búrcho**, s. m. a kind of boat.

**Búrda**, s. f. the main-sail of a galley.

**Burdalla**, adj. that has coarse harsh wool.

**Burdegano**, s. m. a mule got by a horse and a she-ass.

**Burdél**, s. m. a bawdy house. — *Burdél*, used as an adjective; vicious, lewd, debauched.

**Burdeleár**, v. n. to haunt bawdy-houses.

**Burdelejo**, or **Burdelillo**, s. m. a little bawdy-house.

**Búrdo**, adj. coarse; degenerate, worthless. — *Carnero burdo* a sheep whose wool is coarse; the contrary of *carnero merino*, whose fleece is very soft and fine.

**Burées**, s. f. pl. some blocks or pieces of wood used in ships for particular purposes.

**Buréngo**, s. m. a Mulatto slave.

**Buréo**, s. m. the assembly of the officers for management of the king's household; any office for writing, or taking account. — *Buréo*, an entertainment, a merry-making, &c. generally said in a bad sense.

**Búrqa**, s. f. a natural spring of hot water.

**Burgales**, s. m. an ancient coin

of adulterate gold, that was so called.

**Burgés**, s. m. a burgess, or inhabitant of a borough.

**Burgesia**, s. f. the freedom of a city, or the citizens themselves.

**Búrgo**, s. m. a borough, a suburb, a small town or village.

**Búrgo-Maestre**, s. m. a burgh-master.

**Burguénio**, adj. belonging to the town of Burgos.

**Buriél**, s. m. a coarse cloth, such as the Franciscan friars habits are made of.

**Buril**, s. m. a graver to engrave in metal.

**Buriláda**, s. f. a stroke or touch with a graver.

**Buriladúra**, s. f. engraving.

**Burilar**, v. a. to engrave.

**Burjáca**, s. f. a great leather pouch, which pilgrims or poor folks carry hanging under their arm to put in what is given them. — *Burjáca*, s. f. a knapsack, such as soldiers or pilgrims carry.

**Burgalétas**, s. f. a sort of late figs, small, but very sweet.

**Búrila**, s. f. jest, mock, derision, ridicule. — *Búrlas*, s. f. pl. jests; any thing ludicrous, meant to raise laughter. — *Búrila pesáda*, an offensive jest. — *Hazer búrla*, to scoff, or jeer.

**Burlador**, s. m. a jester, one that jests much.

**Burlár**, to jest, to impose upon; to despise. — *Derádas la búrlas*, jesting aside. — *No sabér de búrlas*, to take no jest. — *Echárlo a búrla*, to pass off a thing for a jest.

**Burleria**, s. f. jesting, matter of jest.

**Burlésco**, adj. comic, facetious, burlesque.

**Burlieta**, } s. f. a little jest.

**Burilla**, }

**Burlón**, s. m. f. a merry jesting companion.

**Búrra**, s. f. a she-ass. — *Búra de palo*, (ludicrously) a vessel, a ship. — *Caer de su búrra*, to fall from one's ass, that is, to know one's error.

**Burráda**, s. f. a trick of an ass; speaking or acting like an ass; a foolish saying, or action; a blunder, a bull. — *Burráda*, s. f. a company of asses.

**Burrageár**, v. a. to scribble, to write unskillfully, or as notaries do.

**Burrageo**, s. m. a confused or disorderly piece of writing.

**Burrájo**, s. m. trash, trumpery, filth; also a dunghill.

**Burrásca**, s. f. v. de *Borrasca*.

**Burréa**, s. m. a hangman.

**Búrro**, s. m. a he-ass; there is also a fish so called. — *Búrro*, a machine used by sawyers.

**Burrúcho**, s. m. a young ass following his mother.

**Burrumbada**, s. f. vide *Borrumbada*.

**Burájo**, s. m. little knots in wool. — *Burájo*, s. m. the husk of grapes, after the wine is pressed out, or the like of any fruit that is pressed.

**Burujón**, s. f. a hard swelling in any part of the body; also a handful of any thing.

**Búsca**, s. f. a search, seeking; it is used with the particle *en* before it; as, *voy en busca de mi amigo*, I go in quest of my friend.

**Buscadór**, s. m. f. a seeker, a searcher.

**Buscamiento**, s. m. a seeking, or a search.

**Buscapies**, s. m. a sort of squib that follows the people who fly before it.

**Buscar**, v. a. to seek, to search. — *Quien busca halla*, who looks after any thing, finds it. — *Buscar tres pies al gato*, *y él tiene quatro*, f. fam. to reprehend those who seek or make quarrels.

**Buscavidas**, s. m. who pries or looks into the life of others.

**Búseo**, the track of an animal.

**Buscón**, s. m. f. a person who is curious to know other people's affairs; also one who steals any thing, a thief.

**Busilis**, s. m. a cant word; the mystery, the difficulty, the contrivance, the juggle.

**Bustálmos**, s. m. an herb like camomile; May-weed, or-eye, stinking camomile.

**Básto**, s. m. a bust, the human body without its head, arms, and legs.

**Busúla**, s. f. an opening in the Pope's antichamber, through which his attendants are called by him when wanted.

**Butaguena**, s. f. vide *Bueña*.

**Buñillo**, adj. pale, yellowish.

**Butrón**, s. m. vide *Buitron*.

**Butyro**, s. m. butter.

**Báva**, s. f. vide *Buba*.

**Buxéda**, s. f. a grove of box-trees.



Buxeria, s. f. of little value.  
 Buxerías, s. f. toys, trifles.  
 Buxeta, s. f. a small perfume-box.  
 Buxetilla, s. f. diminutive of *buxeta*.  
 Buýdo, vid. Buido.  
 Buyes, s. f. pl. in cant, a pack of cards.  
 Buz, s. m. a kiss given out of respect, and by way of honour,

as the kissing of holy things.  
 —*Hazer el buz*, to pay a respect, or do honour to another; most generally used ironically, for fawning, and playing the sycophant.  
 Buzaco, s. m. a sort of heavy cannon.  
 Buzango, s. m. a diver, one whose profession it is to dive under water to fetch up any

thing; also a sort of shell-fish; and in cant, a pickpocket, one that dives into pockets.  
 Búze, a rustic contraction of *vuestra merced*, your worship.  
 Buzés, } s. m. vide *Bruces*.  
 Buzio, }  
 Búzo, s. m. a sort of vessel; also a cunning artful thief. Vide *Buzano*.  
 Buzón, s. m. a conduit-pipe.

## C.

**C** is the third letter of the alphabet.

Ca, adv. obs. because, for; and sometimes a conjunction; formerly used as a relative corresponding to the relative *which*.

Cabáco, s. m. the remains or fragments of wood after it is cleaved or hewn down.

Cabál, adj. just, exact, complete, that wants nothing; metaph. perfect. — *Hómbre cabal*, a man that is just and exact in his dealings.

Cabála, s. f. the cabal, a mystical science professed by the rabbins; also party, confederacy, faction, intrigue. — *Caballa*, s. f. a secret, clandestine consultation, or negotiation of affairs.

Cabalar, v. a. to make equal, even.

Cabaléro, s. m. obs. a cavalier, a horseman, a soldier on horseback; also rich, or accumulated great wealth.

Cabalgada, s. m. an excursion in the enemies country; also the plunder and pillage of it.

Cabalgado, da, p. p. from *cabalgar*.

Cabalgador, s. m. a horseman.

Cabalgadura, s. f. any beast who carries burdens; also a brutish fellow.

Cabalgár, v. a. to mount a horse, to ride.

Cabalhúste, s. m. a saddle.

Cabalina, adj. femin. an epithet given to a fabulous fountain on mount Helicon.

Cabalista, s. m. one versed in the cabal; a cabalist,

Cabalístico, adj. belonging to the cabal.

Cabálla, s. f. a mackerel, a sea-fish so called.

Caballada, s. f. a drove of horses or mares.

Caballar, adj. belonging to a horse.

Caballejo, s. m. diminutive of *caballo*.

Caballerato, s. m. the right enjoyed by a knight.

Caballeresco, adj. belonging to a knight.

Caballerete, s. m. diminutive of *caballero*.

Caballeria, s. f. any beast that carries burdens. — *Caballeria*, s. f. the military order of knights; also cavalry, horse-troops. — *Libros, de caballerias*, books of knight-errantry.

Caballeril, adj. belonging to a knight or his order.

Caballerito, s. m. diminutive of *caballero*.

Caballeriza, s. f. a stable.

Caballerizo, s. m. a master of the horse.

Caballero, s. m. a knight. — *Caballero, andante*, a knight errant. — *Caballeros de conquista*, men remarkable for warlike bravery. — *Caballero de lá espuela, dorada*, a knight of the golden spur. — *Caballero, de la guardia del rey*, a knight of the royal company. — *Caballero de premio* a knight who has always a horse and arms in readiness at his own expence and charges. — *Caballero, pardo*, a new upstart knight. — *Armár a uno caballero*, to arm one a knight. — *Metérse, a caballero*, to affect the dignity and office of a knight.

Caballerosamente, adv. nobly, generously, bravely.

Caballeroso, adj. noble, generous, great, famous.

Caballerote, s. m. a rustic, rude, unpolished gentleman.

Caballéta, s. f. an insect, like a locust.

Caballéte, s. m. an instrument of torture made like a horse.

— *Caballette de pintor*, a painter's easel. — *Caballette de imprenta*, the galleys of a printer's press.

Caballico, } s. m. dimin. of *caballo*.  
 Caballito, }  
 Caballito, }

Caballo, s. m. a horse. — *Caballeros*, horse cavalry. — *Caballo*, the queen at cards. — *Caballo*, a bubo in the groin. — *Caballo de frisia* chevaux de frise, cal-throps. — *Caballo marino*, a sea-horse. — *Caballos ligeros*, light-horse, troopers. — *Huir a uña de caballo*, to run full speed. — *Caballo agnado*, a foundered horse. — *Caballo abardon*, a pack-horse. — *Caballo amornado* a glandered horse. — *Caballo de axedrez*, a knight at chess. — *Caballo de caña*, a hobby-horse for a child. — *Caballo de carro*, a cart horse. — *Caballo de buena boca*, a horse that has a good mouth. — *Caballo desbocado*, a hard mouthed horse. — *Caballo de silla*, a saddle-horse. — *Caballo enjaezado*, a horse with all his furniture. — *Caballo arrancinado*, a worthless nag, a poor jade. — *Caballo corredor*, a fleet-horse. — *Caballo Morisco*, a barb. — *Caballo garezón*, a stallion. — *Caballo Frison*, a great Flanders horse. — *Caballo entero*, a stone-horse. — *Caballo castrado*, a gelding. — *Caballo que da del lomo*, a trotting horse. — *Caballo*

*tropozador*, a stumbling horse.

—*Caballo azoso*, a broken-winded horse.—*Caballo de brida*, a running horse.—*Caballo calzado*, a horse that has one white foot.—*Caballo arañado*, a white horse.—*Caballo abatado*, a flea-bitten horse.—

—*Caballo hito*, or *morcillo*, a black horse.—*Caballo quatraillo*, a horse that has four white feet.—*Caballo picazo*, a pied horse.—

—*Caballo hovero*, a cream-coloured horse.—*Caballo rucio* a grey horse.—*Caballo rucio rodeo*, a dapple-grey horse.—

—*Caballo castaño*, a chesnut-coloured horse.—*Caballo bayo*, a bay-horse.—*Caballo bayo castaño*, a chesnut-bay.—

—*Caballo bayo obscuro*, a brown-bay.—*Caballo bayo dorado*, a yellow dun.—*Caballo alazán*, a sorrel horse.—

—*Caballo de color morado*, a flame-coloured horse.—*Caballo alazán tostado*, a burnt-sorrel horse.

—*Caballón*, s. m. a ridge between furrow and furrow.

—*Caballano*, adj. belonging to horses.

—*Cabalmente*, adv. completely, justly.

—*Cabalo*, s. m. obs. vide *Caballo*.

—*Cabana*, s. f. cottage, cabin, hut.—*Cabaño de ganado*, a drove of one hundred sheep, asses, &c.

—*Cabañero*, s. m. one that lives in a cottage.

—*Cabañil*, adj. belonging to a cottage.

—*Cabañuela*, s. f. a little cottage, cabin, or hut.

—*Cabár*, v. a. vide *Cavar*.

—*Cabáya*, s. f. a great cloak, or loose coat.

—*Cabdál*, adj. capital, principal, chief.

—*Cabdel*, s. m. the standard carried by him that has an hundred horse of his own tenants or vassals.

—*Cabdillar*, v. a. obs. vide *Acan-dillar*.

—*Cabdillo*, s. m. vide *Caudillo*.

—*Cábe*, adv. near to, hard by.

—*Cabecear*, v. n. to nod, to shake the head, to toss it as some horses do, and some women, that are so wanton, they don't know how to carry themselves.—*Cabecear*, to bow, to give way.

—*Cabecéo*, s. m. the nodding of the head,

—*Cabecera*, s. f. the upper end of the table, bed, &c.—*Ciudad cabecera*, the chief or metropolitan city of a kingdom.

—*Cabeciáncho*, adj. large-headed, as a nail, &c.

—*Cabeajunto*, adj. joining, or laying heads together.

—*Cabecilla*, s. f. diminutive of *cabeza*, a little head; also a giddy brain, a shallow brain.

—*Cabedéro*, adj. that contains.

—*Cabelládo*, adj. chesnut-coloured,

—*Cabelladúra*, s. f. a head of hair.

—*Cabellár*, v. n. to have hair.

—*Cabelléjo*, s. m. short hair.

—*Cabellera*, s. f. a periwig; also long hairs,

—*Cabellérica*, diminutive of *cabellera*.

—*Cabellito*, s. m. diminutive of *cabello*.

—*Cabello*, s. m. the hair.—*Cabellos de angel*, a preserve made of carrots, which draws into fine threads like hairs.—

—*Cabellos de carnero*, large sinews in mutton, which when much boiled split like hairs.—*No falta un cabello* there wants not a hair.

—*No monta un cabello*, it is not worth a hair.—*Colgar de un cabello*, to hang by a hair,

to stand upon very ticklish circumstances.—*Llevar a uno de un cabello*, to lead a man by a hair; that is easily.—

—*Hender un cabello*, to split a hair, to be very sharp in dealing, or precise in behaviour.—

—*Andar en cabello*, to go in one's hair; to go naked.—*Tener mas años que cabellos*, to have more years than hairs; that is, to be very old and bald.—

—*Traer un texto ó una citacion por los cabellos*, to strain or force a text or quotation to our sense.—

—*Arrancarse los cabellos*, to tear one's hair.

—*Cabelloso*, } adj. thick, or full  
—*Cabelludo*, } of hair, hairy.

—*Caber*, v. n. to be contained in another thing, to be fit or capable to be contained.—

—*No caber en sí de gozo*, not to be able to contain one's self for joy.—

—*No cabe en su casa quando está enojado*, the house is too little to hold him when he is angry.—

—*Cabérle a uno, en suerte*, to fall to one's lot.—

—*Cabérle por turno*, to fall to one's turn.—*Non caber una partida*, in arithmetic, the divisor is

greater than the dividend

—*Caberna*, s. f. vide *Caverna*.

—*Cabéro*, s. m. the least, the utmost.

—*Cabestrage*, s. m. haltering.

—*Cabestrante*, s. m. the capstan, with which they weigh the anchor.

—*Cabestrar*, v. n. to halter a beast; also to hunt with an ox going before and accustomed to it.

—*Cabestreria*, s. f. the shop where halters are sold.

—*Cabestrero*, s. m. rope maker, halter-maker.

—*Cabestrillo*, s. m. a little halter; also a blood hound, or other creature, that finds out game to hunt; also a scarf to hang a sore arm in. The ladies in Spain wear ribbons, or gold chains, or strings of pearls hanging before, which they call by this name; as we call the ribbons they wear hanging in England, bridles.

—*Cabestro*, s. m. a halter for a beast; the bell-weather that leads the flock.—

—*Llevar a uno del cabestro*, to guide and govern a man, as a beast is led by a halter; to lead a man by the nose.

—*Cabéza*, s. f. the head.—*Cabéza de perro*, a dog's head.—

—*Cabéza de ternero*, the herb called calve's snout, or snap-dragon.

—*Cabéza de proceso ó testamento*, the beginning of a process, or will.—

—*Cabéza de junta*, the chief man in an assembly.

—*Cabéza de linage*, the chief of a family.—

—*Cabéza de vando*, the head of a faction.—

—*Cabéza de olla*, the head of a pot; that is, either the best in the pot, or the master of the house.—

—*Cabéza de ajo*, a head of garlic.—

—*Cabéza de ganado*, a head of cattle.—

—*Quebradero de cabéza*, a troublesome, importunate prating or talking.

—*Dar de cabéza*, to fall upon one's head.—

—*Repartir por cabéza*, to share out by the head.—

—*Ponerse en la cabéza*, to be persuaded to a thing, to consent, to have it in one's head.

—*Dar con la cabéza por las paredes*, to beat one's head about the wall; to carry on an affair rashly to one's own loss.—

—*No tiene, pies ni cabéza*, it has neither head nor tail.—*De pies a cabéza*, from head to



foot.—*A punta y cabeza*, a play among children so called.—*Echar de cabeza*, to throw headlong.—*Echar de cabeza vides u otras plantas*, to bow down the branches of vines or other plants, and stick them in the ground till they have taken root.—*Tomar de memoria*, to learn by heart.—*Mendar la cabeza*, to shake the head either in scorn or compassion.—*Alzar cabeza*, to lift up one's head; to mend one's fortune; to grow into a better condition.—*Volver cabeza*, to turn one's head off, or to turn to, assist, or to forsake.—*No me volví la cabeza*, he would not so much as look at me.—*Torcer la cabeza al áve*, to wring a fowl's neck.—*Reclinár la cabeza*, to bow one's head, to rest it.—*No tengo lugar de rascarme la cabeza*, I have not time to scratch my head.—*Pasble por la cabeza*, he fancied it.—*Poner a cortar la cabeza*, to pawn one's head upon thing.—*Hacer de un lobo, cabeza de lobo*, to make a wolf's head of a thing; that is, to make the most of it, as men do that have killed a wolf, and carry the head about to the villages to get a reward for it.

*Cabezada*, s. f. a blow with the head; the head-stall of a beast; the foot-leather of a boot; a nod when one is asleep.

*Cabezal*, s. m. a pillow, a bolster, a narrow quilt; a broad bench like a couch.

*Cabezalejo*, s. m. a little couch.

*Cabezadero*, s. m. obs. he that is at the dying man's bed; an executor.

*Cabezamiento*, s. m. nodding; also counting of heads.

*Cabezo*, s. m. a hillock; the top of a mountain.

*Cabezón*, s. m. the neck-band of a shirt; the collar of a garment; a greathead; a head-stall to tame colts; a halter.—*Llevar a uno de los cabezones*, to drag one away by the collar.—*Entrar por la boca manga y salir por la cabezón*, to enter at the sleeve, and go out at the neck-band; an old ceremony to adopt a son, when a woman took a wide smock, and putting the child's head through one of the sleeves, brought it out at the neckband, and then owned

him her son; thence metaph. to intrude.

*Cabezudo*, adj. headstrong, obstinate.

*Cabezuéla*, s. f. a little head; also a little bud.

*Cabezúana*, adj. when applied to *corneja* it means the winter-crow, called by some the Roy-ston crow, whose back and belly are of a dark ash colour.

*Cabiál*, s. m. spawn of fishes that is eaten salted.

*Cabida*, s. f. admittance, reception, entertainment, room.—*Tener cabida con una persona*, to have access or an interest with such a person.

*Cabido*, adj. contained.

*Cabildada*, s. f. sentence or judgment given by a chapter.

*Cabildo*, s. m. a chapter of a church; also the common-council or the court of a town.

*Cabillo*, s. m. a little end.

*Cabimiento*, s. m. vide *Cabida*.

*Cabito*, s. m. the extremity or end of anything.

*Cabizbaxar*, v. n. to hang down the head.

*Cabizbáxo*, adj. hanging down the head, sorrowful, melancholy, full of grief.

*Cabiztuérto*, adj. turning the head down; an hypocrite.

*Cáble*, s. m. a cable; a rope for a ship to ride at anchor.

*Cábo*, s. m. the end, the conclusion; a cape, a head-land.—*Cábo de esquadra*, a corporal.—*Cábo de cuchillo*, a knife-haft.—*Cábo de vela*, a candle's end.—*Cábo de año*, an anniversary.—*Cábo de aguja*, a tag.—*Estar al cábo*, to be at the last gasp.—*Estar al cábo del cuento*, to understand the matter thoroughly.—*Llevar las cosas al cábo*, to go through stitch with things.—*Tener una materia tantos cábos*, is to have so many several propositions.—*Muger hermosa por el cábo*, a most beautiful woman.—*Echir-lo a un cábo*, to lay it aside.—*Proseguir hasta el cábo*, to hold on to the end.—*Visitar el jirro hasta ver el cábo*, to toss the pot till one sees the bottom.—*Dar cábo*, a (sea-phrase) to throw a rope for another to take hold of.—*Cábo de laborar*, (a sea-term) all the cordage belonging to a ship.

*Caborál*, s. m. a captain, leader, or general.

*Cábra*, s. f. a she-goat; also the fish called a gurnet; also three poles set up, joining at the top, and forming a triangle at the bottom, to weigh things.—*Cábra montés*, a wild goat.

*Cabrahigál*, s. m. the place where the wild figs grow.

*Cabrahigár*, v. a. to hang the wild figs on a female wild fig-tree, that it may produce the next figs sweet.

*Cabrahigo* s. m. a wild fig-tree, or fig.

*Cábras Saltantes* a sort of exhalations, which, taking fire, go as it were skipping in the air like goats.

*Cabreja*, s. f. an engine made to throw stones of a great size.

*Cabrerizo*, } s. m. a goat-herd.

*Cabréro*, }

*Cabrestante*, s. m. vide *Cabestrante*.

*Cabria*, s. f. the axle-tree of a cart, coach, &c. also an engine to raise up cannon, &c.

*Cabrial*, s. m. a rafter or quarter of wood set up an end to support or hold up any thing.

*Cabrilla*, s. f. a little goat; also a sort of fish.—*Cabrillas*, s. f. pl. the constellation called the Seven Stars or the Pleiades.

*Cabrio*, adj. vide *Cabrial*.

*Cabrióla*, s. f. a caper, a skip.

*Cabrielar*, v. a. to caper, to skip.

*Cabriolo*, s. m. vide *Cabrito*.

*Cabrita*, s. f. a she-kid; also kid's leather.

*Cabritero*, s. m. the person who dresses the skins of kids, also one who sells kids.

*Cabritilla*, s. f. kid's skin.

*Cabritico*, } s. m. a little kid.

*Cabritillo*, }

*Cabrito*, s. m. a kid.

*Cabrituno*, adj. of or belonging to a kid.

*Cabron*, s. m. a he-goat; a patient cuckold; a pimp to his own wife.

*Cabronada*, s. f. the infamous prostitution that a man makes of his own wife.

*Cabronazo*, s. m. augm. of *cabron*.

*Cabroncillo*, } s. m. diminutive of *cabron*.

*Cabronzuelo*, }

a puny cuckold, a little dirty cuckold.

*Cabronzillo montés*, a wild he-

goat; also a roebuck; also an herb so called.

**Cabrúna**, s. f. a goat-skin.

**Cabrúno**, adj. goatish, rank.

**Cábsa**, s. f. obs. a cause, a reason, a motive.

**Cabucado**, adj. belonging to the pommel of a saddle.

**Cabulléro**, s. m. a barren piece of ground.

**Cabuxón**, s. m. a stone cut tapering.

**Cabúya**, s. f. a rope made of Indian thread.

**Cáca**, s. f. ordure, filth, dirt.

**Caalia**, s. f. a lily of the valley.

**Cácao**, s. m. the nut whereof chocolate is made.

**Cacaotál**, s. m. the place where the cacao plants are sown.

**Cacarendór**, s. m. f. one who cackles like a hen; also a tell-tale, a tattler.

**Cacreamiento**, s. m. a cackling.

**Cacareár**, v. a. to cackle like a hen.—*Cacareár, y no poner huevo*, to cackle and lay no egg; to boast much and do little; to promise and not perform.

**Cacaréo**, s. m. a cackling.

**Cacéra**, s. f. ditches or trenches dug for the water to flow.

**Caceria**, s. f. a view or prospect of an hunting match; also the noise made at that time, and the hunting feast itself.

**Caceta**, s. f. a kind of vessel to receive homely things in, a tray, a ladle for a pot.

**Cácha**, s. f. the hilt of a sword or knife.

**Cacháda**, s. f. a blow given with any thing that is broken.

**Cachálaca**, s. f. a fowl so called.

**Cachár**, v. a. to crush, to bruise flat, or to pieces.

**Cachárra**, s. m. any piece of earthen ware.

**Cacháza**, s. f. a slow and easy manner of transacting business; dullness, heaviness.

**Cachear**, v. a. vide Cachar.—*Répa cachera*, a coarse sort of blanket.

**Cachéta**, s. f. teeth made in a lock, that shut into one another.

**Cachéte**, s. m. a cuff on the ear.

**Cacheteado**, adj. cuffed, boxed.

**Cachetéro**, s. m. a short broad

knife, such as butchers use.

**Cachetón**, s. m. a cuff or box on the ear.

**Cachetudo**, adj. one that has great cheeks.

**Cachicán**, s. m. one who is set over others to inspect into their work, an intendant, or overseer.

**Cachicuérno**, adj. horn-hafted.

**Cachidiáblo**, s. m. an hobgoblin, or Robin Goodfellow; also a man of bad inclinations.

**Cachigordete**, s. m. a short squat man.

**Cachiporra**, s. f. a club, a cudgel.

**Cachivache**, s. m. a man who is good for nothing, a despicable fellow.—*Cachivaches*, s. m. pl. old broken trumperies that lie about in corners and are of little use.

**Cachizo**, s. m. a rafter, a beam to hold up or support anything.

**Cácho**, } s. m. a piece, a lump.

**Cachón**, } s. m. a piece, a lump.

**Cachónada**, adj. that is proud, said of a bitch.

**Cachondas**, s. f. pl. a sort of breeches made fine for show.

**Cachondéz**, s. m. the pride, or lust of a bitch.

**Cachopin**, s. m. a name by which the Indians of Mexico call an European.

**Cachopinito**, s. m. diminutive of *cachopin*, one newly come into the world.

**Cachopo**, s. m. a deep place in the sea between rocks.—*Cachipo*, s. m. the trunk of a tree that is dry.

**Cachorrillo**, } s. m. a little whelp.

**Cachorro**, } s. m. a whelp; also a chub-child; adjectively used, bowed or bent.

**Cachuchéro**, s. m. in cant, the thief who steals gold in specie.

**Cachúchos**, s. m. pl. small bags full of musket-bullets or old broken iron, to charge great guns with; in cant, it is gold, and the thief who steals it.

**Cachuélas**, s. f. pl. among sportsmen signifies, the heart, kidneys, and liver of a rabbit.

**Cachulera**, s. f. a den or cave under ground.

**Cachumbo**, s. m. a kind of co-coa-nut-tree.

**Cachúnde**, s. f. a composition of civet and amber, a fine perfume.

**Cachupín**, s. m. the Spaniard that goes to the West Indies and settles there.

**Cacia**, s. f. a sweet shrub bearing spice like cinnamon.

**Cacázcico**, s. m. the dignity or authority the petty princes of the Indians are invested with.

**Cacimbas**, s. f. pl. buckets used on board ships.

**Cacique**, s. m. so the Indians call their petty princes.

**Cáco**, s. m. a man easily made afraid, a coward.

**Cacochimia**, s. f. ill digestion.

**Cacochimico**, adj. belonging to ill digestion.

**Cacochimio**, s. m. the person who has an ill digestion.

**Cacodemón**, s. m. an evil spirit.

**Cacophaton**, s. m. an impudent bold way of talking.

**Cacophonia**, s. f. a disagreeable sound made by the repetition of words.

**Cacosyntheton**, s. m. a vicious composition.

**Cacumén**, s. m. the top of any hill, &c.

**Cacuminado**, adj. elevated, raised up to the top.

**Cáda**, adj. every.—*Cada vez*, every time.—*Cada dia*, every day.—*Cada uno*, every one.—*Cada dos, ó cada tres dias*, every two or three days.—*Cada y quando*, whensoever.—*Cada qual*, every one.

**Cadafalso**, } s. m. a scaffold.

**Cadahalso**, } s. m. In architecture, it is the first part of the wall above the foundation.

**Cadalecho**, s. m. a bier, a coffin; a thing like a horse-litter to carry sick persons in; also a couch, and the side of a bed.

**Cadálso**, s. m. vide Cadahalso.

**Cadañero**, adj. of every year, yearly.

**Cadañera**, s. f. a female that breeds every year.

**Cadárza**, s. m. coarse silk, the combings of the fine.

**Cadáver**, s. m. a dead body.

**Cadavérico**, adj. belonging to a dead body.

**Cadéjo**, s. m. the portion of silk that is fit to be weaved.

**Cadéna**, s. f. a chain.—*Cadéna*, a prison.—*Cadéna de galeotes*, a chain that galley-slaves were fixed to.

**Cadéncia**, s. f. a cadence in music.

**Cadencioso**, adj. belonging to a cadence in music.



**Cadenéta**, s. f. a fine sort of needle-work like lace.  
**Cadenilla**, s. f. a little chain.  
**Cadente**, adj. ready to fall.  
**Cadéra**, s. f. the hip; a chair.—*Hacer cadéras*, to dress out so as to appear bigger than what you are.  
**Cadete**, s. m. a cadet, or one who enlists himself a soldier without receiving any pay, in expectation of preferment.  
**Cadillo**, s. m. a dog.  
**Cadllar**, s. m. weeds and tares among the corn.  
**Cadilo**, s. m. the shaggy end of anything that is wove; also a sort of knotty weed that grows among corn.  
**Cadira**, s. f. an elbow-chair.  
**Cadiz**, s. m. a sort of coarse linen, sometimes made of wool.  
**Cadmia**, s. f. a mineral stone furnished in making of brass.  
**Cadozo**, s. m. a deep place or hole in a river or lake.  
**Caducamente**, adv. slowly, doatingly.  
**Caducár**, v. n. to dote, to rave.  
**Caducador**, s. m. a person who proclaimed peace with a white wand in his hand.  
**Caducéo**, s. m. a white wand with two serpents, carried by messengers in token of peace.  
**Caducidad**, s. f. in law, a neglect of the conditions on which an entail was held.  
**Cadúco**, adj. doating; also weak, frail, perishable.—*Mal cadúco*, the falling sickness, epilepsy.  
**Caduquéz**, s. f. the infirmity, frailty, or weakness of age.  
**Cadlizo**, adj. ruinous, ready to fall; fallen.  
**Caér**, v. n. to fall.—*Caér lánzas del cielo*, to rain or hail violently.—*Caér en el rastro*, to light upon the track.—*Caé el sol*, the sun is setting.—*Caér de golpe*, to fall all at once.—*Caér al suelo*, to come to the lure.—*Caér de la memoria*, to forget.—*Caér enfermo*, to fall sick.—*Caér de su birra*, to fall from his ass; that is, to be beaten out of an error.—*No caer en las cíasas*, not to conceive or comprehend things.—*Caér en el garlito, en la red, en el lazo*, to fall into the snare.—*Caér en la cuenta*, to perceive the mistake, to bethink one's self, to conceive.—*Caér en comiso*,

(a law term) to fall within the reach of the law.—*Caér como moscas*, to drop like flies, when a distemper rages, or many men are killed in the fight.—*Caerse*, v. r. to fall down.—*Caér de báro de una tosa*, to be upon an equal footing with another.  
**Cafareo**, s. m. a deep gulf; an unfathomable part of the sea.  
**Cáfe**, s. m. coffee, a berry so called.  
**Cafetán**, s. f. a sort of cloaths worn by the Moors.  
**Cafetéra**, s. f. a coffee-pot.  
**Cafila**, s. f. a caravan of travellers; also a fleet of merchants trading at set times to any certain place.—*Cafila*, a company of people without order.  
**Cagachín**, s. m. a fly so called.  
**Cagador**, s. m. a fish called a sea-hare.  
**Cagajón**, s. m. dung of beasts.  
**Cagamelo**, s. m. a sort of mushroom so called.  
**Cagar**, v. n. to evacuate.  
**Cagarráche**, s. m. a kind of a thrush; also the man who works in the oil-mills.  
**Cagarrúche**, } s. f. goats or  
**Cagarúta**, } sheeps' dung;  
 any small bits of any thing.  
**Cagetin**, s. m. a little box, that in which printers put types.  
**Cagón**, s. m. a coward.  
**Cahiz**, s. m. a measure of corn so called.  
**Cahizada**, s. f. as much land as may be sown with a *cahiz* of wheat.  
**Cahuérco**, s. m. obs. sepulchre, grave.  
**Caida**, s. f. a fall; also the depth of hangings, cloaths, &c.—*Caida*, metaph. the sudden fall from a good condition to a bad one.—*Ir á andar de capa caída*, metaph. to decline gradually from wealth and reputation.  
**Caído**, *da*, p. p. from *Caer*.  
**Caimán**, s. m. an amphibious creature like a crocodile.—*Caimán*, ad. cunning, subtle, sly.  
**Caimiento**, s. m. lowness of strength, dulness of spirits.  
**Caïque** s. m. a little boat or skiff.  
**Cairá**, s. f. } money ill gotten.  
**Caire**, s. m. }  
**Cairél**, s. m. a periwig made in imitation of a head of hair;

also a sort of fringes.—*Cairél*, the black dirt under the nails.  
**Cairélár**, v. n. to adorn the edges of a garment with lace or fringe.  
**Cairo**, adj. belonging to a Turkev or Guinea hen.  
**Cajrón**, s. m. vide *Caira*.  
**Cal**, s. f. path.—*Cal*, s. f. lime.  
*Cal víca*, unslacked lime.—*Obra de cal y canto*, substantial work of lime and stone.  
**Cála**, s. f. in cant, a hole.—*Cala*, s. f. a suppositor; a surgeon's probe; a search; a creek in the sea; a seyon or graft for a tree; a clyster; also bit of fruit that is cut off to taste it.—*Cála y cato*, a search.  
**Calabacería**, s. f. levity, vanity, pride.  
**Calabacero**, s. m. the person who sells pumpkins; in cant, the thief who steals with a hook.  
**Calabacica**, } s. f. diminutive  
**Calabacilla**, } of *calabaza*.  
**Calabáza**, s. f. a gourd, a pompon, a calabash.—*Mas calabazas*, more calabashes; said when one talks not to the purpose.—*Echár á uno calabáza*, to throw to a man a calabash; to disappoint him of his expectation.—*Castos de calabáza*, a calabash-skull; that is, rattle-headed, empty-skull.  
*Dar calabaza*, metaph. to disappoint, to reprove.  
**Calabazada**, s. f. a blow with the head against the wall.  
**Calabazate**, s. m. a kind of conserve made with the rinds of gourds.  
**Calabazóna**, s. f. winter pumpkins.  
**Calabera**, s. f. vide *Calavera*.  
**Calabóbo**, s. m. a little rain.  
**Calabozage**, s. m. gaol-fees paid by prisoners.  
**Calabozo**, s. m. a dungeon; the bilboes; also a pruning knife, and a kind of fish so called.  
**Calábze**, s. m. a rank smell, offensive smell.  
**Calabrida**, s. f. a mixture of wines, especially red and white.  
**Calabróte**, s. m. a hawser, a little cable.  
**Calacanto**, s. m. a kind of herb which kills fleas and mice.  
**Caláda**, s. f. the flight of a hawk pursuing his prey.  
**Caládo**, adj. sunk through.—*Caládo el sombréro*, the hat set

down close upon the head and cocked.

Caladór, s. m. any tool to probe or to thrust into any thing to search it.

Calafate, } s. m. a calker.

Calafeteadór, }

Calafetear, v. n. to calk; that is, to drive up oakum into the seams of ships to keep out the water.

Calafeteria, s. f. the palking of ships.

Calafraça, s. f. a kind of saxifrage, heart's tongue.

Calagozo, s. m. a large pruning-hook, also a countryman's bill to cut wood.

Calagrãa, s. f. a kind of grape.

Calahorra, s. f. a storehouse where provision is laid up in time of war or famine.

Calamos, s. m. a fictitious name given to any one in love.

Calamoco, s. m. calamanco, a woollen stuff so called.

Calamar, s. m. the cuttle-fish; also an ink-horn.

Calamarêjo, s. m. a fish called a calamary.

Calambre, s. m. the cramp.

Calambuco, s. m. a valuable sort of wood brought from the West Indies, whereof they make beads.

Calaménto, s. m. the herb catmint.

Calamidád, s. f. calamity.

Calaménto, s. m. searching or prying into.

Calamina, s. f. the calamine-stone.

Calamita, s. f. the load-stone.

Calamitoso, adj. calamitous, unhappy, miserable, wretched.

Calamo, s. m. a pen, a reed.—*Calamo corrente*, adv. in haste.

Calamocano, adj. hot with wine.

Calámoco, s. m. icicle.

Calamón, s. m. a large bird like a heron; a round-headed nail.

Calamorra, s. f. in cant, the head.

Calamorrada, s. f. a nod with the head.

Calandra, s. f. calender, a press for pressing of cloth.

Calandrão, s. m. old rag; also a ridiculous man.

Calândria, s. f. a lark.—*Calândria*, in cant, a cryer.—*Calândria de aguadór*, one that sings very bad.—*Canta como*

*una calândria*, he sings like a lark.

Caláña, s. f. similitude or likeness of one thing to another; a pattern; *metaph.* good humour; also the good qualities of any thing.

Calapis, s. m. a plant so called.

Calár, adj. belonging to lime.—*Calár*, v. a. to search, to pierce through, to soak through; also to strike sail.—*Calár*, to understand, to comprehend any thing.—*Calarse*, v. r. to descend.—*Calarse*, in cant, to go into a house to rob.—*Calár el sombrero*, to press the hat on the head and cock it.—*Calár el melón*, to cut a bit out of the melon to taste it.—*Calár a uno la condición*, to dive into a man's disposition.—*Calár tantos pies*, to draw so many feet water; said of a ship.—*Calár el can del arcabús*, to cock the musket.

Calavéra, s. f. a skull; also a stupid fellow, void of good sense, judgment, or wisdom.—*Cara de calavéra*, an ugly, flat-nosed face.

Calayerear, v. n. to become like an idiot, or fool.

Calaverilla, s. f. diminutive of *calavéra*.

Calavérna, s. f. vide Calavéra.

Calca, s. f. in cant, road, way, path.

Calcas, s. f. pl. in cant, the footsteps.

Calcañál, } s. m. the heel.

Calcañar, }

Calcaño, }

Calcár, v. a. to tread under foot, to trample, to kick; also to press, or thrust together. In cant, to put irons on the legs.

Calcatrife, s. m. a porter.

Calcedonia, s. f. a precious stone called a chalcedony.

Calcéta, s. f. under-stockings of thread or cotton.

Calceteria, s. f. the place where stockings are made; also a stocking shop.

Calcetéro, s. m. a hosier.—*Calcetéro*, s. m. in cant, the person who puts the fetters on the prisoners.

Calcetón, s. m. a white stocking worn under boots.

Calcil, s. m. a bright grey colour.

Caçilla, s. f. diminutive of *calza*.

Calceina, s. f. a mixture of lime and other ingredients.

Calcinación, s. f. calcination.

Calcinado, da, p. p. from *calcinar*.

Calcinár, v. a. to calcine.

Calcitide, s. f. a mineral stone so called.

Calcorrear, v. a. in cant, to run; also to anger.

Calcórras, s. m. pl. in cant, the shoes.

Calculación, s. f. a calculation.

Calculadór, s. m. numberer, calculator, computer.

Calcular, v. a. to calculate.

Calculó, s. m. calculation.

Cálda, s. f. the degree of heat of any thing.—*Caldas*, pl. a hot bath, the warm water to bathe in.

Caldáica, s. f. a stone like the topaz.

Caldaria, adj. a sort of ordeal, formerly in use by making the criminal put his hand into boiling water.

Caldear, v. a. to make iron hot; to inflame.

Caldéra, s. f. kettle, cauldron; a sunk battery for mortars.—*La caldera de Pedro Botero*, Peter Botero's kettle. It signifies hell.

Calderada, s. f. a kettle full.

Caldereria, s. f. a brazier's shop, the braziers street.

Calderero, s. m. a brazier, a tinker.

Calderéta, } s. f. a little kettle;

Calderilla, } also a ragou made with fish.

Caldéro, s. m. a kettle; generally used for the brass bucket to draw water out of a well; a great broth-eater.

Calderón, s. m. a great kettle.

Calderuén, s. f. a little kettle.

Caldibaldo, s. m. poor thin broth.

Caldillo, s. m. small broth.

Cáldo, s. m. broth.—*Cáldo esforzado*, strong broth.—*Cáldo de vino*, burnt wine.—*Cáldo de altramiz*, lupin broth.

Caldúcho, s. m. bad broth.

Caldefactorio, s. m. a fireplace.

Caléndas, s. f. the kalends, the first day of the month.—*Noche de la calénda*, the eve.

Calendário, s. m. a kalendar, an almanack.—*Hacer calor*



- carros, metaph.* to build castles in the air.
- Calentador, s. m. a heater, any thing that heats.—*Calentador de cama*, a warming-pan.
- Calentadura, s. f. } a heat-  
Calentamiento, s. m. } ing.
- Calentar, v. a. to warm, to heat.—*Calentarse la boca a uno*, his mouth grows warm; we say, he grows warm, when he grows eager, and talks earnestly.
- Calente, adj. hot, warm. Poetical for *caliente*.
- Calentón, s. m. a sudden or quick heat.
- Calentura, s. f. heat, warmth; a fever, an ague.—*Calentura quotidiana*, a quotidian, or daily ague.—*Calentura terciña ó quartana*, a tertian or quartan ague.—*Calentura continua*, a fever.—*Calentura de pollo por comer gallina*, to feign sick, in order to be well attended.
- Calenturiento, adj. sick of a fever or ague.
- Calenturilla, s. f. a little fever or ague.
- Calenturón, s. m. augment. of *calentura*, a great fever.
- Calenturóso, adj. sick of a fever or ague.
- Calera, s. f. a lime-kiln.
- Calero, s. m. one that makes lime.
- Calésa, s. f. a calash to ride in.
- Calestro, s. m. the driver of a calash.
- Calesín, s. m. a kind of chariot.
- Calétá, s. f. a suppositor; also a little creek in the sea; a pick-pocket.
- Caletéro, s. m. a thief's companion.
- Calètre, s. m. wisdom; knowledge; perception; also a cant word, the noddle.
- Calfeatear, v. a. vide *Calafetear*.
- Calí, s. m. vide *Alcalí*.
- Calibo, } s. m. an instrument  
Calibre, } to measure the bigness of a bullet; also the weight of a bullet; hot embers, or a fire of small coal.—*Calibre de cañon*, the diameter of the mouth of a gun.—*Ser una cosa de buen, ó mal calibre*, metaph. to be any thing, or of a good or bad quality.
- Caliche, s. m. gravel mixed with brick.
- Calidad, s. f. quality, property, accident; also goodness, and rank; superiority of birth; condition.—*Calidades*, pl. the laws of play.—*De calidad*, adv. so that, upon condition that.—*Dineros son calidad*, money can do any thing.
- Calidéz, s. f. heat.
- Calído, adj. hot.
- Caliente, adj. warm, or hot.—*A sangre caliente*, upon the spot, directly.—*Hierro caliente*, hot iron.—*Tener el sangre caliente*, to be hot by the heat of the blood.—*Estar caliente la bestia*, is for a beast to be in lust.
- Calificación, s. f. the exact judgment or censure of any thing or person.—*Calificación*, an argument, a reason, a proof.
- Calificádo, da, p. p. from *calificar*.
- Calificador, adj. qualifying, approving.—*Calificador del santo oficio*, a doctor in divinity, named by the inquisition, to censure printed books.
- Calificar, v. a. to qualify, to declare good or bad; to assure; to make noble.—*Calificar proposiciones*, to decide whether propositions are orthodox or erroneous.—*Calificarse*, v. r. to make one's self reputable or noble.
- Caliga, s. f. spatterdash, buskin, cover for the leg, set full of nails, used by soldiers.
- Caligine, }  
Caliginidad, } s. f. darkness.
- Caliginoso, adj. dusk, dark, misty, cloudy; also difficult, not easy to be understood.
- Caligo, s. m. obs. vide *Caligina*.
- Calilla, s. f. a little suppositor; also a creek.
- Calina, s. f. a thick vapour, or exhalation, rising like a fog in hot weather; also sand and lime made into mortar.
- Calipha, s. m. a caliph; the title of the successors of Mahomet, in the sovereignty.
- Calipédes, s. m. a little animal so called.
- Calixto, s. m. a constellation called the Great Bear.
- Caliz, s. m. a chalice, such as the priest uses at mass; the mouth of an aqueduct at which the water runs out.
- Calizo, adj. belonging to lime.
- Calláda, adv. secretly, without noise.
- Calladamente, adv. silently, stilly, secretly, quietly, privately.
- Calládo, adj. secret, not spoken of, concealed; from *callar*.
- Callador, s. m. a man of few words, a silent person.
- Callandico, adv. silently, quietly, stilly, secretly.
- Callandriz, s. f. a silent woman.
- Callantes, s. m. pl. obs. the dead.
- Callar, v. n. to be silent, to hold one's peace, to keep secret.—Prov. *Al buen callar llaman santo*, good silence is called holiness; that is, to be moderate in talk is a sign of virtue.—*Quien calla otorga*, silence grants consent.—*Callad que teneis porque*, you have reason to hold your peace.—*Callarse*, v. r. to be silent.—*Callate y callémos, que sendas nos tenemos*, let us both be quiet, for we have both our own; that is, we have both got as good as we brought.—*Callar, y obrar, por la tierra, y por la mar*, by land or by sea, speak little and work well.
- Callares, s. m. pl. things or blows given to children that they may hold their tongue.
- Calle, s. f. a street, a path, an alley, a walk in a garden.—*Echar un negocio en la calle*, to publish a business that ought to have been secret.—*Desempedrar la calle*, to unpave the street; metaph. to gallop horses along the street.—*Azotar calles*, to ramble about the streets.—*Búca de calle*, the end of a street.—*Alborotar la calle*, to make an uproar, or noise, to disturb the neighbourhood.—*Por las calles se dice*, it is a common town talk.
- Callecér, v. n. to harden, to grow hard.
- Callejita, s. f. diminutive of *calle*.
- Calleja, s. f. a narrow street or lane.—*Calleja*, in cant, running away from justice.
- Callejár, v. a. in cant, to escape from justice.—*Callejár*, v. a.

to gad about the streets.

**Callejero**, s. m. a man that is always gadding in the street.

**Callejón**, s. m. } a lane, an  
**Callejuela**, s. f. } alley.

**Cállo**, s. m. a corn, or the hard skin growing on labourers hands.—*Hazér callos en el trabajo*, to be injured to labour.—*Hazér callos en el victo*, to be hardened in vice.

**Cállo de herradura**, a piece of an old broken horseshoe.—**Callos de víca**, tripes.

**Callosidad**, s. f. the hardness of a corn.

**Callóso**, adj. full of corns, hard skinned.

**Cálma**, s. f. a calm, still weather.—Prov. *Gran cálma señal de agua*, a great calm is a sign of rain.—**Calmas**, an uncultivated piece of ground without any tree or shrub.

**Calmado**, da, p. p. from *Calmar*.

**Calmár**, v. n. to calm, to grow calm.

**Calmaria**, s. f. a calm.

**Calmóso**, adj. belonging to a calm; peaceable, quiet, easy.

**Calnáo**, s. m. vide *Canado*, or *Candado*.

**Calofriáo**, adj. chilly, cold.

**Calofrío**, s. m. a fit of a fever hot and cold.

**Calofrioso**, adj. one subject to ague fits.

**Calomár**, s. m. the song or cry of sailors when they hale a rope altogether.

**Calón**, s. m. a thing that pierces or sinks through.

**Calóna**, s. f. a measure of half an *arréba*.

**Calonar**, v. a. to slander, calumniate, revile.

**Calondrigo**, s. m. vide *Canonigo*.

**Calondrón**, s. m. hot pottage.

**Calónge**, s. m. a canon of a church.

**Calongia**, s. f. a canonship of a church.

**Calonia**, } s. f. obs. calumny,  
**Cadóna**, } slander.

**Calonár**, v. a. vide *Calumniar*.

**Calosamente**, adv. reproachfully, disgracefully.

**Calór**, s. m. heat, warmth, vivacity, activity.—*Calor*, the strength, power, or natural heat of the mind or body.—*Dar calor*, f. metaph. to urge;

to entreat, to foment, to impel.

**Caloroso**, adj. hot, earnest, warm.

**Caloso**, s. m. a metal brought from the West Indies.

**Calóstro**, s. m. the first milk in the breasts or dugs, after a birth; the beestings.

**Calóto**, s. m. a piece of a particular metal imported from America.

**Calpísque** s. m. the cant word for a catchpole.—**Calpizque**, a gatherer of rents, a steward.

**Calthra**, s. f. obs. a marigold; also a sort of autumn violet.

**Calumbriáo**, adj. mouldy or rusty.

**Calúmnia**, s. f. calumny, slander, false accusation.—*Juramento de calúmnia*, (a law term) being the oath the plaintiff takes, that he does not bring his suit out of malice.

**Calumniador**, s. m. a slanderer.

**Calumniár**, v. a. to slander.

**Calumniosamente**, adv. falsely, slanderously.

**Calumnióso**, adj. slanderous, deceitful, false, and unjust.

**Caluña**, s. f. vide *Calumnia*.

**Caluñar**, v. a. vide *Calumniar*.

**Calúra**, s. f. obs. vide *Calor*.

**Calurosamente**, adv. hotly, with heat.

**Caluróso**, adj. hot, ardent.

**Caéva**, s. f. the head of a man bald-pated.

**Calvár**, v. a. to grow bald; also to cheat, to deceive.

**Calvário**, s. m. the place where dead bones are heaped up.

**Calvatório**, adj. belonging to the bald head.

**Calvatruéno**, s. m. a total baldness; also a noisy, prattling fellow.

**Calvaza**, s. f. augmentative of *calva*.

**Calvete**, s. m. diminutive of *calvo*.

**Calvéz**, s. f. baldness, the loss of hair.

**Calvilla**, s. f. diminutive of *calva*.

**Calvinista**, s. m. a Calvinist.

**Calvino**, s. m. the institutor of the religion of Calvin.

**Calvo**, adj. bald, without hair.

**Calýs**, s. f. a kind of bugloss, alcanet, or orchanet.

**Cálza**, s. f. a hose.—**Cálzas**, pl. hose, breeches.—**Cálzas de cortes**, flashed or striped breeches.—**Cálzas afolladas**, wide breeches.—**Cálzas atach-**

**das**, straight-laced breeches.—**Medias calzas**, stockings.—

**Cálza de arena**, a bag half filled with sand, wherewith they used to beat some male-

factors to death without blood.—*Echar a uno en calza*, to set a mark upon a man to avoid him.—*Dexir a uno en calzas y jubón*, to strip a man to his doublet and hose.—

Prov. *Tomir las calzas de Villadiégro*, to take Villadiégro's

hose; that is, to run away with all speed.—*Metér en una calza*, metaph. to press, to urge.—*Verse uno en calzas prietas*, metaph. to be in great embarrassment, or danger.

**Calzáda**, s. f. a causeway.

**Calzadera**, s. f. the cord that fastens to the feet those shoes called *abarús*.

**Calzado**, adj. shod; also a horse that has white shapks; in cant, one that has irons upon his legs.—**Calzáo**, sub. m. hose or shoes, &c. any thing that covers the leg and foot.

**Calzador**, s. m. a shoeing-leather, or horn.

**Calzadura**, s. f. a shoeing; a present made to the boy who brings new shoes.

**Calzár**, s. m. shoes.—**Calzar**, v. a. to shoe, to put on the stockings.—**Calzar una rueda**, to clap a stone to a wheel that it may not run.—**Calzar herramientas**, to put steel edges or points to tools.—**Calzar zapatos, guantes, o medias**, to draw on shoes, gloves, or stockings.—**Calzar sanos puntos**, to wear a shoe of such a size.—**Calzar una pared**, to fortify a wall, to prop it.—**Calzarse a alguno**, metaph. to teach, to govern; also, to conquer by argument in conversation.

**Calzónes**, s. m. pl. breeches.

**Calzonazos**, s. m. pl. great breeches; also a lumpish, heavy fellow.—*Ponerse a calzarse los calzones*, metaph. the wife commands, or the wife wears the breeches.

**Calzoncillos**, s. f. pl. under-breeches made of linen.

**Calzuélas**, s. f. pl. little hose.

**Cáma**, s. f. a bed.—**Cáma de arado**, a furrow.—**Cáma de freno**, the cheek of a bride.—

**Cama de liebre**, the form where



a hare sits.—*Cama de melón*, the bed a melon grows on.—*Cama de ropa*, the pieces put to a cloak, or such like garment, to make it hang round.—*Hacer cama a un negocio*, to contrive a business.—*Hacer cama*, to be sick, to be a-bed.

*Camada*, s. f. young rabbits, or other small wild animals new born; also a gang of thieves hid in any place.

*Camal*, s. m. a halter for a horse or other animal, made of hemp; a chain put upon a run-away slave.

*Camaleón*, s. m. vide *Chamaeleon*.

*Camándula*, s. f. a sort of chaplet.—*Enviar a vender camándulas*, to send one away with contempt.—*Tener muchas camándulas*, to be very cunning.

*Camandulero*, s. m. sharper, hypocrite.

*Camaphéo*, s. m. a fine stone cut with figures rising.

*Camara*, a bed-chamber.—*Camara de arcabúes ó pieza de artillería*, the chamber of a gun.—*Camara*, a public granary.—*Camaras*, pl. a looseness, a flux, a stool.

*Camaráda*, s. m. companion; fellow-soldier; bed-fellow.—*Tirar por camaráda*, to shoot volleys from several parts at one mark.

*Camarage*, s. m. what people pay for putting their corn in the public granary.

*Camaráchón*, s. m. a garret, a cock-loft; a room without a ceiling.

*Camarero*, s. m. a chamberlain; a valet de chambre; he that takes care of the corn in the public granary.

*Camaréta*, s. f. a little chamber.

*Camarilla*, s. f. a closet.

*Camariénto*, adj. lax of body, loose, with a flux.

*Camarin*, s. m. a small withdrawing-room, a closet.

*Camarista*, s. m. one that keeps no house, but has only a room in a house, a private lodger.—*Camarista*, s. f. the woman who waits in the queen's chamber.

*Camarita*, s. f. diminutive of *camara*.

*Camariéngo*, s. m. vide *Camarero*.

*Camarója*, s. f. a sort of endive.

*Camarón*, s. m. a shrimp, a prawn.

*Camaronera*, s. f. a net to catch shrimps or prawns.

*Camaróte*, s. m. the round-house, the uppermost room of the stern of a ship; the master's cabin; a cabin in a ship.

*Camarróya*, s. f. the herb dandelion.

*Camarroýero*, s. m. the person who sells the herb dandelion.

*Camastro*, s. m. a poor mean bed, such as may be easily carried about, used by country people.

*Camastrón*, s. m. a dissembling, deceitful man, who waits for an opportunity to cheat.

*Camatones*, s. m. pl. the chains in a ship, by which the shrouds are made fast to the ship's side.

*Cambaláche*, s. m. barter, exchange of goods.

*Cambalachear*, v. a. to exchange, or barter goods.

*Cámbas*, s. f. pl. the pieces put into the bottom of a cloak or other round garment to make it hang round; the pieces that make the round of a wheel, called the felines.

*Cambia*, s. f. vide *Cambio*.

*Cambiable*, adj. that can be exchanged or bartered.

*Cambiadizo*, adj. changeable, variable, inconstant.

*Cambiadór*, s. m. a money-changer, a banker; in cant, one that keeps a bawdy-house.

*Cambiaménto*, s. m. inconstancy, variableness.

*Cambiente*, s. m. the reflection of the rays of light; also the bloom of flowers.

*Cambiár*, v. a. to exchange, to return money by bills.

*Cambija*, s. f. a line made by a rule, a straight line; also a water-house.

*Cámbio*, s. m. exchange, return of money by bill; also a bank, or a banker.—*Dar a cámbio*, to put out money to use.—*Tomar a cámbio*, to take up money at interest.—*Cámbio seco*, usury, extortion.

*Cambista*, s. m. one who exchanges or returns money by bills.

*Cámbra*, s. f. a chamber.

*Cambráy*, s. m. cambrick.

*Cambrayádo*, adj. like or belonging to cambrick.

*Cambrayon*, s. a linen-like cambrick, but coarser, and not so strong.

*Cambréro*, s. m. obs. vide *Camarero*.

*Cambrón*, s. m. a hemp or flax-pit; a place to steep hemp in; also the common thorn.

*Cambronera*, s. f. a buck-thorn.

*Cambúx*, s. m. a mask, a veil to cover the face.

*Camédros*, s. m. a little bush, the flower of which is purple-coloured, and very bitter.—*Camédros de agua*, the germander that grows in marshes or fens.

*Camelá*, s. f. vide *Chamelea*.

*Camelión*, s. m. camelion; an herb of the same name, growing on the rocks by the sea-side.

*Camélla*, s. f. a small piece of wood, or board, that hangs under the yoke, or the yoke itself.

*Camelése*, s. m. a large brass cannon.

*Cameléseca*, s. f. an herb so called.

*Camélla*, s. f. a kind of wooden vessel in which animals drink.

*Camellería*, s. m. the office of a camel-keeper; a place to keep the camels in.

*Camelléro*, s. m. a camel-keeper.

*Camélló*, s. m. a camel; also a cable.—*Camélló pardal*, a monstrous creature, very tall before, and very low behind.

*Caméllon*, s. m. a garden of curious flowers.

*Camellónes*, s. m. pl. the ridges between the furrows in ploughing.

*Camélo*, s. m. a thick short gun.

*Camelóte*, s. m. camblet.

*Cameral*, adj. belonging to the office of a chamberlain or treasurer of a city.

*Caméro*, adj. belonging to a bed.—*Caméro*, s. m. a person who hires beds.

*Camesyce*, s. f. a plant so called.

*Camíar*, v. a. obs. vide *Cambiár*.

*Camílla*, s. f. a little bed.

**Camináda**, s. f. walk, the ground that is travelled or walked over.

**Caminador**, s. m. one that travels, or goes much.

**Caminante**, s. m. a traveller.

**Caminar**, v. n. to travel, to go, to walk.—*Caminar con pies de plomo*, to walk with leaden feet; that is, to be careful and deliberate in what one undertakes.

**Caminata**, s. f. a great walk.

**Caminero**, s. m. a traveller.

**Caminillo**, s. m. a little narrow way, a lane, a path, an alley, a causeway.

**Camino**, s. m. way, road, path.—*Camino real*, the king's highway, the great road.—*Camino pisonado*, a common beaten way.—*Camino de Santiago*, the galaxis, the milky way.—*Camino carretero*, the cart-way; the great beaten road.—*Ir fuera de camino*, to be out of the way, to err in opinion or in one's methods.—*Tornar al camino*, to return into the right way; to be reduced to reason.—*No lleva ese camino*, that is not likely.—*No hallar camino*, to find no means to compass one's design.—*Irse por esos caminos adelante*, to wander about without designing for any particular place.—*Andar de camino*, to be upon setting out on a journey; to wear travelling cloaths.—*Poner a uno en quatro palos por los caminos*, to put a man's quarters upon poles on the highways.—*Camino*, (metaph.) to do any thing; also the choice of any profession.—*Ir ó echar cada qual por su camino*, to differ in opinions, to act separately.—*No llevar alguna cosa camino*, without foundation or reason.—*Quando fueres por camino, no digas mal de tu enemigo*, to be cautious in speaking in public against any one.

**Camis**, s. m. obs. a wide loose garment down to the feet, like the alb worn by priests at mass.

**Camisa**, s. f. a shirt, a shift, a smock.—*Camisa de pechos*, a woman's shift cut open down the breasts.—*Camisa de cera*, a thin covering of wax.—*Embiar a uno en camisa*, to

strip a man to his shirt.—*Saltar en camisa*, to jump out of bed, to run away in one's shirt.—*Estar la muger en camisa*, to have the monthly courses.—*Estar el hombre en su camisa*, to be drunk.—*Tomar la muger en camisa*, to take a woman without any portion.

**Camisada**, s. f. a camisado, a sudden assault upon an enemy.

**Camiseta**, } s. f. diminutive of  
**Camisilla**, } *camisa*; also the  
**Camisita**, } pellicle of fruits.

**Camisólo**, s. f. a fine shirt with ruffles; a short waistcoat worn by galley-slaves.

**Camisón**, s. m. a great shirt; also a frock.

**Camisote**, s. m. (obs.) for armour; as also for an alb, a shirt, or smock.

**Camita**, s. f. a little bed.

**Camito**, s. m. a fruit so called.

**Camodador**, s. m. a juggler.

**Camodamiento**, s. m. juggling.

**Camodar**, v. a. to sell, to exchange, to juggle.

**Camón**, s. m. a large bed.—

**Camones**, pl. large pieces of timber used to make carts, coaches, &c.

**Camorra**, s. f. a quarrel.—**Camorrista**, he who wants to quarrel.

**Camotes**, s. m. pl. a root so called.

**Campal**, adj. belonging to the field.—*Batalla campal*, a pitched battle.

**Campamento**, s. m. a pitching of the tents; the drawing up of an army.

**Campaña**, s. m. a bell; sometimes it signifies a church.—*Campaña*, in architecture, main body of the capital of a column.—*Campaña de queda*, the nine or ten o'clock bell, which warns all persons to be at home.—*Tales diémos se deven á la campana*, those tithes are due to the bell; that is, to the church.—*No entrá á misa la campana, y á todos llama*, to advise one thing and do another.—*A campaña herida, ó tañida*, with great haste, hurry, and precipitation.—*No ha oído campanas*, he is a mere ignora-

mus.—*Ponerse mas hueco que una campana*, to be very proud and arrogant.

**Campanáda**, s. f. the ringing of a bell.—*Campanáda*, scandal, ignominy.

**Campanado**, adj. made in the shape of a bell; in cant, a buckler.

**Campanario**, s. m. the belfrey, or the place where bells are rung.—*Parecer urraca en campanario*, to prattle, to chatter, to talk lightly, to be loquacious.—*Subirse a uno la cólera al campanario*, to fall in a great passion.

**Campanear**, v. n. to ring the bells.

**Campanela**, s. f. the turning upon one leg in dancing.

**Campaneo**, s. m. a ringing of bells.

**Campanero**, s. m. a ringer of bells; also a bell-founder.

**Campanil**, adj. belonging to a bell.

**Campanilla**, } s. f. a little  
**Campanillica**, } bell; also a bubble in the water; also the herb bind-weed; and the weasel of the throat.

**Campanillero**, s. m. he who rings the little bell.

**Campanudo**, adj. bell-fashioned, having the form of a bell; in cant, a shield, a buckler.

**Campaña**, s. f. the country, an open plain; also the field for armies.—*Campaña rasa*, an open plain.—*Piezas de campaña*, field-pieces.

**Campár**, v. n. to encamp; to shine, to be remarkable; to presume, to take any thing that does not belong to you.

**Campeado**, s. f. the sally of an army.

**Campeador**, s. m. a courageous man.

**Campear**, v. n. to scour the field; to encamp; to shine; to raise up.

**Campeche**, s. m. Campechwood, used in physic, and by dyers.

**Campeón**, s. m. a champion.

**Campêro**, adj. exposed to the air and sun, as trees, plants, &c.—**Campero**, s. m. a keeper of fields.

**Campesino**, adj. relating to the country; wild, savage, rustic, rude.

**Campêstre**, adj. belonging to



the field; rude; rustic, wild, savage.  
**Campilán**, s. m. a kind of broad sword.  
**Campillo**, s. m. a little field.  
**Campiña**, s. f. a champaign, a flat open country, a plain.  
**Cámpio**, adj. wild, belonging to the field, or to the country.  
**Campion**, s. m. a champion.  
**Campo**, s. m. a field; a camp or army, and the field in heraldry; also space, or room. In silks or stuff it is the ground on which the flowers are.—*Campo raso*, a plain open field.—*Campo franco*, free liberty to fight a duel.—*Campo travieso*, adv. across the fields or ways, as they go that have lost themselves.—*Campos elysios*, the elysian fields, whither the poets feigned the souls of good men went to rest.—*Campo de la verdad*, the place, where the general judgment is to be.—*Bestias del campo*, all cattle that live in the fields.—*Hombre del campo*, a countryman.—*Hacer campo*, to make room, to clear the people out of the place, to fight a duel.—*Descubrir campo*, to find much matter to talk of.—*Quedó por nosotros el campo*, we gained the field, we got the day, the victory.  
**Campronado**, adj. having particular crosses in it. A term of heraldry.  
**Camuesa**, s. f. a pippin.  
**Camueso**, s. f. the pippin-tree.  
*Camueso*, an ignorant stupid fellow.  
**Camúza**, s. f. chamois leather; also a wild goat of whose skin that leather is made.  
**Can**, s. m. a dog; also an instrument to draw teeth; the name of a fish, and the ace upon the dice. In architecture, the end of timber or stone jutting out of a wall, on which in old buildings the beams used to rest called cantilevers.—*Guardate de hombre que no habla, y de can que no ladra*, be cautious of a silent man, and of a dog that does not bark.—*El can del arcabuz*, the cock of the musket.—*El can de Tartaria*, the cham of Tartary.  
**Caná**, s. f. a measure contain-

ing two ells.—*Peynár canas*, to be old and grey.—*Respetar las canas*, to honour old age.  
**Canaballa**, s. f. a sort of boat.  
**Canal**, s. f. channel, canal, gutter.—*Córren las canales*, the spouts run, it rains.—*Guiar una cosa por sus canales*, to carry on an affair in the proper channel or method.  
**Canalado**, adj. wrought with round hollow channels as columns are; fluted.  
**Canalador**, s. m. an instrument to bore with.  
**Canalêtes**, s. m. pl. little oars used by the Indians in their canoes.  
**Canalla**, s. f. the rabble, the multitude, the mob.  
**Canalón**, s. m. augm. of *canal*.  
**Canalúcho**, s. m. a small sort of boat or canoe.  
**Canape**, s. m. a sort of couch or canopy-bed.  
**Canário**, s. m. a canary-bird; a dance; in cant, a malefactor who confesses his crime.  
**Canasta**, s. f. a great basket, a pannier, a flasket.  
**Canastilla**, s. f. } a little basket.  
**Canastillo**, s. m. } ket.  
**Canastro**, } s. m. a great basket.  
**Canastro**, } ket, pannier, or hamper.  
**Caucabúx**, s. m. a veil to hide the face.  
**Canémo**, s. m. the distillation of a tree used to perfume; a sort of iron ring used on board ships.  
**Canamása**, s. f. an hypocrite, a cheat.  
**Canána**, s. f. an open bench placed in the middle of schools to expose the scholar who has committed any fault.  
**Cancañilla**, s. f. a snare, a trick, a fraud.  
**Cancano**, s. m. a louse; cant.  
**Canéel**, s. m. a piece of wainscot to hide a chimney in summer, or set before a door that stands open to hinder the sight into the room: an iron or wooden grate, consisting of pieces or bars, which hinder access to a place, as the grates of nurseries, lattice windows, or doors of iron bars used in gardens or the like; also rails or rows of bannisters, as

before the altars in churches, &c.  
**Cancelación**, s. f. cancelling, annulling of any thing.  
**Cancelaria**, s. f. chancery.  
**Cancelário**, s. m. a chancellor.  
**Cancelador**, s. m. a chancellor.  
**Canceladúra**, s. f. } a cancelling.  
**Cancelamiento**, s. m. } celling.  
**Cancelár**, v. a. to cancel.  
**Cancelér**, s. m. a dignitary in a cathedral so called.  
**Cancellería**, s. f. obs. a high court so called.  
**Cancér**, s. m. Cancer, the sign of the summer solstice; also a cancer, virulent sore, or swelling.  
**Cancerado**, adj. that has a cancer.  
**Cancerarse**, v. n. to grow to a cancer.  
**Canceroso**, adj. cancerous, having the virulence of a cancer.  
**Cancilla**, s. f. a gate made with bars across each other.  
**Cancellér**, s. m. a chancellor.  
**Cancillería**, s. f. the court of chancery.  
**Canción**, s. f. a song.—*Volver a la misma canción*, to ask again a favour already refused.—*Canción seguida*, a long song or ballad, which runs on telling a long story.  
**Cancioncilla**, s. f. a little song, a catch.  
**Cancioneador**, s. m. a singer or maker of ballads.  
**Cancionear**, v. n. to sing.  
**Cancionero**, s. m. a music-book.  
**Cancioneta**, s. f. a little song, a catch.  
**Cancionista**, s. m. the person who sings or composes a song.  
**Cáncro**, s. m. vide Cancer.  
**Candado**, s. m. a padlock.—*Echar ó poner candado á los labios*, metaph. to keep a secret.  
**Candaleton**, s. m. the garnet, the tackle with which they hoist up all casks and other goods aboard ships.  
**Candaliza**, s. f. a rope aboard ships to hoist sail.  
**Candamo**, s. m. a sort of dance.  
**Candár**, v. a. to shut or lock with a key.  
**Cánde**, adj. white, fair, clean.  
**Candéal**, adj. vide Candial.

**Candéda**, s. f. the flower of the chestnut-tree.

**Candela**, s. f. a cradle. In some parts they call the fire by this name, and the bakers call the fire in their ovens so.—*Acabárase la candela*, to draw near an end, said of life.—*Estór con la candela en la mano*, to be at the last gasp.—*Acábase la candela*, the candle is at an end; that is, the conclusion of the business draws near.

**Candelábros**, s. m. a candlestick.

**Candelada**, s. f. a great light of candles, an illumination.

**Candelaria**, s. f. Candlemas, the feast of the purification of the Blessed Virgin.

**Candelera**, s. f. a woman that sells candles at the church-door for people to offer at the altars.

**Candelerazo**, s. m. a blow with a candlestick.

**Candelería**, s. m. a tallow chandler's shop.

**Candelero**, s. m. a candlestick. *Poner, b estar en el candelero*, (metaph.) to be in a high post, or great employment.

**Candelotón**, s. m. a tackle used on board ships to load goods.

**Candélica**, s. f. a little candle.

**Candelilla**, s. f. a small wax-candle.—*Hacer la candelilla*, to stand on the hands or head, with the heels upwards as boys do in play.—*Se le hacen los ojos candelillas* to be half drunk, or half asleep.—*Muchas candelillas*, *hacen un cirio pasqual*, those who despise small faults fall into great ones.

**Candeliza**, s. f. a cable-rope.

**Caudente**, adj. belonging to fire, burning.

**Candial**, adj. of the best wheat, which makes the finest bread.—*Candil*, s. m. the finest white bread.

**Candidamente**, adv. sincerely, candidly, in earnest.

**Candidato**, s. m. a candidate, one who offers himself for preferment.

**Candidez**, s. f. whiteness; sincerity, truth.

**Candido**, adj. white, pure, sincere; also stupid, foolish.

**Candiel**, s. m. a sort of sauce made of the yolk of an egg, white wine, sugar, and spices.

**Candil**, s. m. a lamp, and parti-

cularly a little sort of lamp made of iron, open, and hanging by a long hook, with which servants light themselves about the house, and when they do not go about, they hang it up by the same hook in the kitchen.—*Baile de candil*, to dance where there is only one lamp or candle.—*Escoger una cosa a mico de candil*, to chuse a thing by lamp-light; that is, curiously, with much care. Taken from chusing of eggs against the light of a candle.

**Candilada**, s. f. a spot of lamp-oil.

**Candilazo**, s. m. a stroke with a candil.

**Candilaja** De Judios, little lights used by the Jews in some festivals.

**Candilejo**, s. m. diminutive of *candil*.

**Candilera**, s. f. the herb mullein.

**Candilero**, s. m. one that makes lamps.

**Candilón**, s. m. augmentative of *candil*.

**Candiota**, s. f. a tun, butt, a great tub.

**Candiotero**, s. m. a cooper.

**Candonga**, s. f. a pretended dissembled complaisance; an old mule which is past labour.

**Candongo**, } s. m. a flat-  
**Candonguero**, } terer, one skilled in the art of dissembling and deceiving.

**Candór**, s. m. whiteness, sincerity.

**Candúxo**, s. m. in cant, a padlock.

**Canecer**, v. n. to grow grey-haired.

**Canecillo**, s. m. a bragget; a corbel; a jutting-out of stone or timber fixed in a wall to support the timbers of a structure.

**Canela**, s. f. cinnamon.—*Agua de canela*, cinnamon-water.

**Canelado**, adj. vide *Acanelado*.

**Caneléte**, s. m. a scoop, such as is used to throw up water with, and such as the Indians use instead of oars.

**Canelón**, s. m. a great long comfit with pieces of cinnamon mixed in it.

**Canequi**, s. m. a thin sort of linen like muslin, made of cotton.

**Canés**, s. m. pl. in architecture, are the same we call modillions, being certain supports in form of corbes, cartouztes, or mutules.

**Canéz**, } s. f. grey-headed-  
**Canéza**, } ness.

**Canfora**, s. f. vide *Alcanfor*.

**Cánga**, s. m. exchange of prisoners in war.

**Cangear**, v. a. to exchange prisoners of war.

**Cangilón**, s. m. a great earthen vessel to hold water; a tun-bellied fellow.

**Cangreja**, s. f. a sort of crab called a frill.

**Cangrejo**, s. m. a crab; the dragging-hook; the cramp; a foolish fellow; a creeping slow fellow.

**Cangrejillo**, } s. m. diminutives  
**Cangrejuelo**, } of *cangrejo*.

**Cangrena**, s. f. vide *Gangrena*.

**Cangrenar**, v. n. vide *Gangrenar*.

**Canícula**, s. f. the dog-star; the dog-days.

**Canicular**, adj. belonging to the dog-star or the dog-days.—*Días caniculares*, adj. the dog-days.

**Canículo**, adj. belonging to a dog.

**Canil**, adj. made for dogs.

**Canilla**, s. f. the long bone of the arm.—*Canilla de piérne*, the shin-bone.—*Canilla en piño* a fault in cloth of a thick thread, or a loose place.—*Canilla de tecedor*, a weaver's quill.—*Canilla, de cúa*, a tap.—*Irse como una canilla*, (metaph.) to speak with great volubility, without reflection, or prudence.

**Canillazo**, s. m. a blow given upon the arm or shin-bone.

**Canillaja**, s. f. a small slender shin-bone.

**Canilleras**, s. f. pl. armour for the legs; also the hole of a tap out of which the liquor runs.

**Canillero**, s. m. one that makes sp'gots and faucets.

**Canina**, s. f. album græcum, dog's dung.—*Hambre canina*, a canine appetite, the greedy worm.

**Caninamente**, adv. like a mad dog.

**Canino**, adj. canine, dog-like, relating to a dog.—*Dientes caninos*, the eye-teeth or fang-ers.



**Caniquí, s. m.** a sort of fine and thin muslin.

**Cano, adj.** grey-haired; also judicious, wise.

**Canoa, s. f.** a boat all of a piece, a canoe.

**Canoero, s. m.** the person who makes or takes care of the canoes.

**Canón, s. m.** the canon of the mass.

**Canonésa, s. f.** the woman who lives according to the rules of the secular canons.

**Canongía, s. f.** a canonship, a prebend.

**Canonicamente, adv.** canonically, according to the canons of the church.

**Canonicato, s. m.** a canonship or prebend.

**Canónico, adj.** belonging to the canons, canonical.

**Canónigo, s. m.** canon, or prebendary of a cathedral or collegiate church.

**Canonista s. m.** a canonist, a professor of the canon law.

**Canonizable, adj.** deserving of canonization.

**Canonización, s. f.** a canonization or declaring of a saint.

**Canonizándo, s. m.** a pretender to a canonship.

**Canonizar, v. a.** to canonize, to declare a saint; also to approve.

**Canoro, adj.** loud, shrill, tunable, well-tuned.

**Canoso, adj.** full of grey hairs. — *Canoso*, old, ancient.

**Cansadamente, adv.** importunately, with trouble.

**Cansadazo, adj.** quite weary.

**Cansado, adj.** troublesome, weary, heavy. — *Pelota cansada*, a ball or bullet that is spent.

**Cansancio, s. m.** weariness.

**Cansar v. a.** to tire, to weary. — *Cansarse*, v. r. to be weary; to be tired; to be careful, diligent, or watchful in doing any thing.

**Cansera, s. f.** weariness; also vexation, plagues, harrassing.

**Cansoso, adj.** tedious, loathing, irksome.

**Cantable, adj.** which may be sung.

**Cantada, s. f.** a song or tune.

**Cantadera, s. f.** a woman who sings.

**Cantador, s. m.** a singer.

**Cantaléta, s. f.** a noise made with several untuned instru-

ments to mock and vex one.

— *Dar cantaleta*, to mock and vex, to ridicule, to laugh at, to deride.

**Cantante, s. m.** a singer.

**Cantar, v. a.** to sing; also to crow as the cock. — *Cantar en el pótro*, is to confess upon the rack. — *Cantar de plano*, to confess any thing. — *Cantar en tinaja*, to boast, to display one's own worth or actions. — *Cantar la soria*, id est, *la suasería*, to flatter a man in order to obtain a favour. — *Cantar, s. m.* a song. — *Cantares*, pl. songs, canticles. — *Cantar*, (metaph.) to disclose or discover a secret.

**Cántara, s. f.** a pitcher with one handle, a measure of liquids.

**Cantarcico, } s. m.** a little song.

**Cantarillo, } s. m.** a little song.

**Cantarera, s. f.** a shelf to set pitchers on.

**Cantarero, s. m.** one that makes pitchers, or that carries water or the like in a pitcher.

**Cantarétas, s. f.** pl. the little round windows in the cabin of a galley.

**Cantárides, s. f.** pl. cantharides, Spanish flies.

**Cantarilla, s. f.** } a little pitcher.

**Cantarillo, s. m.** } Prov. *Cantarillo que muchas veces va á la fuente, ó dexa la asa, o la frente*, the pitcher that goes often to the well comes home broke at last.

**Cantarina, s. f.** } a singer.

**Cantarino, s. m.** } a singer.

**Cántaro, s. m.** a great pitcher to carry water. — *Estar en cantaro*, (metaph.) to be proposed for a dignity, or great employment. — *Alma de cántaro*, a dull, heavy, stupid fellow. — *Llueve a cátaros*, it rains by buckets. — *Botar las nueces al cántaro*, to return the nuts to the urn; that is, to renew a controversy.

**Cántazo, s. m.** augment of *cánto*.

— *Cántazo*, s. m. a blow given with a stone.

**Canteado, adj.** placed obliquely.

**Cantél, s. m.** a rope used among sailors.

**Cántera, s. f.** a quarry of stones; (metaph.) the genius or capacity of any one. — *Levantar una cántera*, to cause a great quarrel.

**Cantería, s. f.** masonry, the

art of cutting stones to build with; a stone-building; a quarry.

**Cantérico, s. m.** a little crust of bread.

**Cantero, s. m.** a mason, a quarry-man; a corner of any hard thing. — *Cantero de pan*, a crust of bread.

**Canterón, s. m.** augmentative of *cantero*.

**Canterudo, adj.** that has thick hard corners, thick crusted.

**Canthária, s. f.** or *Canthario*, s. m. vide *Cantharides*.

**Cantheno, s. m.** a sort of fish.

**Cantía, s. f.** vide *Quantia*.

**Cántica, s. f.** a song.

**Cántico, s. m.** a little song, a canticle. — *Cántico*, stone, rock, edge, or skirt.

**Cantidad, s. f.** quantity.

**Cántiga, } s. f.** a song; dardling topic.

**Cantilena, } s. f.** a song; dardling topic.

**Cantillo, s. m.** a little stone; also the corner of a street.

**Cantimplóra, s. f.** a vessel made of copper with a long neck, to cool wine or water.

**Cañina, s. f.** a wine-cellar.

**Cantinela, s. f.** vide *Cantilena*.

**Cantinero, s. m.** the butler.

**Cantifa, s. m.** common ballad singing.

**Cantitativo, adj.** quantitative.

**Cánto, s. m.** a stone, a rock, a cliff, also an epic poem. — *Cánto*, the side of any thing, as of a bed, or the like; also the hem or skirt of a garment.

— *Cánto*, a song, singing; the singing of birds, the crowing of a cock; also the depth or thickness of any thing. — *Dáro como un canto* as hard as a stone.

*Echar cantos*, to throw the house out at the windows; to rave, to be mad. — *Cánto acordado*, harmonious singing. — *Cánto llano*, plain song in music. — Prov. *Del bien al mal no hay canto de real*, there is not the thickness of a six-pence betwixt good and evil.

**Cantón, s. m.** a corner, a nook.

**Cantonada, s. f.** a trick at the corner of a street, a cheat, a knavish prank. — *Dar cantonada*, to slip away after doing an ill action; to cheat; to play the knave.

**Cantonearse, v. r.** to walk proud, to make ridiculous gestures with the body.

**Cantonéo, s. m.** the ridiculous gestures.

**Cantonío, s. m.** the ridiculous gestures.

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**Cantonera**, s. f. an iron plate, such as is nailed at the corners of chests, trunks, or the like, to strengthen them.—**Cantonera**, s. f. a whore that plies at the corners of streets.—**Cantoneras del libro**, the plates on the corners of books that are finely bound and adorned with silver.

**Cantonero**, adj. lazy, idle, vagabond, wandering.

**Cantopeán**, s. m. a song of triumph among the ancients.

**Cantor**, s. m. a singer.—**Cantor**, (in cant,) the person who confesses while under torment.

**Cantora**, s. f. a woman singer.

**Cantorral**, s. m. a stony place.

**Cantuésso**, s. m. lavender.

**Canturía**, s. f. the right method or manner of singing in a choir.

**Cantusar**, v. a. to deceive, to impose upon, to seduce.

**Canúdo**, adj. vide Canoso.

**Caña**, s. f. a cane, a reed; a measure used in some parts.—**La caña del trigo** the stalk of corn.—**La caña de la pierna**, the shin, the fore part of the leg.—**Caña**, s. f. in cant, a stocking.—**Caña de vaca**, a marrow-bone, a shin of beef.—**Caña de menestrel**, the reed for a hautboy, any reed, to be put to the mouth of an instrument.—**Caña de columna**, the scapus, shaft, or body of a column.—**Caña del timon**, the piece of timber which the steersman holds in his hand to govern the rudder.—**Caña de pescar**, a fishing-rod.—**Caña dulce**, sugar-cane.—**Caña de Beagáa**, an Indian cane.—**Ser alguno buena caña de pescar**, (metaph.) to be sharp-sighted; **Mr.—es una buena caña de pescar**, Mr.—is very cunning or sharp-sighted.

**Cañada**, s. f. a place hemmed in with reeds; a fence of rocks; a conduit or pipe to convey water; the marrow in the bone; the space between two mountains; also a measure of wine.

**Cañafistola**, s. f. purging cassia, or pudding pipe tree.

**Cañahéja**, s. f. or Cañabexa, a cloven cane or reed; a cane used by masters to strike boys; any sort of reed or cane; also an herb like fennel.

**Cañahén**, s. f. the herb Hercules's all-heal.

**Cañal**, s. m. a place enclosed with reeds, or where reeds grow.

**Cañama**, s. f. a company of tax-gatherers.

**Cañamar**, s. m. a field where hemp grows.

**Cañamáza**, s. f. a kind of canvass-cloth.

**Cañamazo**, s. m. coarse hemp, or hempen cloth.

**Cañaméio**, adj. the coarsest part of the hemp, made of coarse hemp.

**Cañaméra**, s. f. marsh-mallows.

**Cañamiz**, s. m. a little ship so called.

**Canamiza**, s. f. the reed which goes from the hemp when beaten.

**Cañamo**, s. m. the fibrous plant called hemp.

**Cañamón**, s. m. the seed of hemp.—**Por miedo de gorriones, nose de xan desembrar cañamones**, no one ought to avoid apparent advantages, from the apprehension of meeting with difficulties or dangers.

**Cañar**, s. m. vide Cañaveral.

**Cañariégo**, adj. an appellative to the skins of sheep that died in their walks.

**Canavéra**, s. f. a cane or reed.

**Cañaveral**, s. m. a spot of ground where canes or reeds grow; an entangled affair.

**Cañaverazo**, s. m. a blow with a cane.

**Cañavète**, s. m. the little knife that is joined with a dagger; also a sort of locust.

**Cañazo**, s. m. a blow with a cane.

**Cañeria**, s. f. water pipes.

**Cañerla**, s. f. vide Cañahéja.

**Cañero**, s. m. the person who fishes with a cane.

**Cañilavado**, adj. that has no calves to his legs.

**Cañilla**, s. f. vide Canilla.

**Cañillera**, } s. f. an ancient defence  
**Cañilléta**, } sive armour used to cover the fore part of the legs.

**Cañivète**, s. m. vide Cañavète.

**Cañita**, s. f. a little cane or reed.

**Cañizo**, s. m. a bed of reeds; the covering of a cart made of reeds bound together.

**Caño**, s. m. a conduit or pipe; the spout through which a spring gushes out; a cock, or the spring itself.

**Cañón**, s. m. a quill; a barrel of a gun, a great bone of an arm or leg; the reed of corn; the nozzle of a pair of bellows;

a hollow fold in a garment; any long round hollow thing; a cannon or piece of artillery. (In cant,) a liar.—**Cañón de batería**, a cannon for battery.—**Cañón de cruzia**, the great gun in a galley, which lies in the middle, and fires over the beak.—**Cañón, pedrero**, a small piece to shoot stones.—**Medio cañón**, a demi-cannon.—**Cañón terció**, a twenty-four pounder.—**Cañón quarto**, a twelve pounder.—**Cañón de escalera**, so architects call the well of the stairs; that is, the hollow from the top to the bottom.

**Cañonáda**, s. f. } the shot of a  
**Cañonazo**, s. m. } cannon.

**Cañoncito**, the diminutive of **cañón** in all senses.

**Cañonear**, v. a. to cannonade.

**Cañonera**, s. f. the nap or loop-hole left open in a parapet for the cannon to fire through, called the embrasure.

**Cañonero**, s. m. a cannonier, a gunner.

**Cañor**, s. m. (obs.) a gutter or channel.

**Cañuela**, s. f. a little cane or reed.

**Canúelo**, s. m. a little pipe; conduit, or cock.

**Cañucazo**, s. m. a thing said in a whisper.

**Cañutería**, s. f. work made with joints of reeds as cages; &c. also embroidery.

**Cañutaro**, s. m. one that makes little cases like needle or pick-tooth cases.

**Cañutillo**, s. m. a little joint of a reed or cane, or a small case for needles, pick-tooths, and the like.

**Cañuto**, s. m. joint of reed or cane, or case for pens, pick-tooths, and the like; also the herb hemlock.—**Cañuto**, a story-teller, an inventor of lies; an informer.—**Dar cañuto ó soplo**, to give intelligence.

**Caoba**, } s. f. a sort of red  
**Coabana**, } wood, brought out of the West Indies, used in curious works.

**Caos**, s. m. vide Chaos.

**Caosta**, s. f. the ignorant vulgar.

**Caóstra**, s. f. vide Claustro.

**Cap**, s. m. vide Jurado En Cap.

**Capa**, s. f. a cloak.—**Capa**, (in cant) the night.—**Capa de coro**, a priest's cope.—**Capa de camino**, a riding-cloak.—**Ponérsy**



a la capa, to lie by at sea, to back the sails.—*Capa de yéso*, the white-washing of a wall.—*Capa de cera*, the new dipping of wax-candles that are grown yellow.—Prov. *Viva el Rey y dura la capa*, let the King live, and give me the cloak; said of persons who under a pretence of authority rob and plunder others.—*Gente de capa prieta*, the better sort of people.—*Gente de capa parda*, the meaner sort.—*Echar la capa encima al amigo*, to throw one's cloak over a friend; to hide or palliate his faults.—*Tráer la capa en el hombro*, to wear the cloak on the shoulder; to wear one's cloak undecently hanging upon one shoulder.—*Echar la capa al toro*, to throw one's cloak at the bull; to venture all to save one's life.—*Reñir con capa y espada*, to fight with sword and cloak.—*Ir de capa caída*, to go down, to decline.—*Hacer una cosa de socapa*, to do any thing underhand, in hugger-mugger.—*La noche es capa de pecadores*, the night is a cloak to sinners; the proper time for deeds of darkness.—*Echar a uno capas, porque no le tome el toro*, to throw cloaks on a man, that the bull may not catch him, is to screen or excuse him, that he may not be punished.—*Cada uno puede hacer de su capa un sayo*, every one is free to do as he pleases.—*Defender uno su capa*, to defend one's own property and rights.

*Capacete*, s. m. a head-piece or helmet.

*Capacha*, s. f. a basket used by porters to carry burdens in.

*Capachete*, s. m. a porter's basket.

*Capacho*, s. m. a night crow; a great porter's basket, a flasket, a hamper, a fisherman's basket, to keep his fish in alive; a frail to put up dried fruit, as figs or raisins; a sort of basket used at the oil-mills for the oil to run through and to stop the dregs.

*Capacidad*, s. f. capacity, extent, capaciousness; also opportunity, occasion, convenience.

*Capadarci*, s. m. a coarse sort of cloth.

*Capada*, s. f. the lappet or flap of a cloak full of any thing.

*Capadella*, s. f. the herb pennywort.

*Capadillo*, s. m. a game at cards so called.

*Capado*, s. m. an eunuch.

*Capador*, s. m. a gelder.

*Capadura*, s. f. a gelding.

*Capatúrcos*, s. m. a sow-gelder; also a pipe with five or six reeds like that which Pan is painted with.

*Capar*, v. a. to geld, to splay; to diminish.

*Caparazón*, s. m. a caparison for a horse; a cover for any thing.

*Caparrósa*, s. f. copperas.

*Capatiz*, s. m. an overseer or bailiff of lands, a chief or warden of some company of mechanics; also an officer in the mines.

*Capáz*, adj. capable, capacious, that can contain much.

*Capazo*, s. m. vide *Capacho*.

*Capazón*, s. m. a basket made of broom to carry any thing.

*Capcioso*, adj. captious, cunning, deceitful.

*Capeador*, s. m. a thief that steals cloaks in the night.

*Capadura*, s. f. stealing of cloaks in the night.

*Capear*, v. a. to steal cloaks in the night; to wave the cloak; to give signals with a cloak.—*Capear el toro*, to throw a cloak over a bull's head to blind him.

*Capela*, s. f. a constellation.

*Capelardento*, s. f. the scaffold full of lights raised in a church on occasion of the funerals of some prince or other great personage.

*Capelète*, s. m. a cap worn in war.

*Capellada*, s. f. a patch which a cobbler sets upon shoes.

*Capellán*, s. m. a chaplain.—*Capellán de honor*, the king's chaplain.—*Capellán de coro*, the chaplains who attend at the service of the mass.—*Capellán de altar*, the chaplain who performs mass in the King's chapel.—*Capellán mayor*, the head, or chief chaplain.—*Capellán mayor de los exercitos*, the head chaplain of an army.

*Capellanía*, s. f. the chaplain's place; the maintenance for a chaplain.

*Capellán*, s. m. a short loose garment worn upon armour.

*Capellina*, s. f. a little chapel; also a little hat or hood; a morrion, a head-piece.

*Capelo*, s. m. a cardinal's cap; also a hat.

*Capéo*, s. m. the stealing of cloaks in the night; the act of playing with the bull, moving a cloak before him.

*Capéro*, s. m. a priest who wears a cope in the church.

*Caperól*, s. m. the uppermost part of the sides of a ship.

*Caperucete*, s. m. } diminutives  
*Caperucilla*, s. f. } of *caperuza*.

*Caperuza*, s. f. capouch, cap, hood hanging behind to pull on the head.

*Caperuzón*, s. m. augm. of *caperuza*.

*Capialzado*, s. m. in architecture, a kind of arch constructed in a particular form.

*Capiehóla*, s. f. a coarse sort of bombazine.

*Capicholado*, adj. belonging to *capichóla*.

*Capiello*, s. m. (obs.) a hat.

*Capigorrista*, s. m. a servitor in the university.

*Capigorrión*, s. m. vide *Capigorrista*.

*Capilar*, adj. capillary, resembling hair.

*Capilla*, s. f. a chapel; a friar's hood, or that which is fastened to any garment; the music or clergy that make the choir.—*Capilla de un navio ó de un exercito*, the altar and ornaments necessary to say mass in a ship, or in an army.—*Capilla ardiente*, the place where a dead person of the first quality lies in state.

*Capillaja*, s. f. diminutive of *capilla*.

*Capillejo*, s. m. a little hood.

*Capiller*, } s. m. a domestick  
*Capillero*, } chaplain.

*Capillata*, } s. f. diminutive of  
*Capillita*, } *capilla*.

*Capillo*, s. m. the linen cap for little children; what is given to the church when a child is christened.—*Capillo*, the prepuce or foreskin.—*Capillo de una flor*, the bud or germ of a flower.—*Seda de todo capillo*, the coarsest sort of silk.—*Capillo de fierro*, a helmet.

*Capilludo*, adj. hood-like.

*Capión*, s. m. stern-post, a piece of timber so called in the poop of a ship.

*Capirotada*, s. f. a dish or sauce made with oil, cheese, eggs, and other ingredients.

*Capirote*, s. m. a hawk's hood, or

a sort of hood worn by mourners; a hood worn by doctors as a token of their degree, and by penitents in Lent to cover their faces.—*Capiróte de molmena*, a sort of baskets they put upon bee-hives.—*De capiróte*, adv. inconsiderately, foolishly.

*Capirotéra*, s. f. vide *Caperuza*.

*Capisayuelo*, s. m. diminutive of *capisayo*.

*Capisayo*, s. m. a sort of short garment resembling a cloak behind, and a coat before.

*Capiscól*, s. m. a chanter or head of a choir.

*Capiscolia*, s. f. the dignity of a chanter or head of a choir.

*Capistério*, s. m. a sort of earthen vessel.

*Capitación*, s. f. a tax raised by paying so much for every head; poll-tax.

*Capital*, s. m. an inventory of any man's substance when about marrying.—*Capital*, adj. capital, chief; also what belongs to or is useful for the head; taken substantively, the capital city of any kingdom, and the capital stock.

*Capitalmente*, adv. deadly, mortally.

*Capitán*, s. m. a captain; a chief, a commander, a leader.—*Capitán de caballos*, a captain of horse.—*Capitán de infantería*, a captain of foot.—*Capitán de la guardia*, captain of the guard.—*Capitán de guarnición*, the governor or commander in chief of a garrison.—*Capitán general*, a general, a captain general.—*Capitán de mar*, a sea-captain.—*Capitana*, s. f. the admiral's ship.—*Capitana*, the head or chief galley.

*Capitanazo*, s. m. a great general.

*Capitanear*, v. a. to command, to lead, to go before.

*Capitania*, s. f. captainship, the dignity, or post of a captain, the military government of a province or region; also a company of soldiers.

*Capitel*, s. m. the head of a still; the whole head of a column, called the capital; the spire of a steeple or tower.

*Capitol*, s. m. obs. the body of canons belonging to a church.

*Capitolio*, s. m. the capitol of Rome.—*Capitolio*, any high edifice, or tower.

*Capitoso*, adj. wilful, obstinate, testy, positive.

*Capitula*, s. f. a portion of scripture read at the time of divine service.

*Capitulación*, s. f. capitulation, covenant, articles of agreement.—*Capitulaciones*, pl. articles of marriage.

*Capitulante*, s. m. the person who has a vote in any community.

*Capitular*, s. m. the person who belongs to a chapter, either ecclesiastical or secular.—*Capitular*, v. a. to capitulate, to article, to covenant; also to surrender on certain stipulations.—*Capitular*, v. a. to impeach, accuse, or alledge articles of accusation against any one.

*Capitularmente*, adv. according to the rules of the chapter.

*Capítulo*, s. m. a chapter in a book, the chapter of a church; the chapter-house; also an article.—*Poner capítulos*, to put in articles against one that stands trial.—*Dar capítulos*, to draw up articles of contract.

*Capnitis*, s. m. the thinnest part of the brass ore, which sticks to the sides of the furnace when the brass is extracted.

*Capnomante*, s. m. the soothsayer who pretends to make a divination by smoke.

*Capoládo*, da, p. p. from *Capolar*.

*Capoládo*, s. m. hashed or minced meat. See *Picadillo*.

*Capolár*, v. a. to cut off the head or limbs.

*Capolies*, s. m. a sort of fruit in the West Indies.

*Capón*, s. m. a capon; an eunuch; also a sort of shell-fish; also a filip with the fingers; a bundle of vine-branches to burp.—*Capón de leche*, a young capon.—*Dar capones de ceniza en la frente*, to smut the forehead, as some folks do at some sports.—Prov. *Capón de ocho meses para mesa de Rey*, a capon eight months old is fit for a king's table.—Prov. *Al que da el capón, dale la pierna*, y el álón, give a leg and wing to him that gives the capon;

that is, be grateful, and return what you can.—*Al capon que se hace gallo*, azotallo ungentleman-like, illiberal.

*Capóna*, s. f. a dance so called.

*Caponadura*, s. f. gelding, making of capons.

*Caponar*, v. a. to geld.—*Caponar*, v. a. to tie or bind up the branches of a vine.

*Caponcillo*, s. m. a little capon.

*Caponera*, s. f. a pen for fowls; a hole in a wall to shoot through.—*Caponera*, (metaph.) a place where a person is well entertained without any expense.

*Caporál*, s. m. (in cant,) a cock.—*Caporál*, s. m. a corporal, the lowest officer of the infantry.

*Capóte*, s. m. an upper coat or loose upper garment; also an austere look or air.—*Dar capóte*, to capot a man at piquet; that is, to win all the cards.

*Capotillo*, s. m. a little loose upper coat.—*Capotillo de dos alas ó faldas*, a little cloak or cassock open on each side.

*Capotín*, s. m. idem.

*Capotón*, s. m. augm. of *capote*.

*Capotudo*, adj. peevish, angry, ill-tempered.

*Capricho*, s. m. fancy, conceit; wilfulness.—*Hombre de capricho*, an ingenious and inventive man.

*Caprichosamente*, adv. capriciously; with invention and fancy.

*Caprichoso*, adj. capricious, fanciful, conceited.—*Caprichoso*, s. m. an ingenious man.

*Capricornio*, s. m. the sign in the zodiac called Capricorn; a cuckold.

*Caprino*, adj. belonging to a goat.

*Capriola*, s. f. vide *Cabriola*.

*Capsario*, s. m. the person who guards the cloaths of them who go into the bath.

*Captar*, v. a. to aim at, to endeavour, to pursue.

*Captivadamente*, adv. in captivity.

*Captivar*, v. a. to captivate, to make captive; to charm, to subdue.

*Captiverio*, s. m. } captivity.

*Captividad*, s. f. }

*Captivo*, s. m. a captive; one charmed by beauty.



Captura, s. f. capture, seizure.  
Capturar, v. a. to make prisoner.

Capuchillo, s. m. diminutive of *capucho*.

Capuchinos, } s. m. pl. the Capuchinos,  
Capuchos, } puchia friars.

Capullo, s. m. the pod a silkworm makes.—*Seda de capullo*, ferret or flurt silk; the dearest silk.—*Capullo de rosa*, a rose-bud.—*Capilla de algodón*, cotton in the film: that is, not opened.

Capúz, s. m. a long mourning cloak.—*Capúz de gila*, a garment rich and gay.

Car, s. f. (obs.) the face.

Cara, s. f. the face, the visage, the countenance; the presence or mien.—*Cara de dios*, bread.—*Cara de pascua ó de domingo*, a joyful face.—*Cara de palo, de colete, de vaqueta*, a bold impudent face.

*Cara de pocos amigos*, a joyless and unpleasing face.—*Cara de carton*, a wrinkled face.—*Cara de viernes*, a lean and woeful face.—*Dar en cara*, to reproach.—*Lavar la cara a uno*, to scold at one, to reprimand him.—*No sabe donde tiene la cara*, he is very ignorant.—*Sacar la cara por uno*, to defend, to support one.—*Cara a cara*, face to face.—*Cara quiblada*, a cloudy countenance.—*Cara arriba*, with the face upwards.

*Cara abajo*, with the face down.—*Cara delante*, facing forwards.—*Cara atras*, facing backwards.—*Cara de rosa*, a lovely face.—*Hacer cara*, to face, to withstand.—*Decírselo en la cara*, to say to a man's face.—*Cara con dos caras*, a double face, a deceitful fellow.—*De cara de la iglesia*, over against the church.—*No me volvio la cara*, he did not look at me.—*No tener cara para hacer una cosa*, not to have the face to do a thing, to be ashamed.—*Mostrar buena cara*, to show a good liking.—*Recibir con buena cara*, to receive with a pleasing countenance.—*Lavar la cara á alguno*, (metaph.) to flatter any one.

Caraba, s. f. a large ship.

Carabela, s. f. a light, round, old-fish-oned ship.

Carabelón, s. m. augm. of *carabela*.

Carabina, s. f. a warlike engine to shoot darts or stones, and the like, out of; a sling, a granada, a batterer; also the bolt or quarrel discharged out of the engine; also a carbine.

Carabinero, s. m. the dragoon or horse-grenadier who carries a carbine.

Carabo, s. m. a very large sort of ship used in the Levant.—*Carabo*, s. m. a sea-crab.

Caraca, s. f. a carack, a great heavy sort of ship.

Caracia, s. f. a plant so called.

Caracá, s. f. a sort of large Indian boat.

Caracól, s. m. a snail; a pair of winding stairs that wind about like a snail's shell; the place where the men sit to row in a boat.

Caracola, s. f. the shell of a sea-snail.

Caracelear, v. n. to wind round, to twist, or twine round.

Caracolillo, s. m. a little snail, or his shell; also a flower so called.—*Caracolillos*, s. m. pl. a sort of twisted golden or silver wire.

Caracólito, s. m. diminutive of *caracól*.

Caractér, s. m. vide Character.

Característica, adv. vide Characterístico.

Carado, adj. having a phiz; and it is only used with the adverbs *bien* or *mal*.

Caramál, s. m. a fish called a calamary.

Caramanchón, s. m. vide Camaranchon.

Crambanado, adj. congealed, frozen, like ice.

Carambano, s. m. a flake of ice, an icicle.

Carambola, s. f. a trick, a cheat, a fraud, a deceit.—*Carambola*, s. f. a fruit growing in India.

Caramel, s. m. a sort of small pilehard.

Caramelo, s. m. a sort of lozenge made with sugar and eggs.

Caramente, adv. dearly; also rigorously.

Caramés, s. f. a fruit growing in India.

Caramiello, s. m. a kind of head-dress formerly used by women.

Caramillo, s. m. a small pipe.

Caramillo, a cheat, a trick, a fraud, a deceit.

Carámio, s. m. a snail.

Carámo, s. m. (in cant.) wine.

Caramuzal, s. m. a kind of ship used by the Moors.

Caraña, s. f. a sort of rosin.

Carancia, s. f. a plant so called.

Carantamula, s. f. an ugly mask, an ugly face.

Carantóna, s. f. an ugly face; also an old ugly painted woman.—*Carantóna*, flattery, coaxing.

Carantonero, s. m. a flatterer.

Carapito, s. m. a sort of seafowl; a stranger that haunts a place.

Carapúza, s. f. vide Caperuza.

Caratula, s. f. a mask; the character of buffoon or fool in farces, and the farce itself.

Caratulero, s. m. the person who makes or sells masks.

Caráva, s. f. assembly, company of peasants met together to divert themselves.—*Quien no va á carava, no sabe nada*, he that never goes into society, never learns any thing.

Caravana, s. f. caravan.—*Caravana*, a sea expedition.

Caravanas, s. f. pl. the pains or troubles in order to obtain any favour or employment.

Carave, s. m. amber.

Caravela, s. f. a kind of ship.

Caravelón, s. m. augment. of *caravela*.

Caravera, s. f. adulteress, witch; enchantress, which haunteth tombs and graves, and mingeth the bodies of dead men.

Caravero, s. m. one who frequents all public companies and neglects his own business.

Caráy, s. m. a tortoise's shell.

Caráza, s. f. augment. of *cara*.

Carbasa, s. m. the linen that sails of ships are made of; sail-cloth.

Carbón, s. m. charcoal, half burnt wood.—*Carbón de piedra ó de tierra*, sea-coal, pit-coal.

Carbonada, s. f. a carbonado or broiling meat on the coals.

**Carbonadilla**, s. f. diminutive of *carbonada*.

**Carboncillo**, s. m. a bit of charcoal to draw with, black chalk.

**Carbonera**, s. f. a coal-hole; a woman that sells coals.

**Carboneria**, s. f. the shop where coals are sold by retail.

**Carbonero**, s. m. a collier.

**Carbonizar**, v. a. to make coals. (Obs.)

**Carbúnclo**, s. m. a precious stone called a carbuncle; also a carbuncle or red pimple in the face; also a plague-sore; a coal of fire.

**Carcajada**, s. f. a fit of laughter.

**Carcaje**, s. m. a quiver of arrows.

**Carcajear**, v. n. to laugh out.

**Carcaño**, s. m. (in cant,) the way, the road.

**Carcañal**, s. m. the heel.—*No la ha del carcañal*, his distemper is not in his heels; that is, it is in his brains. He is mad, or foolish.

**Carcaño**, s. m. the heel.

**Carcañulo**, s. m. a large tall tree in India.

**Carcasa**, s. f. a carcass thrown out of a mortar, like a bomb.

**Carcava**, s. f. a grave, or rather a great pit, such as armies use to bury their dead in after a battle.

**Carcaveado**, da, p. p. from

**Carcavear**, v. a. to dig pits or graves.

**Carcavera**, s. f. a strumpet that haunts church-yards.

**Carcavo**, s. m. the bottom of the belly.

**Carcavón**, s. m. a great deep pit, such as are sometimes made by mighty falls of water, or otherwise.

**Carcavuezo**, s. m. a deep pit or ditch.

**Carcax**, s. m. a bracelet put on the ankle for ornament.—

**Carcax**, s. m. a quiver for arrows.

**Carcaxada**, s. f. vide *Carcajada*.

**Carcél**, s. f. a prison. Carpenters give this name to a frame, in which they press together any frame-work, till they have pinned it together, or, when glued, till the glue holds.—*Dar a uno la casa por*

*carcel*, to confine a man to his own house.

**Carcelige**, s. m. the fees of the prison.

**Carceleria**, s. f. confinement, imprisonment.—*Guardar carceleria*, to be confined to a city or town.

**Carcelero**, s. m. a gaoler.—*Carcelero*, adj. relating to a gaol; and used in the phrase *fianza carcelera*, which means the bail given in order to be let out of gaol.

**Carchesia**, s. f. } a large tall  
**Carchesio**, s. m. } cup or bowl with handles.

**Carcoa**, s. f. a large canoe used by the Indians.

**Carcola**, s. f. a weaver's treadle, which he presses down with his feet in weaving.

**Carcoléjo**, s. m. a snail's shell.

**Carcoma**, s. f. the worm in wood, and the dust that falls from worm-eaten wood; also a great trouble of mind.—*Carcoma*, one that spends by degrees all his money.

**Carcomér**, v. a. to worm-eat.—

**Carcomérese**, v. r. to be worm-eaten; to perplex or torment one's self, to be afflicted.

**Carcomido**, adj. worm-eaten; also afflicted, grieved.

**Carcomiento**, adj. weakened by old age.

**Carda**, s. f. a sort of thistle used to raise the wool of cloth; also a card to card wool.—*Gente de la carda*, ruffians, rascals, bravoos, bragadocios.—*Dar una carda*, to reprimand, to reprehend, to chide.

**Cardadera**, s. f. a card or teazle to card wool.

**Cardador**, s. m. a carder of wool.

**Cardadura**, s. f. carding.

**Cardamomo**, s. m. the seed cardamomum.

**Cardante**, s. m. an idle loose companion.

**Cardar**, v. a. to card wool; to tear the hair.—*Cardar la lana a uno*, to cudgel one; also to take away by degrees any thing from another.

**Cardenal**, s. m. a cardinal, a prince of the Roman church.—

**Cardenal**, s. m. a bird so called.—*Cardenal*, s. m. the black and blue mark of a blow.

**Cardenalito**, } s. m. the dig-  
**Cardenalazgo**, } nity of a cardinal.

**Cardenalicio**, adj. belonging to a cardinal.

**Cardéncha**, s. f. the teazle or thistle to raise the wool of cloth.—*Cardéncha*, s. f. the stay of a weaver's loom, having teeth like a comb; also a kind of herb called wild chervil.

**Cardenfeo**, adj. somewhat blue.

**Cardenillo**, s. m. verdigrease, the rust of brass.

**Cardeno**, adj. of a purple colour, livid bluish.

**Cardiaca**, s. f. the herb motherwort.

**Cardiaco**, adj. cardiack, cordial.

**Cardialgia**, s. f. the heartburn; and also, an imaginary being which tells whatever naughty children do.

**Cardillejo**, s. m. diminutive of *cardillo*.

**Cardillo**, s. m. a little thistle.

**Cardinal**, adj. cardinal, principal, chief.—*Vientos cardinales*, the four principal winds, north, south, east, and west.

**Cardine**, s. m. the lock of a door.

**Cardita**, s. f. a small ship so called.

**Cardizal**, s. m. the place where many thistles grow.

**Cardo**, s. m. a thistle.—*Cardo para cardir*, a thistle to card cloth with.—*Cardo lechero*, the white milky thistle.—

*Cardo alonjero*, a sort of thistle, out of which they squeeze the juice, and it serves instead of rennet to turn milk.

*Cardo bendito*, *cardo santo*, the holy thistle.—*Cardo espinoso*, our lady's thistle.—*Cardo corredor*, the weed sea-holm,

sea-holly, or sea-hulver.—*Cardo peynador*, the teazle.—

*Cardo pinto*, a great whitish thistle, full of white spots.—

*Cardo húso*, wild bastard saffron, or saffron flower.

**Cardón**, s. m. a great thistle.

**Cardúcha**, s. f. a large card to comb wool.

**Cardúza**, s. f. a wooden card with iron points used to card wool.

**Carduzador**, s. m. a carder, one that cards or combs wool or cloth.

**Carduzar**, v. a. to card wool;



also to scratch, to tear with the nails.  
**Careádo**, *da*, p. p. from **Carear**.  
**Careár**, *v. a.* to bring face to face; to confront; to compare one thing with another.—  
**Carearse**, *v. r.* to move the face or head from one side to the other; also to meet face to face.  
**Carecér**, *v. n.* to want, to lack.  
**Careciente**, *adj.* wanting, who wants.  
**Caréna**, *s. f.* careen, careening; also the keel of a ship, and all the part of her that lies under water.—**Dar caréna**, to careen, to caulk.  
**Carenár**, *v. a.* to careen.  
**Caréncio**, *s. f.* want, necessity, poverty.  
**Carenéro**, *s. m.* a convenient place to bring ships upon the careen; a ship-yard, or a dock.  
**Caréo**, *s. m.* the act of comparing one thing with another.  
**Caréro**, *adj.* selling at a dear price.  
**Carestía**, *s. f.* dearth, scarcity.  
**Caréza**, *s. f.* scarcity, dearth.  
**Cárga**, *s. f.* load, burden, freight; oppression, damage, vexation, care, anxiety.—  
**Cárga**, charge, office, employment.—**Cárga de granos**, a load of corn.—**Cárga de arma de fuego**, the charge of a gun.—**Cárga cerrada**, a discharge or volley of cannon and musket shot.—**Cárga real**, a tax, a tribute.—**A cárga cerrada**, *adv.* inconsiderately.—**A cárgas**, *adv.* plentifully.—**Llevar los soldados á la cárga**, to charge the enemy.—**Nacto de cárga ó marchante**, a merchant or trading ship.—**Bestia de cárga**, a beast to carry burdens.—**Echarse con la cárga**, to fall down under the burden.—**Dar con la cárga en el suelo**, to let fall the burden, to spoil the business.—**Dar cárga á el enemigo**, to charge the enemy.—**Cósa de ciento en cárga**, a thing of no value, whereof there is great plenty.—**Eso á cárgas**, there are loads of that; it is common and plentiful.  
**Cargádas**, *s. f. pl.* a large

number of tricks in particular games at cards.  
**Cargadéra**, *s. f.* the stay in a ship.  
**Cargadéro**, *s. m.* the place where ships take in their goods or loading, or where they discharge them.  
**Cargadilla**, *s. f.* the increase of a debt.  
**Cargádo**, *da*, p. p. from **Cargar**.  
**Cargador**, *s. m.* one that loads or burdens; a merchant that loads ships; one that imposes burdens or taxes.  
**Cargadura**, *s. f.* loading, burdening.  
**Cargar**, *v. a.* to load, to burden; to load a ship, to impose burdens or taxes; to load a dye; (metaph.) to impose.—  
**Cargar censo sobre la hacienda**, to burden the estate with an annuity.—**Cargar de pilos**, to cudgel a man.—**Cargalle la birra**, to give a man ill language.—**Cargar la cabeza de vino**, to drink too much.—**Cargar la honra**, to lay a blemish upon one's honour.  
**Cargazón**, *s. f.* a burden, lading for a ship, heaviness in the head.  
**Cárgo**, *s. m.* burden, weight; the lading of a ship; also a charge, office, or employment.—**Cárgo de conciencia**, a burden on the conscience.—**Hacer cárgo**, to charge.—**Tomar á cárgo**, to take charge of.—**Dar cárgo de un negocio**, to give one an affair in charge.—**Ser en cárgo**, to be beholden, or to be answerable.—**Hacerse cárgo de alguna cosa**, to comprehend any thing.—**Cárgos**, *pl.* articles of impeachment.  
**Cargoso**, *adj.* heavy, grievous, afflictive, oppressive.  
**Cargúio**, *s. m.* goods ready to ship.  
**Cariacédo**, *adj.* looking ghastly as if something strange had happened.  
**Cariaconecido**, *adj.* that looks ghastly as if some strange thing had befallen.  
**Carlacuehilládo**, *adj.* one that has been cut over the face.  
**Cariaguileño**, *adj.* long-faced, with a hook-nose.  
**Cariampolládo**, *adj.* round-faced, full-cheeked, like young fat boys.  
**Cariáncho**, *adj.* broad-faced.

**Cariátides**, *s. f. pl.* a term in architecture, signifying a sort of columns, the upper half whereof is like the bodies of women.  
**Caribáno**, *s. m.* a cruel, hard-  
**Caribe**, *s. m.* a cruel, hard-hearted, barbarous man.—**Caribe**, *s. m.* a cannibal that eats man's flesh.  
**Caribóbo**, *adj.* looking stupid, idiot-like.  
**Cárica**, *s. f.* a kind of thorny tree like a fig-tree.  
**Caricia**, *s. f.* cherishing, making much of, kind reception, lovingness; (in cant,) a very dear thing.  
**Cariciosamente**, *adv.* lovingly, kindly, affectionately.  
**Caricioso**, *adj.* loving, kind, full of affection.  
**Caricuérdo**, *adj.* sober-looking.  
**Caridad**, *s. f.* charity.  
**Caridoliente**, *adj.* sorrowful, melancholy.  
**Cariescrito**, *adj.* an appellative of the melon, the rind of which is not smooth, but full of warts.  
**Carigórdo**, *adj.* plump-faced.  
**Carifarto**, *obs.* *adj.* full-faced,  
**Cariharto**, *s. m.* *adj.* with fat cheeks.  
**Carilárgo**, *adj.* long-visaged.  
**Carilla**, *s. f.* diminutive of *cara*, the face of a child; a mask; a small silver coin in Arragon.  
**Carilláda**, *s. f.* vide **Carrilada**.  
**Carillejo**, *s. m.* vide **Carrillejo**.  
**Carilénio**, *adj.* plump-faced.  
**Carillo**, *s. m.* vide **Carrillo**.  
**Cariúcio**, *adj.* having a shining face.  
**Cariñána**, *s. f.* a sort of cap.  
**Cariño**, *s. m.* kindness, affection, love.  
**Cariñosamente**, *adv.* affectionately, kindly, lovingly, amorously.  
**Cariñoso**, *adj.* kind, affectionate, loving.  
**Carinímpho**, *adj.* effeminate, womanish; vulgarly, smock-faced.  
**Caripándo**, *adj.* foolish, idiot-like.  
**Cariráido**, *adj.* brazen-faced, impudent, bold.  
**Cariredóndo**, *adj.* round-visaged.  
**Cariséa**, *s. f.* the cloth we call kersey.  
**Carisma**, *s. m.* benevolence,

**Carrajado**, adj. plaited, gathered very small.

**Carta**, s. f. a letter; a leaf of a book; a card; a map or sea chart.—*Carta de espera*, a letter of licence to give a man time to pay his debts.—*Carta de venta*, a bill of sale.—*Carta de pigo*, an acquittance.—*Carta de marear*, a sea-chart, being a geographical description of sea-coasts, with the true distance, heights, and courses of winds laid down in it.—*Carta de censo*, a deed for an annuity.—*Carta de hórro*, a discharge to a slave by which he is made free.—*Carta misiva*, or *familiar*, a familiar or missive letter.—

*Carta de conséjos*, or *de chancillería*, an order of council, or decree in chancery.—*Carta de descomunión*, the instrument declaring any person excommunicated.—*Carta cuenta*, a bill or account.—*Carta nova*, any paper of news, or any strange accident, which is sold about the streets.—*Carta blanca*, cart blanch, when a man has never a court-card in his hand.—*Cartá de guía*, a note given to one that travels in a strange country for all people to put him in his way and not molest him.

*Carta de seguro*, a safe conduct.—*Carta salva guarda*, s. duct.—

*Cartas*, playing cards.—*Das cartas*, to deal the cards.—

*Pagar por carta de mas*, or *por carta de menos*, to be over or under.—*Cartas de lamamién*, a summons for the members of the cortes to meet.—

*Razón de carta rita*, the reason on the sentence of a torn letter; that is, nonsense; because when a letter is torn and a piece wanting, all the sentences remain imperfect.—*Hablen cartas, y callen bárbas*, let letters speak and tongues be silent; that is, let the matter be referred to writings, not to what men say.—Prov. *No firmes carta que no léas, ni bebas águá que no veas*, do not sign any writing which you have not read, nor drink water which you have not seen.

*Cartabón*, s. m. a carpenter's square.—*Echar el cartabón*, (metaph.) to take measures to obtain any thing.

**Cartapacio**, s. m. a stitched book, or any parcel of writing put together; a school-boy's theme or copy-book; or a scroll for memorandums.—*Razón de cartapacio*, an answer or saying long studied and nothing to the purpose.

**Cartapazuelo**, s. m. diminutive of *cartapacio*.

**Cartapel**, s. m. a writing posted up or set upon gates, walls, &c. in order to notify any thing to the public; also any large writing in a very small character.

**Cartearse**, v. r. to keep correspondence by letters.

**Cartel**, s. m. any papers set up in corners of streets or in public places; a challenge; a libel.—**Cartel**, a cartel, a regulation for redeeming or exchanging of prisoners of war.

**Cartela**, s. f. a board, or stone in a wall or other place, to write some inscription upon; any pane or pannel. In architecture it is the scroll of the Ionic order, called the *voluta*.

**Cartera**, s. f. a letter case; a pocket book; also two paste-boards bound together in the shape of a folio book, and commonly covered with vellum; used to write upon, and to put papers in.

**Cartero**, s. m. a letter-carrier.

**Carteta**, s. m. a game at cards.

**Carthámo**, s. m. vide *Alazor*.

**Cartido**, s. m. a little cask or barrel to keep conserves in.

**Cartilagine**, s. m. a gristle, or cartilage, as of the ear or nose.

**Cartilla**, rs. f. the first book children learn to read in, a primer.—*Leer a libro, la cartilla*, to read the primer to one; that is, to deal very plainly with him.—*No saber la cartilla*, to be very ignorant.

**Cartón**, s. m.—paste-board. In architecture, the scroll on the head of the column of the Ionic order, called the *voluta*.

*Parecer de cartón*, to appear very grave, stiff, and lumpish.

**Cartuchera**, the pouch to carry the cartridges in.

**Cartucho**, s. m. a cartridge to charge any fire arm with; a case of paper or parchment filled with gunpowder, used for the greater expedition in charging guns.

**Cartulagine**, s. f. vide *Cartilagine*.

**Cartulario**, s. m. an original register-book of laws, privileges, grants, deeds, &c.

**Cartulina**, s. f. a piece of pasteboard cut into the shape of any flower, worked in embroidery to raise it.

**Cartúva**, s. f. the religious order instituted by St. Bruno.

**Cartuxano**, adj. belonging to the Carthusian order.

**Cartúxa**, s. m. a Carthusian friar; also a silent, grave, or quiet man.

**Caráncula**, s. f. a little piece of flesh; a kernel, a caruncle.

**Carvillo**, s. m. a kind of small oak.

**Cávi**, s. m. carraway-seeds.

**Caryátides**, s. m. caryatides, columns or pilasters with the figures of women dressed in long robes.

**Cas**, s. f. a vulgar abbreviation of *casa*.

**Cása**, s. f. a house, a family; it is sometimes used in the plural, *casas*, speaking of the house of some great man, as *las casas del duque*, the duke's house.—*Casa de tia*, the prison.—*Casa fuerte*, a country-house with fortifications, and works of defence.—*Casa santa*, the sepulchre of Christ in Jerusalem.—*Casa de letras*, an academy, university, or college.—*Casa de locos*, an hospital for lunatics.—*Casa del Rey*, or *casa real*, the king's household or servants.—*Casa de locos*, (metaph.) one very noisy, and want of order.—*Casa de la moneda*, the mint.—*Casa pañera*, a thatched-house.—*Casa real*, a royal palace.—*Casa de oración*, a house of prayer, a church.—*Casa de religión*, a monastery, or a religious house.—*Casa de apostrobação*, a noviceship.—*Casa profesa*, a monastery of religious persons professed.—*Casa de contratación*, a house



for managing of trade.—*Casa pública*, a bawdy-house.—*Casa de posadas*, a house that lets lodgings.—*Casa de campo*, a country house.—*Casa de juego*, a gaming-house.—*Casa a la malicia*, a house maliciously contrived; that is, which cannot be divided into apartments for several families to live in.—*Casas*, pl. the squares or chequers on a chess or draught board.—*Poner casa*, to set up house-keeping.—*Apartar casa*, to part families.—*No tener casa ni pña*, to have no estate.—*De casa en casa*, from house to house, from door to door.—*Franquear la casa*, to give free liberty to view every corner of the house.—*Guardar la casa*, to keep the house, not to stir abroad.—*Tener la casa por cárcel*, to be confined to one's house.—*No tener casa ni hogar*, to be very poor.

*Casaca*, s. f. (obs.) a loose coat or upper garment; also a sort of jacket worn by women.—*Volter casaca*, to be a turn-coat; to forsake the party of one and take that of his enemy.

*Casada*, s. f. a married woman, a wife.—*Casida*, the original, or the rise of a family.

*Casadéro*, adj. marriageable, of age to marry.

*Casajilla*, s. f. diminutive of *casada*, a family of no brilliant extraction, a race of no great antiquity, yet not quite unknown.

*Casado*, adj. married; (when a married man,) a husband.

*Casál*, s. m. a small village with few houses.

*Casamata*, s. f. cazematte.

*Casamentár*, v. n. to marry.

*Casamentéro*, s. m. a match-maker.

*Casamiento*, s. m. a wedding; a match.

*Casapuerta*, s. f. a porch, or entry of any house.

*Casaquilla*, s. f. diminutive of *casaca*.

*Casar*, v. n. to marry, to wed.—*Casar*, v. a. to join a man and a woman, to marry them; also to unite something to another, to mix with.

*Casár*, s. m. a farm-house, a village.—*Casarse*, v. r. to marry.

*Cásca*, s. f. the husk of grapes after the wine is pressed out; the broken bark tanners put into their tanpits.

*Cascabel*, s. m. a hawk's bell; a rattle-headed fellow; a talker, a prattler.—*Hombre de cascabel gordo*, a clownish fellow.—*Echar el cascabel a uno*, to put the bell to one; that is, to give him any bad news.—*Bivora de cascabel*, a rattle-snake.—Prov. *Quien echará el cascabel al gato?* who will put the bell about the cat's neck? who will do any thing against another who is too powerful?

*Cascabelada*, s. f. a jingling of hawks bells; a ridiculous action published.—*Echar cascabelidas*, to talk idly.

*Cascabelear*, v. a. to ring a hawk's bell; to talk, or act idly.—*Es un cascabel*, (metaph.) he is a blockhead.—*Tener cascabel*, to be troubled in mind.

*Cascabellillo*, s. m. a little hawk's bell; also a small plum.

*Cascada*, s. f. a fall of water, a cascade.—*Cascadas*, pl. drapery; the plaits or folds of the dress in a picture or statue.

*Cascado*, adj. wore out, decayed by old age or infirmities.—*Cascado*, weak.

*Cascajál*, s. m. a gravel-pit; also the place where they throw out the husk of the grapes after vintage.

*Cascajar*, v. a. to throw stones; to throw out the husks of the grapes after vintage.

*Cascájo*, s. m. gravel, pebble stones; the shivers that fly in cutting stones; broken earthenware; rubbish.—*Cascájo*, winter fruits, as nuts, chesnuts, &c. also any Spanish brass coin, because they look as bits.

*Cascajoso*, adj. gravelly, full of rubbish.

*Cascanuézes*, s. m. a nut-cracker.

*Cascapiñones*, s. m. pl. boys that are employed to take out the kernels of pine-apples to sell.

*Cascár*, v. a. to crack.—*Cascár*, to give a blow with the fist, stick, or any thing.

*Cascára*, s. f. shell, husk.—

*Cáscarus*, a word of admiration.—*Hombre de la cáscara amarga*, a quarreller, a bully, a noisy fellow.

*Cascaréla*, s. f. a sort of play at cards.

*Cascarilla*, s. f. a little shell, a thin husk; the bark or Jesuit's powders.

*Cascarita*, s. f. diminutive of *cáscara*.

*Cascarón*, s. m. an egg-shell, or any other great shell.

*Cascarrójas*, s. f. pl. a sort of worms that breed in ships.

*Cascarrón*, adj. coarse, rough, unpolished, disagreeable.

*Cascariúdo*, adj. of, or belonging to a thick shell.

*Cascatreguas*, s. m. a truce-breaker; a perfidious person.

*Cascaváncos*, s. m. an idle fellow, a vagabond.

*Cascavél*, s. m. vide *Cascabel*.

*Casco*, s. m. a broken piece of any thing, pot, tile, shell, or the like; also a head-piece or skull-cap; also the skull.—*Casco de la cabeza*, the skull.—*Casco de casa*, an empty house, that has nothing but bare walls.—*Casco de navío*, a ship without masts, ropes, and other riggings.—*Casco de caballo*, mulo, &c. the horny substance under the hoof of a horse, mule, ass, &c.—*Cáscos*, a sheep's head without the brains and tongue.—*Lavar ó untar los cáscos*, to flatter, to praise.—*Quitar ó raer del casco*, to dissuade, to divert from any thing.—*Romper los cáscos*, to break the skull; also to plague, to molest, to teaze, to harass by incessant solicitation or foolish talk.—*Cáscos de cebolla*, a flake of an onion.—*Cáscos de tiña*, a cap for a scald head.—*Cáscos luzios*, little wit.—*Cáscos de calabaza*, a shatter-brained fellow.—*Tiene los cáscos a la gineta*, (metaph.) he is without brains.—*Fulano tiene buenos cáscos*, such a one has a good head, spoken ironically.

*Cáscos*, a sheep's head without the brains and tongue.

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*Tiene los cáscos a la gineta*, (metaph.) he is without brains.

*Fulano tiene buenos cáscos*, such a one has a good head, spoken ironically.

*Cascóte*, s. m. rubbish.

*Caseramente*, adv. sincerely, faithfully, with integrity, plainly, honestly, justly.

*Caserázo*, adj. augment. of *casero*.

*Casería*, s. f. a country farm;

a bait, a charm, decoy.—*Cebo de escopeta ó otra boca de fuego*, the prime, the powder put in the touch-hole or pan of a gun.

**Cebollo**, s. f. an onion; any bulbous root.—*Cebolla arbarana*, a wild onion; also a squill or sea-onion.—*Cebolla ascalonia*, a scallion.—*Cebolla*, a sort of pottage made with onions.

**Cebollar**, s. m. a place where onions grow.

**Cebollero**, adj. rustic, clownish.

**Cebolléta**, s. f. } a young onion.

**Cebollino**, s. m. }

**Cebollado**, adj. belonging to an onion.

**Cebón**, s. m. a fattened hog; any fat beast.—*Estar como un cebón*, to grow very fat.

**Cebra**, s. f. a beast so called, a wild ass.—*Fulana es como una cebra*, such a woman is like the cebra; that is, high spirited and ungovernable.

**Cebatana**, s. f. vide Cerbatana.

**Cebrero**, s. m. a kind of cream-cheese so called.

**Céca**, s. f. a mint.—*Andar de Céca en Meca*, to saunter about to no purpose.

**Cecear**, v. n. to lisp.

**Cecéo**, s. m. lisp; the act of lisping; also a soft whistling, made to call one.

**Ceceoso**, adj. one that lisps.

**Cecial**, s. m. a sort of cod dried up; a thin and lean man.

**Cécias**, s. m. an easterly wind so called.

**Cecilia**, s. f. a serpent; also a woman's name.

**Cecina**, s. f. hung-beef or mutton; meat salted and hung up to dry; a very lean, thin man.

**Cceinar**, v. a. to salt and hang meat to dry.

**Cedaceria**, s. f. the place where the sieves are made or sold.

**Cedacero**, s. m. a sieve-maker.

**Cedacillo**, s. m. a little sieve.

**Cedacito**, s. m. Prov. *Cedacillo nuevo tres dias en estaca*, a new sieve is three days on the pin; that is, for the first three days any thing is taken care of and laid up, but afterwards neglected and thrown down any where.

**Cedazo**, s. m. a sieve.

**Cedazuélo**, s. m. a little sieve.

**Ceder**, v. a. to yield, to give way, to quit, to resign.

**Cédo**, adv. (obs.) soon, early, hastily.

**Cedria**, s. f. the gum of the cedar-tree.

**Cedris**, s. m. the fruit of the cedar-tree.

**Cédro**, s. m. a cedar-tree.

**Cédula**, s. f. a schedule, a scroll, a bill, a note, a ticket, an obligation, a writ, a warrant; any short writing.—*Cédula real*, an order, grant, or warrant from the king.—*Cédula de alquiler*, a bill upon a house to show it is to be let.

**Cedulilla**, s. f. a little bill, note, or writing.

**Cedulón**, s. m. a great bill, note, or writing; also a satire or lampoon against a person.—*Poner cedulones*, to publish satires, or lampoons.

**Cegáges**, s. m. purblindness, dimness of sight.

**Cegagear**, v. n. to be purblind, or dim sighted.

**Cegajo**, s. m. a rustick word for a he-goat two years old.

**Cegajoso**, adj. purblind, dim-sighted.

**Cegál**, adj. purblind, dim-sighted.

**Cegamiénto**, s. m. stopping up any place or hole.

**Cegár**, v. a. to blind; to darken to obscure to the eye or to the understanding.—*Cegár*, to grow blind.

**Cegarraposo**, adj. short or weak-sighted.

**Cegarríta**, adj. short sighted.—*A cegarritas*, adv. with the eyes shut, blindfold, or blindly.

**Cegatéro**, s. m. f. the person who sells any thing.

**Cegato**, adj. vide Cegajoso.

**Cegatoso**, adj. vide Cegajoso.

**Cegudad**, s. f. blindness.—*Cegudad*, ignorance.

**Ceguejar**, v. a. to do any thing blindly, to act blindness.

**Ceguera**, s. f. blindness.

**Ceguezuelo**, s. m. diminutive of *ciego*.

**Ceguñuela**, s. f. a particular piece of timber so called on board a ship.

**Cegúta**, s. f. hemlock.

**Ceiba**, s. f. a large American tree so called.

**Ceja**, s. f. the eye-brow; an edging to a garment, or any thing that is worn; in musical instruments, the little thing that raises the strings at the neck that they may not lie flat

along it; also the edge of a mountain.—*Enacar las cejas*, to draw up the eye-brows, as when we gaze at any thing with admiration.—*Pelarse las cejas*, to lose the hair of the eye-brows; that is to muse or study so hard till a man burns his hair; also to pull one's eye-brows for vexation.—*Darle a uno entre ceja y ceja*, to hit a man betwixt the eye-brows; that is, to say or do any thing that touches him to the quick.

**Cejadero**, s. m. a leather strap put behind a coach box.

**Cejár**, v. n. to put back a coach, or cart, or the like, making the horses go backward; to resist, withstand.

**Cejijunto**, adj. that has his eye-brows joined.

**Céjo**, s. m. vide Ceño.

**Cejudo**, adj. beetle-browed, one that has bushy eye-brows.

**Celada**, s. f. an ambush; also a helmet, and place of ambush; also a treacherous trick, a fraud, a deceit.—*Caer ó dar en la celada*, to fall into an ambush.—*Poner ó armar celada*, to lay an ambush.

**Celadamente**, adv. privily, clandestinely, secretly.

**Celadilla**, s. f. diminutive of *celada*.

**Celador**, s. m. vide Zelador.

**Celáge**, s. m. the variety of colours in the clouds.—*Celáge (en la pintura)* the heaven painted in a picture.—*Celáge* a presage.

**Celár**, v. a. to conceal, to hide; also to be zealous or jealous.

**Celda**, s. f. a cell, properly of a religious man in a monastery; also any small and peaceable place of residence.

**Celdilla**, s. f. diminutive of *celda*.

**Celdita**, s. f. diminutive of *celda*.

**Celeberrno**, adj. very celebrated, famous.

**Celebración**, s. f. celebration, solemnity; also praise, applause, approbation.

**Celebrador**, s. m. one that celebrates, solemnizes, or applauds.

**Celebramiénto**, s. m. a celebrating, or solemnizing, or applauding.

**Celebrante**, s. m. the priest who celebrates the mass.

**Celebrár**, v. a. to celebrate, to



- solemnize, to applaud, to extol.—*Celebrár las fiestas*, to keep holidays.—*Celebrár la misa*, to say mass.
- Celebre, adj. renowned, famous.—*Fiesta celebre*, a great holiday.
- Celebreménte, adv. famously, remarkably, nobly.
- Celebréro, s. m. he that performs some ecclesiastical function, especially that of burial.
- Celebridad, s. f. a solemnity.
- Celébros, s. m. the brain.—*Celebro*, s. m. science, learning, wisdom, knowledge, experience. It is also taken for the head.—*Caér de célebro*, to fall down backwards.
- Celodonia, s. f. the herb celandine, swallow-wort, tetter-wort, or silken sisley.
- Celéma, s. m. the fish called a shad, or sea-raven; also used for *zaléma*.
- Celemín, s. m. a dry measure, answerable to our peck, not much differing from it in quantity.
- Celeminád, s. f. the quantity of any thing which is contained in a peck.
- Celeminéro, s. m. one that measures, or sells out by the peck, a retailer.
- Celér, adj. swift.
- Celerár, v. a. vide *Accelerar*.
- Celerário, adj. that hastens or makes speed.
- Celeridad, s. f. swiftness.
- Celéste, adj. heavenly.—*Azul celeste*, sky-colour.
- Celestial, adj. heavenly, celestial.—*Celestial*, perfect, complete.
- Celestialménte, adv. after an heavenly manner.
- Cedestre, adj. vide *Celeste*.
- Célia, s. f. a sort of drink made almost like our beer.
- Celláche, adj. sick of the belly ache, griped in the guts, that one cannot go to stool, nor hardly fetch one's breath.
- Celibato, s. m. celibacy, single life.
- Celibe, s. m. a bachelor.
- Celicio, s. m. vide *Cilic o*.
- Célico, adj. belonging to heaven.
- Celícola, s. m. an inhabitant of heaven, used in poetry.
- Celícola, adj. celestial, heavenly.
- Celidónia, s. f. the herb pilewort, or celandine.
- Celita, s. f. a kind of great fish, plentiful up the Straights.
- Celénco, adj. infirm, weak, worn out with age.
- Celerizo, s. m. an economist, one who manages domestic affairs.
- Celisca, s. f. a tempest of rain and wind.
- Célo, s. m. zeal. Vide *Zelo*.
- Celogía, } s. f. lattice for win-  
Celosía, } dows, doors, or the like, being small laths in chequers, which hang before the windows.
- Celsitud, highness, loftiness.
- Célula, s. m. diminutive of *célula*.
- Cementador, s. m. one that lays a foundation, or that cements.
- Cementár, v. a. to lay the foundation; also to cement.
- Cementério, s. m. a churchyard.
- Céna, s. f. a supper.—*Céna a escuras*, a covetous wretch, who will not allow himself so much as light to eat his supper by.—*Mas mató la cena que sano ancena*, more people have died by eating great suppers than have been cured by the doctors.
- Cenácho, s. m. a pannier or hamper.
- Cenáculo, s. m. a dining or supping room.
- Cenadál, s. m. vide *Cenagal*.
- Cenadéro, s. m. a parlour or supping room.
- Cenádo, da, p. p. from *Cenar*.
- Cenador, s. m. a dining or supping room, an arbour or summer-house in a garden to sup, in hot weather.
- Cenagal s. m. a bog, a quagmire, a dirty muddy place.
- Cenagoso, adj. dirty, muddy, miry.
- Cenar, v. a. to sup.
- Cenceño, adj. single, spare, lean, thin, dry.—*Pañ cenceño*, unleavened bread.
- Cencéro, s. f. vide *Cencerro*.
- Cencerrada, s. f. the noise of many bells hung to the necks of animals.
- Cencerreáo, da, p. p. from *Cencerrear*.
- Cencerrear, v. a. to ring a low bell; to saunter about; (*metaph.*) an unpleasant noise of a musical instrument out of tune.
- Cencerril, adj. belonging to *cencerro*.
- Cencerrilla, s. f. } a little bell  
Cencerrillo, s. m. } for a cow or bell-wether.
- Cencéro, s. m. a bell such as is hung about a cow or a bell-wether.—Prov. *No quiero perro con cencerro*, I will not have a dog with a bell; that is, I will not engage myself in any noisy or quarrelsome affair.—*Irse a con cencerros, tapados*, to steal away privately, because carriers when they are to go through some place where they fear thieves, take off their bells, that they may not give notice of their approach.—*Levantár el campo a cencerros tapados*, to raise a camp, and march away without beat of drum.—*Fulano es un cencerro*, such a one is a babbling, prating fellow.
- Cencerrón, s. m. a great horse-bell; also a great cluster of any sort of fruit.
- Cencerruno, adj. of, or belonging, or like to a little bell.
- Cenchris, s. f. a green serpent so called.
- Cencido, adj. smooth, bald, bare, uncultivated.
- Cécro, s. m. a kind of serpent with a spotted belly.
- Cendál, s. m. a fine linen, as lawn, or fine silk like tiffany.
- Cendolilla, s. f. a restless little wench, that cannot be quiet in a place.
- Céndra, s. f. the ashes goldsmiths use to clean plate or refine silver.—*Céndra*, s. f. a neat, clean, well dressed person.
- Cendrar, v. a. to cleanse, purify, or refine.—*Plata cendrada*, pure fine silver.
- Cenedál, s. m. vide *Cenagal*.
- Cenêsa, s. f. the vallance of a bed, or any such thing hanging round a garment.
- Cenicero, s. m. the place where the ashes are put.
- Cenicento, adj. the colour of ashes, or mixed with ashes; also pale coloured, speaking of persons.
- Cenith, s. m. the zenith, the point in heaven directly over our head, the vertical point, from which dropping an imaginary line through the earth, is formed the opposite point on the other side the sphere called *nadir*.

**Ceniza**, s. f. ashes.—*Miércoles de ceniza*, Ash-Wednesday.—*Prov. Allegar ceniza, y desperdiciar, harina*, to gather ashes, and waste meal; to save what's worth nothing, and be lavish of what is valuable; to save at the spigot, and let run out at the bung.

**Cenizar**, v. a. to cover, or sprinkle with ashes.

**Cen zero**, s. m. the place under the oven where they throw the ashes.

**Cenizo**, s. m. an herb whereof there are three sorts, savory, marjoram, with the small leaf, and penny-royal with the broad leaf.

**Cenizoso**, adj. vide *Ceniciento*.

**Cenobial**, adj. belonging to cellibacy or to a monastery.

**Cenobio**, s. m. a monastery.

**Cenobita**, s. m. the person who professes a monk's life.

**Cenobítico**, adj. vide *Cenobial*.

**Cenogil**, s. m. a garter.

**Cenoria**, s. f. carrots.

**Cenoso**, adj. full of mud or dirt.

**Cenotaphio**, s. m. an empty tomb raised in honour of a dead person, whose body is in another place.

**Censatario**, s. m. he that is obliged to the payment of an annuity out of his estate.

**Cencero**, s. m. a farmer.

**Censo**, s. m. a charge upon a man's estate, as of an annuity, a revenue, a tax, the sessing or rating of a man's goods.—*Censo perpetuo*, a yearly income, or revenue upon an estate for ever, which the owner of the estate cannot buy off, unless he to whom it belongs pleases to sell.—*Censo de quitar*, an annuity payable out of an estate, for a valuable consideration given, till the owner of the estate please, to refund the sum received, which he may do without asking consent of the person to whom it is due.—*Censo de por vida*, an annuity for life, a life-rent.

**Censor**, s. m. a censor, a reformer of manners; also a taxer or sessor.—*Censor*, one who censures and detracts from another's character.

**Censuál**, adj. that is tied to pay an annuity, charged with it.

**Censualista**, s. m. the person

who gathers annuities or taxes.

**Censuar**, v. a. to gather taxes or annuities.

**Censura**, s. f. a censure; also sessing or rating; blame, reproach.

**Censurable**, adj. worthy of censure; blameable.

**Censurado**, du, p. p. from *Censurar*.

**Censurador**, s. m. a censor, a reformer of manners; also one who detracts from another's character.

**Censurar**, v. a. to censure, to to reform manners; to detract from another's character.

**Censurista**, s. m. vide *Censurador*.

**Centaúra**, } s. f. the herb cent-  
**Centaúrea**, } taury.

**Centauro**, s. m. a centaur, a monster poets feigned to be half horse, and half man; (*metaph.*) a whimsical man.

**Centella**, s. f. a spark of fire, a thunderbolt; a small motive or occasion; also the herb wolf-bane, and a shell fish that shines.—*Prov. De pequeña centella gran hoguera*, a little spark raises a great fire; small causes sometimes produce great effects.—*Cervivo como una centella*, to praise the vivacity and sprightliness of any one.

**Centelladura**, s. f. a sparkling.

**Centellador**, adj. sparkling.

**Centellante**, p. act. from

**Centellar**, v. n. to sparkle.

**Centellica**, } s. f. diminutive of  
**Centellita**, } *centella*.

**Centellón**, s. m. augm. of *centella*.

**Centelluela**, s. f. a little spark of fire.

**Centena**, s. f. the place of hundreds in numeration, as units, tens, hundreds.—*Una centena*, an hundred.

**Centenaria**, s. f. the numbering by hundreds.

**Centenál**, s. m. a field of rye.

**Centenár**, s. m. an hundred or the hundredth.

**Centenario**, s. m. the hundredth, an hundred, belonging to an hundred.

**Centeno**, s. m. rye.—*Dar en una cosa como en centeno verde*, to fall on as it were on a green rye; to consume a thing in a very short time.

**Centésimo**, adj. belonging to hundred, hundredth.

**Centimano**, adj. that has a hundred hands, as poets feigned the giant Briareus.

**Centina**, s. f. a term among architects, signifying a line drawn from the point of the upper and lower retraction of a column to the point of the diameter, that marks out the middle part of the column.

**Centinela**, s. f. a centinel; also one that observes curiously and is peeping at.—*Centinela perdida*, a centinel lost; that is, one that is in some very dangerous post near an enemy, in hazard of being lost.

**Centinodia**, s. f. knot-grass.

**Centipicado**, adj. centuplicate, multiplied an hundred times.

**Centóla**, s. f. a crab.

**Centólla**, s. f. a tortoise.

**Centón**, s. m. a sort of poetry gathered out of many authors.

**Centoría**, s. f. the herb centaury.

**Centrado**, adj. belonging to the centre.

**Centráil**, } adj. belonging to  
**Centrical**, } the centre or midst.

**Centro**, s. m. the centre, the points whence all lines drawn to the circumference are equal; what is more distant from the surface.—*Estar en su centro*, to be at pleasure.

**Centuria**, s. f. a century, a hundred years; also a company of an hundred men; a hundred of any thing.

**Centurianazgo**, s. m. the office or post of a captain commanding a hundred men.

**Centurio**, } s. m. a centurion,  
**Centurion**, } a captain that commands an hundred men.

**Centurionazgo**, s. m. the office of a centurion, his dignity, his rank.

**Cenzaya**, s. f. a girl kept to look after children.

**Cenýar**, v. a. to frown, to look angry, to ruffle the countenance, so as to seem in a passion.

**Cenfidero**, s. m. a girdle.

**Cenfidor**, s. m. a girdle, such as are worn by ministers.

**Cenfidorcillo**, s. m. a little girdle.

**Cenfidura**, s. f. girding.



Ceñir, v. a. to gird, to encompass.—*Ceñirse en la oración*, to abridge one's discourse.—*Ceñir espada*, to gird on a sword, to come to a man's estate, to wear a sword.

Ceñirse, v. r. to be moderate in one's conduct; to spend prudently; to be advised by people of learning and judgment.

Ceño, s. m. a frowning, frowning, or stern look.—*Prov. Ceño y enseño del mal hijo háze bueno*, frowns and teaching makes a bad son good; that is, severity and good instructions correct youth.

Ceñoso, adj. frowning.

Ceñudillo, adj. diminut. *ceñudo*.

Ceñudo, adj. one that looks angrily, frowning, or lowering.

Cépa, s. f. the body of the vine, whence the branches shoot out; the bottom or foot of any tree; the foundation of a house; also a hedge.—*De buena cépa*, of a good stock, or race.

Cepéa, s. f. an herb, purslane, or brook-lime.

Cepejón, s. m. the thickest part of a branch lopped from a tree.

Cephalica, s. f. a large vein going from the arm to the head.

Cephalico, adj. cephalic, that which is medicinal to the head.

Cépho, s. m. a beast found in Ethiopia, which is said to have the hind legs like a man.

Cepilla, s. f. a little body of a vine.

Cepilladuras, s. f. chips, shavings of wood, that come off in planing.

Cepillar, v. a. to chip, to plane as joiners do; (metaph.) to polish; to instruct.

Cepillo, s. m. a block, a joiner's tool.

Cépo, s. m. the stocks to put offenders into; a box for the poor; a clog; a gin to catch wolves or other wild beasts.—*Cépo de la ancla*, the anchor stock, a piece of timber fastened at the nuts of the anchor, crossing the flooks, to guide them, that one of the flooks may be sure to fasten in the

ground.—*Cépos quédos*, be careful and silent; spoken when any person makes a digression from the proper story he began.

Cepoléria, s. f. a cheat.

Cequi, s. f. a gold coin the Moors have.

Cequia, s. f. the same as *Acequia*, Aqueduct.

Céra, s. f. wax.—*Cera hikida*, the small wax candle they make into books.—*Hacer de uno cera y pabilo*, to turn a man which way one pleases, as one does a small wax-candle.—*Fulano es hecho de cera*, such a one is made of wax; that is, he is good-natured and tractable.—*No le ha quedado siquiera cera en el oído*, he has not so much as the wax in his ears left him; that is, he has lost all, he is come to nothing.—*Cera péz*, s. f. a sort of ointment made with wax and pitch.

Cerasta, } s. f. a serpent having horns.  
Ceraste, }  
Cerastes, }

Cerástico, adj. belonging to *cerasta*.

Cerbatana, s. f. a trunk to shoot clay bullets; also a pop-gun or any hollow thing.

Cerbélo, s. m. the brain.

Cerbéro, s. m. the dog Cerberus.  
Cérca, adv. about, near, nigh, close by.—*Cérca*, s. f. an enclosure, hedge, wall, or the like.

Cercadanza, s. f. (obs.) the act of approaching or going near.

Cercado, s. m. an enclosure.

Cercador, s. m. he that encloses, besets, besieges, or encompasses.

Cercadura, s. f. plate chased or engraved, any turned or embossed work.

Cercauamente, adv. nearly.

Cercanía, s. f. nearness.

Cercanidad, s. f. nearness; also kindred or relations.

Cercano, adj. near at hand; also friend or parent.

Cercar, v. a. to enclose, to beset, to besiege, to encompass, to wall, hedge, or fence.

Cerceganillo, s. m. a cold cutting north wind.

Cercén, adv. even with the root, close to the bottom; as,

*cortar las orejas a cercén*, to cut off the ears close to the head.

Cercéna, s. f. a cutting short, cutting round, clipping, diminishing.

Cercenador, s. m. one who clips or cuts.

Cercenadura, s. f. clipping, that which is clipped or cut off.

Cercenar, v. a. to clip, to diminish, to cut round, to retrench; to detract; that is, to clip a man's reputation.

Cercera, s. f. a vent to let in air.

Cerceta, s. f. a moor-hen; a teal.—*Cercetas de ciervo*, the brow-antlers of a buck or stag.

Cércha, s. f. a wooden rule used by carpenters.

Cerchón, s. m. a board so called, used in architecture.

Cercillo, s. m. vide *Zarcillo*.—*Cercillo de vid*, the tendril of a vine.

Cerciorado, da, p. p. from

*Cerciorar*, v. a. to assure, to make certain, manifest, clear, conspicuous.

Cérco, s. m. a hoop, a siege, a ring of men, a winding or compassing about.—*Cérco de caba*, a hoop.—*Cérco de la luna*, the round of the full moon.—*Tómar un gran cerco*, to take a great compass about.—*Hacer un cerco con el compás*, to strike a circle with the compasses.—*Poner cerco a un lugar*, to besiege a town.—*Un cerco de hombres*, a ring of men.—*Entrar en cerco*, to get into a circle, to conjure, as witches do.

Cercopitéco, s. m. a kind of ape that has a long tail.

Cérda, s. f. (in cant) a knife.—*Cérda*, s. f. a hog's bristle, or the strong hair of a horse's main, or tail.

Cerdamen, s. m. a handful of hogs bristles.

Cerdána, s. f. a dance so called.

Cerdazo, s. m. vide *Cedazo*.

Cerdear, v. n. to walk as if lame: said of horses and bulls.

Cérdo, s. m. a hog.

Cerdón, s. m. a sort of sea-fish.

Cerdoso, adj. bristly.

**Cerdúdo**, s. m. a hog.  
**Cerêbelo**, s. m. the brain.  
**Cerebro**, s. m. vide **Cérebro**.  
**Cereceda**, s. f. the chain with which the galley-slaves are bound.  
**Cerecita**, f. f. diminutive of *cerera*.  
**Ceremonia**, s. f. a ceremony.  
**Ceremonial**, s. m. the book of ceremonies. — **Ceremoniál**, adj. belonging to a ceremony.  
**Ceremoniaticamente**, adv. ceremoniously.  
**Ceremoniático**, } adj. ceremonious, formal,  
**Ceremonioso**, } full of ceremony.  
**Ceremoniosamente**, adv. ceremoniously, formally.  
**Cereria**, s. f. a wax-chandler's shop, or the street where the wax-chandlers live.  
**Ceréro**, s. m. a wax-chandler.  
**Cerés**, s. f. the goddess of corn.  
**Ceréza**, s. f. a cherry. — *Ceréza garrofil*, the largest size of cherries.  
**Cerezál**, s. m. the place where the cherry-trees grow.  
**Cerezéda**, s. f. (in cant) a chain.  
**Cerézo**, s. m. a cherry-tree.  
**Cergázos**, s. m. the plant called the holly-rose.  
**Cerebónes**, s. m. a word corrupted from *cedere bonis*, the act of delivering up all one has.  
**Ceríal**, s. m. (obs.) a taper, a large wax-candle used in Roman churches.  
**Ceribón**, s. m. } the ces-  
**Ceribónes**, s. m. pl. } sion of all  
our goods to our creditors. — *Hacer ceribónes*, to behave with humility towards one.  
**Cerífico**, adj. belonging to wax.  
**Cerilla**, s. f. a little wax-candle. — *Cerilla*, s. f. a wax-tablet. — *Cerillas*, lip-salve.  
**Cerimonia**, s. f. a ceremony, a form.  
**Cerimonióso**, adj. vide **Ceremonioso**.  
**Cerména**, s. f. a muscadine pear.  
**Cerméno**, s. m. a pear-tree so called.  
**Cernáda**, s. f. buck-ashes; also a sort of dance.  
**Cernadéro**, s. m. a coarse cloth through which they strain the lye to buck cloaths.  
**Cernédéro**, s. m. the place where they sift, or the cloth

they put before them when they are sifting.  
**Cernejas**, s. f. the fetlock of a horse.  
**Cernér**, v. a. to sift; also to hang in the air without moving from one place, only beating the wings and tail; also to judge, to examine. — *Cernér las vides*, to begin to blossom. — Prov. *Cernér, cerner, y sacár poca harina*, the more you sift, the less you will find; the more disturbance you make, the less advantage you will reap; more noise than work.  
**Cernicálo**, s. m. a hawk, called a kestrel or wind-whiffer. (In cant) it is a woman's mantle.  
**Cernido**, da, p. p. from *Cerner*.  
**Cernidór**, s. m. one that sifts.  
**Cernidúra**, s. f. sifting.  
**Cernir**, v. a. vide *Cerner*.  
**Céro**, s. m. a cypher in arithmetic, which stands for nothing.  
**Ceroterário**, s. m. a man hired to carry a wax-flambeau at a funeral or in processions.  
**Cerón**, s. m. vide *Seron*.  
**Ceróso**, adj. belonging to wax.  
**Ceróte**, s. m. shoe-makers wax; (metaph.) and fam. fear.  
**Ceróto**, s. m. a cere-cloth made with wax, rosin, or gum.  
**Cerquillo**, s. m. a little circle, or ring.  
**Cerquita**, adv. near at hand.  
**Cerquito**, s. m. a little circle, or ring.  
**Cerráda**, s. f. the thickest part of a skin of any beast.  
**Cerradaménte**, adv. closely, secretly.  
**Cerradéros**, s. m. pl. the strings of a purse to draw it up together; also any impediment.  
**Cerradillo**, adj. diminutive of *cerrádo*.  
**Cerrádo**, s. m. a silent man, one who speaks little. — *Cerrádo de barba*, strong-bearded. — *Cerrádo de mollera*, pceevish, obstinate; strong-headed. — *Cerrádos los ojos*, blindly; also inconsiderately. *A puerta cerráda el diablo se vuelve*, when the door is

the devil will go back; that is, when any one knows another to be cautious, the more difficulty he will find in completing his design. — *Chérra España*, the cry of the soldiers when they engage in battle, encouraging one another to close with the enemy, for it signifies: close Spain, that is, Spaniards close with your enemy.  
**Cerradór**, s. m. one who locks, shuts, or makes fast the door.  
**Cerradúra**, s. f. a lock. — *Cerradúra de golpe*, a spring-lock. — Prov. *No hay cerradúra donde es de bro la ganzáa*, there is no lock proof against a golden picklock.  
**Cerradurilla**, s. f. diminutive of *cerradúra*.  
**Cerrája**, s. f. a lock. — *Cerrájas*, the sow-thistle, whereof there are many sorts. — *Todo es agua de cerrájas*, it is all sow-thistle water. This they say when a man talks much, and little to the purpose.  
**Cerráje**, s. m. a lock-smith's tools.  
**Cerrajería**, s. f. the shop or street where locks are made and sold.  
**Cerrájero**, s. m. a lock-smith.  
**Cerrállas**, s. f. pl. (in cant) locks.  
**Cerramiéto**, s. m. a cloister, or other place where any living thing is enclosed. — *Cerramiéto*, a partition-wall.  
**Cerrar**, v. a. to shut, to lock, to close up, to charge. — *Cerrar la bestia*, to ser *cerráda*, when a beast's age cannot be known by his teeth, when the mark is out of the horse's mouth. — *Cerrarse de campaña*, to resolve not to grant what is asked. — *Cerrar con lo que se vende*, to strike up a bargain without much haggling. — *Cerrar los ojos a lo que se váa hacer*, to go about a thing without considering. — *Cerrarse la mollera*, is for the skull to close, to begin to have discretion. — *Cerrar la cuenta*, to close the account. — *Cerrarse las velaciones*, is for the time when marriage is forbid to come on. — *Cerrarse las heridas*, is for wounds to close and heal. — *Cerrar puerto*, to take away an opportunity to deny positive-



ly.—*Cerrar con el enemigo*, to close with the enemy.—*Cerrar con alguno*, to run upon any one with violence or precipitation.—*En un abrir y cerrar de ojos*, in an instant.—*Cerrar la boca, ó los labios* (metaph.) to be silent.—*Cerrarse en su opinion* (metaph.) to be obstinate.—*Tener todas las puertas cerradas*, not to have recourse to; to be in want.

Cerrauál, s. m. (obs.) a water-duct.

Cerrazón, s. f. close, gloomy weather.

Cerréro, or Cerril, adj. untamed, wild.—*Cerril*, unpolished, intractable.

Cerrillo, s. m. a little hill or ridge.

Cerrión, a great-flake of curdled milk, an icicle; a drop hanging at the nose.

Cérro, s. m. a hill; the ridge of a hill, the ridge of the back; a task of wool, hemp, or flax, as much as is put on the rack at once to spin. (In cant) the key, or the key-hole.—*Cérro entiscado*, a steep inaccessible ridge.—*Traerle á uno la mano por el cérro*, to stroke, to allure, to coax, to flatter.—*Cabalgadura en cerro*, a beast bare-backed without a saddle.—*Bebér en cérro*, to drink fasting.—*Tomár una cosa en cérro*, to take a thing bare, or to take words in the plain sense.—*Ir por los cerros de Ubeda*, to run from one thing to another in discourse, and talk remote from the business.

Cerrójo, s. m. a bolt.

Cerrón, s. m. (in cant) a key.

Cérta, s. f. (in cant) a shirt, or smock.

Certamen, s. m. a strife, a battle; an argument.

Certéria, s. f. dexterity in shooting at a mark.

Certéro, s. m. a good marksman, one that guesses right.

Certéza, s. f. certainty, surety.

Certidumbre, s. f. certainty.

Certificacón, s. f. certification, or a certificate.

Certificadamente, adv. assuredly, certainly.

Certificadór, s. m. the person who certifies.

Certificamiento, s. m. a certifying.

Certificar, v. a. to certify, to

assure, to give, to understand, to ascertain.—*Certificarse*, to inform one's self thoroughly, to be certified of a thing.

Certificatoria, s. f. a certificate.

Certinidad, s. f. certainty.

Certitud, s. f. certainty, certitude.

Certón, s. m. (in cant) a lock that shuts in clapping a door hard.

Cervál, adj. like or pertaining to a hart or buck.—*Miedo cervál*, a great fright.

Cervário, adj. belonging to a hart or buck.

Cervatillo, } s. m. a hind, the  
Cervático, } fawn of a red deer.

Cervato, s. m. a hart called a spitter, having young horns without knags or tines.

Cervecería, s. f. a brewhouse, a place where beer is sold.

Cervecéro, s. m. a brewer.

Cervéza, s. f. beer or ale.

Cervigá, s. f. vide Cirugia.

Cerujano, s. m. vide Cirujano.

Cervicabra, s. f. a beast between a goat and a deer.

Cervicoso, } adj. thick-neck-  
Cervigulo, } ed.

Cervigudo, (metaph.) obstinate.

Cerviguillo, s. m. the nape of the neck.

Cerviz, s. f. the neck.—*Hombre de dura cerviz*, a stiff-necked man, obstinate and perverse.—*Abarar la cerviz*, to submit.

Ceruieo, adj. sky-coloured.

Cerula, s. f. ceruse, whitelead.

Cervúno, adj. of or belonging to a hart or stag.

Cesar, the name given to the emperor.—*O Cesar ó nada*, neck or nothing.

Cesár, v. n. to cease, to give over.

Cesaréo, adj. imperial, belonging to the emperor.

Cesación, s. f. ceasing, giving over.

Césgo, s. m. the cut or sloping of a garment, or the like. Also demure.

Cesión, s. f. resignation, delivering up one's right.

Ceson, adj. that is ript or cut out of his mother's belly.

Cespéd, s. m. a turf or sod.

Cesionário, s. m. the person in whose favour the cession is made.

Césta, s. f. a basket.

Cestáño, s. m. a little basket.

Cestéria, s. f. the street where they sell or make baskets.

Cestéro, s. m. a basket-maker or seller.

Cética, s. f. }  
Cestita, s. m. } a little basket.  
Cestilla, s. f. }  
Cestillo, s. m. }

Céstó, s. m. a great basket, a flasket, a hamper, a pannier. *Fulino es un cestó*, such a one is a dunce.—*Cóger água en cestó*, to take up water in a basket; to labour in vain.—*Quien hace un cestó hará ciento*, he that does one bad action will do an hundred.

Cestón, s. m. any great basket.

Cestonada, s. f. a basket full; a piece of nonsense.

Cestonazo, s. m. augmentative of *ceston*, and a blow given with a basket.

Cestonear, v. a. to make baskets; to play the dunce.

Cestréo, s. m. mullet, a sea-fish.

Cesúra, s. f. a figure in rhetoric, when the last syllable of a word is cut off.

Cetáceo, adj. belonging to a great sea-fish.

Ceteraque, s. m. the herb spleen-wort.

Ceti, s. m. a fine sort of white silk.

Cetis, s. m. (obs.) a coin formerly used, the eighteenth part of a farthing.

Céto, s. m. a whale, or any great sea-fish.

Cetra, s. f. a short square target or buckler made of the ounce or buffalo's hide.

Cetrato, adj. armed with the defensive weapon called *cetra*.

Cétre, s. m. the recipient wherein the holy water is kept by the Roman Catholics.

Cetrería, s. f. hawking, or the art of falconry.

Cetréro, s. m. a falconer.—*Cetréro de iglesia*, the vergor of a church.

Cetrifero, adj. sovereign, that bears the sceptre.

Cetrino, adj. pale-yellow; also a sort of ointment women use for their faces, made with citron-peel.

Cétro, s. m. a sceptre.

Cevada, s. f. barley.

Cevíl, adj. vide Civil.

Ceurogia, s. f. vide Cirugia.

**Ceuti, s. m.** a small sort of coin used at Ceuta. — *Cauties limones*, lemons, the plants whereof were first brought from Ceuta.

**Chabacaneria, s. f.** a bad composition, without art or regularity.

**Chabacano, adj.** done after a mean low manner, without rule or order.

**Chabeta, s. f.** an iron that fastens two iron-bars or iron-rings together. — *Pader la chabeta*, (metaph.) to lose his senses. — *Ha perdido la chabeta*, he is out of his senses.

**Chábo, s. m.** a small copper coin.

**Chabrana, s. f.** the adornments of porches or doors wrought in timber or stones.

**Chábro, s. m.** a sea-crab.

**Chachára, s. f.** a discourse of trivial things.

**Chacharéro, s. m.** the person who speaks much about trifles.

**Chacharón, s. m.** a great talker and liar.

**Chacharréar, v. a.** to chatter. to prattle.

**Chácho, s. m.** a term at the game of ombre, which means *vole*.

**Chachotéro, adj.** a jesting, a merry companion.

**Chacoli, s. m.** a poor small wine.

**Chacolatéar, v. n.** to crack or make a noise as an horse-shoe when it is loose. — *Prov. Herradura que chacolotea clavo le falta*, the horse-shoe that makes a noise wants a nail;

that is, he that boasts much of his birth and riches commonly wants it more than others.

**Chacóna, s. f.** a dance so called.

**Chaconista, s. m.** a dancer.

**Chacota, s. f.** a jest, a noise made by way of scoff or jest. — *Hacer chacota*, to make a jest of, to scoff at.

**Chacotéar, v. n.** to make a noise of jesting and merriment.

**Chácar, s. f.** a house built without ornaments, or not according to the rules of architecture.

**Chacúaco, s. m.** a rustic, clownish, unpolished fellow.

**Chafaldete, s. m.** the main

tack, which is a great rope fastened to the clew of the sail of a ship.

**Chafallár, v. a.** to patch, to botch.

**Chafallo, s. m.** a patch in old cloaths, an old rag, or patched garment.

**Chafallón, s. m.** a botcher, a sloven, a man dirtily dressed or ill dressed.

**Chafár, v. a.** to cut, to destroy. **Chafarínón, s. m.** a blot or an ugly flourish made with an awkward and great stroke of the pen, or any pointed iron tool.

**Chafaróte, s. m.** a great broad crooked sword.

**Chafarrinada, s. f.** a blot made with a pen.

**Chafelète, s. m.** the clew-garnet, a rope made fast to the clew of a sail.

**Chafán, s. m.** an obtuse angle.

**Chafanár, v. a.** to cut an angle, so as to make it obtuse.

**Chalán, s. m.** dealer, chapman.

**Chalcedonia, s. f.** a precious stone so called.

**Chalcides, s. f.** a fish like a pilchard.

**Chalcites, s. f.** a precious stone so called.

**Chalúpa, s. f.** a boat.

**Cháma, s. f.** (in cant) money.

**Chamaleón, s. m.** a chameleon, a little beast, like a lizard. — *Chamaleón*, a flatterer, a time-server.

**Chamáre, s. m.** a thing adorned with gold and silver lace.

**Chamarillero, s. m.** a sharper, a gamester, a cheat.

**Chamariz, s. m.** a bird called a witwal, a lariat, a yellow-hammer.

**Chamárra, s. f.** } a long coat

**Chamárrro, s. m.** } or garment, made of sheep-skins with the wool on.

**Chamarrasca, s. f.** that minute wood, branches, and leaves, that remain when a heap of burning wood is removed, which, when burnt, give but a short flame.

**Chambergá, s. f.** a great coat.

**Chambergó, s. m.** an officer called so from *chambergá*.

**Chambrána, de puerta**, any ornament about the posts or jambs of a door.

**Chamedaphne, s. f.** the herb perriwinkle.

**Chamedreos, s. m.** the herb germander.

**Chameletón, s. m.** a stuff of wool, thicker than camblet.

**Chameleuca, s. f.** the colts-foot or asses foot, growing in corn fields.

**Chamelote, s. m.** camblet; also tabby.

**Chamepitéos, s. m.** the herb groundpine.

**Chamerlúco, s. m.** a sort of long cassock.

**Chamésyse, s. f.** a kind of herb.

**Chamicéra, s. f.** a wood that is half burnt.

**Chamicéro, adj.** belonging to burnt wood.

**Chamiza, s. m.** a sort of reed growing in lakes.

**Chamizo, s. m.** vide *Chamicera*.

**Chamorra, s. f.** the top of the head clipped, or sheared, speaking of beasts.

**Chamorrada, s. f.** a blow with the head in butting.

**Chamorrar, v. a.** to take off the hair, properly to clip asses, as they do in Spain.

**Chamórro, adj.** bald, without hair. — *Trigo chamórro*, corn that grows without beards or aunes.

**Champiön, s. m.** the person who separates those that quarrel.

**Champurrar, v. a.** to mix liquors.

**Chamuscador, s. m.** to singe, to burn slightly; also the instrument to singe with.

**Chamuscadura, s. f.** singeing, or burning slightly.

**Chamuscár, v. a.** to singe, to scorch.

**Chamúscó, s. m.** the same as *Chamuscado*.

**Chamuscón, s. m.** augm. of *chamusco*.

**Chamusguina, s. f.** the action or effect of burning slightly; also a quarrel between several persons.

**Chancear, v. n.** to jest merrily.

**Chancearse, v. r.** the same as *Chancear*.

**Chancelar, v. a.** vide *Cancelar*.

**Chancellor, s. m.** vide *Chanciller*.

**Chancéro, adj.** merry, festive; (in cant) a cunning thief.



Cháncha, s. f. a deceit, a lie.  
 Chanciller, s. m. a chancellor.  
 Chancilleresco, adj. belonging to the chancery.  
 Chancillería, s. f. the court of chancery; the dignity of chancellor.  
 Chancletas, s. f. slippers without heels.  
 Cháncelo, s. m. a sort of shoe with soles made of wood.  
 Cháncos, s. m. pl. clogs to wear in dirt.  
 Chanfaina, s. f. a bawd; a thing of no worth; a jest; a thing of nothing; a dish of lights.  
 Chánfón, adj. coarse, unpollished, made without art.  
 Chanqueta, s. m. f. vide Chancleta.  
 Chansoneta, s. f. a song, a ballad.  
 Chantár, v. n. to talk boldly.  
 Chantillo, s. m. a rule or measure used by workmen in wood and in iron.  
 Chántré, s. m. the chanter in a cathedral.  
 Chantria, s. f. the dignity or office of a chanter.  
 Chánza, s. f. a jest; subtilty, craft, cunning.  
 Chanzaina, s. f. (in cant) a trick, a fetch.  
 Chanzoneta, s. f. diminutive of *chánza*.  
 Chanzonetéro, s. m. a ballad-singer; a composer of merry songs; a teller of merry things.  
 Cháos, s. m. a kind of dog so called.  
 Cháos, s. m. a confusion.  
 Chápa, s. f. a thin plate of any metal; also a rattle for a child, or any such thing that will make a noise.—*Hombre de chápa*, ó *mujer de chápa*, a man or woman of good qualifications and parts.—*Chápas de cólor*, the red spots on the cheeks when one blushes, or rather the great spots of paint women put on.—*Chapas de freno*, the bosses of a bridle.  
 Chapadánza, s. f. vide Chanza.  
 Chapádo, Chapáda, p. p. from *Chapar*.  
 Chapadór, s. m. one that plates or studs.  
 Chapaléta, s. f. a seaman's word, whereof I know not the meaning.  
 Chapár, v. a. to plate, to cover, to adorn with plates, to stud.  
 Chaparra, s. f. vide Chaparro.  
 Chaparrada, s. f. vide Chaparrón.

Chaparrál, s. m. the place where the small oak grows.  
 Chaparro, s. m. a small tree like a small oak, and bearing acorns like it.  
 Chaparrón, s. m. a sudden and violent shower.  
 Chapatal, s. m. a low muddy place.  
 Chapéar, v. a. vide Chapar; also to rattle and make a noise with plates.—*Chapéar*, v. a. to adorn with gold or silver plate.  
 Chapeléte, s. m. a little hat or cap.  
 Chapellina, s. f. a gold coin used in Persia.  
 Chapéo, s. m. a hat.  
 Chapería, s. f. any thing adorned with plates, or studied, or that sort of work.  
 Chaperón, s. m. a sort of hood worn anciently instead of a hat.  
 Chaperonádo, adj. covered with a hood.  
 Chapéta, s. f. diminutive of *chápa*.  
 Chapeteádo, adj. vide Chapado.  
 Chapetón, s. m. a name given in Spanish America to an European newly arrived.  
 Chapido, s. m. a noise of rattling of plates.  
 Chapilla, s. f. a little plate of any metal.  
 Chapín, s. m. a thing made of thick cork, bound about with tin, thin iron, or silver, which women used to wear under their shoes, in the nature of clogs or pattens.  
 Chapina, s. f. a shell of a tortoise, or any other shell-fish.  
 Chapinázo, s. m. a blow with a *chapin*.  
 Chapinería, s. f. the place where the *chapins* are sold.  
 Chapinéro, s. m. the mechanic that makes the *chapins*.  
 Chapinito, s. m. diminutive of *chapin*.  
 Chapirón, s. m. vide Chaperon.  
 Chapita, s. f. diminutive of *chápa*.  
 Chapitel, s. m. a pinnacle of a tower; vide Capitel; (in cant) the head.  
 Chapodár, v. a. to prune the trees.  
 Chapoteár, v. a. to dabble, to slop.  
 Cháppe, adj. spread open in the form of a clock. A term in blasonry.

Chapuceria, s. f. a coarse unpollished piece of work.  
 Chapucéro, s. m. a dabbler, one that makes slops; also a smith that makes nails with broad flat heads.  
 Chapúz, s. m. a diving, dipping, or sinking under water; also work ill done, unpollished.  
 Chapuzár, v. a. to sink or dive under water.  
 Chaquète, s. m. a game like draughts, the game at *amé's ace*.  
 Chaquira, s. f. an ornament the Indians wear on their heads.  
 Character, s. m. a character; a fine type or character in writing or printing; also the hand or manner of writing; also adventitious qualities impressed by a post or office; also a mark, a stamp.  
 Característico, adj. belonging to a character.  
 Chárca, s. f. } a puddle of  
 Chárco, s. m. } standing water.  
*Pasar el chárco*, to cross the sea.—*Hacer chárco en el estómago*, to drink much water.  
 Charidad, s. f. charity, the theological virtue of universal love; also liberality, alms, relief given to the poor.—*Paño de la charidad*, a pall to lay over the dead, particularly that for the poor who are buried by charity.  
 Charisma, s. f. a favour, a gift.  
 Charitativamente, adv. charitably.  
 Charitativo, adj. of, or belonging to charity, charitable.  
 Chárla, s. f. prating, babbling, talking too much.  
 Charladór, adj. talkative, babbling, prattling.  
 Charlár, v. n. to prate, to babble, to talk too much.  
 Charlatán, s. m. a prating, talkative fellow; also a mountebank.  
 Charlatanar, } v. n. to prate,  
 Charlataneár, } to talk without substance.  
 Charlataneria, s. f. vide Charla.  
 Charlatár, v. n. to prate, to babble, to tattle, to play the mountebank.  
 Charlería, s. f. prattle, babbling, tattle.

- Chismár, v. a.** to make a schism or confusion, to make mischief.
- Chisme, s. m.** a tale carried from one to another to do mischief.—*Pagase el señor del chisme, mas no del que lo dice*, (ref.) I like the tale, but detest the carrier.
- Chisméar, v. a.** vide **Chismar**.
- Chismeria, s. f.** the practice of carrying tales to breed ill blood.
- Chisméro, } adj.** addicted to  
**Chismoso, } carry tales to set people together by the ears; a tale-carrier, a mischief-maker.**
- Chispa, s. f.** a spark, or flake of fire; also a man easily moved to anger, a little passionate man.—*Echar chispas*, to fly in a passion.
- Chispár, v. a.** (in cant) to tell tales.
- Chispázo, s. m.** the blow given by a spark of fire.
- Chispear, v. n.** to sparkle as fire does.
- Chispéro, adj.** belonging to a squib.
- Chispio, s. m.** the same as *cisguete*.
- Chisporretear, v. n.** to throw a multitude of squibs or sparks.
- Chispóso, adj.** that throws many sparks of fire.
- Chisquète, s. m.** the flux, or dysentery.
- Chistár, v. n.** to be silent as afraid to speak.—*Ni chistár, ni mistár*, to be mute.—*Calla no chistes*, peace, be not heard, whist.—*Chiste, s. m.* a jest.
- Chistéra, s. f.** a fisherman's trunk to keep his fish in.
- Chistoso, adj.** facetious.
- Chita, s. f.** the long bone in the sheep or cow's foot, which boys play with.—*Dar en la chita*, f. (metaph. and fam.) to find or discover any thing. *No se me da una chita*, (vulg.) I don't care.—*No vale una chita*, it is not worth a pin.
- Chiticalla, s. m.** the person who observes others and is silent himself.
- Chiticallár, v. n.** to be silent.
- Chito, s. m.** a stick or bone put for a signal or mark.
- Chitón, interj.** hush, whist, make no noise.
- Cho, interj.** used by persons to stop their horses.
- Chóa, s. f.** a chough, or jack-daw.
- Chocadór, s. m.** he who runs violently at another.
- Chocállas, s. f. pl.** baubles to hang about children, bells for dogs, small jewels for women.
- Chocállo, s. m.** a jewel for the ears; a long ear-ring.
- Chocár, v. a.** to butt as rams do, to give a shock, to charge in fight.
- Chocarrear, v. n.** to jest, to play the buffoon.
- Chocarrería, s. f.** jesting, playing the buffoon.
- Chocarréro, s. m.** jester, buffoon.—*Chocarréro de pasa pasa*, a juggler.
- Chóco, s. m.** a cuttle-fish.
- Chócha, s. f.** a woodcock.
- Chochéar, v. n.** to have the senses impaired by age.
- Chóches, s. f.** decay of memory proceeding from age.
- Chócho, adj.** doating, childish, silly, mopish, also any kernel.—*Chócho, s. m.* hops.
- Chocilla, } s. f. a little hut or  
Chocita, } cottage.**
- Choclár, v. n.** to bolt into a place, as a ball bolts through the port at billiards.
- Chóclo, s. m.** a kind of wooden shoe or sandal worn by friars and other people.
- Choclon, s. m.** the clever bolting of a bolt through the port at billiards, or through a ring.
- Chóco, s. m.** the cuttle-fish when small.
- Chocoláte, s. m.** chocolate.—*Chocoláte de garapiña*, vide **Garapiña**.
- Chocolatéra, s. f.** a chocolate-pot.
- Chocolatéro, s. m.** the person who makes chocolate.
- Chofes, s. m. pl.** the lungs.
- Chofista, s. m.** the person who eats lungs.
- Cholla, s. f.** the noddle, the head.
- Chópa, s. f.** a sea-fish.
- Chópo, s. m.** a sort of poplar-tree, growing near the water.
- Chóque, s. m.** a shock, the meeting of two that run at one another; also a battle, a fight.
- Choquezuela, s. f.** the joint bone in the knee.
- Chórcha, s. f.** vide **Chocha**.
- Chóreo, s. m.** a Latin foot, consisting of a long and short syllable.
- Choriámbo, s. m.** a Latin foot, consisting of four syllables, the first and last long, and the two middle ones short.
- Chorifeo, s. m.** a chief.
- Chorista, s. m.** the moderator of the choir.
- Chorizo, s. m.** a sort of large sausage.
- Chorlito, s. m.** the bird called a curlien.
- Chóro, s. m.** the choir of a church.
- Chorographia, s. f.** the description of any province, kingdom, or country.
- Chorreár, v. n.** to run in small threads as spouts or little streams.
- Chorrén, s. f.** the place where the dropping or drivelling of the water falls.
- Chorretáda, s. f.** the impetuosity or violence of a running stream.
- Chórro, s. m.** a little stream or very small running of water or other liquor.
- Chórro, s. m.** the sound of the voice.
- Chotacábras, s. f.** a sort of bird like a gull, that sucks the goats in the night.
- Chotár, v. a.** to suck.
- Chóto, s. m.** a sucking kid.
- Chotúno, adj.** lean, weak, sickly; applied chiefly to kids.
- Chóva, s. f.** a kind of jackdaw, a Cornish chough.
- Chóya, s. f.** a Cornish daw, a daw with red shanks.
- Choz, s. m.** a blow given.
- Chóza, s. f.** a cottage, a hut, a little mean house.
- Chóznó, s. m.** the great-grandfather of one's grandfather; or the great-grandson of one's grandson.
- Choznuela, s. f.** diminutive of *chóza*.
- Chríma, s. m.** an ointment made of oil of olives and balsam mixed, and blessed by the bishop.
- Chrísmar, v. a.** to confirm any one in the Christian faith; also to give a blow in the forehead.
- Chrísméra, s. f.** the viol where the ointment of confirmation is put.
- Christianamente, adv.** Christian-like, charitably.



**Christianár, v. a.** to christen, to make a Christian, to baptize.

**Christianadád, s. f.** Christianity; Christendom.

**Christianésco, adj.** belonging to a Christian.

**Christianismo, s. m.** a christening; baptizing; also Christendom.

**Christianísimo, adj.** Most Christian, the title given to the king of France.

**Christiano, s. m.** a Christian.—*Christiano nuevo*, a new Christian; that is, who is either himself a convert, or descended from the Moors or Jews.—*Christiano viejo*, an old Christian; that is, whose race has no mixture of Jewish or Moorish blood.

**Christo, s. m.** our Lord and Saviour Christ.

**Chromático, adj.** one of the three kinds of practical music.

**Crónica, s. f.** chronicle.

**Crónicaón, s. m.** a chronicle or history of any particular times.

**Chronista, s. m.** the author of the annals or chronicles.

**Chronographia, s. f.** a description of the annals or chronicles.

**Chronógrafo, s. m.** the person who writes chronicles or annals.

**Chronología, s. f.** chronology, the history of the times.

**Chronologicamente, adv.** chronologically.

**Chronológico, adj.** chronologic, belonging to the annals, or history of the times.

**Chronólogo, s. m.** a chronologer, or author of the history of the times.

**Chrysantemo, s. m.** a crow-foot with yellow flowers; the marigold.

**Chrysocola, s. f.** gold fodder, a kind of mineral found like sand in veins of brass, silver, or gold.

**Chrysocoma, s. f.** a plant so called.

**Chrysógono, s. m.** a plant so called.

**Chrysól, s. m.** vide *Crisol*.

**Chrysolito, s. m.** a gem so called.

**Chrysoméla, s. m.** yellow quince, orange.

**Chubárba, s. f.** a tree so called.

**Chúca, s. f.** the concave part of a ball used in a particular game.

**Chucéro, s. m.** (in cant) a thief.

**Chuceto, s. m.** (in cant) a thief that steals meat.

**Chúche, s. m.** (in cant) the face.

**Chuchería, s. f.** the way of catching birds; a trifle, a thing of little moment.—*Chucherías*, s. f. pl. trifles; little sweet bits for children; idle talk.

**Chuchéro, s. m.** a bird-catcher.

**Chúcho, s. m.** a sort of bird.—*Chúcho*, interj. an expression used to call dogs.

**Chuchuméco, s. m.** a name given to an ugly man.

**Chúeca, s. f.** the hollow of a joint where the bones play; also a sort of dance. In cant, the back.

**Chúfa, s. f.** pignut, a small sort of fruit growing under ground, sticking to the root, much sought by children, who call it *cúcas*.

**Chufár, v. n.** to mock, to ridicule.

**Chufeta, s. f.** jest, scoff.

**Chufeta, s. f.** a trifling ridiculous expression.

**Chufetéro, adj.** jocular, jocose, merry, facetious.

**Chuláda, s. f.** a trick; also an action done in a pleasant and agreeable manner.

**Chuláma, s. f.** a girl.

**Chulámo, s. m.** a boy.

**Chuleádo, da, p. p.** from

*Chuleár, v. a.* to jest.

**Chuléta, s. f.** a savoury dish so called.

**Chulillo, s. m.** diminutive of *chulo*.

**Chúlla, s. f.** the ribs of mutton cut out two and two together, to sell to poor people.

**Chúlo, la, s. m.** and fem. a pleasant and an agreeable person. *Chulo*, sometimes implies a mischievous person.

**Chúnga, s. f.** mirth or laughter arising from the silly and impertinent discourse of another.

**Chúño, s. m.** so they call in the West Indies the bread made of the roots called *pápas*.

**Chúpa, s. f.** the waistcoat.

**Chupádo, adj.** sucked; also lean as if one had been sucked.

**Chupadór, s. m.** a sucker.

**Chupadura, s. f.** sucking.

**Chupamél, s. m.** the herb bugloss.

**Chupár, v. a.** to suck.—*Chupár a uno*, to devour a man's substance.

**Chupón, s. m.** the extraction of any thing.

**Chupóna, s. f.** a whore who sucks or fleeces her gallant.

**Churizo, s. m.** vide *Chorizo*.

**Chúria de canela**, a bag of cinnamon, as it comes from the East Indies.

**Chúrrre, s. m.** the grease that runs from any meat with heat.

**Churréte**, a squirt of any liquor as of a syringe, or the like.

**Churriburri, s. m.** a great concourse of low and dirty people.

**Churrillero, s. m.** a prattling, talkative, silly person.

**Churrullero, s. m.** a prating fellow.

**Churrupear, v. n.** to sip wine, in the manner women do tea.

**Churumbela, s. f.** a sort of bagpipe.

**Churúmo, s. m.** the juice of any thing.

**Chus, adv.** nothing. Ex. *No decir chus, ni mus*, not to speak a syllable in contradiction.

**Chusco, ca, s. m.** and fem. the same as *Chulo, la*.

**Chúsma, s. f.** the whole company of slaves rowing in a galley; thence, the mob, the rabble; also a company of poor people.

**Chuzázo, s. m.** a blow given with the pike.

**Chúzo, s. m.** a great half-pike with an iron spear to it.—*Eschar chuzos*, to be a bully.

**Chuzón, s. m.** a great half-pike, with a large iron spear to it.—*Chuzón*, a cautious, prudent, careful man, who stands so much upon his guard, that it is difficult to deceive him; a sly, designing, subtle, crafty, knavish, and deceitful fellow.

**Chýlo, s. m.** chyle, a white juice coming from meat digested in the stomach.

**Cia, s. f.** the hip-bone.

**Ciaboga, s. f.** the tacking about of a ship.

- string is fixed and detained.
- Cintarazo, s. m. a stroke with a leather girdle, or thong, or with a sword.
- Cintarear, v. a. to give a blow with a sword.
- Cintería, s. f. a merchandize of all sort of ribbons.
- Cintéro, s. m. a rope made with horse-hair; also he that makes or sells ribbons.
- Cintilla, s. f. }  
Cintillo, s. m. } a hat-band.
- Cinto, s. m. a girdle for a man, as *cinta*, a silk girdle for a woman.
- Cintoría, s. f. the herb centaury.
- Cintrel, s. m. a term of architecture, the meaning of which I know not.
- Cintura, s. f. the waist, and sometimes the girdle.—*Estárala muger metida en cintura*, to be strait-laced.
- Cinturilla, s. f. a little girdle.
- Cinturón, s. m. a broad belt.
- Cipión, s. m. an old man's walking-staff.
- Ciprés, s. m. cypress, a cypress-tree.
- Cipresál, s. m. a grove of cypress-trees.
- Circo, s. m. any round place; properly the Circus at Rome, where the people saw the public shows.
- Circuición, s. f. a circuit, a compass, going about; also a preamble in discourse.
- Circuido, *da*, p. p. from
- Circuir, v. a. to surround, or go about.
- Circuito, s. m. a circuit, a compass.
- Circulación, s. f. circulation.
- Circular, v. a. to go about, to make a circle.—*Circular*, adj. circular, round.
- Circularmente, adv. circularly, roundly.
- Círculo, s. m. a circle, a figure containing but one line.
- Circumágio, (obs.) a proverb.
- Circuncidar, v. a. to circumcise.
- Circuncisión, s. f. circumcision.
- Circundar, v. a. to compass round.
- Circundución, a word used in the *cortes* of Spain, signifying to bring them to sit sooner than the day they had been prorogued to, which is only
- done upon some urgent occasion.
- Circunduzir, v. a. to bring the *cortes* to sit as in *circundución*.
- Circunferencia, s. f. circumference.
- Circunflexo, adj. circumflex, bent round.
- Circunlocución, s. f. a circumlocution, round-about way of talking.
- Circunlóquio, s. m. circumlocution.
- Circunscribir, v. a. to circumscribe, or draw a circle or line about.
- Circunscripto, p. p. of *circunscribir*.
- Circunspección, s. f. circumspection, wariness.
- Circunspécto, adj. circumspect, cautious.
- Circunstancia, s. f. a circumstance.
- Circunstanciar, v. a. to circumstance or make proof of any thing by accidents.
- Circunstánte, s. m. one present in company.
- Circunvalación, s. f. circumvallation.
- Circunvalar, v. a. to entrench round.
- Circunvezino, adj. neighbouring.
- Ciriál, s. m. a candlestick.
- Cirio, s. m. a wax-candle.—*Cirio pascual*, paschal candle, which is a large one, standing by the side of the high altar from Saturday in Holy Week till Ascension, and lighted at high mass.
- Cirro, s. m. a hard swelling in the neck, or other part of the body.
- Ciruéla, s. f. a plum.—*Ciruéla*, *pasa*, a dried plum, a prune or prunello.—*Ciruéla*, *de invierno*, a nickname for the snivel that hangs at any body's nose in winter.—*Ciruéla de frayle*, a large sort of plum.
- Ciruelo, s. m. a plum-tree.
- Cirugía, s. f. surgery.
- Cirúrgico, *ca*, adj. belonging to a surgery.
- Cirujano, s. m. a surgeon.
- Ciscar, v. a. to affright, to put into bodily fear. In cant, to bewray one's self.—*Ciscarse*, v. r. to bewray one's self for fear.
- Cisco, s. m. small-coal; charcoal-dust.
- Cisma, s. m. schism.
- Cismático, adj. schismatic.
- Cisméntano, adj. of this side of the mountain.
- Cisne, s. m. a swan. (In cant,) a whore. Also a poet; or a good musician.
- Cisquero, s. m. a little linen-bag used among drawers to hold their small-coal which they mark their work by.
- Cisura, s. f. a cleaving or cutting of any thing.
- Cistél, }  
Cistér, } s. m. the religious order of the Cistercians.
- Cisterciense, adj. belonging to *Cistér*.
- Cisterna, s. f. a cistern.
- Cita, s. m. citation, summons to appear; also an appointment.
- Citación, s. f. summons, citation.
- Citadela, s. a citadel.
- Citádo, *da*, p. p. from *Citar*.
- Citanillo, pron. diminutive of *citano*, used to a boy.
- Citáno, pron. such a one.
- Cítar, v. a. to cite, to summon, to subpoena; also to quote an author.
- Citatorio, adj. cited, summoned to appear, served with a subpoena.
- Citerior, adj. belonging to this side.
- Citlára, s. f. a musical instrument so called.
- Citharista, s. m. one who plays upon the cithara.
- Citharizar, v. a. to play upon the cithara.
- Cito, adv. the word used for calling a dog, holding out the hand and snapping the fingers to him.
- Citóla, s. f. the clapper of a mill; also a cittern.
- Citolero, s. f. he that makes citterns or plays on the lute.
- Citote, s. m. a summoner, one who cites or serves others with a subpoena.
- Ciudad, s. f. a city.
- Ciudadano, s. m. a citizen.
- Ciudadela, s. f. a citadel.
- Ciudadeta, s. f. a little city.
- Civéra, s. f. corn; also the gross of the almonds or such things, when the substance is squeezed out.
- Cívico, adj. belonging to city, civic.
- Civil, adj. civil, courteous; political.—*Guerra civil*, civil war.



- Civilidad**, s. f. the public or civil government; also civility, courtesy; also misery; covetousness, avarice.
- Civilmente**, adv. according to the civil government, civilly, courteously.
- Ciza**, s. f. vide *Sisa*.
- Cizado**, adj. vide *Sisado*.
- Cizalla**, s. f. the fragment or remaining part of the metal in coining.
- Cizaña**, s. f. tares, cockle, darnel; also discord.
- Cizañador**, s. m. one that sows tares or cockle, or that breeds discord.
- Cizañar**, v. a. to sow discord, tares or cockle.
- Cizañero**, s. m. sower of discord, mischief-maker.
- Cizcuenta**, s. m. vide *Cinquenta*.
- Cizne**, s. m. vide *Cisne*.
- Cizylaón**, s. m. the bitter vetch, a sort of pulse.
- Clába**, s. f. vide *Clava*.
- Clabár**, v. a. vide *Clavar*.
- Clábe** s. f. vide *Clave*.
- Clábo**, s. m. vide *Clavo*.
- Clamadór**, s. m. one who cries out, or calls out.
- Clamar**, v. n. to cry out, to make a clamour. (In cant,) to avoid.—*Clamar mérced*, (obs.) to ask a favour.
- Clamido**, s. m. vide *Clamor*.
- Clamista** s. m. the person who cries out or makes a clamour.
- Clámo**, s. m. (in cant) a tooth; also a distemper.
- Clamór**, s. m. a clamour, crying out, exclaiming.
- Clamorcáda**, s. f. crying out, a making a clamour.
- Clamoreár**, v. n. to make a clamour, or cry out; to ring a peal for the dead.
- Clamóreo**, s. m. a lamentation, or crying out; or ringing a peal.
- Clamoroso**, adj. clamorous, given to cry out.
- Clandestinamente**, adv. clandestinely, privily.
- Clandestino**, adj. clandestine, secret, private.
- Clangór**, s. m. the sound of a trumpet.
- Clára**, s. f. clearness, light.—*Clára de huévo*, the white of an egg.
- Clarabóya**, s. f. a lanthorn, a light on the top of a house.
- Claraboyado**, adj. full of holes, full of apertures; all tattered, all ragged.
- Claraménte**, adv. clearly, plainly, evidently.
- Claraménte**, adv. (obs.) clearly, plainly, evidently.
- Clarár**, v. a. to give light.
- Claravóya**, s. f. vide *Claraboya*.
- Claréa**, s. f. a liquor made with white-wine, sugar, and spice. (In cant,) the day.
- Clareár**, v. n. to grow light.—*Clarearse*, v. r. to be made light; also to clear one's self from any accusation.
- Clarecér**, v. n. to grow clear, fair, or plain.
- Claréte**, s. m. claret, red-wine.
- Claréza**, } s. f. clearness,
- Claridad**, } brightness, plainness, perspicuity.
- Clarificá** v. a. to clarify, to make bright, clear, or manifest.
- Clarífico**, adj. clear, manifest, plain, evident.
- Clariméntes**, } s. m. pl. gaudy
- Clariméntos**, } paintings, bright colours.
- Clarín**, s. m. a trumpet; also a fine linen.
- Clarinado**, adj. of or belonging to a bell-wether.
- Clarínero**, s. m. the person who plays upon the clarin.
- Clarién**, s. m. a musical instrument called a clarion.
- Clariósa**, s. f. (in cant) water.
- Clarisas**, s. f. pl. the nuns of Santa Clara.
- Cláro**, adj. bright, clear, light, plain, easy, perspicuous, evident, shrill, illustrious.—(In cant,) the sky.—*Pasár de cláro en cláro*, to fly clear through a place without touching any where, to go by without speaking or calling.—*Pasár el día ó noche de cláro en cláro*, to spend the whole night or day.—*Cláros*, s. m. pl. the lights in a lanthorn, cupola, or the like.
- Clarór**, s. m. brightness, clearness.
- Cláse**, s. f. class rank, order of persons, set of beings or things.—*Cláse*, s. f. a form, or bench, or degree in a school.
- Clásico**, adj. of or belonging to the classics.
- Cláuco**, s. m. (in cant) a hook.
- Claudicár**, v. n. to go lame; also to speak or act crantly, subtilly.
- Clauquilladór**, s. m. an officer so called, that searches and receives the duties of all goods.
- Clauquillár**, v. a. to seal or mark any parcel of goods to shew that it has been searched.
- Cláustra**, s. f. a cloister, or enclosed place.
- Claustrál**, adj. of or belonging to a cloister.
- Claustrár**, v. a. to shut up, to inclose with a wall.
- Cláustro**, s. m. a-cloister.
- Clausúla**, s. f. a sentence or period.
- Clausulár**, v. a. to make periods.
- Clausúra**, s. f. enclosure.
- Cláve**, s. f. a club.
- Clavadór**, s. m. one that nails.
- Clavadúra**, s. f. nailing.
- Clavár**, v. a. to nail; (metaph.) to deceive, to cheat.—*Clavár los ojos en el suelo*, to nail the eyes on the ground; that is, to fix the eyes upon the ground, when thoughtful.
- Clavário**, s. m. the name given to a particular civil officer; in a monastery, a treasurer.
- Clavazón**, s. f. nailing.
- Cláve**, s. f. the stone on the top of a vault, which closes the whole work, called the key-stone. In architecture it is also the arch, or whole bent of the arch, or the part where it commences. In music, it is the key or cliff a lesson is played in, shewing the height of every note.
- Clavél**, s. m. a pink, a gilliflower.
- Clavellina**, s. f. a pink.
- Clavelón**, s. m. vide *Clavel*.
- Clavéque**, s. m. a stone like a diamond, but of less value.
- Clávéra**, s. f. the hole a nail makes; also a row of wooden pins to hang any thing on.—*Clávéra*, s. f. the place where the pinks or gilliflowers grow.
- Clavería**, s. f. a dignity of knighthood.
- Clavéro**, s. m. an officer of note in the orders of knighthood; also a nail-maker, and any one that bears the keys.
- Clavète**, s. m. any small iron or wooden pin; but particularly the pegs to wind up the strings of an instrument.—*Clavetes*, s. m. pl. studs; also the claves of the harpsichord.
- Clavetear**, v. a. to stud.
- Clavía**, s. f. vide *Clavija*.

Clavicimbaló, s. m. an instrument much like the harpsichord.

Clavicórdio, s. m. a harpsichord, or spinet.

Clavícula, s. f. clavicle, collarbone.

Clavicular, v. a. to conjure up the devil.

Clavija, s. f. any wooden pin, or peg of any instrument; the key of a harpsicord.—*Apretar la clavija*, to wind up the string of an instrument; to press or hasten an affair.

Clavilla de cama, s. f. a bed-screw.

Clavillos, s. m. pl. architects give this name to a sort of cramping-irons used to bind the upper stone in walls to those below them, that they may not slip away. In common use this word signifies small nails.

Claviorgano, s. m. a sort of instrument between a harpsichord and an organ.

Clavito, s. m. diminutive of clavo.

Clávo, s. m. a nail, a sort of corn on the toes; also a mark burnt on a slave's face with a red-hot iron that he may be known.—*Clávo de gobernalte*, the rudder of a ship.—*Clávo de ojo*, a spot in the white of the eye.—*Clávo de hebilla*, the tongue of a buckle.—*Clávo de girsife*, or *gerísfe*, vide *Clávo de especie*.—*Clávo de herradura a punta de diamante*, a frost-nail for a horse-shoe.—*Dar en el clávo*, to hit the nail on the head.—*Echar clávo*, to elap a nail into one; that is, to overteach or cheat him.—*No vale un clávo*, it is not worth a nail; we say a straw or pin.—*Echar a una persona una S, y un clávo*, to burn a person with a nail in the shape of an S, on the face, which is the mark of a slave; to lay such obligations upon a man, as shall bind him to one for ever.—*Un clávo saca otro*, one nail drives out another.—*Clávo de especie*, clove, a spice so called.

Clematide, s. f. the plant wild-climber, or travellers-joy, which runs up trees.

Clemência, s. f. clemency, meekness, mercy.

Clemente, adj. meek, merciful, clement.

Clementemente, adv. clemently, meekly, mercifully.

Clementinas, s. f. a collection of the canon law so called.

Clemesin, adj. purple-coloured.

Clerécia, s. f. the clergy.

Clercádo, s. m. vide Clericato.

Clerical, adj. belonging to the clergy; as, *Hábito clerical*, a clergyman's habit.

Clericalmente, adv. clergyman-like.

Clericato, s. m. the office or function of a clergyman.—

*Clericato de cámara*, the dignity of a clergyman that is in the Pope's palace.

Clérigo, s. m. a clergyman, a priest.

Cleriguillo, s. m. diminutive of clérigo.

Clerizón, s. m. a youth bred up in the service of the church, who wears a clergyman's habit, but is not in orders; an acolyte, a chorister.

Cléro, s. m. the clergy.

Clície, s. f. the sun-flower, or turn-sole.

Ciente, s. m. a client, one that is under the protection or direction of another.

Clientela, s. f. clientship.

Clientilo, s. m. a little client.

Clíma, s. f. a climate.

Climaterico, adj. climacterical, every seventh and ninth year is a climacteric, and sixty-three, being seven times nine, is the great climacteric.

Climático, adj. inconstant, various, unsettled.

Clin, s. f. horse-hair, a horse's mane.—*Tenerse a las clines*, to hold fast by the mane; to use all means to bear up in the world.

Clinopodio, s. m. the herb called public-mountain, horse-thyme, or wild-basil.

Clipéo, s. m. a buckler.

Clistél, s. m. a clyster.

Cloaca, s. f. a privy, a necessary-house.

Cloacário, adj. belonging to sinks or necessary-houses.

Clóca, s. m. the clucking of a hen.

Clóque, s. m. a boat-hook, a grappling-iron, any hook to take hold with.

Cloquear, v. a. to cluck as a hen does; also to kill fish with a trout-hook.

Cloquero, s. m. one that fishes with a spear or hook.

Clúco, adj. broody; one that stands very hollow, as if he feared any thing should touch him.

Cluquillas, adv. vide Cuchillas.

Clyméo, s. m. an herb with a stalk like a bean, water-betony, sopewort, tutsan, or park-leaves.

Clýcie, s. f. turnsole, sun-flower, Poetical.

Clyster, s. m. vide Clystel.

Clysteléra, s. f. the woman who gives the clyster.

Coá, s. f. (obs.) vide Cola.

Coabitación, s. f. cohabiting.

Coabitár, v. a. to cohabit, to live together.

Coacción, s. f. force, violence, compulsion.

Coacervár, v. a. to heap up together.

Coactivo, adj. forcible, violent, urgent, cogent.

Coadjutor, s. m. a coadjutor.

Coadjutória, s. f. the dignity of a coadjutor, or the hopes or expectation to succeed to his place or dignity.

Coadjutório, adj. that helps or assists another.

Coadjuvár, v. a. to help, to assist.

Coadunación, s. f. union.

Coadunádo, da, p. p. from Coadunar.

Coadunamiento, s. m. the same as Coadunación.

Coadunár, v. a. to unite, to mix one thing with another.

Coagulación, s. f. coagulation, curdling, or growing together.

Coagular, v. a. to coagulate, to curdle, to grow together.

Coajuléche, s. m. vide Coajulache.

Coajutor, s. m. vide Coadjutor.

Coálha, s. f. a quail, or a woodcock.

Coanimación, s. f. a spiriting up of any thing, encouragement.

Coapátli, s. m. a plant in New Spain, whereof there are several sorts, and applied to divers medicinal uses.

Coaptación, s. f. the fitting one thing with another.

Coaptádo, da, p. p. from Coaptar.

Coaptár, v. a. to adjust, to fit one thing with another.

Coartár, v. a. to limit or place bounds.



**Coatlí**, s. m. a shrub growing in the West Indies.  
**Coavána**, s. f. a sort of tree in the West Indies.  
**Côba**, s. f. (in cant) a ryal.  
**Coabachuêla**, s. f. a little cave or cellar.—*Coabachuêla*, s. f. the secretary's office.  
**Cobâr**, v. a. to bow, to crook.  
**Cobardâr**, v. a. vide *Acobardâr*.  
**Cobârde**, s. m. f. a coward.  
**Cobardêar**, v. n. to fear, to be a coward, to be afraid.  
**Cobardemente**, adv. cowardly.  
**Cobardía**, s. f. cowardice.  
**Cobdicia**, s. f. (obs.) vide *Codicia*.  
**Côbdiciar**, v. a. (obs.) vide *Codiciar*.  
**Cobdicioso**, adj. (obs.) vide *Codicioso*.  
**Cobdiza**, s. f. (obs.) vide *Cobdicia*.  
**Côbdo**, s. m. (obs.) vide *Codo*.  
**Cobegêra**, s. f. a bawd.  
**Cobertâza**, s. f. a great pot-lid.  
**Cobertêra**, s. f. a cover; a bawd.—*Cobertêras*, (in falconry,) two large feathers in the hawk's tail, which covers the rest.  
**Cobertizo**, s. m. a penthouse; a covered passage or gallery.  
**Cobertôr**, s. m. a counterpane for a bed, any covering, a carpet.  
**Cobertúra**, s. f. a covering.  
**Cobérto**, p. p. of *cobrir*. Vide *Cubierto*.  
**Cobigêra**, s. f. a bawd.  
**Cobija**, s. f. covering of any sort, but particularly a short sort of mantle worn by servant maids.  
**Cobijadêra**, s. f. vide *Cobigêra*.  
**Cobjadúra**, s. f. covering.  
**Cobijâr**, v. a. to cover.  
**Cobjêra**, s. f. (obs.) a maid, a waiting maid.  
**Cobradôr**, s. m. a receiver, a recoverer.  
**Cobramiento**, s. m. profit, gain.  
**Cobranza**, s. f. receiving, or recovering.  
**Cobrár**, v. a. to receive, to recover, to retrieve.—*Cobrár el halcón*, to retrieve the hawk.—*Cobrár fuêzas*, to gather strength.—*Cobrár ânimo*, to take courage.—*Cobrár salud*, to recover one's health.  
**Côbre**, s. m. copper.—*Cobre de*

*cebillos*, a rope of onions.—*Côbre de bestias*, a herd of cattle.—*Batir el côbre*, to beat the copper; to make much noise, and be very eager about one's business; like the hammering of braziers.  
**Cobrir**, v. a. vide *Cubrir*.  
**Côbro**, s. m. recovery, receipt, safe-keeping.—*Poner una cosa en côbro*, to lay up a thing safe. Ironically, to waste or consume it; as we say, to lay up a thing so safe that a man cannot come at it himself.  
**Cobujáda**, s. f. vide *Cogujada*.  
**Côca**, s. f. is a small green leaf growing on little trees or bushes about a man's height, in excessive hot and very moist land.—*Côca*, s. f. children in Spain call the head by this name; and it was so in old Spanish.  
**Cocadôr**, s. m. one that makes faces and odd gestures like a monkey.  
**Cocâña**, s. f. good cheer.  
**Cocâr**, v. a. to make mouths or gestures like a monkey; to coax.  
**Cocarâr**, v. n. to lay up corn in a granary.  
**Cocatriz**, s. f. a cockatrice.  
**Cocinéô**, adj. red, purple-coloured.  
**Cocción**, s. f. a boiling of water, or any thing else.  
**Côce**, s. m. vide *Coz*.  
**Coceadôr**, s. m. a kicker, a spurner.  
**Coceadúra**, s. f. kicking, spurning, or trampling on.  
**Coceâr**, v. n. to kick, to spurn, to trample on.  
**Cocêda**, s. f. a quilt, or mattress.—*Cocêda de plumas*, a feather-bed.  
**Cocedrôn**, s. m. a great quilt to lay under others.  
**Cocedúra**, s. f. the act of sewing any thing.  
**Cocelête**, s. m. a corset.  
**Cocêr**, v. a. to boil, to bake.—*Cocêrse*, v. r. to fret one's self, to vex or torment one's self.  
**Cochâmbre**, s. m. a greasy filthy smell, such as comes from dish-water, or greasy dirty cooks.  
**Coche**, s. m. a coach.  
**Cocheâr**, v. n. to guide or govern, to drive a coach.  
**Cochêra**, s. f. a coach-house.

**Cocheril**, adj. belonging to a coach.  
**Cocherillo**, s. m. diminutive of *cochêro*.  
**Cochêro**, s. m. a coachman.  
**Cochifrito**, s. m. a particular stewed dish, the chief ingredient of which is lamb or kid.  
**Cochina**, s. f. a sow.  
**Cochiná**, s. f. a piece of timber in a ship so called.  
**Cochineria**, s. f. sowishness, nastiness.  
**Cochinilla**, s. f. originally a woodlouse, but since the same name is given to scarlet-dye, called *cochinille*, which is the Spanish name given it, because it is made of small flies, which sprinkled with wine or vinegar, roll up together like wood-lice, and these are the rich scarlet dye. *Cochinilla* is also a sow-pig.  
**Cochinillo**, s. m. a sucking pig.  
**Cochino**, s. m. a pig, a porker; a slovenly fellow.—*Cochino lechón*, a sucking pig.  
**Cóchio**, s. m. aptness to boil.—*Cóchio hervite*, adv. done in a hurry, or hand over head, or meat but half boiled.  
**Cócho**, adj. sodden, boiled, baked, or dressed to eat.  
**Cochúra**, s. f. a violent heat or great sweat.—*Pasar cochura*, *por hermosura*, rel. no one can obtain pleasure without trouble.  
**Cocidúra**, s. f. vide *Cocedura*.  
**Cocimiento**, s. m. vide *Coccion*.  
**Cocina**, s. f. the kitchen where the provisions are cooked in a house.  
**Cocinâr**, v. a. to cook, to prepare victuals for the table.  
**Cocinería**, s. f. the dressings of victuals.  
**Cocinêro**, s. m. the cook.  
**Cocinilla**, s. m. diminutive of *cocina*.  
**Côcle**, s. m. a grapple, a hook; to lay hold with.  
**Cocleâr**, v. a. to grapple or to lay hold with an hook.  
**Cocillo**, s. a sort of worm that gnaws the vines.  
**Côco**, s. f. a worm that eats the vines or other trees, or any such sort of worm or insect; also the word used to fright children, as we say the

bugbear.—*Guarda el coco*, an expression used to deter children, as our English nurses frighten them by bidding them take care of the bugabo.—*Coco*, *è palma de las Indias*, the coco-tree, otherwise called the palm-tree.

Cocobolo, s. m. a tree in the West Indies, the wood of a red colour.

Cocodrilo, } s. m. a crocodile;  
Cocodrillo, } a false deceitful man.—*Cocodrillo*, s. m. a crocodile.

Cocoliste, s. m. a sickness like the spotted fever.

Cocolóbis, s. m. a particular kind of wine.

Cocoso, adj. full of worms.

Cocote, s. m. vide Cogote.

Cocuyo, s. m. a glow-worm.

Coda, s. f. (obs.) a tail.—*Coda de mula*, the herb called horse-tail.

Codáco, s. m. vide Codazo.

Codáda, s. f. a blow with the elbow.

Codadura, s. f. the twig of a vine or little branch sprouting up from under ground.

Codál, adj. a cubit long, or belonging to the elbow.—*Codil*, the armour which covers the elbow.—*Codal de carpintero*, a carpenter's square.

Codáte, s. m. the stern-post; the last timber in the stern of a ship, to which the rudder is made fast.

Codázo, s. m. a blow with the elbow.

Codear, v. n. to beat about the elbows, to make room with them.

Codera, s. f. the scab on the elbow, or a torn sleeve at the elbow.

Codie, s. m. the body, or stump, or stock of a tree; a book, or volume, a manuscript.

Codicia, s. f. avarice, covetousness, greediness.

Codiciable, adj. to be coveted.

Codicador, s. m. one that covets.

Codicar, v. a. to covet.

Codiclar, v. n. to make a codicil or an addition to a last will and testament.

Codicilo, s. m. a codicil, or an addition a man makes before his death to his last will and testament.

Codiciosamente, adv. covetous-

ly, greedily; also anxiously.

Codicioso, adj. covetous, greedy; also eager, earnest, or anxious.—*Muger codiciosa*, is sometimes taken in a good sense for a good housewife.

Codigo, s. m. a volume of the civil law, so called from the Latin *codex*.

Codillo, s. m. a little elbow; also a term in a game at cards; codille.—*Jugarsele ha á uno de codillo*, (metaph.) to obtain by deceit or fraud.

Codo, s. m. an elbow; also the measure we call a cubit, being a foot and a half.—*Dar del codo*, to give a private hint with the elbow; also to put away, to reject.—*Bebér de codos*, to drink leaning upon one's elbows; that is, leisurely, and at one's ease.

Codón, s. m. a bag to tie up an horse's tail in; also the tail of the horse.

Codón, } s. m. a quince.

Codonero, s. m. a quince-tree.

Codoniz, s. f. a quail.

Coehar, v. a. vide Cohechar.

Coeficiente, adj. that which makes, causes, or brings to pass with another.

Coepiscopo, s. m. a bishop's companion or colleague.

Coetanéo, adj. of the same age.

Coète, s. m. squid, cracker, or serpent made of gunpowder.

Coetérno, adj. co-eternal.

Coextenderse, v. r. to stretch out together, to extend equally.

Cofia, s. f. a woman's coif.

Cofin, s. m. } basket, pannier,  
Cofina, s. f. } frail.

Cofrade, s. m. a brother of a brotherhood or confraternity.—*Cofrades de pala*, (in cant) an assembly of thieves.

Cofradía, s. f. brotherhood, confraternity, corporation; (in cant) a multitude of robbers.

Cofradre, s. m. (obs.) vide Cofrade.

Cofre, s. m. coffer, trunk, chest.

Cofrear, v. n. to bow in the back, as old men do.

Cofreesto, s. m. a little trunk or coffer.

Cofrero, s. m. trunk-maker.

Cogear, v. n. vide Coxear.

Cogedizo, adj. that is, or may be gathered.

Cogedor, s. m. gatherer.

Cogedura, s. f. the act of catching or gathering any thing.

Coger, v. a. to gather, to catch; sea-term, to coil a rope, that is, to lay it in rounds one over another as it is gathered up, that it may lay together, and run without entangling; to surprise.—*Coger los frutos de la tierra*, to gather in harvest.—*Coger el agua el navio*, is for a ship to leak, or take in water.—*Coger el ladrón*, to catch the thief.—*Coger ropa*, to fold linen.—*Coger a uno a palabras*, to entrap a man in his own words.—*Coger agua en cesto*, to take up water in a basket, to labour in vain.

Cogida, s. f. a gathering of the harvest.

Cogido, da, p. p. from Coger.

Cogimiento, s. m. a gathering, catching, taking.

Cogitabundo, adj. thoughtful.

Cogitar, v. a. to think.

Cogitativo, adj. belonging to the power or faculty of thinking; pensive.

Cognación, s. f. relation.

Cognado, adj. related by father or mother.

Cognición, s. f. knowledge.

Cognómbre, s. m. a surname.

Cognomento, s. m. a nickname, a by-name given to a person from his actions, as Judas the traitor, Dionysius the tyrant, &c.

Cognoscible, adj. capable to be known.

Cognoscitivo, adj. having the power of knowing.

Cogollico, s. m. diminutive of cogollo.

Cogollo, s. m. the heart of a tree, the close part of a cabbage, or cabbage-lettuce, or the like; used also as *cogolla*.

Cogolmadura, s. f. heaping above the measure.

Cogolmaniento, s. m. idem.

Cogolmar, v. a. to heap up, to heap above the measure.

Cogolmo, s. m. vide Colmo.

Cogombrillo, s. m. diminutive of *cogombro*.

Cogombro, s. m. vide Cohombro.

Cogomelo, s. m. a mushroom. (obs.)

Cogote, s. m. the pole of the



- head, the nape of the neck.—*Dar de cogote*, to fall down backwards.
- Cogúcho, s. m. the coarsest sort of sugar.
- Cognjada, s. f. a lark.—*Cognjada copada*, a copple-crowned lark.
- Cogujón, s. m. the corner of a feather-bed or bolster, the corner of a quilt to lie on.
- Cogulla, s. f. a monk's cowl or hood.
- Cogullada, s. f. the part that is full of kernels in the neck of swine.
- Cohabitación, s. m. a cohabitation, living together.
- Cohabitar, v. n. to cohabit, to dwell with another, to live together.
- Cohechador, s. m. one that gives bribes.
- Cohechar, v. a. to bribe, to corrupt; also to plough, to till, to manure the ground; to gather the harvest.
- Cohechazón, s. m. bribing; also tilling, ploughing, manuring.
- Cohécho, s. m. a bribe.—*No hagas cohecho, ni pierdas derecho*, no one ought to take another's property, or to lose his own.
- Coheredero, s. m. a coheir.
- Coherencia, s. f. coherence, agreement.
- Cohérente, adj. agreeing, correspondent, cohering.
- Cohermanar, v. a. to unite, to ally, to join like brothers.
- Cohete, s. m. a squib, cracker, or serpent made with gunpowder.
- Coheteria, s. f. the throwing or burning of squibs.
- Cohetero, s. m. the person who makes or sells squibs.
- Cohibir, v. a. to restrain, keep back, prevent.
- Cohita de casas, s. f. (obs.) a quarter of a town, or any number of houses.
- Cohól, s. m. a stone found in silver mines; antimony; also black lead, a kind of colouring stuff.
- Cohombrál, s. m. a garden or bed of cucumbers.
- Cohombrillo, s. m. the wild cucumber.
- Cohómbro, s. m. a sort of cucumber.
- Cohondér, v. a. to confound, to destroy, to spot.
- Cohondimiento, s. m. confounding, destroying.
- Cohorte, s. f. a cohort, a band or company of soldiers.
- Coidar, v. n. (obs.) vide Cuidar.
- Coido, s. m. (obs.) vide Cuidado.
- Coima, s. f. (in cant.) a whore.
- Coime, s. m. the person who takes care of the gaming-house.—(in cant.) the master.
- Coimero, s. m. vide Coime.
- Coincidente, adj. coincident, falling in together with any thing.
- Coincider, v. n. to coincide, to concur, to fall on the same point.
- Coinquinado, adj. spotted, defiled.
- Coita, s. f. (obs.) care, trouble, uneasiness, or any misfortune which may happen.
- Coitarse, v. r. (obs.) to be full of grief, to be sorrowful.
- Coitivo, adj. (obs.) having access to coition.
- Coito, s. m. carnal copulation.
- Coja, Cojo, vide Cogex.
- Cojeár, v. a. vide Coxear.
- Cojecha, s. f. vide Cosecha.
- Cojedizo, adj. vide Cogedizo.
- Cojér, v. a. Cogex.
- Cojera, s. f. lameness.
- Cojimiento, s. m. vide Cogimiento.
- Cójo, adj. lame.
- Cojón de perro, the herb ragwort.
- Cojondra, s. f. (obs.) vide Coyulda.
- Cojonel, s. m. pl. the testicles of a man or beast.
- Cojudo, adj. that has great testicles, that is not gelt.
- Col, s. f. a colewort.—*Entre col y col lechuga*, betwixt a colewort and a colewort lettuce; that is, interlay your discourse with variety, as gardeners do, and let no words be lost.
- Cola, s. f. a tail; also glue, or sizing, and a long note in music.—*Cola del arado*, the plough-tail, or handle.—*Cola de caballo*, the herb called horse-tail, or shave-grass.—*Cola de pece*, an herb called fish-tail.—*Cola de golondrina*, properly a swallow's tail; but among workmen it is that which we call a duf-tail, or dove-tail, because cut in the shape of a bird's tail, which makes it hold fast.—*Llevar la cola de ser cola*, to carry a tail, or to be tailed; that is, to be humbled or pulled down from what he esteemed himself to be.—*Cola muérdaga de roble*, misseltoe of the oak.—*Castigado de cola*, properly a horse that is made to carry his tail down; (metaph.) one that is humbled, pulled down backwards.—*Rascarse la cola*, to scratch one's tail, to be confined to a little compass, after being used to live a large, as the horse rubs down his tail, when the stable is short.—*Cubrirse con la cola*, to cover one's self with one's tail; to alledge frivolous excuses, which is like no covering.—*Llevar la cola en votos*, to be the last to give one's vote.
- Colación, s. f. a collation; a repast of cold meat, or rather what is allowed to be eaten on fasting night; a bever, an evening-meal; also the collation of a benefice; also comparison.
- Colacionar, v. a. to compare a copy with the original.
- Colactáneo, s. m. a sucking together, a foster-brother.
- Colada, s. f. buck, or lye for linen.—*Echar a uno en la colada*, to put a man into the buck; this they say to a man that is very dirty.—*Todo saldrá en la colada*, it will all come out in the buck; though a man's faults be never so secret, they will out in time.—*Todo saldrá en la colada*, you will be paid off the old score altogether.
- Coladero, s. m. a strainer, a cullender, a basket to put linen into for the lye to run through them; a narrow passage where but one can pass.
- Colador, s. m. vide Coladero.
- Coladura, s. f. straining; also bucking of linen.
- Colaina, s. f. a gulp of wine, a taste of wine, a sip.
- Colaie, s. m. the place through which many winds pass.
- Colambre, a dicker of leather; (in cant.) it is thirst, or drinking.
- Colar, v. a. to strain through a strainer, to buck linen;

also to glue, and to run out gently, as liquors do at a small hole, crack, or the like.

**Coláste**, s. m. the rake of the ship ast; that is, as much of the stern as hangs over the keel.

**Colateral**, adj. collateral, as the collateral line, which is not the immediate line from father to son, but the next, as from an uncle, or the like; also that which is on the side of the other.

**Colativo**, adj. heaped up, clubbed or brought in by joint payment, mutual.

**Colaudar**, v. a. to praise, to commend.

**Colayna**, s. f. (in cant,) a draught of wine.

**Colcédria**, s. f. a feather-bed to lie on.

**Colcedrón**, s. m. augment. of *colcedra*.

**Cócha**, s. f. a quilt to cover, or lay over a bed.

**Colchadúra**, s. f. the quilting.

**Colchár**, v. a. to quilt.

**Colchéro**, s. m. one that makes or sells quilts to cover beds.

**Colchico**, s. m. an herb called by apothecaries *hermodactyl*, *liricumphaney*.

**Colchón**, s. m. a mattress, or feather-bed. — *Colchón desbastado*, a quilt that has all the tackings or bastings that keep it in form, dropped off; (metaph.) an unwieldy gross fellow.

**Colchonisco**, } s. m. a little  
**Colchonillo**, } mattress, or  
quilt to lie on.

**Colchonero**, s. m. one who makes mattresses or feather-beds.

**Cóle**, s. m. vide *Col*.

**Colçada**, s. f. a stroke with the tail.

**Colçar**, v. n. to wag the tail.

**Colección**, s. f. collection, gathering together.

**Colécta**, s. f. vide *Colección*.

**Colectánea**, s. f. vide *Colección*.

**Colectar**, v. a. to collect, or gather together.

**Colecticio**, adj. of the common stock or sort, ordinary, common.

**Colectivamente**, adv. gathered together in heaps; also briefly, compendiously.

**Colectivo**, adj. collective, gathered

into one mass.

**Colectór**, s. m. the person who gathers, a collector.

**Colecturía**, s. f. collection, the office of a collector.

**Coléga**, s. m. colleague, companion in office, or otherwise.

**Colegación**, s. f. gathering together, an assembly, a congregation.

**Colegar**, v. a. to gather together, to assemble, to confederate, to unite.

**Colegial**, s. m. a collegiate, or student in a college; adj. used, belonging to a college.

**Colegiaménte**, adv. collegiate-like.

**Colegiata**, s. f. a collegiate church.

**Colegiatúra**, s. f. the place or rank of a *collegial*.

**Colégio**, s. m. a college.

**Colegir**, v. a. to gather; to infer, to deduce by reason.

**Colèo**, s. m. the motion of the tail in any beast; also the motion of the beard in a man.

**Cólera**, s. f. cholera, anger. — *Colera*, s. f. a beautiful tail of any creature.

**Colérico**, adj. choleric, hasty, passionate.

**Colèta**, s. f. the hair of the head cut round; a small skull-cap; also a sort of canvas to make doublets.

**Coletáneo**, s. m. a foster-brother, one that sucks the same milk.

**Coletéro**, s. m. a person who makes the buff coats.

**Colético**, s. m. a little buff or leather jerkin.

**Coletilla**, s. f. a woman's kerchief.

**Coléto**, s. m. a buff coat.

**Colgadéro**, s. m. a thing to hang another by, or that which hangs.

**Colgadizo**, adj. that is, or may be hung.

**Colgañbr**, s. m. a hanger.

**Colgadúra**, s. f. the hanging of a room; also hanging of any other thing.

**Colgajo**, s. m. a thing that hangs dangling. — *Colgajo de uvas*, a bunch of grapes.

**Colgar**, v. a. to hang, to hang a room; to depend on another; to present on a man's birth-day, or the feast of the saint of his name; also to

hang a man. — *Colgar de la boca del que habla*, to be wholly intent upon what one says.

**Cólica**, s. f. the cholick.

**Cólico**, adj. that has the cholick.

**Colidir**, v. a. to collide, to rub, to dash, to beat, to knock together.

**Colidór**, s. f. a cauliflower.

**Colgación**, s. f. union, league, confederacy, alliance in any undertaking.

**Coligado**, adj. bound together, confederated, allied.

**Coligadúra**, s. f. a connection or binding together.

**Coligar**, v. r. to make an alliance, or confederacy.

**Colilla**, s. f. diminutive of *cóla*.

**Colina**, s. f. cabbage-seed; also a narrow hill betwixt two vales.

**Colino**, s. m. a young cabbage or sprout.

**Coliquár**, } v. a. to liquefy,  
**Coliquecer**, } to make liquid.

**Colirio**, s. m. a medicine for the eyes.

**Coliseo**, s. m. a theatre; also any place where there are large statues.

**Cólla**, s. f. a gale of wind.

**Collado**, s. m. a hillock.

**Collár**, s. m. a collar.

**Collaréjo**, s. m. a little collar; also the cape of a cloak or coat.

**Collarçillo**, } s. m. vide *Col-*  
**Collárico**, } *larejo*.

**Collarino**, s. m. the collarine, a term among architects; a small circle or round that compasses the top and bottom of the column.

**Collatár**, adj. (obs.) vide *Colateral*.

**Collázo**, s. m. vide *Colazo*; a servant they hire to plough and till.

**Colléja**, s. f. a little stalk or stem.

**Colléra**, s. f. a collar for a horse or other beast of draught. — *Colléra*, the chains with which the galley-slaves were chained.

**Colléta**, s. f. a cabbage-plant.

**Cólma**, s. f. vide *Colmo*.

**Colmadaménte**, adv. in heaps, perfectly, completely.

**Colmadúra**, s. f. heaping up.

**Colmár**, v. a. to heap up.

**Colmeár**, s. m. vide *Colmenar*.

**Colména**, s. m. a bee-hive.



*Tener la casa como una colmena*, to have a house like a beehive; that is, well stored.

*Colmenar*, s. m. a place to keep bee-hives.

*Colmenero*, s. m. one that keeps bee-hives.

*Colmillajo*, s. m. diminutive of *colmillo*.

*Colmillo*, s. m. the tusk of a boar or any other beast; also the fore teeth of a man, which part the fore teeth from the hind teeth.

*Colmillado*, adj. that has great tusks; also cunning, or difficult to be deceived.—*Mostrar colmillos*, (metaph. and fam.) to show strength, valour, courage, wisdom, &c.

*Cólmo*, s. m. the top of any thing, the heaped part of a measure, that which rises above the edges of the measure.—*No llegar en cólmo*, not to rise to the top, not come to perfection.

*Cólo*, s. m. the intestine colon.

*Colóbio*, s. m. a short coat without sleeves used in former ages.

*Colobrina*, s. f. vide *Culebrina*.

*Colocación*, s. f. placing, or bestowing, settling.

*Colocar*, v. a. to place, to settle.

*Colocoyntida*, s. f. a kind of wild gourd, purging phlegm, the apple whereof is called *colocoyntida*.

*Colódra*, s. f. a horn to drench beasts; also a deep pan to milk sheep or goats in.

*Colodrillo*, s. m. the pole of the head, the nape of the neck.—*Dar de colodrillo*, to tumble down backwards.

*Colódro*, s. m. a sort of wooden shoes.—*Andir de cócos en colódros*, to run out of one danger into another, to fall out of the frying-pan into the fire.

*Colombrón*, s. m. namesake.

*Colonia*, s. f. a broad silk ribbon; also a colony, or number of people sent to settle in any place.

*Colono*, s. m. a husbandman who cultivates the ground he has hired.

*Colophonía*, s. f. fine rosin.

*Coloquintida*, s. f. the coloquintida plant and apple.

*Coloquio*, s. m. colloquy, conference.

*Coloquutor*, s. m. the person who talks with another.

*Colór*, s. m. colour; pretence; paint for women's faces.—

*Mudar el colór del rostro*, to change the colour in the face, to blush.—*Colór cárdeno*, a black and blue colour.—*Colór lléno*, a deep colour.—*Colór muerto*, a faded colour.—*Colór vivo*, a bright, lively colour.—

*Mudar colór*, to change colour, as a man does upon a surprise.—*Distinguir de colores*, f. (fam.) to distinguish one thing from another.—*Ponerse alguno colorado*, f. (fam.) to be ashamed.—*Bolverse en colór*, to blush.

*Coloración*, s. f. the state of being coloured.

*Colorado*, adj. red; sometimes taken for coloured.—*Ponerse colorado*, to blush.

*Colorar*, v. a. to colour, to palliate, to excuse.—*Palabras coloradas*, obscene words in conversation.

*Colorear*, v. n. to begin to recover a colour; also to colour, to palliate.

*Colorido*, s. m. the colouring, the manner of colouring particular to each painter.

*Colorín*, s. m. a linnet.

*Colorir*, v. a. to set out in colours.

*Colorista*, s. m. colorist, the painter who excels in colouring.

*Coloso*, s. m. any statue of an extraordinary bigness.

*Colostro*, s. m. beastings, thick milk that comes soon after a cow has calved.

*Coludir*, v. a. to collude, to dissemble, to deceive.

*Columbino*, adj. dove-like, dove-colour.

*Columbrador*, s. m. (in cant.) a spy, an observer, or looker over.

*Columbrar*, v. a. to discover at a distance, so that a man can scarce discern what it is.

*Columbrés*, s. m. pl. (in cant.) the eyes.

*Columbrón*, s. m. a glimpse of a thing as far as one can see.

*Columela*, s. f. a little column

*Colúma*, s. f. vide *Coluna*.

*Columpiarse*, v. r. to swing on a rope, as boys do.

*Colúmpio*, s. m. a swing, or the act of swinging.

*Colúna*, s. f. a column, or pillar.—*Colúna Dórica, Íónica, Corintia, Toscana, Compósita, Gética*, a column of the Doric, Ionic, Corinthian, Tuscan, Composite, or Gothic order.—*Colúna de media caña*, a half pillar; that is, only the half round, as is used against a wall.—*Colúna istruída*, a fluted column.

*Colunación*, s. f. adorning with columns, or the placing or disposing of them.

*Colunario*, s. m. a disposition, or placing of columns, a colonnade, any series or range of pillars.

*Coluros*, s. m. pl. the colures, being two great circles in the sphere cutting one another at right angles, at the poles of the world, and dividing the zodiac into four parts.

*Colusión*, s. f. collusion, fraud, deceitful dealing, when two combine to cheat a third.

*Colusór*, s. m. one that concludes, dissembles, or joins with another to cheat.

*Colýrio*, s. m. a medicine for the eyes, eye-salve; also a tent, a pessary made fuller at one end, and smaller at the other, like a mouse's tail, to dress fistulas with.

*Cóma*, s. f. (obs.) the hair.—*Céma*, s. f. the stop called a comma, the point which notes the distinction of clauses, marked thus, (,).—*Sin faltarle una coma*; no le falta una coma; *sin faltarle punto, ni coma*; manner of speaking, to explain that some writing is properly transcribed or printed, according to the original; also a perfect imitation of any thing.

*Comádre*, s. f. a midwife, a gossip.—*Jueves de comádras*, Gossips Thursday, Thursday seven-night before Shrove-Tuesday, for the Thursday before is called *Jueves de comprádras*, the He-gossips Thursday; and that immediately before Shrove-Tuesday, *Jueves para todos*, for all, both men and women.—*Comádre*, (fam.) name given amongst women to their friends.—*Mal me quieren mis comádras, porque les digo las verdades*, (ref.) my

friends don't like me, because I tell them the truth.  
**Comadreja**, s. f. a weasel.  
**Comadrera**, s. f. a gossiping woman.  
**Comadrero**, s. m. a man that is always among the women.  
**Comandamiento**, s. m. the government of any province or kingdom.  
**Comandancia**, s. f. vide **Comandamiento**.  
**Comandante**, s. m. a commandant, a captain.  
**Comandar**, v. a. to command.  
**Comandro**, s. m. a command.  
**Comarca**, s. f. a district, or territory, a liberty, or the country about a town; also the borders or confines.  
**Comarcano**, adj. neighbouring near the borders within the liberties.  
**Comarcár**, v. n. to border, to be neighbouring.  
**Comba**, s. f. a bump, a round swelling caused by a fall or a blow; also a felon on a finger.  
**Combadura**, s. f. bending, making crooked.  
**Combar**, v. a. to bow, to bend, to turn into an arch.  
**Combate**, s. m. combat, battle, conflict, assault.  
**Combatable**, adj. assaultable.  
**Combatidor**, s. m. a combater, a fighter, an assailant, a champion.  
**Combatiente**, s. m. a combatant.  
**Combataimiento**, s. m. fighting, combating.  
**Combatar**, v. a. to combat, to fight, to assault. — *Hombre apercebido medio combatido*, a man that is upon his guard has half the battle over.  
**Fore-warned, fore-armed**; — *Combatir*, (metaph.) to contradict, to oppose; also it is said of any inanimate thing, defects, vices, and passions of the soul.  
**Combes**, s. m. the deck of a ship.  
**Combidador**, s. m. one that invites.  
**Combidar**, v. a. to invite.  
**Combidón**, s. m. the 'squire of the company, he that treats all.  
**Combinación**, s. f. a combination.  
**Combinar**, v. a. to combine, to plot, to devise, or to join together in a design.

**Combite**, s. m. an invitation; also a feast, or treat. — *Combite con pórra*, a feast with a club; that is, an invitation at which every one pays.  
**Combleza**, s. f. (obs.) a concubine, a mistress kept by a married man.  
**Comblezo**, s. m. (obs.) a rival, a competitor; also one that is too familiar with another man's wife.  
**Combóy**, s. m. convoy, money, provisions, or ammunition sent to a town or army with a guard to secure it against the enemy; the same word is used at sea for a guard of men of war to secure merchants.  
**Comboyár**, v. a. to convoy.  
**Combustible**, adj. combustible, that can be burnt.  
**Comedero**, s. m. a room to eat in, or a vessel for any creature to feed out of. — *Comedero*, adj. eatable.  
**Comedia**, s. f. a comedy, a play. — *Es una comedia*, to give occasion, by your words, actions, and behaviour, to laugh at.  
**Comediante**, s. m. f. player, or actor.  
**Comédico**, adj. belonging to a comedy.  
**Comedidamente**, adj. civilly, courteously.  
**Comedido**, adj. civil, courteous, well-bred, well-behaved; also moderate.  
**Comenimiento**, s. m. civility, good breeding; also moderation.  
**Comedio**, s. m. an interval of time.  
**Comedir**, v. r. to premeditate, to deliberate upon, or consult how any thing must be done. — *Comedirse*, v. r. to be civil, to grow calm, to moderate.  
**Comedo**, s. m. (obs.) vide **Comediante**.  
**Comedor**, s. m. a great eater; a dining-room.  
**Comendable**, adj. commendable, praise-worthy.  
**Comendador**, s. m. a commendary; he who has a revenue in commendam, either priest or knight of the military orders. — *Comendadores de bóla*, (in cant.) thieves that play at fairs.

**Comendár**, v. a. to recommend; to commend, to praise.  
**Comendéro**, s. m. vide **Comendador**; also he that commits any thing to one's charge.  
**Comendatario**, s. m. one who has a benefice in commendam.  
**Comensál**, adj. mess-mate, a companion at board or at table.  
**Comentador**, s. m. one who makes comments or remarks.  
**Comentar**, v. a. to comment, to explain, to make remarks on.  
**Comentario**, s. m. commentary.  
**Comiento**, s. m. comment, explanation.  
**Comentnál**, adj. belonging to a comment.  
**Comenzador**, s. m. one who begins or commences.  
**Comenzamiento**, s. m. a commencement, or beginning.  
**Comenzár**, v. a. to begin, to commence.  
**Comér**, v. a. to eat, to dine. — *Comer un bocádo sin asestarse*, to eat a bit without sitting down. — *Comar de górra or de mogollón*, to sponge one's victuals. — *Comer mil ducados de renta*, to spend a thousand ducats a year. — *Tener que comer*, to be well to pass. — *Comerse a otro de un bocádo*, to eat up a man at a morsel; to make nothing of him. — *Comerse unos a otros*, to eat up one another; to be always quarrelling. — *Comerse de pójos en una cárcel*, to be eaten up by lice in a prison; to die miserably in it. — *Comer de mogollón*, to sponge a dinner. — *Comer y callar*, to eat and say nothing. — *Comerle un lado á otro*, to put others to a great expence. — *Comerse de envidia*, f. (fam.) to be eaten by envy; to be rotten, or vexed for another's prosperity. — *Con su papá se lo coma*, f. (expr.) let himself settle that business; that is, when one has done any ill action, and wants another's assistance to get out of it.  
**Comerciáble**, adj. that can be sold, saleable; also sociable, affable.  
**Comercial**, adj. belonging to traffic.  
**Comerciante**, s. m. he who



traffics; a tradesman, a merchant.

Comerciar, *v. n.* to traffic, or merchandize.

Comércio, *s. m.* commerce, trade.

Comércio, society, communication.—*Comercio*, (metaph.) a secret communication with women, or rogues.

Comérse, *s. m. pl.* victuals, eatables.

Comestible, *adj.* eatable.

Cometa, *s. m.* a comet, a blazing star.

Cometario, *adj.* belonging to a comet or blazing star.

Cometedor, *s. m.* one that commits an affair to another, or that commits a crime.

Cometér, *v. a.* to commit a thing to, to commit a crime.

Cometidor, *s. m.* vide Cometedor.

Cometimiento, *s. m.* committing.

Comezion, *s. m.* itching; the sting of conscience.

Comicaménte, *adv.* comically, humorously.

Comicio, *s. m.* an assembly of people for chusing officers or making of laws.

Cómico, *adj.* comic, comical.

Comida, *s. f.* meat, dinner.—*Comida hecha, compañía deshecha*, to forsake your friends when you do not want them.

Comidilla, *s. f.* diminutive of *comida*.

Comienzo, *s. m.* a beginning.

Comigo, *adv.* with me.—*Estás conmigo?* are you on my side? do you understand me?

Comilitón, *s. m.* a person given to gluttony.

Comilón, *s. m.* a great eater, a greedy-gut, a glutton.

Comilonear, *v. n.* to play the glutton.

Comino, *s. f.* the plant and seed cummin.—*Fulano parte un comino*, such a one splits a cummin seed; he is niggardly.—*No monta un trépo atado de cominos*, it is not worth a rag full of cummin seeds; it is not worth a straw or button.

Comisaría, *s. f.* the office of a commissary.

Comisario, *s. m.* a commissary.

*Comisário*, a person chosen by any community.

Comisión, *s. f.* commission.

Comisionário, *s. m.* vide Comisario.

Comiso, *s. m.* the penalty laid on those who deal in contraband goods, or traffic against law.

Comisura, *s. f.* a joint, the place where boards or other things are joined.

Cómite, *s. m.* vide Comitre.

Comitiva, *s. f.* company, convey; a thing committed to another.

Comitre, *s. m.* a boatswain of a ship or galley.

Commemoración, *s. f.* commemoration, remembrance.

Commemorar, *v. a.* to commemorate, to remember.

Commensal, *s. m.* mess-mate, who eats at the same table with others.

Commensuración, *s. f.* commensuration, measuring together.

Commensurar, *v. n.* to proportion, or measure together.

Commilitón, *s. m.* a fellow-soldier.

Cominación, *s. f.* a threat.

Cominár, *v. a.* to threaten.

Cominatório, *adj.* threatening.

Commiseración, *s. f.* commiseration, compassion.

Comoción, *s. f.* a commotion, a disturbance.

Commonitorio, *s. m.* advice, counsel.

Commovert, *v. a.* to stir up, to incense, to provoke.

Commutación, *s. f.* a change.

Commutár, *v. a.* to change, alter, or truck.

Commutativo, *adj.* commutative.

Cómo, *conj.* how, as, like, why, so, as, if, after that manner.—*Hago cómo tu haces*, I do as you do.—*Anda cómo un loco*, he goes like a mad-man.—*Cómo eres tan malo?* why are you so wicked?—*Cómo ello sea bueno*, so it be good.—*Cómo quiera*, howsoever.—*Aquel es tan rico como yo*, he is as rich as I.—*Tiene tanta fuerza como yo*, he has as much strength as I.

Comodaménte, *adv.* commodiously, conveniently.

Comodar, *v. a.* (in cant.) to truck, to exchange.

Comodato, *s. m.* in law, any thing borrowed on condition of restitution in kind.

Comodidad, *s. f.* conveniency, opportunity; also profit, or gain.

Comodista, *s. m.* a person who is studious of his own conveniency.

Cómodo, *s. m.* conveniency, opportunity; also convenient, commodious.

Compacécér, *v. a.* to have compassion, to commiserate, to bear a part in others troubles.

Compadrár, *v. n.* to ally as gossips, to match.

Compadrázgo, *s. m.* gossipship.

Cospádre, *s. m.* a man-gossip, a compeer.

Compáge, *s. f.* joint, closure, a close joining or setting together.

Compaña, *s. f.* vide Compañía.

Compañero, *s. m.* companion. *Tan bueno es Juan como su compañero*, (iron.) John is as good as his companion.

Compañía, *s. f.* a company, a fellowship, in trade, a society, a company of soldiers; also a wife.

Compáño, } *s. m.* a compa-

Compañón, } nion.

Compañoncino, } *s. m.* diminution of

Compañoncillo, } *tive of compa-*

Compañones, *s. m. pl.* the testicle of a man or beast.—*Compañones de perro*, stander-grass.

Compañuela, *s. f.* a little company.

Comparáble, *adj.* comparable.

Comparación, *s. f.* comparison. *En comparación de esto*, in comparison of this; (spoke adverbially).—*Toda comparación es odiosa*, comparisons are odious.

Comparadór, *s. m.* a comparer.

Comparanza, *s. f.* vide Comparacion.

Comparár, *v. a.* to compare.

Comparativamente, *adv.* comparatively, in comparison.

Comparativo, *adj.* compared, or belonging to comparison.

Comparecência, *s. f.* an appearance before a judge at the time appointed, a recognisance or day of appearance.

Comparecér, *v. n.* to appear.

Comparición, *s. f.* appearing.

Comparsa, *s. f.* a train or retinue of attendants or follow-

ers, a prince's court, a multitude, or company.

**Compartimiento**, s. m. the distribution of the whole into parts.—*Compartimientos*, compartments in painting or drawing.

**Compartir**, v. a. to distribute, to divide; also to impart, to communicate.

**Compás**, s. m. the motion of the feet in fencing.—*Compás*, s. m. a pair of compasses; in music it is the time that is kept, or the master's beating time.—*Salir del compás*, not to keep time; not to do things orderly.

**Compassar**, v. a. to measure with compasses, to compass.

**Compasible**, adj. that is compassionate, or has pity.

**Compasillo**, s. m. one of the four times used in music.

**Compasión**, s. f. compassion, pity, commiseration.

**Compasivo**, adj. compassionate, full of compassion, merciful.

**Compaternidad**, s. f. compaternity, spiritual affinity, or kindred contracted between the parents of a child and its godfather.

**Compatia**, s. f. sympathy.

**Compatibilidad**, s. m. compatibility, consistency, the power of co-existing with something else.

**Compatible**, adj. compatible, sympathetic, suffering with another, or that may be endured.

**Compatriota**, s. m. a countryman; that is, one of the same country.

**Compatrón**, s. m. one that has an equal right or privilege in any patrimonial estate; also a fellow-guardian.

**Compeler**, v. a. to compel, to force.

**Compendencia**, s. strife, debate.

**Compendiar**, v. a. to abridge, to shorten, to epitomize.

**Compendariamente**, adv. vide *Compendiosamente*.

**Compéndio**, s. m. a compendium, an abridgment.

**Compendioso**, adj. brief, short, compendious.

**Compensable**, adj. compensable, that which may be recompensed.

**Compensación**, s. f. compensa-

tion; reward, something equivalent.

**Compensar**, v. a. to requite, to reward, to recompense.

**Competencia**, s. f. competency, sufficiency; also contention, or rivalryship.

**Competente**, adj. competent, suitable, meet.

**Competér**, verb. (imperf.) to be competent, fit, or meet.

**Competición**, s. f. competition, strife, contention, rivalryship.

**Competidór**, s. m. a competitor, a rival, an opponent.

**Competir**, v. n. to stand in competition.

**Compilar**, v. a. to compile, to draw up from various authors.

**Compinche**, s. m. friend, companion, comrade.

**Complacédoro**, adj. pleasant, agreeable.

**Complacencia**, s. f. complacency, pleasure, satisfaction.

**Complacér**, v. a. to please, to satisfy, to content.—*Complacérse*, v. r. to be pleased, to be satisfied.

**Complacimíento**, s. m. vide *Complacencia*.

**Complemento**, s. m. completion, perfection of any thing.

**Compleción**, s. f. vide *Complecion*.

**Completamente**, adv. completely, perfectly.

**Completar**, v. a. to perfect or complete any thing.

**Completa**, s. f. complyne, the last of the seven parts of the divine office sung or recited by priests and religious men, at night.

**Completo**, adj. full, complete.

**Completorio**, s. m. vide *Completa*.

**Compleción**, s. f. the constitution of the body.

**Complexo**, s. m. a complex, or joining two or many things together.

**Complicación**, s. f. complication, confusion of many things.

**Complicar**, v. a. to mix or confuse many things one with another.

**Complice**, s. m. an accomplice, one that is aiding or assisting to a fact, commonly to a crime.

**Complicidad**, s. f. the keeping of company with, or being an

accomplice in a crime with another.

**Complidamente**, adv. perfectly, completely.

**Complimíento**, s. m. vide *Complimiento*.

**Complir**, v. a. vide *Cumplir*.

**Compón**, s. m. in heraldry, one of the squares of a chess-board introduced in a coat of arms.

**Componádo**, adj. in heraldry, chequered.

**Componedór**, s. m. a composer, an adjuster, a reconciler, an adorer.

**Componér**, v. a. to compose, to compound, to put together, to reconcile, to adjust, to dress, to adorn, to frame a lye, to compose as printers do, to make verses, to write prose.—*Componér discórdias*, to make up differences.—*Componérse con la parte*, v. r. to compound with the plaintiff.—*Componérse, una mugér*, is for a woman to dress herself.—*Componér lo desconcertado*, to order things that were in confusion.—*Componer el semblante*, to shew modesty and gravity in one's countenance.

**Comporta**, s. f. a vessel to carry the grapes home in vintage time.

**Comportable**, adj. tolerable, that may be borne.

**Comportar**, v. a. to carry together with another; also to bear or sustain an injury.—*Comportar*, v. a. to behave.—*Comportar*, v. a. to suffer trouble or misery with patience.

**Compórte**, s. m. (in cant) an inn-keeper.

**Composción**, s. f. composition; agreement; mixture.

**Composito**, s. m. the composite order in architecture.

**Compositor**, s. m. composer, a compositor, one who composes; one who composes music, forming a tune from the different musical notes.

**Compostura**, s. f. a composition; also decency, modesty, composedness.

**Cómpra**, s. f. purchase, bargain.

**Compráble**, adj. that can be bought.

**Compradillo**, s. m. a game at cards so called.

**Compradizo**, adj. that is, or may be bought or purchased.



**Comprador, s. m.** a buyer, or purchaser, a chapman.—*Compradores de oro y plata*, persons who make it their business to buy up all the silver and gold as it comes from the Indies in wedges, or otherwise, to reduce it to the due standard for coining.

**Comprár, v. a.** to buy, to purchase.

**Comprender, v. a.** to comprehend, to conceive, to understand, to contain.

**Compreensible, adj.** that can be comprehended or understood, comprehensible, intelligible, conceivable.

**Comprensión, s. f.** comprehension, understanding, containing.

**Comprensivo, adj.** comprehensive, having the power to comprehend or understand.

**Comprensor, s. m.** one that comprehends or understands.

**Compresbitero, s. m.** he that has received the order of priesthood along with another.

**Compresion, s. f.** compression or binding together.

**Compresó, adj.** compressed, confined in a small compass.

**Comprimir, v. a.** to compress, bind together, or confine in less compass.

**Comprir, v. a.** vide *Cumplir*.

**Comprobación, s. f.** comprobation, proof, attestation.

**Comprobar, v. a.** to prove, to confirm, to assure.—*Comprobar*, to commend, to allow.

**Comprometer, v. a.** to compromise, to agree, to make a mutual promise.

**Comprometiénto, s. m.** a mutual agreement.

**Compromiso, s. m.** a promise, a mutual promise, an agreement.

**Compromissor, s. m.** one that is to see a compromise or agreement betwixt two performed, or one of the two parties that makes the agreement.

**Comprovar, v. a.** vide *Comprobar*.

**Compuerta, s. m.** a sluice or flood-gate; also a portcullis, herse, or sarracine of a fortress.

**Compuesto, s. m.** a work made up or composed of many things; also the composite order in architecture, which is

the last of the five orders.—*Compuesto*, p. p. compounded; also dressed, adorned, settled.

**Compúlsa, s. f.** the copy of an original writing; compelling him who has it to produce it by order of the court.

**Compulsar, v. a.** to take a copy of an original writing, compelling him who has it to produce it by order of the court.

**Compulsión, s. f.** compulsion, force, violence.

**Compulsoria, s. f.** a subpoena.

**Compunción, s. f.** compunction, stinging of conscience, sorrow for any thing done amiss.

**Compungido, adj.** penitent, sorrowfull, contrite; also sharp, acid.

**Compungir, v. a.** to touch in conscience; to repent, to feel compunction, or sorrow for sins.—*Compungirse*, v. r. to be penitent, sorrowful, to be touched in conscience for one's sins.

**Compurgación, s. f.** a proof of any one's innocence.

**Compurgar, v. a.** to be cleared of any crime, to be acquitted from an accusation.

**Computación, s. f.** computation, reckoning, calculation, casting of accounts.

**Computar, v. a.** to compute, to reckon, to calculate.

**Computista, s. m.** the person who calculates, an accountant, a computer.

**Cómputo, s. m.** account, calculation.

**Comvdár, v. a.** vide *Combidar*.

**Comulación, s. f.** vide *Accumulacion*.

**Comulgador, s. m.** one that communicates or receives the communion.

**Comulgar, v. a.** to communicate or receive the holy communion.

**Comulgatorio, s. m.** the place where the sacrament is received.

**Común, adj.** common, vulgar, public.—*El común*, the commonalty, the mob.

**Comunal, adj.** vide *Comun*.

**Comunaléza, s. f.** (obs.) the state of living in common with others.

**Comunalmente, adv.** commonly, frequently.

**Comunero, s. m.** a factious fellow, one that would have all things in common, a leveler.

**Comunicable, adj.** communicable, that may be communicated to others; also fit to be conversed with, tractable.

**Comunicación, s. f.** communication, conversation.

**Comunicador, s. m.** one that communicates, or imparts things to others.

**Comunicar, v. a.** to communicate, to impart, to converse.—

*Comunicarse*, v. r. to be in alliance, to have a secret correspondence with another.

**Comunicativo, adj.** that may be communicated or imparted to another.

**Comunidad, s. f.** the commonalty; also a community; that is, a society that live in common, as religious orders.

**Comunión, s. f.** communion, fellowship; but generally the holy communion.

**Comunmente, adv.** commonly, for the most part.

**Comutación, s. f.** commutation, exchange.

**Con, prep.** with.

**Conato, s. m.** an endeavour.

**Conbóy, s. m.** vide *Comboy*.

**Cónca, s. f.** (in cant.) a porringer.

**Conceptivo, s. m.** a fellow-slave or captive.

**Concatenación, s. f.** concatenation, a series of links, of facts, &c.

**Concavidad, s. f.** concavity, hollowness.

**Concavo, s. m.** vide *Concavidad*.—*Concavo*, adj. concave, hollow.

**Concebimiento, s. m.** a conception, or conceiving of a thing.

**Concebir, v. a.** to conceive, either in the mind or in the womb.

**Conceder, v. a.** to grant, to consent or assent, to yield up, to resign.

**Conceción, s. f.** vide *Concepción*.

**Concegit, adj.** common, belonging to the public.

**Concejal, adj.** belonging to the public.

**Concejero, s. m.** a counselor.

**Concejeramente, adv.** publicly, openly.

**Concejo, s. m.** vide *Consejo*.

Concénito, s. m. concert, concord in music.

Concentrádo, adj. incorporated in the centre of another thing, concentric.

Concepción, s. f. a conception either of the mind or womb.

Conceptillo, s. m. diminutive of *concepto*.

Conceptista, s. m. a merry facetiousman, one who conceives witty things.

Concèpto, s. m. the idea conceived in the mind; also opinion or judgment upon any thing.

Conceptuár, v. a. to express elegantly whatsoever is conceived in the mind.

Conceptuosamente, adv. elegantly, discreetly, acutely.

Conceptuoso, adj. abounding in speech or conceptions of mind.

Concernir, v. imperf. to belong to, to pertain to.

Concertación, s. f. (obs.) quarrel, contest.

Concertadamente, adv. by agreement, or orderly.

Concertador, s. m. a mediator, an adjuster, one that makes up or reconciles matters.

Concertár, v. a. to agree, to adjust, to reconcile, to compose, to contract, to covenant. — *Concertár discòrdes*, to reconcile, or set people right that were at variance. — *Hombre concertado*, a sober, staid man.

— *Ir concertados*, *o de concierto*, to go upon a business hand in hand, having agreed how to proceed. — *Concertarse*, v. r. to be agreed, to be adjusted, to be reconciled. — *Concertase, pára-hoy*, it was concluded or appointed for this day.

Concesión, s. f. concession, a grant.

Conceto, s. m. vide Consejo.

Conceto, s. m. conceit, conception.

Cóncha, s. f. a shell of any shell-fish, thence used for a bowl, a bason a flat porringer, or any such thing that is like a fish's shell. — *Cóncha de nácar*, mother of pearl. — *Cóncha de galápagos*, a tortoise-shell. — *Cóncha*, in architecture, is sometimes taken for a niche in a wall to set a statue in.

Conchavanza, s. f. rucking together like a fish in its shell; satisfying one's self in that narrow compass.

Conchavarse, v. r. to be united or allied, to be engaged in a contract with another.

Conchêta, } s. f. any little shell

Conchilla, } of any fish.

Conchúdo, adj. full of shells, covered with shells; very cautious, circumspect, hard to be deceived.

Conchuêla, any little shell of a fish.

Conciudadano, s. m. a fellow-citizen. (Obs.)

Conciência, s. f. the conscience. — *No tener conciencia*, to be unconscionable. — *No hacer conciencia*, to use no conscience.

— *Ancho de conciencia*, one that has a large conscience. — *Encargar la conciencia*, to charge or burden the conscience.

Conciencioso, } adj. conscientious.

Concienczúdo, } ous, one that makes a conscience of what he does, scrupulous, exactly just.

Concierto, s. m. bargain, agreement, contract, concert, symphony.

Conciliábulo, s. m. a council of bishops, or synod without legal authority, or heretical; also a meeting of men assembled to deliberate upon any wicked action.

Conciliación, s. f. getting, procuring, or reconciling.

Conciliador, s. m. one that gets, procures, or obtains; or a reconciler.

Conciliár, adj. of or belonging to counsel. — *Conciliár*, v. a. to get, to procure, to obtain; also to reconcile.

Concilio, s. m. a council, properly a council of bishops, &c.

Concinidad, s. f. elegance, finery, neatness.

Concino, adj. neat, elegant, fine, pretty.

Conción, s. f. speech, oration, sermon.

Concisamente, adv. concisely, shortly briefly.

Conción, s. f. shortness of speech or writing, a concise method of expression.

Conciso, adj. concise, short, compendious.

Concistorio, s. m. vide Consistorio.

Concitación, s. f. a stirring up, an instigation.

Concitador, s. m. one that stirs up or instigates.

Concitar, v. a. to stir up, to excite, to instigate.

Conciudadano, s. m. a fellow-citizen.

Concláve, s. m. the conclave, the place where the cardinals meet to chuse a pope.

Conclavista, s. m. the servant every cardinal takes with him into the conclave.

Concluir, v. a. to conclude, to finish, to end; also to convince, or to run one down in argument.

Conclusión, s. f. a conclusion, the end.

Concluído, adj. concluded, ended, finished.

Concluyentemente, adv. evidently, clearly, conclusively.

Concocción, s. f. concoction.

Concolega, s. m. a fellow colleague.

Concomerse, v. r. to itch; also to shrug as one that is lousy or has the itch.

Concominiêto, } s. m. a rub-

Concómio, } bing of the body.

Concomitancia, s. f. concomitancy, a keeping company with, subsisting together with another thing.

Concomitar, v. a. to keep company, to associate, to act with another.

Concómo, s. m. vide Concomimiento.

Concordable, adj. agreeable; that may be accorded.

Concordablemente, adv. by agreement, unanimously.

Concordación, s. f. agreement, consent, concord.

Concordancia, s. f. concordance, agreement, accord; also the Concordance of the Bible, where looking for any word, as in a Dictionary, it presently refers to the text where that word is used.

Concordár, v. a. to agree, to accord, to reconcile; also to tune instruments of music.

Concordata, s. f. } contracts

Concordato, s. m. } made, articles agreed on, treaty.

Concórdie, adj. unanimous, agreeing, of one mind.

Concordemente, adv. unanimously.

Concórdia, s. f. concord, unity, agreement. — *Concórdias*, in music, concords or harmonic sounds.

Concorporeo, adj. that partakes



- of the body of others.
- Concurrir, v. a. (obs.) vide Concurrir.
- Concreto, s. m. the whole made up of the parts.
- Concubina, s. f. a concubine.
- Concubinário, s. m. one that keeps a concubine.
- Concubinato, s. m. the lying with a woman not married.
- Concubito, s. m. idem.
- Concucar, v. a. to trample under foot.
- Concupiscência, s. f. concupiscence, sensual or carnal desires.
- Concupiscible, adj. concupiscible; to be coveted, subject to carnal desires.
- Concurrencia, s. f. concurrence, union, association; also assistance, help; also a combination of many agents or circumstances.
- Concurrênte, s. m. one that concurs.
- Concurrir, v. n. to concur, to agree in opinion; also to run, or to flock together; also to help, to assist.
- Concursár, v. a. to deliver up the goods of a debtor into the creditor's hands in order to discharge his debts.
- Concurso, s. m. a concourse of people; also the contest betwixt several pretenders to a benefice.
- Cuncusión, s. f. concussion, a shaking.
- Condado, s. m. county, earldom.
- Condadúra, s. f. the dignity of a count or earl.
- Condê, s. m. a count or earl. — *Condê palatino*, a count palatine. — *Condê de los gitanos*, earl of the gypsies; we call him king of the gypsies.
- Condescender, v. a. vide Condescender.
- Condecoración, s. f. a decoration, or ornament.
- Condecorár, v. a. to adorn, to make decorations.
- Condenable, adj. that is to be condemned, rejected.
- Condenación, s. f. condemnation.
- Condenador, s. m. one who condemns.
- Condenár, v. a. to condemn, to cast, to sentence, to damn, to pronounce judgment against. — *Condenarse*, v. r. to condemn one's self, to accuse one's self.
- Condenatório, adj. belonging to the sentence of condemnation.
- Condensa, s. f. a pantry, a store-room.
- Condensár, v. a. to condense, to thicken.
- Condessa, s. f. a countess.
- Condesár, v. a. (obs.) to deposit, to give in trust, to lay up.
- Condescendência, s. f. condescendence, compliance.
- Condescender, v. n. to condescend, to comply.
- Condesijo, adj. what is laid up or deposited.
- Condesil, adj. belonging to the count or countess.
- Condestable, s. m. constable. — *Condestable de fortaleza*, a governor of a strong place. — *Condestable*, a gunner.
- Condestabilia, s. f. constableness.
- Condexár, v. a. to lay up, to leave, to keep. (Obs.)
- Condición, s. f. condition, estate, quality, natural habit, inclination of the mind, temper, temperament; also stipulation, terms of compact. — *Poner en condición*, to bring into danger.
- Condicionado, adj. that belongs to condition.
- Condicional, adj. conditional.
- Condicionalmente, adv. conditionally.
- Condicionár, v. a. to imbibe or instil good nature or good qualities into another; also to make terms, to stipulate.
- Condicionáza, s. f. great genius, extensive mind, wonderful parts.
- Condicionella, s. f. moroseness, peevishness.
- Condignamente, adv. with condign punishment; deservedly.
- Condignidad, s. f. the true and just reward of any thing.
- Condigno, adj. condign, worthy, deserved.
- Condimento, } s. m. seasoning  
Condimento, } put to any thing.
- Condiscipulo, s. m. school-fellow.
- Condistinguir, v. a. to distinguish, to determine.
- Condito, s. m. vide Condimento.
- Condolencia, s. f. condolence, bearing part of another's grief.
- Condoler, v. n. to condole, to bear part of another's grief.
- Condonación, s. f. pardon, forgiveness.
- Condonár, v. n. to pardon; to forgive.
- Condorês, s. m. birds in the West-Indies of a vast bigness, insomuch that they kill sheep and calves.
- Condriila, s. f. an herb in stalk and flower like to wild endive.
- Conducción, s. f. a conducting, or guiding of any thing.
- Conducênte, adj. fit, proper, conducive to any end.
- Condúcho, adj. (obs.) accustomed, habituated. — *Condúcho*, s. m. (obs.) food, meat, provision.
- Conducir, v. a. to conduct, convey, or carry in safety any thing.
- Conducta, s. f. conduct, convey, of money; also management, economy; also a commission to raise men, and the art of leading troops.
- Condúcto, s. m. a conduit; a canal of pipes for the conveyance of water; also the manager of any affair.
- Conductor, s. m. the person who conducts, convoys, or directs.
- Condúmio, s. m. any thing to be eaten with bread.
- Conegêra, s. f. vide Conejera.
- Conegêro, s. f. vide Conejera.
- Conêja, s. f. a doe rabbit.
- Conejál, s. m. a coney-borough.
- Conejera, s. f. a coney-borough; also a woman that sells rabbits.
- Conejero, s. m. a warren; one that sells rabbits; also a dog for a rabbit. — *Muger conejera*, a woman that is a great breeder, like a rabbit.
- Conejillo, } s. m. diminutive of Conejito, } *conejo*.
- Conêjo, s. m. a rabbit.
- Conejuêlo, s. m. a little rabbit.
- Conejuno, adj. of, or belonging to a rabbit.
- Confabulación, s. f. a confabulation or talking together.
- Confabular, v. a. to discourse, to talk together.
- Confacción, s. f. a confection, a preserve; also a mixture.
- Confaccionador, s. m. a confectioner.
- Confacionadúra, s. f. preserving; also mixing.

**Confaccionár, v. a.** to preserve; also to mix.

**Confalón, s. m.** a banner, a standard.

**Confalonier, s. m.** a standard-bearer.

**Confección, s. f.** a confection, a composition or mixture.

**Confeccionadór, s. m.** vide *Confeccionador*.

**Confeccionadúra, s. f.** vide *Confeccionadura*.

**Confeccionár, v. a.** vide *Confeccionar*.

**Confederación, s. f.** confederacy, combination; league, union, engagement.

**Confederado, s. m.** ally, a confederate.

**Confederánza, s. f.** (n's,) vide *Confederación*.

**Confederár, v. a.** to confederate, to ally.—*Confederarse, v. r.* to be allied, to be confederated.

**Conferéncia, s. f.** a conference, a discourse; an appointed meeting for discussing some point or question; comparison.

**Conferir, v. a.** to compare, to match; also to bestow, to impart, to confer.

**Confesánte, s. m.** he who makes a confession before a court of justice; a penitent that confesses his sins to the priest.

**Confesar, v. a.** to confess.—*Quien todo lo niega, todo lo confiesa*, he that denies all, confesses all; that is, he is suspected of being guilty.—*Antes morir que confesar, f. (fam.)* rather die than confess.

**Confesión, s. f.** confession.

**Confesónal, adj.** one term, belonging to a confession.

**Confesionário, s. m.** the place where confession is made.

**Confeso, adj.** that has confessed; also a convert.

**Confesor, s. m.** a confessor; either a saint that is no martyr, or a father confessor that hears confessions.

**Confiadamente, adv.** confidently, boldly, with assurance.

**Confiadór, s. m.** one that trusts in others.

**Confianza, s. f.** confidence, trust, assurance, boldness.—*Téner confianza en alguna persona*, to repose a trust, or confidence in any one, to rely on a person.—*Hacer confianza*, to trust, to rely, to depend upon another.—*Dar en confianza*, to

give a thing upon trust, to entrust with.

**Confíar, v. n.** to confide, to trust.

**Conficiente, adj.** acting in conjunction with.

**Confición, s. f.** vide *Confección*.

**Conficionár, s. f.** vide *Confeccionar*.

**Confidencia, s. f.** confidence, trust.

**Confidente, s. m.** a friend or confidant, to whom one trusts his secrets.

**Confidentemente, adv.** faithfully, honestly, justly, with integrity.

**Configuración, s. f.** a disposition of the parts which make up the shape or figure.

**Configurar, v. a.** to give shape, form, or figure to any thing.

**Confin, s. m.** confine, border, limit, boundary.—*Confines, s. m. pl.* the confines, bounds, or borders of any place.

**Confinánte, adj.** bordering, belonging to the limits or confines.

**Confinár, v. n.** to confine, to border upon, to be adjoining to.

**Confirmación, s. f.** confirmation; also a proof, or confirmation of any fact.

**Confirmadór, s. m.** one that confirms.

**Confirmadúra, s. f.** a confirmation.

**Confirmár, v. a.** to confirm.—*Confirmarse, v. r.* to confirm one's self.

**Confirmatório, adj.** belonging to confirmation given from a superior judge concerning the opinion of an inferior court.

**Confiscación, s. f.** confiscation, forfeiture.

**Confiscadór, s. m.** one that takes forfeitures, or confiscations.

**Confiscár, v. a.** to confiscate.

**Confítar, v. a.** to candy, to preserve.

**Confitera, s. f.** a woman confectioner, or a box in which comfits or sweetmeats are kept.

**Confitería, s. f.** a confectioner's shop, or the street where confectioners live.

**Confitero, s. m.** a confectioner.

**Comfites, s. m. pl.** comfits, sugar-plums.

**Confitón, s. f.** augm. of *confite*.

**Confitúra, s. f.** sweetmeats, confectioners war.

**Conflación, s. f.** the melting, or casting of metal.

**Conflagración, s. f.** a conflagration, or great fire.

**Conflicto, s. m.** conflict, battle, fight; any trouble, or affliction.

**Confluéncia, s. f.** the meeting or flowing together of many waters.

**Confluir, v. a.** to flow together.

**Confondimiento, s. m.** confusion.

**Conformación, s. f.** conforming, suiting.

**Conformár, v. n.** to conform, to suit, to agree with.—*Conformarse, v. r.* to be conformable, to be submissive to the will of another.

**Conformatriz, adj.** that makes one thing agreeable, or conformable to another in figure, colour, and disposition.

**Conforme, adj.** conformable, suitable, agreeable, with patience.

**Conforme, adv.** accordingly.

**Conformemente, adv.** conformably, agreeably, by consent.

**Conformidád, s. f.** conformity, agreeableness, likeness.

**Confortación, s. f.** encouragement, comfort, relief.

**Confortamiento, s. m.** encouragement, comfort.

**Confortár, v. a.** to comfort, to cherish, to relieve to encourage.

**Confortas, s. f. pl.** sluices, flood-gates to let water in and out at.

**Confortativo, adj.** that comforts, or cherishes.

**Confórté, s. m.** comfort, encouragement.

**Confórté, s. m.** help, relief, comfort.

**Confortoso, adj.** comfortable, invigorating, corroborative.

**Confrade, s. m.** vide *Cofrade*.

**Confradía, vide Cofradía.**

**Confragoso, adj.** ragged, shagged, rough.

**Confraternár, v. n.** to be one of the brotherhood.

**Confraternidád, s. f.** confraternity, brotherhood.

**Confrontación, s. f.** confronting, bringing face to face.

**Confrontár, v. n.** to confront, to bring face to face.—*Confrontarse, v. r.* to be like one.



another, to confront one another.

Confundido, *da*, adj. confounded.

Confundido, *da*, p. p. from

Confundir, *v. a.* to confound, to destroy, to disorder, to perplex.—*Confundir*, *v. a.* to mix.

Confundirse, *v. r.* to be ashamed; also to be confounded in a dispute; to humiliate one's self before God.

Confusamente, adv. confusedly.

Confusión, *s. f.* confusion, trouble, perplexity, ruin. (In cant) a prison; also an inn, or tavern.

Confuso, adj. confused, confounded, troubled, perplexed; also obscure, doubtful.

Confutación, *s. f.* confutation, confuting an argument.

Confutar, *v. a.* to confute, to run down an argument.

Congelación, *s. f.* congealing, freezing.

Congelar, *v. a.* to congeal, to freeze together.

Congénar, *v. n.* to be of the same disposition, genius and inclination with another.

Congerie, *s. f.* a heap of diverse things.

Congiario, *s. m.* a largess, which the Roman emperors used to caress the people with.

Congio, *s. m.* an ancient measure of liquids so called.

Conglobación, *s. f.* the union of many things forming the shape and figure of a globe.

Conglobarse, *v. r.* to make itself in the form of a globe.

Conglutinación, *s. f.* conglutination, glueing, or sticking together.

Conglutinar, *v. a.* to conglutinate, to glue, or stick together.

Conglutinoso, adj. belonging to glue; sticking together.

Congoja, *s. f.* anguish, trouble, pain, grief, affliction.

Congojado, adj. in anguish, in trouble, pain, sorrowful.

Congojar, *v. a.* to trouble, to vex, to grieve, to put in pain, or anguish.

Congojosamente, adv. in a troublesome, or painful manner.

Congojoso, adj. full of anguish, grief, trouble or pain.

Congorén, *s. f.* the herb snake-weed.

Congoxa, *s. f.* vide Concoja and its derivatives.

Congraciador, *s. m.* one who insinuates by flattery.

Congraciamiento, *s. m.* an insinuation by flattery.

Congraciarse, *v. r.* to ingratiate one's self, to insinuate one's self into another's favour.

Congratulación, *s. f.* congratulation, giving or wishing joy.

Congratulador, *s. m.* he that congratulates, or wishes joy.

Congratular, *v. a.* to congratulate, to wish joy.—*Congratularse*, *v. r.* to be congratulated.

Congratulatório, adj. congratulatory.

Congregación, *s. f.* a congregation, an assembly, a meeting.

Congregante, *s. m.* one belonging to the congregation.

Congregar, *v. a.* to congregate, to assemble, to gather together.

Congregatória, *s. f.* congregation, assembly, meeting.

Congreso, *s. m.* congress, meeting.

Congrêtes, *s. m. pl.* little long rolls of bread they make for children.

Cóngrio, *s. m.* a conger eel.

Congrua, *s. f.* the ecclesiastical revenue belonging to any priest.

Congruamente, adv. agreeably, conveniently.

Congruência, *s. f.* congruity, agreement, meetness, convenience.

Congruente, adj. agreeing, meet, convenient.

Congruentemente, adv. vide Congruente.

Congruidad, *s. f.* vide Congruencia.

Congruo, adj. congruous, meet, convenient, proper.

Confortación, *s. f.* vide Confortar.

Confortar, *v. a.* vide Confortar.

Conicamemente, adv. in form of a cone.

Cónico, adj. conic, conical, having the form of a cone.

Conjectúra, *s. f.* a conjecture.

Conjecturable, adj. that may be conjectured.

Conjetural, adj. conjectural, depending on conjecture.

Conjeturar, *v. a.* to guess, to conjecture.

Conjucice, *s. m.* a fellow-judge.

Conjugación, *s. f.* a conjuga-

tion; also coupling and yoking together.

Conjugal, adv. conjugal, belonging to matrimony.

Conjugalmente, adv. in a conjugal manner.

Conjugar, *v. a.* to conjugate; to conjoin or yoke together.

Conjunción, *s. f.* a conjunction, a joining or coupling together.

Conjuntar, *v. a.* to conjoin, to couple, to put together.

Conjuntivo, adj. conjunctive, joining one thing to another.

Conjunto, adj. joined, conjoined.

Conjuntura, *s. f.* a joint, or joining together.

Conjura, *s. f.* a conspiracy.

Conjuración, *s. f.* conspiracy.

Conjurado, *s. m.* a conspirator.

Conjurador, *s. m.* one who conjures or summonses in a sacred name.

Conjuramentado, *s. m.* one that is sworn with others to keep a secret, or to do any other thing.

Conjuramentar, *v. a.* to swear several persons to one thing.

—*Conjuramentarse*, *v. r.* to swear together to an act.

Conjuramiento, *s. m.* conspiracy, swearing together to one thing.

Conjurar, *v. a.* to conspire, to conjure, to swear together.—

*Conjurar*, *v. r.* to be confederated or allied, to be in a conspiracy.

Conjúro, *s. m.* an exorcism; also the words used by enchanters.

Conllorar, *v. n.* to cry or lament with another.

Conloar, *v. a.* to praise or commend with others.

Connigo, adv. with me.

Connatural, adj. connatural, suitable to nature, connected by nature.

Connaturalmente, adv. connaturally, by the act of nature, originally.

Connaturalizarse, *v. r.* to naturalize one's self.

Connexidad, } *s. f.* connexion,  
Connexión, } union, junction.

Connexo, adj. connected.

Connivencia, *s. f.* the act of conniving, of winking.

Connubial, adj. connubial, matrimonial, nuptial, conjugal.

Connumerar, *v. a.* to num

ber or count among.

Comúscuo, adv. with us. (Obs.)

Cóno, s. m. a figure broad and round at bottom, with a sharp top like a sugar-loaf, a cone.

Conocedor, s. m. one that is grateful, or one that examines a cause; also a connoisseur, a judge, a critic.

Conocencia, s. f. (obs.) vide Conocimiento.

Conocer, v. a. to know, to acknowledge, to understand.

*Conocer su pecado*, to be sensible of one's fault.—*Conocer una muger carnalmente*, to know a woman carnally.—*Conocer de una causa*, to hear a cause pleaded as judge.

Conocible, adj. that may be known.

Conocidamente, adv. plainly, knowingly.

Conocido, s. m. an acquaintance.

Conociente, adj. grateful.

Conocimiento, s. m. a knowledge, acquaintance, gratitude; sense in a dying person; also a note, a bill, or obligation under one's hand; also a bill of lading.

Conoide, s. f. a geometrical figure so called.

Conortación, s. f. vide Confortación.

Conortár, v. a. vide Confortar.

Conorte, s. m. vide Conforte.

Conoscer, v. a. vide Conocer.

Conoscedor, s. m. vide Conocedor.

Conoscimiento, s. m. vide Conocimiento.

Conqueridor, s. m. a conqueror.

Conquerir, v. a. to conquer.

Conquezuéla, s. f. a little shell.

Conquista, s. f. a conquest.

Conquistador, s. m. a conqueror.

Conquistár, v. a. to conquer, to subdue, to bring under.

Conrear, v. a. (obs.) to plough a second time.

Consabidor, s. m. one who is conscious of any thing.

Consagración, s. f. a consecration.

Consagramiento, s. m. vide Consagración.

Consagrante, s. m. the priest that consecrates at the altar.

Consagrár, v. a. to consecrate.

Consálme, s. m. a sort of sea-muscle.

Consanguinidad, s. f. consanguinity, kindred by blood.

Consanguineo, adj. belonging to kindred or relations.

Consciencia, s. f. conscience.

Vide Conciencia.

Conscripto, adj. written, enrolled, registred.

Consectario, s. m. corollary, deduction from premises.

Consecución, s. f. the obtaining one's desires.

Consecutivamente, adv. consequently.

Consecutivo, adj. subsequent, that follows.

Conseguiente, s. m. consequent.

Conseguientemente, adv. consequently.

Conseguimiento, s. m. consequence; also obtaining, compassing, or achieving.

Conseguir, v. a. to obtain, to achieve; also to follow.

Conseja, s. f. a fable, an old woman's tale.

Consejador, s. m. who gives counsel to others.

Consejar, v. a. to advise, to counsel; also to ask counsel.

Consejeramente, adv. wisely, prudently.

Consejero, s. m. a counsellor.

Consejil, s. f. (in cant) a public whore.

Consejo, s. m. a council; also advice.—*Consejo de cámara*, the privy-council.—*Consejo de hacienda*, the council that has the direction of the king's revenue, the exchequer court.

*Consejo de estado*, the council of state, in which all affairs of government are debated.—*Consejo de órdenes*, the council for the affairs of the military orders.

Consentido, adj. suffered to have its will in all things; suffering patiently the prostitution of a wife.

Consentidor, s. m. he that consents.

Consistente, s. m. that consents or agrees.

Consentimiento, s. m. consent, agreement.

Consentir, v. a. to consent, to agree, to permit.

Consequencia, s. f. consequence, inference; also importance, moment.—*No ser una cosa de*

*consequencia*, f. to be of no consequence, indifferent.—*Ser, ó no ser uno consequente en sus acciones ó conducta*, to be regular in his actions or behaviour.

Consequente, s. m. consequent, that which follows from previous propositions.

Consequentemente, adv. consequently.

Consérge, s. m. the keeper of the king's palace.

Consérva, s. f. conserve; sweet-meat; company; convoy of ships.

Conservación, s. f. preservation, security; also going in company, or under convoy.

Conservador, s. m. a preserver, a confectioner.—*Juez conservador*, a conservator, a magistrate or judge to preserve or secure the rights and immunities.

Conservaduría, s. f. the office and dignity of a conservator of judge, who preserves and secures the rights and immunities.

Conservár, v. a. to conserve, to preserve, to keep, to lay up.—*Conservarse*, v. r. to keep one's self in health, or in the same state.

Conservativo, adj. that is preserved, taken care of.

Conservatória, s. f. a grant to preserve privileges.

Conservatório, adj. vide Conservativo.

Conservéra, s. f. a woman confectioner; or a woman skilful in making sweetmeats.

Conservéro, s. m. a confectioner.

Considerable, adj. considerable; to be considered; of moment.

Consideración, s. f. consideration, fore-cast, premeditation; moment, attention.

Consideracioncilla, s. m. diminutive of *consideracion*.

Consideradamente, adv. considerably, maturely, with deliberation.

Considerado, adj. considerate, wary.

Considerador, s. m. one that considers or deliberates.

Considerár, v. a. to consider, to deliberate, to weigh.

Consiérvo, s. m. a fellow-servant.



**Consignación, s. f.** consigning, making over to another, directing to be delivered to.

**Consignar, v. a.** to consign, to make over to another, to direct to be delivered to him.

**Consignatário, s. m.** the person to whom any money is consigned or made over for certain purposes.

**Consigo, adv.** with himself.

**Consiguiente, adv.** consequent.

**Consiguientemente, adv.** consequently.

**Consiliário, s. m.** a counsellor.

**Consiliativo, adj.** giving or bestowing counsel.

**Consistente, adj.** that is consenting to a thing.—*Consistentes y haciéndonos pena por yguál*, they that consent and they that act, deserve equal punishment.

**Consistir, v. a.** vide *Consentir*.

**Consistência, s. f.** consistency, stability, permanent, or lasting state of any thing.

**Consistente, adj.** durable, consistent, lasting.

**Consistir, v. n.** to consist.

**Consistorial, adj.** belonging to the consistory or place of council.

**Consistorialmente, adv.** by a majority of the consistory.

**Consistório, s. m.** a consistory, an assembly of the clergy for ecclesiastical affairs.

**Consolación, s. f.** consolation, comfort.

**Consolador, s. m.** a comforter.

**Consolar, v. a.** to comfort.—*Consolarse, v. r.* to be comforted, relieved, recreated.

**Consolativo, adj.** bringing assistance, comfort, help.

**Consolatório, adj.** giving comfort or relief.

**Consolidamiento, s. m.** vide *Solidadura*.

**Consolida, s. f.** the herb wall-wort, comfrey, or bugle.

**Consolidación, s. f.** consolidation, the act of uniting into a solid mass, or the state of being consolidated.

**Consolidar, v. a.** to consolidate, to unite into one body, to make sound.

**Consonamiento, s. m.** } **consonancia, s. f.** } **consonance**, agreement, harmony, accord in voices or sounds, agreement, concord, friendship.

**Consonante, adj.** consonant

agreeable, convenient; agreeing in sound; also the letter called a consonant.—*Consonante*, in poetry, is a word ending like another.

**Consonar, v. n.** to consent, to agree, to sound together, or alike.

**Consono, adj.** consonant.

**Consórcio, s. m.** a company.

**Consorte, s. m.** a consort, a companion, a mate.

**Conspicuamente, adv.** conspicuously, obvious to the view, eminently, famously, remarkably.

**Conspicuo, adj.** clear, conspicuous, manifest, evident.

**Conspiración, s. f.** conspiracy, plot; concerted treason.

**Conspirador, s. m.** a conspirator, a plotter, a man engaged in a plot.

**Conspirar, v. n.** to conspire, to agree together.

**Constancia, s. f.** constancy, stedfastness. In poetry, it is the keeping of the true measure of feet in every verse.

**Constante, adj.** constant, true, stedfast; also manifest, certain.

**Constantemente, adv.** constantly, stedfastly, also manifestly, and certainly.

**Constar, v. n.** to consist, to be composed of parts.—*Constar, v. imp.* to be certain, plain, evident.

**Constelación, s. f.** a constellation.

**Consternación, s. f.** surprise, consternation.

**Conferñar, v. n.** to surprise, to astonish, to put in fear.

**Constipación, s. f.** coming close together, a constipation, stoppage, obstruction by plenitude.

**Constipar, v. a.** to draw or press close together.

**Constitución, s. f.** constitution, ordinance, decree.

**Constitutivo, adj.** constituted, decreed, appointed.

**Constituidor, s. m.** one that constitutes or appoints.

**Constituente, s. m.** the person constituting or appointing.

**Constituir, v. a.** to constitute, ordain, decree, or appoint.

**Constreñimiento, s. m.** force, violence, compulsion.

**Constreñir, v. a.** to constrain, to compel, to force, to oblige.

**Constrictivo, adj.** binding-astringent.

**Construcción, s. f.** construction; building or erecting a fabric; composition of the parts of speech.

**Construir, v. a.** to construe; also to build, to erect.

**Construpar, v. a.** to ravish a woman.

**Consustancial, adj.** consubstantial.

**Consustancialidad, s. f.** consubstantiality.

**Consuegra, s. f.** the two mothers of a married couple are *consuegras*, that is, joint mothers, in-law.

**Consuegrar, v. a.** to marry a son and a daughter, and by that means become joint fathers and mothers-in-law; said of two parents.

**Consuegro, s. m.** when two fathers marry their children together, they are *consuegros*, that is, joint fathers-in-law.

**Consuelda, s. f.** the herb lark's-foot.—*Consuelda mayor*, the herb comfrey, knit-back, or backwort.

**Consuelo, s. m.** comfort.

**Consueta, s. m.** a prompter.

**Consuetas, s. m.** pl. memorandum.

**Consuetud, s. f.** custom, habit, habitual practice.

**Consuetudinário, adj.** used, accustomed.

**Consul, s. f.** consul.

**Consulado, s. m.** consulship.

**Consular, adj.** of or belonging to the consul; that has been consul.

**Consulta, s. f.** consultation, debate in council.

**Consultación, s. f.** consulting or debating in council.

**Consultante, s. m.** he that consults, or asks advice.

**Consultar, v. a.** to consult, to ask advice; to debate in council.

**Consultísimo, adj.** superl. very prudent, very wise.

**Consultivo, adj.** that has the faculty or power of advising.

**Consultor, s. m.** he that gives advice.

**Consumación, s. f.** consummation, ending, finishing; concluding.

**Consumadamente, adv.** consummately, perfectly.

**Consumador, s. m.** the person

wh. completes or finishes any thing.

Consumár, v. a. to consume, to finish, to perfect, to complete.

Consumativo, adj. that is finished, completed, perfected.

Consumidor, s. m. f. consumer, waster.

Consumir, v. a. to consume, to spend, to waste, to fall away. In the mass it signifies the priests receiving the blessed sacrament.—*Consumírse*, v. r. to consume, to afflict one's self.

Consúmo, s. m. consumption, the state of wasting or perishing.

Consumpción, s. f. consumption.

Consúno, adv. (obs.) jointly.

Contable, adj. that may be counted.

Contacto, s. m. contact, the touching one thing with another.

Contadéro, adj. that is to be told or counted; or a place to cast accounts, a counting house.

Contadór, s. m. an accomptant, an auditor; also a counter to play with, and a desk or escrutoire.

Contadorecito, s. m. diminutive of *contador*.

Contaduría, s. f. the office of a teller, or of an auditor.

Contagiár, v. a. to infect.

Contágio, s. m. infection, contagion.

Contagión, s. f. contagion, infection.

Contagioso, adj. contagious, infectious.

Contál de Cuentas, a set of counters to cast accounts with.

Con tal que, adv. so that, upon condition, or provided that.

Contaminación, s. f. pollution, infection.

Contaminadór, s. m. he that contaminates, defiles, or pollutes.

Contaminár, v. a. to contaminate, to defile, or pollute.—

*Contaminárse*, v. a. to become defiled, to become corrupted.

Contante, s. m. a counter.—

*Dinéro contante*, ready money.

*Le pagaré dinero contante*, I will pay you ready money.

Contantejo, s. m. a small sum

in ready money.

Contár, v. a. to count, to reckon, to tell, to cast accounts; also to relate, to report.—*Contár las vigas*, to tell the rafters; that is, to look up, as one does who will not see what is doing about him.—*De lo contado, come el gato*, (ref.) as much care as one may take, he will be always robbed.

Contecér, v. n. vide *Acontecer*.

Contemperár, v. a. to soften, mitigate, alleviate, appease.

Contemplación, s. f. contemplation.

Contempladór, s. m. one that is given to contemplate, or that studies to please another.

Contemplár, v. a. to contemplate, to behold, to meditate; also to please.

Contemplativo, adj. contemplative, given to contemplation.

Contemplatório, s. m. the place of contemplation.

Contemporáneo, adj. contemporary, of the same time.

Contemporizár, v. n. to conform one's self to the times.

Contemptible, adj. contemptible.

Contención, s. f. contention, strife, debate, contest.

Contenciosamente, adv. contentiously.

Contencioso, adj. contentious, given to strife.

Contendér, v. a. to contend, to strife, to debate, to be litigious.

Contendedór, s. m. one that contends, or is litigious.

Contendoso, adj. contentious, litigious.

Contenúencia, s. f. strife, contention; also falling back in dancing.

Contente, s. m. a civil, courteous, complaisant behaviour.

Contenér, v. a. to contain, to hold, to curb, to moderate.—

*Contenérse*, v. r. to be restrained, to moderate one's self.

Contenido, *da*, p. p. from *Contener*, or *Contenerse*.

Contenido, *da*, adj. moderated.

Conténta, s. f. the content of any thing.

Contentación, s. f. joy, contentment, satisfaction.

Contentadizo, adj. contented, satisfied, pleased.

Contentamiénto, s. m. contentment, satisfaction.

Contentár, v. a. to content, to satisfy, to please.—*Contentárse*,

v. r. to be contented, to be satisfied, to be pleased.

Conténto, s. m. contentment, satisfaction; also a receipt given on payment of money.—

*A conténto*, adv. to the satisfaction of.—*Ser de mal conténto*, to be hard to be pleased.—

*Contento*, adj. easy, content, pleased, satisfied.

Contéra, s. f. the small iron or silver cone they use to put at the end of a scabbard.—

*Echár la contera*, to finish, to make an end.—*Templar la contera*, to be frightened.

Contérmino, s. m. the borders, or confines.

Contreráneo, adj. of the same country.

Contéxto, s. m. contexture, disposition, order of any thing.

Contestación, s. f. taking to witness, proving by witness.

Contestár, v. a. to make out any thing by witnesses; also to agree.

Contéste, s. m. a witness declaring just the same as other witnesses have declared before.

Contestúra, } s. f. contexture,

Contextúra, } the disposition or ordering of things.

Contienda, s. f. strife, debate, combat, contention.—*Prov. Dios me dé contienda con quien me entienda*, God grant me to contend with those that understand me. Said when one has to do with people who will not hear reason.

Contigo, adv. with you.

Contiguamente, adv. nearly, contiguously.

Contiguo, adj. contiguous, that joins to, or touches another thing.

Continencia, s. f. continence, chastity, temperance.

Continente, adj. continent, chaste, temperate; also the gesture, the mien, and that which contains another thing.

Continentemente, adv. continually, chastely, temperately.

Contingencia, s. f. contingency, casualty.

Contingente, adj. carnal, con-



tingent, accidental.  
 Contingentemente, adv. by chance, accidentally.  
 Contingible, adj. that may chance, or happen.  
 Continuo, adj. continual.  
 Continuación, s. f. continuance.  
 Continuadamente, adv. continually.  
 Continuador, s. m. one who continues or perseveres.  
 Continuamente, adv. continually, perpetually.  
 Continuar, v. a. to continue, to lengthen.  
 Continuidad, s. f. continuity, uninterrupted length.  
 Continuo, adj. continual, perpetual.  
 Contoneár, v. a. to walk affectedly, or make conceited gestures, to move after a proud manner.—*Contonearse*, v. r. to move one's self affectedly.  
 Contoneo, s. m. a proud conceited mien or behaviour.  
 Contorno, s. m. neighbourhood, the country round about.  
 Contra, prep. against.  
 Contraarmños, s. m. colour contrary to the ermine; that is, black spotted with white. In blasonry.  
 Contraataque, s. m. an attack made on the side contrary to the expectation of the enemy.  
 Contrabajo, s. m. the voice called the alt in music.  
 Contrabandista, s. m. a smuggler.  
 Contrabando, s. m. contraband goods.  
 Contrabateria, s. f. a counter battery; a battery which plays upon another.  
 Contracambio, s. m. the loss which any person sustains by a second changing or bartering of goods; also a reciprocal or mutual recompence.  
 Contracción, s. f. contraction, drawing in a small or narrow compass.  
 Contracedula, s. f. a counter note, or that which makes void another.  
 Contraeífra, s. f. counter cypher, or that which is the key to another.  
 Contracosta, s. f. the opposite side of a river or canal.  
 Contrácto, s. m. contract, bargain, covenant.

Contraculto, s. m. who speaks without affectation.  
 Contrada, s. f. territory, province.  
 Contradanza, s. f. counter-dance.  
 Contradecidór, s. m. contradictor.  
 Contradecir, v. a. to contradict, to gainsay.  
 Contradicho, p. p. contradicted.  
 Contradicción, s. f. contradiction.  
 Contradictór, s. m. who contradicts.  
 Contradictório, adj. contradictory, inconsistent with.  
 Contradictoriamente, adv. oppositely, in contradiction.  
 Contradique, s. m. a counter-dyke.  
 Contraduelo, s. m. a breach or contradiction to the law of duels.  
 Contraescritura, s. f. an instrument of writing to reject a former writing.  
 Contrafoso, s. m. the avant-fosse or ditch of the counter-scarp.  
 Contrafuérte, s. m. a counterfort that covers another.  
 Contraguardár, v. n. to counter-guard.  
 Contraguardia, s. f. counter-guard.  
 Contrahacedór, s. m. a counterfeiter, a forger, one that imitates.  
 Contrahacér, v. a. to counterfeit, to imitate; to forge; also to act against.  
 Contrahacimiento, s. m. counterfeiting, imitating, forging.  
 Contrahécho, p. p. counterfeited, imitated, forged; misshapen, crooked, made the wrong way.  
 Contrahér, v. a. to contract, to bargain, to covenant.—*Contrahér deudas*, to run in debt.—*Contrahér matrimonio*, to marry.  
 Contrahiente, s. m. that contracts.  
 Contrahierba, s. f. alexipharmic, preservative against poison, antidote.  
 Contralór, s. m. a comptroller.  
 Contramaestre, s. m. the mate of a ship.  
 Contramandár, v. a. to countermand.

Contramarcha, s. f. counter march.  
 Contramarchár, v. n. to counter-march.  
 Contramezana, s. f. the foremost of a ship.  
 Contramina, s. f. a counter-mine, a mine sunk to find out the enemy's mine.  
 Contrañar, v. a. to counter-mine.  
 Contramuralla, s. f. a defence before the wall, a fausse-braye.  
 Contramuro, s. m. a low wall before the main wall of a fortress.  
 Contraorden, s. m. a counter order.  
 Contrapasár, v. n. to go over to the adverse party.  
 Contrapaso, s. m. a cross step in dancing.  
 Contrapelo, adv. against the hair or the grain.  
 Contrapesár, v. a. to counterpoise.  
 Contrapeso, s. m. counterpoise.  
 Contrapeste, s. m. a remedy against the plague.  
 Contraponedór, s. m. an opposer.  
 Contraponér, v. a. to oppose, to set against, to resist.  
 Contraposición, s. f. opposition, setting against, contrariety.  
 Contrapuesto, p. p. of *contraponér*.  
 Contrapugnár, v. a. to fight against, to oppose in battle.  
 Contrapunteár, v. a. to counterpoint.—*Contrapuntarse*, v. r. to be criticised on.  
 Contrapunto, s. m. a counterpoint, a pause, or a rest in music.  
 Contraquilla, s. f. a counter-keel of a ship.  
 Contrarrea, s. f. contradiction.  
 Contrarepáro, s. m. a counter-prop, holdfast, or stay.  
 Contrarestár, v. a. to stop, or stand, to make effectual opposition or resistance, to stand against.  
 Contrarresto, s. m. he who is so placed in playing at ball as to stop it.  
 Contrariador, s. m. one that opposes, resists, or contradicts.  
 Contrariamente, adv. contrarily, in opposition.

**Contrariar**, v. a. to oppose, resist, or contradict.

**Contrariedad**, s. f. contrariety, opposition, contradiction.

**Contrário**, adj. contrary, opposite. — **Contrario**, s. m. adversary, enemy.

**Contrarioso**, adj. contrary, opposite.

**Contrarónda**, s. f. a counter-round, when one goes one way, and the other comes another.

**Contrasearpa**, s. f. the counterscarp, covered-way.

**Contrasêno**, s. m. } a counter-

**Contrasênia**, s. f. } sign, a sign agreed on.

**Contrastable**, adj. that may be opposed, resisted, or repelled.

**Contrastador**, s. m. one that opposes, resists, repels, contends, or strives.

**Contrastar**, v. a. to oppose, to resist, to oppugn.

**Contraste**, s. m. contention, opposition, jarring; trouble, vexation; obstruction in business. — **Contraste**, s. m. an officer who weighs gold, silver, pearls, &c.

**Contrata**, s. f. contract, bargain.

**Contratación**, s. f. trade, commerce.

**Contratamiento**, s. m. a negotiation, transaction.

**Contratar**, v. a. to trade, to have dealings.

**Contratela**, s. f. a second enclosure made of spread canvass round a large piece of ground, in order to confine the wild boars in a hunting-match.

**Contratiempo**, s. m. misfortune, casualty, adversity.

**Contrato**, s. m. contract, bargain; also trade, commerce.

**Contrato**, s. m. (in cant.) butchers shambles.

**Contratrêta**, s. f. a counter-stratagem, counter-plot.

**Contravalación**, s. f. contravallation, a term used in fortification.

**Contravalar**, v. a. to cut a trench guarded with a parapet, round about a place, that the besiegers may stop the sallies of the garrison.

**Contravención**, s. f. contravention.

**Contraveneno**, s. m. antidote.

**Contravenir**, v. n. to oppose,

to withstand, to come against, to transgress.

**Contraventor**, s. m. he who breaks any order, a transgressor.

**Contravêros**, s. m. pl. in garments, it is an ornament so called.

**Contráy**, s. m. a sort of fine cloth made in Flanders.

**Contrêcho**, adj. mis-shapen, maimed, crippled.

**Contribución**, s. f. contribution.

**Contribuidor**, s. m. one that contributes, a contributor.

**Contribuir**, v. a. to contribute.

**Contrición**, s. f. contrition, penitence, sorrow for sins, repentance.

**Contristár**, v. a. to contristate, to trouble, to afflict.

**Contrito**, adj. contrite, penitent, sorrowful for his sins.

**Controversia**, s. f. controversy.

**Controversista**, s. m. one who holds or writes controversies.

**Controverso**, adj. controverted.

**Controvertir**, v. n. to controvert, to hold controversies.

**Contubérnio**, s. m. a company of soldiers that lodge in the same hut, or that are billeted and quartered together; familiarity, company, fellowship in one house; marriage with a servant, or of servants one with another.

**Contumácia**, s. f. contumacy, obstinacy, wilfulness, stubbornness.

**Contumáz**, adj. one-term, obstinate, wilful, stubborn; headstrong.

**Contumazmente**, adv. obstinately, wilfully, stubbornly.

**Contumélia**, s. f. contumely, reproach, slander.

**Contumeliosamente**, adv. reproachfully, injuriously.

**Contumeliôso**, adj. contumelious, reproachful, slanderous.

**Conturbación**, s. f. conturbation, trouble, disquiet, perplexity.

**Conturbador**, s. m. a troublesome person, a disturber of others.

**Conturbamiento**, s. m. trouble, perplexity, vexation, anxiety, disquiet.

**Conturbár**, v. a. to trouble, to disturb, or perplex.

**Conturbón**, adj. (obs.) turbulent, violent, that puts or throws every thing into disorder.

**Contusión**, s. f. a contusion, or swelling which proceeds from a blow when no blood is drawn.

**Convalecência**, s. f. recovery of health, and strength; also a place where persons upon recovery are sent to improve their health, apart from hospitals.

**Convalecêr**, v. n. to recover health, to grow strong after sickness.

**Convaleciente**, s. m. one that is upon recovery or gathering strength after a fit of sickness.

**Convalecimientô**, s. m. recovery of health or strength after sickness.

**Convecino**, adj. neighbouring, near.

**Convelêrse**, v. r. to be moved, to be irritated, raised up in a passion.

**Convencedôr**, s. m. who convinces.

**Convencêr**, v. a. to convince.

**Convención**, s. f. bargain, agreement, covenant.

**Convencional**, adj. of, or belonging to a contract or agreement.

**Convencência**, s. f. agreement, unity.

**Convenible**, adj. agreeable, expedient, fit; easy to be contented.

**Conveniblemente**, adv. agreeably, conveniently, contentedly.

**Conveniência**, s. f. convenience, expediency.

**Conveniente**, adj. convenient, expedient.

**Convenientemente**, adv. conveniently.

**Convênio**, s. m. agreement, contract, convention.

**Convenir**, v. a. to be convenient, expedient, fit, or proper; also to come together, to meet, to agree in opinion; also to cite or summon to appear. — *Convenir a uno en juicio*, to summon a man to appear in court. — *No conviene*, it is not convenient, or proper, to be done. — *No convienen entre sí*, they do not agree among themselves. — *Conviene que se haga*, it is expedient it be done.



**Conventículo, s. m.** a conventicle, a small meeting, always taken in an ill sense.

**Conventillo, s. m.** a little convent for women who have been prostitutes, but design to repent and retire to a convent.

**Convento, s. m.** a convent, a monastery, a religious-house, a meeting-place; also an agreement, a compact.

**Conventual, adj.** belonging to the convent.—*Conventual, s. m.* the friar or monk living in any particular convent.

**Conventualmente, adv.** after the manner of a convent, or by the authority of a convent.

**Convergente, s. m.** a converging or meeting of the rays of light in a point.

**Conversable, adj.** sociable, affable, fit to converse with.

**Conversación, s. f.** conversation, society, discourse.

**Conversar, v. n.** to discourse, to talk together, to keep company.

**Conversión, s. f.** conversion.

**Conversivo, adj.** converted, changed.

**Converso, adj.** converted.

**Convertible, adj.** convertible, that may be changed.

**Convertida, s. f.** a woman that has lived lewdly, and is retired to lead a religious life.

**Convertidor, s. m.** one that converts others.

**Convertidura, s. f.** } a con-

**Convertimiento, s. m.** } verting.

**Convertir, v. a.** to convert, to change, to alter.

**Convexo, adj.** convex, the contrary to concave.

**Convéz, s. m.** the deck of a ship.

**Convicio, s. m.** reproach, scandal, injury, affront.

**Convictorio, s. m.** a place so called by the Jesuits, where the scholars reside, at some distance from the college.

**Victorista, s. m.** the scholar who lives in the *convictorio*.

**Convidador, s. m.** who invites another.

**Convidar, v. a.** vide *Combi-*  
*dar*.—*No tiene que comer, y*  
*convida huéspedes*, (ref.) he  
is as poor as a rat, and yet  
invites people to his house,

that he may show his vanity.

**Convience, v. imp.** it behoves, it is requisite or convenient.

**Convinciente, adj.** that convinces.

**Convite, s. m.** vide *Combite*.

**Convocación, s. f.** convocation, calling together.

**Convocador, s. m.** one that calls together.

**Convocar, v. a.** to call together.

**Convocatoria, s. f.** a letter of invitation or summons.

**Convolar, v. a.** to fly and flock together, to hasten to a place.

**Convoy, s. m.** a convoy.

**Convoyar, v. a.** to convoy, or guard in safety.

**Convulsión, s. f.** a convulsion.

**Convulsivo, adj.** belonging to a convulsion.

**Convusco, adj.** (obs.) with you; used only by peasants.

**Conusco, adj.** (obs.) with us; used by peasants.

**Conyector, s. m.** a conjecturer, one who guesses.

**Conyectura, s. f.** a conjecture, a guess.

**Cooperación, s. f.** co-operation.

**Cooperador, s. m.** one who co-operates or helps with another.

**Cooperar, v. n.** to co-operate, to help or assist with others.

**Cooperario, s. m.** co-operator.

**Coordinación, s. f.** co ordination.

**Coordinar, v. a.** to place in order, to dispose regularly.

**Cópa, s. f.** a cup, a goblet, a bowl to drink out of; also the hearts at cards.—*Cópa de sombrero*, the crown of a hat.—*Cópa de árbol*, the round head of a tree that grows or is cut round.—*Cópa de broquel*, the middle of the buckler.—*Cópa de una piedra*, the collet of a ring, in which the stone is set.

**Cópada, s. f.** vide *Cogujada*.

**Cópado, adj.** any thing that has a round head, like a cup.

**Cópál, s. m.** a transparent resin so called.

**Cópáno, s. m.** a little boat.

**Cópáyva, s. f.** *azeite de Copáyva*, a balsam so called.

**Copéla, s. f.** a little cup; a crucible.

**Copelar, v. a.** vide *Cenlar*.

**Copellán, s. m.** vide *Copela*.

**Copéra, s. m.** a place to set cups and glasses.

**Caperillo, s. m.** diminutive of *copero*.

**Copéro, s. m.** a cup-bearer.

**Copete, s. m.** the forelock on the forehead; a foretop.—*Copete de caballo*, the lock of hair that hangs on a horse's forehead.—*Primero que lo alcance le sudará el copete*, his foretop will sweat before he gets it.—*Asir, ó coger la ocasión por el copete*, f. to profit one's self of the opportunity.—*Hombre de copete*, s. a man of great reputation; a worthy one.

**Copetudo, adj.** boasting of birth or nobility.

**Copéy, s. m.** a bitumen, which serves as well as tar for a ship.—*Copéy*, a tree so called.

**Cópia, s. f.** a copy; also abundance, plenty.—*Hacer cópia de si*, to give access, to receive company; in a woman it is taken in an ill-sense.

**Copiadór, s. m.** one who copies any thing.

**Copiar, v. a.** to copy.

**Cópica, s. f.** diminutive of *cópa*.

**Copilación, s. f.** abridgement, extract.

**Copilador, s. m.** one who gathers or collects.

**Copilar, v. a.** to compile, to gather, to collect.

**Copilla, s. f.** a little cup; also a crucible.

**Copiosamente, adv.** copiously, plentifully, abundantly.

**Copiosidad, s. f.** abundance, plenty, copiousness.

**Copioso, adj.** copious, plentiful, abundant.

**Copista, s. m.** one that copies writings, a copier.

**Cópla, s. f.** a batch, a song, a stanza.

**Coplear, v. n.** to versify, to make songs.

**Coplero, s. m.** one who makes songs.

**Copilla, s. f.** diminutive of *cópla*.

**Coplista, s. m.** who makes verses or couplets, taken in a bad sense.

**Coplón**, s. m. a bad, low, vulgar, or witless copla or stanza.

**Cópo**, s. m. a tuft, distaff full of silk, cotton, hemp, or flax ready for spinning; also a flake of snow, and a gin to catch birds; a great pie containing all sorts of meat, as pullets, pigeons, partridges, beef, mutton, bacon, &c.

**Copón**, s. m. any tall upright vessel to drink out of.—*Copón de cuero*, a leather jack.

**Coposo**, adj. full headed, as a tree, or full heaped measure.

**Copredera**, s. f. a cover for a cup or the like.

**Cópula**, s. f. the joining together of any two things, copulation; also a stone in an arch called the key-stone, which finishes and holds together all the work; also a cupola, a dome, an hemispherical concave representing the heavens, and admitting the light at top.

**Copulativamente**, adv. in conjunction, jointly.

**Copulativo**, adj. copulative, that joins together.

**Coquillo**, s. m. a little worm; also a little cocoa-nut.

**Coquina**, s. f. vide *Almeja*.

**Corácha**, s. f. a sack made of bull's or cow's hide.

**Coracilla**, { s. f. diminutive of  
Coracina, { *coráza*.

**Coraçoncillo**, s. m. a little heart; also the herb called yarrow, or milfoil.

**Coráda**, s. f. the pluck or entrails of a beast.

**Coradéla**, s. f. idem.

**Coráge**, s. m. courage; rage, excess of passion.

**Corajosamente**, adv. furiously, passionately, outrageously.

**Corajoso**, adj. vide *Corajudo*.

**Corajudo**, adj. violent, passionate, furious, outrageous.

**Corál**, s. m. coral, a plant growing in the sea.—*Fino como un corál*, as fine as coral; said of an arch roguish boy.—*Juégó de maestre corál*, juggling trick.—*Cabos de corál*, hafts of knives made of coral.

**Coraládo**, adj. of a coral-colour, or adorned with coral.

**Coralina**, s. f. a sea-plant so called.

**Corámbre**, s. f. a dicker of leather.

**Corambréro**, s. m. the person who deals with *corámbre*.

**Coramvóbis**, s. m. a man's presence.

**Coráza**, s. f. a coat of mail, a cuirass, a breast-plate.—*Tentar a uno las corazas*, to feel whether a man has his armour on; to make trial of his courage, to try his mettle.

**Corazina**, s. m. a small cuirass.

**Coraznáda**, s. f. the internal part or heart of a pine-tree.

**Corazón**, s. m. heart, courage; the centre of any thing.—*Corazón de árbol*, the pith of a tree.—*Corazón del mar*, the depth of the sea.—*Corazón de invierno*, the depth of winter.

—*Llevar, ó tener el corazón en las manos*, to have one's heart in the hand, or to be very sincere.—*Hablar de corazón*, to speak affectionately, or sincerely.—*El corazón me da tal cosa*, my heart tells me such a thing.—*Hombre de corazón*, a man of courage.—*Mal de corazón*, the falling sickness.

**Corazonáda**, s. f. the palpitation or beating of the heart.

**Corazonázo**, augm. of *corazón*.

**Corbacháda**, s. f. a blow given with the *corbacho*.

**Corbácho**, s. m. a wand or bull's pizzle, the boatswain of a galley strikes the galley-slaves with.

**Corbás**, s. f. pl. small feathers in the hawk's wings.

**Corbáta**, s. f. a cravat.

**Corbatín**, s. m. stock, a close neck-cloth.

**Corbéta**, s. f. vide *Corveta*.

**Corcéi**, s. m. a courser, a fine horse.

**Corchéa**, s. f. a note in music called a crochet.

**Corchéra**, s. f. a vessel made to keep ice, in, to cool wine.

**Corchéta**, s. f. that kind of small ring made of wire, to which the hook called *corchete* is fastened.

**Corchetáda**, s. f. a band of thief-catchers.

**Corchéte**, s. m. a hook, such as is used about the cloaths; also a catchpole or serjeant to apprehend people.

**Córcho**, s. m. cork.—Prov. *Andar como el córcho, sobre el agua*, to float like a cork upon water; not to be settled to any thing, to saunter idly about.—*Hundir el córcho*, to

sink the cork; to be in danger of being taken or surprised.—*Nadar sin córcho*, to swim without cork, to stand in no need of the assistance of another.—*No tener mudas de córcho*, f. (fam. and metaph.) not easy to be deceived.—*Tener cara de córcho*, not to be ashamed.

**Corcillo**, s. m. a little roebuck, a fawn.

**Corcóva**, s. f. a hunch in the back, crookedness.

**Corcovádo**, adj. hunch-backed.

**Corcogár**, v. a. to crook, to bow, to make crooked.

**Corcóvear**, v. n. to curvet or prance as a horse does.

**Corcóvo**, s. m. pl. the plunging of a horse.

**Cordaje**, s. m. vide *Xarcia*.

**Cordál**, adj. hindermost.—*Muela cordál*, the hindermost tooth.

**Cordél**, s. m. a rope, a halter, a string.—*Apretar los cordéles*, to draw the ropes straiter; that is, to wind up the rack and make a criminal confess; thence, applied to signify the pressing a man hard to discover a secret, or to do any other thing against his inclination.—*Echar el cordel*, f. (metaph. and fam.) to prepare the means to execute any undertaking.—*Echir el cordel*, to do impartial justice.

**Cordeléjo**, s. m. a small cord or rope.—*Dar cordeléjo*, to rack, to vex, to torment.

**Cordelillo**, s. m. diminutive of *cordel*.

**Cordelláte**, s. m. a sort of coarse cloth that has the threads like pack-thread.

**Cordéra**, s. f. a ewe-lamb.

**Corderia**, s. f. cording, a place where cords are made or sold; also a parcel of lambs.

**Cordérico**, { s. m. a little lamb.

**Corderillo**, {

**Cordéro**, s. m. a lamb.

**Cordeuêlo**, s. m. a little lamb.

**Corderána**, s. f. a lamb-skin.

**Corderano**, adj. belonging or pertaining to lambs.

**Cordezuêlo**, s. f. a little rope or cord.

**Cordíaco**, *mórbo*, a pain in the heart.

**Cordíal**, adj. cordial.

**Cordialmente**, adv. cordially.

**Cordilla**, s. f. part of the intestines of sheep, given to cats for food.



**Cordillera**, s. f. a long range of mountains.  
**Cordobán**, s. m. vide **Cordovan**.  
**Cordójo**, s. m. (obs.) trouble, sorrow, grief.  
**Cordón**, s. m. the lace such as women use to their stays; any silk rope, twist, braid, or lace; also a friars rope; the ridge in a wall that sticks out beyond the rest. In fortification, a line, or intrenchment before a town or camp.  
**Cordonáda**, s. f. a stroke with a rope.  
**Cordonádo**, adj. corded, laced.  
**Cordonázo**, s. m. a stroke or lash with a cord; also a great cord or lace.  
**Cordoncillo**, } s. m. a little cord,  
**Cordoncico**, } braid, or lace;  
 in fortification, a small entrenchment.  
**Cordonería**, s. f. the place where lace is made or sold.  
**Cordonéro**, s. m. one that makes silk cords, twists, or laces.  
**Cordobán**, } s. m. cordovan,  
**Cordován**, } Spanish leather, goats leather.—*Andar a la cordovana*, to go naked.  
**Cordúla**, s. f. vide **Cordylo**.  
**Cordura**, s. f. discretion, steadfastness, gravity, wisdom.  
**Cordyla** s. f. a young-tunny-fish.  
**Cordýlo**, s. m. a beast like a crocodile.  
**Corechaménte**, adv. straight, clearly, fluently, in a fluent manner.  
**Corecho**, adj. straight, clear, without any hindrance, fluent.  
**Corecico**, s. m. diminutive of *cuero*.  
**Cori**, s. m. St. John's wort, or ground-pine.  
**Corista**, s. m. a chorister, one that sings in the choir.  
**Corinthio**, adj. of, or belonging to Corinth.  
**Corito**, a name they give to the people of the mountains of Old-Castile, Asturias, and the parts adjoining.  
**Corladúra**, s. f. sort of gold-lacker.  
**Córma**, s. f. a log of wood, such as they put to beasts feet, or to boys.  
**Cormáno**, s. m. a brother of a different father and mother.  
**Cornáca**, s. m. he that governs an elephant.  
**Cornáda**, s. f. a push or punch with a beast's horn.

**Cornadillo**, s. m. a very small piece of money.  
**Cornádo**, s. m. a very small piece of money anciently used.  
**Cornaménta**, s. f. the horn put to any thing as tipping, edging, or pointing.  
**Cornamúsa**, s. f. a cornamuse, a horn-pipe, a bag-pipe.  
**Cornamúza**, s. f. one of the timbers in a ship so called.  
**Cornarina**, s. f. the cornelion's one.  
**Corneá**, s. f. one of the coats of the eye.  
**Corneador**, s. m. a beast that butts or tosses with the horns.  
**Corneamiénte**, s. m. sounding a horn; butting with horns.  
**Corneár**, v. n. to horn, to butt with the horns, to blow a horn; also to cuckold.  
**Cornécico**, s. m. diminutive of *cuerno*.  
**Cornéja**, s. f. a daw, a rook.  
**Cornejál**, s. m. the corner or angle of any thing.  
**Cornéjo**, s. m. the wild cherry-tree.  
**Cornerina**, s. f. the cornelion-stone.  
**Cornéta**, s. f. cornet, the wind instrument so called; also the standard or cornet of a troop of horse.  
**Cornética**, s. f. a little cornet.  
**Cornezuélo**, s. m. a little horn or bugle.  
**Corniábura**, s. f. the turpentine-tree; also small olives so called.  
**Corniculário**, s. m. an officer or clerk under the tribunes, a cornet of horse, a trooper in the wing of an army, a brigadier.  
**Corniculáta**, adj. belonging to the new moon.  
**Cornifero**, adj. that wears or carries horns.  
**Cornifórme**, adj. an epithet given to the comet when its tail appears crooked.  
**Cornígero**, adj. vide **Cornifero**.  
**Cornija**, s. f. a cornice, either in masons' or in joiners' work.  
**Cornijal**, s. m. a sharp angle or cornel in a building or other thing.  
**Cornijaménte**, s. m. vide **Cornisamento**.  
**Cornijón**, s. m. that part of the edifice which comprises the architrave, freese, and cornice, and leans over columns.

**Cornisa**, s. f. vide **Cornija**.  
**Cornisamento**, s. m. the cornice in masons' or joiners work.  
**Cornízo**, s. m. vide **Cornejo**.  
**Cornizólas**, s. f. pl. haws or haw-berries.  
**Cornucópia**, s. f. cornucopia, an emblem of plenty.  
**Cornudador**, s. m. a cuckold-maker.  
**Cornudár**, v. a. to make a cuckold.  
**Cornudería**, s. f. cuckoldom.  
**Cornúdo**, adj. horned, cuckolded; also a sort of fish.—*Cornudo es el ultimo que lo sabe*, f. the cuckolded is the last that knows it.  
**Coro**, s. m. choir.—*Coro*, s. m. the wind which blows from the place where the sun sets.—*De círo*, by heart.—*Andese la pas por el coro*, f. not to meddle with other people's business.  
**Corócha**, s. f. a tunic or loose coat to be worn over the vest or doublet; a woman's gown, petticoat or mantle.  
**Corografía**, s. f. the description of a particular place.  
**Corógrafo**, s. m. he who describes any particular place.  
**Corolário**, s. m. a corollary.  
**Coróna**, s. f. crown, garland, the crown of the head; also an ancient gold coin.—*Coróna da luna*, the circle that appears sometimes about the moon.—*Coróna de rey*, the herb melilot.—*Coróna de religiôso*, the crown that is shaved on a religious man's head.—*Coróna civica*, a garland of oak given to him that saved a citizen.—*Coróna*, in architecture, is the last considerable member in the entablature.  
**Coronacón**, s. f. a coronation.  
**Coronador**, s. m. one that crowns another.  
**Coronamiento**, s. m. a crowning.  
**Coronár**, v. a. to crown.—*Coronar la muralla*, to crown the walls of a city; that is, to place many soldiers round upon them.  
**Coronária**, s. f. the name of an artery, and also of a vein of the heart.  
**Coronário**, adj. belonging to purified gold.  
**Corandél**, s. m. the partition wherewith the kerne of a wall

nut is divided, or the division of columns made by printers.

Coronel, s. m. colonel, a nobleman's coronet.

Coronéla, s. f. colonelship, the office or post of a colonel.

Corónica, s. f. a chronicle.

Corónica, } s. f. a little crown

Coronilla, } or garland.—*Coronilla de la cabeza*, the crown of the head.—*Coronilla hierba*, the blue bottle herb and flower.—*Coronillo, de monte*, the top of a mountain.—*Coronilla de edificio*, the top of a structure.

Coronista, s. m. an historiographer.

Coronita, s. a. a little crown.

Coróza, s. f. a painted cap like a mitre, made of pasteboard, set on the head of a bawd, carried about the streets on an ass, either to be whipped, or only exposed to public shame.

Corozár, v. a. to put on a coróza.

Corpanchón, } s. m. a great

Corpánzo, } body.

Corpázo, s. m. a great body.

Corpécito, s. m. a diminutive of *cuerpo*.

Corpezuélo, s. m. a doublet or waistcoat without sleeves.

Corpiñéjo, s. m. diminutive of *corpiño*.

Corpiño, s. m. a little doublet or waistcoat worn by women.

Corporal, adj. corporal, belonging to the body. Subst. used, the linen cloth on which the sacrament is laid.

Corporalidad, s. f. corporality.

Corporalmente, adv. bodily, corporally.

Corporéio, adj. corporeal, that has a body.

Corps, s. m. the same as *cuerpo*, used in speaking of some employments near the person of the king.

Corpúdo, adj. corpulent, of great bulk.

Corpulencia, s. f. corpulence, bulkiness.

Corpulento, adj. corpulent, big of body.

Corpuscular, adj. corpuscular, relating to bodies comprising bodies, treating of corpuscular atoms.

Corpúculo, s. m. corpuscle, little body, atom.

Corragero, s. m. a harness-maker.

Corral, s. m. a yard, a court,

the backside of a house, any piece of ground next a house.

Corraléio, s. m. one who breeds or sells fowls, a biggler.

Corralillo, s. m. a little court or yard, or backside to a house.

Corrámbre, s. m. vide *Corambré*.

Corréa, s. f. leather strap, thong.

—*Tener una corréa*, is to be patient or pliable like a thong.

—*Besar á uno la corréa*, to be obliged to be humble to any one.—*Hacer corréa el licor*, to grow rosy.—*Del cuero salen las corréas*, thongs come out of the hide; that is, the parts come from the whole.

Correáge, s. f. straps, thongs, harness.

Corrección, s. f. punishment, correction, reproof.

Correctamente, adv. correctly, with exactness, with accuracy.

Correctivo, s. m. what is good to moderate any disorder.—*Correctivo, en*, adj. in medicine, to soften, to moderate any complaint.

Corrécto, adj. correct, free from error or mistake.

Corrector, s. m. corrector.

Corredéntor, s. m. the person who with another helps a third.

Corredéra, s. f. a place for horses to run; a woman that runs about with things to sell, as old cloaths, or the like. At sea, a log line.—*Corredéra*, s. f. the upper stone of any mill.

Corredizo, adj. apt to slip or run.

Corredór, s. m. a gallery; a curtain; a broker; any sort of runner. In a military sense, one that goes out to discover or to scour the country, (In cant,) a catchpole.—*Corredór de lonja*, an exchange-broker.—*Corredór de ferias*, a broker who drives bargains at fairs.—*Corredór de oreja*, (metaph.) a pimp.

Corredoreillo, s. m. diminutive of *corredór*.

Corredúra, s. f. warlike incursions.

Corredúria, s. f. running about; also brokerage.—*Salir a correderías*, to go out in parties to scour the country.

Corregibilidad, s. f. docility, ap'ness to be taught.

Corregible, adj. that may be corrected or mended.

Corregidór, s. m. a corrector; the chief civil magistrate in every city or town of note.

Corregidora, s. f. the chief magistrate's wife.—*Corregidora de asyeto*, s. f. a cant word for a chamber-maid.

Corregimiento, s. m. the office or dignity of a *corregidór*.

Corregir, v. a. to correct, to amend, to punish, to chastise.

Correguêla, s. f. bloodwort.—*Correguêla*, s. f. diminutive of *correa*, a little leather strap or thong.—*Correguêla mayor*, the the great bind-weed, or rope-weed.—*Correguêla mocho*, the water-willow.—*El juego, de la correguêla, catala dentro, catala fuera*, applied to inconstant and changeable people.

Correlación, s. f. comparison, similitude.

Correlativo, } adj. related to,

Correlato, } adj. related to,

Corréncia, s. f. flux, looseness.

Correndilla, s. f. a place to run horses.

Correntón, s. m. the person that takes a joke without being offended at it.

Corréo, s. m. a post, a letter-carrier; also the post-office.

Correón, s. m. a great leather strap or thong.

Correoso, adj. any thing that stretches like a leather thong; rosy, tough.

Correr, v. n. to run; to flow like liquor; to put one out of countenance; to bait.—*Correr a las parejas*, to run hand in hand.—*Correr sortija*, to run at the ring.—*Correr toros*, to ride at the bulls, as they do in Spain with spears and on horse-back.—*Huyr a todo correr*, to fly upon a full speed.—*Correr la pista*, to ride post.—*Correr la pila*, to run a race.—*Correr riesgo*, to run a hazard.—*Correr tal viento*, to blow.—*Correr el sangre*, to bleed.—*Correr la moneda*, to be current.—*Correrse*, v. r. to be out of countenance.

Correria, s. f. a running; excursion of soldiers.

Corrésca, s. f. weapon like a halbert.

Correspondencia, s. f. correspondence; return for kindness; uniformity.

Correspondiente, adj. corres-



- pendent; that answers to; unform to.
- Correspondèr, v. a. to keep correspondence; to make a return for a kindness received; to be uniform with.—*Correspondèrse*, v. r. to hold a correspondence one with another.
- Corresponsál, s. m. correspondent, he who corresponds with another.
- Corretàge, s. m. running about; also brokerage.
- Corretór, s. m. a corrector.
- Correvedile, s. m. the person who carries news to make a disturbance; also a pimp.
- Corrida, s. f. a run; also putting any thing out of countenance.—*De corrida*, hastily, running.
- Corridaménte, adv. currently.
- Corridica, s. f. diminutive of *corrida*.
- Corrido, adj. ashamed, out of countenance.
- Corriente, s. m. a current; a small brook; a channel; the current of a river, or of the the sea.—*Corriente*, adj. running.—*Monèda corriente*, current coin.—*Monèda, corriente*, a thing that passes without contradiction, generally received.—*Irse tras la corriente*, to run along with the stream.
- Corrienteménte, adv. plainly, expeditiously.
- Corrillero, s. m. one who goes from one company to another to talk.
- Corrillo, s. m. a knot of people, a company standing in a ring to talk.
- Corriola, s. f. knot-grass, swine's grass; also the greater bindweed or rope-weed.
- Corrimiento, s. m. a running; also a putting out of countenance.
- Corrincho, s. m. (in cant,) a court or yard; also a company of mean people.
- Corrivación, s. f. the running of waters together in one stream.
- Córró, s. m. a knot of people; a company standing in a ring to talk; also a place to bait bulls.
- Corroboracion, s. f. corroboration, strengthening.
- Corroborár, v. a. to corroborate, to strengthen.
- Corróbra, s. f. a reward given to a broker or match-maker.
- Corroér, v. a. to gnaw.
- Corrolário, s. m. vide Corolario.
- Corrompedór s. m. a corrupter; a briber.
- Corrompér, v. a. to spoil, to putrify, to corrupt, to bribe.—*Corrompér los jueces*, to bribe judges.—*Corrompér las letras*, to forge letters.—*Corromper una doncella*, to debauch a maid.—*Corrompèrse*, v. r. to decay, to spoil.
- Corroimpidaménte, adv. viciously, corruptly.
- Corrompimiento, s. m. corrupting, spoiling; also bribing.
- Corrosible, adj. corrosible, susceptible of gradual destruction by corrosion.
- Corrosibilidad, f. s. corrosibility, possibility to be consumed by a menstruum.
- Corrosión, s. f. a gnawing.
- Corrosivo, adj. corrosive.
- Corruca, s. f. the bird that hatches the cuckoo's eggs; a cuckold.
- Corrugación, s. f. wrinkling, contraction into wrinkles.
- Corrúgo, s. m. an ewer to wash hands.
- Corrúlla, s. f. in galleys a particular room so called under the deck.
- Corrumpir, v. a. to corrupt, to defile, to debauch; to bribe.
- Corrupeción, s. f. corruption, putrefaction, rottenness; bribery.
- Corruptaménte, adv. corruptly, viciously.
- Corruptéla, s. f. for bribery; corruption.
- Corruptibilidad, s. f. corruptibility.
- Corruptible, adj. corruptible; that may be bribed.
- Corruptivo, adj. that can be corrupted.
- Corrúpto, adj. corrupted, bribed, rotten, decayed, spoiled.
- Corruptór, s. m. corruptor.
- Córsa, s. f. a race, a course; a sailing of ships.
- Córsia, s. f. the deck of a ship. In a galley, the gang-way; also the great gun on the prow.
- Córsó, s. m. privateering, piracy.—*Andár á corso*, to be out a pirating or privateering.
- Córtá, s. f. the selling of timber for building; also a provision of timber-wood for use and service in war; timber-work.
- Cortabólsas, s. m. a cut-purse.
- Cortadéro, s. m. a cutting-room; a place where people rail and backbite.
- Cortadillo, s. m. (in cant,) a cheat at cards.
- Cortadór, s. m. a cutter; generally taken for a butcher.—*Espada cortadóra*, a sharp cutting sword.
- Cortadúra, s. f. a cut, a jag.—*Cortaduras* open works with flowers, or figures.
- Cortañéro, s. m. a blacksmith's instrument.
- Cortaménte, adv. shortly, quickly.
- Cortamiento, s. m. the act of cutting.
- Cortante, adj. cutting.
- Cortáo, s. m. a military engine formerly used to batter the walls of besieged towns.
- Cortapicos y Callarés, a phrase used to children, meaning that they prattle too much, and ask too many impertinent questions.
- Cortapiés, s. m. a cut upon the legs with a sword.
- Cortapisa, s. f. a border about the skirt of a garment.
- Cortaplumas, s. m. a pen-knife.
- Cortár, v. a. to cut.—*Cortár largo*, a sea-term; to sail away large.—*Cortár mas a la mar*, to stand out to sea.—*Cortár el hilo*, to stop proceedings, to interrupt.—*Cortár a uno de vestir*, to cut out a suit of cloaths; to speak ill of a man.—*Cortarse*, v. r. to be daunted, or surprised, to be in a consternation; also to fall into a swoon.—*Cortarse el esclavo*, to contract with one's master for so much a day, to be at liberty to work for oneself, and earn what one can.
- Córté, s. m. the edge of a cutting instrument; also the terms of composition of a difference; the quantity of stuff necessary to make a garment; also a yard.—*Orte*, s. f. the court of a prince, the place where the prince resides, the palace; also the retinue of a prince; and the art of pleasing.—*Hacer córté*, to flatter, to court, to endeavour to please.

**Cortecica**, } s. f. the bark of  
**Cortecilla**, } a tree, a small bit  
 of bread.

**Cortedá**, s. f. shortness, brevity; niggardliness, bashfulness.

**Corteja**, s. f. retinue, attendance, courtship.

**Cortejador**, s. m. one who courts, attends, or waits upon another; a courtier.

**Cortejár**, v. a. to court, to attend, to wait upon; also to woo, to solicit a woman, to flatter.

**Cortéjo**, s. m. courtship, flattery; also a present, a little gift; also a sweet-heart.

**Cortés**, s. f. the assembly of the states of Spain.—**Cortés**, adj. courteous, civil.

**Cortésana**, s. f. a female courtier; in an ill sense, a lewd woman, a prostitute, a woman of the town.

**Cortesanamente**, adv. courteously, civilly, after the court manner.

**Cortesia**, s. f. courtliness, civility, courtesy.

**Cortésano**, adj. courteous, civil, well-bred.—**Letra cortésana**, a very small writing.

**Cortésia**, s. f. civility, courtesy, good manners; also a bow, a curtesy.

**Cortosamente**, adv. civilly, courteously.

**Cortéza**, s. f. the bark of a tree; a crust of bread; the rind of of any thing; the surface of any thing. In architecture, the shell or two faces of a wall filled in the middle with small stones or rubbish.—**Cortézas**, pl. in cant, gloves.

**Cortezón**, s. m. a great crust or bark.

**Cortezúdo**, adj. that has a great bark.

**Cortidura**, s. f. vide **Curtidura**.

**Cortijo**, s. m. a farm, a country-house, a hut, a cabin; also a field of arable land. (In cant,) a bawdy-house.

**Cortina**, s. f. curtain. In fortification, a curtain, the part of the wall or rampart that runs from one bastion to another.

**Cortinaje**, s. m. a set of curtains.

**Cortinal**, s. m. a piece of ground not far from a town or village.

**Corto**, adj. short, scanty; bash-

ful, niggardly; fearful; covetous.—**Corto de entendimiento**, half-witted.—**Corto de razones**, brief in words.—**Corto de corazón**, cow-hearted.—**Corto de vista**, short of sight.—**A la corta o a la larga**, soon or late.

**Cortón**, s. m. a worm that breeds in plants.

**Contráyes**, s. m. pl. linen made at Courtray in Flanders.

**Coruscante**, adj. shining, bright, glittering.

**Corusco**, adj. shining, glittering.

**Coruja**, s. f. a howlet.

**Corullero**, s. m. a galley-slave.

**Corva**, s. f. the hain.—**Córoas**, pl. in falconry, the feathers in a hawk's wings next to the principal feathers called flags.

**Corvadura**, s. f. the place where any thing bows or bends.

**Corvár**, v. a. to bow, to bend to make crooked.

**Corvata**, s. f. a cravat.

**Corvato**, s. f. a young crow.

**Covecito**, s. m. diminutive of **cuevro**.

**Corvejon**, s. m. the joint which bows the foot of any beast.

**Corveña rasa**, the plain ground.

**Corveta**, s. f. the curvet or curvetting of a horse.

**Corvillo**, s. m. a little cow, diminutive of **cuevro**.—**Miercoles corvillo**, Ash-Wednesday.

**Corvina**, s. f. a sort of sea-fish.

**Córvo**, adj. crooked.

**Corvura**, s. f. crookedness.

**Coryphéo**, s. m. a head, or chief.

**Córza**, s. f. } a roebuck.

**Córzo**, s. m. }

**Corzuelo**, s. m. diminutive of **corzo**; also the wheat, that, having not been beat out of the husk, falls short of the unhusked, and thrown with the winnow.

**Cósa**, s. f. a thing.

**Cósa cosa**, } s. f. a riddle, such

**Cósi cosa**, } as children learn to puzzle one another.—**No vale cosa**, it is worth nothing.

—**No es cosa**, it is no matter of moment, it is not proper.

—**No hay cosa con cosa**, all is in confusion, out of order.

Prov. **Tres cosas secan al hombre de tino**; **muger náyepes**, y **rino**, three things put a man beside himself; a woman, cards and wine.—**Cosa fuerte**, a very hard thing.—**Es una cosa rara**, it is a wonderful

thing.—**No hay tal cosa**, f. there is no such thing.

**Cósca**, s. f. (obs.) the head.

**Coscogita**, s. f. vide **Coscojita**.

**Coscoja**, s. f. } a small sort of

**Coscojo**, s. m. } oak, on which the scarlet-dye grows, used before cochineal came from the West Indies; also the dry prickly leaves of the oak; and the prickly wheels put to the bridles, to curb hard-mouthed horses.

**Coscojal**, } s. m. a grove of

**Coscojar**, } such oak-trees.

**Coscojita**, s. f. a hop upon one leg.—**Jugar a coscojita**, a play among boys, hopping upon one foot.

**Coscorrón**, s. m. a knock on the pate which raises a bump, but does not draw blood.

**Cosécha**, s. f. harvest.

**Cosechero**, s. m. one who has a vineyard, and makes and sells the wine himself.

**Cosedizo**, adj. fit to be sewed.

**Cosedura**, s. f. sewing together.

**Coselète**, s. m. a corselet.

**Cosér**, v. a. to sew as a taylor or seamstress.—**Coserse la boca**, to be silent.—**Coserse con la tierra**, to lie flat upon the ground; to humble one's self down to the ground.—**Cosér a dos cabos**, to sew with both ends as shoe-makers do; to play Jack on both sides; to hold with the hound and run with the hare.

**Coséra**, s. f. a field or portion of land that may be watered by what they call a **tanda**.

**Cosetada**, s. f. a quick run.—**Dar cosetadas**, to run with speed, to run fast.

**Cosidura**, s. f. sewing with a needle.

**Cosilla**, } s. f. a little thing.

**Cosita**, }

**Cósmico**, s. m. in astronomy, the rising or setting of a star with the sun.

**Cosmographia**, s. f. cosmography, a description of the world.

**Cosmógrafo**, s. m. a cosmographer, one that describes or understands the description of the world.

**Cosquillas**, s. f. tickling.—**Hacer cosquillas**, to tickle.—**No sufro o no consiente cosquillas**, he does not suffer, or consent to be tickled; that is, he shows a proper resentment to those



who offer to jest with him in a scurrilous manner.

Cosquillar, v. a. to tickle.

Cosquillaza, s. f. } a violent and

Cosquillon, s. m. } sudden tickle.

Cosquilloso, adj. ticklish, skittish.—*Cosquilloso*, one who cannot take a jest, impatient.

Cossa, s. vide Cosa.

Cosario, s. m. a pirate, a searover.—*Cosario*, adj. belonging to a pirate.

Coselête, s. m. vide Coselete.

Coso, s. m. the place for the bull-feasts; also a sort of great worm, growing in the trunk of fruit trees.

Côsta, s. f. cost, charge, expence; also the sea-coast; also the wedge shoe-makers drive in upon the last to raise the shoe on the instep.—*Ir côsta a côsta*, to coast along, to sail close by the shore.—*Hombrê de la côsta*, one that lives near the sea coast.

Costado, s. m. the side, the flank.—*Dolôr de costado*, a pleurisy.

Costal, s. m. a sack, a great bag.—*Prov. Cômô costal de carbonero, malo de fuera, peor de dentro*, like a collar's sack, bad without and worse within.—*Esa es harina de otro costal*, that is another affair.

Costajada, s. f. a fall upon the back.

Costalazo, s. m. augmentative of *costal*.

Costalejo, s. m. a little sack.

Costalero, s. m. a porter or labouring man.

Costallillo, s. m. diminutive of *costal*.

Costanera, s. f. vide Costado.

Costanero, adj. hilly, rising like a hill.

Costanilla, s. f. a little side of a hill.

Costar, v. n. to cost.

Côte, s. in. cost, expence, charges.

Costear, v. a. to coast along the shore; also to bear a man's charges, to pay the cost of.

Costera, s. f. vide Costado.

Costero, s. m. a quarter of wood, a pile like a rafter.

Costilla, s. f. a rib.—*Costillas*, pl. all the back.—*Dar de costillas*, f. to fall upon one's back.—*Hacer costilla*, f. (metaph.) to suffer.

Costillage, s. m. the structure of the ribs.

Costillér, s. m. an officer of the household so called.

Costillúdo, adj. that has great ribs, a robust rough-hewn fellow.

Côtó, s. m. an Indian tree so called.

Costosamente, adv. sumptuously, costly, expensively, chargeably.

Costoso, adj. costly, expensive, chargeable.

Côstra, s. f. a crust, any thing that is crusted and hardened together, as on a sore, on any liquid or wet substance; also the face or outside of a wall.

Costrada, s. f. a glazed cake; that is, which is crusted over with sugar.

Costreñir, v. a. vide Constreñir.

Costumbre, s. f. custom.—*Costumbre de la muger*, a woman's courses.—*Costumbres de mal maestro sacan discipulo siniestro*, a bad master makes a bad scholar.—*A la mala costumbre, quebrarle luego la puerua*, one ought immediately to drop a bad custom.—*Costumbre hace ley*, custom becomes law.

Cestura, s. f. a seam; also the joint of two boards.

Costurera, s. f. a seamstress.

Costurón, s. m. a great coarse seam; a great scar of a wound.

Côta, s. f. a coat of mail; also a long sort of coat used formerly, or rather a vest hanging to the middle of the leg, like a short cassock, full of plaits, with wide sleeves and welts; also a quotation of an author; and a quota, or that part that falls to a man's share.

Cotana, s. f. a square hole made in a piece of wood to fix a square piece of wood in it.

Cotanza, s. f. a kind of fine and broad linen so called.

Cotarrera, s. f. a mean woman.

Cotarrero, s. m. (in cant.) a mean fellow, one that has been in an hospital.

Cotarro, s. m. a brothel, a bawdy house.

Cotear, v. a. to set bounds, to limit.

Cotejador, s. m. comparer.

Cotejamento, s. f. vide Cotejo.

Cotejar, v. a. to compare two things together.

Cotêjo s. m. the comparing of two things together.

Cothurno, s. m. buskins, used by tragedians in acting, with an high heel.

Cotidianamente, adv. every day.

Cotidiáno, adj. vide Quotidiano.

Cotilidones, s. m. pl. the ends of certain veins and arteries so called.

Cotilla, s. f. the stays or bodice worn by women.

Cotillero, s. m. a stay-maker.

Cotín, s. m. a back stroke, given to a ball at tennis.

Cotiza, s. f. a certain band in a coat of arms.

Cotizado, adj. in heraldy, full of bands of different colours.

Côto, s. m. a park, a warren; also the price set upon any commodity; the hand's breadth, when the four fingers are clenched, and the thumb raised up.

Cotón, s. m. cotton printed with many colours.—*Cotón*, (in cant) a doublet.—*Cotón colorado*, (in cant) a whipping.—*Cotón doble*, (in cant,) a coat of mail.

Cotoncillo, s. m. a little ball or knob, sometimes full of cotton, put by painters at the top of their rods.

Cotonia, s. f. a sort of fine cloth made of cotton dunity.

Cotorrera, s. f. a bladder; also a sort of bird in America.

Cotórro, s. m. a sink of filth.

Cotral, s. m. a beast separated from the herd, or put aside as of less value.

Cotôia, s. f. a sort of root, otherwise called *criadilla de tierra*.—*Vide Criadilla*.—*Pedir cotúfas en el golfo*, to require impossibilities.

Cotúrno, s. m. a sort of buskin. Used only by players on the stage.

Covacha, s. f. a little cellar, cave, or den.

Covachuén, s. f. a little cave, or den; also the office of a secretary of state in the palace.

Covanillo, s. m. a little basket, such as they use at the vintage to gather grapes in.

Covade, adj. vide Cobarde.

- Covardía, s. f. vide Còbardia.  
 Covezuéla, s. f. diminutive of *cueva*.  
 Coxár, v. a. vide Coxear.  
 Coxcorrón, s. m. vide Coscorrón.  
 Coxeador, s. m. one that halts.  
 Coxear, v. a. to halt, to go lame.—No *coxea dese pie*, he does not halt with that foot, it is not that which troubles him, the fault lies not there.  
 Coxedád, s. f. lameness.  
 Coxédico, s. m. the hipbone.  
 Coxera, s. f. vide Coxedad.  
 Coxijú, s. m. pain, grief, trouble; also vermin.  
 Coxijoso, adj. that is very troublesome; that is very uneasy at every thing.  
 Coxin, s. m. a cushion, a pillow.  
 Coxinète, s. m. a little cushion.—*Coxinète de éncas*, a small pillow, or a pillow for a woman to ride on.  
 Coxinillo, s. m. a little cushion.  
 Coxitránca, s. m. a hopping fellow that is never still.  
 Cóxo, s. m. one who has one leg shorter than another.  
 Cozorrón, s. m. vide Coscorrón.  
 Cozqueár, v. a. vide Coxear.  
 Cozquillas, s. f. pl. vide Cosquillas.  
 Coýma, s. f. (in cant) a whore.  
 Coyméro, s. m. one who keeps a public gaming-house. (In cant) a pimp.  
 Coyúnda, s. f. a yoke for oxen; the thong belonging to the yoke.  
 Coyundado, adj. tied to the yoke.  
 Coyuntúra, s. f. a joint in a man's body, or any other thing, also an opportunity.  
 Coz, s. f. a kick, or spurn.—*Coz de arabúz*, the butt end of a musket; also the recoiling of it.—*Entrarse de coz y de hoz*, to come in without saying by your leave or with your leave.—*Dar cozes contra el equijon*, to spurn against the prick; to go on in a thing that is hurtful to one's self.  
 Crarón, s. m. a kind of great wasp; a hornet.  
 Cranéo, s. m. the brain-pan.  
 Cras, adv. (obs.) to-morrow.  
 Crascitar, v. n. to resemble the voice of a crow.  
 Crassitud, s. f. fatness, and thickness.  
 Crásso, adj. thick, fat; foolish, ignorant.  
 Créa, s. f. a sort of linen cloth so called.  
 Creable, adj. that can be created.  
 Creación, s. f. the creation.  
 Creár, v. a. to create.  
 Creatúra, s. f. a creature.  
 Crecedero, adj. apt to grow, or increase.  
 Crecer, v. n. to grow, to increase.—*Crece la mar*, the sea flows.—*Crece el edificio*, the structure rises.—*Crece la luna*, the moon is in the increase.—*Crece el ojo*, (fam.) to be glad or rejoiced.—*Crece en corcova*, to grow worse and worse.—*Crece el membrillo, y mudara el pelillo*, some things improve by time.—*Crece el precio*, the price rises.—*Creces*, s. f. pl. the overplus in measures of corn, or weight of bread.  
 Crecida, s. f. an augmentation or increase.  
 Creciente, s. f. the increase of rivers by rain.—*Creciente*, the flood; the increase of the moon.  
 Crecimiento, s. m. increase.  
 Credencia, s. f. the credit that is given to any person; also the table which is covered by the altar, on which stands the wine and water when the bishop says mass.  
 Credenciéro, s. m. he that has charge of the credencia.  
 Credibilidad, s. f. credibility.  
 Crédito, s. m. credit; also faith, testimony; also esteem, good opinion; also a promissory note or any promise given; trust reposed.  
 Crédo, s. m. the belief, the creed.—*En menos de un crédo*, in less time than a man will be saying his creed; in a trice, in a moment.  
 Credulidad, s. f. credulity, easiness in believing or giving credit.  
 Crédulo, adj. credulous, apt to believe, to give credit.  
 Creduloso, adj. credulous, believing, crediting.  
 Credeéro, adj. fit to be believed, probable, credible.  
 Créencia, s. f. belief, credit; the assay taken by the king's taster of his meat and drink.  
 Creér, v. a. to believe.—*Creer á macho martillo, á ojos cerrados, á pie juntillas, á puño cerrado*, to believe with implicit faith.  
 Crehencia, s. f. vide Creencia.  
 Creible, adj. credible.  
 Creiblemente, adv. credibly, probably, plausibly, in a manner that claims belief.  
 Créma, s. f. (not so good a word as *nata*,) cream.  
 Cremór, s. m. cremour, the thinnest and most delicate juice extracted out of any thing.  
 Créncha, s. f. the partition of the hair; the hair curiously parted on the forehead.  
 Crepusculino, adj. belonging to the dawn of day.  
 Crescer, v. n. vide Crece.  
 Crescimiento, s. m. vide Crecimiento.  
 Créspa, s. f. curling of hair, feathers, or the like.  
 Crespadura, s. f. a curling.  
 Crespár, v. a. to curl.  
 Crespino, s. f. a sort of coil or head-dress made of curled silk; also a gooseberry.  
 Créspo, adj. curled.  
 Crespudiana, s. f. the stone chelonites or toad-stone.  
 Crepúsculo, s. m. the dawning of the day; morning and evening.  
 Crésta, s. f. the crest of a helmet, or of a coat of arms; a copple-crown in a fowl, and a cock's comb.—*Alzar, ó levantar la cresta*, to grow proud or vain.  
 Crestado, adj. crested, that has a crest.  
 Crestilla, s. f. a little crest, cock's comb, or copple-crown.  
 Crestón, s. m. the crest of a helmet or of a coat of arms.  
 Créta, s. f. a chop in the hand, or in the earth.  
 Creyente, s. m. believer.—*En justos y en creyentes*, a vulgar expression used when any one endeavours to persuade another of his sincerity and truth, as we say, It is true as I hope to be saved.  
 Cría, s. f. a breed, an offspring; also the young of any animal.  
 Criación, s. f. the creation.  
 Criada, s. f. a maid-servant.



- Criadéro**, adj. that may be created.
- Criadilla**, s. f. a little servant weuch.—*Criadilla de tierra*, a sort of truffle.—*Criadillas de cordéro*, s. f. lamb stones.
- Criado**, adj. bred, brought up; also created; as,—*bien criado*, well-bred.—*Mal criado*, ill-bred.—*Nacido y criado en Roma*, born and bred at Rome.—*Criado*, s. m. a servant.
- Criadór**, s. m. a creator; also one that educates or breeds up another.
- Criamiento**, s. m. creation.
- Crianza**, s. f. breeding, good manners, education; also urbanity, humanity, courtesy.
- Criár**, v. a. to breed up, to educate, to nurse, to breed; also to create. (Metaph.) to give occasion to any thing, good or bad.—*Criar carnes*, to grow fat.—*Criar molleja*, to grow lazy.
- Criatura**, s. f. a creature; also a child.
- Criaturilla**, s. f. diminutive of *criatura*.
- Criazón**, s. m. all the persons belonging to one and the same family.
- Criba**, s. f. a sieve with large holes, used to sift and cleanse chopped straw.
- Cribár**, v. a. to sift.
- Cribo**, s. m. a sieve to cleanse corn.
- Cribéro**, s. m. a sifter.
- Crica de mujer**, s. f. the pterygium, or the nymphæ.
- Cridár**, v. n. (obs.) to cry out.
- Crieta**, s. f. v. de *Grieta*.
- Crimen**, s. m. a crime; generally taken for that which is heinous, or capital.—*Crimen de lesa majestad*, high-treason. *Escribano del crimen*, a clerk or register of a criminal court.—*Juez de crimen*, a judge in criminal causes.
- Criminación**, s. f. accusation.
- Criminador**, s. m. an accuser, an evidence.
- Criminal**, adj. criminal.
- Criminalidad**, s. f. the circumstances of a crime.
- Criminalmente**, adv. criminally.
- Criminar**, v. a. to accuse any one of a crime.
- Criminosamente**, adv. criminally.
- Criminoso**, adj. full of crimes.
- Crimmo**, s. m. the coarsest sort of flour.
- Crin**, s. f. the hair of a horse's mane.
- Crinado**, adj. that has a mane or hair like it; also a woman's hair dressed.
- Crinar**, v. a. to breed a mane; also to dress the hair.—*Crines de caballo encrinajadas*, the mane of a stone-horse, which rises and stands hollow like a plume of feathers.
- Crimtar**, v. a. to foretel misfortunes.
- Crinito**, adj. that has long hairs.
- Criója**, s. f. (in cant) flesh.
- Criójero**, s. m. (in cant) a butcher.
- Criólo**, s. m. the son of a Spaniard and a West Indian woman.
- Crisis**, s. f. the crisis of a distemper; also judgment.
- Crisma**, s. f. vide *Chrisma*.
- Crismar**, v. a. to anoint with chrism or holy oil, to confirm.
- Crisméra**, s. f. the little bottle in which the chrism or holy oil is kept.
- Crisnejas**, s. f. pl. vide *Criznejas*.
- Crisól**, s. m. a goldsmith's melting-pot, a crucible.—*Passar por el crisól*, to be refined, to stand trial.
- Crisólito**, s. m. a chrysolite, a precious stone of a golden colour so called.
- Crispadura**, s. f. vide *Crespadura*.
- Crispár**, v. a. vide *Crespar*.
- Crista**, s. f. a crest of a helmet, a cock's comb.
- Cristál**, adj. crystal.
- Cristalino**, adj. crystalline, clear, transparent.
- Cristél**, s. m. a clyster.
- Cristiádo**, adj. that has a comb on the head like a cock or hen.
- Cristianado**, p. p. christened, made a Christian, baptized.
- Cristianár**, v. a. to christen, to make a Christian, to baptize.
- Cristiandad**, s. f. Christianity, or Christendom.
- Cristianismo**, adj. a christening, or baptizing; also Christendom.
- Cristianísimo**, s. m. the title given to the king of France.—
- Cristiano nuevo**, a new Christian; that is, who is either himself a convert, or descended from Moors or Jews.—*Cristiano viejo*, an old Christian; that is, whose race has no mixture of Jewish or Moorish blood.
- Cristo**, s. m. Christ.
- Crisucla**, s. f. a lamp; a candle, a light, a link.
- Crítica**, s. f. criticism.
- Crítical**, adj. critical.
- Críticamente**, adv. critically, in a critical manner, with exactness, with accuracy.
- Críticar**, v. a. to criticize.
- Crítico**, adj. critical.—*Días críticos*, the days when a distemper comes to its crisis.
- Crítiquizar**, v. a. vide *Críticar*.
- Crivado**, adj. sifted.
- Criznejas**, s. f. pl. high plumes of feathers standing upright, as were formerly worn in helmets; also wattles or hurdles.
- Croché**, s. m. a tower that forms a part of a palace.
- Crocino**, s. m. a kind of ointment made with saffron.
- Crocobdilo**, s. m. a herb like a thistle, called *chameleon niger*.
- Crocodilo**, s. m. a crocodile.
- Crocomágna**, s. m. dregs of the oil of saffron and other spices, made into balls.
- Crocúta**, s. f. a mongrel-beast supposed between a dog and lion, or wolf.
- Cromático**, adj. vide *Chromatico*.
- Crónica**, s. f. a chronicle.
- Cronista**, s. m. a chronicler, a writer of chronicles, a historian.
- Cronographia**, s. f. chronography; an account of the times.
- Cróto**, s. m. a fowl called a bittern.
- Cruamente**, adv. (obs.) cruelly.
- Crucería**, s. f. a barbarous or Gothic structure.
- Crucéro**, s. m. the cross formed by a cathedral church; also a cross-beam in any building; also a celestial sign composed of six stars; also a cross way.
- Cruciata**, s. f. the herb crosswort, dwarf gentian, jutson, mug-weed.
- Crucífero**, s. m. a cross bearer,

or carrier, he that carries a cross before an archbishop; one of that religious order who always carry a cross in their hands.

**Crucificar**, v. a. to crucify; to nail to a cross. (Metaph.) to vex, to trouble excessively.

**Crucifixión**, s. f. crucifixion.

**Crucifixo**, s. m. the image of Christ on the cross.

**Crucifixor**, s. m. who crucifies.

**Cruciforme**, adj. cruciform, having the form of a cross.

**Crucigero**, adj. vide **Crucifero**.

**Crudamente**, adv. cruelly, rawly, bloodily.

**Crudél**, adj. (obs.) cruel.

**Crudeza**, s. f. rawness, bloodiness.—**Crudeza**, s. f. arrogance, boasting.

**Crúdio**, adj. harsh, rough.—*Sombas crudias*, so painters call the deep shadows.

**Crúdo**, adj. raw; (metaph.) rude, unpolished.—*A punto crúdo*, at an unseasonable time.

**Crúel**, adj. cruel, fierce, bloody.

**Crueledad**, } s. f. cruelty.

**Crueleza**, }

**Cruelemente**, adv. cruelly.

**Cruentamente**, adv. cruelly.

**Cruentar**, v. a. to make bloody.

**Crúento**, adj. cruel, sanguinary.

**Crúero**, s. m. vide **Recuero**.

**Crúeza**, s. f. cruelty.

**Crúgia**, s. f. vide **Cruxia**.

**Crugir**, v. n. vide **Cruxir**.

**Crúor**, s. m. blood. Poetical.

**Crurál**, adj. belonging to the leg.

**Cruréo**, s. m. one of the muscles of the leg so called.

**Crus**, s. f. vide **Cruz**.

**Crústa**, s. f. a scab growing on a sore.

**Crástico**, adj. that beats like the clapper of a bell.

**Crustála**, s. f. the cream that rises on milk, or the like.

**Cruxia**, s. f. the walk or gangway in a galley.—*Pasar cruxia*, to run the gauntlet.—*Cañón de cruxia*, the great gun in a galley.

**Cruxida**, s. f. vide **Cruxia**.

**Cruxido**, s. m. a crack.

**Cruxir**, v. n. to crackle, to rustle as silks do, to crack as the bones do, to gnash the teeth.

**Cruz**, s. f. a cross; (metaph.) trouble, affliction, calamity.—*La cruz del caballo*, a horse's

withers.—*Hacése cruces*, to bless one's self.—*Andar con las cruces acuestas*, to carry crosses; that is, to be always at prayers and devout.

**Cruzáda**, s. f. the crusade; or croisade; also a bull granting privileges to those that give a small alms for carrying on the war against infidels.

**Cruzádo**, p. p. crossed; also a piece of money so called. (In cant) the highway.

**Cruzádo**, s. m. a knight of the cross.—*Estar con los bravos cruzados*, to be idle while others are at work.

**Cruzár**, v. a. to cross; also to cruise at sea.—*Cruzár la cara*, to cross the face; to give a cut on the face.—*Cruzarse*, v. r. to lay cross one thing upon another.

**Crypta**, s. f. a grotto.

**Crystál**, s. m. crystal.

**Crystallino**, adj. of crystal, bright, clear, transparent.—*Humor crystalino*, the crystalline humour, the second humour of the eye, that lies immediately next to the aqueous.

**Cuajáda**, s. f. curded milk, coagulated milk.

**Cuajadillo**, s. m. a woven piece of silk intermixt with flowers.

**Cuajamiénto**, s. m. coagulation, concretion, congelation.

**Cuajár**, v. a. to coagulate, to force into concretions.

(Metaph.) to obtain; also to please; and so it is said, *fulano no me cuaja*, Mr. N. don't please me.—*Cuajarse*, v. r. to coagulate, to run into concretions.

**Cuajarón**, s. m. the quantity of liquor congealed.

**Cuájo**, s. m. the milk curded found in the stomach of young sucking animals; also the root of any plant.—*Hierba de cuájo*, the herb cheese-wort, that turns milk.—*Ensachar el cuájo*, to cry.

**Cuatequil**, s. m. the millet that is to be sown; a word used in Mexico.

**Cúba**, s. f. a cask, tun, pipe, or hogshead; a great drinker; a paunch-belly.—*Cúba de vendimiér*, the vat into which the wine runs from the press.—*Cúba de san Segundo*, a vast tun or cask.

**Cubázo**, s. m. a blow given by a cask or against one.

**Cubéba**, s. f. a small Indian fruit or berry.

**Cubéro**, s. m. a cooper, one that makes vats for the vintage.

**Cubertádo**, adj. covered.

**Cubertúra**, s. f. a covering.

**Cubertizo**, s. m. vide **Cobertizo**.

**Cubéta**, s. f. } diminutive of

**Cubetilla**, s. f. } *cubeta*.

**Cubète**, s. m. } a board so

**Cubicéte**, s. m. } called on board a ship.

**Cúbico**, adj. cubical, solid, square every way.

**Cubiculário**, s. m. the person who serves in the bed-chamber.

**Cubiculo**, s. m. a bed-chamber.

**Cubiérta**, s. f. any covering; also the deck of a ship. (In cant) a petticoat. (Metaph.) dissimulation, hypocrisy.

**Cobertór de Cama**, s. m. a blanket.—*Cubiérta corrida*, a deck that is flush; that is, which runs the length of the ship upon the level, without quarter-deck, half-deck, or the like.

**Cubierto**, adj. covered.—*Cubierto*, s. m. the plate, spoon, fork, and knife they use to put upon the table-cloth for each person; also lodging, roof.—*Ponerse á cubierto*, to take shelter.

**Cubija**, s. f. vide **Cobija**.

**Cubijadera**, s. f. procurer, a bawd.

**Cubijár**, v. a. vide **Cobijar**.

**Cubil**, s. m. the hole or the cell of any wild animal.—*Cubil de javalí*, the couch of a wild boar.

**Cubilete**, s. m. a sort of drinking cup, or such a cup as jugglers use to play their tricks; a pattee-pan to make little pies in; thence the pies themselves; a box to throw dice in.

**Cubiletero**, s. m. a juggler.

**Cubillo**, s. m. a little tub, barrel, or cask; also the cantharides or Spanish fly; also a round turret, or an upright cup or dish.

**Cúbito**, s. m. the elbow.

**Cúbo**, s. m. a tub, pail, or bucket; also the nave or round stock of a wheel in



which the spokes are fastened; a round tower.—*Cubo geométrico*, a geometrical cube or solid square.

*Cubóides*, s. m. the foot-bone in anatomy.

*Cubrir*, v. a. to cover, to shelter.—*Cubrirse el cielo de nubes*, to grow cloudy.—*Cubrirse de agua*, to sweat much.—*Cubrir fallas*, to conceal faults.—*Cubrir a la yegua*, to cover a mare.—Prov. *Quién te cubre te descubre*, who covers you discovers you; that is, men's dress generally shows what they are. (Metaph.) to conceal; also to put on one's hat.

*Cúca*, s. f. they tell the children in Spain to hush them, that they will give them *cúcas*; that is, a small sort of nuts growing under ground, called *chufas*, which children call *cúcas*.—*Mala cúca*, an ill woman.

*Cucaña*, s. f. the profit that is gained by another's cost.

*Cucañero*, s. m. the person who waits an opportunity of gaming at another's cost.

*Cucaracha*, s. f. a small insect breeding under cisterns of water, or stones, in damp places.—*Cucaracha martin*, (in cant) a brown woman.

*Cucáz*, s. f. a sort of scurf in a man, or the farcy in a horse.

*Cuchár*, s. f. a very large spoon.—*Ave de cuchár*, any broad-billed bird.—*Bólar cuchár*, a sport among shepherds, and country people, when they are eating milk or other spoon-meat, to strike the spoons out of one another's hands, and the others to eat as fast as they can whilst they fetch them.

*Cuchára*, s. f. a spoon; also the ladle used to charge great guns with, when they have no cartridges, but use loose powder out of the barrel.

*Cucharáda*, s. f. a spoonful.—*Metér su cucharáda*, to put in one's spoonful; that is, to intermeddle, to put in one's word.

*Cucharazo*, s. m. a blow with a spoon.

*Cucharear*, v. n. vide *Cucharear*.

*Cucharéta*, s. f. a little spoon.

*Cucharetear*, v. a. to intermeddle with other persons' matters.

*Cucharetéro*, s. m. the person who makes spoons.

*Cucharita*, s. f. diminutive of *cuchara*; a tea-spoon.

*Cucharón*, s. m. a ladle.

*Cuchichiár*, v. a. to chirp, to make a chirp like the partridges.

*Cuchilla*, s. f. cleaver, chopping-knife; book-binder's knife to cut the leaves with.—*Cuchilla de montaña*, the ridge of a mountain.—*Señor de hórca y cuchilla*, a lord who has power of life and death.

*Cuchilláda*, s. f. a slash, a gash, a cut with a sword or knife.

*Cuchilladica*, s. f. diminutive of *cuchillada*.

*Cuchilladór*, s. m. one that cuts, or slashes.

*Cuchillár*, v. a. to slash, hack, or cut.

*Cuchillazo*, s. m. a great knife, any great weapon.

*Cuchillefo*, s. m. a little knife.

*Cuchillero*, s. m. a cutler.

*Cuchillico*, } s. m. a little  
*Cuchillijo*, } knife.

*Cuchillo*, s. m. a knife.—

*Cuchillos*, in falconry, are the six principal feathers in each of the hawk's wings, called the sarcel feathers.—*Cuchillos*, what the taylor's call gores to put into garments to make out the breadth.—*Haver tenido el cuchillo a la garganta*, to have been in imminent danger of death.—*Ser cuchillo de alguno*, to be very troublesome.—*So vayna de oro, cuchillo de plomo*, under a golden scabbard is a knife.

*Cuchillón*, s. m. a great knife.

*Cuchuchear*, v. n. to speak low, to whisper.

*Cucioso*, adj. vide *Acucioso*.

*Cucia*, s. f. a word used to call a dog.

*Cucillas*, as *sentírse en cucillas*, to sit on one's hams.

*Cucillo*, s. m. a cuckow; also a cuckold.—*Por vos cantó el cucillo*, the cuckow sung for you; said when two differing about any thing, a third makes his advantage of it.

*Cúco*, s. m. a caterpillar.

*Cucúlla*, s. f. a hood.

*Cucurúcho*, s. m. a cornet of paper used in shops.

*Cudicia*, s. f. vide *Codicia*.

*Cudiciár*, v. a. vide *Codicciar*.

*Cudicioso*, adj. vide *Codicioso*.

*Cúdría*, s. f. a rope made with reeds.

*Cuéba*, s. f. vide *Cueva*.

*Cuebano*, s. m. a great and deep basket made use of for vintage.

*Cuéca*, s. f. vide *Cuenca*.

*Cuélga*, s. f. a present given on one's birthday, or the festival of the saint of one's name.

*Cuelliguído*, adj. haughty, stiff-necked.

*Cuéllo*, s. m. the neck; the collar of a garment or cape of a cloak; a ruff or band.

*Cuerno*, adv. (obs.) vide *Como*.

*Cuénca*, s. f. a round wooden dish.—*Cuénca del ojo*, the round hollowness in which the eye is placed.

*Cuénco*, s. m. a great pot or earthen vessel.

*Cuénca*, s. f. the end of a skein of thread, silk, &c.

*Cuenquezilla*, s. f. a little wooden dish, or any thing deep and hollowed.

*Cuénca*, s. f. an account.—

*Dar en la cuénca*, or *caer en la cuénca*, to understand the matter, to conceive it, to hit upon it.—*Tenér cuenta con mugér*, to have to do with a woman.—*A cuénca mía*, on my account, or on my security.—*A esa cuénca*, if so, after that rate.—*Tenér cuenta*, to observe, to take notice.—*Cuénca con págo*, balance of the receipt and expence.—*A Dios hé de dar la cuénca*, I shall answer it to God.—Prov. *Hacer la cuénca sin le huespeda*, to reckon without the hostess.—Prov. *Al dar la cuénca me lo diréis*, you will tell me more of it when you are called to account.—Prov. *Haya buena cuénca, y no parezca blanca*, let there be an exact account, though we never see a cross.—Prov. *A cuéntas viejas barójas nuevas*, old reckonings make new quarrels.—Prov. *Cuénca y razón sustenta amistad*, even reckonings make long friends.—*Par. alguno buena, ó mala cuenta de sí*, f. to give a good

or bad account from one's self.—*Hombre de mucha cuenta*, a man of consequence.—*Cuentas*, pl. beads; also accounts.—*Cuentas de Santa Elena*, a sort of roots brought from the West Indies.

**Cuentecillo**, s. m. diminutive of *cuento*.

**Cuentecita**, a. f. diminutive of *cuenta*.

**Cuentista**, s. m. a tale-teller, a giver of malignant intelligence.

**Cuento**, s. m. a tale, or story; a million or ten hundred thousand; a prop, or shore to support a house, wall, or the like; the butt end of a staff, spear, or pike; a quarrel, a dispute, disturbance between friends.—*Ese es el cuento*, that is the point.

**Caét**, a. m. (obs.) vide *Corazon*.

**Caera**, s. f. a leather jerkin; a buff coat.

**Cuerda**, s. f. cord, rope, string; a soldier's match; a sinew; in mathematics, a line drawn between the two extremities of an arch.—*Apretir la cuerda*, to wind up the rack; (metaph.) to press a man hard in any business.—*Dar cuerda*, to veer out a line; that is, to give a man a scope, not to be too pressing upon him.—*Dar cuerda al reloj*, to wind up a clock or watch.

**Cuerdamente**, adv. discreetly, wisely, prudently.

**Cuerdero**, s. m. a rope-maker.

**Cuerdezuéla**, s. f. diminutive of *cuerda*.

**Cuédo**, adj. discreet, wise, staid.

**Cuerecico**, } s. m. a little

**Cuerezuélo**, } skin.

**Cuérna**, s. f. a stag's horn.

**Cuernár**, v. a. to cuckold.

**Cuernecico**, } s. m. dim. of

**Cuernecillo**, } *cuerno*.

**Cuernezuelo**, }

**Cuernero**, s. m. a hornier, one that makes or sells things of horn.

**Cuérno**, s. m. a horn.—*Cuérnos de la luna*, the horns of the moon.—*Cuérnos de antenas*, booms, the two ends of poles that stick out beyond the ends of the yard-arms.—*Cuérnos de altar*, the corners of the altar.—*Cuérnos de la*

*batalla*, the wings of the battle.—*Quebrantar los cuérnos*, to break the horns; that is, to pull down one; to humble one.—*Levantar a uno sobre el cuerno de la luna*, to raise one upon the horn of the moon; that is, to praise, to celebrate one excessively.—*Poner los cuérnos*, to cuckold one.—*Verse en los cuérnos del toro*, to be in a great danger.—*Sobre cuérnos, penitencia*, after being insulted, to be condemned at law.

**Cuéro**, s. m. a hide, a skin; any leather, a hog's skin sewed up and dressed to hold wine; a drunkard. In architecture it is either the face, or outside of a wall.—*Cuéro adobado*, dressed leather.—*Estirar el cuero*, to stretch the leather; to strain a thing to make it appear justifiable.—*Romper sólo el cuero*, to give a slight wound, which only breaks the skin.—*Estár en cueros*, to be stark naked.—*De cuero ageno, correas largas*, to be very liberal with another's money.—*Cueros*, pl. gilt leather hangings.

**Cuerpezico**, } s. m. a little

**Cuerpezito**, } body; diminutive of *cuero*.

**Cuerpezuélo**, }

**Cuérpo**, s. m. a body, a volume, a corporation, a body politic.—*Cuérpo de guardia*, the corps de guard.—*Cuérpo de iglesia*, the body of the church, the middle of it.—*Cuérpo a cuérpo*, body to body, man to man, hand to hand.—*En cuérpo*, a man without a cloak, or a woman without a veil, or a scarf.—*Tenér cuérpo*, to have a body or substance.—*Huir el cuérpo*, to shun a danger or trouble.—*Hombre de buen cuérpo*, a well-bodied man, well-shaped.—*Hacer del cuérpo*, to ease one's self.—*A cuérpo descubierto*, (metaph.) openly.—*Volverse a uno el alma al cuérpo*, to give life to any one.

**Cuérva**, s. f. the hen crow.

**Cuervato**, s. m. a young crow.

**Cuervecito**, s. m. diminutive of *cuervo*.

**Cuérvo**, s. m. a crow.—*Cuérvo marino*, a cormorant.

**Cuésco**, s. m. the stone or core of any fruit.

**Cuesquillo**, s. m. diminutive of *cuéso*.

**Cuéstá**, s. f. a hill.—*Irse cuesta abajo*, to go down hill; to decline in age or fortune.—*Hacerse a uno la cosa cuesta arriba*, to do a thing against one's inclination.—*A cuéstas*, on one's shoulders, or back.

**Cuestecica**, } s. f. a little

**Cuestecilla**, } hill.

**Cuéva**, s. f. cellar, cave, den; also the vat the wine runs into from the press.—*Cueva de ladrones*, a house of thieves, the place where they meet.

**Cuevano**, s. m. a great basket to gather the grapes in at the vintage.

**Cuevecita**, s. m. diminutive of *cueva*.

**Cuevero**, s. m. the man who makes caves.

**Cuéxca**, s. f. (in cant) a house.

**Cuézó**, s. m. a bricklayer's hod.

**Cugujada**, s. f. a lark.

**Cugulla**, s. f. vide *Cogulla*.

**Cuidadito**, s. m. diminutive of *cuidado*.

**Cuidado**, s. m. study, diligence, care.

**Cuidadosamente**, adv. carefully.

**Cuidadoso**, adj. diligent, careful.

**Cuidanza**, s. f. care, diligence.

**Cuidar**, v. a. to take care, to be diligent.

**Cuidoso**, adj. diligent, careful.

**Cuino**, s. m. a wedge, a company of foot drawn up wedge-wise, sharp before, broad behind.

**Cuita**, s. f. anguish, anxiety, misery.—*Contár sus cuitas*, to tell one's troubles.

**Cuirracóche**, s. m. a bird so called.

**Cuitadillo**, s. m. poor little creature.

**Cuitado**, adj. miserable, full of care, wretched, poor.

**Cuitamiento**, s. m. cowardice, pusillanimity.

**Cuitar**, v. a. or *Cuitarse*, v. r. to afflict, or to be afflicted.

**Cúja**, s. f. a couch.

**Culáda**, s. f. a fall on the backside.

**Culantrillo**, s. m. maiden-hair.

**Culantro**, s. m. coriander plant and seed.



- Culár, s. m.** the gut of the fundament.
- Cúlas, s. f. pl.** a term used in the game called *argolla*.
- Culáta, s. f.** the butt end of a musket, the breech of a cannon.
- Culázo, s. m.** a breech.
- Culecuso, s. m.** botched up.
- Culébra, s. f.** a snake; also a girdle with money sewed up in it; (in cant) a file.—*Dar culébra, to torment, to plague, to vex one.*—*Sabe mas que las culébras, he is more cunning than snakes.*—*Dar culébras, to strap one another, as footmen and pages do in dark nights with their girdles.*
- Culebrázo, s. m.** a whipping, as the old prisoners give to a new comer.
- Culebréar, v. n.** to move from one side to another, as the snake does.
- Culebrilla, s. f.** a little snake; also a tetter, a ring-worm.
- Culebrina, s. f.** a piece of cannon called a culverin.
- Culebrinár, v. a.** to creep along the ground like a snake.
- Culebrón, s. m.** augm. of *culébra*; also a cunning crafty man.
- Culebrúno, adj.** of or belonging to a snake.
- Culéra, s. f.** a foul clout, such as are laid to a child's breech.
- Culéro, s. m.** the same as *culera*.—*Culéro, adj.* that comes last to an appointed place.
- Culice, } s. m. a little**  
**Culito, } breech.**
- Cúlo, s. m.** the breech, the fundament.—*Quien no castiga culito, no castiga culazo, if fathers do not chastise their sons when young, when men, they shall be punished by the justice.*
- Culón, s. m.** a great breech, a great pair of buttocks.
- Cúlpa, s. f.** a fault.
- Culpáble, adj.** blameable, faulty, culpable.
- Culpablemente, adv.** faultily, blameably.
- Culpadaménte, adv.** blameably.
- Culpár, v. a.** to blame.
- Cultaménte, adv.** neatly, elegantly, finely.
- Cultedad, s. f.** affectation in speaking.
- Culteranismo, s. m.** affectation of elegance, endeavoured after elegance. Applied only, to speech.
- Culteráno, adj.** belonging to affectation in speech.
- Culteria, s. f.** affectation of elegance in speech.
- Cultéro, adj.** spoken with affectation.
- Cultiello, s. m. (obs.)** for *cuchillo*.
- Cultiparlár, v. n.** to speak with affectation.
- Cultiparlista, s. m.** he who ridiculously endeavours after great elegance in speech.
- Cultipicáno, adj.** that speaks with a ridiculous endeavour after elegance, but is roguish at the same time.
- Cultivable, adj.** that may be cultivated.
- Cultivación, s. f.** cultivation.
- Cultivadór, s. m.** tiller, manurer.
- Cultivár, v. a.** to cultivate, to till, to manure.—*Cultivar el ingenio, to improve one's wit.*
- Cultivo, s. m.** the manuring or tilling of the ground.
- Cúlto, adj.** adorned, dressed.—*Lenguaje culto, in the best sense formerly taken for refined language, now generally understood in the worst sense, for bombast, formal speaking, or writing.*—*Culto divino, s. m.* divine worship.
- Cultór, s. m.** labourer, husbandman, he who cultivates the ground.
- Cultúra, s. f.** tillage. In speaking of writing, pedantic or formal expression; bombast; also culture, improvement in general; melioration.
- Culturár, v. a.** to cultivate, to till, to manure.
- Cúmba, s. m. (in cant)** a tomb.
- Cumbí, a** fine sort of cloth made of the wool of the *Námas* or Indian sheep.
- Cumbléra, s. f.** a concubine kept under the same roof with a wife.
- Cumblézo, s. m. (obs.)** a rival in love.
- Cúmbre, } s. f. the top.**  
**Cumbrera, }**
- Cumplidaménte, adv.** completely, fully.
- Cumplidéro, adj.** that is to be, or may be performed.
- Cumplido, adj.** complete, accomplished, perfect; also performed, done.—*Hombre cumplido, a man that performs all he is obliged to in honour.*
- Cumplidór, s. m.** the person who fulfils.
- Cumplimentár, v. a.** to compliment.
- Cumplimentéro, s. m.** who makes compliments or ceremonies.
- Cumpliménte, s. m.** performance; also a complement; in mathematics, it is the complement. (In architecture,) the wall betwixt two buttresses, the lath and plaster betwixt two rafters, or the like.—*Entre amigos honrados, cumplimientos son excusados, between honest friends compliments are useless.*
- Cumplir, v. a.** to accomplish, to perform, to do one's duty; also to be convenient.—*Cumplir de palabra, to be obliging as far as words will go.*—*Cumplir promesa, to perform a promise.*—*Cumplir años, to be come to one's birthday, when so many years are up.*—*No cumple con su obligacion, he does not perform his duty or obligation.*
- Cumuladór, s. m.** vide *Acumulador*.
- Cumulár, v. a.** to heap up.
- Cumulativamente, adv.** in heaps.
- Cánufo, s. m.** a heap.
- Cumunalménte, adv. (obs.)** commonly, promiscuously.
- Cúna, s. f.** a cradle.—*Conocer a uno desde la cuna, to know a man from his cradle or infancy.*—*Cuna, (metaph.)* one's own country; nobility; genealogy, also the origin of any thing.—*Lo que se aprende en la cuna, siempre dura, what we learn in our infancy, remains for ever.*
- Cundearmór, s. m.** a sweet herb which spreads much.
- Cundir, v. n.** to spread, to increase, to thrive.—*Ciende como mancha de oxeite, it spreads like stain of oil.*

**Cunéra**, s. f. the woman who rocks the cradle.  
**Cuneta**, s. f. (in fortification,) a little trench, moat, or ditch.  
**Cuña**, s. f. a wedge.  
**Cuñada**, s. f. a sister-in-law; that is, a brother's wife, or the sister to a man's wife, or to a woman's husband.  
**Cuñadería**, s. f. } the spiritual  
**Cuñaderio**, s. m. } affinity con-  
**Cuñadéz**, s. f. } tracted by  
 one when he is god-father to a child.  
**Cuñado**, s. m. a brother-in-law; that is, a sister's husband, or a man's wife's brother, or the woman's husband's brother.  
**Cuñado**, adj. coined, wedged.  
**Cuñar**, v. a. to coin, to wedge.  
**Cuño**, s. m. a stamp to coin money with; a great hammer; also a key stone, as they use to shut up the top of an arch, being wide above, and narrow below.  
**Cuñuela**, s. f. a little wedge.  
**Cúpe**, s. m. a chariot, a carriage of pleasure.  
**Cúpula**, s. f. a cupola.  
**Cupolino**, s. m. a lantern, the round building generally added to the top of a dome or cupola.  
**Cuquillero**, s. m. a baker's servant.  
**Cuquillo**, s. m. a cuckow.  
**Cúra**, s. f. a cure; also a curate of a parish.  
**Curable**, adj. curable, that may be cured.  
**Curación**, s. f. the application of medicines.  
**Curadería**, s. f. tutorship, or guardianship.  
**Curadillo**, s. m. the fish called Poor Jack.  
**Curador**, s. m. a governor, guardian or tutor; also a physician.  
**Curadura**, s. f. a maiming or cutting.  
**Curaduría**, s. f. a guardianship, tutorship.  
**Curalle**, s. m. in falconry, the feathers given a hawk to make her cast.  
**Curandero**, s. m. a bleaching-place, a place to dress cloth; also a whitster or dresser of cloth; also a quack (in physic.)

**Curar**, v. a. to cure, to dress.—  
*Curar al enfermo*, to cure a sick man.—*Curar la herida*, to dress a wound.—*Curar de su negocio*, to take care of his business; to mind one's own business.—*Mas cura la dieta, que la lanzeta*, a regular diet cures more people than physic.—*No curar de lo que se dice*, not to value what is said.—*Curar lienzo*, to whiten linen.—*Curar cuero*, to dress leather.  
**Curativo**, adj. that has the virtue of curing.  
**Curato**, s. m. the parsonage of a parish.  
**Curazgo**, s. m. }  
**Curbas**, s. f. pl. crooked timbers, the ribs of a ship.  
**Curcía**, s. f. a carriage for cannon.—*Ponerse a curcía rása*, to expose one's self to the ordinance without any shelter.—*Tirar a curcía rása*, to shoot at random without taking aim.  
**Cúria**, s. f. a court of justice.  
**Curial**, adj. of, or belonging to a court of judicature.  
**Curianas**, s. f. pl. small brush-wood, or the small chips where wood has been hewed.  
**Curiosamente**, adv. curiously, neatly, carefully.  
**Curiosidad**, s. f. curiosity.  
**Curioso**, adj. curious, neat, nice.  
**Curruca**, s. f. hedge-sparrow or sitling, the bird that hatched the cuckow's eggs.  
**Cursante**, s. m. a scholar in an university that follows the schools in due order.  
**Cursar**, v. a. to frequent, to follow the schools.  
**Cursillo**, s. m. a short term in the year when the schools are open in the universities, distinct from the great one.  
**Cursivo**, adj. Italic, (said of the kind of types for printing which most resemble the common writing.)  
**Cúrso**, s. m. a curso, a race, a space of time; the time when the schools are open every year in the university; also a stool.—*Los humores hacen curso a la parte mas flaca*, humours flow to the weakest part.—*Tener tantos cursos con la purga*, to have so many stools with a purge.—*Hu- pas do tantos cursos*, he has

been at the school so many years.  
**Cursór**, s. m. a tipstaff, a messenger to a court of justice.  
**Curtidór**, s. m. a tanner.  
**Curtidura**, s. f. tanning.  
**Curtir**, v. a. to tan.  
**Cúrto**, adj. (obs.) for *corto*.  
**Cúrvas**, s. f. pl. any crooked timbers belonging to a ship; the ribs of a ship.  
**Curvaton**, s. m. diminutive of *curva*.  
**Curvatura**, s. f. a bending.  
**Curueña**, s. f. the carriage of a piece of ordnance.  
**Curúja**, s. f. a kind of owl.  
**Curvilíneo**, adj. curvilinear, that consists of crooked lines.  
**Cúrvo**, adj. crooked.  
**Curulla**, s. f. the headmost bench of a galley.  
**Curullero**, s. m. a slave that rows at the headmost bench of a galley.  
**Curuxa**, s. f. an owl.  
**Cusecilla**, s. f. (obs.) holly, a kind of oak with prickly leaves.  
**Cuscúta**, s. f. a weed with a red stalk, winding about herbs, called dodder or with-wind.  
**Cusir**, v. a. vide *Coser*.  
**Custodia**, s. f. custody, keeping, charge; also the tabernacle in which the sacrament is kept on the altar.  
**Custodio**, s. m. the spiritual governor of a number of convents. One of the judges so denominated in the Franciscan order. The guardian angel.  
**Cutanéo**, adj. belonging to the skin.  
**Cutícula**, s. f. a little thin skin, which covers the main skin of man or beast, extending all over like a membrane.  
**Cuticular**, adj. (one term,) belonging to the skin.  
**Cutidero**, s. m. a battle, a strife, a fighting.  
**Cútio**, s. m. as, *dia cútio*, a working day. (Obs.)  
**Cutir**, v. a. to shake, to knock one against another.  
**Cutis**, s. f. the skin.  
**Cúxa**, s. f. a little case to support the end of the lance; also a bedstead.  
**Cúxo**, s. m. a carder of wool.



**Cuzótes**, s. m. pl. armour for the thigh.  
**Cúy**, or **Cúyo**, s. m. a little animal so called.  
**Cúyo**, pron. relat. whose.  
**Cuzcúz**, s. m. a word used to call dogs by.—*A perro viejo no hay cuz cuz*, or *tus tus*, it is not easy to deceive an experienced old man.  
**Cycláda**, s. f. a kind of woman's gown with a long tail.  
**Cyclán**, s. m. a rig, he that has but one testicle.  
**Cýclo**, s. m. cycle, a table to find out Easter-day.  
**Cycloidál**, adj. belonging to a cycloid.  
**Cyclóide**, s. f. a geometrical curve so called.  
**Cyclópe**, s. m. Cyclop, one of

the fabulous workmen in Vulcan's shop.  
**Cylindrico**, adj. of, or belonging to a roller.  
**Cylindro**, s. m. a roller, a cylinder, a figure in geometry.  
**Cýma**, s. f. a sprout; also a wave; also the heart of aistle.  
**Cymácio**, s. m. a kind of carved work.  
**Cymbalária**, s. f. a plant so called.  
**Cymbalillo**, s. m. a little bell.  
**Cýmbalo**, s. m. a cymbal, an instrument of music.  
**Cýnico**, adj. cynic, cynical, having the qualities of a dog; curish, brutal, snarling, sati-

rienl.—**Cýnico**, s. m. a cynic, a philosopher of the snarlish or curish kind.  
**Cynocéphalo**, s. m. a man with a dog's head.  
**Cynomorión**, s. m. a weed that grows amongst corn and chucks it.  
**Cynosura**, s. f. a star in the tail of the Lesser Bear.  
**Cyprés**, s. m. the cypress-tree.  
**Cypresál**, s. m. the place where the cypress-tree grows.  
**Cypris**, s. f. a sort of wild goat in Peru.  
**Cýsne**, s. m. the Swan; a constellation so called; a poet.—*Es blanco como un cýsne*, as white as a swan.

## D.

**D**, before a proper name stands for Don.  
**Dáble**, adj. easy to be done, that may be done, possible.  
**Dácn**, abbreviated from *dá cón*, give hither, give it me.—*En dáca las pájas*, in a moment.—*No se me dá nada*, I care not.  
**Dácio**, s. m. tax, custom, duty.  
**Dación**, s. f. the act of giving any thing; used in law.  
**Dactýlo**, s. m. a dactyl, a foot in poetry consisting of one long and two short syllables.  
**Dáde**, s. f. the enjoyment, or possession of any thing given.  
**Dadiva**, s. f. a gift.—*Prova Dádicos quebreñón peñas*, gifts break rocks; kindness overcomes the hardest hearts, and bribes corrupt the most resolved.  
**Dadivádo**, adj. bribed, suborned.  
**Dadivosamente**, adv. liberally, bountifully.  
**Dadivosidad**, s. f. liberality, bounty.  
**Dadivoso**, adj. liberal, bountiful.  
**Dádo**, p. p. of *dar*, given.—*Dádo*, s. m. a die to play with. (In architecture,) the

plinth, the first and lowest member of the base of a column.—*Correr el d'ádo*, to have good fortune, good luck, good success.—*Lo mejor de los dados*, es no jugarlos, it is better not to play at all, than to run the risk.—*Echar dado falso*, to deceive, to cheat.  
**Dador**, s. m. a giver; among merchants, the drawer of a bill of exchange.  
**Dága**, s. f. a dagger.  
**Dagón**, s. m. augm. of *daga*.  
**Dañá**, s. f. a landlady, the mistress of a house, a lady; a woman that entertains friends gratis, not an hostess.  
**Dála**, s. f. a gutter or pipe to convey the water out of the ship into the sea.  
**Dálgo**, instead of *de algo*, of something; as, *hípodálgo*, a gentleman; that is, a man of some note, or of some estate.  
**Dallador**, s. m. one who mows grass.  
**Dálle**, s. m. a staff with a dagger at the end of it.  
**Dalmática**, s. f. the vestment used by deacons, when they officiate at the altar.  
**Dalphiñ**, s. m. vide *Delfin*.  
**Daltibáxo**, instead of *de alto abáxo*, from the top to the bottom, a downright stroke.

**Dáma**, s. f. a lady; at chess, the queen; also a dog; a concubine.—*Juego de damas*, the game of draughts.  
**Damascar**, v. a. to damask.  
**Damascénas**, s. f. a sort of plums.  
**Damáscó**, s. m. damask; also a sort of apricots so called.  
**Damasquillo**, s. m. worsted damask, half thread, half worsted.  
**Dama quino**, adj. damasked, as swords and knives.  
**Damáza**, s. f. augm. of *dama*.  
**Dameria**, s. f. delicacy, niceness.  
**Daméro**, s. a draught-board to play at that game.  
**Damisela**, s. f. a damsel, or young lady.  
**Damnáble**, adj. damnable.  
**Damnación**, s. f. damnation.  
**Damnicar**, v. a. to damify, to prejudice, to damage.  
**Danchádo**, adj. (in heraldry,) denticulated.  
**Dánta**, s. f. an American animal so called.  
**Danteládo**, adj. vide *Danchádo*.  
**Dánza**, s. f. a dance.—*Dánza hablada*, a dance composed of many persons with dresses suitable to represent any passage in history.—*Dánza*

*de matachines*, a mimic or antic dance. — *Danza de espadas*, a sword-dance; also a quarrel, a fighting. — *La danza de orgáz*, a disorderly proceeding. — *Par dónde va la danza*, which way goes the dance? said when a man asks for a thing that is quite over, or out of date.

Danzador, } s. m. a dancer.  
Danzante, }

Danzár, v. n. to dance.

Danzarín, s. m. one who dances genteelly.

Dañadamente, adv. evilly, with an ill intention, corruptly.

Dañador, s. m. one that damifies, or does hurt.

Dañar, v. a. to damify, to hurt.

Dañino, adj. hurtful, mischievous.

Daño, s. m. detriment, loss, hurt, damage. — *Sin daño de barras*, without prejudice to a third person.

Dañosamente, adv. hurtfully, prejudicially.

Dañoso, adj. mischievous, hurtful.

Dar, v. a. to give, to bestow, to strike. — *Dar un regalo*, to give a present. — *Dar por nulo*, de *ningun valor*, to make void. — *Dar de pelos*, to cudgel. — *Dar de nalgas*, to fall upon one's breech. — *Dar al través*, to run a-ground, to perish. — *Dar el relór*, speaking of the clock, to strike. — *Dar el alma*, to give up the ghost, to die. — *Dar en el caso*, to apprehend the matter, to hit upon it. — *Dar un dñr*, to be taken with a pain. — *Dar en el blanco*, to hit the mark. — *Dar fé*, to credit, to believe. — *Dar su fé*, to engage one's faith. — *Dar lección*, to teach, to read. — *Dar consigo a una parte*, to cast one's self into a place. — *Dar leche*, to suckle. — *Dar caréna*, to caress. — *Dar garrote*, to strangle. — *Dar parte de un negocio*, to impart a business. — *Dar con una persona*, to fight upon a person. — *Dar voces*, to cry out, to bawl. — *Dar en cara*, to upbraid, to cast in the teeth. — *Dar en los enemigos*, to fall on the enemies. — *Dar de máno*, to unit, to abandon, to put aside with

the hand. — *Dar del pie*, to kick, to spurn. — *Darse*, v. r. to yield, to surrender. — *Dásgeme poco*, I care but little. — *Andár en díes y tomáres*, to differ, to procrastinate. — *Darle buelta*, a sea-term, to make fast a rope. — *Darse*, v. r. to submit, to surrender, to yield. — *Darse a las letras*, to apply to learning. — *Darse por contento*, to rest satisfied.

Daragónica, s. f. the herb taragon.

Darcena, s. f. a dock to lay up ships.

Dardazo, s. m. a stroke or wound of a dart.

Dardillo, s. m. a little dart.

Dardo, s. m. a dart.

Dáta, s. f. the date of any writing.

Dataria, s. f. the chancery of Rome.

Datarío, s. m. the president of the chancery of Rome, called datary.

Datil, s. m. a date, the fruit of the palm-tree.

Datillado, adj. shaped like a date, or of the colour of a date.

Datillito, s. m. diminutive of datil.

Dativo, s. m. the dative case.

Dáuco, s. m. a sort of carrots in taste and colour.

Davière, s. m. something so called on board of ship, used in weighing anchor.

Daza, s. f. a small reed bearing seed, which they cut green to feed cattle in the spring.

De, prep. gen. dat. of, from, out of, to. — *De*, prep. for.

*De miedo no pudo responder*, he could not answer for fear.

*De arriba abajo*, from top to bottom. — *De acá*, from hence.

*De buena gana*, with a good will. — *De aquí*, from thence.

*De hecho*, actually. — *De aquí adelante*, henceforward. — *De brazos*, lying flat with the face down. — *De aquí a poco*, a short while hence. — *De noche*, or *de día*, by night, or by day. — *De corrida*, in haste, running. — *De lleno*, full; golpe de lleno, a full stroke. — *Hora de comer*, time to dine. — *De parte de afuera*, on the outside. — *No parecer de vergüenza*, not to appear for

shame. — *De parte a parte*, from side to side; that is, quite through. — *De bilde*, for nothing, in vain.

Dea, (for diosa) s. f. a goddess.

Deán, s. m. a dean.

Deanazgo, } s. m. a deanery.

Deanato, }

Debastár, v. a. vide Debastar.

Debastia, s. f. a generation, a race.

Debáte, s. m. a debate, contention strife.

Debatir, v. a. to contend, to debate.

Debáxo, adv. under.

Débito, s. m. (obs.) vide Deudo.

Debelación, s. f. conquest, overthrow.

Debelár, v. a. to vanquish, to overthrow, to demolish.

Deber, v. a. to owe. — *Hacer su deber*, to do one's duty. — *Hacer su debiáo*, to perform one's duty.

Debidamente, adv. deservedly, meritoriously; completely.

Debil, adj. weak, feeble.

Debilidad, s. f. weakness, feebleness.

Debilitación, s. f. weakness, infirmity, feebleness.

Debilitadamente, adv. weakly, feebly.

Debilitamiento, s. m. weakening, enfeebling.

Debilitar, v. a. to weaken, to enfeeble.

Debilmente, adv. feebly, weakly.

Débito, s. m. debt, duty. — *Debito*, mutual obligation in marriage.

De Brúces, adv. flat on the ground with the mouth down.

Debujador, s. m. vide Dibujador.

Debujár, v. a. vide Dibuxar.

Debájo, s. m. vide Dibuxo.

Decada, s. f. decad, the facts of ten years historically told.

Decadencia, s. f. decay, fall.

Decaér, v. n. vide Descacer.

Decaimiento, s. m. vide Descacamiento.

Decálogo, s. m. decalogue, the ten commandments.

Decanato, s. m. deaconry.

Decano, s. m. a deacon.

Decantado, adj. not far from the place.

Decantación, s. f. the act of decanting or pouring out.

Decantár, v. a. to sing; also to



magnify, to augment to exaggerate.  
**Decibimíento**, s. m. deceit, trick, fraud.  
**Degéna**, s. f. ten in number.  
**Decenál**, adj. of, or belonging to the number of ten.  
**Decenário**, s. m. the space of ten years. Ten beads of a rosary or chaplet.  
**Decência**, s. f. decency, suitability to character, modesty.  
**Decendencia**, s. f. descent, posterity, succession.  
**Decendér**, v. a. to descend, to come down, to proceed from. *Decendér de tal casa*, to be descended from such a family.  
**Decendiente**, s. m. a successor, one that is descended from another.  
**Decendimíento**, s. m. descent. —*Decendimíento de mãos*, laying hands on another by beating him.  
**Decendír**, v. a. (obs.) to descend.  
**Decênio**, s. m. the space of ten years.  
**Decénso**, s. m. a defluxion, the running of a cold.  
**Decentár**, v. a. to pierce, to broach. —*Decentárse*, v. r. to fret, to exulcerate, to make sore.  
**Decénte**, adj. decent, becoming, fit, suitable.  
**Decenteménte**, adv. decently, justly.  
**Decepción**, s. f. a deception, a fraud, a deceit.  
**Deceptár**, v. a. to cut down, to level, to make plain.  
**Dé Cérca**, adv. from a small distance.  
**Decernir**, v. a. to determine, to decree, to resolve.  
**Decesión**, s. f. departure, yielding, giving way.  
**Decesor**, s. m. a predecessor, one that went before.  
**Decháo**, s. m. a pattern, an example, a copy.  
**Decible**, adj. that can be said.  
**Decidéras**, s. f. pl. elegance in expression, an eloquent or discreet oration or speech.  
**Decidéro**, adj. fit to be said.  
**Decidir**, v. a. to decide, to determine, to resolve.  
**Decidór**, s. m. one who speaks gracefully and elegantly.  
**Deciembre**, s. m. (obs.) December.  
**Decifrador**, s. m. one that decyphers.  
**Decifrar**, v. a. to decypher.

**Decíma**, s. f. a copy of verses consisting of ten.  
**Decimál**, adj. the tenth or decimal part.  
**Decimás**, s. f. pl. the tithes.  
**Décimo**, adj. the tenth.  
**Decir**, v. a. to say, to speak, to utter. —*Decir de una hasta ciento*, to tell injuries to a man.  
*Decir nones*, to deny. —*Decir por decir*, to talk lightly, to chatter. —*Decir lixeretas*, to be obstinate in a wrong opinion. —*Decir y hacer* to say and to act; that is, to act in the same time as one speaks. —*Decirse los nombres de las pasguas*, to quarrel in public; to discover their own faults. —*No decir una cosa por otra*, to tell the truth.  
**Dicho**, p. p. of *decir*.  
**Decision**, s. f. decision, resolution, determination, conclusion; also a sentence.  
**Decisivamente**, adv. decisively, determinately, resolutely.  
**Decisivo**, adj. decisive, determinate, conclusive.  
**Deciso**, p. p. of *decidir*, decided, determined.  
**Decisório**, adj. disorderly, decisive.  
**Declamación**, s. f. declamation, speech.  
**Declamador**, s. f. declaimer, orator, declamator.  
**Declamar**, v. n. to declaim, to make a speech.  
**Declamatório**, adj. declamatory.  
**Declaración**, s. f. a declaration, manifestation, explanation, exposition; also a deposition in law.  
**Declaradamente**, adv. openly, clearly, evidently.  
**Declarador**, s. m. he that declares, or manifests.  
**Declaránte**, s. m. he that makes a declaration before a judge.  
**Declarár**, v. a. to declare, to manifest.  
**Declarativa**, s. f. an easy and expeditious manner of expressing any thing elegantly. —*Declararse, a alguna persona, ó declarar su corazón o pecho al amigo*, to have confidence in our friend; to trust him with our secrets or intention.  
**Declaratório**, adj. declaratory, affirmative, expressive.  
**Declináble**, adj. declinable.  
**Declinación**, s. f. declination of

words according to grammar; the declination of stars in astronomy; the declining of a distemper; diminution, decay.  
**Declinador**, s. m. he that declines.  
**Declinar**, v. a. to decline grammatically or otherwise; also to adhere to. —*Declinar jurisdicción*, to remove a cause from one court to another. —*Declinar el sol*, is for the sun to be going down.  
**Declinatorio**, s. m. the person who takes a solemn oath in the court.  
**Declive**, s. m. declivity, descent.  
**Decocción**, s. f. decoction.  
**De Comienzo**, adv. (obs.) from the beginning, at the beginning.  
**Decorár**, v. a. to adorn; also to learn by heart.  
**De Córo**, adv. without book, by heart.  
**Decór**, s. m. respect, decorum, decency.  
**Decorosamente**, adv. decently, respectfully.  
**Decoroso**, adj. decent, respectful.  
**De Corrillo en corrillo** from one company to another.  
**Decostrador**, s. m. he that takes the rind, crust, or bark off any thing.  
**Decostradura**, s. f. the taking the rind, crust, or bark off any thing.  
**Decostrar**, v. a. to take the rind, crust, or bark off any thing.  
**Decrecér**, v. n. vide *Descrerecer*.  
**Decremento**, s. m. decrease, diminution.  
**Decrepitar**, v. a. to dry any thing by the fire.  
**Decrépito**, adj. decrepit.  
**Decrepitud**, s. f. decrepitude, or old age.  
**Decresciente de la mar**, s. f. the ebbing of the sea.  
**Decretál**, s. m. the collection of the Pope's decrees. —*Decretales*, s. m. a book of canon law.  
**Decretalista**, s. m. the composer, expositor, or interpreter of the Pope's decretals.  
**Decretár**, v. a. to decree, to resolve, to determine.  
**Decretista**, s. m. the person who studies the decretals, decretist.  
**Decreto**, s. m. decree, edict, law; also the determination of

a suit; also a volume of the common law.

**Débito**, s. m. the deposition made of some humour in any part of the body.

**Decución**, s. f. vide **Decoccion**.

**Decumana**, s. f. the tenth thing in the numerical order.

**Decúplo**, s. m. ten fold ten times as much.

**Decúra**, s. f. a decury, a command of ten men.

**Decurión**, s. m. a commander over ten men.

**Decúrsas**, s. f. pl. the arrears due.

**Decurso**, s. m. a course.

**Dedáda**, s. f. a stroke with a finger; a finger's length.

**Dedál**, s. m. a thimble.

**Dédalo**, s. m. a maze, a labyrinth.

**Deléutro**, adv. from within.

**Dedicación**, s. f. a dedication.

**Dedicadór**, s. m. he that dedicates; a dedicator.

**Dedicante**, s. m. the person that dedicates a book to a patron.

**Dedicár**, v. a. to dedicate; also to appoint.—*Dedicarse*, v. r. to 'apply' to fix the mind upon.

**Dedicatória**, s. f. an epistle dedicatory.

**Designár**, v. a. to contemn, to despise, to reject, to disesteem.—*Designarse*, v. r. to disdain, to scorn.

**Dedil**, s. m. (obs.) a thimble; a case of silk, linen, or leather to put over a finger that is hurt. (In cant.) a ring.

**D-dillo**, s. m. diminutive of *d-do*.

**Dédo**, s. m. a finger.—*Dédo pulgár*, the thumb.—*Dédo índice*, the fore-finger.—*Dédo de en medio*, the middle finger.—*Dédo del anillo*, *dédo tercero*, *d-do del corazón*, the ring-finger.—*Dédo meñique*, the little finger.

—*Dédo del pie*, a toe.—*Medir*, a *dédo*, to measure exactly to an inch.—*Atar el dedo*, to assume the performance of what one undertakes.—*No descrepár un dedo*, not to deviate the least.

—*Señalár con el dedo*, to point at with the finger.—*Contár por las ded's*, to reckon by the fingers.—*Comerse los dedos tr's and obs.*, to be ready to eat one's fingers after a thing, to be very kind and eager after it.—*No se debe meter el dedo*

*en la boca*, he will not suffer one to put his finger into his mouth; that is, he is no fool.

—*Atar bien su dedo*, to bind one's finger well; that is, to understand, and take care of business to be sharp.—*Moderse los dedos*, to bite one's fingers; or a desire of revenge.

**De Dónde**, adv. from whence.

**Deducción**, s. f. deduction, derivation.

**Deducir**, v. a. to deduce, to infer.

**Deesa**, s. f. a goddess; only used in romances and poems.

**Deespacio**, adv. at leisure, slowly.

**Defalcár**, v. n. to defalcate, to cut off.

**Defallecer**, v. n. (obs.) vide **Desfallecer**.

**Defallimiento**, s. m. a failure. (Obs.)

**Defaltár**, v. n. (obs.) to fail.

**Defamar**, v. a. (obs.) to defame, to detract from one's reputation.

**Defección**, s. f. defection, revolt.

**Defectible**, adj. imperfect, deficient.

**Defectivo**, adj. maimed, defective.

**Defecto**, s. m. defect, fault, mistake, error.

**Defectuosamente**, adv. imperfectly, deficiently.

**Defectuoso**, adj. imperfect, deficient.

**Defendedero**, adj. that can be defended, capable of resisting.

**Defendedór**, s. m. a defender.

**Defender**, v. a. to defend, to protect, to aid, to relieve.

**Defendénte**, s. m. vide **Defensor**.

**Defendimiento**, s. m. defence.

**Defensa**, s. f. defence, prohibition.

**Defensable**, adj. that can defend, capable of resisting.

**Defensár**, v. a. to defend.

**Defensas**, s. f. pl. by English sailors called fenders; pieces of old cables, ropes, or wooden billets, hung over the ship's side, that she may not rub against any thing. In boats, short staves used to bear off the boat from beating against the ship's side.

**Defensón**, s. f. a discharge.

**Defensivo**, s. m. a defence, a safeguard.

**Defensor**, s. m. a defender.

**Defensoría**, s. f. in law, the charge or office of the advocate.

**Deferir**, v. n. to give away to to another; also to put off, to delay.

**Defensa**, s. f. (obs.) vide **Defensa**.

**Defeso**, adj. (obs.) defended, protected.

**Deficiente**, adj. deficient.

**Definición**, s. f. definition.

**Definidór**, s. m. one who defines or determines.

**Definir**, v. a. to explain, to define.

**Definitivamente**, adv. decisively, determinately, conclusively.

**Definitivo**, adj. definitive, conclusive.

**Definitório**, s. m. the assembled body of those members of a religious order that are called *Definidores*. The hall wherein the *Definidores* assemble upon occasion.

**Deflúxo**, s. m. deflux, defluxion, downward flow.

**Deformación**, s. f. alteration, destruction.

**Deformár**, v. a. to deform, to mis-shape.

**Deforme**, adj. mis-shapen, ugly, deformed.

**Deformidad**, s. f. deformity.

**Defraudación**, s. f. cheating, defrauding.

**Defraudador**, s. m. who cheats or deceives.

**Defraudár**, v. a. to defraud, to deceive, to cheat.

**De Frénte**, adv. over against.

**Defuera**, adv. without, or from without.—*De fuera vendra quien de casa nos sacara*, an intruder will turn us out of our own house.

**Defunción**, s. f. a funeral.

**Defunto**, adj. vide **Difunto**.

**Degeneración**, s. f. degenerating.

**Degenerár**, v. n. to degenerate.

**Degollación**, s. f. the act of beheading.

**Degollada**, s. f. (in dancing.) the sword-dance: laying the swords about one of the dancers, as if going to cut off his head.

**Degolladero**, s. m. the place where criminals are beheaded; where beasts are slaughtered.—*Llevar el degolladero*,



to put one in danger of losing one's life.

Degolladór, s. m. a beheader, a slaughterman, a hangman.

Degolladura, s. f. the wound made in beheading.

Degollamiento, s. m. a beheading, killing.

Degollar, v. a. to behead, to kill or slay.

De Gólpe, adv. at a stroke.—*Caer de golpe*, to fall down plump.

Degradación, s. f. a degrading.

Degradamiento, s. m. degrading.

Degradar, v. a. to degrade, to lessen, to diminish the value.

Degrado, s. m. (obs.) a degree.

Degresión, s. (obs.) vide Degresion.

Deguello, s. m. beheading.

De Hécho, adv. actually, in fact.

Dehender, v. a. to cleave asunder.

Dehendiéto, s. m. a cleaving asunder.

Dehesa, s. f. a pasture ground.—*Dehesa tocgil*, a common pasture.

Dehesar, v. a. to fix upon, or appoint, or convert a piece of ground to a pasture.

Dehesero, s. m. the keeper of the pasture.—*Zuien á triente no asaca no comprara dehesa*, he who has not wisdom, or not settled in business at thirty, never will.—*Asno que entra en dehesa ajena, saldra cargado de leña*, he who takes another's property will be punished.

Deicidio, } s. m. deicide.

Deidad, s. f. a deity, a godhead.

Deifero, s. m. one who carries God with him.

Deificación, s. f. the effusion of the grace of God into the soul.

Deificar, v. a. to deify.

Deifico, adj. that belongs to God.

De Improviso, adv. on a sudden, unawares, unexpectedly.

Deiparo, adj. deiparous, that brings forth a God.

Deísmo, s. m. deism, the opinion of those who only acknowledge one God without the reception of any received religion.

Deísta, s. m. a deist.

Deístico, adj. deistic, belonging to the opinions or tenets of the deists.

Dejár, v. a. vide Dejar.

Dejarretar, v. n. to hough, to ham-string.

Dejenerar, v. a. vide Degenerar.

Del, of him, or of it.

Del, Della, Dello, of him, of her, of it.—*Del todo*, altogether, wholly.

Delación, s. f. accusation.

Delantal, s. m. an apron.

Delante, adv. before.

Delantera, s. f. the fore part, the front, any thing to hang before.

Delantero, adj. that is before another.—*Relax delantero*, a clock or watch that goes too fast.

Delantre, adv. (obs.) vide Delante.

Delatáble, adj. worthy of accusation.

Delatar, v. a. to inform, to accuse, to impeach.

Delate, s. m. a highwayman.

Delator, s. m. an informer, an evidence, an accuser.

Delectable, adj. delightful, pleasant.

Delectación, s. f. a delight, pleasure, enjoyment.

Delectar, v. a. to delight.

Deleeto, s. m. election, choice, picking out, muster.

Delegación, s. f. delegating, appointing, substituting.

Delegado, s. m. a delegate.

Delegar, v. a. to delegate, to appoint, to substitute.

Deleitáble, adj. delightful, pleasant, charming.

Deleitación, s. f. enjoyment, satisfaction, pleasure.

Deleitar, v. a. to delight.

Deleite, s. m. delight, pleasure.

—*Deleites*, in the plural number, vicious pleasures.

Deleitosamente, adv. delightfully.

Deleitoso, adj. delightful.

Deletrár, v. a. to spell; also to guess at.

De léxos, adv. from afar off.

Delezársse, v. a. vide Dezlizar.

Deleznáble, adj. slippery; frail, unstable.

Deleznadero, s. m. a slippery, or unsteady place.

Deleznadizo, adj. slippery.

Deleznamiento, s. m. instability, uncertainty.

Deleznársse, v. r. to slip, slide, or be unsteady.

Délla, s. f. the plant rose-laurel.

Delfin, s. m. a dolphin.

Delgado, adv. (obs.) vide Delgado.

Delgadamente, adv. thinly, slenderly; also ingeniously, subtly.

Delgadéz, } s. f. thinness,

Delgadéza, } slenderness.

Delgadillo, adj. thinish, slenderish.

Delgadito, -adj. diminutive of *delgado*.

Delgado, adj. thin, slender; (metaph.) sharp, ingenious, cunning.—*No pierden por delgados, sino por gordos y mal hilados*, stupid and ignorant people find fault with what they do not understand.—*Quebrar por lo mas delgado*, never contend with the rich or powerful.

Delgazár, v. n. to grow thin.

Déla, s. f. one of the names of Diana, or the moon.

Deliberación, s. f. deliberation; resolution, determination.

Deliberadamente, adv. deliberately.

Deliberado, s. m. a deliberate person.

Deliberador, s. m. one that deliberates or considers.

Deliberamiento, s. m. deliberation.

Delibrar, v. a. to deliberate, to consider, to advise; also to purpose, to resolve.

Deliberativo, adj. belonging to deliberation.

Delibramiento, s. m. (obs.) deliverance.

Delibrar, v. a. vide Librar.

Delicadamente, adv. daintily, finely, delicately.

Delicadéz, } s. f. daintiness,

Delicadéza, } delicacy, niceness; also slenderness.

Delicado, adj. dainty, delicate, nice, tender; also slender, and of a weak constitution.—*Al delicado poco mal, y bien atado*, small things give great uneasiness.

Delicadura, s. f. vide Delicadéza.

Delicamiento, s. m. vide Delicadéza.

Delicia, s. f. pl. delight, any thing very agreeable and pleasant.

Deliciársse, v. r. to be delighted.

Deliciosamente, adv. deliciously, sweetly, pleasantly, delightfully.

Delicioso, adj. delightful, delicious, sweet, agreeable.

Delicto, s. m. vide Delito.

De Ligero, adv. lightly.

Delineación, s. f. delineation, drawing out/in lines.

Delineamento, } s. m. delineation, or drawing out in lines.  
Delineamiento, }

Delinear, v. a. to delineate, to draw out in lines, to describe.

Delirar, v. a. to adorn, to dress fine, to bookee.

Delincuente, s. m. a delinquent, an offender.

Delinquir, v. n. to transgress, to offend, to commit a crime.

Deliquio, s. m. a fainting or swooning.

Deliramento, s. m. phrensy, madness, doating.

Delirante, s. m. one that doats, is light-headed, or delirious.

Delirar, v. n. to rave, to be light-headed; to talk idly.

Delirio, s. m. doating lightness of head, frenzy, madness.

Delito, s. m. a crime.

Dellas, for *de ellas*, of them.

De Llano, full; *dar de lleno*, to strike full upon.

Dello, for *de ello*, of it.

Delfin, s. m. a dolphin; also the dauphin of France; the title belonging to the French king's eldest son.

Delfinio, s. m. a purple-coloured flower.

Delubro, s. m. poetical, a temple, and the god worshipped in it.

Delusor, s. m. one who deludes, imposes on, cheats.

Delustrar, v. a. to take away the beauty, or lustre of any thing.

Delúvio, s. m. vide Diluvio.

De Madrugada, adv. early in the morning.

De Mañana, adv. in the morning.

De Mancomún, adv. with public concurrence or assistance.

Demanda, s. f. demand, suit, supplication; also enterprise, glorious attempt.—*Morir en la demanda*, to die in the quarrel.

Demandadera, s. f. a woman the maids keep out of the mo-

nastery to run about on their errands.

Demandadero, s. m. one that goes about begging for some pious uses.

Demandador, s. m. a demander, a suitor, a plaintiff; also a beggar.—*De buenos, y de mejores á mi hija vengan demandadores*, to have several wooers in order to choose.

Demandar, v. a. to require, to demand, to ask, to sue for, to beg.

De Manera, adv. so that.

Demarcación, s. f. the marking out or dividing of provinces.

Demarcár, v. a. to mark out.

Demás, adv. besides, moreover, over and above.—*Es por demás*, it is to no purpose.—*Pedro por demás*, an insignificant or useless person.

Demasia, s. f. overplus, superfluity; also an affront, wrong, rudeness.

Demasiadamente, adv. excessively.

Demasiado, adj. overmuch, excessive; also rude, unmannerly.

Demediar, v. a. to divide into halves.

Demencia, s. f. madness.

Dementar, v. a. to be mad.

Demente, adj. mad.

Demérito, s. m. want of merit, demerit.

Demías, s. f. pl. (in cant) stockings.

Demisión, s. f. humility, submission.

Démo, s. m. vide Demonio.

Democracia, s. f. a democracy, a popular state.

Democrático, adj. democratic, popular.

De Módo, adv. after that manner, in such a manner.

Demoler, v. a. to demolish, ruin, or destroy.

Demolición, s. f. destruction, demolition, ruin.

Demoniaco, adj. possessed by the devil, demoniac, devilish.

Demoniado, adj. idem.

Demonichucho, s. m. a contemptuous diminutive of demonio.

Demónio, s. m. the devil.

Démonos, for *demos nos*, let us surrender ourselves.

Demonstrable, adj. demonstrable, that can be demonstrated.

Demonstración, s. f. demonstration.—*Hacer una demonstración*, to do some noted act, to express one's thoughts or resentment, by gestures.

Demonstrador, s. m. one that demonstrates or shews things plain.

Demonstrar, v. a. to demonstrate, to show a thing plainly.

Demonstrativo, adj. demonstrative.—*Demonstrativo*, s. m. a demonstration.

De Montón, adv. in a heap.

Demora, s. f. delay.

Demorar, v. n. to delay, to keep back, to hinder.

Demostrar, v. a. vide Demonstrar.

Demudación, s. f. changing countenance, turning pale.

Demudamiento, s. m. change, alteration.

Demudar, v. a. to change, to alter.—*Demudarse*, v. r. to change countenance, to turn pale.

Demuestra, s. f. shewing, pointing out.

Denantes, adv. before now, awhile ago.

Denario, s. m. the tenth in number, tens, in numeration, as units, tens, hundreds, &c. also the Roman coin called *denarius*.

Dénde, adv. from, since; as *dende or adelante*, from this time forwards.—*Dende enlónes*, since then.—*Dende la calle*, from the street.

Denegación, s. f. denial, refusal.

Denegamiento, s. m. denial, refusal.

Denegar, v. a. to deny, to refuse.

Denegrar, v. a. to make black.

Denegrecimiento, s. m. blackening.

Denegrir, v. a. to blacken.

Dengosa, s. f. a coy or affected person.

Déngue, s. m. coyness, affectation.

Denguera, s. f. a coy or affected person.

Denigrar, v. a. to defame, to blacken, to stain the reputation.

Denigrativo, adj. stained, spotted, blackened, defamed.

Denodado, adj. bold, resolute, intrepid.



- Denodadamente**, adv. boldly, resolutely.
- Denominación**, s. f. denomination.
- Denominador**, s. m. one who denominates, denominator; the number below the line, shewing the nature and quality of the parts, which any integer is supposed to be divided into.
- Denominar**, v. a. to denominate.
- De No Nada**, adv. out of nothing.
- Denostar**, v. a. to revile, to affront.
- Denosto**, s. m. (obs.) v. Denuesto.
- Denotar**, v. a. to denote, to shew, to signify; to explain.
- Densamente**, adv. thickly; obscurely.
- Densar**, v. a. to thicken, to condense.
- Densidad**, s. f. thickness, obscurity.
- Denso**, adj. thick, close, compact.
- Dentado**, adj. that has teeth.
- Dentadura**, s. f. the whole set of teeth and their order.
- Dental**, s. m. the beam of the plough to which the ploughshare is fastened; a great fork.
- Dentar**, v. a. to make teeth to any thing; to breed teeth.
- Dentarrada**, s. f. a mark or bite of a tooth.
- Dentiar**, v. a. to move the teeth.
- Dentecer**, v. n. to breed teeth.
- Dentallada**, s. f. the noise made by clapping the teeth together; the impression made with the teeth in any thing.
- Dentellar**, v. a. to snap like a dog, to bite, to gnaw, to make an impression with the teeth, to chatter with the teeth.
- Dentello**, s. m. in architecture, those pieces jutting out under the cornice or on the frieze, at small distances, called *dentelli*.
- Dentellones**, s. m. pl. biting, snapping like a dog, the impressions of the teeth.
- Dentera**, s. f. the teeth being an edge; (metaph. and vulg.) the desire of obtaining any thing.
- Dentezuélo**, s. m. a little tooth.
- Dentibano**, adj. vide Denticano.
- Denticular**, adj. in the form or shape of the teeth.
- Dentivano**, adj. having teeth long and broad, and some of them hollow; said of horses and mares.
- Dentón**, s. m. he that has great teeth; also a sort of sea-bream that has large teeth.—*Dentones*, s. m. pl. (in cant.) pincers.
- Dentro**, adv. within.
- Dentúdo**, adj. that has teeth.
- Denuedo**, s. m. boldness, courage, resolution.
- Denuesto**, s. m. affront, reproach, insult.
- De Nuevo**, adv. afresh, anew.
- Denunciación**, s. f. a denunciation.
- Denunciador**, s. m. a denouncer, a witness, an informer, an evidence.
- Denunciar**, v. a. to denounce, to depose, to accuse.
- Denunciatoria**, s. f. a deposition, accusation in writing.
- Deñar**, v. n. (obs.) to think one as worthy.—*Deñarse*, v. r. to deign, to condescend.
- Deo Gracias**, thanks to God.
- Deparar**, v. a. to find, to meet with, to light on.—*Díes me lo depare bueno*, God send it to be good to me.
- Partidamente**, adv. distinctly, separately.
- Departimiento**, s. m. (obs.) division, separation, difference, distinction.
- Departir**, v. a. to divide, to distribute, to debate, to discuss together.
- Depauperar**, v. a. to make poor.
- Dependência**, s. f. dependence; also affair, business.
- Depender**, v. n. to depend.
- Deplorable**, adj. deplorable, lamentable, sad, calamitous, miserable.
- Deplorar**, v. a. to deplore, to bewail, to lament.
- Deponente**, s. m. he who deposes, or a verb deponent.
- Deponer**, v. a. to lay down, to give in trust, to depose.
- De Por Sí**, adv. by itself.
- Deportación**, s. f. banishment, transportation.
- Deportar**, v. a. to banish, to transport.
- Deporte**, s. m. diversion, pastime.
- Depos**, adv. after.
- Deposar**, v. a. vide Deponer.
- Deposición**, s. f. deposition; depositum; thing left in trust; the act of giving public testimony.
- Depositador**, s. m. one who deposits or leaves in trust.
- Depositar**, v. a. deposit, to leave in trust.
- Depositario**, s. m. the person with whom any thing is deposited or left in trust; a depositary.
- Depósito**, s. m. the thing deposited or left in trust.
- Depravación**, s. f. depravation, corruption.
- Depravadamente**, adv. corruptly, viciously.
- Depravador**, s. m. one who depraves or corrupts, a corrupter.
- Depravar**, v. a. to deprave, to corrupt, to spoil.
- Deprecación**, s. f. deprecation.
- Deprecar**, v. a. to deprecate, to intreat earnestly.
- Deprecativo**, adj. beseeching, suppliant.
- Deprehénso**, adj. apprehended, taken unawares.
- Depredador**, s. m. a thief.
- Depréndir**, v. a. to learn.
- Depresión**, s. f. depression.
- Depréso**, adj. depressed, bore down.
- Depresór**, s. m. depressor, he that presses down.
- De Presto**, adv. quickly.
- Depreterición**, s. f. any thing past.
- Deprimir**, v. a. to depress.
- Depuesto**, p. p. of *deponer*, deposed, put down.
- De Punta**, adv. with the point forwards.
- De Punto**, adv. stitched work or kn.t.
- Depurado**, adj. vide Apurado.
- Deputado**, s. m. vide Diputado.
- Deputar**, v. a. vide Diputar.
- Deraigar**, v. a. to pluck from the root.
- Derechamente**, adv. disorderly, precipitately.
- De Ráyz**, adv. from the root.
- Derechamente**, adv. rightly, straightly.
- Deréchas**, adv. as *Hacer las cosas a derechas*, to do things the right way.
- Derechero**, adj. upright, that judges according to law.
- Derechéz**, s. f. rectitude, fitness, aptness.

**Derécho**, adj. right, straight; just, even, due in law; right-handed. — **Derécho**, s. m. right. — **Derécho natural**, the law of nature. — **Derécho civil**, or *de las gentes*, the civil law. — **Derécho canónico**, the canon law. — **Derecho divino y humano**, divine and human law. — **Derechos de aduana**, custom for goods imported, or exported. — **Derechos de escribanos e letrados**, the fees of clerks or lawyers. — **Hacer derechos**, to pay duties and take an acquittance. — **Estar derechos**, to stand trial. — **Juzgar en derécho de su dedo**, to judge partially for one's own interest. — **Ir por camino derécho**, to go the straight way; to do justice. — **Derécho de entrambas manos ambidexter**, than can use the left hand as well as the right. — **Prov. Ni perder derécho, ni llevar cohécho**, neither to lose any due nor take any bribe; to be just to one's self, and others. — **A deréchas**, adv. honestly, the right way, as it ought to be done, rightly, well. — **A tuertas o a deréchas**, an adverbial phrase; right or wrong, as chance directs.

**Derechóra**, s. f. (obs.) right, claim, title, due.

**Derechúra**, s. f. straightness, uprightness. — **Derechúras**, pl. a due to a maid servant at the year's end; being shoes, a white veil to wear in the house, and black one abroad.

**Derechuréro**, adj. (obs.) righteous, upright, just, loving justice.

**De repente**, on a sudden.

**Derisión**, s. f. derision.

**Derivación**, s. f. derivation.

**Derivar**, v. a. to derive.

**Derivativo**, adj. derivative; derived from another.

**Derogación**, s. f. derogation, lessening, taken from one another.

**Derogar**, v. a. to derogate, to lessen, to take from.

**Derogatorio**, adj. derogatory, that lessens, or takes away.

**Derrabadúra**, s. f. curtailing, cutting off the tail.

**Derrabár**, v. a. to curtail, to cut off the tail.

**Derrama**, s. m. contribution, tax.

**Derramadamente**, adv. loosely, scatteringly.

**Derramadéro**, s. m. a scattering or spilling place.

**Derramadór**, s. m. one that scatters, spills or wastes.

**Derramadúra**, s. f. } spilling.  
**Derramamiento**, s. m. } scattering, wasting.

**Derramar**, v. a. to scatter, to spill, to waste. — **Derramar moneda**, to scatter money. — **Derramar la hacienda**, to be profuse, to waste an estate. — **Derramar sangre**, to shed blood.

**Derrama solices**, a disturber of mirth. — **Derramarse**, v. r. to be scattered or spilt.

**Derramas**, s. m. pl. taxes laid on the people.

**Derramo**, s. m. scattering, spilling.

**Derrancár**, v. a. to attack, to assault furiously.

**Derranchár**, v. a. to attack, to assault.

**Derredór**, adv. about. — **Andar al derredór**, to turn round, to go about.

**Derrenejár**, v. n. to abhor, detest, loath.

**Derrengadu**, s. f. a certain contorsion so called, used in a dance.

**Derrengadúra**, s. f. } break-  
**Derrengamiento**, s. m. } ing the back, weakening the hips, forcing awry.

**Derrengár**, v. a. to break the back, to weaken; *quasi* **derrengár**, to dissolve the reins.

**Derreniego**, s. m. detestation, abhorrence, loathing.

**Derretidór**, s. m. a melter.

**Derretidúra**, s. f. } a melt-  
**Derretimiento**, s. m. } ing.

**Derretir**, v. a. to melt, to thaw. — **Derretirse**, v. r. to melt, to waste, to consume, to pine.

**Derribadór**, s. m. one that throws down.

**Derribadúra**, s. f. } throwing  
**Derribamiento**, s. m. } down.

**Derribár**, -v. a. to throw down. — **Derribar cabezas**, to mow down heads, to make a slaughter. — **Derribar la capa**, to throw the cloak off the shoulders in order to draw the sword. — **Derribar á uno**, to bring a man low. — **Derribar á uno la calentúra**, to make a man keep his bed.

**Derribo**, s. m. demolition, throwing down.

**Derripción**, s. f. (obs.) derision, irrision.

**Derrivár**, v. a. vide **Derribar**.

**Derrocadero**, s. m. precipice.

**Derrocador**, s. m. one that throws down.

**Derrocamiento**, s. m. throwing down.

**Derrocár**, v. a. to throw down.

**Derrostrarse**, v. r. to hurt one's self by a blow on the face.

**Derróta**, s. f. a course, a way. — **Also a rout or defeat of an army.**

**Derrotár**, v. a. to rout, to defeat. — **Derrotarse**, v. r. to part company; to scatter, to disperse.

**Derrotéro**, s. m. a sea-chart.

**Derruir**, v. a. to pull down, demolish, destroy.

**Derrumbadero**, s. m. precipice, steep place.

**Derrumbamiento**, s. m. precipitation, throwing headlong.

**Derrumbár**, v. a. to throw down.

**Derruirár**, v. a. to flow continually as water does, when it washes away the foundation of any edifice.

**Des**, is answerable to the Latin particle *dis*, used in composition very often as a negative. — **Des que**, adv. (obs.) since that, ever since that, as soon as.

**Desabafár**, v. a. vide **Desababar**.

**Desabamiento**, s. m. letting out the steam; ridding one's self of trouble; breathing with more ease.

**Desabahár**, v. a. to let out the steam of any thing, to open that which was close covered, to rid one's self of too much business; to breathe more freely. — **Lugar desabáhado**, an open airy place. — **Hombre desabahado**, a bold man who is not out of countenance at any thing.

**Desabarracár**, v. a. to fetch or get out of a bottom what had fallen into it not without a deal of difficulty and fatigue; also to help one out of a difficulty, out of a dangerous scrape or situation.

**Desabastecér**, v. a. to carry off the provision, or to leave without provisions.

**Desabezár**, v. a. to disuse, to break a custom.



Desabido, adj. ignorant.  
 Desabimiento, s. m. ignorance.  
 Desabituación, s. f. breaking of a habit or custom.  
 Desabituár, v. a. to break a habit or custom.  
 Desabollar, v. a. to take bruises out of metal.  
 Desabono, s. m. prejudice.  
 Desabotonadura, s. f. unbuttoning.  
 Desabotonar, v. a. to unbutton.  
 Desabrazar, v. a. to quit an embrace, to put away.  
 Desabrído, adj. unsavoury, ill relished; ill tempered. — *Hombre desabrído*, an ill tempered man.  
 Desabrigar, v. n. to be naked, to be stripped, to take off the clothes. In a martial sense, to lay open or exposed to the enemy without any defence of works.  
 Desabrigo, s. m. nakedness, want of shelter or covering.  
 Desabrimiento, s. m. unsavouriness; distaste; trouble, vexation.  
 Desabrír, v. a. to make a thing unsavoury; to disgust, to displease, to offend.  
 Desabrochar, v. a. to unclasp, to let loose.  
 Desacabalar, v. a. to break the round number of a thing that were set apart for some particular purpose; to diminish, spoil, to break the order.  
 Desacalararse, v. r. to grow cool.  
 Desacatadamente, adv. disrespectfully, unmannerly.  
 Descatamiento, s. m. vide Desacato.  
 Desacatar, v. a. to disrespect, to be unmannerly.  
 Descato, s. m. disrespect, unmannerliness.  
 Desacerbár, v. a. to mitigate, to temperate the sourness of any thing.  
 Desacertadamente, adv. unadvisedly, imprudently.  
 Desacertár, v. a. to err, to mistake.  
 Desacierto, s. m. fault, mistake.  
 Desacobardar, v. a. to raise the courage, to lay aside fear.  
 Desacollar, v. a. to dig a hollow round a vine that it may retain the water.

Desacomodadamente, adv. inconveniently.  
 Desacomodar, v. a. to incommodate, to put from one's conveniency.  
 Desacompañado, adj. alone, unaccompanied.  
 Desacompañamiento, s. m. lonesomeness, want of company.  
 Desacompañar, v. a. to leave alone, to take away a man's company.  
 Desaconsejar, v. a. to dissuade.  
 Desaconchár, v. a. vide Desconchar.  
 Desacordadamente, adv. inconsiderately, without deliberation, forgetfully; also disagreeingly.  
 Desacordado, adj. forgetful; also disagreeing.  
 Desacordamiento, s. m. forgetfulness, oblivion.  
 Desacordar, v. a. to be out of tune. — *Desacordarse*, v. r. to forget; also to disagree.  
 Desacorde, adj. disagreeing, out of tune.  
 Desacorrallar, v. a. to take sheep, or other cattle out of the fold to turn them to pasture.  
 Desacostumbradamente, adv. unaccustomedly.  
 Desacostumbrar, v. a. to disuse, to unaccustom.  
 Desacotar, v. a. to take away the enclosures or fences of any grounds.  
 Desacoto, s. m. the act of taking off the prohibition; the act of pulling down or pulling off the hedge; permission of importation or exportation.  
 Desacreditador, s. m. one that discredits another.  
 Desacreditar, v. a. to discredit, to take away one's reputation.  
 Desacuerdo, s. m. forgetfulness; disagreement; error; mistake.  
 Desaderezar, v. a. to undress.  
 Desadeudar, v. a. to free a person from debt.  
 Desadorar, v. a. to yield to violent love, to deprive of love.  
 Desadormecedor, s. m. one that wakes or rouses another.  
 Desadormecimiento, s. m. waking, rousing.

Desadormecer, v. n. to awake, to rouse from sleep.  
 Desadornar, v. a. to unadorn, to strip of ornaments.  
 Desadorno, s. m. undress.  
 Desadvertidamente, adv. inadvertently, inconsiderably.  
 Desadvertimiento, s. m. inadvertency.  
 Desadvertir, v. a. to act inconsiderately, without deliberation.  
 Desafear, v. a. to deform, to make ugly.  
 Desafectación, s. f. without affection.  
 Desafecto, s. m. indifference, disaffection. — *Desafecto*, adj. disaffected.  
 Desafectar, v. a. to undress; also to be rude and unpolished.  
 Desaferrar, v. a. to unfasten, to let loose; to weigh the anchor in a ship, to sail.  
 Desafiadero, s. m. the place where the challenge is to be decided.  
 Desafiador, s. m. a challenger.  
 Desafiar, v. a. to challenge.  
 Desafición, s. f. disaffection.  
 Desaficionár, v. a. to be disaffected, to lose affection.  
 Desafinar, v. n. to untune an instrument; to break as the voice does.  
 Desafío, s. m. challenge.  
 Desaforadamente, adv. rashly, outrageously.  
 Desaforado, adj. lawless, unruly; rash, inconsiderate, outrageous; very tall, gigantic.  
 Desaforarse, v. r. to deprive one's self of the privileges.  
 Desaforrar, v. a. to unline, to take off the lining.  
 Desafortunado, adj. unhappy.  
 Desafuciar, v. a. to put out of hope, to give over; to despair.  
 Desafuero, s. m. outrage, injury, wrong.  
 Desagarrar, v. a. to let go the hold, to loosen, untie, unbind.  
 Desagotar, v. a. to drain.  
 Desagraciadamente, adv. disagreeably, unhandsomely.  
 Desagraciado, adj. disagreeable, unhandsome.  
 Desagradable, adj. disagreeable, unpleasant.  
 Desagradablemente, adv. disagreeably, unpleasantly.  
 Desagradar, v. a. to displease.

**Desagradecer**, v. a. to be unthankful.  
**Desagradecidamente**, adv. unthankfully.  
**Desagradecido**, adj. unthankful, ungrateful.  
**Desagradecimiento**, s. m. unthankfulness, ingratitude.  
**Desagrado**, s. m. disagreeableness; also unthankfulness.  
**Desagraviador**, s. m. a righter of wrongs.  
**Desagraviar**, v. a. to right, to redress wrongs.  
**Desagravio**, s. m. righting of wrongs.  
**Desagregar**, v. a. to separate, to disjoin.  
**Desaguadero**, s. m. drain, channel, pipe, or the like to draw off water; also a way of lavishing of wealth.  
**Desaguar**, v. a. to draw off water, to drain.  
**Desague**, s. m. vide *Desaguadero*.  
**Desaguisado**, s. m. disgust, wrong, injury.  
**Desahijar**, v. a. to wean.  
**Desahogadamente**, adv. clearly, freely, without obstruction.  
**Desahogado**, adj. free, open, airy.  
**Desahogar**, v. a. to free, to clear, to give liberty or air.—*Desahogar el corazón*, to ease the heart.—*Desahogarse*, v. r. to communicate one's trouble or affliction to another, to unload one's heart, to relieve one's self by disclosing the mind.  
**Desahogo**, s. m. vent, relief in disclosing the mind.  
**Desahuciadamente**, adv. desperately, without hopes.  
**Desahuciar**, to give over, to undeceive, to let a man know his doom.  
**Desahucio**, s. m. dismission from a pasture.  
**Desahumar**, v. a. to free from smoke.  
**Desairadamente**, adv. without elegance.  
**Desairar**, v. a. to despise, to affront.  
**Desaire**, s. m. scorn, contempt, affront.  
**Desajustar**, v. a. to make any thing disproportionate, uneven, unequal.  
**Desalabanza**, s. f. dispraise.  
**Desalabar**, v. a. to dispraise.—

*No alabes, ni desalabes hasta siete navidades*, do not praise or dispraise any one before you know them several years.  
**Desalabear**, v. a. among carpenters and other workers in wood, to force a board or other piece of timber, that was crooked or curved, to be straight.  
**Desalarse**, v. r. to run one's self out of breath, to run with open arms. In birds, to fly with the wings at full stretch.  
**Desalbardar**, v. a. to unpannel a beast.  
**Desalavár**, v. a. vide *Desalabar*.  
**Desalavear**, v. a. to smooth, to make plain.  
**Desalvardar**, v. a. vide *Desalbardar*.  
**Desalentar**, v. a. to put out of breath; to discourage.  
**Desalforjar**, to take out of a wallet; also to untruss, to let the clothes hang loose.  
**Desaliénto**, s. m. decay of spirits or courage.  
**Desaliñadamente**, adv. slovenly, ungenteely.  
**Desaliñado**, adj. sluttish, not neat.  
**Desaliñar**, v. a. to put out of order, to discompose.  
**Desaliño**, s. m. slovenliness, sluttishness, ungenteelness, want of neatness.  
**Desalmadamente**, adv. impiously, cruelly, without conscience.  
**Desalmado**, s. m. one that has no regard to his soul, a wicked, lewd person, one that uses no conscience.  
**Desalmár**, v. a. to take away the life of another violently.  
**Desalmadlo**, (in cant.) kill him, take away his soul.  
**Desalmamiénto**, s. m. wickedness, want of conscience.  
**Desalojamiento**, s. m. dislodging.  
**Desalojar**, v. a. to dislodge.—*Desalojar la artillería*, to dismount the cannon.  
**Desaloxar**, v. a. idem.  
**Desalumbradamente**, adv. erroneously, blindly, without judgment or discretion.  
**Desalumbramiénto**, s. m. blindness, folly, want of foresight, want of wisdom.

**Desalambrar**, v. a. to take away the light, to dazzle.  
**Desamable**, adj. unworthy of love, dis-esteemed.  
**Desamanzillar**, v. a. to take out stains; also to ease of pain.  
**Desamar**, v. a. to hate.  
**Desamarrar**, v. a. to unbind, to let loose, to weigh anchor.  
**Desamistarse**, v. r. to hate a person that was once beloved, to break off friendship.  
**Desamodorrar**, v. a. to cure of a lethargy.  
**Desamoldar**, v. a. to un mould, or disfigure the form of the mould.  
**Desamor**, s. m. hatred, aversion.  
**Desamoradamente**, adv. with hatred or aversion.  
**Desamorado**, adj. free from love, that does not return love for love.  
**Desamoroso**, adj. that is not kind, disagreeable.  
**Desamorrar**, v. a. to bid one lift up the head, and be angry no longer.  
**Desamotinar**, v. a. to lay aside or renounce sedition or rebellion.  
**Desamparado**, *da*, p. p. from *Desamparar*.—*Mancebo me fui y envejecí, mas nunca justo desamparado vi*, I went through the world and became old but never saw a good man abandoned or forsaken.  
**Desamparador**, s. m. one that forsakes or abandons.  
**Desauparamiénto**, s. m. relinquishing or abandoning.  
**Desamparar**, v. a. to forsake or abandon.  
**Desamparo**, s. m. distress, abandonment.  
**Desancorar**, v. a. to weigh anchor.  
**Desandar**, v. a. to go the same way over again, to turn back.  
**Desandrajár**, v. a. to tear to rags or tatters.  
**Desangrar**, v. a. to bleed one dry, to drain all the blood out of the body.  
**Desanidar**, v. n. to turn out of the nest.  
**Desanimador**, s. m. a discourager.



Desanimár, v. a. to discourage.  
 Desanublár, v. n. to uncloud, to grow fair weather.  
 Desantañarse, v. r. to make one's self young.  
 Desanudadera, s. f. an unknotting.  
 Desanudar, v. a. to unknot.  
 Desapacibilidad, s. f. sharpness, severity in actions, or words.  
 Desapacible, adj. severe, sharp, rough.  
 Desapaciblemente, adv. severely, sharply, roughly.  
 Desapareár, v. a. to unpair.  
 Desaparecer, v. n. to vanish, to disappear.  
 Desaparecimiento, s. m. disappearing, vanishing.  
 Desaparejador, s. m. one that puts things out of order.  
 Desaparejár, v. n. to put things out of order.  
 Desaparrochiarse, v. r. to quit one's parish, and to go and settle in another.  
 Desapatár, v. a. to separate, to take away, to remove.  
 Desapasionadamente, adv. without passion, affection, or partiality.  
 Desapasionado, adj. impartial, calm, quiet.  
 Desapasionár, v. a. to remove partiality, to calm, to quiet.  
 Desapegado, adj. free from love, disdainful.  
 Desapegar, v. a. to unfasten, to unstick, to loosen.  
 Desapego, s. m. disaffection, alienation.  
 Desaperebidamente, adv. unprovidedly.  
 Desaperebimiento, s. m. want of provision.  
 Desaperebido, adj. unprepared, unprovided.  
 Desapestar, v. a. to clear or free from infection.  
 Desapiadadamente, adv. cruelly, inhumanly, unmannerly.  
 Desapiadado, adj. merciless, cruel.  
 Desapiolado, p. p. loosed, or delivered from snares.  
 Desapiolár, v. a. to loose, to deliver from snares.  
 Desapintár, v. a. (obs.) vide Desapuntar.  
 Desaplicación, s. f. misapplication, want of application.  
 Desapicado, adj. slothful, idle.  
 Desapoderadamente, adv. impetuously, violently, furiously.

Desapoderamiento, s. m. inconsiderate boldness, unrestrained audacity, tumult of mind approaching to madness, storming or turbulent disposition.  
 Desapoderár, v. a. to put out of power, out of possession.  
 Desapolillár, v. a. to clean, to clear from moths.  
 Desaposentar, v. a. to turn one out of his lodging.  
 Desaposesionar, v. a. to dispossess, to deprive of possession.  
 Desapostura, s. f. indecency; also ill contrivance.  
 Desapoyár, v. a. to take away the support.  
 Desapreciár, v. a. to despise, condemn, or scorn.  
 Desaprender, v. a. to forget what was once learned.  
 Desaprensár, v. a. to take away or disfigure the form which was made by the press.  
 Desapretár, v. a. to loosen, to slacken.  
 Desaprisicár, v. a. to turn out of shelter.  
 Desaprisionár, v. a. to unfetter, to deliver out of prison.  
 Desaprobación, s. f. disapprobation.  
 Desaprobar, v. a. to disapprove.  
 Desapropiamiento, s. m. alienation.  
 Desapropiár, v. a. to alienate.  
 Desapropio, s. m. the act of giving up one's own property, as monks and nuns do when they quit the world for the cloister.  
 Desaprovechadamente, adv. unprofitably, profusely.  
 Desaprovechamiento, s. m. lavishing, not putting to good use.  
 Desaprovechar, v. a. to lavish, to put to no use.  
 Desapuesto, adj. ill disposed, ugly, ill looking.  
 Desapuntalár, v. a. to take down the props or shoars.  
 Desapuntár, v. a. to unstitch, to unpoint.  
 Desarbolar, v. a. to cut down the masts.  
 Desarenár, v. a. to clear a place from sand.  
 Desareño, s. m. the act of taking away the sand, or clearing from sand.

Desarmadura, s. f. disarm-  
 ing.  
 Desarmár, v. a. to disarm.  
 Desarraigador, s. m. one who pulls up by the roots or loosens.  
 Desarraigadura, s. f. pulling up by the roots, loosening.  
 Desarraigamiento, s. m. idem.  
 Desarraigár, v. a. to pull up by the roots, to loosen; also to banish.  
 Desarrapadillo, adj. somewhat shabby or tattered.  
 Desarrapado, adj. shabby, ragged, hanging in tatters.  
 Desarrebañár, v. a. to break up and scatter the flock.  
 Desarrebolvér, v. a. to undo, to unwind, to unroll; to bring out of some difficulty.  
 Desarrebozár, v. a. to un-mulle.  
 Desarrebuélto, adj. unwound, unrolled; brought out of some difficulty.  
 Desarrebujár, v. a. to unfold, to disjoin.  
 Desarrimár, v. a. to remove from leaning against any thing; at sea, to rummage, to remove and stow the goods in the ship; (metaph.) to dissuade.  
 Desarrينو, s. m. any thing that wants a support or prop.  
 Desarrodiillarse, v. r. to get up from kneeling.  
 Desarrollár, v. a. to unroll.  
 Desarropár, v. a. to pull off the clothes, to dismantle, to unrobe.  
 Desarrugadura, s. f. unrumpling, making smooth.  
 Desarrugar, v. a. to unrumple, to make smooth.  
 Desasado, adj. (in cant.) one who has lost his ears; also without handles.  
 Desasar, v. a. to take off or break the handles of pots and vessels.  
 Desaseadamente, adv. without ornament, inelegantly.  
 Desaseado, adj. discomposed, disorderly, not neat.  
 Desaseár, v. a. to discompose, to displace the parts of what was in good order, to make ugly what looked fine, pretty, and well.  
 Desaseo, s. m. undress, dishabille.

Desasentarse, *v. r.* to get up or quit the place on which one was sitting.

Desasiménto, *s. m.* a loosening, letting go of things that cling together.

Desasir, *v. a.* to let go one's hold, to loosen, to separate things that cling together.

Desasnár, *v. a.* to improve in knowledge.

Desasociable, *adj.* unsociable.

Desasosegadamente, *adv.* unquietly, restlessly.

Desasosegar, *v. a.* to disquiet, to trouble, to perplex.

Desasosiego, *s. m.* unquietness, restlessness.

Desaseado, *adj.* not neat.

Desatallar, *v. n.* clear of chips.

Desastradamente, *adv.* unfortunately, wretchedly.

Desastrado, *adj.* unfortunate, wretched.

Desastre, *s. m.* disaster, misfortune.

Desatacar, *v. a.* to unlace, to loosen.

Desatadamente, *adv.* separately, disjointly.

Desatador, *s. m.* one who loosens or unties.

Desatadura, *s. f.* } an unty-

Desatamiento, *s. m.* } ing or loosening.

Desatacar, *v. a.* to clean the sewers and conduit-pipes.

Desatapadura, *s. f.* uncovering, unstopping.

Desatapar, *v. a.* to uncover, to unstop.

Desatar, *v. a.* to untie. — *Desatar la duda, ó el argumento, f.* to dissolve any difficulty.

Desatacar, *v. a.* to draw any thing out of muddy places.

Desataviadamente, *adv.* unhand-somely.

Desataviar, *v. a.* to unrig, to take off the ornament, to undress.

Desatavío, *s. m.* want of ornament.

Desatención, *s. f.* want of attention; disregard, negligence.

Desatender, *v. a.* to be inattentive; to neglect.

Desatentadamente, *adv.* unadvisedly, rashly.

Desatentamente, *adv.* un-civilly.

Desatentar, *v. a.* to trouble, to perplex.

Desalento, *adj.* without at-tention; uncivil.

Desatesado, *adj.* loose, un-tied.

Desatiénto, *s. m.* trouble, per-plexity, inconsiderateness.

Desatinadamente, *adv.* madly, rashly, extravagantly.

Desatinar, *v. a.* to distract, to make mad; also to grow mad; also to err, to mis-take.

Desatino, *s. m.* madness, ex-travagancy, folly, rash-ness; also an error, a mis-take.

Desatollar, *v. n.* to draw any thing out of muddy places.

Desatolondrarse, *v. r.* to come to one's self.

Desatrahér, *v. a.* to go out o the way, to separate.

Desatrahillar, *v. a.* to uncouple dogs.

Desatrapar, *v. a.* to clear a pipe of a duct from obstruc-tion.

Desatrarcar, *v. a.* to unbolt, to take the bar from the door.

Desatravesar, *v. a.* to remove from lying across.

Desatuarse, *v. r.* to appease one's anger.

Desaturdir, *v. a.* to recover from being stunk.

Desavahar, *v. a.* vide Desabahan.

Desavecindado, *adj.* left by the inhabitants, abandoned.

Desavecindar, *v. a.* to break up neighbourhood, to abandon a place.

Desavenencia, *s. f.* disagree-ment, discord.

Desavenir, *v. a.* to disagree. — *Diog desavença á quien nos mantenga, the calamities of some make the fortunes of others.*

Desaventajado, *adj.* disadvan-tageous, disadvantaged.

Desaventajoso, *adj.* disadvan-tageous.

Desaviar, *v. a.* to lead out of the way.

Desavío, *s. m.* wandering out of the way, straying; want of any thing necessary.

Desavisar, *v. a.* to dissuade from.

Desauclar, *v. a.* to give over a sick person, to put out of all hope.

Desautorizar, *v. a.* to put out of authority.

Desayudar, *v. a.* to forbear assisting, to do harm instead of good.

Desayunarse, *v. r.* to break-fast.

Desayuno, *s. m.* breakfast.

Desazeitado, *adj.* without oil, not having oil.

Desazogar, *v. a.* to take away the quicksilver.

Desazonar, *v. a.* to unseason, to unrelish; to displease, to disgust.

Desababar, *v. n.* to drivel, to slubber.

Desbaljar, *v. a.* to steal, to rob, to take away.

Desballestar, *v. a.* to discharge a cross-bow.

Desbancár, *v. a.* to take away the benches, seats, or stools on which people sit. At the game of basnet, faro, and others, to win the whole of the money which the game-ster who games against all the rest had set up with.

Desbandarse, *v. a.* to fly from one's colours, to desert.

Desbarahustar, *v. a.* to lay about one in a crowd beating down weapons; to cast javelins out of an engine; to talk extravagantly.

Desbaratadamente, *adv.* disorderly, madly, confusedly.

Desbaratador, *s. m.* one that disorders, pulls to pieces, or puts to flight.

Desbaratar, *v. a.* to disorder, to pull to pieces, to put to the rout.

Desbarate, } *s. m.* disorder, con-

Desbarato, } fusion, rout.

Desbarbár, *v. a.* to shave the beard.

Desbarrar, *v. a.* to be wide of the mark, to throw beyond the bars, to throw out of play; to talk nonsense.

Desbarretar, *v. a.* to break or burst the bars that were set to hinder people from coming in.

Desbarrigar, *v. a.* to paunch, to pull out the guts, to cut off the belly.

Desbarro, *s. m.* the act of breaking or bursting through the limits.

Desbastadura, *s. f.* hewing, par-ing, or shaving into shape; civilizing.

Desbastar, *v. a.* to hew, pare, or shave into shape; to civilize.



—*Colchén desbastado*, a quilt which has the stitches broken out.

Desbasterer, v. a. to unfurnish, to take away the provisions.

Desbautizarse, v. r. to turn apostate from the Christian religion; to grow very angry, to swear and curse through anger and rage.

Desbavar, v. a. vide Desbabar.

Desbeber, v. a. to make water, to discharge by urine what one has drunk.

Desbeberse, v. r. (metaph.) to be very anxious.

Desbevido, *dá*, p. p. from Desbeber.

Desblanquecido, adj. pale, whitish.

Desbocar, v. a. to break the mouth of any vessel, to dis-embogue, to pour at the mouth; to gain a vent, to flow. —*Desbocarse*, v. r. to be headstrong or hardmouthed.

Desbonetarse, v. r. to take one's cap off.

Desbordado, adj. haughty, presumptuous.

Desbordar, v. n. to exceed the limits as rivers when they overflow.

Desboronar, v. a. vide Desmonar.

Desbravar, v. a. to tame, to appease.

Desbrazarse, v. r. to extend the arms.

Desbrznar, v. a. to mince meat small.

Desbuchar, v. a. to clear the maw, to disgorge; to reveal secrets.

Désea, s. f. a great pitch-pot, such as they use on board ships.

Descabalar, v. a. to render any thing unequal or disproportionate by analogy, to discompose or put out of countenance.

Descabalgár, v. a. to dismount from a horse. —*Descabalgár la artillería*, to dismount a cannon, to take it off from its carriage.

Descabezadura, s. f. } be-  
Descabezamiento, s. m. } head-  
ing.

Descabezár, v. a. to behead —*Descabezár el sueño*, to take a little nap, to nod a little.

Descabellado, adj. bald, without hair.

Descabelladura, s. f. taking off the hair.

Descabellar, v. a. to take off the hair.

Descabestrar, v. a. to unhalter.

Descabezár, v. a. to behead, to cut the head off; to break or cut off the head or tip of any thing; to conquer difficulties.

Descabullimiento, s. m. a slipping away, or scampering.

Descabullirse, v. r. to scamper, to slip away.

Descadenar, v. a. vide Descadenar.

Descaderado, adj. that has no hips.

Descaeér, v. a. to fall away, to lose strength, to decay.

Descacimíento, s. decay, falling away.

Descacimíento, s. m. vide Descacimíento.

Descalibazado, adj. foolish, frantic.

Descalabrado, adj. crack-brained. —*Al descabrado, nunca le falta un trapo, que rato, que sago*, there is no labour, misery or trouble, without relief.

Descalabrador, s. m. one that breaks the head of another.

Descalabradura, s. f. a broken head.

Descalabrár, v. a. to break the head, to break the skull.

Descalibro, s. m. loss, detriment, misfortune.

Descalandrajár, v. a. to tear the cloaths.

Descalcé, s. f. nakedness of the feet.

Descalostrado, adv. weaned, put from the breast.

Descalzadura, s. f. } unshoe-

Descalzamiento, s. m. } ing, taking off the shoes, or stockings.

Descalzár, v. a. to unshoe, to pull of shoes or stockings. —*Descalzarse de risa*, to laugh till one's shoes drop off, to break one's sides with laughing.

Descálzo, adj. bare-foot, or bare-legged. —*Ni á pizaro descálzo, ni á hombre callado, ni á mujer barbada, no les des posada*, never give shelter to a rogue or a strumpet.

Descaminar, v. a. to put out of the way; also to seize contraband or prohibited goods.

Descamino, s. m. straying, going out of the way. —*Descamino de plata, ó de otra hazi-*

*enda*, the carrying of plate or other goods to the wrong ports; also to run goods.

Descamisado, adj. necessitous, that wants.

Descampado, adj. free, clear, open, plain.

Descampár, v. a. to decamp.

—*Descampár la lluvia*, to blow over the rain.

Descansadamente, adv. easily.

Descansado, adj. easy, quiet. —*Vivir descansado*, to live at one's ease.

Descansár, v. a. to rest.

Descansero, s. m. a resting-place.

Descanso, s. m. rest, ease, quietness; also a sling to hang a sore arm in. —*Descanso de escalera*, the half-pace in the middle of a flight of stairs.

Descanterar, v. a. to break off the corners of a thing, to batter it round, to cut off the crust about a loaf.

Descañonar, v. a. to pluck out the feathers.

Descantillar, v. a. vide Descantillar.

Descapár, v. a. to take away from; to deprive any one of his cloak.

Descaperuzar, v. a. to take off the cap.

Descaperúzo, s. m. the act of uncovering the head in saluting another.

Descapillar, v. a. to unhood, to take off the hood.

Descapirotar, v. a. to uncap, to take off the cap or upper shell.

Descaramamente, adv. impudently, shamelessly.

Desgarado, adj. shameless, impudent.

Descaramíento, s. m. impudence.

Descarsarse, v. r. to grow shameless or impudent.

Descarcillar, v. n. to talk much and little to the purpose, to prate, to babble.

Descarga, s. f. the unlading or disburthening.

Descargadero, s. m. the place where the burthen is laid down.

Descargador, s. m. one that discharges or unburthens.

Descargadura, s. f. that part of the bone which the butcher cuts off, that his customers may have as much meat as possible.

**Descargár, v. a.** to unload, to discharge, to unburthen.—*Descargár el cielo*, to disburthen itself by pouring down rain.

—*Descargár la conciencia*, to unburthen the conscience, to make satisfaction for wrongs done.—*Descargár en la mar*, to empty itself into the sea.—*Descargarse, v. r.* to unload one's self; to clear one's self of what is laid to one's charge.—*Descargarse con étro*, to lay the blame upon another.

**Descargo, s. m.** a discharge.

**Descarriár, v. a.** to withdraw affection or esteem.

**Descarriño, s. m.** the withdrawing affection.

**Descarnador, s. m.** a tool used by the tooth-drawer to separate a tooth from the gum.

**Descarnár, v. a.** to take off the flesh, to separate it from the bones.

**Descaro, s. m.** boldness, insolence.

**Descarramiénto, s. m.** straying, wandering.

**Descarriár, v. a.** to go astray, to wander.

**Descarilladura, s. f.** tearing of the cheeks.

**Descarillár, v. a.** to tear away the cheeks.—*Descarillár le-ónes*, to tear a lion's jaws asunder; to be fierce, to bully.

**Descartár, v. a.** to discard; also to discharge or eject from service or employment.

**Descarte, s. m.** the discarding of cards.

**Descasamiénto, s. m.** a divorce.

**Descasár, v. a.** to divorce, to part married people.

**Descascar, v. a.** to talk and boast to no purpose, to make such a noise as empty shells do.

**Descascarár, v. a.** to shell, to take off the shell, rind, or skin.

**Descandilladamente, adv.** disorderly, confusedly for want of a chief.

**Descaxamiénto, s. m.** taking out of a box or shell; folly.

**Descaxár, v. a.** to take out of a box or shell; to play the fool.

**Descender, v. a.** to descend.

**Descendencia, s. f.** descent, as of a family.

**Descendida, s. f.** descent, as from a hill or precipice.

**Descendimiénto, s. m.** descent; going down.

**Descención, s. f.** the act of descending, descent, going down.

—*Descension recta*, (in astronomy,) the right descension which is the arch of the equator that descends with the sign or star below the horizon of a direct sphere.—*Descension obliqua*, oblique descension; which is the arch of the equator that descends with the sign below the horizon of an oblique sphere.

**Descensional, adj.** (in astronomy,) belonging to the descension of stars, descensional.

**Descenso, s. m.** descent, going down.

**Descenir, v. a.** to ungrid.

**Descepar, v. a.** to cut off pull up by the roots; also to destroy, to pull down.

**Descerbigar, v. a.** vide *Descervigar*.

**Descergador, s. m.** one that raises a siege.

**Descercar, v. a.** to raise a siege.

**Descerco, s. m.** raising of a siege.

**Deserrajador, s. m.** one that breaks open locks.

**Descerrajar, v. a.** to break open locks.

**Descervigar, v. a.** to cut off the neck; to hurt the neck lying uneasily.

**Descetrinar, v. a.** to eat or gnaw the wood as worms do.

**Deschazar, v. n.** (in cant) to lose.

**Deschismár, v. a.** to raise into a violent passion.

**Deschristianár, v. a.** to raise into a violent passion.

**Descifrár, v. a.** to decipher.

**Descimentár, v. a.** to take away the foundation.

**Descingir, v. a.** (obs.) vide *Descenir*.

**Desciavár, v. a.** to unnailed.

**Descoagular, v. a.** to make liquid.

**Descobijár, v. a.** to uncover.

**Descocadamente, adv.** boldly, impudently.

**Descocár, v. n.** to cleanse or prune trees.—*Descocarse, v. r.* to be impudent, bold, insolent.

**Descocer, v. a.** to digest food.

**Descoco, s. m.** impudence, audacity.

**Descodár, v. a.** vide *Desapuntar*.

**Descoger, v. a.** to lay open, to unfold.

**Descogutár, v. a.** to kill with a blow on the neck, to stick a knife into the neck.

**Descolár, v. a.** to curtail, to cut off the tail.

**Descolchár, v. a.** to undo a cable.

**Descolgár, v. a.** to unhang, to take down what was hanging.—*Descolgarse, v. r.* to slip down by a rope.

**Descoligado, adj.** breaking off an alliance.

**Descolladamente, adv.** loftily, with a greater freedom and dignity of manner or behaviour.

**Descollado, adj.** haughty, stiff-necked, bold.

**Descallamiénto, s. m.** haughtiness, boldness.

**Descollarse, v. n.** to be haughty, or bold; also to rise or reach above another.

**Descolmár, v. a.** to make even with the top of the measure.

**Descolmillár, v. a.** to cut off, or pull out the tasks.

**Descoloramiénto, s. m.** discolouring.

**Descolorár, v. a.** to discolour, to lose colour.

**Descoloriménto, s. m.** vide *Descoloramiento*.

**Descolorir, v. a.** to wax pale or wan.

**Descombrár, v. a.** to lay open, to make plain, to cleanse.

**Descomedidamente, adv.** uncivilly, unpolitely.

**Descomedido, adj.** rude, very high, too great.

**Descomedimiénto, s. m.** rudeness, incivility.

**Descomedirse, v. r.** to be rude or unmannerly.

**Descomér, v. a.** to exonerate the belly.

**Descomodidad, s. f.** inconvenience.

**Descomodo, s. m.** inconvenience.

**Descomongár, v. a.** (obs.) vide *Descomulgar*.

**Descompadrár, v. n.** to break gossipship, to vary, to disagree, to set at variance.

**Descompasadamente, adv.** without measure, beyond compass.

**Descompasado, adj.** unproportionable, out of measure, immoderately great; beyond compass or rule.



- Descompasarse**, v. r. to be out of measure or proportion, beyond compass or rule.
- Descomponer**, v. a. to decompose, to disorder; (metaph.) to affront.—*Descomponerse*, v. r. to be uncivil, or disorderly, indecent.
- Descomposición**, s. f. disorder, irregularity.
- Descompostura**, s. f. immodesty, indecency, disorderliness.
- Descompuestamente**, adv. uncivilly, indecently, immodestly.
- Descompuesto**, adj. disordered, immodest, indecent; also affronted.
- Descomulgador**, s. m. he who excommunicates.
- Descomulgar**, v. a. to excommunicate.
- Descomunal**, adj. unmeasurable, monstrous.
- Descomunión**, s. f. excommunication.
- Desconcertadamente**, adv. disagreeingly, disorderly.
- Desconcertar**, v. a. to disagree, to break a bargain, to set at variance.—*Desconcertarse*, v. r. to put out of joint.
- Desconchar**, v. a. to take out of the shell; to put out of order.
- Desconcierto**, s. m. disagreement, disorder, confusion; also a looseness.
- Desconcordia**, s. f. discord, disagreeing.
- Desconfiadamente**, adv. hopelessly, without confidence, fearfully, with timidity.
- Desconfianza**, s. f. distrust, diffidence, suspicion.
- Desconfiar**, v. n. to distrust, to despair of.
- Desconformar**, v. n. to disagree.
- Desconforme**, adj. disagreeing; also unequal.
- Desconformidad**, s. f. variance, disagreement.
- Desconfortar**, v. a. to discomfort, to put out of heart.
- Desconhortar**, v. a. to discomfort, to make sorrowful, to put out of heart.
- Desconocer**, v. a. not to know what one was acquainted with; to be ungrateful.
- Desconocidamente**, adv. ungratefully.
- Desconocimiento**, s. m. ingratitude, oblivion.
- Desconoscér**, v. a. vide *Descocer*.
- Desconsentir**, v. a. to dissent, not to consent to, to disagree in opinion.
- Desconsiderado**, adj. inconsiderate, unadvised, imprudent.
- Desconsolación**, s. f. a discomforting, affliction.
- Desconsoladamente**, adv. sorrowfully, sadly, without any comfort.
- Desconsolar**, v. a. to discomfort.
- Desconsuelo**, s. m. affliction, grief, sorrow, weakness through want of nourishment.
- Descontar**, v. a. to discount.
- Descontentadizo**, adj. that is displeased with any thing.
- Descontentar**, v. a. to displease.
- Descontento**, s. m. discontent.—*No hay mayor mal, que el descontento de cada qual*, the greatest evil is the want of patience.
- Descontinuar**, v. a. to discontinue.
- Desconvenible**, adj. that will not agree, disagreeable.
- Desconveniblemente**, adv. disagreeably.
- Desconveniencia**, s. f. inconvenience, disagreement.
- Desconveniente**, s. m. inconvenience.
- Desconvenir**, v. n. to disagree, to be unfit, to be at variance.
- Desconversable**, adj. untractable, unfit for conversation.
- Desconversar**, v. n. to leave company.
- Descorazonamiento**, s. m. heartlessness, sluggishness, faint-heartedness.
- Descorazonar**, v. a. to be, or make, heartless or faint-hearted.
- Descorchador**, s. m. one that takes off the cork or bark.
- Descorchar**, v. a. to pull off the cork or bark.
- Descorchetar**, v. a. to unhook.
- Descorderar**, v. a. to separate the young lambs from the old ones.
- Descordar**, v. a. to take off the cords of an instrument.
- Descornar**, v. a. to take off the horns; to humble, to pull down those that swell too much.—*Descornar ledas*, (in cant,) to discover secrets, tricks, and frauds.
- Descoronar**, v. a. to uncrown.
- Descorregido**, adj. incorrigible, not to be corrected, bad beyond correction, depraved beyond amendment.
- Descorrer**, v. n. (obs.) to run, to flow; said of liquids.
- Descortés**, adj. unmannerly, ill-bred.
- Descortesía**, s. f. incivility, discourtesy.
- Descortesemente**, adv. uncivilly.
- Descortesador**, s. m. one who takes off the bark or rind of trees.
- Descortezar**, v. a. to take off the bark, rind, shell, or skin.
- Descosadura**, s. f. ripping, unsewing.
- Descoser**, v. a. to rip, to unsew.—*Descoserse*, v. r. to take a great liberty in talking and lying.—*Descoserse de risa*, to be ready to burst with laughing.
- Descosidamente**, adv. immoderately, intemperately.—*Comer, y beber como un descosido*, to eat and drink like a glutton, or one that has long fasted.
- Descostillar**, v. a. to break the ribs.
- Descostrar**, v. a. to break off the crust or rind.
- Descostumbrar**, v. a. to disuse.
- Descostumbre**, s. f. disuse.
- Descoyuntamiento**, s. m. a disjoining or putting out of joint.
- Descoyuntar**, v. a. to disjoint, to put out of joint.
- Descoyunto**, s. m. vide *Descoyuntamiento*.
- Descrecer**, v. a. to decrease, to grow less.
- Descrécimiento**, s. m. decrease.
- Descrédito**, s. m. discredit, reproach, disgrace.
- Descrér**, v. a. to disbelieve, not to believe what one believed before.
- Descréncia**, s. f. disbelief.
- Descréido**, s. m. one that will not believe what he believed before.
- Descrípscular**, v. a. to diffuse light as the sun does at its rising.
- Descreyente**, s. m. an unbeliever.
- Descríbr**, v. a. to describe.
- Descrinar**, v. a. to take off the hair.
- Descripción**, s. f. a description.
- Descriptivo**, adj. of, or belonging to a description; that can be described.

Descrito, adj. described.  
 Descruzar, v. a. to uncross.  
 Descubierta, s. f. a kind of pie that has no crust at top.  
 Descubiertamente, adv. openly, plainly, evidently.  
 Descubierto, adj. uncovered, discovered.  
 Descubridero, s. m. a rising piece of ground from whence there is a view of the country.  
 Descubridor, s. m. an uncoverser, or discoverer.  
 Descubridura, s. f. } disco-  
 Descubrimiento, s. m. } very.  
 Descubrir, v. a. to uncover, to discover.  
 Descuello, s. m. any thing that exceeds another in height; also pride, vanity.  
 Descuento, s. m. satisfaction, abatement, discount.  
 Descuena padastro, s. m. a cutlass, a hanger.  
 Descuberto, s. m. (in cant.) a discovery.  
 Descuidadamente, adv. negligently, carelessly.  
 Descuidar, v. a. to neglect, to be careless.  
 Descuido, s. m. negligence, carelessness, neglect.  
 Descular, v. n. to break the bottom of any thing. Vulgar.  
 Desculpa, s. f. an excuse.  
 Desculpár, v. a. to excuse.  
 Descurrir, v. a. vide Discurrir.  
 Descuierito, adj. vide Descubierto.  
 Descuydado, adj. careless, negligent.  
 Descuydadamente, adv. carelessly, negligently.  
 Descuydar, v. a. to be careless or negligent; to take no care.  
 Descuytar, v. a. to put out of misery.  
 Desdár, v. a. to give back.  
 Desde, adv. from such a time, or place.—*Desde ayer*, since yesterday.—*Desde niño*, from one's childhood.—*Desde aquí*, from this place.  
 Desdecir, v. n. to unsay, to say against what one has said, to retract, to recant. (Metaph.) to degenerate from one's birth; to disagree; not to combine one thing with another.  
 Desden, s. m. disdain, scorn.—*Las damas al desden, parecen bien*, a beautiful and graceful lady requires little ornament.—*Quien pobreza tiene, de*

*sus deudos, es desden*, rich parents despise their poor relations.  
 Desdenable, adj. to be disdained, worthy to be scorned.  
 Desdenador, s. m. one that scorns or disdains.  
 Desdenar, v. a. to scorn, to disdain.  
 Desdén, s. m. disdain.  
 Desdenoso, adj. disdainful.  
 Desdentar, v. a. to make toothless.  
 Desdevanar, v. a. to unwind thread or silk; to unreel.  
 Desdicha, s. f. misfortune.  
 Desdichadamente, adv. unfortunately.  
 Desdichadillo, adj. diminutive of *desdichado*. Subst used, a little wretch, a little rogue.  
 Desdichado, adj. unfortunate.—Prov. *Al desdichado poco le vale ser esforzado*, it little avails an unfortunate man to be brave. Courage without fortune is of little use.  
 Desdicho, p. p. unsayed, gainsayed.  
 Desdoblar, v. a. to unfold.  
 Desdón, s. m. insipidity, a want of taste, spirit, or grace.  
 Desdonadamente, adv. indecently, uncivilly, clownishly.  
 Desdonado, adj. indecent, uncivil, clownish, unpleasant.  
 Desdonar, v. a. to take back what was given.  
 Desdorar, v. a. to take off the gilding; to blemish.  
 Desdormido, adj. awake, that has not slept.  
 Desdoro, s. m. a spot or blemish on the reputation.  
 Deseable, adj. desirable.  
 Deseador, s. m. he who desires or wishes.  
 Desear, v. a. to desire, to wish for.  
 Desecar, v. a. to dry up.  
 Desecha, s. f. the burden of a song; a farewell or taking leave; dissembling or concealing an ill action; also a break in a mountain or pass. Vide *Deshecha*.  
 Desechar, v. a. to cast off, to despise, to condemn.—Prov. *Lo que uno desecha, otro lo ruega*, what one man despises, another sues for. One man's meat is another man's poison.  
 Desécho, s. m. the off-cast, what is thrown away.

Desedificar, v. n. to destroy, to demolish any edifice.  
 Deseguida, adj. (fem.) not honest, not modest, licentious, immoral.  
 Desembainar, v. a. vide Desembaynar.  
 Desembalar, v. n. to unpack.  
 Desembastar, v. a. to take any thing out of a basket.—*Desembastarse*, v. r. to free one's self from a cage or basket.  
 Desembarazar, v. a. to disencumber, to remove obstacles, to put things out of the way.  
 Desembarazo, s. m. clearness from incumbrance, easiness, freedom.  
 Desembarcación, s. f. the action of landing.  
 Desembarcadéro, s. m. a landing-place.  
 Desembarcar, v. a. to land, to unship, to disembark.  
 Desembargadamente, adv. freely, without obstruction.  
 Desembargar, v. a. to take off an embargo, to set at liberty, to free that which was attached, stopped, or detained.  
 Desembargo, s. m. deliverance, discharge; taking off the embargo.  
 Desembarrar, v. a. to unclay, to undaub.  
 Desembalar, v. a. to take any thing out of a chest; also to declare something.  
 Desembaynar, v. a. to draw out of the sheath or scabbard.  
 Desembeberse, v. r. to recover from surprise.  
 Desembelesarse, v. r. vide Desembelesarse.  
 Desembocadura, s. f. a disemboguing or coming out of the mouth of a gulph or river.  
 Desembocar, v. n. to disembogue, to come out of the mouth of a gulph or river.  
 Desembolsar, v. a. to disburse, to lay out.  
 Desembolso, s. m. a disbursing of money.  
 Desemboltura, s. f. airiness, impudence, confidence.  
 Desembolver, v. a. to unfold, to unwrap.—*Desembolverse*, v. r. to take courage, to grow airy, to grow free in behaviour, to grow impudent.  
 Desemborrachar, v. a. to make sober, to recover from drunkenness.



**Desemboscado**, adj. got out of a wood.

**Desemboscarse**, v. r. to get out of a wood.

**Desembotár**, v. a. to make sharp.

**Desembozár**, v. a. to unmuffle, or take off the cloak or masque; also to explain a difficulty.

**Desembravecér**, v. a. to tame.

**Desembravecimiento**, s. m. a making tame.

**Desembózo**, s. m. uncovering; also freedom.

**Desembazar**, v. a. to let go from the arms, to cast the cape at the port called *juego de cañas*, in which gentlemen ride and represent a skirmish, throwing canes at one another instead of darts.

**Desembriagar**, v. a. to make sober.

**Desembuchar**, v. a. to disgorge, to turn out of the maw; to speak every thing that comes uppermost.

**Desembudár**, v. a. to draw out any thing as it were through a funnel.

**Desembueltamente**, adv. airily, boldly, impudently.

**Desembuelto**, adj. airy, bold, impudent.

**Desemmanañar**, v. a. to make manifest, to clear up, to render conspicuous any obscure or intricate matter.

**Desemmohecer**, v. a. to clean any thing from the rust or mould.

**Desemmudecer**, v. a. to be cured of dumbness, to recover from the loss of speech.

**Decompacarse**, v. a. to appease one's self, to vent one's anger, to grow gentle and mild again.

**Desempachár**, v. a. to put away bashfulness.

**Desempácho**, s. m. want of bashfulness, confidence.

**Desempadrár**, v. a. to deprive of a father, to kill a person's father, to hinder one from calling himself by his family name.

**Desempalagár**, v. a. to take away loathing, to bring the stomach to an appetite.

**Desempañar**, v. a. to undress young children.

**Desempapelár**, v. a. to unfold any thing covered with paper.

**Desemparejár**, v. a. to remove from joining to another; to make uneven.

**Desemparvár**, v. a. to gather into heaps the corn that is threshed.

**Desempatár**, v. a. to make unequal what was before even.

**Desempedradór**, s. m. an unpavoiur; one that rides about the streets as if he would tear up the pavement.

**Desempedrar**, v. a. to unpave, to tear up the street or the road.

**Desempegár**, v. a. to unglew, to separate what is stuck.

**Desempeñar**, v. a. to redeem out of pawn, to disengage.

**Desempeñar la palabra**, to perform one's promise.

**Desempeñarse**, v. r. to pay one's debts, to get rid of one's engagements.

**Desempeño**, s. m. the act of redeeming a pledge.

**Desempeorár**, v. a. to mend, to grow better.

**Desemperéza**, s. f. shaking off sloth.

**Desemperezár**, v. n. to shake off sloth.

**Desempezgar**, v. a. to unstop, to open.

**Desemplumar**, v. a. to unfeather.

**Desempolvorár**, v. a. (obs.) to clean from dust.

**Desemponzoñar**, v. a. to free, cure, or heal one that is poisoned; to drive out, to expel any violent disorder or affection of the soul.

**Desempotrár**, v. a. to take off the prop or props that kept an edifice steady.

**Desemprenhada**, adj. fem. that has lain in, that has brought forth.

**Desemprenár**, v. a. to deliver of a big belly.

**Desempulgadura**, s. f. unbending a bow.

**Desempulgar**, v. a. to unbend a bow.

**Desemvaynar**, v. a. vide *Desembaynar*.

**Desenvolver**, v. a. vide *Desembolher*.

**Desenbaldár**, v. a. to pull off the pack-saddle.

**Desenauorár**, v. a. to extinguish or lose love.

**Desenbaynar**, v. a. vide *Desenvaynar*.

**Desenbolvér**, v. a. vide *Desenvolver*.

**Desencabalgár**, v. a. to dismount the cannon.

**Desencabestrár**, v. a. to unhalter.

**Desencadenár**, v. a. to unchain.

**Desencalabrinár**, v. a. to put in order, to settle the head.

**Desencalcár**, v. a. to loosen any thing that was made fast.

**Desencalladura**, s. f. setting a vessel a-float, that was run a-ground.

**Desencallár**, v. a. to get off a vessel that was run a-ground.

**Desencaminár**, v. a. vide *Desecaminar*.

**Desencandilar**, v. a. to take away the dazzling or glimmering light that affects the eyes.

**Desencantár**, v. a. to disenchant.

**Desencánto**, s. m. a disenchanting.

**Desencapotadura**, s. f. the taking off a cloak.

**Desencapotár**, v. a. to take or pull off the cloak.

**Desencapotarse**, v. r. to clear up one's looks from frowns or frowning.

**Desencaprichár**, v. a. to subdue caprice or fancy.

**Desencarcelár**, v. a. to free any one from a prison.

**Desencarecer**, v. a. to lower or lessen the price, or value.

**Desencarnár**, v. a. vide *Descarnar*.

**Desencasar**, v. a. vide *Desencaxar*.

**Desencasonár**, v. a. (obs.) vide *Desencaxonar*.

**Desencastillar**, v. a. to beat out of a castle.

**Desencavalgar**, v. a. to dismount from horseback, to dismount a piece of ordnance from its carriage, to unbend a cross-bow.

**Desencavestrár**, v. a. vide *Desencabestrar*.

**Desencaxador**, s. m. one that unjoins or pulls up things from where they were fastened.

**Desencaxadura**, s. f. unjointing, separating.

**Desencaxamiento**, s. m. a dis-jointing or putting out of the place where it was fixed.

**Desencaxár**, v. a. to unjoint, to separate, to pull from the place where it was fastened.

**Desencaxonár**, v. a. to take out what is in a large case or box.

**Desencherrar**, v. a. to let loose or turn out what has been locked up; to turn out the bulls for the bull-feast.

**Desencintár**, v. a. to unbind, to untie.

Desenclavár, v. a. to unvail.  
 Desenclavijár, v. a. to take down, or lower the keys of any musical instrument.  
 Desencogér, v. a. to extend, to dilate, stretch out.—*Desencogerse*, v. r. to lay aside bashfulness.  
 Desencogimiento, s. m. freedom or easiness of expression.  
 Desencolár, v. a. to unglow.  
 Desencolerizarse, v. n. to appease, or assuage one's anger.  
 Desenconar, v. a. to take away the rankling of a sore; (metaph.) to appease one's anger.  
 Desencóno, s. m. an appeasing of anger.  
 Desencordár, v. a. to uncord or unstring an instrument.  
 Desencordelár, v. a. to untie, or loosen any thing tied with a rope.  
 Desencorvar, v. a. to make straight, or unbend.  
 Desencrespár, v. a. to uncurl.  
 Desendemoniár, v. a. to cast out devils.  
 Desendablár, v. a. to cast out devils.—*Desendablarse*, v. r. to lay aside wrath or anger.  
 Desendiosár, v. a. to depress, or pull down vain glory.  
 Desenduenarse, v. a. to be free from a *dueña*.  
 Desenfadar, v. a. to please, to ease of vexation.—*Desenfarse*, v. r. to be pleased, delighted.  
 Desenfado, s. m. pleasure, that which eases from vexation, diversion; confidence, freedom of behaviour.  
 Desenfaldarse, v. r. to unfold, or let down the lapet of a gown.  
 Desenfamar, v. a. to defame.  
 Desenfardelár, v. a. to unpack, to open a pack.  
 Desenfaxár, v. a. to unroll, to unswathe, to unbend.  
 Desenfrenadaménte, adv. disorderly, ungovernably.  
 Desenfrenamiento, s. m. unbridledness, unruliness.  
 Desenfrenar, v. a. to unbridle.—*Desenfrenarse*, v. r. to grow unruly in talk or actions.—*Desenfrenado como un caballo*, unbridled, like an horse.  
 Desenfreno, s. m. unruliness.  
 Desenfundár, v. a. to pull out of the holsters, as when a pistol is taken out.

Desenfurecerse, v. a. to lay aside rage, or anger.  
 Desengañadaménte, adv. ingeniously, without dissimulation, freely, frankly.  
 Desengañador, s. m. who undeceives another.  
 Desengañár, v. a. to undeceive, to shew a man his mistake, to deal plainly.—*Desengañarse*, v. r. to discover the truth of a matter one was deceived in, to be satisfied in a point, to be undeceived.  
 Desengañisar, v. a. to free, or pluck out of the hands or claws.  
 Desengañio, s. m. discovery of a deceit, plain dealing.  
 Desengarrar, v. a. to free from the hands.  
 Desengarzár, v. a. to disjoin things that were joined.  
 Desengastár, v. a. to take a stone out of a ring.  
 Desengrassár, v. a. to take away the fat, to make lean.  
 Desengrossár, v. a. to make thin, to attenuate, to make slender.  
 Desengrudamiento, s. m. the act of deglutinating, of taking away the glue or viscosity.  
 Desengrudár, v. a. to unpaste.  
 Desengrupar, v. a. to uncrumple.  
 Desenhadar, v. a. (obs.) vide Desenfadar.  
 Desenhastiar, v. a. to restore to an appetite; to take away a loathing.  
 Desenhcbrar, v. a. to unthread a needle.  
 Desenhetrár, v. a. to disentangle, to unravel, to extricate, to deliver out of perplexity.  
 Desenjazar, v. a. to unharass.  
 Desenjaulár, v. a. to take out of a cage.  
 Desenlabonar, v. a. to unlink.  
 Desenladrillár, v. a. to pull down the bricks.  
 Desenlazar, v. a. to unloose, to untie, to ensnare.  
 Desenlozar, v. a. to unpave.  
 Desenlustrár, v. a. to take away lustre, to obscure.  
 Desenlutar, v. a. to go out of mourning.  
 Desennarañar, v. a. to disentangle, to extricate, to lay open a piece of knavery.  
 Desennudecér, v. a. to cease to be dumb, to talk.  
 Desenojar, v. a. to appease or to abate anger.

Desenjo, s. m. the mitigation or appeasing of anger.  
 Desénio, s. m. a design.  
 Desenquadrar, v. a. to unbind papers or books.  
 Desenzonado, adj. that has lost the use of reason, unreasonable, not acting according to reason.  
 Desenredár, v. a. to disentangle, to extricate, to rid out of trouble.—*Desenredarse*, v. r. to disentangle one's self.  
 Desenrollár, v. a. to unfold what was rolled up.  
 Desensabanár, v. a. to unsheet a bed.  
 Desensañar, v. a. to appease, to discourage.  
 Desensartár, v. a. to unthread.  
 Desensenár, v. a. to take out of the bosom.  
 Desenseñar, v. a. to make one forget what he had been taught in order to teach him better.  
 Desensevar, v. a. to take the tallow out; to divert one's self for a few moments from the actual work by taking a pinch of snuff, a turn of the room, and so forth.  
 Desensillar, v. a. to unsaddle.  
 Desensoberbecerse, v. r. to humble one's self, to lay aside pride.  
 Desensordecér, v. n. to cease to be deaf, to recover one's hearing.  
 Desentablár, v. a. to unboard; also to destroy, to put in confusion, to undo.  
 Desentender, v. n. to feign one's self ignorant.  
 Desenterar, v. a. to unbury, to dig out of the grave or earth.—*Desenterrar los muertos*, to unbury the dead; to talk ill of them.  
 Desenteria, s. f. vide Disenteria.  
 Desentoldár, v. a. to take down a canopy.  
 Desentomecer, v. n. vide Desentumecer.  
 Desentonadaménte, adv. out of tune.  
 Desentonamiento, s. m. being out of tune or rudely loud.  
 Desentonár, v. a. to be out of tune, to be rudely loud.—*Desentonarse*, v. r. to be out of tune; also to be imprudent.  
 Desentono, s. m. vide Desentonomiento.  
 Desentopecer, v. a. to unbenumb.  
 Desentrañar, v. n. to embowel.—*Desentrañar un negocio*, to ex-



tricate an affair, to make it easy.—*Desentrañarse por otro*, to bestow all one has on another.

Desentumecér, v. a. to unbenumbed.

Desenvainár, v. a. to draw out of the sheath, or scabbard.

Desenviolár, v. a. to expiate.

Desenvoltúra, s. f. dexterity, cleverness, skill, readiness in doing, ability, great practice, great facility, readiness of contrivance, skilfulness. It is sometimes taken in a bad sense, speaking of women that make too free with men; slip from chastity.

Desenvolvedór, s. m. who enquires or searches into any thing.

Desenvolver, v. a. to unroll.

Desenvueltaménte, adv. impudently, boldly, audaciously.

Desenxalmár, v. a. to unharness, to take the pannel of a beast.

Deséo, s. m. desire, wish, eagerness to obtain or enjoy.—*A medida del deseo*, according to wish or desire.

Deseoó, adj. desirous.

Desequido, adj. dry.

Deserción, s. f. desertion.

Deserrádo, adj. erroneous, out of the way.

Desertár, v. n. to desert.

Desertór, s. m. a deserter.

Desescurecér, v. a. to illustrate, to make plain.

Desesperación, s. f. despair; also wrath, anger, fury.

Desesperadaménte, adv. desperately, furiously, madly.

Desesperamiento, s. m. despair.

Desesperanza, s. f. (obs.) vide Desesperacion.

Desesperár, v. n. to despair.—*Desesperarse*, v. r. to kill one's self; also to be furious; mad with anger.

Desesterár, v. a. to unmat, to take off the mats.

Desestéro, s. m. the taking-off mats.

Desestima, s. f. disesteem.

Desestimación, s. f. disesteem, slight regard.

Desestimadór, s. m. f. one who disesteems.

Desestinar, v. a. to undervalue, to despise.

Desfacedór, s. in. (obs.) vide Deshacedor.

Desfacér, v. a. (obs.) vide Deshacer.

Desfalcación, s. f. defalcation,

Desfalcár, v. a. to defalk, to take away some part of the principal.

Desfallecér, v. n. to faint, to swoon, to waste away, to lose courage.

Desfalleciénte, p. act of *desfallecer*.

Desfallecimíento, s. m. fainting, swooning, wasting away, & scouragement.

Desfallecér, v. n. vide Desfallecer.

Desfamamiénte, s. m. defamation.

Desfamár, v. a. to defame.

Desfávór, s. m. disfavor.

Desfavorecedór, s. m. one who disfavours.

Desfavorecér, v. a. to discountenance, not to favour.

Desfaxár, v. a. to ungird.

Desfazádo, adj. (obs.) shameless, impudent, immodest.

Desfeár, v. a. to disfigure, to deform, to mangle.

Desferra, s. f. (obs.) discord, contest, opposition of will and opinions.

Desfigurár, v. a. to disfigure, to deform.—*Desfigurarse*, v. r. to grow more homely, to lose one's good shape, features, or complexion.

Desfilachár, v. a. to make lint out of linen.

Desfiladéro, s. m. a narrow passage, a defile.

Desfilár, v. a. to march in order, to defile.

Desfinzár, v. a. (obs.) to deprive of hope.

Desflaquecér, v. a. to lose strength or courage.

Desflaquecimíento, s. m. loss of strength or courage.

Desflénár, v. n. to expectorate, to bring away or purge off phlegm.

Desflocár, v. a. to ravel out the ends of any thing like fringes.

Desfloramíento, s. m. a deflowering.

Desflorár, v. a. to deflower.

Desflorecér, v. a. to lose the flower.

Desfogár, v. a. to take away the heat, or fire, to cool.

Desfagonár, v. a. to spoil the touch-hole of a piece of artillery, or of any fire-arm.

Desfogue, s. m. vent; the act of giving vent to fire, or to any oppressing passion.

Desformár, v. a. to deform, to disfigure.

Desforme, adj. vide Disforme.

Desformar, v. a. to deform, to disfigure.

Desformar, v. a. to deform, to disfigure.

Desformar, v. a. to deform, to disfigure.

Desfrenár, v. a. vide Desenfrenar.

Desfortalecér, v. a. to ruin, or destroy any fortress.

Desfrutar, v. a. to gather all the fruit; to take away the beauty of a thing.

Desfúcia, s. f. freeing, discharging; m. trust.

Desfundár, v. a. to beat out the head of a vessel.

Desgárré, s. m. inelegance, impoliteness in dress or speech.

Desgajadúra, s. a. a tearing or rending.

Descajár, v. a. to tear off, to rend, to force asunder.—*Descajarse de la amistad de otro*, to break off friendship.

Desgájo, s. m. a tearing or rending.

Desgalanár, v. a. to strip of its finery, to unrig.

Desgalgadéro, s. m. an uncouth place, where dogs cannot run.

Desgalgár, v. a. to precipitate, to throw headlong.—*Desgalgarse*, v. r. to run over uncouth places, where dogs cannot follow.

Desgána, s. f. the nauseousness of food; also dislike.

Desganarse, v. a. to lose one's stomach or appetite.

Desganchár, v. a. to pull the boughs from the trees.

Desgañifár, v. a. to halloo; or cry out till a man tears his throat, or grows hoarse.

Desgargamilládo, adj. weak, feeble, puny, without any grace or neatness.

Desgargantarse, v. r. to vociferate, to cry as loud as one can.

Desgargoladúra, s. f. brating the bark out of hemp or flax.

Desgargolár, v. a. to beat the bark out of hemp or flax.

Desgaritarse, v. r. to sail or navigate the ship out of its direction, to fall off from the due run, not to follow the first scheme or intention.

Desgarrár, v. a. to rend, to tear; to boast.—*Desgarrarse*, v. a. to escape, leaving a piece of one's coat behind, to break loose; also to grow impudent.

Desgárró, s. m. a rent; also a bravado or boasting; also impudent.

Desgarrón, s. m. a boasting fellow.

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**Desgarnatarse**, v. r. to tear one's throat with roaring or making a noise.

**Desgastador**, s. m. one who spends much, a spendthrift.

**Desgastar**, v. a. to lessen any thing by degrees.

**Desgatar**, v. a. to pursue or kill cats.

**Desglossar**, v. a. to take away, or blot out remarks or glosses.

**Desgobernár**, v. a. to unsettle the government, to disturb the order of it, to govern ill; to dislocate, to put out of joint; to cure horses and mules by cutting some vein in order to stop the run of some diseased humour; to neglect the steerage when at sea.

**Desgobierno**, s. m. disorder, confusion.

**Desgorrarse**, v. r. to pull off the hat or cap.

**Desgoznár**, v. a. vide *Desgoznar*.

**Desgotar**, v. a. to dry up any thing to the last drop.

**Desgoznár**, v. a. to unhinge.

**Desgracia**, s. f. a misfortune; also disgrace.—*Correr con desgracia*, to be unlucky, unhappy.—*Que desgracia!* what a misfortune!

**Desgraciadamente**, adv. unfortunately; also ungentlely.

**Desgraciado**, adj. unfortunate; also mishappen; that sings without air or grace; not well in health.

**Desgraciár**, v. a. to offend, to disgust, to displease, to give discontent to make angry.—*Desgraciarse*, v. r. to disagree; to be not well in health.

**Desgraduar**, v. a. to degrade, to take away one's degrees.

**Desgramar**, v. a. to pluck up the grass.

**Desgranamiento**, s. m. taking away the grain, or kernel.

**Desgranar**, v. a. to take away the grain or kernel; to diminish the beauty or value of a thing.

**Desgraciador**, s. m. one that pulls off the hair, or that dishevels the hair.

**Desgreñadura**, s. f. a pulling off or disheveling the hair.

**Desgreñar**, v. a. to pull off or dishevel the hair.

**Desgarnecer**, v. a. to ungarnish, to pull off a line or ornament.—*Desgarnecerse*, v. r. to take off one's ornaments.

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**Desgarnecer**, v. a. to ungarnish, to pull off a line or ornament.—*Desgarnecerse*, v. r. to take off one's ornaments.

**Desguindár**, v. a. to take down what is hanging.

**Desgusto**, s. m. vide *Disgusto*.

**Deshabitado**, adj. not inhabited, deserted, forsaken.

**Deshabitar**, v. a. to quit a house or habitation.

**Deshabituár**, v. a. to lose a custom or habit.

**Deshacer**, v. a. to undo, to destroy; also to annihilate.—*Deshacer agravios*, to revenge injuries.—*Deshacerse*, v. r. to afflict one's self.—*Deshacerse de una cosa*, to part with any thing.

**Desahuidado**, adj. necessitous, indigent, poor, needy.

**Desahondar**, v. a. vide *Desahondar*.

**Desahondar**, v. a. vide *Desahondar*.

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**Desahondar**, v. a. vide *Desahondar*.

the silk pods after they have been broken by the coming out of the worm.

**Deshiladura**, s. f. untwisting, unspinning; also drawing out of threads.

**Deshilar**, v. a. to untwist, to unspin; to draw out threads.

**Deshincár**, v. a. to pull a thing out from the place it was thrust in.

**Deshinchadura**, s. f. unswelling.

**Deshinchár**, v. a. to unswell, to assuage the swelling.

**Deshinchazón**, s. m. unswelling.

**Deshogar**, v. a. vide *Desahogar*.

**Deshojador**, s. m. one that tears away the leaves.

**Deshojadura**, s. f. tearing off the leaves.

**Deshojár**, v. a. to pull off the leaves.

**Desholleár**, v. a. to pare, to take off the skin or rind.

**Deshollinador**, s. m. one that cleans away the soot.

**Deshollinár**, v. a. to clean away the soot.

**Deshombrecerse**, v. r. to shrug up the shoulders.

**Deshonestamente**, adv. immodestly, indecently.

**Deshonestar**, v. a. to disgrace.

**Deshonestico**, adj. diminutive of *deshonesto*.

**Deshonestdad**, s. f. dishonesty, immodesty.

**Deshonesto**, adj. immodest, indecent.

**Deshonor**, s. m. dishonour.

**Deshonra**, s. f. dishonour, disgrace.—*Deshonrabados*, s. m. a scandalous person that talks ill of others.

**Deshonrador**, s. m. one that disgraces or dishonours another.

**Deshonrar**, v. a. to disgrace, to dishonour.

**Deshora**, s. f. out of season.—*A deshora*, adv. on a sudden, unseasonably.

**Deshorado**, adj. unseasonable, unhappy.

**Deshornar**, v. a. to draw out of the oven.

**Deshospedado**, adj. inhospitable.

**Deshúzia**, s. f. despair, giving over a sick man. (Obs.)

**Desjarretador**, s. m. one that loughs or hamstring.

**Desjarretadura**, s. f. hamstringing.

**Desjarretar**, v. a. to hamstring.



Desjarretár, v. a. to hough, to hamstring.

Desiderable, adj. desirable.  
Vide Descáble.

Desidia, s. f. sloth, negligence, idleness.

Desidióso, adj. slothful, negligent, idle.

Desierto, adj. forsaken, abandoned, left.—*Desierto*, s. m. desert, wilderness.—*Predicár en desierto*, v. a. to preach in a desert; to talk to those that will not give ear, to talk in vain.—*Casa desierta*, a thing that belongs to no body.—*Ape laci6n dada por desierta*, an appeal that will not be allowed.

Designación, s. f. designation, appointment.

Designár, v. a. to design, to appoint, to allot.

Designio, s. m. design, intention.

Desigual, adj. unequal; also fickle, inconstant.

Desigualár, v. a. to make uneven.—*Desigualarse*, v. r. to excel another, to be unequal.

Desigualdád, s. f. inequality.

Desigualménte, adv. unequally.

Desimagar, v. a. to blot out of the imagination.

Desinclinár, v. a. to take away, withdraw the inclination.

Desindiciár, v. a. to blot out the suspicion of anything.

Desinfecti6nár, v. a. to take away the infection.

Desinflamar, v. a. to take away the inflammation.

Desinterés, s. m. disinterest, indifference to profit.

Desinteresable, adj. that can have no interest in a thing; that does not seek interest.

Desinteresadaménte, adv. without design or interest.

Desinteresar, v. a. to remove all interest.

Desistencia, s. f. } desisting,  
Desistimiento, s. m. } leaving off, clearing.

Desistir, v. n. to desist, to leave off, to cease.

Deslabonar, v. a. to unlink a chain.

Desladrillar, v. a. to take away the bricks.

Deslaidár, v. a. (obs.) to deform.

Deslanguido, adj. weak, slender, exhausted.

Deslastrár, v. a. to take away the ballast of a ship.

Deslatár, v. a. to take away the rafters of joists.

Deslâte, s. m. throwing or casting any thing.

Deslavado, adj. saucy, frontless, impudent.—*Cara deslavada*, a puny, pale, sickly countenance.

Deslavadura, s. f. } impu-  
Deslavamiento, s. m. } dence.

Deslavar, v. a. to spoil any thing by wetting it.

Deslavar6nár, v. a. vide Desenlavar6nár.

Deslaydár, v. n. (obs.) vide Deslaidár.

Deslazamiento, s. m. the act of untying or unbinding.

Deslazar, v. a. to untie a knot.

Deslaze, s. m. the act of undoing the knot or tie.

Desleal, adj. disloyal, false, unfaithful.

Deslealménte, adv. disloyally unfaithfully.

Deslealtad, s. f. disloyalty, falsehood, unfaithfulness.

Deslechugador, s. m. a pruner.

Deslechugar, v. a. to prune.

Desleidura, s. f. dissolving, digesting.

Desleir, v. a. to dissolve, to digest.

Deslendrár, v. a. to clear from nits.

Deslenguado, adj. that has lost the tongue; that has an ill tongue.

Deslenguamiento, s. m. lewdness of the tongue.

Deslenguarse, v. r. to advance what is neither true, nor just; to slander, to censure falsely.

Desliár, v. a. to unbind, to untie.

Desligár, v. a. to unbind.

Deslindador, s. m. one that marks out the bounds.

Deslindadura, s. f. marking out bounds.

Deslindár, v. a. to mark out the bounds; also to clear any business.

Desliz, s. m. a slip or sliding; as, *un desliz de lengua*, a slip of the tongue.

Deslizadero, s. m. a slippery place.

Deslizadizo, adj. slippery.

Deslizadura, s. f. } slipping.  
Deslizamiento, s. m. }

Deslizar, v. n. to slip, to slide.

Deslizo, s. m. vide Deslizar.

Deslador, s. m. a dispraiser.

Desloár, v. a. to dispraise, to discommend.

Deslocaci6n, s. f. dislocation,

the state of being out of joint.

Deslocarse, v. a. to dislocate itself, to get out joint.

Deslomadura, s. f. breaking the back.

Deslomar, v. a. to break the back.

Deslucidaménte, adv. inelegantly.

Deslucimiento, s. m. disgrace, or obscurity.

Deslucir, v. a. to obscure; to darken, to take away brightness.

Deslumbrado, adj. shadowed; darkened, dazzled; that does things disorderly, or hand over head.

Deslumbramiento, s. m. the blindness and confusion passion puts a man into; also the dazzling of the sun.

Deslumbrár, v. a. to dazzle, to darken, to shadow.

Deslustradamente, adv. dully, without beauty or lustre.

Deslustrador, s. m. one that has lost his beauty or lustre.

Deslustrár, v. a. to take away beauty or lustre.

Deslústre, s. m. the privation of splendour or lustre.

Deslustr6so, adj. unbecoming; disgraceful, ignominious, dishonourable.

Desmadexado, adj. all ravelled; disorderly; also lazy, slovenly, not genteel.

Desmadexamiento, s. m. a lowness of spirits.

Desmadexar, v. a. to ravel a skein.

Desmajado, } adj. loose, un-  
Desmajolado, } tied.

Desmallador, s. m. (in cant) a poignard or dagger.

Desmallár, v. a. to unmail, to cut the armour a man wears.

Desmán, s. m. a misfortune; also misbehaviour.

Desmanár, v. a. to go astray.

Desmanecbar, v. a. to hinder or obstruct the living of one with a mistress.

Desmandado, adj. disorderly, ungovernable, unruly.

Desmanár, v. a. to revoke, repeal, or recall any order or command.—*Desmandarse*, v. r.

to be disordered, to go astray.

Desmanecarse v. r. to shake off fetters.

Desmangorear, v. a. to unhalt.

Desmanotado, adj. unhandy, awkwardly.

**Desmantelár, v. a.** to dismantle, to throw down walls or rocks; to abandon.

**Desmaña, s. f.** laziness, slothfulness.

**Desmañado, adj.** slothful, lazy, inept.

**Desmarrañár, v. a.** to unravel, to disentangle.

**Desmarrido, adj.** weak, fallen away, decayed; weak in understanding.

**Desmarrañár, v. a.** to prune.

**Desmayadamente, adj.** faintly.

**Desmayadizo, adj.** subject to faint or swoon.

**Desmayado, adj.** faint-hearted.

**Desmayár, v. n.** to faint, to swoon, to lose courage, to dismay.—*Desmayarse, v. r.* to lose one's senses, to faint, to swoon away.

**Desmáyo, s. m.** swoon, fainting, discouragement.

**Desmazado, adj.** slatternly, slovenly, loose, and out of order; unbundled, loose, disordered, as parcels broken up, and not bound together.

**Desmazado, adj.** sickly, not in good order; with regard to health, in a vexatious middle state between sickness and health; weak, feeble, without vigour, without briskness.

**Desmedidamente, adv.** disproportionably.

**Desmedido, adj.** unmeasured; unmannerly.

**Desmedrár, v. n.** to go backward, to decay instead of thriving.

**Desmédro, s. m.** going backward, decaying instead of thriving.

**Desmejorar, v. a.** to make worse.

**Desmelancolizar, v. a.** to lay aside melancholy; to be cheerful, to rejoice.

**Desmelenár, v. a.** to take off the hair; to dishevel.

**Desmembración, s. m.** dismembering.

**Desmembrador, s. m.** a dismemberer.

**Desmembradura, s. f.** } a dis-  
**Desmembramiento, s. m.** } membering.

**Desmembrár, v. a.** to dismember, to divide member from member.

**Desmemorado, adj.** forgetful.

**Desmemoriarse, v. r.** to be forgetful.

**Desmenguár, v. a.** to diminish.

**Desmentida, s. f.** the action of making another man a liar.

**Desmentidór, s. m.** one that gives the lye, or one that makes things uneven.

**Desmentir, v. a.** to give the lye; also to make or place things unequally; also to counterfeit or falsify.—*Desmentir el camino*, to go out of the road in order to deceive a pursuer.—*Desmentir las espías*, to impose upon spies, making them believe another thing is meant than what is really in agitation.

**Desmenzable, adj.** that may be made into small bits.

**Desmenzador, s. m.** one that crumbles, or breaks into small bits.

**Desmenzadura, s. f.** } crum-  
**Desmanuzamiento, s. m.** } bling,  
or breaking into small bits.

**Desmenuzár, v. a.** to crumble, to break into small bits; also to examine with great attention.

**Desmeolladura, s. f.** } taking  
**Desmeollamiento, s. m.** } out the  
kernel, or brain.

**Desmeollar, v. a.** to take out the kernel, the brain, or the marrow.

**Desmerecér, v. a.** to underserve.

**Desmerecimiento, s. m.** underserving.

**Desmerojón, s. m.** a sparrowhawk.

**Desmesura, s. f.** want of manners.

**Desmesuradamente, adv.** unmannerly.

**Desmesurado, adj.** unmannerly.

**Desmesurarse, v. r.** to be rude or unmannerly.

**Desmeador, s. m.** (in cant.) one that looks on.

**Desmicár, v. a.** (in cant.) to look upon.

**Desmigajador, s. m.** one that pulls any thing into bits or crumbles.

**Desmigajadura, s. f.** pulling or breaking into bits, crumbling.

**Desmigajár, v. a.** to pull or break in bits, to crumble.

**Desminuir, v. n.** vide *Diminuir*.

**Desmirado, adj.** unmannerly.

**Desmiramiento, s. m.** unmannerliness.

**Desmirado, adj.** that has no ears.

**Desmirriado, adj.** weak, feeble, exhausted, consumed, infirm.

**Desmócha, s. f.** the act of lopping, maiming, or pruning; also diminution, great alteration.

**Desmochadura, s. f.** cutting off the horns, maiming, lopping, cropping, cutting bare, pruning.

**Desmochár, v. a.** to cut off the horns, to maim, to lop, to crop, to cut bare, to prune trees.

**Desmócho, s. m.** the lopping or pruning of trees.

**Desmolado, adj.** that has no grinders.

**Desmolár, v. a.** to pull out the grinders, to deprive of the teeth.

**Desmoledura, s. f.** digestion, concoction of the food in the stomach.

**Desmolér, v. a.** to digest.

**Desmontadura, s. f.** dismounting; also unwooding and grubbing up.

**Desmontár, v. a.** to dismount; also to unwood, to grub up trees.

**Desmónte, s. m.** unwooding, grubbing up.

**Desmóntes, adj.** so they call the poor silver ore which cannot be fined by fire, but by quicksilver.

**Desmoronadura, s. f.** mouldering away.

**Desmoronár, v. a.** to moulder away.

**Desmotadéra, s. f.** a woman that cleans the cloth by taking away that part of the nap that is bad.

**Desmotador, s. m.** (in cant.) a thief, a robber.

**Desmotár, v. a.** to pull off the tufts, or knots, to burl. (In cant.) to steal.

**Desmuélo, s. m.** loss of teeth.

**Desmugerár, v. a.** to deprive one of his wife.

**Desnarigar, v. a.** to cut off the nose.

**Desnatár, v. a.** to skim off the cream, to take off the best of a thing.



**Desnaturalizár, v. a.** to unnaturalize, to take away a man's privilege as native of a country.

**Desnecesario, adj.** unnecessary, superfluous.

**Desnegamiento, s. m.** recanting that which was denied.

**Desnegar, v. a.** to recant what one denied.

**Desnegrar, v. a.** to unblack, to take off the black.

**Desnervar, v. a.** to cut off the sinews.

**Desnivel, s. m.** the oblique inclination or tendency of any thing.

**Desnoviár, v. a.** to separate new married people.

**Desnuar, v. a.** to cut off the nape of the neck.

**Desnudadór, s. m.** he who strips another or himself naked.

**Desnudamente, adv.** nakedly, clearly.

**Desnudar, v. a.** to uncloath, to strip naked.—*Desnudarse, v. r.* to strip, to undress one's self.

**Desnudéz, s. f.** nakedness.

**Desnudo, adj.** naked.

**Desobedecer, v. a.** to disobey.

**Desobediencia, s. f.** disobedience.

**Desobediénte, adj.** disobedient.

**Desobedientemente, adv.** disobediently.

**Desobligar, v. a.** to disoblige, to offend, to disgust, to give offence to.

**Desocasionado, adj.** unseasonable, not opportunely.

**Desocupación, s. f.** leisure, idleness, want of employment.

**Desocupadamente, adv.** at leisure, idly.

**Desocupado, adj.** at leisure, idle, without business.

**Desocupar, v. a.** to void a place, to quit it, to ease of business.

**Desojarse, v. r.** to wear out one's eyes.

**Desoir, v. a.** to endeavour not to hear.

**Desolación, s. f.** desolation, destruction, ruin.

**Desolador, s. m.** a destroyer.

**Desolar, v. a.** to ruin, to destroy, to make desolate.

**Desolladamente, adv.** peevishly; also insolently, boldly.

**Desollado, adj.** impudent.

**Desollador, s. m.** one who

skins or flays; also an exactor or extortioner.

**Desolladura, s. f.** a flaying or skinning.

**Desollar, v. a.** to flay, to take off the skin; to exact, to practise extortion.—*Desollar la zorra, ó el lobo,* to go to bed when one is drunk; they say also *desollarla*.—*Desuella caras,* an impudent fellow.

**Desollinar, v. a.** vide Desholinar.

**Desopilación, s. f.** clearing of stoppage; curing the green sickness.

**Desopilar, v. a.** to remove obstructions, to cure the green sickness.

**Desopinar, v. a.** to discredit, to defame, to detract from, to traduce a man's reputation.

**Desoprimir, v. a.** to free from oppression.

**Desorden, s. m.** disorder, confusion.—*El mucho desorden, trae orden,* great and immoderate expences bring a man to want.

**Desordenación, s. f.** disorder.

**Desordenadamente, adv.** disorderly.

**Desordenar, v. a.** to disorder, confound.—*Desordenarse, v. r.* to be disordered, to be confounded.

**Desorejar, v. a.** to cut off the ears.

**Desosadamente, adv.** fearfully.

**Desosado, adj.** timorous, fearful.

**Desospedamiento, s. m.** want of guests.

**Desospedar, v. a.** to remove guests.

**Desosar, v. a.** to bone, to take off the bones.

**Desovada, adj. (fem.)** that has laid all her eggs.

**Desovar, v. a.** to spawn, as fish do.

**Desóve, s. m.** the time in which fishes cast their spawn.

**Desovillar, v. a.** to wind off bottoms.

**Despabiladeras, s. f. pl.** snuffers.

**Despabilador, s. m.** one who snuffs candles.

**Despabiladura, s. f.** snuffing of candles.

**Despabilar, v. a.** to snuff, to crop the candles; also to

waste, to spend, to consume shortly.—*Despabilir el ingenio,* to sharpen the wit or judgment.—*Despabilir los ojos,* to be very careful.

**Despachada, s. f.** an office in the Spanish exchequer so called.

**Despachadamente, adv.** nimbly, hastily, expeditiously.

**Despachador, s. m.** one who dispatches, or is expeditious.

**Despachar, v. a.** to dispatch, to rid; to kill; to send; to sell.—*Despachar un correo,* to send an express.—*Despachar mercaderias,* to sell goods.

**Despácho, s. m.** expedition, dispatch.

**Despachurrar, v. a.** to squeeze things in one against another by being too strait.

**Despachurro, s. m.** an awkward motion of the body.

**Despacio, adv.** leisurely, softly.—*De espacio estaba la zorra, y daba la letra al asno,* to expect a favour that will not be granted.

**Despagamiento, s. m.** displeasure.

**Despagar, v. a.** to displease.

**Despajador, s. m.** he that cleans from the straw, winnows, or thrashes.

**Despajadura, s. f.** thrashing, winnowing, clearing from straw.

**Despajar, v. a.** to thrash, to winnow, to clear from straw.

**Despaladinar, v. a. (obs.)** to make a thing known to all, to expose to open view.

**Despaldas, adv.** on the back.

**Despaldarse, } v. r. to dis-**

**Despaldillarse, } joint the**

**Despalmar, s. m.** the place where ships are careened.

**Despalmadura, s. f.** washing and tallowing a ship.

**Despalmantes, s. m. pl. (in cant.)** thieves, robbers.

**Despalmar, v. a.** to wash and tallow a ship; also to pare horses hoofs. (In cant.) to take away by force.

**Despampanador, s. m.** a pruner of vines.

**Despampanadura, s. m.** pruning of vines.

**Despampanar, v. a.** to prune vines.

**Despamplonar**, v. a. to trim or prune a vine when the shoots are too close.

**Despanado**, adj. that has not bread to eat.

**Despanar**, v. a. to carry home the wheat and other corn from the field after harvest.

**Despancjar**, } v. a. to be  
**Despanzurar**, } bursten.

**Desparar**, v. a. vide **Disparar**.

**Desparate**, s. m. vide **Disparate**.

**Desparecerse**, v. r. to be unlike.

**Desparci**, v. a. to scatter, to disperse.

**Desparocer**, v. a. vide **Desaparecer**.

**Desparejar**, v. a. to make things that were alike unequal or unlike.

**Desparñar**, v. a. to put out of joint or place, to bruise, to scatter; also to prattle, to chatter.

**Desparamadura**, s. f. a scattering.

**Desparramar**, v. a. to scatter.

**Desparrancado**, adj. straddling wide.

**Despartidor**, s. m. a parter of frays.

**Despartir**, v. a. to part.—*Quien desparte, lleva la peor parte*, to be cautious in interfering in quarrels.

**Desparvar**, v. a. to lay open the sheaves of corn to thresh them.

**Despasionarse**, v. r. to get rid of a passion.

**Despatrada**, s. f. an unseemly jump or step made in a quick dance by opening the legs too much.

**Despatarrar**, v. a. to come close to one with such a reasoning as to make any good reply impossible; (metaph.) to be astonished or surprised.—*Hacer la despatarrada*, to feign sick.—*Despatarrarse*, v. r. to fall down by slipping.

**Despavesadura**, s. f. snuffing the candles.

**Despavesar**, v. a. to snuff the candles; also to blow off the light white ashes that lie on coals.

**Despaviladeras**, s. f. pl. snuff-ers for candles.

**Despavilador**, s. m. a snuffer of candles.

**Despaviladura**, s. f. snuffing of candles.

**Despavilar**, v. a. to snuff candles; v. n. to vanish.

**Despavorirse**, v. r. to be frightened.

**Despeadura**, s. f. foundering.

**Despear**, v. a. to founder with much going.—*Despearre*, v. r. to be foundered with much going.

**Despechador**, s. m. one who vexes or enrages another.

**Despechar**, y. a. to despise, to vex, to enrage.—*Despecharse*, v. r. to despair, to be without hope, to be furious.

**Despecho**, s. m. despite, rage, vexation.

**Despechugadura**, s. f. taking off the wings or the flesh from the breast of a fowl.

**Despechugar**, v. a. to take off the wings or the flesh from the breast of a fowl.—*Despechugarse*, v. r. to discover the breast.

**Despedazador**, s. m. one that tears to pieces.

**Despedazadura**, s. f. tearing to pieces.

**Despedaza**, v. a. to tear to pieces.

**Despedida**, s. f. a farewell, taking leave, turning away.

**Despedimiento**, s. m. a farewell or taking leave.

**Despedir**, v. a. to dismiss, to turn away, to deny.—*Despedir al pobre*, to refuse a poor body an alms.—*Despedir al criado*, to turn off a servant.—*Despedir de si mal olor*, to send out an ill smell.—*Despedirse*, v. r. to take leave.

**Despedrar**, v. a. to take away stones.

**Despedregar**, v. a. to take away stones.

**Despegadura**, s. f. unsticking, severing, disjoining.

**Despegamiento**, s. m. vide **Despegadura**.

**Despegar**, v. a. to unstick, to sever, to disjoin.—*No despegar los labios, ó la boca*, to be silent, not to complain of an insult given.—*Despegarse*, v. r. to be harsh or uncivil to another.

**Despego**, s. m. unfriendly, discourteous behaviour, coyness, scornfulness.

**Despeñar**, v. r. to spread the hair disorderly.

**Despejadamente**, adv. quickly, expeditiously.

**Despejado**, adj. *hombre despejado*, a forward, bold, or airy man.—*Lugar despejado*, a place, that is cleared, or voided.

**Despejar**, v. a. to clear or void a place.

**Despejo**, s. m. airiness, gaiety, free open carriage.

**Despelotar**, v. a. to tangle the hair.

**Despeluzar**, v. a. to have the hair stand an end as in a fright; also to pick hairs off a garment.

**Despeluznar**, v. a. vide **Despeluzar**.

**Despelúzo**, s. m. the standing of the hair—an end in a fright.

**Despenar**, v. a. to put out of pain.

**Despendedor**, s. m. a spender.

**Despender**, v. a. to spend.—*A padre ganador, hijo despendedor*, (ref.) what the father accumulated with labour or covetousness, the son squanders with profusion.

**Despeñadero**, s. m. a precipice.

**Despeñar**, v. a. to cast down headlong.—*Despeñarse*, v. r.

to cast one's self headlong; to attempt some desperate business.

**Despeño**, s. m. falling from a high place; also ruin; also looseness, flux of the belly.

**Despensa**, s. f. expence; also, a buttery.

**Despensar**, v. a. to forget or repent of one's thoughts, actions or words.

**Despensero**, s. m. a butler, the purser of a ship.

**Despeo**, s. m. foundering.

**Despeitado**, adj. rash, fiery, choleric, inconsiderate; also that has the seeds taken out.

**Despepitár**, v. a. to tear the pipe or horny pellicle that grows on the tip of bird's tongues.—*Despepitarse*, v. r. to go rashly, or madly about a thing.—*Despepitarse con llorar*, to cry till ready to burst, as children will do in a fret.

**Desperación**, s. f. vide **Desesperación**.

**Desperar**, v. n. vide **Desesperar**.



espercudir, v. a. to clean or wash any thing that is dirty.  
 desperdiciadamente, adv. profligately, lavishly.  
 desperdiciador, s. m. a spendthrift.  
 desperdiciadura, s. f. lavishing.  
 desperdiciar, v. a. to lavish.  
 desperdicio, s. m. lavishness.  
 desperdigar, v. a. to disperse, to separate.  
 desperdiciar, v. n. (obs.) to perish, to come to nothing.—*Desperdiciarse*, v. r. to long, to want after, and with great earnestness.—*Desperdiciarse de risa*, to laugh heartily and immoderately.  
 esperezar, v. a. to shake off loth; to yawn after sleeping.  
 esperézo, s. m. shaking off loth.  
 esperflar, v. a. among painters, to touch or break the profile that it may not appear hard; to soften the profile.  
 esfernada, s. f. the motion of the legs in a country dance.  
 esfernár, v. a. to cut off the eggs, to break or disable them.  
 esfertador, s. m. he that wakes others; the alarm of a lock to wake by.  
 espertamiento, s. m. an awaking or rising from sleep.  
 esperar, v. n. to awake.  
 espesar, s. m. (obs.) displeasure.  
 espestar, v. a. to pull off the eye-brows.—*Espestar*, v. r. to look stedfastly.  
 espezar, v. n. to end as in a point.  
 espezó, s. m. diminution.  
 espezonar, v. a. to take off the nib to which the stalk grows, or the nipple of the breast.  
 espiadado, adj. merciless, pitiless.  
 espiadar, v. n. to grow merciless or pitiless.  
 espicar, v. a. to ease of trouble; to take revenge; to recover health.  
 espida, s. f. sink, common sewer.  
 espidiente, s. m. one that turns off, or takes leave.  
 espiertamente, adv. wisely, with sagacity.  
 espierto, adj. awake; also lively, brisk.  
 espilfarrado, adj. that wears his cloaths all in rags.  
 espilfarro, s. m. the state of

being all in rags, or disorderly dressed.  
 espincar, s. m. burling, picking off the knots of cloth with pincers.  
 Despinsadera, s. f. a woman that picks the knots or tufts off from cloth with pincers.  
 Despinsar, v. a. to burl, to pick off the knots of cloth with pincers.  
 Despiñado, s. m. disappointment of one's expectation.  
 Despiñar, v. a. to blot out painting, to disappoint of one's expectation.  
 Despinzar, v. a. to pluck up with the pincers or with the fingers.  
 Despiojar, v. a. to pick lice, to louse.  
 Despique, s. m. satisfaction, or revenge taken.  
 Despizar, v. a. to cut in pieces, to mince, to crumble.  
 Desplacer, v. a. to displease.—*Desplacer*, s. m. a displeasure.  
 Desplacible, adj. vide Desapacible.  
 Desplante, s. m. the state of being out of due posture in fencing.  
 Desplatár, v. a. to separate silver from other metals.  
 Desplare, s. m. a separating of silver from other metals.  
 Desplegadamente, adv. openly, with propriety and knowledge.  
 Desplegadura, s. f. unfolding, unplaiting, ungathering.  
 Desplegar, v. a. to unfold, to unplait, to ungather.—*Desplegar las velas*, to spread the sails.—*No desplegar la boca*, not to open one's mouth, to be hushed.—*Banderas desplegadas*, colours flying or displayed.—*Desplegarse*, v. r. to lay one's self open, to discover one's secrets.  
 Desplégo, s. m. explication, explanation, manifestation.  
 Desplomado, adj. without lead; not perpendicular.  
 Desplomar, v. a. to unlead; to lean; not to stand upright.  
 Desplomo, s. m. the defect in a wall of not being perpendicular, but threatening ruin.  
 Desplumadura, s. f. the pulling off of the feathers.  
 Desplumar, v. a. to pull feathers.—*Desplumarse*, v. r. to moult, as birds do.  
 Despoblación, s. f. unpeopling.  
 Despobado, s. m. desert place.

Despoblamiento, s. m. a dispeopling.  
 Despoblar, v. a. to unpeople, to depopulate.—*Despoblarse el lugar a ver el rey*, to throng out of town to see the king.  
 Despoderadamente, adv. without power.  
 Despoderar, v. a. to put out of power.  
 Despojar, s. m. who strips, or plunders.  
 Despojar, v. a. to strip, to spoil, to rob, to plunder.  
 Despojo, s. m. spoil, plunder, booty.  
 Despolvorante, p. act of despolvoring.  
 Despolvorear, v. a. to beat or shake off dust; to be quick at work.  
 Despolvorisar, v. a. to beat or reduce to dust or powder.  
 Desporqueronar, v. a. to take out of a filthy place any thing and clean it.  
 Desportar, v. a. to take away the door.  
 Desportillar, v. a. to break open, to break down.  
 Desposada, s. m. a woman betrothed to a man, a bride, a spouse.  
 Desposado, s. m. a man betrothed to a woman, a bridegroom, a spouse.  
 Desposajas, s. f. pl. vid. Desposorio.  
 Desposarse, v. a. to betroth.  
 Desposorio, s. m. betrothing.  
 Desposeer, v. a. to dispossess.  
 Despota, s. m. despot.  
 Despoticamente, adv. despotically, absolutely.  
 Despótico, adj. despotical, absolute, independent.  
 Despotismo, s. m. despotism, absolute power, unlimited authority.  
 Despoto, s. m. a despot.  
 Despotricar, v. n. to speak rashly, without any fear of the consequence.  
 Despojar, v. a. vide Despojar.  
 Despranar, v. a. (obs.) to explain, to expound, to illustrate, to clear.  
 Despreciable, adj. contemptible, mean, despicable.  
 Despreciadamente, adv. contemptibly, in a spiteful manner.  
 Despreciador, s. m. he that despises.  
 Despreciar, v. a. to despise, to condemn.—*Despreciarse*, v. r. to make one's self be despised.

Desprécio, s. m. contempt.

Desprender, v. a. to unfasten, to let loose.

Després, s. m. (obs.) vide Desprecio.

Desprescés, s. m. pl. summons, citations.

Desprevención, s. f. want of prevention.

Desprevenido, adj. unguarded, unprovided.

Despréz, s. m. (obs.) vide Desprecio.

Desprivánza, s. f. a loss of favour or esteem, a privation of honour.

Desprivár, v. a. to lose favour.

Desproporcióu, s. f. disproportion.

Desproporcionadamente, adv. disproportionably.

Desproporcionamiento, s. m. disproportion.

Desproporcionár, v. a. to disproportionate.

Despropositado, adj. nothing to the purpose; substantively used, a senseless fellow.

Despropósito, s. m. folly, extravagance, nothing to the purpose.

Desproveer, to furnish, to provide.

Desproveidamente, adv. unawares, unexpectedly.

Despuéblo, s. m. vide Despoblación.

Después, adv. afterwards.

Despulsár, v. a. to stupify, to benumb, to take away the pulse.

Despuntár, v. a. to take off the point; also to touch upon, to give hints.—*Al despuntar de la aurora, del día, ó del sol*, f. at the break of day.—*Despuntár*, to begin to appear.—*Despuntár*, to begin to bud out.—*Despuntár de agüdo*, to shew wit.—*Despuntár un cabo*, to pass a cape at sea.

Desquadergar, v. a. to unbind any thing joined together.

Desquadrillarse, v. r. to break one's back, to weaken, or enfeeble, to lame a beast.

Desquajamiento, s. m. uncurding, dissolving.

Desquajár, v. a. to uncurd, to dissolve.

Desquartzizar, v. a. to quarter.

Desquaxár, v. a. vide Desquajar.

Des Que, adv. since, from that time.

Desquerer, v. a. to disesteem.

Desquiciár, v. a. to unhinge, to force any thing from its proper place, to unjoint bones.

Desquierdo, adj. (obs.): left-handed, left, opposite to right.

Desquilador, s. m. he who shears the fleece of sheep.

Desquillar, v. a. to shear sheep, to fleece, to crop their fleece.

Desquilatár, v. a. to lower the value of gold, or any other thing.

Desquillo, s. m. shearing.

Desquitár, v. a. to recover what was lost, to quit, to make even.

Desquite, s. m. recovery of what was lost; quitting, making even.

Desquixarár, v. a. to tear the jaws.

Desrabortár, v. a. to cut off the tail.

Desranchár, v. n. to dislodge.

Desrazonable, adj. unreasonable.

Desredondár, v. a. to break the roundness of a thing.

Desreglamente, adv. disorderly, unruly.

Desreglamiento, s. m. unruliness, disorderliness.

Desreglár, v. a. to disorder, to break rule.—*Desreglarse*, v. r.

to exceed in eating, or drinking, &c. not to observe the rules prescribed by the physician.

Desreputación, s. f. discredit, dishonour.

Desreverencia, s. f. irreverence.

Desriscarse, v. r. to fall down from a precipice.

Desrizár, v. a. to uncurl.

Desronchár, v. a. to take off or lay wheals or risings in the flesh; to tear off boughs from trees.

Desrostrar, v. a. to break the face.

Dessabór, s. m. want of taste or relish; irksomeness.

Dessaborado, adj. (obs.) tasteless, unpalatable, insipid, unsavoury.

Dessabridamente, adv. unsavourily, unpleasantly, disgustedly.

Dessabrimiento, s. m. insipidity, want of relish; roughness, severity, asperity; disgust, aversion, antipathy, sadness, grief, sorrow.

Dessabrir, v. a. to make unsavoury, to disgust, to put out of humour.

Dessafío, s. m. vide Desafío.

Dessainadura, s. f. an humour belonging to a horse, which comes for want of exercise and too much feeding.

Dessainar, v. n. to take away the grease or fat.

Dessalar, v. a. to unsalt, to make fresh, to water salt meat.

Dessangrar, v. a. to take so great a quantity of blood, as almost to deprive of life.

Dessarraigar, v. a. vide Desarraigar.

Dessazon, s. m. disgust, distaste, vexation.

Dessazonar, v. a. to take away the taste, to render insipid; to exasperate, to vex.

Desse, instead of *de esse*, for him.

Desseable, adj. desirable.

Desseablemente, adv. desirably.

Desseador, s. m. desirer, he who is eager after any thing, he that desires.

Dessear, v. a. to desire, to covet, to wish.

Dessellar, v. a. to unseal.

Dessemejable, adj. unlike, unequal, different.

Dessemejante, adj. unlike.

Dessemejanza, adj. unlikeness.

Dessemejár, v. n. to be or make unlike.

Desseo, s. m. desire.

Desseosamente, adv. with an earnest desire.

Desseoso, adj. desirous.

Desservicio, s. m. disservice, ill turn.

Desservidor, s. m. one who does an ill turn or disservice.

Desservir, v. a. to disserve, to do an ill turn.

Desso, instead of *de esso*, of that.

Dessoterrar, v. a. to dig out of the earth.

Dessótro, instead of *de esso ótro*, of that other.

Dessubstanciar, v. a. to take away the substance of any thing.

Dessudar, v. a. to assuage the sweating, to dry it up.

Dessuella Caras, s. m. a ruffian; one that slashes people's faces for hire; an impudent villainous scoundrel.

Dessurcár, v. a. to turn into furrows in ploughing.

Destacamiento, s. m. a detachment; men drawn out of several companies or regiments to mount guard or to go upon service.

Destacar, v. a. to send out a detachment.

Destajamiento, s. m. a changing or reverting the natural



course, as of water, &c.  
 Destajar, v. a. to lay out, or compute, or undertake work by the great; also to cut at cards.—*¿Quien destajar, no baraja*, ref. clear accounts save great trouble.  
 Destajero, s. m. one that undertakes work in the lump.  
 Destajo, s. m. as, *tomar à destajo*, to take by the great.  
 Destapador, s. m. he that uncovers or untaps.  
 Destapadura, s. m. } uncover-  
 Destapamiento, s. f. } ing, un-  
 stopping.  
 Destapar, v. a. to uncover, to unstop.  
 Destapiar, v. a. to pull down, or undo a mud wall.  
 Destapo, s. m. the act of taking out the stopple, cover, or lid.  
 Destazar, v. a. to tear in pieces.  
 Deste, instead of *de este*, of this.  
 Destechador, s. m. he that takes off the roof.  
 Destechadura, s. f. taking off the roof.  
 Destechar, v. a. to take of the roof.  
 Destejadura, s. f. untiling.  
 Destejar, v. a. to until.  
 Destelladura, s. f. dropping, distilling.  
 Destellar, v. a. to drop, to distil.  
 Destello, s. m. the dropping of any liquor; sparkling or flaming out.  
 Destempladamente, adv. intemperately; also out of tune in music.  
 Destemplamiento, s. m. } intem-  
 Destemplanza, s. f. } per-  
 anance.  
 Destemplar, v. a. to distemper, to put out of tune.—*Destemplarse*, v. r. to put one's self out of order by drinking or passion.—*Templa cordura*, lo que destempera ventura, ref. wisdom moderates the effect of joy, or sudden surprise.  
 Destemple, s. m. untuneableness.  
 Destentar, v. a. to take away the temptation.  
 Destear, v. a. to blot out, or extinguish the colour.  
 Desterradero, s. m. the place appointed for banishment.  
 Desterramiento, s. m. banishment, exile.  
 Desterrar, v. a. to banish.  
 Desterronar, v. a. to break the

clods by rolling or otherwise.  
 Desterrar, v. a. to wean from suck; to send great children abroad to break ill habits.  
 Destete, } s. m. the weaning of  
 Desteto, } a child.  
 Destexar, v. a. vide Destejar.  
 Destexer, v. a. to unweave.  
 Desteximiento, s. m. } unweav-  
 Destexidura, s. f. } ing.  
 Desthronar, v. a. to dethrone.  
 Destiempo, s. m. unfit time, time not fit to act.—*A destiempo*, adv. at an improper time or hour, not opportunely.  
 Destierro, s. m. banishment.  
 Destilación, s. f. distilling.  
 Destiladera, s. f. limbeck, still.  
 Destiladero, s. m. any thing that drops.  
 Destilador, s. m. a distiller.  
 Destilamiento, s. m. } distilla-  
 Destiladura, s. f. } tion.  
 Destilar, v. a. to distil.  
 Destilatorio, s. m. a place to distil in, a still-house.  
 Destinación, s. f. purpose, design, appointment.  
 Destinar, v. a. to purpose, to determine, to appoint.  
 Destino, s. m. destiny, fate.  
 Destirar, v. a. to recal the throw of a stone.  
 Destitución, s. f. forsaking, abandoning.  
 Destituir, v. a. to make destitute, void, or desolate; to abandon, forsake, relinquish.  
 Destituto, adj. destitute, forsaken, desolate.  
 Desto, of this.  
 Destocar, v. a. to undress the head.  
 Destorcedor, s. m. one that untwists.  
 Destorcedura, s. f. an untwisting.  
 Destorcer, v. a. to untwist.  
 Destorcimiento, s. m. an untwisting.  
 Destorpar, v. a. (obs.) to quarter, to tear a criminal into quarters.  
 Destorvar, v. a. vide Estorvar.  
 Destótro, of the other.  
 Destrabar, v. a. vide Destravar.  
 Destral, s. m. an axe, also a halter.  
 Destraléja, s. f. a hatchet; a small halter.  
 Destralero, s. m. one that makes or sells hatchets; one that works with a hatchet.  
 Destramar, v. a. to unravel.  
 Destrancar, v. a. to unbar.  
 Destravar, to unhitch, to unfasten, to unbind, to let loose;

also to take off fetters.  
 Destrebuchador, s. m. (in cant), an interpreter.  
 Destrebuchar, v. a. (in cant), to interpret.  
 Destrenzar, v. a. to unravel.  
 Destrêz, } s. f. dexterity.  
 Destreza, }  
 Destripadura, s. f. a gutting, paunching, or pulling out the guts.  
 Destripar, v. a. to gut, to paunch, to pull out the guts.  
 Destripaterrones, s. m. a clod-beater, a country bumpkin.  
 Destrizar, v. a. to cut in small pieces, to mince.—*Destrizarse*, v. r. to pine away, because unable to have one's own will.  
 Destrocador, s. m. he that changes things again that were changed before.  
 Destrocar, v. a. to change again what had been changed before.  
 Destroimiento, s. m. (obs.) destruction.  
 Destron, s. m. he that leads a blind man.  
 Destroncamiento, s. m. a breaking or cutting off from the body, trunk, or stock.  
 Destrocar, v. a. to break off from the body, trunk, or stock.  
 Destrozador, s. m. a destroyer, one that makes havock and puts to flight.  
 Destrozar, v. a. to make havock, to put to flight, to break in pieces, to disperse, to scatter.  
 Destrozo, s. m. havock, slaughter, spoil, defeat, rout, a rending or tearing.  
 Destrucción, s. f. destruction.  
 Destructivo, adj. destructive.  
 Destrucción, } s. m. reciprocal  
 Destrucción, } restitution of the  
 Destrucción, } things that two persons had  
 Destrucción, } trucked or exchanged.  
 Destrucción, s. f. vide Destrucción.  
 Destruidor, s. m. a destroyer.  
 Destruir, v. a. to destroy.  
 Desturbar, v. a. to perplex, trouble, torment, harass, or disturb.  
 Desábuto, adv. on a sudden.  
 Desuella-Caras, s. m. a ruffian, an assassin, one that wickedly cuts another's face.  
 Desuello, s. m. flaying or skinning.  
 Desuncir, v. a. to unyoke.  
 Desunidamente, adv. separately, disjointly.

- Desunimiento, s. m. } disunion.  
Desunión, s. f. }
- Desunir, v. a. to disunite, separate, divide.
- Desuñár, v. n. to pluck off the the nails.
- Desusadamente, adv. unaccountedly, unusually.
- Desusár, v. a. to disuse, to get out of the fashion.
- Desuso, s. m. disuse.—*Desúso*, adv. aforesaid, above mentioned, above.
- Desvaído, adj. languid, dull, without spirit or life.
- Desvainadura, s. f. the unsheathing or drawing a sword out of the scabbard.
- Desvainár, v. a. to unsheath or draw out any weapon.
- Desvalér, v. a. to forsake, not to assist or support; also to be out of favour.
- Desvalía, s. f. (obs.) forsaking, abandoning, relinquishing.
- Desvalído, s. m. one out of favour.
- Desvalijamiento, s. m. putting out of order, or loosely; also robbing, and taking out of a portmanteau.
- Desvalijár, v. a. to put out of order or loosely; also robbing, and taking out of a portmanteau.
- Desvalimiento, s. m. a forsaking or abandoning.
- Desvalór, s. m. cowardice, want of valour.
- Desván, s. m. a garret.
- Desvanár, v. a. to unwind or undo a bottom of thread with reel, and throw it into a skein.
- Desvanecér, v. a. to puff up with pride, to fill with vanity; also to faint.—*Desvanecerse la cabeza*, to be troubled with a megrim in the head.
- Desvanecidamente, adv. vainly, proudly, presumptuously.
- Desvanecido, adj. vain, proud; also in a megrim.
- Desvanecimiento, s. m. pride, vanity; also fainting.
- Desvarahustár, v. a. vide Desbarahustar.
- Desvarár, v. a. to slip, to slide; to grow lewd.
- Desvaratár, v. a. vide Desbaratar.
- Desvariadamente, adv. ravingly, senselessly.
- Desvariár, v. n. to rave, to talk idly.
- Desvarío, s. m. dotage, folly, madness.
- Desveladamente, adv. watchfully, vigilantly.
- Desvelamiento, s. m. overwatching.
- Desvellár, v. a. to over-watch; also to obstruct or hinder another person's sleep.
- Desvelladura, s. f. taking off the down.
- Desvellár, v. a. to take off down.
- Desveló, s. m. watchfulness, care, diligence.
- Desvenár, v. a. to cut the veins.
- Desvencijarse, v. r. to burst.
- Desvendár, v. a. to pull off the bandage, to unroll.
- Desventaja, s. f. disadvantage.
- Desventar, v. a. to extract the wind out of any thing.
- Desventura, s. f. misfortune.
- Desventuradamente, adv. unfortunately.
- Desventurado, adj. unfortunate; also covetous, wretched.
- Desvergonzadamente, adv. shamelessly, impudently.
- Desvergonzado, adj. shameless, impudent.
- Desvergonzarse, v. r. to grow shameless, to be impudent.
- Desvergüenza, s. f. impudence, shamelessness.
- Desviár, v. a. to set, to stand aside, to put by.
- Désvio, s. m. coyness, shyness, repulse.
- Désvios, s. m. pl. by-ways, wrong-ways.
- Desvihar, v. a. to cut even shoes.
- Desvirgamiento, s. m. deflowering.
- Desvirgár, v. a. to deflower, to take the maidenhead.
- Desvivirse, v. r. to die a metaphorical death for love or other passion; to pant eagerly after; to long for with great earnestness.
- Desvizar, v. a. vide Desbiznar.
- Desvolvér, v. a. to unfold or display what was rolled or wrapt up; to turn up the earth with the plough, to work it.
- Dexugár, v. a. to squeeze, to press close.
- Desyemár, v. a. to take away the yolks, to take the buds of the vine.
- Desyuncir, v. a. to take the oxen or mules from the yoke after ploughing.
- Dezabullirse, v. r. to get cleverly away, to steal off dexterously.
- Deszocar, v. a. to hurt the feet, to cripple one.
- Deszunár, v. a. to squeeze or press any thing close, so as to take the substance out of it.
- Detención, s. f. delay, holding back or detaining.
- Detenência, s. f. vide Detención.
- Detenér, v. a. to keep back, to detain, to withhold.—*Detenérse*, v. r. to retard, to delay, to put off.
- Detenidamente, adv. slowly, soft and fair, leisurely.
- Detenimiento, s. m. stopping, staying, keeping back.
- Detentación, s. f. an embezzling, or detaining what is not your own.
- Detentador, s. m. who embezzle or detains what is not his own.
- Detentár, v. a. to embezzle, to turn aside.
- Deteriór, adj. to be of inferior quality.
- Deterioración, s. f. the making a thing worse, deterioration.
- Deteriorár, v. a. to corrupt, to make worse.
- Determinación, s. f. determination, resolution.
- Determinadamente, adv. resolutely, peremptorily, boldly.
- Determinado, s. m. a resolute man.
- Determinamiento, s. m. vide Determinación.
- Determinár, v. a. to determine, to resolve, to decide a cause.—*Prov. Quien presto se determina, despacio se arrepiente*, he who resolves hastily, repents at leisure.
- Determinativo, adj. that can be determined, or limited.
- Detestable, adj. detestable, abominable.
- Detestación, s. f. detestation, abhorrence, hatred.
- Detestár, v. a. to detest, to abhor.
- Detiene-Buey, s. m. the herb cammock or rest-harrow.
- De Todo Punto, adv. quite, altogether.
- Detracción, s. f. detraction.
- Defractár, v. a. to detract, to backbite, to speak ill of.
- Detractor, s. m. a backbiter, a slanderer, a detractor.
- Detraher, v. a. to detract, to slander, to backbite.—*Detraher*, v. a. to draw back.



Detrás, adv. behind.  
 De Tráves, adv. athwart, across.  
 Detrimento, s. m. detriment, damage, loss.  
 Deturpar, v. a. to make ugly, to dirty, or to deform any thing.  
 Deuda, s. f. a debt.—*Quien fia, y promete, en deuda se mete*, ref. those who trust or promise any thing, run themselves into debt.  
 Deúdo, s. m. f. a kinsman.  
 Deudor, s. m. a debtor.  
 Devalár, v. n. to be turned out of one's course by the violence of the stream, to drive away by the force of the water.  
 De Valde, adv. for nothing.  
 Deván, adv. (obs.) before.  
 Devanadera, s. f. a reel to wind skeins of thread or silk on or off.  
 Devanador, s. m. one who winds skeins of thread on or off a reel.  
 Devanar, v. a. to wind thread, silk, &c. into bottoms; also to reel them.—*Quien se echa sin cená, toda la noche devanará*, ref. he who goes to bed without supper, is restless all night; or, he who does any thing without reflection, is brought into difficulties.  
 Devandicho, adj. (obs.) aforesaid.  
 Devaneár, v. n. to rave, to be light-headed, to talk idly.  
 Devaneó, s. m. raving, lightness of head, idle talk.  
 Devarár, v. a. vide Desvarar.  
 Devante, adv. (obs.) before.  
 Devantal, s. m. an apron.  
 Devastación, s. f. destruction, devastation, laying waste.  
 Devedár, v. a. (obs.) to forbid.  
 Devengado, p. p. revenged; also earned.  
 Devengár, v. a. to revenge; also to earn; to be in the king's pay.—*Devengár quinientos sueldos*, to revenge five hundred pence: this is an expression to signify a person's being a gentleman.  
 Dever, v. n. to owe, to be in debt; to be obliged in duty.  
 De Veras, adv. in earnest, truly, indeed.  
 Deviar, v. n. to go out of the way.  
 Devidamente, adv. duly.  
 Devido, s. m. due.  
 Deviédo, s. m. (obs.) forbidding; also a fine for an offence.  
 Devieso s. m. (obs.) a morbid tumour so called.

Devisa, s. f. vide Divisa; also the land of inheritance that descends from father to son.  
 Devisar, v. a. vide Divisar.  
 Devisero, s. m. (obs.) an heir, a co-heir.  
 Devoción, s. f. devotion.  
 Devocionario, s. m. a place of devotion; a book of devotion.  
 Devocioncilla, } s. f. diminutive of devotion;  
 Devocioncita, } tives of devotion; habitual or votive practice of some little act of devotion, not quite free from superstition.  
 Devolución, s. f. restitution, a restoring any thing to its former state or condition.  
 Devolutivo, adj. that happens from one thing to another, that devolves.  
 Devolvér, v. a. to happen from one to another, to devolve.  
 Devorador, s. m. devourer.  
 Devoramiento, s. m. a devouring.  
 Devorar, v. a. to devour.  
 Devoraz, adj. voracious, devouring.  
 Devotamente, adv. devoutly.  
 Devoto, s. m. f. devout, religious.  
 Devuelto, p. p. of devolvér.  
 Dexación, s. f. resignation, giving up one's right.  
 Dexado, adj. careless, idle, given to laziness.  
 Dexamiento, s. m. abdication, cession; idleness.  
 Dexár, v. a. to leave, to forsake, to quit.—*Dexár el pellejo*, to leave one's skin, to leave all, to die.—*Dexár el siglo*, to leave the world, to enter into a religious life.—*Dexarse de voces*, to leave making a noise, to be silent.—*Dexarse*, v. r. to neglect one's self.—*Dexár a buenas noches*, to leave in the dark; also to baffle one's expectation; among gamblers, it is to win all the money of one.—*Dexár a la luna*, ó *en blanca*, to abandon, to forsake.—*Dexár atrás los vientos*, to run with great velocity.—*Dexár con la palabra en la boca*, to leave any one, without hearing what he says.—*Dexár con un palmo de nariz*, to deceive one's hopes.—*Dexár con la miel en los labios*, to take away from any one, what he is pleased with.—*Dexár en cueros*, to rob one of every thing one has.—*Dexár en el tintero*, to omit, to

leave out; not to mention.—*Dexár hecho una mona*, to shame one, to make him ashamed; to fill him with shame.—*Dexarse en manos de otro*, to trust upon another.—*No dexarlo de la mano*, to insist upon any thing.  
 Dexativo, adj. idle, slothful, dull, heavy, stupid.  
 Dexeuplár, v. a. (obs.) to dishonour, or give an ill name to one that has a good reputation.  
 Dexeño, s. m. (obs.) a rheum.  
 Dexo, s. f. the last relish or smack that any thing eaten or drank leaves in the mouth; also the manner of speaking or pronouncing. (Metaph.) good or bad effect that remains upon the passions or the mind; as virtue, vice, &c.  
 Deyáso, adv. (obs.) below.  
 Dezmár, v. to tythe, to take the tenth.  
 Dezméño, adj. tytheable, subject to pay the tythes.  
 Deameria, s. f. the territory or space of land out of which a church or a clergyman receives tythes.  
 Dezméro, s. m. a tyther, one that gathers tythes.  
 Día, s. m. the day.—*Día natural*, the natural day; the time from noon to noon.—*Día artificial*, the artificial day, the time between the rising and setting of the sun.—*Día claro*, a fine day; also a happy day.—*Día de años*, the birth-day.—*Día de funcion*, the day of a battle.—*Día de fiesta*, a holiday.—*Día cuto*, a week-day, a working-day, neither Sunday, nor holiday.—*Día azúgo*, an unlucky day.—*Día de juicio*, the day of judgment; any day in which there is great confusion.—*Día feriado*, the day in which the common office *de feria* is said by the clergy.—*Día diado*, a day appointed or fixed for any purpose.—*Día y victo*, daily sustenance.—*Días ha*, some days since.—*Algún dia*, some time or other.—*El día de oy*, at present. *Yendo días, y viniendo días*, in process of time.—*Al cabo de muchos días*, a long time after.—*Entrado en días*, ancient.—*No en mis días*, never, as long as I live.—*En días de vivos*, as long as those that are

new born shall live, as long as the world lasts.—*De día en día*, from day to day.—*Buenos días*, good-morrow.—*De día*, in the day time.—*San Juan y Corpus Christitodo en ún día*, the feasts of St. John, and Corpus Christi, all in one day; said when two great occasions of joy come together.—Prov. *Mas días háy que longarías*, there are more days than sausages; this they say to one that spends lavishly, to signify he may outlive his estate.—*Cada día gallina, amarga la cocina*, ref. it may be very good, but eaten every day tires.—*Hacer del día noche, y de la noche día*, f. to turn the day into night, and the night into day.

**Diámбра**, s. f. a medical mixture so called.

**Diabétes**, s. f. an hydraulic engine so called.

**Diabética**, s. f. diabetes; a morbid copiousness of urine.

**Diábla**, s. f. a she-devil.

**Diablár**, v. a. to infuse diabolical notions.

**Diablázgo**, s. m. the devil's territory.

**Diabladá**, } s. f. the quality  
**Diablencia**, } of the devil.

**Diabieza**, s. f. a she-devil.

**Diablianén**, s. m. short moment, instant.

**Diab'illo**, s. m. a little devil.

**Diablissimo**, s. m. a very great devil.

**Diáblo**, s. m. the devil.—*Esto es el diáblo*, (metaph.) that is the point.—*El diáblo predicador*, so they call a man when he gives good advice, though he is wicked.—*Diáblo cozuelo*, a lame devil; a cunning fellow who has the art of entangling a business.—*Diáblo marino*, an ugly fish so called.

**Diablúra**, s. f. a devilish trick or prank.

**Diabolicamente**, adv. diabolically; devilishly, devil-like.

**Diabólico**, adj. devilish.

**Diacatalicón**, s. m. vide Cato-licon.

**Diacéne**, s. m. a sort of thorn.

**Diachirón**, s. m. preserved citron.

**Diacodión**, s. m. syrup of white poppies.

**Diacódo**, s. m. a stone used by conjurers in their charms.

**Diaconál** adj. of, or belonging to a deacon.

**Diaconáto**, s. m. the order of deacons.

**Diaconázgo**, s. m. deaconship.

**Diaconía**, s. f. deaconry.

**Diaconisa**, s. f. a deaconess, a female deacon in the ancient church.

**Diácono**, s. m. a deacon.

**Diaconión**, s. m. a medicine made of onions.

**Diadéma**, s. m. f. diadem, kingly crown.

**Diademádo**, adj. belonging to a diadem.

**Diadócho**, s. m. a stone like a beryl.

**Dacresis**, s. f. a figure in rhetoric so called.

**Diáfano**, adj. transparent.

**Diafragma**, s. f. the midriff, a transverse muscle which separates the thorax or chest from the abdomen.

**Diagargánta**, s. f. vide Alquitira.

**Diagonál**, s. f. diagonal, a line in geometry from one corner to another.

**Diagonalmente**, adv. diagonally, in a diagonal direction.

**Diagrama**, s. m. diagram, delineation of geometrical figures.

**Diagraphica**, s. f. the art of sketching; the first rudiments in the art of drawing or delineation.

**Diagriklio**, s. m. a strong purgative so called.

**Dialéctica**, s. f. the art of logic or of reasoning.

**Dialéctico**, s. m. a logician.—*Dialectico*, adj. of, or belonging to dialect.

**Dialecto**, s. m. a dialect, language peculiar to a province.

**Dialogál**, adj. belonging to a dialogue.

**Dialogár**, v. a. to hold a dialogue, to compose by way of dialogue.

**Dialogía**, s. f. a figure in rhetoric so called.

**Dalogizár**, v. a. to hold a dialogue together.

**Dialogismo**, s. m. a figure in rhetoric so called.

**Diálogo**, s. m. a dialogue.

**Dialoguítu**, s. m. diminutive of *diálogo*.

**Dialtea**, s. f. an ointment of marsh-mallows.

**Diaméntado**, adj. belonging to a diamond, or like a diamond.

**Diamantázo**, augm. of *diamante*.

**Diamante**, s. m. a diamond.

**Diamantino**, adj. of, or belonging to a diamond, hard as a diamond.

**Diamantón**, s. m. a jocular augmentative of *diamante*, a large diamond.

**Diametrál**, adj. belonging to a diameter.

**Diametralmente**, adv. diametrically.

**Diamétro**, s. m. the diameter, a line dividing a circle into two equal parts.

**Diamorón**, s. m. a medical composition of blackberries, mulberries, honey, and treacle.

**Diamúsco**, s. m. a medical composition so called.

**Diánche**, } s. m. the devil.  
**Diántre**, }

**Diapasón**, s. m. in music, the system of an eighth containing seven intervals, spaces, or degrees, and eight notes, and reckoned inclusively, as expressed by eight chords.

**Diapente**, s. m. in music, a fifth, which is the interval betwixt five notes, or a transition from one note to another that is five notes above it.

**Dipbanidad**, s. f. transparency, clearness.

**Diapháno**, adj. vide *Diáfano*.

**Diaphorético**, adj. that dissolves and sends forth humours by transpiration.

**Diaphragma**, s. m. the midriff, a membrane that divides the heart and lungs from the other entrails.

**Diaquilón**, s. m. a plaster made of juices and gums.

**Diariamente**, adv. daily, day by day.

**Diário**, s. m. a diary, a relation of what happens day by day, a journal.

**Diarodón**, s. m. a syrup to mitigate pains in the belly.

**Diarréa**, s. f. a looseness.

**Diaspéro**, s. m. the jasper stone.



**Diastilos**, s. m. a term in architecture, intercolumnation.

**Diastóle**, s. m. a figure, whereby a syllable short by nature is made long; also the dilating of the heart and breast, when we fetch breath, as systole is the contraction of them, when the breath goes out.

**Diatessaron**, s. m. a concord of four notes.

**Diatónico**, adj. diatonic, one of the three kinds of practical music, and that which is now in use, and rises throughout the scale by something less than a whole note, or a half note.

**Dibuxador**, s. m. one that draws in black and white.

**Dibuxar**, v. a. to draw in black and white, with a pen, coal, pencil, or the like.

**Dibúxo**, s. m. a draught drawn by hand with a pen and ink, pencil, or the like.—*No te metas en dibúxos*, meddle not with what does not concern you.

**Dicacidad**, s. f. drollery, buffoonery, talking, prating.

**Dicernir**, v. a. to discern, to distinguish; to separate one thing from another; to avoid confusion; to give judgment.

**Dicción**, s. f. diction, style, language.

**Diccionario**, s. m. a dictionary.

**Dicharacho**, s. m. a loose and indecent expression.

**Dicho**, p. p. of *decir*, said.—*Dicho*, subst. m. a saying.—*Prov. Del dicho al hecho hay gran trecho*, there is a great distance between saying and doing; or, saying and doing are two things.

**Dichosamente**, adv. happily, luckily, fortunately.

**Dichoso**, adj. happy, fortunate.—*Dichosos*, s. m. pl. (in cant) womens' buskins.

**Diciembre**, s. m. December.

**Diciplina**, s. f. discipline, order; also correction, and the scourge called a discipline.

**Disciplinable**, adj. susceptible of learning or instruction, apt to learn.

**Disciplinante**, one that whips himself in the processions.

**Disciplinar**, v. a. to discipline, to teach, to instruct, to form; also to scourge.

**Dictado**, s. m. the dignity and honour of a dictator.

**Dictador**, s. m. a dictator, the greatest in power formerly in Rome; he that dictates.

**Dictadura**, s. f. the dictatorship; also a dictating.

**Dictamen**, s. m. that has been dictated; also a man's opinion, his conceit of a thing, his mind.

**Dictamo**, s. m. dittander, dittany, garden-ginger, an herb so called.

**Dictar**, v. a. to dictate.

**Dictorio**, s. m. taunt, scoff, jest.

**Didascálico**, adj. belonging to an usher or teacher; that is fit to teach.

**Diénte**, s. m. a tooth.—*Diénte de ajo*, a clove of garlick.—*Diénte de sierra*, the ridge of a mountain.—*Dar diénte con diénte*, to chatter the teeth with cold.—*Mostrar los diénte*, to shew one's teeth as a dog does, discovering an inclination todo harm.—*No poder hincar el diénte*, not to be able to bite.—*No entrar de los diénte a dentro*, to bear an ill will.—*Valiente por el diénte*, he can eat more than he can act.—*Aquí me nació los diénte*, here my teeth grew; that is, here I was bred in my infancy.—*Está la bebida, que quiebra los diénte*, the drink is so cold, it makes the teeth ach.—*Estár a diénte*, to have a good appetite.—*Hincar el diénte*, to bite, to pierce with the teeth; also to defame, to slander.—*Tener buen diénte*, to have a good stomach.—*Mas cerca estan mis diénte que mis parientes*, ref. my teeth are nearer to me than my relations; that is, every one ought to look first into his own affairs.

**Dienteillo**, s. m. a little tooth.

**Dieresis**, s. f. a figure in poetry so called.

**Diésis**, s. m. the fourth part of a tone major, or three parts of twelve, into which it is divided.

**Destra**, s. f. the right hand.

**Diestramente**, adv. dexterously, handily, artificially.

**Diestraza**, s. f. vide *Destreza*.

**Diestro**, adj. dexterous, skilful, ready at his business; subst. used, the reins or halter of a beast.—*Diestro de ambas manos*, that can use both hands alike.—*Diestro en las armas*, skilful

at his weapon.—*Llevar una bestia del diestro*, to lead any beast by a halter, or the rein.—*Dar adiestro y á siniestro*, to lay about one on every side.

**Dieta**, s. f. regular diet in eating, prescribed to the sick; also a diet, or assembly, as those of Germany, Poland, &c. also a day's journey.—*No se ha de citar, ultra tres dietas*, an expression among civil lawyers, that a man shall not be summoned above three days journey; that is, thirty leagues.

**Dietática**, s. f. a diet prescribed by physicians.

**Déz**, s. m. ten.

**Diezcúpulo**, s. m. vide *Decuplo*.

**Diézes**, s. m. pl. the tens in the beads, or the great beads after the ten small ones, or a pair of beads that has but ten and a great one.

**Diezyséys**, adj. sixteen.

**Diezysiete**, adj. seventeen.

**Diezyócho**, adj. eighteen.

**Diezynueve**, adj. nineteen.

**Diezma**, s. f. a tenth.

**Diezmar**, y. a. vide *Dezmar*.

**Diezmeño**, adj. tytheable, subject to the tythes.

**Diezmería**, s. f. vide *Desmeria*.

**Diezméro**, s. m. a tyther.

**Diez Mil**, adj. ten thousand.

**Diézmós**, s. m. pl. the tythes due to the clergy.—*Prov. Los diézmós de Dios de tres blancas saúr dos*, out of God's tythes pinch two parts in three; a proverb among those who grudge the church its due.

**Difamación**, s. f. defamation.

**Difamadór**, s. m. a defamer.

**Difamar**, v. a. to defame, to take away one's good name.

**Difamatório**, adj. defamatory, calumnious.

**Diferenciar**, v. n. vide *Diferenciar*.

**Diferencia**, s. f. difference; also dispute, quarrel, debate.

**Diferenciar**, v. a. to be different, to distinguish.—*Diferenciarse*, v. r. to be distinguished, to be unlike.

**Diferente**, adj. different.

**Diferenteménte**, adv. differently.

**Diferir**, v. a. to defer, to delay, to put off; also to differ, to be different from.

**Difícil**, adj. difficult.

**Dificilménte**, adv. difficulty.

**Dificultad**, s. f. difficulty.—*Quedarse en pie la dificultad*, f.

(*metaph. and fam.*) to stand the difficulty; that is, to be undetermined or resolved.

**Dificultadór, s. m.** one who raises difficulties.

**Dificultár, v. a.** to make difficult, to raise difficulties.

**Difícultosamente, adv.** difficultly.

**Difícultoso, adj.** difficult.

**Difidación, s. f.** a manifesto or declaration, in which are included the reasons for engaging in a war.

**Difidencia, s. f.** diffidence, mistrust.

**Difidente, adj.** diffident, mistrusting.

**Definición, s. f.** a definition.

**Definidór, s. m.** one that is to define difficult cases, a dignity among religious orders, and in the inquisition.

**Definir, v. a.** to define.

**Definitivo, adj.** definitive, decisive.—*Sentencia definitiva*, final judgment.

**Deformidad, s. f.** vide *Deformidad*.

**Difugio, s. m.** a flight, a running away; also an evasion in discourse by which a person endeavours to prevent any reasons alledged.

**Difundir, v. a.** to diffuse, to spread abroad.

**Difunto, adj.** deceased, dead, departed this life.—*Ponerse como un difunto*, to turn as pale as a dead man.—*Oficio de difuntos*, the office of the dead, the set form of prayers used in the church for the dead.

**Difusamente, adv.** diffusely, stretching forth abroad.

**Difusión, s. f.** diffusion, spreading abroad.

**Difusivo, adj.** diffusive.

**Difuso, adj.** diffused, spread abroad; also copious, not concise.

**Digamma, s. m.** farm or summer-house.

**Digástrico, adj.** the appellation of certain muscles of the human body.

**Digerir, v. a.** to digest, to suffer, to bear patiently; also to range methodically in the mind; also to soften by heat as in a boiler.—*Digerir el vino*, to digest the wine; that is, to grow sober after drunkenness.—*Digerir un negocio*, to digest or order an affair.

**Diges, s. m. pl.** toys.

**Digestión, s. f.** digestion; also the preparation of a matter by a chemical heat.—*Hombre de mala digestión*, one that does not digest his meat well; an ill natured man.—*Negocio de mala digestión*, a troublesome affair hard to manage.

**Digestivo, adj.** that is capable of helping digestion.—*Digestivo, s. m.* an application which disposes a wound to generate matter.

**Digesto, adj.** digested, ordered.—*Digesto, s. m.* book of the civil law so called.

**Dígito, s. m.** a finger or a digit in arithmetic; the twelfth part of the diameter of the sun or moon.

**Dignación, s. f.** reputation, honour, worship, esteem, credit, request, favour, dignity, reverence.

**Dignamente, adv.** worthily.

**Dignarse, v. r.** to vouchsafe, to dignify, to condescend, to yield.

**Dignidad, s. f.** dignity.

**Dignificár, v. a.** to make worthy, to dignify, to advance, to prefer, to exalt.

**Dignificante, s. m.** he that dignifies.

**Digno, adj.** worthy.

**Digole, a term at dice**, I am at you.

**Digresión, s. f.** a digression, going out of the way, deviating from the business; a passage deviating from the main tenour.

**Dilación, s. f.** delay.

**Dilapidación, s. f.** in law, waste, luxurious or wanton destruction of what is our own; useless expence, prodigal waste of what does not belong to us; the suffering of any edifice intrusted to our care to go to ruin.

**Dilapidár, v. a.** to waste beyond measure; to destroy wantonly what is our own; to make a prodigal waste of what belongs to others; in law, to suffer an edifice intrusted to our care to go to ruin.

**Dilatáble, adj.** that may be delayed or put off.

**Dilatación, s. f.** dilatation, extension.

**Dilatadamente, adv.** extensively, widely.

**Dilatado, adj.** great, spacious, dilated, extended, spread abroad, numerous.

**Dilatár, v. a.** to delay, to prolong, to put off; also to dilate, to extend, to spread abroad; (*metaph.*) to relieve one's mind, by communicating our troubles or afflictions to others.—*Dilatarse, v. r.* to be prolix in writing or speaking; to be copious, not concise.

**Dilatório, adj.** dilatory; delaying, prolonging.

**Dilección, s. f.** love, affection.

**Dilecto, adj.** beloved; used in poets.

**Dilema, s. m.** a dilemma, an argument so called.

**Diligencia, s. f.** diligence industry, assiduity; an affair.—*Prov. La diligencia es madre de la buena ventura*, diligence is the mother of good luck; that is, care and industry are the means to make business succeed well.

**Diligenciár, v. a.** to solicit, to be diligent in the prosecution of affairs.

**Diligenciéro, s. m.** an agent.—*Diligenciéro de fiscal*, a solicitor.

**Diligente, adj.** diligent.

**Diligentemente, adv.** diligently.

**Dilucidación, s. f.** an explanation, or illustration.

**Dilucidár, v. a.** to explain or illustrate.

**Dilusivo, adj.** delusive, that can deceive.

**Diluvio, s. m.** a deluge, a flood.

**Dinanár, v. a.** to spring or flow from.

**Dimensión, s. f.** dimension, measure.

**Dimés, y dirétes**, a proverbial phrase, arguing *pro* and *con*; contesting.

**Dimidiár, v. a.** to divide, to separate, to part in two; to reach the middle of one's life; to wear out till it has lost half its value or price; to spend or have spent or consumed one half of; not to tell all, to tell but half.

**Diminución, s. f.** diminution.—*Ir en diminución*, to grow less; to fall in discredit.

**Diminuir, v. a.** to diminish.

**Diminutivo, adj.** diminutive.

**Diminuto, adj.** diminished.

**Dimisión, s. f.** a dismission.

**Dimissórias, s. f. pl.** letter so called, from an inferior to a superior judge, sending up the party that has appealed to him.



**Dimiſtir**, v. a. to diſmiſs.  
**D'mônio**, s. m. the devil.  
**Dinaménſte**, adv. (obs.) vide **Dynaménſte**.  
**Dineráda**, s. f. a great quantity money.  
**Dinerál**, s. m. one that pays workmen and labourers their hire.  
**Dinerillo**, s. m. little money.  
**Dinerismo**, s. m. love of money.  
**Dineriſta**, s. m. money-hunter.  
**Dinéro**, s. m. money, any ſort of coin.—**Dinéro**, *contante ó de contado*, ready money.  
**Dinéro cercenado**, } clipped money.  
**Dinéro cortado**, }  
**Dinéro contado**, } ready money.  
**Dinero**, *hace dinero*, f. money makes money.—**Dineros y no consejos**, ref. to give advice inſtead of money.  
**Dinerſo**, adj. rich, abounding in money.  
**Dineruelo**, s. m. diminutive of **dinero**.  
**Dino**, adj. (obs.) vide **Digno**.  
**Dinóſis**, s. f. a figure in rhetoric, being the ſtreſs laid upon the latter part of the oration.  
**Dintél**, s. m. the threshold of a door.  
**Dintórno**, s. m. what is delineated within the outline.  
**D'obre**, s. m. ſaid inſtead of **Dios**, by thoſe who dare not ſwear.  
**Diocesaño**, s. m. a diocesan; of the diocese.  
**Diocésis**, s. f. a diocese.  
**Dionýſia**, s. f. a precious black ſtone with red ſpots.  
**Dióptra**, s. f. a geometrical inſtrument, wherewith the diſtance and height of a place is known afar off.  
**Dióptrica**, s. f. dioptrics, a part of optics treating of the diſtinct refractations of light.  
**Dióptrico**, adj. dioptrical, belonging to dioptrics.  
**Díos**, s. m. God.—**Díos y ayúda**, God and good friends; worldly means forward the work of God.—**No hizo. Díos á quien deſamparar**, God made nobody to forſake him; he provides for all the creatures he makes. *Qual Díos te traxo por acá?* what good luck brought you hither? when we are ſurprized to ſee one where we did not expect.—**A Díos que me mudo**,

farewell, for I remove my quarters.—**Quedar á pedir por Díos**, to be reduced to beggary.—**De Díos en ayúda**, under God.—**De Díos lo háya**, God reward you, (ſays he who is not able to make a return himſelf).—**A cada uno de Díos el frío**, conforme anda vestido, ref. God gives to every one troubles; that is, every one meets with difficulties according to his ſituation in liſe.—**Valgame Díos!** f. God help me!—**Plegue á Díos que...** (deprec.)  
**Díosa**, s. f. a goddeſs.  
**Dioſear**, v. n. to play the god; to attribute to one's ſelf ſuch qualities as are highly unbecoming to uſ poor mortals  
**Dioſcillo**, } s. m. a ſmall god,  
**Dioſecito**, } a little god. Moſtly ſaid of Cupid.  
**Díoso**, adj. ancient, of many days. Pronounce *di-ó-so*.  
**Diphriſe**, s. m. the dross of metal when refined.  
**Diphthongo**, s. m. a diphthong; a coalition of two vowels to form one ſound.  
**Diphthongar**, v. a. to make one ſyllable with two vowels; alſo to unite ſeveral things together.  
**Diplóe**, s. m. in anatomy, the inner lamina or plate of the ſkull.  
**Diplóma**, s. m. a diploma, a charter, a prince's letters patent, a writ, a mandamus.  
**Dipsas**, s. f. a kind of viper or adder.  
**Dipsaco**, s. m. fuller's weed, or teazle.  
**Diptycho**, s. m. diptych, table or church register.  
**Diputación**, s. f. a deputa-tion; the place where deputies meet.  
**Diputado**, s. m. deputy, repreſentative.  
**Diputar**, v. a. to depute, to appoint.  
**Dique**, s. m. a dike, a bank to oppoſe the fury of the water. It is alſo ſometimes taken for a dock to build or repair ſhips in.  
**Diquecillo**, s. m. diminutive of **dique**.  
**Dir**, v. a. (obs.) for **dezir**.  
**Dirección**, s. f. direction.  
**Directamente**, adv. directly.  
**Directe**, adv. directly, orderly.  
**Directivo**, adj. that may be directed, ordered.

**Dírecto**, adj. direct, ſtraight, orderly; alſo open, not ambiguous.  
**Directór**, s. m. a director.  
**Directório**, adj. directed.  
**Dirigir**, v. a. to direct.  
**Dirinſtr**, v. a. to take away, to aboliſh, to deſtroy.  
**Diruir**, v. a. to deſtroy, to aboliſh, to undo.  
**Dis**, a négative prepoſition.  
**Disanto**, s. m. a holy day.—**Cada ſemana tiene un diſanto**, ref. every week has one holy day, that is, trouble and labour do not laſt for ever.—**Por las viſperas, ſe conocen los diſantos**, ref. wiſe people are always ready and prepared.  
**Disapropriar**, v. a. to alienate, to turn to another uſe.  
**Descantamiento**, s. m. deſcanting, talking much of a thing.  
**Descantar**, v. a. to deſcant, to diſcourſe about a matter.  
**Discante**, s. m. deſcant in muſic.  
**Disceptación**, s. f. a diſpute, a controversy.  
**Disceptador**, s. m. a diſputant.  
**Disceptar**, v. a. to diſpute, to controvert.  
**Disceptatriz**, s. f. a woman that will diſpute.  
**Discernible**, adj. diſcernible, apparent, diſcoverable, diſtinguiſhable, viſible, perceptible.  
**Discernimiento**, s. m. diſcernment, judgment, diſcretion.  
**Discernir**, v. a. to diſcern, to diſtinguiſh.  
**Decifrar**, v. a. vide **Decifrar**.  
**Diciplina**, s. f. vide **Diciplina**.  
**Disciplinar**, v. a. to ſcourge, to chaſtiſe, to whip.  
**Discipulado**, s. m. a company or aſſembly of ſcholars.  
**Discipulo**, s. m. a diſciple, a ſcholar.  
**Disco**, s. m. a quoit to play with.  
**Discolo**, adj. froward, wayward, peeviſh.  
**Discolor**, adj. of many colours.  
**Disconforme**, adj. vide **Disconforme**.  
**Discontinuar**, v. a. vide **Discontinuar**.  
**Discordancia**, s. f. diſagreement, oppoſition, inconfiſtency.  
**Descordar**, v. n. to diſagree.  
**Discorde**, adj. diſagreeing.

Discordemente, adv. disagree-  
ingly.

Discordia, s. f. discord.

Discoyuntár, v. a. vide De-  
scoyuntar.

Discreción, s. f. discretion,  
prudence.—*Discreción*, ready  
wit, mirth, a smart repartee.  
—*Dárse ó rendirse a discreción*,  
to surrender at discretion.

Discrédito, s. m. discredit.

Discrepancia, s. f. disagree-  
ment, difference, contrariety.

Discrepar, v. n. to disagree.

Discretamente, adv. discreetly,  
prudently, ingeniously, wit-  
tily.

Discretéar, v. a. to converse in  
a courtier-like manner with  
wit, sharpness, freedom, giv-  
ing pleasure to all one's  
hearers.

Discreto, adj. discreet, judi-  
cious.

Discremén, s. m. difference, di-  
versity, debate, controversy,  
doubt, danger, hazard, peril,  
battle, a space or distance.

D'scúlpá, s. f. excuse.

Disculpable, adj. excusable.

Disculpación, s. f. an excuse.

D'sculpadamente, adv. with ex-  
cuse.

Disculpar, v. a. to excuse.

Discurrimiento, s. m. discourse,  
reasoning, argument.

Discurrir, v. n. to discourse;  
also to run about, to wander  
up and down.

Discurrir, v. a. to discourse.

Discursoista, s. m. one who dis-  
cusses.

Discurso, adj. that may be  
discoursed of, that discourses  
well.

Discurso, s. m. reason, judg-  
ment; also space or quan-  
tity of time.

Discusión, s. f. determination,  
decision, discussion.

Discutir, v. a. to discuss, to  
examine, to decide.

Disdiarésón, s. m. a term in mu-  
sic signifying two octaves, or  
eighths.

D'sentería, s. f. a flux, a loose-  
ness.

Disertamente, adv. eloquent-  
ly.

Diserto, adj. well spoken, elo-  
quent.

Defamación, s. f. defamation,  
scandal.

Defamador, s. m. a defamer.

Defamar, v. a. to defame.

Defamatorio, adj. defamatory.

Disfámia, s. m. infamy.

Disfávör, s. m. disfavour, dis-  
grace.

Disfavorecer, v. a. vide Disfavo-  
recer.

Disfigurár, v. a. vide Disfigu-  
rar.

Disforme, adj. deformed, dis-  
agreeable; also monstrous  
big.

Disformidad, s. f. deformity,  
disproportion; also monstrous  
bigness.

Disformoso, adj. (obs.) deformed.

Disfráz, s. m. disguise.

Disfrazadamente, adv. disguis-  
edly.

Disfrazado, adj. disguised, mask-  
ed.

Disfrazár, v. a. to disguise,  
to conceal by an unusual dress,  
to hide by a counterfeit ap-  
pearance, to change the form  
or figure, to dissemble, to pre-  
tend that not to be which really  
is, to pretend that to be which  
is not.

Disgrgación, s. f. a separation,  
or division.

Disgregár, v. a. to part, to se-  
parate.

Disgrdativo, adj. that may be  
parted or separated.

Disgustár, v. a. to disgust, to  
distaste, to offend.

Disgustillo, s. m. diminutive of  
*disgusto*.

Disgusto, s. m. disgust, distaste,  
offence.

Disgustosamente, adv. disgust-  
fully, offensively, nauseous-  
ly.

Disgustoso, adj. disgusting, nau-  
seous, offensive.

Desiniár, v. a. to design, to con-  
trive.

Disnio, s. m. design, contriv-  
ance, purpose.

Disipula, s. f. an erysipelas.

Disipularse, v. r. to be affected  
with an erysipelas.

D'sjuntivo, adj. disjunctive.

Dislatár, v. a. to play the fool,  
to commit extravagancies, to  
talk idly.

Dislate, s. m. an extravagant  
foolish action, or expression.

Dislocac'ón, s. f. a dislocation,  
putting out of its place.

Dislocár, v. a. to dislocate, to  
put out of the proper place,  
to put out of joint.—*Dislocarse*,  
v. r. to be dislocated, to be  
put out of its place.

Disminución, s. f. diminution.

Disminuir, v. a. to diminish.

Dispar, adj. unequal, different.

Disparadór's, m. the trigger of  
a gun.

Disparár, v. a. to shoot; to  
talk nonsense.—*Disparár una  
risada*, to burst out a laughing.

Disparatado, s. m. a person  
who does or says any thing  
foolishly, ignorantly, and ab-  
surdly.

Disparatár, v. n. to talk or act  
ignorantly or foolishly.

Disparáte, s. m. a non-sensical  
foolish action or expression.

D'sparatón, s. m. augmentative  
of *disparate*.

D'sparatório, s. m. a foolish  
non-sensical discourse.

Disparcialidad, s. f. dissocia-  
tion, disjunction.

Disparidad, s. f. disparity, in-  
equality.

Dispendér, v. a. vide Despen-  
der.

Dispéndio, s. m. dissipation,  
profuseness.

Dispénsa, s. f. vide Dispensa-  
ción.

Dispensable, adj. that may be  
dispensed with.

Dispensación, s. f. dispensa-  
tion.

Dispensadór, s. m. one who dis-  
penses.

Dispensár, v. a. to dispense  
with.

Dispersión, s. f. separation, dis-  
persion.

Dispérso, adj. separated, scat-  
tered, dispersed.

Dispertadór, s. m. one who  
awakes another.

D'spertár, v. n. to awake.

Dispierto, adj. vide Despierto.

Displacér, v. a. see Desplacer.

Displéncia, s. f. displeasure,  
disagreeableness.

Disponedór, s. m. who disposes  
of, or gives orders.

Disponér, v. a. to dispose, to or-  
der, to contrive.

Disposición, s. f. disposition, or-  
der, contrivance; also the  
temper or inclination of a  
man.

Dispositivamente, adv. in good  
order, orderly.

Dispositivo, adj. belonging to  
order.

Dispuesto, p. p. disposed, or-  
dered; also handsome, lusty,  
in health.

Disputa, s. f. dispute.

Disputable, adj. disputable,  
that may be controverted.



Disputación, *s. f.* *disputation.*  
 Disputador, } *s. m.* a disput-  
 Disputante, } *ant.*  
 Disputar, *v. a.* to dispute.  
 Disquisición, *s. f.* strict exami-  
 nation, enquiry.  
 Dissención, *s. f.* dissension, va-  
 riance, contention, quarrel,  
 dispute.  
 Dissecar, *v. a.* to cut asun-  
 der.  
 Dissección, *s. f.* dissection.  
 Dissector, *s. m.* one who dis-  
 sects.  
 Disseminar, *v. a.* to sow.  
 Disenar, *v. a.* to draw or mark  
 out.  
 Diseño, *s. m.* the art of limning,  
 the designing of a piece: also  
 a pencil.  
 Dissentir, *v. n.* to dissent, to be  
 of another opinion.  
 Dissertación, *s. f.* a disserta-  
 tion.  
 Dissertar, *v. n.* to dispute, to  
 make a dissertation.  
 Disserto, *adj.* eloquent.  
 Dissimil, *adj.* unlike, dissimilar,  
 heterogeneous.  
 Dissimilitud, *s. f.* unlikeliness,  
 improbability.  
 Dissimulación, *s. f.* dissimula-  
 tion, dissembling.  
 Dissimuladamente, *adv.* dissem-  
 blingly, sily, craftily.  
 Dissimulado, *s. m.* a sly, crafty  
 person.  
 Dissimulador, *s. m.* a dissem-  
 bler.  
 Dissimular, *v. a.* to dissemble,  
 to connive at a thing.  
 Dissimulo, *s. m.* dissimulation,  
 connivance, slyness, crafti-  
 ness.  
 Dissignio, *s. m.* vide Desinio.  
 Dissipación, *s. f.* dissipation,  
 dispersion, scattering.  
 Dissipador, *s. m.* a spendthrift,  
 a scatterer, a waster.  
 Dissipar, *v. a.* to dissipate, to  
 scatter, to waste.  
 Dissoluble, *adj.* that can be dis-  
 solved, dissolvable.  
 Dissolución, *s. f.* dissolution, dis-  
 solving, loosening; also lewd-  
 ness.  
 Dissolvente, *s. m.* dissolvent.  
 Dissolver, *v. a.* to dissolve.  
 Dissolutamente, *adv.* dissolute-  
 ly, lewdly, loosely.  
 Dissolutivo, *adj.* that will dis-  
 solve.  
 Dissoluto, *adj.* dissolved; also  
 lewd, wicked.  
 Disson, *s. m.* a harsh disagree-  
 able sound.

Dissonancia, *s. f.* disagreement,  
 discord.  
 Dissonante, *adj.* disagreeing.  
 Dissonar, *v. a.* to disagree, to  
 make discord in music.  
 Dissónico, *adj.* vide Dissonante.  
 Dissuadir, *v. a.* to dissuade.  
 Dissuasión, *s. f.* dissuasion.  
 Dissuelto, *p. p.* of *dissolver*.  
 Dissyllabo, *s. m.* a word of two  
 syllables, a dissyllable.  
 Dissímulo, *adj.* unlike, very  
 different in nature.  
 Distangia, *s. f.* distance.  
 Distante, *adj.* distant.  
 Distancamente, *adv.* at a dis-  
 tance, afar off.  
 Distar, *v. n.* to be distant.  
 Destender, *v. a.* to distend, to  
 spread abroad.  
 Distensión, *s. f.* distention,  
 spreading abroad.  
 Determinar, *v. a.* to separate  
 or part, to bound place from  
 place.  
 Distico, *s. m.* dystich, couplet,  
 two verses.  
 Distilación, *s. f.* distillation,  
 dropping.  
 Distiladera, *s. f.* still, lim-  
 beck.  
 Distiladero, *adj.* ingenious, cun-  
 ning, false, far-fetched, indi-  
 rect.—*Distiladero, s. m.* an in-  
 triguer, a plot.  
 Distillador, *s. m.* a distiller.  
 Distiladura, *s. f.* a distilling.  
 Distilar, *v. a.* to distill, to drop.  
 Distilatorio, *s. m.* a still to distil  
 waters.  
 Distinción, *s. f.* distinction.—  
*Persóna de distinción, a man of*  
*note.*  
 Distinguir, *v. a.* to distinguish.  
*Distinguish, v. r.* to be dis-  
 tinguished by doing something  
 uncommon.  
 Distintamente, *adv.* distinctly.  
 Distintivo, *adj.* that may be dis-  
 tinguished.  
 Distinto, *adj.* distinct, several.  
 —*Distincto, s. m.* instinct.  
 Distracción, *s. f.* distract on.  
 Distrabér, *v. a.* to draw aside,  
 to pull away, to distract, to  
 corrupt.  
 Distráhidamente, *adv.* distract-  
 edly.  
 Distráimiento, *s. m.* drawing  
 aside, distraction, lewdness.  
 Distribución, *s. f.* distribution;  
 also order; also division of  
 time.  
 Distribuidor, *s. m.* a distributor,  
 one that gives every man his  
 share.

Distribuir, *v. a.* to distribute,  
 to divide among several per-  
 sons; also to separate in dif-  
 ferent places.  
 Distributivo, *adj.* distributive,  
 that is to be or may be distri-  
 buted.  
 Distrito, } *s. m.* district, terri-  
 Distrito, } tory, precinct.  
 Disturbación, *s. f.* disturbance,  
 trouble.  
 Disturbador, *s. m.* a disturber,  
 one that causes perturbation.  
 Disturbar, *v. a.* to disturb, to  
 trouble.  
 Distúrbio, *s. m.* disquiet, tumult,  
 confusion, disorder; also vio-  
 lation of peace.  
 Dissuadir, *v. a.* vide Dissuadir.  
 Disyunción, *s. f.* disjunction,  
 disunion, separation, parting.  
 Disyunta, *s. f.* (in music,) a  
 change of the voice.  
 Disyuntivamente, *adv.* sepa-  
 rately.  
 Disyuntivo, *adj.* disjunctive, in-  
 capable of union; in grammar,  
 that which marks separation  
 or opposition; in logic, dis-  
 junctive, opposed in its parts.  
 Disyunto, *s. m.* among school-  
 men, the necessity of the ex-  
 istence or the exclusion of one  
 out of two contrary positions  
 or propositions.  
 Dita, *s. f.* a party or person, the  
 party concerned in a contract.  
 It is also a bill, note, bill of  
 exchange.  
 Ditado, *s. m.* the place from  
 which a nobleman takes his  
 title; a place of honour or  
 trust; a title, or the person  
 that has it.  
 Ditador, *s. m.* vide Dictador.  
 Ditadura, *s. f.* vide Dicta-  
 dura.  
 Ditamen, *s. m.* vide Dictamen.  
 Ditano, *s. m.* the herb dittany,  
 Ditár, *v. a.* vide Dictar.  
 Ditério, *s. m.* lampoon, abu-  
 sive paper, satirical saying, de-  
 famatory report.  
 Dithyámbica, *s. f.* a short  
 poem or song formerly sung,  
 played and danced at once.  
 Dithyrámbico, *adj.* belonging  
 to dithyramb.  
 Dythrámbico, *s. m.* dithyrambic,  
 a song in honour of Bacchus;  
 any poem written with wild-  
 ness.  
 Dito, *p. p.* of *dectr*, (obs.) for  
*dicho*.  
 Ditóno, *s. m.* that has two  
 sounds, or darts in music.

**Diurético**, adj. diuretic, that provokes urine.  
**Diurnal**, s. m. diurnal; book of the divine office for the day.  
**Diurno**, adj. daily, continual, or of the day.  
**Diuturnidad**, s. f. long continuance, lastingness.  
**Diuturno**, adj. pertaining to length of duration.  
**Diva**, s. f. a goddess. Poetical.  
**Divagar**, v. a. to wander.  
**Diván**, s. m. the supreme council of the Turks.  
**Divergente**, adj. divergent, tending to various parts from one point.  
**Divergir**, v. n. to diverge, to tend to various parts from one point.  
**Diversamente**, adv. differently.  
**Diversidad**, s. f. diversity, variety, difference, dissimilitude, unlikeness; also abundance of several things.  
**Diversión**, s. f. a diversion, a turning aside; also recreation, amusement. In war, it is the act, or purpose of drawing the enemy off from some design, by threatening or attacking a distant part.  
**Diverso**, adj. divers, different.  
**Diversorio**, s. m. an inn, a public house of entertainment.  
**Desarticulo**, s. m. a place out of the way; also the straying from the matter in hand.  
**Divertimiento**, s. m. diversion, turning aside, going from the point; also delight, pleasure.  
**Divertir**, v. a. to divert, to turn aside, to go from the point; also to withdraw the mind.  
**Dividir**, v. a. to divide.  
**Divieso**, s. m. a bile, a small imposthumation, a swelling full of corruption.  
**Divinación**, s. f. divination.  
**Divinador**, s. m. a diviner.  
**Divinal**, adj. vide Divino.  
**Divinamente**, adv. divinely, excellent, in supreme degree.  
**Divinar**, v. a. to divine, to guess, to prophesy.  
**Divinatorio**, adj. belonging to divination.  
**Divinidad**, s. f. divinity.  
**Divinizar**, v. a. to make divine.  
**Divino**, adj. divine.  
**Divisa**, s. f. a device, a badge

of knighthood; also a mark of distinction worn in armies to be known from the enemy; a coat of arms; also an emblem or motto on a shield, or upon the arms of nobility.  
**Divisar**, v. a. to perceive, to see, to discover at a distance.  
**Divisero**, s. m. (obs.) an heir, a coheir.  
**Divisible**, adj. that may be divided.  
**División**, s. f. division, separation, partition; also disunion, discord, difference.  
**Divisivo**, adj. that can be divided.  
**Divisor**, s. m. (in arithmetic) the number given, by which the dividend is divided; the divisor.  
**Divisorio**, adj. that divides, that separates in two or more parts.  
**Divo**, adj. holy, saint, divine. Poetical.  
**Divorciar**, v. a. to divorce, to part man and wife.  
**Divorcio**, s. m. divorce, parting of man and wife.  
**Divulgación**, s. f. a publication or divulging.  
**Divulgador**, s. m. f. a publisher.  
**Divulgar**, v. a. to divulge, to publish.  
**Dix**, s. m. toy of any sort  
**Dixe**, s. m. for women or children.  
**Dizque**, i. e. *dize que*, he says that.  
**Do**, adv. (for *dónde*) where.—  
*De do*, adv. whence.—*A do?* adv. whither.—*Do quiera*, adv. wherever, wheresoever, whithersoever.—*Do fueres tarde*, *no te muestres cobarde*, ref. to recover the time that one has lost, will require great diligence and attention.  
**Dóbla**, s. f. a piece of money so called.  
**Doblamente**, adv. doubly, deceitfully.  
**Doblade**, adj. round, truss, thick, strong made.  
**Doblado**, s. f. a game at cards so called.—*Dolladillo*, s. m. a hem in sewing.  
**Doblado**, adj. double, deceitful.  
**Dobladura**, s. f. doubling, folding.  
**Doblar**, v. a. to double to fold.—*Doblar campanas*, to ring a peal for the dead.—*Doblar la hoja*, to fold down the leaf; to break off from any business,

so as to return again.—*Doblar ropa*, to fold cloths.—*Doblar la punta*, to double or turn a cape at sea.—*Doblar la paráda*, to double the stake at play.—*Doblarse*, v. r. to bow, to bend, to wind; to yield to others; (in cant.) to surrender or deliver one's self up to justice.  
**Doble**, adj. double, (in cant.) he who helps to carry on a cheat; also condemned to death.  
**Dobleable**, adj. easy to bend, or double.  
**Dobleadura**, s. f. bending, doubling.  
**Doblegar**, v. a. to bend, to double; to prevail upon, to make yield.  
**Doblemente**, adv. subtilly, craftily, slyly, cunningly, knavishly.  
**Doblería**, s. f. (in the cant of traders,) to get twice as much as the other partners.  
**Doblero**, s. m. a little loaf.  
**Doblete**, adj. that is made between double and single.  
**Dobléz**, s. m. a fold, the increase of the fold; (metaph.) double dealing.  
**Dóblo**, s. m. a doubling, or folding.  
**Doblón**, s. m. a Spanish pistole; the double tripe of a cow or ox.  
**Dobladón**, s. f. the act of boasting one's self very rich.  
**Dóce**, s. m. twelve.  
**Docena**, s. f. the weight of twelve pounds; also a dozen of anything.  
**Docenal**, adj. belonging to a dozen.  
**Docenal**, adj. having twelve years, being twelve years old.  
**Doceno**, adj. belonging to a dozen.  
**Docientos**, s. m. two hundred.  
**Docil**, adj. docible, that can be taught, tractable.  
**Docilidad**, s. f. docibleness, teachableness, docility.  
**Docilmente**, adv. easily.  
**Doctamente**, adv. learnedly.  
**Dócto**, adj. learned.  
**Doctor**, s. m. a doctor.  
**Doctoral**, adj. belonging to a doctor.  
**Doctaramiento**, s. m. the making a doctor.  
**Dotorar**, v. a. to give the degree of a doctor.  
**Doctoreillo**, s. m. diminutive of doctor.



**Doctorismo**, s. m. the collective body of doctors, especially of physicians.

**Doctrina**, s. f. doctrine, learning, instruction.—*Doctrina cristiana*, the christian doctrine, the catechism.—*Doctrina común*, doctrine generally received.—*Niños de la doctrina*, poor fatherless children, that are educated and brought up by charity, and disposed of as they grow up.

**Doctrinal**, adj. belonging to doctrine.

**Doctrinar**, v. a. to teach, to instruct.

**Doctrinero**, s. m. he that explains or teaches doctrine.

**Documento**, s. m. a document, an instruction, a lesson.

**Dodecágono**, s. m. dodecagon, a figure of twelve sides.

**Dodecaédro**, s. m. one of the five geometrical regular bodies consisting of five equal pentagons.

**Dodránte**, s. m. nine parts out of twelve various things among the ancient Romans.

**Dogal**, s. m. a cord, a rope, a hempen halter, distinct from others they make of *esparto*.

**Dogana**, s. f. (obs.) vide *Aduana*.

**Dóge**, a doge of Venice, or Genoa.—*Doge*, or *Digue*, a large dog, as a bear-dog, or Irish greyhound.

**Dógma**, s. m. a received opinion, a tenet, a resolution of the learned.

**Dogmaticamente**, adv. dogmatically, magisterially, positively, authoritatively.

**Dogmático**, adj. that belongs to the *dógma*.

**Dogmatista**, s. m. a teacher; generally taken in an ill sense for one that starts new erroneous opinions.

**Dogmatizadór**, s. m. one who follows new erroneous opinions.

**Dogmatizár**, v. a. to start new erroneous opinions.

**Dógo**, s. m. a mastiff, a band-dog, a dog of the largest size.

**Dóla**, s. f. an axe or hatchet.

**Doladór**, s. m. a hewer of wood.

**Doladára**, s. f. a hewing of wood.

**Dolamés**, s. m. the weakness or infirmities belonging to beasts.

**Dolár**, v. a. to hew wood, to

cut it smooth, or into shape with an axe.

**Dolencia**, s. f. sickness, a disease.—Prov. *Quién tiene dolencia, abra la bolsa y tenga paciencia*, he that has a disease must open his purse and have patience; patience to endure, and open his purse to the physician.—*Dolencia largo, y muerte encima*, ref. after a long sickness, death is almost certain.

**Dolér**, v. n. to feel pain, to be sorry.—*Al buen pagador no le duele prendas*, ref. a good paymaster is not in pain for his pawn.—*Dolerse*, v. r. to complain, to pity, to compassionate.

**Doliente**, adj. sick.—*Doliente por una dama*, in love with a lady, love-sick.

**Doliosamente**, adv. sorrowfully, lamentably. (Obs.)

**Dolioso**, adj. sad, afflicted.

**Dólo**, s. m. fraud, deceit.

**Dolór**, s. m. pain, grief, sorrow.—*Dolór de costado*, a pleurisy.—Prov. *Dolór de esposo, dolór de codo, duele mucho, y dura poco*, sorrow for a dead husband is like the pain of an elbow, very sharp, but lasts only for a short time.—*Dolór de mujer muerta, dura hasta la puerta*, ref. sorrow for a dead wife does not go farther than the door.

**Dolorcillo**, s. m. a little pain or grief.

**Dolorido**, adj. full of pain, afflicted.

**Dolorioso**, adj. painful, tormenting, sorrowful. (Obs.)

**Dolorosamente**, adv. painfully, sorrowfully, grievously.

**Doloroso**, adj. painful, sorrowful, grievous.

**Dolosamente**, adv. deceitfully, craftily, fraudulently.

**Doloso**, adj. fraudulent, deceitful, knavish.

**Domable**, adj. that may be tamed.

**Domadór**, s. m. a tamer, one that breaks horses.

**Domadura**, s. f. a taming.

**Domár**, v. a. to tame, to subdue, to overcome.

**Domear**, v. a. to bear a rule over; sometimes taken in the contrary sense; that is, to submit.

**Domesticamente**, adv. familiarly.

**Domesticár**, v. a. to tame, to make gentle or familiar.

**Doméstico**, adj. tame, gentle, familiar; also a servant.

**Domestiquéz**, s. m. tameness, gentleness.

**Domiciliado**, adj. of or belonging to an habitation.

**Domiciliario**, s. m. who has an habitation or settlement in any place.

**Domicilio**, s. m. a dwelling, an habitation.

**Dominación**, s. f. command, sovereignty, power.—*Dominaciones*, s. f. pl. one of the choirs of angels.

**Dominadór**, s. m. a commander who has power over others.

**Dominante**, s. m. that has sovereignty over.

**Domínar**, v. a. to lord, to command, to have power.

**Dominativo**, adj. having power, government, or superiority; also dominative, imperious, insolent.

**Dómine**, s. m. Sir, used among boys in school to mean the master.

**Domingo**, s. m. Sunday.

**Dominguero**, adj. belonging to Sunday.

**Dominguillo**, s. m. a figure of straw covered with old rags, with a spear in its hand like a soldier, set up at the bull-feasts for the bull to toss.

**Dominica**, s. f. Sunday; a word used by ecclesiastics.

**Dominical**, adj. belonging to Sunday.—*Letra dominical*, the dominical letter.

**Dominicos**, s. m. pl. the Dominicans, a religious order.

**Dominio**, s. m. dominion, rule, power, lordship.

**Dómo**, s. the dome of a church.

**Don**, s. m. a title given to gentlemen, and persons in posts of honour. Formerly restrained to some particular great families, now grown more common.—*Don*, s. m. a gift.

**Dña** s. m. the same as *dueña*.

**Donación**, s. f. donation, gift.

**Donadio**, s. m. vide *Donacion*.

**Donado**, s. m. a lay-brother among friars.

**Donadór**, s. m. a giver.

**Donaire**, s. m. grace, gracefulness, prettiness, pleasingness of behaviour, elegance, airiness, delightful levity, lightness, gaiety.

**Donairosamente**, adv. with elegance, with grace, with an airiness, wittily, pleasingly.  
**Donairoso**, adj. graceful, pleasing, elegant, lightsome, airy, gay, witty.  
**Donar**, v. a. to give.  
**Donatário**, s. m. he that has the bestowing of a dole, or the like.  
**Donativo**, s. m. a donative, a free gift, a dole, a distribution among many.  
**Dóneas**, adv. (obj.) then.  
**Doncel**, s. m. a young man, a page, a bachelor.  
**Doncella**, s. f. a girl, a lass, a maid, a maiden, a virgin, waiting-maid.  
**Doncelléz**, { s. f. the maid.  
**Doncellería**, { only state or condition, the state of a girl, virginity, maiden-head.  
**Doncellica**, { s. f. diminutive of  
**Doncellita**, { *doncella*.  
**Doncellidúena**, s. f. an old maid that gets married.  
**Doncellúca**, s. f. a mature or full-grown maid; an elderly maid.  
**Doncelluéla**, s. f. diminutive of *doncella*.  
**Dónde**, adv. where, or whither.  
 —**Dónde quíera**, wheresoever.  
 —**Donde quiera que fueres, haz como vieres**, ref. whatsoever country you may go to, do as they do; that is, conform yourself to their manners, customs, habits, &c.—**Donde voyas de los tuyos hayas**, ref. that you may find some of your countrymen wheresoever you may be.—  
**Hacia donde**, { where, whither.  
**Por donde**, {  
**Donillero**, s. m. a gamester, a sharper at play.  
**Donosamente**, adv. pleasantly, wittily.  
**Donosidad**, s. m. gracefulness.  
**Donoso**, adj. pleasant, witty.  
**Dónia**, pron. fem. the title of honour for a lady.  
**Dorada**, s. f. a fish so called.  
**Doadera**, s. f. leaf-gold.  
**Doradilla**, s. f. the fish called a bream; also the herb called male's fern.  
**Dorado**, p. p. gilt.—**Dorado**, s. m. a fish called a dory, or gilt-head.  
**Dorador**, s. m. gilder.  
**Doradura**, s. f. the gilding.  
**Dorad**, s. m. a bird all white, of

the bigness of a fowl, a great enemy to flies.  
**Dorar**, v. a. to gild; to put a good gloss upon a thing.  
**Dórico**, (*dórn*), the Doric order in architecture.  
**Dormida**, s. f. sleeping, rest in sleep.  
**Dormideras**, s. f. pl. sleepiness; disposition to sleep.—**Dormidera marina**, the sea-poppy.  
**Dormidero**, adj. sleepy.  
**Dormido**, p. p. slept or asleep.  
**Dormidor**, s. m. a sleeper.  
**Dormidura**, s. f. sleep.  
**Dormiente**, p. act. of *dormir*.  
**Dormillo**, s. m. vide *Dornajo*.  
**Dormilón**, s. m. a great sleeper.  
**Dormir**, v. n. to sleep.—**Dormir a sueño suelto**, or a *pierna tendida*, to sleep sound without any care.—**Dormir como un lirón**, to sleep like a dormouse.—**Dormir con muger**, to lie with a woman.—**Dormir un negocio**, is for a business to be laid aside.—**Dormir la zorra, o el vino**, to sleep away drunkenness.—**No dormirse en las piernas**, v. n. not to be negligent or careless in one's business.—  
 Prov. **Contigo duérme, contigo come, quien te los pone**, he, or she that cuckold's you, eats and lies with you. Warning to one that has an enemy in the house.—Prov. **Quien mucho duérme, poco aprinde**, he who sleeps much, learns little. Sluggards are never good scholars.  
**Dormirlas**, s. f. pl. the children's play called hide and seek.  
**Dormitar**, v. n. to nod, to slumber.  
**Dormitivo**, s. m. a sleeping potion.  
**Dormitorio**, s. m. a dormitory, in religious houses a sleeping place.  
**Dornajo**, { s. m. a trough.  
**Dornillo**, {  
**Dorso**, s. m. the back.  
**Dos**, s. m. two.—**Dos á uno, forname quiero grullo**, ref. it is prudent not to engage with two antagonists.—**De dos en dos**, by two and two.—**Dos tanto**, twice as much.—**Dos veces**, twice. **Dos años**, two years old.—**A dos manos**, both hands.  
**Dosel**, s. m. canopy.  
**Dosclera**, s. m. the hanging of a canopy.  
**Dosis**, s. f. a dose of physic.

**Dotación**, s. f. a foundation, a revenue settled and established for any purpose, particularly charity.—**Dotación, de navios**, the soldiers', seamen's victuals and rigging necessary for a ship of war.  
**Dotador**, s. m. who endows or settles a revenue.  
**Dotal**, adj. belonging to a dower or portion.  
**Dotar**, v. a. to endow, to give a dowry, or portion; (metaph.) to possess the noble endowments of nature.—**El cielo le ha dotado de nobles partes**, heaven had adorned him with noble parts.  
**Dóte**, s. m. a dowry, a woman's portion.—**Dotes de naturaleza**, endowments of nature.  
**Dóto**, adj. vide *Docto*.  
**Dotór**, s. m. vide *Doctor*.  
**Dotrina**, s. f. vide *Doctrina*.  
**Dotrinár**, v. a. to teach, to instruct.  
**Dottoyán**, s. m. a tree in the Philippine islands.  
**Dovela**, s. f. one of the two surfaces of an arch.  
**Dozavo**, adj. belonging to the twelfth part of any thing.  
**Draba**, s. f. the herb yellow cress.  
**Dráchma**, s. f. a drachm, the eighth part of an ounce.  
**Dragante**, s. f. gum dragacanth; also a loop on the shoulder to fasten a belt to.  
**Dragma**, s. f. vide *Drachma*.  
**Drágo**, s. m. a tree in the East and West Indies.—**Sangre de drágo**, vide *Sangre*.—**Boca del drágo**, vide *Boca*.  
**Dragomán**, s. m. an interpreter.  
**Dragón**, s. m. a dragon.  
**Dragóna**, s. f. a shoulder-knot.  
**Dragúnes**, s. m. pl. dragoons, musqueteers mounted to serve either on horseback or on foot.  
**Dragonál**, s. m. a shrub in the Canary islands.  
**Dragónica**, s. f. *Draguncia*, or *Dragontea*, the herb taragon.—**Dragónica menor**, the herb wake-robin.  
**Dragontea**, s. f. dragon-wort; also a kind of generous wine.  
**Dráma**, s. f. a dram, used in some parts; the right Castilian word is *adarme*.—**Dráma**, s. m. comedy.  
**Dramático**, adj. dramatic, comical, or belonging to plays.



**Drásgo, s. m.** Robin Good-fellow, a goodnatured sort of spirit some people imagine haunts houses.

**Dreyto, s. m. (obs.)** for *De-recho*.

**Drizar, v. a.** to unfold the sails of a ship.

**Drizas, s. f. pl.** the halliards, being the ropes by which they hoist all the yards in a ship, except the crossstaeck and the sprit sail-yard.

**Dróga, s. f.** any sort of drug.  
**Drogueria, s. f.** a druggist's shop.

**Droguero, s. m.** a druggist.

**Droguete, s. m.** a drugget, a cloth so called.

**Droguista, s. m.** a cheat, an impostor; also a druggist.

**Dromodál, } s. m.** a drome-  
**Dromedario, }** dary, a sort of camel.

**Druidas, s. m. pl.** the druids; priests anciently in Gaul and Britain.

**Dryádes, s. f. pl.** the nymphs of the woods and mountains.

**Duán, s. m.** the supreme council of the Turks.

**Duána, s. f.** vide *Aduana*.

**Duár, s. m.** a cottage.

**Dúas, (obs.)** for *dos*.

**Dubiedad, s. f.** doubt.

**Dúbio, s. m.** a doubtful thing.

**Dubitable, adj.** that can be doubted.

**Duc, s. m.** a duke. (Obs.)

**Ducado, s. m.** a dukedom; also a coin called a ducat.—*Prov. Si quieres ver quanto vale un ducado, búscalo pre-tado*, if you would know the value of a ducat, try to borrow one. The difficulty in borrowing shews how valuable money is.

**Duchá, adj.** belonging to a duke.

**Dúcha, s. f.** much of a meadow mowed in a straight line by a number of mowers in a given time.

**Dúcho, adj. (obs.)** used, accustomed, habituated, dexterous.

**Ducientos, adj. pl.** vide *Docientos*.

**Ducir, v. a.** to lead, to guide, conduct, shew.

**Ductor, s. m.** guide, leader; among surgeons, it is the conductor or instrument to direct the knife in cutting.

**Ductriz, s. f.** a woman who guides.

**Dúda, s. f.** doubt.—*¿Que no duda, no sabe cosa alguna*, ref. he who believes every thing and doubts nothing, is an ignorant person.—*Estar una cosa en duda*, f. to be doubtful.—*No hay que dudar*, f. there is no doubt.

**Dudáble, adj.** doubtful.

**Dudanza, s. f. (obs.)** vide *Duda*.

**Dudár, v. a.** to doubt.

**Dudosamente, adv.** doubtfully.

**Dudoso, adj.** doubtful, uncertain.

**Dúcho, adj.** vide *Ducho*.

**Dúela, s. f.** a staff; a board for a cask. (In architecture, the flat panes or pannels in the work.)

**Duelista, s. m.** one who knows the laws of duelling, and boasts of it.

**Duelo, s. m.** a duel, single combat, the point of honour which obliges men to fight.—*Duelo*, s. m. sorrow, mourning, grief, trouble.—*Duelos y quebrantos*, sorrows and troubles, an omelet of eggs and brains.—*A do vas duelo, a do suelo*, ref. sorrows and misfortunes always go together.—*Donde no esta su dueño, no esta su duelo*, ref. when the master is absent every thing is wrong.—*Los duelos, con pan son buenos*, ref. sorrows and troubles are good with bread; that is, the rich support troubles better than the poor.

**Duénda, adj.** without a sting.

**Duénde, s. m.** a fabled being, supposed to appear in human form.

**Duendecillo, s. m.** diminutive of *duende*.

**Duendería, s. f.** the tricks of goblins and ghosts.

**Duéndo, adj.** tame; foolish.

**Duéña, s. f.** any widow lady, or the mistress of a family; an ancient widow they keep in great houses in Spain, for grandeur.—*Duéña*, feminine of *dueño*, a mistress, or the lady that owns any thing.

**Dueñesco, adj.** belonging to a *dueña*.

**Dueño, s. m.** the master, owner, or proprietor of any thing, the master of the house, a master of servants.—*Proy. Qual el dueño, tal el perro*, such as the master is, such is the dog; like master like man.

**Duérna, s. f.** a kneading trough.

**Dúla, s. f.** a common herd, or flock.

**Dúlce, adj.** sweet.—*Dulce, s. m.* sweet-meat.

**Dulcedumbre, s. m.** sweetness.

**Dulcemente, adv.** sweetly.

**Dulceza, s. f.** sweetness.

**Dulcillo, adj.** sweetish.

**Dulcisóno, adj.** that has a sweet sound.

**Duléro, s. m.** the shepherd who takes care of the flock.

**Dúlia, s. f.** worship or honour, such as servants pay to their masters.

**Dulzaina, s.** flute, a sort of musical pipe.

**Dulzór, s. m. }** sweetness.

**Dulzúra, s. f. }**

**Dulzurár, v. a.** to sweeten; also to mitigate, to shew lenity.

**Dúnas, s. f. pl.** downs, sandy hills, or the low ground along the sea-side.

**Dunéta, s. f.** the highest part of the stern of a ship.

**Dúo, s. m.** in music, a duo, a two-part composition.

**Duodécimo, adj.** belonging to the twelfth.

**Dúos, adj. (obs.)** vide *Dos*.

**Dúpa, s. m. (in cant.)** a fool, an ideot.

**Dúpla, s. m.** a musical word; proportion.—*Dúpla, s. f.* the more than ordinary allowance of provision in colleges; an exceeding day.

**Dúplica, s. f.** a duplicate.

**Duplicación, s. f.** doubling.

**Duplicadamente, adv.** doubly.

**Duplicado, s. m.** vide *Dúplica*.

**Duplicár, v. a.** to double.

**Duplicidad, s. f.** duplicity.

**Dúplo, adj.** twofold; double.

**Dúque, s. m.** a duke.

**Duquecito, s. m.** diminut. of *dúque*.

**Duquesa, s. f.** duchess.

**Dúra, s. f.** lastingness.—*Como te curas, duras*, ref. take care of your health, and your life will be prolonged.—*Cósa de mícha dura*, a very lasting thing.

**Duráble, adj.** durable, lasting.

**Duración, s. f.** continuance, endurance.

**Durada, s. f.** duration.

**Duraderamente, adv.** lastingly, durably, in a lasting manner.

**Duradero**, adj. lasting.  
**Duramente**, adv. hardly.  
**Durando**, s. m. a kind of cloth so called.  
**Durár**, v. n. to last.  
**Duraton**, adj. (in cant.) hard.  
**Duraznito**, s. m. a little peach.  
**Durazno**, s. m. a peach, or the peach-tree.  
**Durita**, s. f. (obs.) the seat formerly used in a bath.  
**Dureza**, s. f. solidity, hardness; obstinacy, stubbornness.  
**Durillo**, adj. hardish, solid.—  
*Durillo relevante*, an affected

manner of writing or speaking.

**Durindána**, s. f. (in cant.) justice, the officers of justice, or a sword.  
**Durión**, s. m. a sort of fruit growing in several parts of the East Indies.  
**Durlines**, s. m. pl. (in cant.) officers of justice.  
**Durmiente**, s. m. a sleeper, or he that sleeps.  
**Duro**, adj. hard, cruel, nigardly, unmerciful.—*A pan duro, diente agudo*, ref. good teeth to hard bread; that is, great activity and diligence

is necessary to conquer difficulties.

**Dúros**, s. m. pl. (in cant.) shoes; also lashes.  
**Dux**, s. m. (obs.) a duke.  
**Duzaina**, s. f. vide *Dulzaina*.  
**Dynastia**, s. f. dynasty, government, sovereignty.  
**Dysergia**, s. f. an unequal mixture of elements in the blood or nervous juice.  
**Dysenteria**, s. f. the bloody flux.  
**Dysentérico**, adj. of or belonging to the bloody flux.  
**Dysuria**, s. f. difficulty of making urine.

## E.

**E**, the fifth letter in the alphabet, and the second of the vowels. In old Spanish ballads, they used to add this letter at the end of some words, to make out a verse, or to rhyme; as *amóre* for *amor*, *olvidáre* for *olvidar*.

**E** was anciently used for **Y**.

**Ea**, interj. to go.

*Ea pues*, I go to then.—*Ea is Ea sus*, I used sometimes to encourage or excite a person; as, *ea, buen Sancho, díxo la duquesa, buen animo*, come on, Sancho, says the duchess, be of good courage.—Prov. *Con otro ea llegaremos a la aldea*, with another go on, we shall arrive at the village; that is, be of good cheer, we shall obtain what we desire by patience, and application.

**Ebanificar**, v. a. to make any wood as smooth as ebony.

**Ebanista**, s. m. the man who works on ebony.

**E'bano**, s. m. ebony, or eben, a hard, heavy, black, valuable wood.

**E'bano**, s. m. ebony.

**Ebilla**, s. f. vide *Hevilla*.

**Ebrancido**, adj. (in heraldry,) disbrauched.

**Ebriedad**, s. f. drunkenness.

**E'brio**, adj. drunken.

**Ebullición**, s. f. ebullition; the art of boiling up with heat.

**Eburnéo**, made of ivory, white as ivory.

**Eceder**, v. n. vide *Exceder*.

**Ecelente**, adj. vide *Excelente*.

**Ecelenteménte**, adv. vide *Excelentemente*.

**Ecelencia**, s. f. vide *Excelencia*.

**Ecelitud**, s. f. vide *Excelitud*.

**Ecélso**, adj. vide *Excelso*.

**Ecénte**, adj. exempt, free.

**Ecésivo**, adj. excessive.

**Ecésó**, s. m. an excess.

**Ecetár**, v. a. vide *Excepar*.

**E'cha**, s. f. (adverbially used,) this time.

**Echacántos**, s. m. a fool, a rattle-headed fellow.

**Echacorveria**, s. f. pimping, proeuring.

**Echacuervos**, s. m. a pimp, a cheating fellow.

**Echada**, s. f. to cast, throw.—*Echada esta la suerte*, f. it is determined upon.

**Echadero**, s. m. a place to lie down.

**Echadizo**, s. m. cast out, laid in the way designedly; also one that is sent with a design to observe other men's words and actions, to pry into their behaviour; a spy.

**Echador**, s. m. he that casts or throws.

**Echadura**, s. f. } a casting  
 or throwing.

**Echamíento**, s. m. }

**Echár**, v. a. to cast, to throw,

to pour out.—*Echár al palacio*, to take all in good part, to make a jest of what is said.—*Echár al cuerno*, to deceive, to impose upon.—*Echár suertes*, to cast lots.—*Echár acuestas*, to take upon one's back.—*Echár la mano*, to lay hold of.—*Echár renuevos*, to bud out, to sprout.—*Echár suelas a los zapatos*, to sole shoes.—*Echár plúmas*, to put out feathers as birds do.—*Echár fuera*, to cast out.—*Echár a fónido*, to sink.—*Echár cántos*, to rave, to be mad.—*Echár mmo*, to lay hand upon one's sword.—*Echár chispas*, to sparkle as hot iron beaten; to be so angry, as if sparks of fire flew out of one's eyes.—*Echár cantidos*, to have a house shut up with a padlock on the door by order of justice.—*Echár pitillos*, to rally one another.—*Echár china*, to drop a stone; to keep reckoning how often a man drinks.—*Echár de la gloria*, to tell many boasting false tales.—*Echár fama*, to spread a report.—*Echár grillos*, to fetter, to shackle.—*Echár bando*, to make proclamation.—*Echár la cuenta*, to make the account.—*Echár el sello*, to seal; (metaph.) to conclude any affair.—*Echár la cubra*, to lay to one's charge.—*Echár la brimia*, to cant, as prating beggars do.—



*Echar a mal*, to throw away.—*Echar en un rincón*, to cast into a corner, to despise, to condemn.—*Echar vino*, to fill, or pour out wine.—*Echar a parte*, to lay aside, to exclude.—*Echar menos*, to miss a thing.—*Echar a mano derecha*, ó *a la izquierda*, to take the right, or left-hand away.—*Echa y derruce*, a drunken expression used among sottish bullies, signifying fill, and down with it.—*Echarse a dormir*, to lie down to sleep.—*Echarse en la cama*, to lie down in bed.—*Echarse con la carga*, to lie down under the burthen; (metaph.) to have more troubles than a man is able to bear.—*Echarse al agua*, to plunge into the water; (metaph.) to venture upon any dangerous, or difficult enterprise.—*Echarse con una mujer*, to have to do with a woman.—*Echarse los paños*, is for the corn to be lodged by rain, wind, &c.—*Echarse de ver una cosa*, is for a thing to be perceived or understood.—*Echar en cara*, s. to reproach any one with his defects.

*Echenís*, s. m. a small fish.

*Echinéis*, s. reported to have such a quality, that it will stop a ship under sail.

*Echino*, s. m. a sea-urchin, a kind of crab-fish.

*Echizo*, s. m. vide *Hechizo*.

*E'cho*, s. f. or m. vide *Eco*.

*Eclesiástes*, s. m. the book of Ecclesiastes in the Bible.

*Ecclesiasticamente*, adv. ecclesiastically.

*Ecclesiástico*, s. m. a churchman, an ecclesiastical person, a clergyman; also the book of Ecclesiastics in the Bible.

*Eclipsable*, adj. that may be eclipsed.

*Eclipsár*, v. a. to eclipse.

*Eclipse*, s. m. an eclipse of the sun or moon.

*Eclipsis*, s. f. a figure in rhetoric, when some word is omitted, but understood.

*Ecliptica*, s. f. the ecliptic; a line cutting the zodiac in two.

*Eclóga*, s. f. an eclogue, a pastoral poem.

*E'co*, s. m. an echo, the re-

bound of the last part of the voice or sound; (metaph.) a confused recollection of past events.—*Hacer eco*, f. (metaph.) to match one thing with another.—*Hacer eco*, f. (metaph.) to be surprised.

*Economía*, s. f. œconomy, the government of a house or family.

*Económicamente*, adv. orderly, with œconomy.

*Económico*, adj. belonging to the œconomy, or the government of a house or family.

*Ecónomo*, s. m. a steward, a master of a house, or that governs a family.

*Echilipsis*, s. f. a figure which denotes the cutting off the letter M when a vowel follows it.

*Eculeó*, s. m. an engine of torture, a rack.

*Ecuménico*, adj. œcumenical, the title given to all general councils of the church.

*Edad*, s. f. age.

*Endéma*, s. f. a soft swelling, full of humours.

*Edematoso*, adj. full of humours.

*Edición*, s. f. an edition of a book.

*Edicto*, s. m. an edict, a proclamation.

*Edificación*, s. f. edification.

*Edificador*, s. m. a builder, an edifier.

*Edificar*, v. a. to build, to edify.

*Edificativo*, adj. that is edifying.

*Edificatorio*, adj. belonging to an edifice or building.

*Edificio*, s. m. edifice, building, structure.

*Edil*, s. m. an edile or officer in Rome.

*Edilidad*, s. f. the dignity of an edile.

*Edito*, s. m. edict, proclamation.

*Educación*, s. f. education.

*Educár*, v. a. to educate, to bring up.

*Educción*, s. f. a deduction or consequence drawn from one or more propositions laid down.

*Educir*, v. a. to bring forth.

*Efectivamente*, adv. really, effectually.

*Efectivo*, adj. effectual.

*Efecto*, s. m. effect.

*Efectos*, p. goods, wealth, furniture, &c.

*Efectual*, adj. effectual.

*Efectualmente*, adv. effectually.

*Efectuár*, v. a. to effectuate, to fulfil.

*Efenérra*, s. f. a quotidian, a daily ague.

*Efemerides*, s. f. pl. a journal, or daily account, the calculation of the daily motions of the stars.

*Efeminár*, v. a. to effeminate, to make womanish.

*Efeto*, s. m. an effect.—*No tuvo efecto el negocio*, the business d.d. not succeed.—*En efeto*, in conclusion, in short.

*Efectuár*, v. a. to effect, to bring to pass, to execute.

*Efrenado*, adj. incorrigible.

*Efrenamiento*, s. m. incorrigibleness, extravagance.

*Eficacia*, s. f. efficacy.

*Eficacia*, s. f. efficacy.

*Eficáz*, adj. efficacious.

*Eficazmente*, adv. efficaciously.

*Eficiencia*, s. f. power, or capacity of doing any thing.

*Eficiente*, adj. efficient, causing.

*Eficientemente*, adv. effectually.

*Efigie*, s. f. effigy, figure.

*Efímera*, s. a fever of a day.

*Efusión*, s. m. running, or flowing over; also the effluvia emitted from any body.

*Efluación*, s. f. exhalation, evaporation, efflux.

*Efugio*, s. m. escape, evasion.

*Efulgencia*, s. f. a brightness, splendour.

*Efundir*, v. a. to pour out; to shed, to spill.

*Efusión*, s. f. pouring out, shedding, or spilling.

*Efuso*, p. p. of *efundir*.

*Egilope*, s. f. a weed that grows among corn, darnel, wild oats.

*Egíra*, s. f. *hégira*, the epocha or account of time used by the Mahometans.

*Eglóca*, s. f. an eclogue, a pastoral.

*Egregiamente*, adv. egregiously, eminently, in a remarkable or extraordinary manner.

*Egrégio*, adj. egregious, famous, remarkable, notable.

*Egresón*, s. f. going out.

*Egipciano*, s. m. a gypsy.

*El, Ella, Ello*, pron. adj.—

*El* is used in Spanish to speak to inferior persons, in the third person, when he that speaks will not allow the title of *vuestra merced*, as too much, or be so blunt as to say downright *you*, or *tu*, that is, you or thou; then he says *el*, speaking in the third person, which is a medium between both.—*El*, art. mas. the; as, *el hombre*, the man; *el tiempo*, the weather, &c.—*El mismo*, or *el mismo*, he himself.

*Ela*, int. demonstr. behold!

Ex. *Ela aquí!* behold her! here she is!

*Elaborado*, adj. perfect, complete, worked out, finished, elaborate.

*Elación*, s. f. pride, haughtiness.

*Elacote*, s. m. gum mastic.

*Elasre*, s. m. the maple-tree.

*Elasticamente*, adv. in an elastic manner.

*Elasticidad*, s. f. elasticity, force in bodies, by which they endeavour to restore themselves.

*Elastico*, adj. elastic, springy, having the power of returning to the form from which it is distorted.

*Elatérico*, s. m. a strong purge.

*Elatine*, s. f. a weed growing among corn, like to withwind, called running buckwort.

*Elato*, adj. proud, haughty.

*Elébore*, s. m. the herb hellebore, whereof there are two sorts, black and white.

*Elección*, s. f. election, choice.

*Elécho*, s. m. the plant called fern, of which there are several sorts.

*Electivo*, adj. elective, to be chosen.

*Elécto*, adj. elected, chosen.

*Electór*, s. m. an elector.—*Electóres del imperio*, the electors of the empire.

*Electoraldo*, s. m. the estates belonging to an elector.

*Electoral*, adj. belonging to an elector.

*Electricidad*, s. f. electricity, property in bodies so called.

*Eléctrico*, adj. electric, electrical, produced by an electric body.

*Electriz*, s. f. the consort of an elector.

*Eléctro*, s. m. amber, which having the quality, when warmed by friction, of attracting bodies, gave to one species of attraction the name of electricity; also gold mixed with silver.

*Electuário*, s. m. an electuary.

*Elefancia*, s. f. elephantiasis, a species of leprosy so called.

*Elefante*, s. m. an elephant, the largest of all quadrupeds.

*Elefantino*, adj. belonging to an elephant.

*Elegancia*, s. f. elegance.

*Elegante*, adj. elegant, nice, handsome.

*Elegantemente*, adv. elegantly.

*Elegia*, s. f. an elegy, a mournful song.

*Elegiaco*, adj. elegiac, belonging to a mournful song.

*Elegibilidad*, s. f. eligibility, eligibility, worthiness to be chosen.

*Eligible*, adj. eligible, fit to be chosen, preferable.

*Eligidór*, s. m. (obs.) elector.

*Elegir*, v. a. to elect, to choose.

*Elégo*, adj. elegiac, sad, mournful, weeping, full of sorrow.

*Elementado*, adj. that partakes or belongs to the elements.

*Elemental*, adj. belonging to the elements.

*Elemento*, s. m. an element.

*Elementos*, p. the rudiments of any science or liberal art.

*Elemé*, s. m. gum elemi.

*Elenco*, s. m. the index at the end of a book, which leads to all the principal matters in it.

*Elephancia*, s. f. a species of leprosy so called.

*Elephante*, s. m. an elephant.

*Elevación*, s. f. elevation, lifting up, raising, preferment; also pride.

*Elevado*, adj. in a rapture, beside himself, in divine contemplation; also elevated, lifted up, raised, preferred, and proud.

*Elevamiento*, s. f. lifting, raising, preferment, pride; but most properly a rapture.

*Elevár*, v. a. to raise, to lift, to elevate, to prefer, to be

proud.—*Elevarse*, v. r. to be in a rapture, in divine contemplation.

*Elidir*, v. a. to cut off.

*Eligidór*, s. m. an elector, one who chuses or elects.

*Elixir*, s. m. an elixir; a medicine used in physic, an extract or quintessence of any thing; also any cordial.

*Elocución*, s. f. elocution, elegance in expression, power of expression or diction.

*Elogiar*, v. a. to aggrandize, to extol, to praise, to commend.

*Elogio*, s. m. an elogy, a commendation, a speech or verses made in praise of one.

*Elongación*, s. f. a lengthening or removing afar off.

*Eloquencia*, s. f. eloquence.

*Eloquente*, adj. eloquent.

*Eloquentemente*, adv. eloquently.

*Elsine*, s. f. the herb pellitory of the wall.

*Elucidación*, s. f. comment, gloss, elucidation, explanation, exposition.

*Eludir*, v. a. to elude, to shift off, to dally, to avoid in words.

*Eluzéro*, adj. (obs.) bright, shining.

*Elýpse*, s. f. an ellipsis, an oval figure generated from the section of a cone by a plane cutting both sides of the cone, but not parallel to the base, and meeting with the base when produced.

*Elýptico*, adj. elliptical, elliptic.

*Elýsius Cárpos*, pl. the Elysian Fields.

*Emanación*, s. f. emanation.

*Emanadéro*, s. m. origin, fountain, beginning.

*Emanár*, v. a. to flow, to proceed from.

*Emanicipación*, s. f. making free.

*Emancipadamente*, adv. with such a paternal power as can set a son free.

*Emancipár*, v. a. to make free from bondage.

*Embabiamiento*, s. m. stupidity.

*Embabucár*, v. a. vide *Embaucar*.

*Embadurnár*, v. a. to daub, to anoint, to smear.



Embaidór, s. m. an impostor, a sharper, a cheater.  
 Embaimiento, s. m. cheating, deceiving.  
 Embair, v. a. to cheat, to deceive, to impose upon.  
 Embalar, v. a. to pack up goods or any other thing.  
 Embaljár, v. a. to pack up in a portmanteau.  
 Emballenadór, s. m. a stay-maker.  
 Emballenár, v. a. to make stays.  
 Emballestádo, s. m. a contraction of the nerves and sinews in horses, asses, &c.  
 Embalméro, s. m. vide Embalsamador.  
 Embalsadéro, s. m. a pond, or pool, made by the falling of the rain.  
 Embalsamador, s. m. an embalmer.  
 Embalsamar, v. a. to embalm, to impregnate a body with aromatics, that it may resist putrefaction.  
 Embalsár, v. a. to put cattle in ponds or pools, to wash.  
 Embalumár, v. a. to load any beast with inequality.  
 Embanastár, v. a. to put any thing in a basket. — *Embanastarse*, v. r. to throw up the cards at the game called *hombre*.  
 Embaracillo, s. m. diminutive of *embarazo*.  
 Embarazáda, s. f. a woman with child.  
 Embarazadapénite, adv. with embarrassment, with difficulty, awkwardly, bashfully.  
 Embarazádo, da, p. p. from *embarazar*.  
 Embarazadór, s. m. a troublesome person.  
 Embarazár, v. a. to incumber, to intangle, to stop, to hinder.  
 Embarazo, s. m. incumbrance, stopping, intangling, hindrance.  
 Embarazosaménite, adv. with difficulty, with obstruction.  
 Embarazoso, adj. incumbering, troublesome, intangling.  
 Embarbascár, v. a. to stick in the ground, as the plough does against any root; to be gravelled in business, to intoxicate; also to make fish drunk; also to dim, to sully, to trouble.  
 Embarcación, s. f. the shipping

of men or goods; also any sort of vessel.  
 Embarcadéro, s. m. a place to ship off men or goods.  
 Embarcadór, s. m. who embarks any merchandise.  
 Embarcadúra, s. f. the shipping off men or goods.  
 Embarcár, v. a. to ship, to embark. — *Embarcarse en un negocio*, to embark in an affair, to engage one's self in it.  
 Embárcó, s. m. the action of shipping any goods, &c.  
 Embargación, s. f. an embargo, stopping, staying, arresting.  
 Embargadór, s. m. one who lays an arrest or embargo on goods.  
 Embargamiénito, s. m. an obstruction, an hindrance, a stoppage, an impediment.  
 Embargante, adj. which stops, stays, or arrests. — *No embargante*, notwithstanding.  
 Embargár, v. a. to lay an embargo, arrest, a stop, a stay. — *Sin embargo*, adv. nevertheless.  
 Embarneceér, v. n. to grow fat, lusty, and strong.  
 Embarnizadór, s. m. a varnisher.  
 Embarnizadúra, s. f. a varnishing.  
 Embarnizár, v. a. to varnish; also to paint the face, as women do.  
 Embarradór, s. m. a dauber.  
 Embarradúra, s. f. a daubing.  
 Embarrár, v. a. to daub, properly with clay, but used for any other daubing.  
 Embarrilár, v. a. to put in a barrel.  
 Embasamento, s. m. a term in architecture for the basis.  
 Embasarse, v. r. to be immoveable, to stop one's self suddenly, as in a surprise.  
 Embastár, v. a. to sow with thick thread.  
 Embastardár, v. a. to degenerate.  
 Embáte, s. m. a beating against a thing; as: — *Embáte de la mar*, the beating of the sea. — *Embáte de la fortuna*, crossness of fortune.  
 Embatimiénito, s. m. a beating against, as of the water, &c.

Embatir, v. a. to beat upon, as the waves of the sea, &c. from *batir*, to beat.  
 Embaucadór, s. m. a cheat, a bantering fellow.  
 Embaucamiénito, s. m. bantering, cheating, amazing, stupifying.  
 Embaucár, v. a. to fool, to banter, to cheat, to impose upon, to amaze, to stupify.  
 Embauco, s. m. fallacy, deceit, fraud, imposition.  
 Embaulár, v. a. to put into a trunk; to cram meat into the belly.  
 Embausamiénito, s. f. amazement, astonishment.  
 Embaxáda, s. f. an embassy.  
 Embaxadór, s. m. an embassador.  
 Embazadór, s. m. one that makes things brown.  
 Embazadúra, s. m. making brown; also surprising, astonishing.  
 Embazár, v. a. to make brown; also to surprise, to astonish; also to stop, or detain. — *Embazarse*, v. r. to be surprised, or astonished, to lose one's breath, or pant for breath.  
 Embebecér, v. a. to make stupid, to astonish, or surprise.  
 Embebecidáménite, adv. inadvertently, in amazement.  
 Embebecimiénito, s. m. a forgetting one's self; also a sucking in of liquor.  
 Embeber, v. a. to attract, to shrink, to suck; also to contain. — *Embeberse*, v. r. to be very well pleased with one thing, to be wrapt up in thinking.  
 Embecadúra, s. m. (in architecture) the space made by the turning off of an arch or vault, and the upright of the wall it rests on.  
 Embelecadór, s. m. one who defrauds, cheats, or imposes on another.  
 Embelecár, v. a. to cheat, to impose upon, to defraud.  
 Embeléco, s. m. a fraud, a deceit, an imposition, an inveigling, or insinuating with an intent to impose on.  
 Embeleñádo, adj. that is base or mean spirited.  
 Embelesamiénito, s. m. stupefaction, astonishment.

**Embelesár, v. a.** to surprise, to astonish.

**Embeléso, s. m.** surprise; astonishment.

**Embellaquecêrse, v. r.** to grow vicious.

**Embellecêr, v. a.** to beautify, to adorn, to embellish.

**Embeodâr, v. a.** to make drunk.—*Embeodârse, v. r.* to get drunk.—*Agua nã enferma, ni embeoda ni adeuda,* ref. water-drinkers are never drunk or run into debt.

**Embeodêz, s. f.** drunkenness.

**Emberâdas, adj. fem. plur.** (in cant.) beginning to grow ripe; said of grapes.

**Embermejár, } v. a.** to make  
**Embermejecêr, } red.**

**Embermejecêrse, v. r.** to be ashamed, to change countenance.

**Embêro, s. m.** the colour of the grapes when ripe.

**Embêrques, s. m. pl.** the small ropes with which the sails are made fast to the yards, called the robbins.

**Embertinchêrse, v. r.** to be in a passion, to fall into a passion.

**Embestiâr, v. n.** to become brutal, or beastly.

**Embestida, s. f.** violence, attack, assault.

**Embestidôr, s. m.** he who earnestly, eloquently, or importunately, begs you to lend him money or give him alms.

**Embestidûra, s. f. } attack.**  
**Embestimênto, s. m. }**

**Embestir, v. a.** to attack.

**Embetunâr, v. a.** to daub with pitch, as they do the ships.

**Embeudâr, v. a.** be drunk.

**Embevecêr, v. a.** vide *Embebecer*, and its derivatives.

**Embiadizo, adj.** that may be sent.

**Embiâr, v. a.** to send.

**Embicâr, v. a.** to bend the yards on board a ship in a particular manner.

**Embidâr, v. a.** to vie at cards, to set at hazard; also to drink to.—*Embidâr el rêsto,* to throw at all at dice.—*Embidâr de falso,* to throw a levant.

**Embidia, s. f.** envy.

**Embidliâr, v. a.** to envy.

**Embidioso, adj.** envious.

**Embiôn, s. f.** stroke that

sends any thing from it, as a ball or the like; also the bird called martin.

**Embioncêto, s. m.** diminutive of *embion*.

**Embite, s. m.** vying at any game, setting a hazard; also drinking to, and tasting, or assaying.

**Embixâr, v. a.** to anoint, to daub, to grease, to tallow a ship.

**Embizarêrse, v. r.** to boast of courage or bravery.

**Emblandecêr, v. a.** to grow soft and tender.

**Emblanquecêr, v. a.** to make white, to whiten.—*Emblanquecêrse, v. r.* to grow white.

**Emblanquimênto, s. m.** the growing white.

**Emblêna, s. m.** an emblem, an allusive picture.

**Emblemático, adj.** that which is in the way of emblems, emblematic, emblematical.

**Embobamiênto, s. m.** an amazement.

**Embobâr, v. a.** to attract, to draw all the attention of one.—*Embobêrse, v. r.* to be stupified, gazing like a fool.

**Embobecêrse, v. r.** to turn fool.

**Embobecimênto, s. m.** a turning fool.

**Embocadêro, s. m.** the narrow mouth, or passage into any thing, or place; as a mouth leading into a bay, or the like.

**Embocadûra, s. f.** the entering, or going into a narrow passage; also that part of the bridle that is in the mouth of a horse.

**Embocâr, v. a.** to get into the mouth of a passage, as the mouth of a bag, or the like; also to pass through a narrow place.—*Embocâr,* to eat much, and in a hurry.—*Embocâr la cãlle,* to come just into the end of a street.—*Estar en el embocadêro, f. (metaph.)* to be near obtaining our expectations.—*Embocar, (metaph.)* to deceive, to impose.—*Embocâr la bôla,* to lay a bowl into the iron ring at trucks, or into the port at billiards, or the like.—*Embocêrse, v. r.* to be married, to bear the expences of a marriage.

**Embocinâdo, adj.** made like a trumpet.

**Embodârse, v. r.** to marry, and spend a deal of money on that account previous to the celebration.

**Embolâr, v. a.** among gilders, to lay the bole on any thing to be gilt; to put balls on the tip of bull's horns.

**Embolismo, s. m.** a putting a month or a day between, as in leap-years; also a mixture of many things, a confusion.

**Embolo, s. m.** the sucker of a pump, the embolus.

**Embolsâr, v. a.** to put into a purse.

**Embólo, s. m.** a putting of money in a purse.

**Emboltório, s. m.** a bundle, a pack, a fardel.

**Embolvedôr, s. m.** a roller, or wrapper.

**Embolvêr, v. a.** to wrap up, to roll up.—*Embolvêr un nêtro,* to dress a child in swaddling cloaths.—*Embolvêr un hõmbre a ôtro,* to wind a man about one's finger, to have an entire ascendancy over him.

**Embolvimênto, s. m.** a rolling or wrapping.

**Embôn, s. m.** the sheathing of a ship.

**Emboçâr, v. a.** to sheath a ship; to case it with thin boards, and hair and tar laid between the sides, to keep the worms from eating through the planks.

**Embôno, s. m.** among taylors, a piece of cloth that serves to fortify a coat in the shoulders and other parts.

**Embôque, s. m.** the entering into a narrow place, or putting any thing into a narrow entrance.—*Tênêr la bôla en el embôque,* to play the ball at billiards into the port ready to pass; (metaph.) to be upon the point of compassing an affair.

**Emborladôr, s. m.** a tassel-maker.

**Emborlâr, v. a.** to put tassels to any thing.

**Emborañales, s. m. pl.** the skupper-holes in a ship, which are close to the decks, through the ship's sides, through which the water runs out off the decks.

**Emborracâr, v. a.** to lap at



fowl in slices of fat bacon, to roast it.

Emborrachador, s. m. one who makes another drunk.

Emborrachamiento, s. m. a making drunk.

Emborrachar, v. a. to make drunk.—*Emborracharse*, v. r. to get drunk.

Emborrar, v. a. to fill any stuff with flocks, as in stuffing of bed-ticks, or cushions.

Emborrascar, v. a. to make furious, or irritate, stir up.

Emborricar, v. a. to make an ass of one.—*Emborricarse*, v. r. to be embarrassed like an ass, that knows not whether to go forwards or backwards; to stand foolishly, not knowing what to do.

Emborrizar, v. a. to stuff with flocks; from *borra*, flocks.

Emborullarse, v. r. to contest, to reproach, to abuse.

Emboscada, s. f. an ambush.

Emboscár, v. a. to lay an ambush, to get into a wood.—*Emboscarse*, v. r. to get into the wood; also to lay in ambush.

Embotador, s. m. one that makes dull or blunt.

Embotadura, s. f. a making blunt, or dull.

Embotamiento, s. m. dulling or blunting.

Embotar, v. a. to dull, or blunt.

Embotecér, v. a. to blunt, to dull.

Embotijarse, v. r. to swell with anger, to be in a fret, to swell the cheeks with crying, as children do.

Emboxár, v. a. to lay the branches, that the silk-worms may climb and work their pods.

Embozár, v. a. to cover the face even to the eyes; (metaph.) to disguise; to conceal by words or actions, to mislead.—*Hablar con embozo*, f. (metaph.) to speak indirectly; to disguise.—*Quitarse el embozo*, f. (metaph.) to speak openly, justly, candidly.

Embozo, s. m. any thing with which a man muffles up himself.

Embracilado, adj. carried in the arms, as children.

Embravecér, v. a. and n. to

grow or make fierce.—*Embravecerse*, v. a. to be fierce, to be furious.

Embravecimiento, s. m. fierceness, fury.

Embrazadura, s. f. clasping in the arm; also the hold of a shield, or buckler.

Embrazár, v. a. to clasp with the arm, or on the arm.—*Embrazar el escudo*, to fix the buckler to the arm, by running the arm through the rings on the inside of it.

Embroador, s. m. he that tars ships.

Embroadura, s. f. tarring.

Embreár, v. a. to tar.

Embregarse, v. r. (obs.) to run into a quarrel.

Embreñarse, v. r. to hide, to thrust one's self into the briars and rocks.

Embriagar, v. a. to make drunk.—*Embriagarse*, v. r. to get drunk.

Embriago, adj. drunk.

Embriaguez, s. f. drunkenness.

Embridár, v. a. to bridle, to bit, to put the bridle upon a horse.

Embrion, s. m. the embryo, or embryon, the child before it is formed in the womb; any abortive conception of the mind, the state of any thing yet unfinished.

Embrocár, v. a. to pour on; also to slip, to slide, and drive full of small nails, as they do country shoes.

Embroña, s. f. intricate manoeuvre, artful deceit, trick, or management.

Embrellador, s. m. he that entangles and embroils by an unskillful, absurd, or artful management.

Embrollár, v. a. to trouble, to embarrass, to entangle.

Embrutecér, v. n. to grow brutish, beastly.—*Embrutecerse*, v. r. to be brutish, to be beastly.

Embuchár, v. a. to swallow or put into the maw.

Embuciar, v. a. to eat and drink much and voraciously.

Embudár, v. a. to put the funnel, to pour liquor through.

Embúdo, s. m. a tunnel or funnel to pour liquor through; also an imposition, cheat, deceit, fraud.—*Embúdes*, s.

m. pl. (in cant) breeches.

Embuélto, p. p. of *embolar*, wrapped up.

Emburujár, v. a. to mix many things confusedly.

Embuste, s. m. a sly lie, a cheat, an imposition, a falsehood; also a witty saying or action of a young child.—*Embustes*, s. m. pl. any toys or jewels of little value.

Embusterazo, s. m. augmentative of *embustero*.

Embusterillo, s. m. diminutive of *embustero*.

Embustero, s. m. a lying prating person, a cheating fellow.

Embustidor, s. m. a lying prating person.

Embustir, v. a. to cheat, or defraud, to lie, to gossip.

Embutidor, s. m. an inlayer.

Embutimiento, s. m. inlaying, or stuffing.

Embutir, v. a. to stuff, and to inlay wood or stone.

Eme, s. m. a piece of timber, one end whereof is made fast to the end of the rudder, and the other comes into the ship, by which they steer the ship.

Emelga, s. f. the ridge or ground betwixt two furrows; also a sort of fish.

Emelgar, v. a. to lay ploughed land in ridges.

Emendable, adj. emendable, capable of emendation, corrigible.

Emendación, s. f. amendment, correction, emendation.

Emendadaménte, adv. correctly.

Emendador, s. m. one that corrects or amends.

Emendadura, s. f. a correcting, or amending.

Emendar, v. a. to correct, to amend.—*Quien yerra, y se emienda, á Dios se encomienda*, ref. he who does wrong and corrects himself, recommends himself to God.

Emergencia, s. f. emergency, great necessity; also unexpected casualty.

Emergente, adj. pressing hard, necessitous, difficult, emergent.

Emérito, adj. deserving, worth of esteem.

Emersión, s. f. emersion.

Emético, adj. em

tical, having the quality of provoking vomits.

Emienda, s. f. amendment.

Emigración, s. f. emigration, change of country.

Emigrár, v. a. to emigrate, to remove from one place to another.

Eminencia, s. f. an eminence, a high place; also the title given to a cardinal.

Eminenciál, ad. eminent, excellent.

Eminente, adj. eminent, lofty, high placed, remarkable.

Eminentemente, adv. excellently, eminently.

Emissário, s. m. an emissary; also a hole.

Emisión, s. f. emission, letting out.

Emitir, v. a. to emit, to let go, to send forth.

Emmaderado, adj. covered with wood.

Emmaderamiento, s. m. a covering with wood.

Emmaderár, v. a. to cover with wood a wall or any other thing.

Emmagrecer, v. n. to grow lean.

Emmalecer, v. n. to grow sick.

Emmantár, v. a. to cover any thing with a blanket or cloak.

Emmár, v. a. to water the sails of a ship.

Emmarañar, v. a. to embroil, to confuse, to entangle.

Emmararse, v. r. to go far off from the land; a sea-term.

Emmarchitable, adj. that can fade or wither.

Emmaromár, v. a. to fasten with a rope.

Emmascarar, v. a. to put on a mask, to disguise.

Emmelár, v. a. to anoint with honey.

Emmecer, v. a. (obs.) to revive, to make young again.

Emmochiguar, v. a. (obs.) to multiply, to increase the number of.

Emmohecerse, v. r. to be mouldy or rusty.

Emmollecér, v. a. to soften.

Emmudecer, v. a. y. n. to lose the faculty of speaking; also to be silent; also to silence, to still.

Emoción, s. f. trouble, disturbance, emotion.

Emolumento, s. m. profit or gain acquired by labour or study.

Empacarse, v. r. to be sullen.

Empachadamente, adv. bashfully; also difficultly, troublesomely.

Empachado, adj. bashful, ashamed; also hindered, obstructed.

Empachamiento, s. m. bashfulness.

Empachár, v. a. to trouble, to obstruct, to disturb; also to put out of countenance.

Empácho, s. m. bashfulness, shamefacedness; also hindrance, obstruction.—*Empácho de estómigo*, a surfeit.

Empochoso, adj. bashful.

Empadronador, s. m. he that registers people, or takes their names to pay taxes.

Empadronár, v. a. to register, to enter upon the roll to pay taxes.

Empalagamiento, s. m. a cloying with meat.

Empalagar, v. n. to cloy with eating.—*No hay manjar que no empalogue, ni vicio que no enfade*, ref. there is no food that will not cloy, nor vice that will not tire.

Empalágo, s. m. a loathing.

Empalár, v. a. to empale.

Empalada, s. f. the hanging of a church, street, or public place, for some great solemnity.

Empaliár, v. a. to hang a church, street, or public place, for some solemnity.

Empalizada, s. f. the palisades that go round any fortified place.

Empalizár, v. a. to palisade; that is, to plant great wooden stakes.

Empalmadura, s. f. a conjunction, a joining together.

Empalmár, v. a. to join together two things.

Empalomár, v. a. to fasten the sails to the yards.

Empanada, s. f. a pyc, a pasty.—*Hacer una empanada*, s. (metaph.) to conceal, in order to benefit by it.

Empanadilla, s. f. a little pyc.

Empanár, v. a. to put into a pyc.

Empañár, v. a. to cover the face with freckles; to sully

or dull a looking-glass with the breath.

Empantanár, v. a. to make, or put in a bog; to let out water to drown the country.

Empapagayarse, v. r. to grow crooked like the parrot's bill. Said of the nose.

Empapár, v. a. to soak, to steep.

Empapelár, v. a. to paper, to wrap or put up in paper.

Empapujár, v. a. to fill up.

Empáque, s. m. packing of goods for sea.

Empaquetár, v. a. to pack up goods.

Emparamentár, v. a. to hang, or adorn with hangings.

Emparchár, v. a. to plaster, to lay on plasters.

Emparedamiento, s. m. an enclosing or shutting up between two walls.

Emparedár, v. a. to immure, to shut up betwixt walls.

Emparejadura, s. f. leaning against; setting by the side of another.

Emparejár, v. a. to lean against; to set one thing by another; to make them alike.

Empareñar, v. n. to contract kindred.

Emparrado, s. m. an arbour, a wall, or any place covered with vines; from *parra*, a wall-vine.

Empastár, v. a. to make a paste.

Empatar, v. a. to make equal or even.

Empâte, s. m. a detention or suspension of any thing.

Empavesada, s. f. the nettings on the side of a ship or galley, stuffed with beds, or the like, to defend the men against the small shot; also the parapet of a trench.

Empavesar, v. a. to make ready the ship for fight; from *paves*, a shield.

Empecedero, adj. prejudicial, hurtful.

Empecedor, s. m. the person who hurts another.

Empecér, v. a. to let, to hinder, to obstruct; also to hurt.

Empecible, adj. that which may be obstructed, hindered, or hurted.



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Empeciénte, adj. hurtful, pre-judicial, injurious.

Empecimiento, s. m. obstruction, hindrance, hurt, damage.

Empedernecerse, v. r. to petrify, to grow stony, flinty, or hard-hearted.

Empedernirse, v. r. to petrify, to grow stony, or hard-hearted.

Empedradór, s. m. a paviour.

Empedradúra, s. f. a paving.

Empedrár, v. a. to pave.—*Empedrár la escudilla de caldo*, to cram a porringer of broth full of bread.

Empegadúra, s. f. a pitching.

Empegar, v. a. to pitch.

Empéine, s. m. the inferior part of the belly; also the upper part of the foot; also the hoof of a horse; also a tetter or ringworm.

Empenoso, adj. full of tetter.

Empelár, v. a. to begin to be hairy.

Empellár, v. a. to make into lumps, balls, or clods.

Empellejár, v. a. to cover with skin.

Empellér, v. a. to push, to thrust.

Empellicár, v. a. to line, to cover with sheep or lamb-skins.

Empellón, s. m. a push, a thrust, a jostle.

Empelotarse, v. r. to quarrel, to bawl out, to be in confusion.

Empelladaménte, adv. tenaciously, stoutly, valiantly, bravely, courageously.

Empenamiento, s. m. an engagement; also a taking in of pledges.

Empenár, v. a. to engage, to pawn.—*Empenár la palabra*, to engage one's word.—*Empenarse*, v. r. to run in debt; also to engage, or oblige one's self.

Empéño, s. m. a pledging, or pawning.

Empénta, s. f. a prop, a shore, a stay, an holdfast.

Empentár, v. a. to push, to thrust, or jostle.

Empeoramiento, s. m. an impairing, making worse.

Empeorar, v. n. to impair, to make worse; from *peór*, worse.

Empuñecer, v. a. to grow slender or small.

Emperador, s. m. an emperor.

Emperadora, s. f. an em-

peratriz, } press.

Empachár, v. a. to set on a perch.

Emperdigár, v. a. to singe a fowl, or to baste it with burning hot fat, as with burning bacon.

Emperegilarse, v. r. to adorn or paint one's self.

Emperezár, v. n. to grow slothful.

Empericádo, adj. with the head dressed after the fashion.

Empéro, conj. but, nevertheless.

Emperradaménte, adv. doggedly.

Emperrarse, v. r. to grow dogged; from *pérro*, a dog.

Empezár, v. a. to begin.

Emphásis, s. m. an emphasis, or strong accent laid upon words in pronouncing them.

Emphaticaménte, adv. emphatically, strongly, forcibly, in a striking manner.

Emphático, adj. emphatic.

Emphiteosis, s. f. the rent paid for land, a man takes upon condition to improve it.

Emphiteutico, s. m. land so let out upon condition to be improved by the tenant.

Empiadádo, adj. (obs.) compassionate, merciful.

Empicár, v. a. to put a man to death with pikes; in old Spanish, to hang.

Empicotadura, s. f. setting on the pillory.

Empicotár, v. a. to set on the pillory.

Empilár, v. a. to pile, or heap up.

Empinadura, s. f. raising, or lifting up.

Empinár, v. a. to raise, or lift up.—*Empinár el jirro*, to lift up the pot, to see the bottom of it.—*Empinár la campana*, to raise the bell, so that the mouth is upright.

Empino, s. m. elevation, height.

Empiolár, v. a. in falconry, to put on the hawk's legs the short leather straps called *jessas*.

Empiréo, s. m. empirical, the highest heaven.

Empirico, s. m. an empirick, a quack, a mountebank.

Empizarár, v. a. to slate, to cover with slate.

Emplastadura, s. f. a plastering.

Emplastár, v. to plaster, to lay on plasters.

Emplásto, s. m. a plaster.

Emplazadór, s. m. who summons or cites to appear at a certain day.

Emplazamiento, s. m. a summons or warning to appear before the judges, on an appointed day.

Emplazár, v. a. to summon to admonish, to appear, to cite; also to appoint a day.

Empleár, v. a. to employ; also to lay out money.—*Emplearse*, v. r. to employ or busy one's self.

Empléita, s. f. a coarse mat.

Empléo, s. m. a buying of any goods; also the trade or calling of any person; also employment, business, office; (in cant) theft.

Emplomár, v. a. to lead, or cover with lead.

Emplumár, v. a. to feather as birds do; also to adorn with feathers.—*Emplumár el sombrero*, to wear a feather in one's hat.—*Emplumár los varóles*, to put feathers to shafts or arrows.—*Emplumár una alcahueta*, to daub a bawd from the waist upwards with tar, and then roll her in feathers, which makes her look like a monster.

Emplumecer, v. n. to begin to have feathers, to have the feathers come on, as young birds.

Empobrecer, v. a. y. n. to make one poor; also to grow poor.

Empoderár, v. a. to empower, to get the power.

Empodrecer, v. a. to rot.

Empolladura, s. f. } hatch-

Empollamiento, s. m. } ing of eggs.

Empollar, v. a. to sit to hatch chickens, as the hen does.

Empolvár, v. a. to dust, or cast dust on.

Empolvoramiento, s. m. be-dusting.

Empolvorár, v. n. to cast dust on any thing.

Empolvorizar, v. a. to cast dust on any thing.

Emponer, v. a. to teach, to instruct, to put upon.

Emponzoñadór, s. m. a poisoner.

Emponzoñar, v. a. to poison.

Emponzoñoso, adj. full of poison, poisonous.

**Emporéar**, v. a. to daub or dirt.  
**Empório**, s. m. a market-town, a place where any market or fair is kept, or business transacted.

**Empós**, adv. after.

**Empósta**, s. f. that part of a pillar in vaults and arches, on which the weight of the whole building lies.

**Empouar**, v. a. to prop, to shore up.

**Empozar**, v. a. to put or throw into a well.

**Empreñar**, v. a. to get with child.—*Empreñarse*, v. r. to be got with child.—*Empreñarse de palabras*, to be big with words, to believe every thing that is said.—*Empreñarse los arboles*, to bud.

**Emprendedor**, s. m. an undertaker.

**Emprender**, v. a. to undertake, to enterprize.

**Emprensar**, v. a. to press.

**Emprésta**, s. f. a printing-house.

**Emprésa**, s. f. enterprize, undertaking, emblem, device.

**Empresentar**, v. a. vide **Presentar**.

**Emprestár**, v. a. to lend.

**Emprestido**, s. m. the act of lending, or the thing lent.

**Emprestillador**, s. m. who borrows money of every body with a design to cheat.

**Emprimár**, v. a. to prepare, dispose, or set in order; a term used by painters.

**Emprimerár**, v. a. to give the first place.

**Empringár**, v. a. to drop, to baste with bacon.—Prov. *Aún no asámos, y ya empringámos*, we do not yet roast, and are basting already; that is, we are too unseasonably hasty, and would have things before the proper season.

**Emprisionár**, v. a. to imprison.

**Empuchar**, v. a. to dip any thing in lye to clean it.—*Quando la sucia empucha, luego ambla*, ref. slothful, lazy people never find time to do any thing.

**Empues**, prep. after.

**Empujamiento**, s. m. a thrusting or pushing.

**Empujár**, v. a. to thrust, to push.

**Empujón**, s. m. a thrust, or push.

**Empulgadura**, s. f. the bending of a bow.

**Empulgar**, v. a. to bend

**Empulgueras**, s. f. pl. the notches at the ends of a bow in which the string lies.—*Apredarle a uno las empulgueras*, to press a man hard; to put a man on the rack.

**Empuñador**, s. m. the man who grasps any thing in his fist.

**Empuñadura**, s. f. a haft, or handle, the hilt of a sword.

**Empuñar**, v. a. to grasp in the fist.—*Empuñar la espada*, to lay hold of the sword; to draw it.

**Empurpurado**, adj. dressed in purple, decorated with royal vestments.

**Emputecer**, v. n. to turn where.

**Empyréo**, s. m. the empyrean, highest heaven.—*Empyréo*, adj. empyreal.

**Emulación**, s. f. emulation, strife, envy, vying with one another.

**Emulador**, s. m. a rival.

**Emulár**, v. a. to emulate, or to rival.

**Emulo**, adj. rivaling, vying with.—*Emulo*, s. m. competitor, rival, one that vies with another.

**Emulsión**, s. f. an emulsion, a cooling medicine.

**Emunctorios**, s. m. pl. emunctories, those parts of the body where any thing excrementitious is separated and collected.

**En**, prep. in.

**Enaciado**, adj. applied to one who changes his religion or principles of any kind.

**Enagenable**, adj. that may be alienated.

**Enagenador**, s. m. he who alienates.

**Enagenamiento**, s. m. alienating.

**Enagenár**, v. a. to alienate; from *agelo*, another man's.—*Enagenarse*, v. r. to be beside one's self.

**Enaguas**, s. f. pl. petticoats.

**Enaguazar**, v. a. to water.

**Enaguelár**, v. n. to have a brood of grand-children.

**Enaguillas**, s. f. pl. diminutive of *enaguas*.

**Enajenación**, s. f. alienation.

**Enajenár**, v. a. vide **Enagenar**.

**Enalbar**, v. a. to heat iron to such an extremity as to make it look white.

**Enalbardar**, v. a. to put a pannel or pack-saddle on a beast.

**Enalbaldado**, adj. vide **Enalbaldado**.

**Enalunacilado**, adj. bailiff-like.

**Enalienable**, adj. that cannot be alienated.

**Enalmagrado**, s. m. a base fellow.

**Enalmagrar**, v. a. to mark, or colour with red oke.—*Enalmagrar, y echar a estrémo*, to mark and lay aside, as shepherds do their sheep. A saying of rakes and lewd fellows, signifying, to make use of a woman and lay her aside.

**Enamoradamente**, adv. fondly, lovingly.

**Enamoradizo**, s. f. m. easily in love.

**Enamorado**, s. m. he who is in love.—*Hombre enamorado, nunca casa con sobrado*, ref. a man in love never marries a woman with a great fortune.

**Enamorador**, s. m. he who enamours.

**Enamoramiento**, s. m. falling in love.

**Enamorár**, v. a. to make love.—*Enamorarse*, v. r. to fall in love.

**Enamoriscado**, adj. tickled with love.

**Enamoriscarse**, v. r. to have a touch of love.

**Enana**, s. f. a she-dwarf.

**Enanchár**, v. a. vide **Ensanchar**.

**Enano**, s. m. a dwarf.—*Enán*, (in cant) a poignard.

**Enánthe**, s. f. St. Mary's thistle, the white-thorn.

**Enarbolar**, v. a. to set up an end—a pike, colours, the mast of a ship, or any such thing.

**Enarcar**, s. m. one that packs things into a chest, or one that makes arches.

**Enarcár**, v. a. to put into a chest; also to bow, to arch.—*Enarcár las cejas*, to bend the brows.

**Enardecer**, v. to grow hot, to inflame.

**Enarenár**, v. a. to cover with sand.

**Enarmenarse**, v. r. to stand an end, to rear as a horse does.

**Enarración**, s. f. a narration.

**Enartar**, v. a. to squeeze, or press.

**Enaspár**, v. a. to stretch out the arms like a St. Andrew's cross.

**En Ayunas**, adv. fasting.

**En Balde**, adv. in vain, to no purpose.



Enbarnizár, v. a. to varnish.  
 Enbasár, v. a. vide Emvasar.  
 Enbaucár, v. a. vide Embaucar.  
 Enbazar, v. a. vide Embazar.  
 Enbelesár, v. a. vide Envelesar.  
 Enbidár, v. a. vide Enbidar.  
 Enbidia, s. f. vide Embidia.  
 Enbite, s. m. vide Enbite.  
 Enbiudár, v. n. vide Enbiudar.  
 Embolvér, v. a. vide Embolver.  
 Embravecér, v. m. vide Embravecér.  
 Enbutír, v. a. vide Embutir.  
 Encabalgár, v. a. to breed horses.  
 Encabalgánte, s. m. one that rides.  
 Encabelládo, adj. that has much hair.  
 Encabelladúra, s. f. the hair of the head.  
 Encabellár, } v. n. to grow  
 Encalvecér, } hairy.  
 Encabestrar, v. a. to halter a beast.—*Encabestrarse la bestia*, to put its foot over the halter, which puts a horse or mule in danger of hanging itself.  
 Encabezamiento, s. m. enrolling, registering, taxing.  
 Encabezár, v. a. to register, to enroll, to tax.  
 Encabezonomiento, s. m. vide Encabezamiento.  
 Encabezonar, v. a. vide Encabezar.  
 Encabiár, v. a. to place or dispose any thing orderly.  
 Encachár, v. a. to fix any thing in a wall, as iron, &c.  
 Encadenadúra, s. f. } a chain-  
 Encadenamiento, s. m. } ing.  
 Encadenár, v. a. to chain.  
 Encacécér, v. n. (obs.) to be brought to bed of a child.  
 Encajar, v. a. vide Encaxar.  
 Encalabriár, } v. a. to pierce  
 Encalabrinár, } into the brain,  
 as drunkenness.  
 Encaladór, s. m. a plasterer.  
 Encaladúra, s. f. plastering of walls.  
 Encalar, v. a. to plaster the walls or the like.  
 Encalladéro, s. m. the shallow where a ship runs a ground.  
 Encalladúra, s. f. running a-ground.  
 Encallar, v. a. to run a-ground.  
 Encallecér, v. n. to grow hard, or have a hard skin grow.  
 Encallejonádo, adj. blowing hard as if confined between two mountains: said of the wind.  
 Encalletrár, v. a. to know well as by experience, to perceive,

to be cunning or well skilled.  
 Encalmarse, v. r. to tire, to suffocate with heat.  
 Encalvár, } v. n. to grow bald.  
 Encalvecér, }  
 Encamarár, v. a. to lay up corn in a granary.  
 Encamarse, v. r. to put one's self in bed.  
 En Cambio, adv. in exchange.  
 Encambronarse, v. r. to be very stiff or stately, so as not to turn one's head any way.  
 Encaminadúra, s. f. directing, putting into the way.  
 Encaminár, v. a. to direct, to put into the way.—*Encaminarse*, v. r. to take the road to.  
 Encamino, s. m. direction, putting into way.  
 Encamisada, s. f. a camisade.  
 Encamisado, s. m. one that has put on a shirt over his cloaths.  
 Encampanár, v. a. (in cant) to bully, to brave it.—*Encampanarse*, v. r. (in cant) to play the boasting bragging fellow.  
 Encanado, s. m. a duct, a water-duct.  
 Encanalar, v. a. to conduct, or convey by a canal.  
 Encanarse, v. r. to be under a great consternation, to grow or to be stiff, or numb, to be void of motion or strength by surprise.  
 Encanastár, v. a. to put into a basket.  
 Encancerár, v. a. to grow to a cancer.  
 Encandiladéra, s. f. a bawd.  
 Encandiladór, s. m. a cheat, a pimp.  
 Encandiladóra, s. f. a bawd.  
 Encandilár, v. a. to light, to make burn bright; also to dazzle the eyes; to cheat, to impose.  
 Encanecér, v. a. to grow grey-headed.  
 Encañadúra, s. f. the reeds of corn kept to make straw beds, or for other uses.  
 Encañia, v. a. to hem in with canes, or reeds.  
 Encanár, v. a. to convey the water through pipes.  
 Encañonarse, v. r. to be pinfeathered, to have the quills shoot out at moulting time.  
 Encanijarse, v. r. to lessen, to diminish, to extenuate.  
 Encanijamiento, s. m. a diminishing, lessening.  
 Encantación, s. f. enchantment.

Encantádo, adj. enchanted.—*Hombre encantádo*, a man that lives retired from the world, who converses with nobody.—*Casa encantáda*, a house where all the people keep close, and things are kept secret as if they were enchanted.  
 Encantadór, s. f. an inchanter.  
 Encantadóra, s. f. an inchantress, witch, or sorceress.  
 Encantamiento, s. m. inchantment.  
 Encantár, s. m. to inchant, to charm.  
 Encantiarár, v. a. to put any thing in a pitcher or other vessel.  
 Encánte, } s. m. a public sale  
 Encánte, } of goods.  
 En Cantidad, adv. in a great quantity.  
 Encánte, s. m. an inchantment.  
 Encantório, s. m. inchantment.  
 Encantusár, v. a. to cheat with flattering and dissembling words.  
 Encañutár, v. a. to form any thing hollow, like a reed or pipe.  
 Encapacetádo, adj. armed with a helmet.  
 Encapachadúra, s. f. the number or quantity of baskets placed upon one another.  
 Encapachár, v. a. to put on or take upon one a porter's basket.  
 Encapár, v. a. to put on a cloak.  
 Encaperuzádo, adj. that has a cap, hood, or capuchin.  
 Encapillár, v. a. to rig a ship.  
 Encapirotádo, adj. of, or belonging to an hood, or cowl, used to cover the head when it rains.  
 Encapirotár, v. a. to cover with a short cloak.  
 Encapotádo de Gjos, one that has great eyebrows that seem to cover his eyes, one that has a lowering look.  
 Encapotadúra, s. f. a lowering look.  
 Encapotamiento, s. m. a lowering look.  
 Encapotár, v. a. to put on a great loose coat, to lower with the eyes.  
 Encapricharse, v. r. to be capricious, to be obstinate in opinion.  
 Encapuzádo, adj. covered with a capuch, cloak, or hood.  
 Encarádo, adj. opposite, over-

against; face to face.—*Bien encarado*, that has a good countenance.—*Mal encarado*, that has an ill face.

*Encaramadura*, s. f. raising, setting up high, extolling.

*Encaramar*, v. a. to raise, to set up high, to extol.

*Encaramiento*, s. m. vide *Encarna*.

*Encarar*, v. a. to set face to face, to present a gun, to take aim.

*Encaratulado*, adj. masked, disguised.

*Encarcavinar*, v. a. to fill the head with some pestilential smell.

*Encarecido*, adj. armed with a quiver.

*Encarcelar*, v. a. to imprison.—*Maderas encarceladas unas con otras*, timbers jointed or mortised one within another.

*Encarecer*, s. m. one that raises the price of things; that extols and magnifies above measure.

*Encarecer*, v. a. to raise the price, to make dear; also to extol, to magnify.

*Encarecidamente*, adv. earnestly, pressingly.

*Encarecimiento*, s. m. growing dear, raising the price of things; an exaggeration.

*Encargadamente*, adv. greatly, earnestly, eagerly, exceedingly, very much.

*Encargar*, v. a. to give in charge, to recommend.—*Encargarse*, v. r. to undertake.

*Encargo*, s. m. charge, recommendation.

*Encarnarse*, v. r. to be affectionate, to esteem and love greatly.

*Encarnación*, s. f. incarnating, growing to flesh; the incarnation of our Saviour. Among painters, it is giving the picture the flesh colour.

*Encarnadino*, adj. of the carnation colour, reddish.

*Encarnadura*, s. f. the growing in flesh.

*Encarnar*, v. n. to become flesh, to incarnate; (metaph.) to make a great impression on the mind.—*Encarnar la herida*, to grow up, and fill with new flesh as it heals.—*Encarnar*, to stick in the flesh.

*Encarnecer*, v. a. to grow or increase in flesh.

*Encarnizamiento*, s. m. fleshing,

bloodiness, cruelty, outrageousness.

*Encarnizar*, v. a. to flesh, to make bloody, cruel, or outrageous.—*Encarnizarse*, v. r. to grow cruel or numerous.

*Encaro*, s. m. a looking upon attentively, or earnestly; also aiming a gun.

*Encarrancarse*, v. r. to prick or stick one's self upon thorns, or other points.

*Encarrillar*, v. a. to direct, to conduct any carriage in the proper track.—*Encarrilar*, (a sea-term) to cloak; when a running rope sticks in the block, either because it slipped between the cheeks and the shiver, or upon any other occasion, they say the rope is choked.

*Encarnonar*, v. a. to infect or corrupt with putrefaction.

*Encarnujarse*, v. a. to twine or wind about.

*Encartación*, s. f. outlawing, proscription, posting.

*Encartamiento*, s. f. proscription, outlawry.

*Encartar*, v. a. to proclaim an outlaw, to post.

*Encasamientos*, s. m. pl. square hollows left in the walls, in the shape of windows, either to ease the wall of weight, or for uniformity to answer windows.

*Encasar*, v. a. to set a bone that has been dislocated.

*Encasabelado*, adj. adorned with little bells.

*Encasquetar*, v. a. to fix, to settle, to make fast; also to fasten the hat on the head; (metaph.) to persuade, to make one believe any thing; to fix any thing in the mind.

*Encasquetarse*, v. r. to be obstinate, perverse, petulant.

*Encastillado*, adj. made strong; got into a castle.

*Encastillarse*, v. r. to make one's self strong, to get into a castle; also to be obstinate.

*Encativar*, v. a. (obs.) to make a captive of.

*Encavalgamiento*, de artillería, a carriage for a great gun.

*Encavalgar*, v. a. to mount cannon on the carriages, to fix small arms on the stock.

*Encavar*, v. a. to dig, to hollow.

*Encaxador*, s. m. he who puts any thing in a box; he who

inserts any proverbs in his discourse.

*Encaxadura*, s. f. putting into a box; also fixing, thrusting in; persuading.

*Encaxar*, v. a. to put in a box; to fix in, to thrust in.—*Encaxarse ese gobierno, y veran maracillas*, let them thrust me into that government, and they shall see wonderful things.—*Encaxe amigo*, shake hands, friend.—*Encaxarse en la cabeza una cosa*, to have any opinion fixed into the head.—*Encaxarse*, v. r. to meddle in any thing that does not concern one.—*Encaxado en la cabeza*, he was fully persuaded, he was positive in it.

*Encaxe*, s. m. putting into a box; also fixing in, thrusting in; persuading.—*Encaxe*, a narrow lace to put between the seams of fine linen; also any sort of laces.—*Ley del encaxe*, arbitrary law, law without precedent.

*Encaxonar*, v. a. to inclose, to keep in a box.

*Encabadamiento*, s. m. an infirmity contracted by a horse or mule that drinks too much after having eaten too much.

*Encabadarse*, v. r. to grow sick, as the horse does by eating too great a quantity of oats, and drinking water presently after.

*Encollar*, v. a. to hide, to abscond.

*Encolla*, s. f. a basket to make cheese in.

*Encollar*, v. a. to make cheese in a basket made of reeds.

*Encanagamiento*, s. m. dirt, mire, sticking in the mire; inclination to vice.

*Encanagarse*, v. a. to dirt, to mire, to stick in the mire; to be vicious.

*Encanecerrar*, v. a. to hang a bell to a cow or a sheep about the neck.

*Encender*, v. a. to kindle, to set on fire; (metaph.) to inflame, to foment disturbance.—*Encender velas*, to light candles.—*Encender fuego entre unos y otros*, to sow dissension.—*Encenderse en colera*, to burn with choler or anger.

*Encendidamente*, adv. hotly, fiercely, courageously.

*Encendidillo*, adj. somewhat hot or ardent; reddening a little through passion or shame.



**Encendimiento**, s. m. kindling, set on fire.

**Encenizar**, v. a. to cover with ashes.

**Encensar**, v. a. to perfume with the smoke of frankincense.

**Encensaría**, s. m. a censor, a thurible.

**Encensuar**, v. a. to give or receive a sum of money at interest.

**Encentadura**, s. f. assaying, tasting, broaching.

**Encentar**, v. a. to assay, to taste, to broach, to begin to eat or drink of a thing.

**Encetar**, v. n. to take root.

**Encetar**, v. a. to set a man in the stocks.

**Encerado**, s. m. a scar-cloth, or an oil-cloth, a window-sash; at sea, a tarpaulin, that is, a piece of canvas all tarred over to lay upon a deck or grating, to keep the rain from soaking through.

**Encerar**, v. a. to wax any thing; in the sea language, to splice, that is, to make fast the ends of ropes one into another.

**Encerotar**, v. a. to wax a thread as the shoe-makers do.

**Encerradero**, s. m. vide **Encerramiento**.

**Encerrador**, s. m. who shuts or locks up any thing.—*Muger encerrada*, a retired woman.

**Encerradura**, a shutting or locking up; also retirement.

**Encerramiento**, s. m. a shutting or locking up; also retiredness.

**Encerrar**, v. a. to shut or lock up; (metaph.) to include, to be contained in.—*Encerrar la cosícha*, to carry in the harvest.—*Encerrar los toros*, to put the bulls into the place made to keep them up for the bull-feast.

**Encerrón**, s. m. retirement, place voluntarily chosen to be retired from the world.

**Encespar**, v. a. to cover with sods or turfs.

**Encetar**, v. a. to put into a basket; to deceive with fair words.

**Encha**, s. f. (obs.) a reparation of damages, restitution.

**Enchancetar**, v. a. to slip on shoes without pulling up the heels.

**Encharcadura**, s. f. } stop-

**Encharcamiento**, s. m. } ping-

of water that it lies in puddles.

**Encharcar**, v. a. to stop water till it lies in puddles, to make the ground full of puddles.

**Enchicar**, v. a. (obs.) to make small.

**Enchir**, v. a. vide **Hinchir**.

**Encias**, s. f. pl. the gums.

**Enciensar**, v. a. vide **Encensar**.

**Enciensario**, s. m. vide **Encensario**.

**Encienso**, s. m. frankincense.

**Enciente**, adv. (obs.) before.

**Encierne**, adv. just ready to ripen.

**Encierro**, s. m. a shutting or locking up.

**Encima**, adv. besides.—*Encima*, adv. upon, on the top.

**Encimar**, v. a. to set on the top, to raise up, to exalt.

**Encina**, s. f. the holm oak.

**Encinal**, s. m. a grove, or

**Encinar**, } wood of oaks.

**Encintar**, v. a. to adorn any thing with ribbands.

**Enclaustrado**, adj. shut up in a convent or monastery.

**Enclavación**, s. f. a nailing.

**Enclavadura**, s. f. nailing.

**Enclavar**, v. a. to nail, to cheat.

**Enclavijar**, v. a. to pin or fasten with wood or iron pins, or to stick pins into a thing, as a musical instrument.—

*Enclavijar los dedos*, to clinch or fasten the fingers one within another.

**Enclénque**, adj. bed-ridden, so sick that one cannot stir out of bed.

**Enclabador**, s. m. (obs.) one that covers, hides, or conceals.

**Enclóarse**, v. r. to cluck as a hen does before she sets, to grow broody.

**Encluecar**, v. n. to grow broody, as a hen does.

**Encobertado**, adj. covered with a carpet, wrapped up in a cover.

**Encobijar**, v. a. to cover, to shelter.

**Encobrir**, v. a. vide **Encubrir**.

**Encoger**, v. a. to shrink, to draw together, to withdraw;

to gather.—*Encogerse*, to shrink one's self up; to be bashful, or modest.

**Encogidamente**, adv. meanly, poorly, pitifully, lowly, humbly.

**Encogido**, adj. bashful, modest.

**Encogimiento**, s. m. shrinking, drawing together, withdrawing; bashfulness.

**Encobetado**, adj. full of squibs.

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**Encojar**, v. a. (obs.) to lame.

**Encoladura**, s. f. a glewing.

**Encolar**, v. a. to glew.

**Encolerizar**, v. a. to put in a passion, to anger.

**Encolmar**, v. a. to heap above measure.

**Encolunár**, v. a. to place or adorn a place with pillars or columns.

**Encomenzar**, v. a. to begin.

**Encomendador**, s. m. vide **Comendador**.—*Lo mas encomendado*, se lleva el gato, ref. the cat takes away the most precious thing.

**Encomendar**, v. a. to recommend.—*Encomendarse*, v. r. to recommend one's self; to send compliments.

**Encomendéro**, s. m. a factor, one who is intrusted or has commission in the way of trade.

**Encomenzar**, v. a. to begin.

**Encomiástico**, adj. encomias-tick, panegyrical.

**Encomienda**, s. f. a recommendation, a thing recommended; a spiritual living, especially such as are bestowed on knights in *commendam*;

it is also taken for the cross or badge of knighthood worn by knights.

**Encomio**, s. m. encomium, commendation.

**Encomamiento**, s. m. festering, rankling.

**Enconar**, v. n. to fester, to rankle, as a sore does; to grow very difficult or troublesome.

**Encono**, s. m. angry, offensive, of words or actions.

**Enconso**, adj. that can occasion damage to any part of the body; also hurtful, harmful, noxious.

**Encontado**, s. m. the jutting out stone on which any thing rests; stones that stick out orderly in a wall.

**Encontar**, v. a. to prop, to shore, to buttress.

**Encontinente**, adv. (obs.) immediately, presently.

**Encontra**, adv. contrary to our desire or expectation, or to what was said or done.

**Encontradamente**, adv. contrary, in opposition.

**Encontrario**, adj. contrary, opposite.

**Encontrar**, v. a. to meet.—

*Encontrarse con las lanzas*, to

tilt with lances.—*Encontrarse en los pensamientos u opiniones*, to differ in opinion.—*Encontrarse en los pensamientos*, f. to be of the same opinion; to conceive the same ideas, without having a previous communication.—*Encontrarse en palabras*, to come to hard words, to thwart one another.—*Encontrarse en la calle*, to meet in the street.

*Encontrón*, s. m. a jostling.

*Encorajado*, adj. angry, passionate.

*Encorar*, v. a. to cover with skin or with leather.

*Encorchar*, v. a. to put the bees in the hive.

*Encordar*, v. a. to string a musical instrument or the like.

—*Feine encordado, cabello encordado*, ref. with proper means one may obtain any thing.

*Encordelar*, v. a. to cord a bed or the like.

*Encórdio*, s. m. a swelling on the groin, a *bubo*.

*Encordonar*, v. a. to tie, to fasten, to adorn with silk twists or braids.

*Encorecer*, v. a. vide *Encorar*.

*Encornar*, v. a. to tip with horn.

*Encornijamento*, s. m. the run of a cornice along any edifice, or part of an edifice.

*Encornudar*, v. a. to have the horns sprout out or begin to grow.

*Encorozar*, v. a. to put a paper cap like a mitre on an offender's head, when exposed in the streets, proclaiming his crime.

*Encorporar*, v. a. to incorporate, to make a member of a community; or to mix things so together, that they cannot be distinguished.—*Encorporarse en la cama*, to sit up in the bed.

*Encorral*, adv. (in cant) laid aside, cast by into a corner.

*Encorrer*, v. n. to incur.

*Encortamiento*, s. m. (obs.) the act of shortening or curtailing.

*Encortinar*, v. a. to hang curtains about a bed, to hang a room.

*Encorvada*, s. f. the herb axwort.—*Hacer la encorvada*, f. (metaph.) to feign sick, in order to excuse one's self.—*Encorvada*, s. f. an ancient sort of dance.

*Encorvadura*, s. f. bowing, bending.

*Encorvamiento*, s. m. bowing, bending.

*Encorvar*, v. a. to bow, to bend.

*Encosadura*, s. f. the edge or hemming made of different stuffs.

*Encostración*, s. f. in architecture, the inward shell or crust, or inside ornament in a structure, whether it be of fine stone, wainscot, or plaister.

*Encostradura*, s. f. the hardness that sometimes grows over a sore.

*Encostrar*, v. a. to grow over with a crust, as the hardness over a sore.

*Encovar*, v. n. to shut up in a cellar, cave, or den; from *cueva* a cellar.

*Encoxarse*, v. r. to grow lame, by any hurt.

*Encrespadillo*, adj. sourish, somewhat peevish, of a nature somewhat tending toasperity.

*Encrespador*, s. m. a curling iron.

*Encrespadura*, s. f. a curling of hair.

*Encrespamiento*, s. m. curling of hairs.

*Encrespár*, v. a. to curl.

*Encrespo*, s. f. a curling of hair.

*Encrestár*, v. a. to have a crest grow, or make a crest.

*Encrisnejado*, adj. clotted together like hair; also the mane of a stone-horse standing up like a feather; also wattled or wove like hurdles.

*Encrujizada*, s. f. a cross-way.

*Encrudecer*, v. a. to grow raw; to grow cruel; to rankle as a wound.

*Encruelecer*, v. a. to grow cruel.

*Encubar*, v. a. to put into a barrel, cask, or vat.

*Encubertár*, v. a. to hang rooms to cover with cloth, or the like; also to cover horses with black cloth or bays for mourning, or to put on them rich trappings.

*Encubiertamente*, adv. secretly; also perfidiously.

*Encubierto*, p. p. of *encubrir*.

*Encubredizo*, adj. that may be concealed or kept secret.

*Encubridór*, s. m. one that conceals or hides.

*Encubridora*, s. f. a bawd.

*Encubrimiento*, s. m. a concealing or hiding.

*Encubrir*, v. a. to conceal, to hide, to keep secret.

*Encueár*, v. a. (a cant word) to drink.—*Encueár*, v. a. to gather and keep chesnuts, nuts, &c.

*Encuentro*, s. m. encounter, meeting with the lances as horsemen do; also opposition, difficulty, contradiction.—*Salir al encuentro*, to go and look for the enemy, to fight him.

*Enculpar*, v. a. to blame.

*Encumbrado*, adj. high, lofty; also extolled, lifted up.

*Encumbradura*, s. f. } rising,

*Encumbramiento*, s. m. } ascent, steepness of any way to carry off the water, or for any other purpose.

*Encumbrár*, v. a. to lift or raise high; also to extol; from *cumbre*, the top.

*Encunado*, adj. full and covered.

*Encuñar*, v. a. vide *Acuñar*.

*Encurtir*, v. a. to pickle or season cucumbers.

*Encyclopedia*, s. f. universal learning.

*Ende*, adv. (obs.) there, thence.

*Endéble*, adj. weak, feeble.

*Endeágono*, s. m. a figure of eleven angles.

*Endecasílabo*, adj. of eleven syllables.

*Endecha*, s. f. dirge, mournful ditty, sung over the dead bodies.

*Endechadera*, s. f. a woman hired to mourn at a funeral.

*Endechár*, v. a. to mourn at funerals.

*Endechera*, s. f. women hired to mourn at funerals.

*Endedura*, s. f. vide *Hendedura*.

*Endelgadecer*, v. n. to grow thin or lean.

*En Demasia*, adv. in excess.

*Endemoniado*, s. m. one possessed with the devil.

*Endemoniar*, v. to possess with the devil; also to put a man in great passion and fury.

*Endentar*, v. a. to fasten one thing with another; a sea-term.

*Endentecer*, v. n. to cut the teeth, to have the teeth grow, as in children.—Prov. *Quién presto endientece, presto hermanece*, the child that cuts his teeth early, has soon a brother or sister; because when the child has teeth and hurts the mother's breast, she weans.



him, and then is apt soon to be with child.  
**Enderezadamente**, adv. justly, rightly, equally.  
**Enderezadéra**, s. f. a straight way.  
**Enderezador**, s. m. who guides or directs in the straight away.  
**Enderezamiénto**, s. m. a straight path or way.  
**Enderezár**, v. a. to make straight.—**Enderezár**, v. a. to compound, to put in order; also to direct.—**Enderezarse**, v. r. to compose, to put one's self in order.  
**Enderezôte**, I set you right; an expression used by chess or draughts players, when they touch a man they do not design to play.  
**Endeudarse**, v. r. to contract debts.  
**Endiablada**, s. f. a cheerful kind of masquerade, in which people disguise themselves like devils.  
**Endiablár**, v. a. to put out of patience; to provoke; to corrupt, to pervert.  
**Endibia**, s. f. endive, succory; an herb.  
**Endico**, s. f. vide **Añil**.  
**Endilgador**, s. m. a pimp.  
**Endilgar**, v. a. to direct, to set right in the way; also to direct, to guide, to make easy, to persuade.  
**Endiosamiénto**, s. m. pride, haughtiness.  
**Endiosár**, v. a. to deify, to exalt to divine honours.—**Endiosarse**, v. r. to grow vain and haughty.  
**Endivia**, s. f. vide **Endibia**.  
**Endolencia**, s. f. (obs.) sickness, anguish, trouble.  
**Endonar**, v. a. (obs.) to give, to bestow.  
**Endosár**, v. a. to write a character in favour of another; to endorse one man's note over to another.  
**Endoso**, s. m. an endorsement of a note; also a character.  
**Endriago**, s. m. a word used only in romances, signifying a strange monster.  
**Endrina**, s. f. a damson.—**Año de muchas endrinas**, poca hacienda, ref. good weather for the damson, is bad for the corn.—**Ser negro como la endrina**, f. to be as black as the damson.  
**Endrino**, s. m. a damson-tree.

**En Duda**, adv. in doubt, doubtfully.  
**Endulzadura**, s. f. sweetening.  
**Endulzár**, v. a. to sweeten.—**Endulzár la pintura**, to sweeten a piece of painting, to take down the harshness of it that appears to the eye.  
**Endulgencia**, s. f. (obs.) vide **Indulgencia**.  
**Endurar**, v. a. to grow hard; to be loath to do a thing; (metaph.) to suffer, to bear; also to delay, to defer.  
**Endurar**, v. a. to live with economy, frugality, and laudable parsimony.—**Quien endura, caballero va en buena mula**, ref. who does not spend money uselessly will ride a good mule.  
**Endurecer**, v. a. to grow hard.  
**Endurecimiento**, s. m. growing hard.  
**Enea**, s. f. a sort of flag, of which they make mats.  
**Enéctono**, s. m. a figure in geometry consisting of nine angles.  
**Enéctico**, adj. belonging to the number nine.  
**Enebrál**, s. m. the place where juniper-trees grow.  
**Enebro**, s. m. the juniper-tree.  
**Enechado**, s. m. (obs.) a foundling; a child laid out.  
**Enechár**, v. a. to lay a child to be taken up; also to cleanse wheat.  
**En Efecto**, adv. in effect, in conclusion, in short.  
**Enédo**, s. m. the herb dill.  
**Enemiga**, s. f. sometimes is taken for enmity, sometimes for a female enemy, and in poetry used for an unkind mistress.  
**Enemigable**, adj. hateful.  
**Enemigadéro**, adj. (obs.) inimical, hostile.  
**Enemigamente**, adv. like an enemy, hatefully.  
**Enemigar**, v. n. to make or become enemies.  
**Enemigo**, s. m. an enemy  
 Prov. *Al enemigo que huye, puente de plata*, make a silver bridge for your enemy; that is, hinder not his flight, lest despair make him turn the more furious upon you.—Prov. *De los enemigos, los menos*, of enemies the fewer the better; we must make as few enemies as we can.—Prov. *Quien es tu enemigo? el hombre de tu oficio*, who is your enemy? the man who is of your trade; that is,

two of a trade can never agree.—**Enemigo**, adj. contrary opposed, adverse.—**Amigo reconciliado**, **enemigo doblado**, ref. a reconciled friend is a double enemy.  
**Enemistad**, s. f. enmity.  
**Enemistanza**, s. f. enmity.  
**Enemistar**, v. a. to grow an enemy.—**Enemistarse**, v. r. to be at enmity with another.  
**Energía**, s. f. energy, strength of expression; also force, vigour.  
**Energicamente**, adv. with force and energy, efficaciously.  
**Energumeno**, s. m. possessed by the devil.  
**Enrizamiénto**, s. m. bristling, the hair standing up an end.  
**Enrizár**, v. n. to, bristle, to stand up an end as in a fright.  
**Enéro**, s. m. January, the first month of the year.—**El pollo de enero**, á San Juan es comedero, ref. chickens hatched in January, are not good to eat till St. John's day; that is, people of a weak and feeble constitution do not mend until it is good and settled weather.  
**Enervár**, v. a. to enervate, to weaken.  
**Enexár**, v. a. to put the axle-tree to a cart, waggon, or the like.  
**Enfadár**, v. a. to put out of humour, to tire, to disgust, to offend.  
**Enfado**, s. m. uneasiness, disquiet, disturbance.  
**Enfadosamente**, adv. uneasily.  
**Enfadoso**, adj. troublesome, tiresome, disgusting, uneasy.  
**Enfaldarse**, v. r. to tuck, or truss up the coat.  
**Enfaldo**, s. m. the folding up of any garment.  
**Enfardelar**, v. a. to fardle, to make up into a bundle, or fardle.  
**Enfastiár**, } v. a. (obs.) vide  
**Enfastidiár**, } **Enfadar**.  
**Enfeár**, v. n. to be ugly, or deformed.  
**Enfermar**, v. n. to grow sick.  
**Enfermedad**, s. f. sickness.  
**Enfermería**, s. f. an apartment for the sick, an infirmary—**Estar en la enfermería**, f. (metaph. and fam.) to be in the infirmary; that is, when any thing is broken and sent to be repaired.  
**Enfermero**, s. m. he that has charge of the sick.

Enfermizo, adj. sickly.  
 Enfermo, adj. sick; also weak, feeble; also unhealthy.  
 Enferozár, v. a. to make fierce or cruel.  
 Enfervorizar, v. a. to stir up, raise, or excite.  
 Enfeudación, s. f. the laying on a fee, as on a fee-farm or copyhold; infeudation.  
 Enfiar, v. a. to trust.  
 Enfiladas, s. f. pl. (in heraldry,) hollow things, hollow parts.  
 Enfilár, v. a. to stand in a line, to keep up the files.  
 Enfin, adv. in fine, in short.  
 Infinta, s. f. fiction, deceit, counterfeit.  
 Infintoso, adj. deceitful, crafty, cunning, subtle.  
 Infistolarse, v. r. to be afflicted with a fistula.  
 Enfuciarse, v. r. to confide, or trust in any one.  
 Enflaquecer, v. n. to grow lean, to grow weak.  
 Enflautador, s. m. a deceitful, cheating fellow; a pimp, a pander.  
 Enflautador, s. m. one who entices or allures to vice; a pimp.  
 Enflautár, v. a. to entice, to allure to wickedness.  
 Enforecer, v. a. to deck with flowers, to adorn with flowers.  
 Enforcar, v. a. (obs.) to hang.  
 Enforrar, v. a. vide Aforrar.  
 Enforradura, s. f. the lining of any thing.  
 Enforrar, v. a. to line a garment with or without furs.  
 Enforro, s. m. (obs.) lining put to garments.  
 Enfortalecer, v. a. to fortify.  
 Enfoscarse, v. r. to trouble, to raise into a passion, to look perplexed or angry.  
 Enfotarse, v. r. (obs.) to trust, to put one's trust in, to confide, to rely.  
 Enfrascarse, v. r. to stick fast or be entangled, also to apply one's self.  
 Enfrenador, s. m. one who bridges or curbs.  
 Enfrenamiento, s. m. a bridling or curbing.  
 Enfrenar, v. a. to bridge, to curb; also to contain, to restrain, to repress, to keep down.  
 En frente, adv. over-against.  
 Enfría, s. f. a vessel to  
 Enfriador, s. m. } cool drink in

Rafriamiento, s. m. a cooling or remissness of heat.  
 Enfriar, v. a. to cool.—*Enfriarse*, v. r. to slacken, to grow cold in any business.  
 Enfrosarse, v. r. vide Enfrascarse.  
 Enfundadura, s. f. putting into a case.  
 Enfundar, v. a. to put into a case.  
 Enfurecer, v. a. to enrage, to make mad, to make furious.  
 Enfuriarse, v. r. to grow furious, to be enraged.  
 Enfurtir, v. a. to thicken cloth at the fulling-mills.  
 Enfurnarse, v. r. to be exasperated, or incensed. Vulgar.  
 Engabado, adj. covered with a great loose coat.  
 Engabiár, v. n. to go up, to ascend.  
 Engace, s. m. connection, coherence, joining together.  
 Engafar, v. a. to fix or make fast with an hook or anchor.  
 Engacecer, v. n. to grow leprous.  
 Engaitador, s. m. deceiver, impostor, cheat.  
 Engaitar, v. a. to cheat, to deceive, to delude by promises.  
 Engalanar, v. a. to adorn, to set off, to make fine or gay.  
 Engellado, adj. erect, straight, standing up.  
 Enganchador, s. m. the person who entices or wheedles another to enlist for a soldier.  
 Enganchamiento, s. m. decoying of people to enlist themselves.  
 Enganchár, v. a. to catch by a hook; to decoy people to enlist themselves for soldiers.  
 Engañadico, adj. easy to deceive, or to be deceived.  
 Engañador, s. m. deceiver, cheat.  
 Engañar, v. a. to deceive, to cheat, to cozen.—*Prov. El trámposo preso engaña al codicioso*, the sharper soon cheats the covetous man.—*So la buena razon, comienza el engañador*, ref. the deceiver always cheats under an apparent reason.—*Engañarse*, v. r. to err, to mistake.  
 Engañifa, s. f. deceit, deceitful promise.  
 Engaño, s. m. deceit, fraud.  
 Engaño-amente, adv. deceitfully, fraudulently.  
 Engañoso, adj. deceitful, fraudulent.

Engarabatar, v. a. to take with a hook.  
 Engarbar, v. a. to perch on the tops of the highest trees.  
 Engarbullar, v. a. to intangle, to confound, to work in a hurry.  
 Engargantar, v. a. to introduce any thing into, or by the throat; to run the foot up to the instep into the stirrup.  
 Engaritar, v. a. to deceive with art.  
 Engarrafar, v. a. to grapple, to catch with a hook or with the claws.  
 Engazar, v. a. vide Engazar.  
 Engustar, v. a. to set, as a stone in a ring, or the like.  
 Engaste, s. m. the setting of stones in rings, or the like.  
 Engastonar, v. a. vide Engastar.  
 Engatar, v. a. to insnare, or to catch as a cat does a mouse.  
 Engatusar, v. a. to cheat in a bantering way, without a design of injuring. Vulgar.  
 Engavillar, v. a. to bind up like faggots or brush-wood.  
 Engazador, s. m. f. the person who strings beads in a wire.  
 Engazar, v. a. to string beads in a wire, linking every bead to the next.  
 Engendrar, adj. that can be engendered, or begotten.  
 Engendrador, s. m. he that begets, or engenders.  
 Engendrar, v. a. to beget, to engender, to procreate; also to produce, to form; also to excite, to cause.  
 Engendro, s. m. an embryo.  
 Engeniero, s. m. an engineer, a person skilled in the art of fortification; one that makes any sorts of strange engines.  
 Engeniar, v. n. to contrive, to meditate, to invent.  
 Engênio, } s. m. vide Ingenio.  
 Engênio, }  
 Engenioso, adj. vide Ingenioso.  
 Engerir, v. a. to graft.  
 Engibacaire, s. m. (in cant) a procurer, a pimp.  
 Engibador, s. m. (in cant) ruffian, bully, pimp.  
 Engibar, v. a. (in cant) to keep, to receive.  
 Engie, s. m. a fish like a lamprey.  
 Englandado, adj. loaded with acorns.  
 Engolfar, v. n. to launch out into the deep, to get far out to sea; to plunge into any business.



- Engollido**, adj. dressed in a ruff.
- Engolletado**, adj. proud, elate, haughty.
- Engolondrinarse**, v. r. to intrude without any manners.
- Engolosinar**, v. a. to allure, to entice, to awake desire.—*Engolosinarse*, v. r. to be covetous or greedy of a thing one has tasted, to desire it.
- Engomadéro**, adj. that may be starched or gummed.
- Engomadór**, s. m. a man that gums or starches.
- Engomadura**, s. f. the act of starching or gumming.
- Engomar**, v. a. to gum, to starch.
- Engorar**, v. a. to addle, to make addle.
- Engordador**, s. m. he that minds nothing but good eating.
- Engordar**, v. a. to fatten, to make fat; to grow rich.—*Engordar*, v. n. to grow fat.—*Quien viejo engorda, dos mocedades goza*, ref. he who grows fat in old age, is young twice; or a fat old man conceals his age.
- Engordecer**, v. n. to grow fat.
- Engorgonado**, adj. run into a dangerous gulph of the sea.
- Engorra**, s. f. obstruction, hindrance, perplexity, trouble.
- Engorrar**, v. a. (obs.) to obstruct, to hinder, to trouble, to perplex.
- Engorro**, s. m. trouble, obstruction, hindrance.
- Engorroso**, adj. troublesome, perplexing, obstructing, hindering.
- Engoznar**, v. a. to hinge; to put on hinges.
- Engraciar**, v. a. to be pleasant, or agreeable.
- Engrandecedor**, s. m. a magnifier, one that makes great or aggrandizes.
- Engrandecer**, v. a. to magnify, to aggrandize, to make great, to extol.
- Engrandecimiento**, s. m. magnifying, aggrandizing, making great, extolling.
- Engrassar**, v. a. to grease.
- Engrevar**, v. a. to affect gravity.
- Engreído**, da, p. p. from *Engreír*.—*Engreído como gallo de corrió*, ref. vain and proud like a cock; that is, a proud and vain person is unworthy of society.
- Engreimiento**, s. m. vanity, pride, haughtiness.
- Engreír**, v. a. to encourage.—*Engreírse*, v. r. to grow vain; also to dress one's self.
- Engrifiarse**, v. r. to swell.
- Engrossar**, v. n. to grow fat.
- Engrudador**, s. m. starcher, one who pastes or thickens with starch.
- Engrudamiento**, s. m. a pasting or sticking any thing with paste, or starch.
- Engrudar**, v. a. to paste, to starch.
- Engrudo**, s. m. starch, paste made of flour and water to stick things together.
- Engrudoso**, adj. daubed with paste or starch.
- Engrumece, v. a. to clot together, to cling, or harden together, to congeal like blood, or the like.**
- Engualdrapá**, v. a. to put a cloth over a horse, to caparison.
- Enguantado**, adj. with gloves on.
- Enguedexar**, v. a. to put on locks, or to dress the hair.
- Enguichado**, adj. an epithet given in heraldry to trumpets and hunting horns.
- Enguijarrar**, v. a. to pave the streets with pebbles.
- Anguila**, s. f. vide *Anguila*.
- Enguinaldár**, v. a. to adorn with crowns of flowers.
- Enguizgar**, v. a. to stir up, to excite, to egg on; also to persuade earnestly to do any thing.
- Engullidór**, s. m. one that swallows without chewing, a cormorant, a devouring fellow.
- Engullir**, v. a. to swallow without chewing, to devour.
- Engurria**, s. f. (obs.) a wrinkle; a fold; a plait.
- Engurriado**, adj. (obs.) wrinkled, folded, plaited.
- Engurriamiento**, s. m. (obs.) wrinkling, plaiting, folding.
- Engúrrio**, s. m. (obs.) the wrinkling.
- Enguruñarse**, v. r. to be melancholy, sad.
- Enhadár**, v. a. vide *Enfadar*.
- Enhambrecer**, v. n. to be hungry.
- Enhambrentamiento**, s. m. hungering, or making hungry.
- Enhambrentar**, v. a. to make hungry.
- Enharinar**, v. a. to sprinkle with flour or meal.
- Enbastar**, v. a. to put the spear or iron point to a lance, pike, or other weapon.
- Enhastiar**, v. a. to cloy, or have a loathing to meat.
- Enhástio**, s. m. a loathing.
- Enhastioso**, adj. loathing.
- Enhebrár**, v. a. to thread, as silk, or thread in a needle.
- Enhechizadór**, s. m. a wizard, conjuror, inchanter.
- Enhechizar**, v. a. to bewitch.
- Enhenar**, v. a. to cover, or pack up with hay.
- Enherbolár**, v. a. to poison any thing with herbs.
- Enhestamiento**, s. m. rearing up, setting up an end.
- Enhestar**, v. a. to rear up, to set up an end.
- Enhetadura**, s. f. } intang-  
**Enhetramiento**, s. m. } ling, perplexing.
- Enhetrar**, v. a. to intangle, as silk or hair does; to perplex, to confound, to disorder.
- Enhielár**, v. a. to mix with gall.
- Enhiestadór**, s. m. one that rears, sets, or carries a thing upright.
- Enhiesto**, adj. reared up, set, or standing upright.—*No haber, ó quedar lanza enhiesta*, f. to conquer an enemy, so as not to leave him power to hurt you.
- Enhilar**, v. a. to thread as a needle; (metaph.) to speak nothing to the purpose; or without reflection or consideration.
- Enhocar**, v. a. to make hollow.
- Enhondar**, v. a. to deepen.
- Enhorcado**, s. m. a wag, an arch fellow; also a rope of onions or garlic.
- Enhorabuena**, s. f. congratulation.
- Enhoramala**, adv. in an ill hour, unseasonably, with bad success.
- Enhorcar**, v. a. to hang.
- Enhornar**, v. a. to put upon the last, as shoes to be stretched.
- Enhornadura**, s. f. putting into the oven.
- Enhornar**, v. a. to set into the oven.
- Enhuerar**, v. a. to make eggs addle.
- Enigma**, s. m. a riddle, an obscure question.
- Enigmático**, adj. enigmatical, in the nature of a riddle, obscure, darkly, or ambiguously expressed.

**Enigmatista, s. m.** one who deals in obscure and ambiguous expressions, conceits, or matters.

**Enveladura, s. f.** drawing by rule or line.

**Envelar, v. a.** to draw by rule or line.

**Enjazar, v. a.** to trap, to furnish a horse.

**Enjaguar, v. a.** vide **Enjuagar**.

**Enjalbegador, s. m.** the person who whitens the wall, a plasterer.

**Enjalbegar, v. a.** to whiten or whitewash the walls; also to paint the face as women do.

**Enjamblador, s. m.** an inlayer; also a joiner.

**Enjamblar, v. a.** to inlay in wood.

**Enjambre, s. m.** vide **Enxambre**.

**Enjaulamiento, s. m.** the state of being shut up in a cage, prison, or jail.

**Enjaular, v. a.** to put into a cage.—*Enjaular una casa*, to raise all the frame of a house of timber, in order to board, lath, or plaster it afterwards.

**Enjabador, s. m.** (in cant) a Russian.

**Enjibar, v. n.** (in cant) to receive, to keep.

**Enjorginarse, v. r.** to black one's face with soot.

**Enjoyar, v. a.** to adorn with jewels.

**Enjuagadientes, s. m.** the rinsing of the mouth with water, or any thing else.

**Enjuagaduras, s. f.** the rinsings of any thing.

**Enjuagar, v. a.** to rinse.

**Enjuague, s. m.** the water, or other liquor put into the mouth to rinse it.

**Enjuaguetado, adj.** full of corns on the fingers or toes.

**Enjugar, v. a.** to dry.

**Enjuiciár, v. a.** to judge a suit in law.

**Enjuncar, la vela, v. a.** to lash fast the sail.

**Enjundia, s. f.** vide **Exundia**.

**Enjunque, s. m.** heavy matters put at the bottom of a ship, which serves sometimes as ballast.

**Enjuto, adj.** dry.

**Enlabiador, s. m.** a fawning fellow, one that deceives with fair words, a tongue-pad.

**Enlabiár, v. a.** to fawn, to deceive with fair words, to tongue-pad.

**Enlábio, s. m.** a flattering, fawning, or deceiving with fair words.

**Enlace, s. m.** connection, coherence, joining together.

**Enladrillador, s. m.** one that lays bricks or tiles, a brick-layer.

**Enladrillar, v. a.** to lay bricks or tiles for floors, or the like.

**Enlamar, v. a.** to leave the slime or mud upon the surface of the place it has overflowed.

**Enlardar, v. a.** to lard or baste with bacon.

**Enlatado, adj.** plated with metal; also ribbed as the sides of ships.

**Enlaviar, v. a.** vide **Enlabiar**.

**Enlazable, adj.** that may be tied or knotted.

**Enlazador, s. m.** one who ties or insnares.

**Enlazadura, s. f.** } tying,

**Enlazamiento, s. m.** } joining together; also union and friendship.

**Enlazar, v. a.** to tie, to join together, to knot.

**Enlerdar, v. n.** to grow slow, heavy, or dull.

**Enlevar, v. a.** vide **Elevar**.

**Enligar, v. a.** to daub, to stick with birdlime.

**Enliriar, v. a.** to adorn with lilies.

**Enlizar, v. a.** to make smooth.

**Enllenar, v. a.** to fill.

**Enlobar, v. n.** to grow hungry or greedy as a wolf.

**Enlodar, v. a.** to bemire, to daub with mud or mire.

**Enloquecer, v. n. y. a.** to grow or make mad or distracted.

**Enlosar, v. a.** to pave with broad stones.

**Enlozar, v. a.** vide **Enlosar**.

**Enlozanarse, v. r.** to boast, to presume, to take upon one's self too much, to be proud, vain, and haughty.

**Enluar, v. a.** to white-wash the walls; to make bright.

**Enluar, adv.** instead.

**Enlutar, v. a.** to put into mourning.

**Enmaderamiento, s. m.** wooden work, or doing any thing with wood.

**Enmaderar, v. a.** to build, to strengthen, to do any thing with wood.

**Enmagrecer, v. n.** to grow lean.

**Enmarañar, v. a.** to intangle, to perplex.

**Enmararse, v. r.** to put out to sea.

**Enmascarar, v. a.** to mask.

**En medio, adv.** in the middle.

**Enmendar, v. a.** to mend, to correct, to rectify, to make or grow better.

**Enmerdar, v. a.** to daub with ordure or dung.

**Enmienda, s. f.** amendment.—*No tener enmienda*, to be incorrigible, past mending.

**Enmoecer, v. n.** to grow young.

**Enmoecerse, v. r.** to grow mouldy.

**Enmordazar, v. a.** vide **Amordazar**.

**Enmudecer, v. n.** to grow dumb, to have nothing to say for one's self.

**Enmudecido, dr. p. p.** from *enmudecer*.

**Ennegrecer, v. a.** to make to grow black.

**Ennegrecido, Ennegrecida, p. p.** from *ennegrecer*.

**Ennivalar, v. a.** vide **Envelar**.

**Ennoblecér, v. a.** to make or grow noble.

**Ennoblecimiento, s. m.** a nobilitating, or making, or growing noble.

**Ennoviar, v. a.** to marry.

**Ennudecer, v. n.** to grow knotty.

**Enodio, s. m.** the fawn of a stag.

**Enodrida, s. f.** a hen is so called when she has done laying eggs.

**Enojadamente, adv.** angrily.

**Enojadizo, adj.** passionate, apt to be angry, pettish.

**Enojado, Enojada, p. p.** from *enojar*.

**Enojár, v. a.** to anger.

**Enojo, s. m.** anger.

**Enojosamente, adv.** angrily.

**Enojoso, adj.** offensive, provoking.

**En orden, adv.** orderly, in order.

**Enorme, adj.** enormous, deformed, excessive big, out of measure.

**Enormemente, adv.** enormously, excessively, out of measure.

**Enormidad, s. f.** enormity.

**Enpalár, v. a.** to impale.

**Enpantanar, v. a.** to bog; to stop or puzzle business.

**Enpatronar, v. a.** to patronize, to protect.

**Enpedernecer, v. n.** vide **Enpedernecer**.



- Empañar, v. a.** vide *Empañar*.  
**En pos, prep.** after.  
**Enquadernación, s. f.** a binding of a book.  
**Enquadernador, s. m.** a book-binder; also a pimp.  
**Enquadernar, v. a.** to bind books; to set the ribs of ships.  
**En cualquier, manéra, adv.** any how, however it may be.  
**Enquanto, prep.** about.  
**Enquiciado, adj.** put upon the hinges.  
**Enquillotrár, v. a.** to intangle, to confound, to mix, to perplex.  
**Enquisición, s. f.** inquisition.  
**Enralecer, v. a.** to make or grow thin.  
**Enramada, s. f.** an arbour, a hut made of boughs, and twining together of boughs.  
**Enramar, v. a.** to cover, or adorn with boughs.  
**Enranciarse, v. r.** to grow stale, or rusty.  
**Enraracer, v. a. y. n.** to make or grow rare, or scarce.  
**Enrasar, v. a.** to make even, or smooth.  
**Enrajár, v. a.** to fix the spokes into wheels.  
**Enredadera, s. f.** a knotty sort of grass.  
**Enredador, s. m.** an intangler, one that catches in a net, one that sets people together by the ears.  
**Enredamiento, s. m.** intangling, catching in a net; setting people together by the ears.  
**Enredar, v. a.** to intangle, to catch in the net, to set people together by the ears.—*Enredarse, v. r.* to be entangled, to have to do with any body so that one knows not how to get off.  
**Enredo, s. m.** a mischievous story, to set people at variance, an intricate lie; any intangling.  
**Enredoso, adj.** intangled, doubtful, perplexed.  
**Enregistrár, v. a.** to register, to enroll.  
**Enrehójar, v. a.** to roll the wax into a leaf, to make it in leaves that it may become white.  
**Enrejár, v. a.** to put grates, or bars before windows.  
**Enriár, v. n.** to sink flat in the river.  
**Enridár, v. a. (obs.)** to set on, to halloo on a dog.  
**Enriquecer, v. n.** to grow rich; *v. a.* to make rich.  
**Enriscado, adj.** high on the rocks, dangerous, difficult of access, steep.  
**Enriscamiento, s. m.** steepness, the craggy side of a rock, difficulty of access.  
**Enriscar, v. a.** to get among the rocks and precipices, to venture into danger.  
**Enristrar, v. a.** to put a lance into the rest.  
**Enrizár, v. n.** to curl the hair, to turn them in ringlets.  
**Enroblecer, v. n.** to grow hard as an oak.  
**Enrocár, v. a.** to fortify a place, as it were with rocks about it; also to castle the king at chess.  
**Enrodar, v. a.** to put a criminal to death upon a wheel.  
**Enrodclár, v. a.** to arm with a target.  
**Enrodrigonar, v. a.** to prop a vine.  
**Enromar, v. a.** to flatten, to blunt.  
**Enronquecer, v. n.** to grow hoarse.  
**Enronquecimiento, s. m.** hoarseness.  
**Enrosar, v. a.** to dye any thing of the rose colour.  
**Enroscadura, s. f.** lying round like a snake.  
**Enrosar, v. n.** to lay round like a snake.  
**Enrosado, } adj. red.**  
**Enroxado, }**  
**Enroxar, v. a.** to make red.  
**Enroxecer, v. n.** to be red in the face, to blush.  
**Enrubiaquera, s. f.** a woman that makes the hair red.  
**Enrubiaador, s. m.** a man that makes the hair fair.  
**Enrubiar, v. a.** to make the hair fair; to turn to a reddish colour.  
**Enrubiecer, v. n.** to grow fair.  
**Enrudecer, v. n.** to grow dull or ignorant.  
**Ensabanada, s. f.** vide *Camisada*.  
**Ensabanar, v. a.** to wrap in a sheet.  
**Ensalada, s. f.** a salad; also a sort of verses of several sorts put together.—Prov. *La vez de la ensalada, ni la pierdas, ni sea aguada*, do not forget to drink with salad, and let there be no water in it; that is, be sure, when you eat salad, to drink a good glass of wine without water, to warm the herbs in the stomach.  
**Ensaladilla, s. f.** sweet herbs mixt together.  
**Ensálma, s. f.** a pannel for a beast.  
**Ensalnadera, s. m.** a woman that practises the superstitious way of saying prayers over sick people on pretence to cure them.  
**Ensalmar, v. a.** to attempt to cure by saying certain prayers over sick people; also to knock one on the head.—*Ensalmar á uno, f. (metaph.)* to break one's head.  
**Ensálmo, s. m.** the superstitious way of saying strange words over sick people on pretence to cure them.  
**Ensalvar, v. a.** to make savage or wild.  
**Ensalzador, s. m.** one that praises and magnifies any thing or action.  
**Ensalzamiento, s. m.** exaltation, praising, extolling.  
**Ensalzar, v. a.** to exalt, to praise; to extol, to magnify.—*Ensálzarse, v. r.* to boast.  
**Ensambenitar, v. a.** to put a badge on the converted Jews when brought out of the inquisition.  
**Ensamblador, s. m.** a joiner, a carver.  
**Ensambladura, s. m. }** the act of  
**Ensamblaje, s. f. }** putting together pieces of wood, as the joiner or cabinet-maker does.  
**Ensamblar, v. a.** to work joinery work; to inlay in wood.  
**Ensancha, s. f.** an addition; a gore to make linen wider, or any thing that is added to make another thing wider.  
**Ensanchador, s. m.** one who stretches out, or makes wider.  
**Ensanchamiento, s. m.** stretching out, making wider.  
**Ensanchar, v. a.** to stretch, to make wider.—*Ensancharse, v. r.* to stretch out, to take up more room; to grow stately, and require much courtship.—*Ensancharse el corazón,* to breathe more freely, to recover after a fright.  
**Ensanche, s. m.** extension, width.  
**Ensandecer, v. n.** to run mad, to turn fool.  
**Ensaugostamiento, s. m.** making narrow or straight.  
**Ensangostar, v. a.** to make narrower or straiter.  
**Ensangrentador, s. m.** one that

imbrues in blood, a bloody person.

Ensangrentamiento, s. m. an imbruing with blood.

Ensangrentar, v. a. to imbrue with blood.

Ensañamiento, s. m. rage.

Ensañar, v. a. to be in a rage.—*Quien se ensaña, con su mal se ensancha*, ref. a passionate person injures himself more than others.

Ensanecer, v. n. to have the itch.

Ensartar, v. a. to string as we do beads; to tack long tales together.

Ensavanada, s. f. the appearing of people wrapped in sheets.

Ensavanar, v. a. to wrap in a sheet.

Ensáy, s. m. trial, essay, proof.

Ensayador, s. m. taster, assayer, trier.

Ensayar, v. a. to try, to taste, to assay, to make proof of; to put on a loose coat; to rehearse as actors do; to practise any thing that is to be done.

Ensaye, s. m. trial, essay, proof.

Ensáyo, s. m. assaying, tasting, trial; rehearsing like actors; practising of any thing.

Ensebadura, s. f. a tallowing or greasing.

Ensebar, v. a. to tallow, to grease.

Enselvado, adj. full of woods.

Ensemble, adv. (obs.) together.

Ensenada, s. f. a bay in the sea.

Ensenar, v. a. to put into the bosom.

Enseña, s. f. a sign to a house, or the colours in an army.

Enseñable, adj. easy to be taught, docible.

Enseñadero, adj. that can be taught.

Enseñador, s. m. the person who teaches.

Enseñamiento, s. m. instruction.

Enseñanza, s. f. instruction, teaching.

Enseñar, v. a. to teach, to instruct; also to shew, to point out.—*Ceño, y enseña, al mal hijo hacen bueno*, ref. instruction and chastisement correct a bad habit.—*Enseñarse*, v. r. to accustom one's self, to teach one's self.

Enseñoreador, s. m. one who has dominion or power over others.

Enseñorear, v. a. to be lord of, or to have power over.

Ensensio, s. f. the herb worm-wood.

Enserpentado, adj. enraged as a serpent.

Ensevar, v. a. to grease, to tallow.

Ensilár, v. a. to put into a granary; to gormandise, to eat voraciously.

Ensiladura, s. f. a saddling any beast.

Ensilár, v. a. to saddle.—Prov. *Aun no ensillamos, y ya enbalgamos*, we have not saddled yet, and we are for riding already.

Applied to those who are for attaining the ends without using the means, and are too precipitate in what they do.

Ensoberbecerse, v. r. to grow proud.

Ensogar, v. a. to tie any thing with ropes.—*Hacer la gata ensogada*, f. (metaph.) to feign humility.

Ensolár, v. a. to lay a floor or pavement.

Ensolver, v. a. to mix, to confuse.

Ensopar, v. a. to make soup, to dip the bread in the soup or any other liquor.

Ensordadera, s. f. a sort of down or wooliness, that grows at the end of rushes.

Ensordamiento, s. m. a making or growing deaf.

Ensordar, v. a. to make or grow deaf.

Ensordecer, v. n. to grow deaf.

Ensordedera, s. f. vide Ensordadera.

Ensortijar, v. a. to link together with rings.—*Ensortijar el cabello*, to curl the hair.—*Ensortijar las manos*, to wring the hands for grief.

Ensotarse, v. r. to get into a wood or thicket.

Enspiritado, adj. possessed of an evil spirit.

Ensueñamiento, s. m. frowning, desiling.

Ensuciár, v. a. to foul, to defile, to make dirty, to bewray.—*Ensuciarse*, to befoul one's self.

Ensuyar, v. a. (obs.) to undertake, to set about doing a thing.

Entablación, s. f. a register.

Entabado, s. m. } a term in

Entabladura, s. f. } architecture, the entablature.

Entablamiento, s. m. a boarding or planking.

Entablar, v. a. to board or plank; to commence, to set on foot; also to set the men at tables or other game.—

*Entablar un negocio*, to dispose business into method, that it may be easily compassed.

Entado, adj. joined or packed together, cemented, as in a coat of arms, when one part is joined to the other.

Entalamado, adj. covered with cloth, as a waggon, &c.

Entalegar, v. a. to put any thing in a sack.

Entallable, adj. that may be carved.

Entallador, s. m. a carver in wood or the like.

Entalladura, s. carving in wood or the like.

Entallar, v. a. to carve in wood or the like; also to make clothes shapeable to the body.

Entalle, s. m. the work done by the carver.

Entallecer, v. n. is to grow to a stem or stalk.

Entanto, adv. forasmuch; in the mean while.—*En tanto grada*, so far forth, to such a degree.

Entapiar, v. a. to wall or shut up.

Entapizar, v. a. to hang with tapestry.

Entarimar, v. a. to plank, to floor with boards.

Entarquinar, v. a. to daub, to defile, to foul, or dirt.

Entasi, s. m. (in architecture,) an entasis, a swelling in the shaft or body of a column.

En tasajos, adv. in pieces, like meat salted and hung up.

E'nte, s. m. a being.

Entecado, adj. one that moves his joints with difficulty, stiff in the joints; (metaph.) pusillanimous, narrow-minded; cowardly.

Enteco, adj. vide Entecado.

Entejado, adj. like a tile, made in the shape of a tile.

Entejér, v. a. vide Entexer.

Entelerido, adj. (obs.) full of fear.

Entena, s. f. the yard of a ship, to which the sail is made fast.

Entenada, s. f. a daughter-in-law, the wife's daughter by another husband, or the husband's by another wife.—

*La madrastra, y entenada siempre*



*estas en baraja*, *ref.* step-mothers and daughters-in-law seldom agree.

Entenado, *s. m.* a son-in-law, as above.

Entendederas, *s. f. pl.* good capacity, good understanding.

Entendedor, *s. m.* one that conceives or understands.—*Prov. Al buen entendedor breves hablador*, to one that understands well, a few words.

Entender, *v. a.* to understand, to conceive.—*Entender en algo*, to be busy or employed about something.—*Yo me entiendo*, I understand my own business.—*Entendemos hacer tal cosa*, we intend to do such a thing.—*Entendiere con uno*, to agree with one.—*A mi entender*, according to my opinion.—*No entiendo de eso*, I will not do it.—*Saberse entender*, to know how to behave.—*Entender alguna de alguna cosa*, *f.* to be clever, dextrous, skilful in any thing.

Entendidamente, *adv.* wisely, judiciously.

Entendido, *s. m.* a man of understanding.

Entendimiento, *s. m.* the understanding.—*Entendimiento de la ley*, the true explication or sense of the law.

Entenebrece, *v. a.* to darken, to make or grow dark.

Entenzón, *s. f.* contest, quarrel, discord.

Enteramente, *adv.* wholly, fully, totally.

Enteramiento, *s. m.* thorough information.

Enterar, *v. a.* to restore, to pay; also to inform thoroughly.

Enteriza, *s. f.* integrity; also pride and obstinacy.

Enterizo, *adj.* whole, sound.

Enternocer, *v. a.* to make tender, to move to compassion.—*Enternocerse*, *v. r.* to grow compassionate, to be moved with pity.

Enternecimiento, *s. m.* compassion, pity, mercy, tenderness of heart.

Entero, *adj.* whole.—*Hombre entero*, an upright man; a man of a sound body; a positive man.—*Caballo entero*, *s. m.* a stone-horse.—*Lierzo entero*, coarse linen.—*Por entero*, *adv.* wholly, totally, fully.

Enterrador, *s. m.* a burier.

Enterramiento, *s. m.* funeral, burial; the place of burial.

Enterrar, *v. a.* to bury.

Enterrogar, *v. a.* vide Interrogar.

Entervenir, *v. n.* to happen or fall out by the way, or by the by, or in the mean time.

Entesadamente, *adv.* manfully, vigorously, stoutly, valiantly, bravely.

Entesamiento, *s. m.* stretching, laying out; also stiffening.

Entesar, *v. a.* to stretch, to lay out; also to stiffen.

Entexer, *v. a.* to weave in.

Enthéo, *adj.* full of the divine spirit, inspired, divine.

Enthimema, *s. m.* an imperfect syllogism, consisting only of antecedent and consequence; an enthymeme.

Enthronización, *s. f.* an enthroning.

Enthronizar, *v. a.* to enthrone, to place on a regal seat, to invest with sovereign authority.

Entusiasmo, *s. m.* enthusiasm.

Entihador, *s. m.* who props or shores up any thing.

Entibar, *v. n.* to prop up, to shore, to support.

Entibiadero, *s. m.* a vessel to make any thing lukewarm in.

Entibiar, *v. a.* to make lukewarm.—*Entibiarse*, *v. r.* to cool; to slacken in the eagerness wherewith a man pursued any business.

Entibo, *s. m.* supporter, pillar in building.

Entidad, *s. f.* entity, existence; also value, estimation.

Entiérro, *s. m.* burial, funeral.

Entigrecerse, *v. r.* to grow furious and raging like a tyger.

Entimema, *s. m.* vide Enthimema.

Entintar, *v. a.* to daub with ink.

Entiviar, *v. a.* vide Entibiar.

Entiznar, *v. a.* to smut, to sully, to defile; to blemish one's reputation; to disgrace one's family.

Entoldar, *v. a.* to cover the streets with sails or the like on great solemnities, or places to sit cool from the sun.—*Entoldar la nao*, to spread the awning in a ship.

Entolladero, *s. m.* a miry place, a quagmire.

Entollar, *v. a.* to stick in the mire, to bog.

Entomizar, *v. a.* to tie with a cord or rope.

Entonación, *s. f.* a tuning, setting a tune, raising the voice; also growing haughty.

Entonador, *s. m.* one who tunes or raises the voice; also a haughty fellow.

Entonamiento, *s. m.* a tuning or raising the voice.

Entonar, *v. a.* to tune, to raise the voice, to talk loud, to be vain.

Entonces, *adv.* then, in that time.

Entono, *s. m.* a tuning, setting a tune, raising the voice.—*Entono*, *s. m.* haughtiness, pride, arrogance.

Entortecer, *v. n.* to grow foolish.

Entorcér, *v. a.* to wind or wreath about like a snake.

Entorcha, *s. f.* vide Antorcha.

Entorchado, *s. m.* a sort of twisted fringe.

Entorchar, *v. a.* to make or shape any thing like a torch; also to twist or wreath.

Entorcijado, *adj.* vide Enser-tijado.

Entornecér, *v. a.* vide Adornecér.

Entornecimiento, *s. m.* vide Adornecimiento.

Entornar, *v. a.* to pat to.

Entornear, *v. a.* to wind, turn, or wrap round.

Entorno, *s. m.* round about.

Entorpecér, *v. n.* to grow numb, to grow dull or stupid.

Entorpecimiento, *s. m.* numbness, dulness, stupidity.

Entortadura, *s. f.* blinding of an eye; crooking, bending, or bowing.

Entortar, *v. a.* to crook, bend, or bow; also to make or become blind of an eye.

Entosigar, *v. a.* to intoxicate, to poison.

Entrazar, *v. n.* to trace, to mark out, to contrive.

Entrada, *s. f.* entry, entrance; a duty paid at entering a place, also access, favour.—*Hacer entrada*, to make public entry like an ambassador.—*Tener entrada, en casa de un señor*, to be admitted to a great man, to be in his favour, to have his ear.

Entradero, *s. m.* a wicket, a door in a gate.

Entradilla, *s. f.* diminutive of *entrada*.

Entrámbos, *pron.* both.

Entrampar, *v. a.* to intrap, to

catch in a trap-door, to in-  
snare, to deceive.  
Entrañable, adj. hearty, sincere.  
Entrañablemente, adv. hearti-  
ly, sincerely.  
Entrañal, adj. hearty, sincere.  
Entrañar, v. a. to receive any  
one with sincerity and af-  
fection.  
Entrañas, s. f. pl. the entrails,  
the inward parts, the bowels.  
*Esconderse en las entrañas de*  
*la tierra*, to hide one's self in  
the bowels of the earth.—  
*Hombre de buenas entrañas*, a  
good-natured or compassionate  
man.—*Entrñas mías*, my  
bowels, my dear, my soul, my  
life.  
Entrañizár, v. a. to love sin-  
cerely, affectionately.  
Entrapajar, v. a. to wrap in  
clouds or rags; from *trapajo*,  
a rag.  
Entraparse, v. r. to be daubed  
with dust.  
Entrár, v. n. to enter, to come  
in; at sea, to gain ground  
upon a ship.—*Entrár en re-*  
*ligión*, to go into a religious  
order.—*Entrár en juego*, to  
make one at play.—*Entrár en*  
*música*, in music, to begin to  
sing in concert.—*Entrár una*  
*silla*, to set a chair.—*Entrár*  
*de rondon*, to rush rudely into  
a place without being called,  
or saying by your leave.—  
*Entrarse*, to gain ground upon.  
*Entrár de por medio*, to part a  
fray.—*No entrarle de los dientes*  
*adentro*, not to care for one,  
not to be concerned at any  
thing, not to please.—*Entrár*,  
v. a. to include, to comprise,  
to comprehend; also to be-  
gin.—*Entrár en una partida de*  
*lana o cacao*, to buy a parcel  
of wool or of cocoa.—*Entrár*  
*una ciudad*, to take a town.—  
*Entrár a reinar*, to begin to  
reign.—*Entrár a la parte*, to  
partake, to have a share in.—  
*Entrár a saco*, to plunder a  
town.—*Entrár a uno*, to per-  
suade one.—*Entrár en si mismo*,  
to reflect upon one's self.—  
*Entrár de por medio*, to medi-  
tate.—*Entrár en la moda*, to  
follow the fashion.  
E'ntre, prep. between.  
Entreabierto, p. p. of *en-*  
*treabrir*.  
Entreabrir, v. a. to stand a-jar  
or half open.  
Entrecano, adj. grey-headed.

Entrecavár, v. a. to dig shal-  
low.  
Entrecéjo, s. m. the space be-  
tween the eyebrows.—*En-*  
*trecejo*, an angry lowering  
countenance.  
Entrecogedura, s. m. interrup-  
tion.  
Entrecoger, v. a. to take a ball  
or the like before it come to  
the ground.  
Entrecolumnación, s. f. inter-  
columniation, (in architec-  
ture,) the distance or void  
between pillar and pillar.  
Entrecortar, v. a. to cut off  
flying, or before it falls to the  
ground.  
Entrecubiértas, s. f. between  
the decks; a sea-term.  
Entrecuero, *sy carne*, between  
the skin and the flesh.  
Entrecuesto, s. f. the fore part  
of a hog's ribs.  
Entredecir, v. a. to forbid, to  
interdict.  
Entredía, adv. by day, in the  
day-time.  
Entredicho, p. p. forbidden,  
interdicted; subs. used, the  
interdict, when the church-  
doors are shut up without  
an excommunication, and the  
divine service is forbid to be  
performed in public.  
Entredientes, adv. betwixt the  
teeth.  
Entredoble, adj. between thick  
and thin.  
Entre Dos Luces, adv. between  
day-light and candle-light.  
Entrefino, adj. between coarse  
and fine.  
Entrega, s. f. a delivery, the  
delivering any thing up.  
Entregadamente, adv. wholly,  
perfectly, truly.  
Entregador, s. m. he that deli-  
vers up.  
Entrega, s. f. } vide  
Entregamiénto, s. m. } En-  
trego.  
Entregar, v. a. to deliver up.  
Entrego, s. m. delivery, acquit-  
tance.  
Entrehuelgo, s. m. a breathing,  
or panting between while.  
Entrejuntar, v. a. to interjoin,  
to join mutually.  
Entrelazar, v. a. to fold, to join,  
to knit together.  
Entrellover, v. imp. to rain a  
small rain between a mist and  
a rain.  
Entrelubricán, s. m. the twi-  
light.

Entremédias, adv. betwixt, in  
the meanwhile.  
Entremés, s. m. an interlude  
between the acts of a play.  
Entremesado, adj. belonging to  
an interlude between the acts  
of a play.  
Entremesclár, v. a. to intermix.  
Entremeter, v. a. to put be-  
tween, to intermeddle, to mix  
among other things.—*Entre-*  
*meterse*, v. r. to intrude, to in-  
termeddle.—*No te entremete*,  
*en lo que no te atañe hacer*, ref.  
do not meddle with what does  
not concern you.  
Entremetido, s. m. a meddler,  
one that will have an oar in  
every boat.  
Entremetimiento, s. m. inter-  
mixing, putting between, in-  
termeddling.  
Entremixtura, s. f. intermix-  
ture.  
Entremorir, v. n. to be almost  
expiring.  
Entremuerto, adj. half dead,  
almost expiring.  
Entrenzár, v. a. to plat like hair.  
Entreoir, v. a. to hear by  
halves, as a man does things  
at a great distance, through  
a wall, or the like.  
Entrepaño, s. m. an interval or  
space of wall between two col-  
umns.  
Entrepaño, s. m. the time  
between the death of one  
pope and the election of ano-  
ther.  
Entreponér, v. a. to put be-  
tween, to set between; to in-  
terpose.  
Entrepárecerse, v. r. to see ob-  
scurely, when things by their  
appearance impress but a faint  
idea.  
Entrepiernas, s. f. the space or  
distance between the legs;  
also the pieces put to mend a  
pair of breeches between the  
legs.  
Entrepostura, s. f. a setting or  
placing between.  
Entrepuesto, p. p. of *entreponér*.  
Entrepuñadúra, s. f. pouncing  
or pricking at intervals.  
Entrepuñar, v. a. to pounce, or  
prick at intervals.  
Entrerenglonadura, s. f. a note  
of interlining.  
Entrerenglonar, v. a. to interline.  
Entrerompér, v. a. to hinder  
or interrupt.  
Entrerompimiento, s. m. a hin-  
drance, or interruption.



- Entresaca**, s. f. a lopping or cutting off boughs when they are thick, or keep out the light.
- Entresacadura**, s. f. the separating or cutting of anything when it is too thick.
- Entresacár**, v. n. to draw or take out of several places; to cull, to draw out from among the rest, to thin, as they do plants or trees set too thick together.
- Entresemána**, s. f. in the week, within it, some day in the week.
- Entresí**, adv. among themselves, to himself.
- Entresijo**, s. m. the midriff of any creature, which parts the bowels from the upper parts.
- Entresuelo**, s. m. a room taken out between two floors.
- Entretalladura**, s. f. intercarving.
- Entretallar**, v. a. to intercarve, or carve at distances.
- Entretanto**, adv. in the meanwhile.
- Entretela**, s. f. a cloth put between the lining and the cloth.
- Entretelar**, v. a. to put any thing between the lining and the cloth.
- Entretenedor**, s. m. who entertains, or employs himself in doing any thing, who delights, or diverts.
- Entretener**, v. a. to divert, to entertain, to delay, to put off, to support, to give some allowance.
- Entretenimiento**, s. m. diversion, pastime, delay; also an allowance till something better comes.
- Entretexadura**, s. f. interweaving.
- Entretexer**, v. a. to interweave; also to mix.
- Entretiempo**, s. m. interval.
- Entrevalo**, s. m. the interval.
- Entrevár**, v. a. (in cant.) to understand.
- Entrevenarse**, v. r. to mix or pour out any liquor between the veins.
- Entrevenimiento**, s. m. a chance by the by.
- Entrevénir**, v. n. to intervene, to come between, to happen by the by.
- Entreverár**, v. a. to intermix, as baskets of twigs of several colours, or flesh that is fat and lean in streaks.
- Entreverár**, v. a. to appoint jointly.
- Entreverer**, v. a. to insert, to thrust in between, to intermix.
- Entricadamente**, adv. intricately.
- Entricamiento**, s. m. a perplexing, entangling.
- Entricár**, v. a. to intricate, to entangle, to perplex.
- Entricado**, adj. confused, perplexed, disordered, troubled, entangled.
- Entripado**, adj. intestine, inward.
- Entristecer**, v. a. to make or to grow sad; to wither.—*Entristecíase*, v. r. to be sad or melancholy.
- Entristecimiento**, s. m. growing sad.
- Entro**, prep. (obs.) within.
- Entroduzir**, v. a. to introduce.
- Entoído**, s. m. the carnival.
- Entrometer**, (obs.) vide *Entrometer*.
- Entroncár**, v. n. to belong to a family, to be a descendant from a race.
- Entronerar**, v. a. to put or fix in a hole.
- Entronizar**, v. a. to enthrone, to raise, to exalt.—*Entronizáse*, v. r. to take state upon one, to grow proud or haughty.
- Entropezár**, v. n. to stumble.
- Entroxár**, v. a. to gather into the barn.
- Entruchada**, s. f. a secret clandestine affair or transaction.
- Entruchár**, v. n. to deceive by flattery, to draw one in, to wheedle, cajole, inveigle, allure, entice, invite.—*Entruchár*, (in cant.) to understand, to discover.
- Entrujeo**, s. m. (obs.) the carnival.
- Entubajar**, v. n. to discover or detect roguery.
- Entuertos**, s. m. pl. the pains of lying-in women.
- Entullár**, v. a. to splice ropes, as they do on board ships.
- Entullecér**, v. n. to grow maimed.
- Entumecér**, v. a. to maim.
- Entumecimiento**, s. m. a damage received by swelling.
- Entupir**, v. a. vide *Entumecer*.
- Enturár**, v. a. (in cant.) to give, to observe.
- Enturbiár**, v. a. to disturb, to trouble, to make thick or muddy.
- E'ruca Campaña**, s. f. the herb called elic Campana.
- Enunciación**, s. f. a declaration, manifestation.
- Enunciar**, v. a. to explain, to manifest.
- Enunciativo**, adj. manifest, clear, plain.
- Enuno**, adv. together, all in one.
- Envainár**, v. a. to sheath, to sheath up.
- Envaine usted**, do not put yourself in a passion.
- Envalentonár**, v. a. to animate, to encourage, to give courage to.
- Envänderár**, v. a. to adorn with colours, or flags.
- Envaneceér**, v. n. to be vain or proud.
- En Vano**, adv. in vain.
- Envaramento**, s. m. stiffness.
- Envarar**, v. a. to grow, or make stiff as a stake.
- Envaronar**, v. a. to grow manlike.
- Envasador**, s. m. one that fills into vessels; also a funnel to fill vessels with.
- Envasár**, v. a. to put into vessels; also to ruin a man through.—*Envasár*, to drink.
- Envedijado**, adj. that has long locks or shaggy hair; also, fast together by the ears.
- Envedijarse**, v. r. to fall together by the ears.
- Envejecér**, v. n. to grow old.
- Envelesamiento**, s. m. stupefaction, astonishment.
- Envelesár**, v. a. to stupify, stun, surprise, astonish, to put beside one's self.
- Enyenenador**, s. m. one who poisons any thing.
- Enyenénar**, v. a. to poison.
- Enverdecer**, v. a. to grow green.
- Enverdir**, v. a. to dye green.
- Envergár**, v. a. to tie with small ropes the sails of a ship to the yards.
- Envergonzamiento**, s. m. putting to the blush, or out of countenance.
- Envergonzante**, s. m. a necessitous person that is ashamed to beg.
- Envergonzár**, v. a. to make ashamed, to put to the blush, or out of countenance.
- Envérgues**, s. m. pl. the ropes with which the sail is fastened to the sail-yard.
- E'aves**, s. m. the wrong side; also the back.
- Envesado**, adj. turned the wrong side out.—*Cuero envesado*, leather that has the fleshy side outwards.
- Envesár**, v. a. to turn the wrong

side outwards; (in cant.) to whip.

Investidura, s. f. investiture.

Investir, v. a. to invest with power; also to cover.—*Envestir*, v. n. to accustom one's self to any passion.

En Vez, adv. instead.

Enviada, s. f. embassy, message.

Enviár, v. a. to send.

Enviár, v. a. to make vicious, or depraved, to corrupt; v. n. to make vicious.

Enviador, s. m. one who invites.

Envidár, v. a. to invite.

Envidia, s. f. envy.

Envidiador, s. m. one who envies.

Envidiár, v. n. to envy.

Envidioso, adj. envious.

Envigüento, s. m. the timber-work of a house.

Envilecer, v. n. to grow vile, to grow cheap.

Envilecido, da, p. p. from *envilecer*.

Envinar, v. a. to mix wine with water.

Enviperado, adj. like a viper, furious.

Enviscar, v. a. to lay bird-lime to catch birds.

Enviso, adj. wise, sagacious, experienced.

Envite, s. m. wager, offer, invitation.

Enviudar, v. n. to become a widow, or a widower.

Envoladas, adv. vide Volandas.

Envolado, adj. involved, surrounded.

Envoltorio, s. m. a bundle.

Envoútas, s. f. pl. the little cloaths belonging to children.

Envolvedero, } s. m. things to  
Envolvedor, } wrap up, wrap-  
per.

Envolvér, v. a. to involve.—*Envolver á uno con razones*, f. (metaph.) to convince by unanswerable arguments.—*Envolverse*, v. r. to be involved or mixed.

Envuelto, p. p. of *envolvér*.

Enxabonadura, s. f. soaping of linen.

Enxabonar, v. a. to soap linen, or the like; also to injure, to abuse.

Enxaguadientes, s. m. the last liquor taken after dinner to wash the mouth.

Enxaguaduras, s. f. pl. vide Enjugaduras.

Enxaguar, v. a. to rinse.

Enxalma, s. f. a pannel for a

beast.

Enxalmár, v. a. to put a pannel upon a beast.

Enxalméro, s. m. one who makes or sells pack-saddles.

Enxalvegár, v. n. to white-wash a house.—*Enxalvegarse*, v. r. to daub with white and red; to paint.

Enxambrár, v. n. to swarm as bees do.

Enxámbré, s. m. a swarm of bees; also a crowd of people.

Enxáno, adj. (obs.) every year.

Enxebado, adj. dressed with *ache*, which is a sort of chalk.

Enxebe, s. m. lye made with ashes.

Enxergado, adj. clad in serge.

Enxeridór, s. m. a grafter.

Enxerimiento, s. m. a grafting.

Enxerir, v. a. to graft.—*Enxerir de escudete*, to inoculate.

Enxertár, v. a. vide Enxerir.

Enxerto, p. p. grafted.

Enxugar, v. a. to dry.

Enxúño De Telar, a weaver's beam.

Enxúndia, s. f. fat, suet, grease, the lump of fat in a hen's belly.

Enxútas, s. f. pl. among architects, the sides left by describing a circle on a square, which are small acute triangles.

Enxúto, adj. dry; sparing harsh, and lean.—*A pie enxúto*, adv. a dry foot; without fatigue, pains, or trouble.

Enyéto, adj. stiff, erected, set upright.

Enyesador, s. m. a plaisterer.

Enyesadura, s. f. a plaistering, white-washing.

Enyesár, v. a. to plaister, to white-wash.

Enzamarrár, v. a. to cover with a garment of sheep-skins with the wool on.

Enzardecér, v. n. to be awkward or cross-grained.

Enzarzár, v. a. to put in the briars; v. n. to be entangled, involved in troubles.—*Enzarzarse*, v. n. to be entangled, in the bushes or briars.

Enzurdecer, v. n. to become left-handed.

Epácta, s. f. the exact, a number, whereby we note the excess of the common solar year above the lunar, and thereby may find out the age of the moon every year.

Epanalepsis, s. f. a repetition of

the same word after a long parenthesis.

Epanaphóra, s. f. a figure, when divers clauses begin with one and the same word.

Epenthesis, } s. f. the putting  
Epenthesis, } in a letter or  
syllable, in the middle of a word.

Ephemerides, s. m. a register, a day-book, a journal, an account of the daily motions and situations of the planets.

Ephemero, s. m. an herb called hermodactyl, liriuphancy, or lily of the valleys.

Ephimera, s. m. ephemera, a fever that terminates in one day; also an insect that lives only one day; also of a daily duration.

Epicedio, s. m. verses repeated over the dead body before it was buried.

Epichéya, s. f. a wise and moderate interpretation of the law.

Epiciole, s. m. an epicycle, or lesser circle, that has its center within a greater; used by astronomers to find the irregular motion of the planets.

Epico, adj. epick.

Epidemia, s. f. a plague.

Epidémico, adj. epidemical, public, universal.

Epifania, s. f. the feast of the Epiphany, or Twelfth-day.

Epiglóssis, } s. f. the little co-  
Epiglóttis, } ver or vesel of  
the throat; the vulgar word is *el galillo*.

Epigrama, s. m. an epigram.

Epigramático, s. m. he who composes epigrams.

Epigramista, s. m. an epigrammatist one who composes epigrams.

Epigraphe, s. m. an inscription or title.

Epilepsia, s. f. the falling sickness.

Epileptico, adj. troubled with the falling sickness; any thing belonging to it.

Epilogar, v. a. to conclude, to sum up the matter.

Epilogismo, s. m. calculation, computation.

Epilogo, s. m. epilogue, conclusion, end.

Epimóne, s. m. a figure, when, to move affection, the same word is repeated.

Epiphania, s. f. vide Epifania.

Epiphonéma, s. f. a figure, a



smart close in the end of a sentence or argument.

Epítáfio, } s. m. an epitaph,  
Epítaphio, } an inscription upon a grave.

Episcopal, adj. belonging to a bishop.

Episcopológico, s. m. a biographical series of bishops.

Episódio, s. m. an episode, a digression or part of a relation.

Epístola, s. f. an epistle, a letter.

Epistolár, adj. belonging to an epistle.

Epistolár, v. n. to write letters.

Epistolário, s. m. a collection of letters.

Epistoléro, s. m. (obs.) a subdeacon.

Epistólico, adj. belonging to an epistle.

Epistolilla, s. f. diminutive of *epístola*.

Epítáfio, s. m. epitaph.

Epithalamio, s. m. epithalamium, song at a wedding.

Epithétio, s. m. an epithet; an addition to a noun to express some quality.

Epithima, s. f. a cordial application laid outwardly to the heart.

Epithýmo, s. m. a weed that grows winding about thyme like withwind, and hath a flower like thyme.

Epitomár, v. a. to make a compendium or epitome, to abridge.

Epítome, s. m. an epitome, an abridgment.

Epitrope, s. m. a figure, when we seem to permit one to doubt what he will, and yet think nothing less.

Epóca, s. m. epocha, solemn date of time from some memorable action.

Epóde, s. m. an epode or kind of verses; also a kind of fish.

Epódo, s. m. epode, a kind of verses.

Epopeya, s. f. an heroic sort of verse.

Equable, adj. equal, alike, of the same proportion, even, steady, just, fair and square, reasonable.

Equación, s. f. equation, equality.—*Equación*, in algebra, an expression of the same quantity in two dissimilar terms; in astronomy, the difference between the time marked by

the sun's apparent motion, and that measured by its motion.

Ecuador, s. m. the equator; a great circle, whose poles are the poles of the world.

Equanimidad, s. f. equal and constant temper of mind; equanimity.

Equante, adj. equal, even.

Equestre, adj. belonging to horsemen, knights, or gentlemen.

Equiángulo, adj. of equal angles.

Equidad, s. f. equity, justice, uprightness; also an abatement made in the price of any thing.—*Hombre de grande equidad*, f. a man of great integrity, justice, and uprightness.

Equidico, adj. belonging to a sort of verse so called, from its having equal words to each clause.

Equidistante, adj. equidistant, at the same distance.

Equidistar, v. n. to be equally distant.

Equilátero, s. m. of equal sides, equilateral.

Equilibrar, v. a. to place or fix in an equilibrium or equal proportion; to balance equally.

Equilibrio, s. m. an equilibrium, just proportion.

Equimultiplice, adj. multiplied in equal parts.

Equinoctial, adj. equinoctial, belonging to the equinox.—*Linea equinoctial*, the equinoctial line.

Equinoccio, s. m. the equinox.

Equipage, s. m. equipage.

Equipar, v. a. to prepare, or provide necessities for a ship, man of war, or a fleet.

Equiparación, s. f. comparison, setting together, matching.

Equiparar, v. a. to compare, to match, to set together.

Equiponderar, v. n. to weigh equally, put upon a balance.

Equis, s. m. so the letter X is called in Spanish; also a drunken man.

Equite, s. m. (obs.) an horseman.

Equivalencia, s. f. equivalence, equal value or power.

Equivalente, adj. equivalent, of equal value, force, power, or weight.

Equivalentemente, adv. equally, equivalently.

Equivaler, v. n. to be equal, to correspond with.

Equivocación, s. f. equivocation, speaking with a wrong meaning, or things that have a double meaning; also mistaking one thing for another.

Equivocadamente, adv. falsely, with equivocation.

Equivocamente, adv. equivocally.

Equivocar, v. a. to speak words that have a double meaning; also to mistake and speak one word instead of another.—*Equivocarse una cosa con otra*, f. to mistake one thing for another.

Equivoco, s. m. equivocal, that bears a double meaning.

Equo, adj. just, equal.

Era, s. f. era, a computation of time.—*Era*, s. f. a floor to thresh corn; the spot of ground on which the oxen tread it out; the whole field where such spots are.—*Era*, s. f. is also a bed in a garden.

Erál, s. m. an ox of a year old.

Erár, v. a. to lay out ground by the line, or beds in gardens.

Erario, s. m. the exchequer.—*Erario*, adj. that is subject to pay taxes.

Erección, s. f. the erecting or raising of some structure, or the like.

Erectór, s. m. the person who erects.

Eremita, s. m. an anchorite, a hermit.

Eremítico, adj. eremitical, belonging to an anchorite or hermit.

Erguimiento, s. m. raising up, erection.

Erguir, v. a. to raise up, to rise, to erect.

Erguirse, or Engreirse, v. r. to grow vain, proud, or haughty.

Ergullido, adj. vain, haughty.

Ergullirse, v. r. (obs.) to grow vain, or haughty.

Erial, adj. belonging to uncultivated land.

Eriázo, s. m. land that lies fallow.

Eridáno, s. m. one of the seven-teen constellations.

Erigir, v. a. to erect, to raise.

Eril, adj. barren, waste.

Eringio, s. m. the herb rocket.

Erisipela, s. f. inflammation of the blood between the skin and flesh.

Erisipelado, da, p. p. from *erisipela*.

Erizar, v. a. to set or stand up

an end, as hair in a fright; to curl hair.

**Erizo**, s. m. a hedge-hog.—*Erizo de mar*, a shell fish, called a ruff.—*Erizo de castaña*, the outward husk of a chestnut, which is all prickly like a wedge-hog.

**Ernadór**, s. m. a waster, a spoiler.

**Ernadúra**, s. f. a wasting, or spoiling.

**Ermar**, v. a. to spoil, to lay waste.

**Ermita**, s. f. an hermitage.

**Ermitaña**, s. m. an hermit, an anchorite.

**Ermitório**, s. m. an hermitage.

**Ermoso**, adj. vide *Hermoso*.

**Erogár**, v. a. (obs.) to distribute, to divide.

**Erogatório**, s. m. the bucket that empties the water.

**Erótico**, adj. belonging to the passion of love.

**Erotismo**, s. m. a passion of love.

**Errábundo**, adj. wandering, erring, straying.

**Errada**, s. f. an error, a mistake.

**Erradaménte**, adv. erroneously.

**Erradizo**, adj. wandering, straying.

**Errádo**, adj. mistaken, wandered, strayed.—*Muger erráda*, a lewd woman.

**Erradór**, s. m. a wanderer, one that goes astray.

**Erránte**, adj. erring, wandering, going astray.

**Erránza**, s. f. (obs.) vide *Error*.

**Errár**, v. a. to err, to mistake, to wander, to go astray.—*Errár el camino*, to lose one's way.—*Errár la cura al enfermo*, to apply wrong medicines, to mistake the method of the cure.—*Ir errádo*, to be out of the way.

—*Errarse*, v. r. to mistake.—*Prov. Después que te erre, nunca bien te pense*, since I erred or committed a fault against you, I never had a kind thought of you. A woman that has once been false to her husband, never loves him after: or friends that have fallen out, are seldom truly reconciled.—*Errando se aprende*, ref. by making mistakes we learn.

**Errata**, s. f. the errata, or faults in a book, misprinted, or miswritten.

**Errático**, adj. wandering, straying, erroneous.

**Errátil**, adj. wandering, wavering, inconstant.

**Errax**, s. m. vide *Arrax*.

**Erre**, s. m. so the letter R is called in Spanish.

**Errón**, s. m. vide *Herron*.

**Erroneaménte**, adv. falsely, erroneously.

**Erroneo**, adj. erroneous, false, mistaken.

**Errór**, s. m. an error, or mistake.

**Erubescência**, s. f. blushing.

**Erucción**, s. f. a belch, breaking wind upwards.

**Eructár**, v. n. to belch, to break wind upwards.

**Erudición**, s. f. erudition, learning.

**Eruditaménte**, adv. learnedly.

**Erudito**, adj. learned.

**Eruga**, s. f. a moth that eats cloaths.

**Erysimo**, s. m. a kind of seed; or, according to some, an herb, wild cresses, hedge-mustard.

**Erysipela**, s. f. erysipelas.

**Erysipelár**, v. n. to have the St. Anthony's fire.

**Erythreo**, ad. red.

**Esbarár**, v. a. to guide, or slip along.

**Esbastimiéto**, s. m. in painting, a strong shade caused by a strong light.

**Esbáte**, interj. be quiet.

**Esbirro**, s. m. a catchpole, a serjeant, or such mean officer to apprehend offenders.

**Esblandunár**, v. n. (obs.) to shake, to totter.

**Esbózo**, s. m. a sketch, the first lines or rough draught of a painter.

**Esca**, s. f. food, aliment; bait.

**Escabeechár**, v. a. to put things into sauce, as fish, cucumbers, or the like.

**Escabèche**, s. m. sauce for fish, pickle for cucumbers, or the like.

**Escabelillo**, s. m. diminutive of *escabelo*.

**Escabelo**, s. m. a little stool to sit on, a foot-stool.

**Escabiosa**, s. f. the plant scabious.

**Escábro**, s. m. the scab in sheep; also, a breaking out like scabs in the barks of trees; also a crab-fish.

**Escabrosearse**, v. r. to be provoked to anger.

**Escabrosidad**, s. f. roughness, unevenness.

**Escabroso**, adj. rough, rugged,

craggy; harsh, froward, perverse, ill-natured.

**Escabullido**, adj. escaped, slipped away.

**Escabullimiento**, s. m. an escape, slipping or sliding away.

**Escabullirse**, v. r. to escape, to slip away.

**Escacáda**, s. f. any chequer work.

**Escacado**, adj. vide *Escaqueado*.

**Escaña**, s. f. a small boat, a cock-boat, the boat of a ship.

**Escála**, s. f. a ladder; also a scale to measure by; also a port, mart, or place of trade, to which ships resort.—*Hacer escala*, to put into port.

**Escaláda**, s. f. escalade, taking a place with scaling ladders.

**Escaladór**, s. m. he that scales or climbs up a ladder; a thief that breaks in at the windows or tops of houses, climbing by a ladder.

**Escalamátus**, s. m. a venomous distemper in beasts.

**Escalamiento**, s. m. vide *Escalada*.

**Escalinos**, s. m. pl. wooden pins in a boat or galley, to which the oars are fastened with a cord tied about the oar; the thowles.

**Es-calár**, v. a. to scale with ladders.

**Escaldádo**, adj. *fewd*, when applied to a woman.

**Escaldár**, v. a. to scald with hot liquor.—*Gato escaldador*, de la *agua fria huye*, ref. a cat that has been once scalded turns from cold water.—*Escaldarse*, v. r. to scald one's self; to turn red with heat or anger.

**Escaldránte**, s. m. pl. the keels, the pieces of timber nailed in the inside of the ship, to which the tackle are benayed.

**Escaldufar**, v. a. to take any liquor out of a pot when it is too full.

**Escaléno**, adj. said of a geometrical figure, the three sides whereof are unequal.

**Escalentadór**, s. m. a warming-pan, a chafing dish.

**Escalentamiento**, s. m. warming, heating.

**Escalentár**, v. a. to warm, to heat.—*Escalentarse la boca*, to let one's tongue run freely, railing at others.

**Escalora**, s. f. a ladder, a pair of stairs.



Escalerilla, s. f. diminutive of *escalera*.

Escalfador, s. m. a pot to warm water in.

Escalfar, v. a. to warm.

Escalfarotes, s. m. pl. a sort of boots.

Escalmarse, v. r. to get into the leaks of a ship.

Escámo, s. m. vide Escalamos.

Escalón, s. m. a step.—*Escalón*, a degree of preferment.—*Escalón*, s. m. he who scales houses.

Escámas, s. f. pl. the scales of a fish.

Escamadura, s. f. scaling of fish.

Escamar, v. a. to scale fish.

Escambranas, s. f. pl. vide Escambrongs.

Escambronera, s. f. a bramble.

Escambrones, s. m. pl. brambles.

Escambróna, adj. vide Escabroso.

Escamfillo, s. m. vide Scamfillo.

Escamóchos, s. m. pl. fragments; broken meat, leavings.—*No arriendo tus escamóchos*, f. fam. I will not give a pin for what you esteem so much.

Escamondar, v. a. to peel, cleanse, pare.

Escamonea, s. f. the herb scammony.

Escapontearse, v. r. to be fearful to do, or refuse to do what another commands.

Escamoso, adj. scaly, like fish.

Escampar, v. n. to give over raining; also to escape.

Escampamento, s. m. escaping, ceasing to rain; accidentally it signified scattering.

Escámpe, s. m. as, *dar escámpe*, to give way for one to escape.

Escancia, s. f. skinking, filling out liquor to drink.

Escanciador, s. m. the person who bears the cup, cup-bearer, one who fills out liquor to drink.

Escanciáno, s. m. a skinker, he that fills out liquor to drink, a butler.

Escánda, s. f. a sort of large wheat, which makes very white bread.

Escandál, s. m. the sounding lead at sea.

Escandalizador, s. m. the person who scandalizes or gives offence.

Escandalizar, v. a. to scanda-

lize, to give scandal, to give offence.

Escandalizativo, adj. giving offence or scandal.

Escandállo, s. m. the sounding plummet at sea.

Escándalo, s. m. a scandal.

Escandalosamente, adv. scandalously, basely, meanly.

Escandaloso, adj. scandalous, that gives scandal.

Escandecer, v. a. to make warm or angry, to irritate.

Escandecencia, s. f. anger, passion.

Escandelar, s. m. a cabin in the midst of a galley.

Escandelarete, s. m. a little cabin in the midst of a galley.

Escándia, s. f. the finest wheat.

Escandir, v. a. to scan verses; that is, to measure them by the feet.

Escaña, s. f. vide Escandia.

Escáño, s. m. a bench.

Escanción, s. f. scanning of verses, measuring them by the feet.

Escapada, s. f. an escape.

Escapar, v. n. to escape, to get away.

Escapárate, s. m. desk, cupboard, press; a kind of wooden case or frame for cloaths, and other uses.

Escapatória, s. f. escape, evasion.

Escápe, s. m. escape, evasion, flight.

Escápo, s. m. the scapus, shaft, or body of a column.

Escapulario, s. m. a scapulary, a piece of stuff worn by some religious order, hanging down before and behind from the neck to the feet.

Escaqueado, adj. belonging to chequer-work.

Escaquear, v. a. to play at chess.

Escaques, s. m. chequers, as those of a chess or draught-board.

Escára, s. f. a stony substance growing in the sea, with a root shooting out leaves.

Escára, s. f. a scab of a sore.

Escarabajar, v. n. to be always in motion; also to write very bad.

Escarabájo, s. m. an insect called a beetle; a short ugly person.—*Escarabájos*, in gunnery, holes in the metal and in the interior part of a gun, which is a fault in casting, and makes it dangerous to fire

them.—*Hacer escarabájos*, to scribble, to make pot-hooks and hangers in writing.

Escarabajuelo, s. m. a little insect that destroys the vineyards.

Escarabújo, s. m. the plant wild eglantine, or dog-bramble; also the shell-fish called limpet; also a scrap, a shred; or any small broken meat or other thing.

Escaramúza, s. f. a skirmish, a slight fight.

Escaramuzador, s. m. one that skirmishes, a skirmisher.

Escaramuzar, v. n. to skirmish, to fight loosely.

Escarapela, s. f. a fray among women or base people, where there are no weapons but their hands, cuffing and scratching; also a cockade.

Escarapelarse, v. r. to quarrel, to make a fray.

Escarapulla, s. f. (obs.) vide Escarapela.

Escarbár, v. a. vide Escarvar.

Escarzár, v. a. to take the honey from the bees.

Escarcela, s. f. a satchel, a pouch, or bag; also the armour from the waist to the thighs.

Escarcelar, v. a. to put into a pouch or bag.

Escarcelón, s. m. a great satchel, pouch, or bag.

Escarceos, s. m. a turning round about, a prancing about as horses do.

Escarcha, s. f. hoar-frost.

Escarchado, adj. that is crisp and crackles.

Escarchar, v. n. to nip or cover with hoar-frost.

Escarcho, s. m. a red fish with a large head resembling a cat's.

Escarchuñar, v. a. to search strictly, to inquire narrowly.

Escarcina, s. f. a short broad crooked sword.

Escarcinazo, s. m. a blow given with the *escarcina*.

Escárda, s. f. a weed-hook.

Escardadera, s. f. the woman who weeds.

Escardado, da, p. p. from *escardar*.—*El pan bien escardado*, *hínche la troxa á su amo*, ref. corn well managed fills the granary.

Escardadora, s. m. a raker or weeder.

Escaradura, s. f. a raking or weeding.

Escardar, v. a. to rake, to weed.

Escárdas, s. f. pl. the weeds that

are taken out from among corn.

Escardilla, s. f. a little weed-hook.

Escardillo, s. m. a rake, or a weed-hook.

Escárizar, v. a. to take off the scab of a sore.

Escarlata, s. f. scarlet.

Escarlata, s. m. a sort of scarlet.

Escarmenador, s. m. the person, who picks the wool to clean it.

Escarmenar, v. a. to clean or pick the wool.

Escarmentado, da, p. p. from *escarmentar*.—*El escarmentado, busca el vado: ó el escarmentado, bien conoce el vado*, ref. to take warning by experience.

Escarmentar, v. n. to take warning by what one sees or experiences.

Escarmiento, s. m. warning taken by punishment or experience.

Escarnecedor, s. m. a scoffer.

Escarnecer, v. a. to scoff, to scorn, to abuse.

Escarnecimiento, s. m. scoffing, scorn, abusing.

Escarnidor de agua, s. m. an hour-glass that runs water.

Escárnio, contempt, scoff, scorn, abuse, mock.

Escarnir, v. a. (obs.) vide *Escarnecer*.

Escáro, s. m. a fish so called.

Escarola, s. f. the herb endive.

Escarolado, adj. of the endive colour, that has the form of endive.

Escarpa, s. f. the scarp or slope of any work in fortification.

Escarpado, adj. sloped, made with a slope in fortification.

Escarpia, s. m. a tenter hook; (in cant) an ear.

Escarpiar, v. a. to make fast with tenter-hooks.

Escarpidor, s. m. a great toothed comb.

Escarpín, s. m. a sock.

Escarvadéro, s. m. the place where the wild boars whet their tusks.

Escarvadiétes, s. m. a tooth-scraper.

Escarvador, s. m. a scraper, a rater; also a shoe-maker's cutting knife.

Escarvadora, s. f. a scraping, raking, or scratching.

Escáva-Orejas, s. m. an ear-picker.

Escarvar, v. a. to scrape, rake, or scratch.—Prov. *Muchas veces el que escarva, la queno querria hilla*, very often he that rakes finds what he does not desire; that is, inquisitive people hear more than they care for.

Escarvidor, s. m. a watering-pot for a garden.

Escárza, s. f. a wound made in horses feet with a thorn, called so by the horse-doctors.

Escarzaдор, s. m. (obs.) an archer, a bowman.

Escasamente, adv. sparingly, niggardly, scantily.

Escascar, v. a. to give sparingly.

Escaséz, s. f. scarcity, niggardliness, scantiness.

Escáso, adj. scarce, niggardly, scanty.

Escatina, s. f. a haggling hard in buying.

Escatimar, v. a. to haggle hard in buying, to pinch and lessen what one designs to give, to diminish.—*Escatimar*, to jeer, to scoff; to give with an ill will.

Escatimosamente, adv. maliciously, in an offensive manner, spitefully.

Escáva de árboles, the laying open of the roots of trees.

Escavar, v. a. to lay open the roots of trees.

Escavêche, s. m. vide *Escabeche*.

Escavél, s. m. vide *Escabel*.

Escaupil, s. m. a sort of armour made of cotton, used formerly in the West Indies against the Indian arrows.

Escder, v. a. to exceed, to surpass, to excel.

Escéna, s. f. a scene.

Escenografía, s. f. a representation of a scene, the draught of a whole house, front, sides, and all.

Escéla, s. f. a schedule, or inventory of goods, &c. annexed to a will, lease, or deed, which contains some particulars omitted in the main writing.

Escarecer, v. n. to grow light, to grow famous or renowned.

Escarrocadamente, adv. famously, nobly, illustriously.

Escarecimiento, s. m. fame, renown, clearness, brightness.

Escáva, s. f. a woman-slave.

Escavillos, s. m. a little slave.

Escavín, s. m. a magistrate of a town, like a sheriff.

Esclavina, s. f. a short mantle, which pilgrims wear.

Esclavitud, s. f. slavery, servitude, bondage.

Esclávo, s. m. a slave.

Esclavônia, s. f. slavery.

Esclerótica, s. f. a tunic or coat of the eye, of a horny substance, including the watery humour.

Esclúsa, s. f. a sluice or flood-gate.

Esclusilla, s. f. diminutive of *esclusa*.

Escoba, s. f. a broom.—Prov. *Quíndo náce la escoba, náce el asno que la róa*, when the broom sprouts out, the ass is foaled that is to gnaw it; that is, whenever nature produces a thing, though never so mean, it produces another that is to make use of it. Whenever a very deformed female comes into the world, nature produces a male for it. There is not so bad a Jack, but there is as bad a Jill.

Escobada, s. f. a sweeping with the broom.

Escobájo de úvas, the stalks of a bunch of grapes, after the grapes are taken off.

Escobár, v. a. to sweep, to brush.

—*Escobár*, s. m. the place where the broom grows.—*La primera muger escoba, la segunda señora*, ref. the first wife sweeps, the second is a lady.—*El día que no escobé vino quien no pensé*, ref. the day that I did not sweep the house strangers came.

Escobázo, s. m. a blow with a broom.

Escobénes, s. m. pl. the hawser, the great round holes before, under the head of the ship, through which the cables pass, when the ship is anchored.

Escobéro, s. m. a broom-man.

Escobilla, s. f. a broom, a little broom; also the dross or filings of metal.—Prov. *Con escobilla el paño, y la seda con la mano*, clean cloth with a brush, and silk with your hand.

Escobillar, v. a. to brush.

Escobón, s. m. a broom like our birch-broom, kept for the foulest uses, as washing of nasty pots and the like.

Escocer, v. n. to smart.

Escocimiento, s. m. smart, pain.



**Escóda**, s. f. a mason's chissel to cut stones.  
**Escolár**, v. a. to hew stones.  
**Escodilla**, s. f. a porringer.  
**Escodillar**, v. a. to pour into a porringer, to take out pottage in a porringer.  
**Escodriñadúra**, s. f. }  
**Escodrinamiento**, s. m. } a searching or enquiring into.  
**Escodrinár**, v. a. to search into, to enquire into.  
**Escófia**, s. f. a coif.  
**Escofiado**, adj. coifed.  
**Escofieta**, s. f. a little coif or head-dress.  
**Escolina**, s. f. a rasp for wood.  
**Escolinár**, v. a. to rasp.  
**Escotón**, s. m. a great coif.  
**Escogencia**, s. f. choice, election.  
**Escoger**, v. a. to chuse.—*A quien dan, no escoge*, *réf.* when any thing is given, there is no choice.  
**Escogidamente**, adv. by choice, by election; also perfectly, nicely.  
**Escogimiento**, s. m. a chusing.  
**Escolano**, s. m. the sacristan; he who has the charge of the vestments and holy vessels of the church.  
**Escolár**, s. m. a scholar, a student, one that goes to school.—*Escolarse*, v. r. to slide or slip away.  
**Escolasticamente**, adv. scholar-like.  
**Escolástico**, adj. belonging to a scholar or school; scholastic.  
**Escoliadór**, s. m. a scholast, a writer of explanatory notes.  
**Escoliar**, v. a. to make a gloss or comment.  
**Escolimoso**, adj. ill-natured, rough, intractable.  
**Escólio**, s. m. annotation, comment upon some book.  
**Escólo**, s. m. a cliff, a rock, any place that is dangerous.  
**Escolopendra**, s. f. an insect, or sort of worm, with abundance of feet; also a fish that is somewhat like the said insect, also the herb spleenwort or milwort.  
**Escolta**, s. f. a convoy, a guard from place to place; (in cant) a thief that stands ready to help off another that steals.  
**Escoltár**, v. a. to convoy.  
**Escombrár**, v. a. to cleanse, to lay open, to clear.  
**Escómbro**, s. m. the sweepings of an house; the chips and

and whittlings of wood; all small sticks, leaves or sprigs that fall from trees; all things of no value; riffraff; also a fish so called.  
**Escomearse**, v. r. to let the urine pass without being able to stop it.  
**Escomezár**, v. a. to begin,  
**Escomerse**, v. r. to be consumed by degrees, as iron, &c.  
**Escomesa**, s. f. an assault, an attack.  
**Escónc**, s. m. a corner, an angle.  
**Escondedéro**, s. m. hiding place, a lurking corner.  
**Escondido**, a hiding place, a lurking corner.  
**Escondér**, v. a. to hide.—*Tira la piedra, y esconde la mano*, f. (metaph.) he throws the stones, and hides his hand.  
**Escondidamente**, adv. hiddenly, privily, secretly.—*A escondidas*, adv. hiddenly, secretly, privily.  
**Escondidillo**, adj. hidden, privy, secret.  
**Escondijo**, s. m. a hiding place, a lurking corner.  
**Escondimiento**, s. m. a hiding.  
**Escondrío**, s. m. a hiding place, a lurking corner.  
**Escopedina**, s. f. spittle.  
**Escopeta**, s. f. a fowling-piece, or firelock.  
**Escopetazo**, s. m. a shot of a firelock or fowling piece.  
**Escopetár**, v. a. to shoot with a fowling piece or firelock.  
**Escopeteria**, s. f. the militia.  
**Escopetero**, s. m. a fowler, a firelockman.  
**Escopetina**, } s. f. spittle.  
**Escopidura**, }  
**Escopir**, v. n. to spit.  
**Escopitajo**, s. m. spittle.  
**Escopleadura**, s. f. the hole made with a chissel.  
**Escopleár**, v. a. to work with a chissel.  
**Escóplo**, s. m. a chissel; at sea a scraper, such as they use to scrape the decks.  
**Escópo**, s. m. a mark, butt, or spot that men shoot at; the white; also an end, aim, purpose, scope.  
**Escorár**, v. a. to make fast, to belay a rope; a sea-term.  
**Escorchapín**, s. m. a sort of small vessel or bark, used in some parts of Spain.  
**Escorciar**, v. a. in painting, to shorten.

**Escórche**, s. m. what is fore-shortened in painting.  
**Escórdio**, s. m. an herb, water-germander.  
**Escória**, s. f. dross of any metal; any trash.  
**Escorial**, s. m. a place where the dross of metal is cast out.  
**Escorpióide**, s. f. an herb like a scorpion's tail, good against the sting of that venomous creature.  
**Escorpina**, s. f. a kind of sea-fish like a scorpion.  
**Escorpión**, s. m. a scorpion, a venomous insect; also a sort of fish called by this name; also the celestial sign or constellation Scorpio.—*Escorpión*, s. m. a scourge.  
**Escurrécho**, adj. (obs.) ready, prepared.  
**Escorzado**, adj. lively, cheerful.  
**Escorzo**, s. m. among painters, the figure of a man with one part of the body contracted, and the other extended.  
**Escorzár**, v. a. to draw odd figures, with some limbs contracted and others extended.  
**Escórzo**, s. m. in painting, the contraction of the body in perspective.  
**Escorzonera**, s. f. the herb vipersgrass.  
**Escorbuto**, s. m. the scurvy.  
**Escoscarse**, v. r. to scratch one's self by shrugging up and working the shoulders.  
**Escóta**, s. f. a rope in the ship called the tack.  
**Escotadura**, s. f. a hollowing away about the neck; also paying a shot or reckoning.  
**Escotár**, v. a. to hollow a garment about the neck; also to pay a shot or reckoning.—*Gran placer? no escotar, y bien comer*, great pleasure? to live well at another's expense.  
**Escóte**, s. m. the shaping or hollowing a garment about the neck; also a shot or reckoning.  
**Escotero**, adj. free, without embarrassment.  
**Escotilla**, s. f. the hatches of a ship.  
**Escotillon**, s. m. an aperture in the boards on a theatre.  
**Escotines**, s. m. two large ropes made fast to the mainmast.  
**Escotista**, s. m. a Scotist, a fol-

lower of the doctrine of Scotus.

Escova, s. f. vide Escoba.

Escovar, v. a. vide Escobar.

Escovènes, s. m. pl. the hawses, being the great round holes before, under the head of the ship, through which the cables pass when the ship is at an anchor.

Escozór, s. m. the itching of a wound.

Escrámo, s. m. a little hand-dart or lance.

Escremento, s. m. excrement.

Escriba, s. m. a scribe, a writer, a clerk.

Escribânia, s. f. the scrivener's office.

Escribano, s. m. vide Escrivano.

Escribiente, s. m. an amanuensis, or one who writes what another dictates.

Escribir, v. a. to write.—*Escribe antes que des, y recibe antes que escribas*, ref. write down before you give, and receive before you write.

Escrino, s. m. a large basket or hamper.

Escritillas, s. f. pl. lamb-stones.

Escrito, s. m. a writing.—*Referirse a lo escrito*, to refer to that which is under black and white, and not trust to memory.—*Tomar por escrito*, to set down in writing.—*Melón escrito*, a melon that has the rind full of yellow streaks.—*Trabarlo escrito en la frente*, to have a thing wrote on one's forehead; that is, to discover one's sentiments by one's looks.

Escrito, Escrita, p. p. from *escribir*.

Escrítór, s. m. a writer, an author.

Escritorillo, s. m. a little desk or closet to write in.

Escrítório, s. m. a scrutoire, a desk, a closet to write in, a scrivener's shop.

Escrítúra, s. f. a writing.—*Escrítúra publica*, a record or an instrument made before any notary.—*Escrítúra sagrada*, the Holy Bible, holy writ.

Escríturar, v. a. to insure with a legal writing.

Escríturário, s. m. one that professes reading and expounding holy writ.

Escrivânia, s. f. a desk to write on, a standish.

Escrivânia, s. m. a scrivener, a notary, a secretary, a clerk; also an officer who, when any criminal is apprehended, presently draws up his offence, with all the circumstances in form. In general, this name belongs to all men that can write and read as we call a man a clerk.

Escriviente, s. m. a clerk, one that writes under another.

Escrivir, v. a. to write.—*Prov. Escribe antes que des y recibe antes que escribas*, write before give, and take before you write; that is a receipt.

Escrocón, s. m. (obs.) a coat of arms.

Escrupuleár, v. n. to be nice, to raise many scruples, to make doubts.

Escrupulizar, v. n. to raise a scruple or doubt.

Escrúpulo, s. m. a scruple, a doubt, a nicety; also a scruple, or the third part of a dram in weight.

Escrupulosamente, adv. scrupulously, doubtfully.

Escrupulosád, s. f. scrupulosity, fear of acting in any manner, tenderness of conscience.

Escrupuloso, adj. one that is troubled with scruples; a nice, or a precise person.

Escrutiniádór, s. m. a scrutator, enquirer, searcher, examiner.

Escrutinio, s. m. a scrutiny, the examining at an election who has the most voices.

Escúcha, s. f. a sentinel, or scout that lies to listen to the enemy's motions.

Escuchadéra, s. f. a nun that stands by when another has leave to talk with any body, to hear all that is said.

Escuchadór, s. m. one who hearkens with attention.—*Aunque el hablador sea loco, el escuchador sea cuerdo*, ref. although the talkative person may be imprudent, he who hearkens to him with attention may be wise.

Escuchante, s. m. one who listens or hearkens.

Escuchar, v. a. to listen, to hearken.

Escudar, v. a. to shield, to cover with a shield.

Escuderage, s. m. the service of an esquire.

Escudereár, v. a. to serve as an *escudero* or esquire.

Escudería, s. f. the service or office of an esquire.

Escuderil, adj. belonging to an esquire or servant.

Escuderilmente, adv. esquire-like.

Escudéro, s. m. an esquire; a servant that waits on a lady. They were formerly poor gentlemen that waited on the nobility, like our ancient esquires, and were so called from *escudo*, a shield, because they carried their master's buckler or shield.—*Donde fuiste page, no seas escudero*, ref. where you was once a page, do not now be an esquire.

Escuderón, s. m. augm. of *escudero*.

Escudete, s. m. a little shield, the escutcheon of a door, a small escutcheon of arms; the water-lily.—*Enocerir de escudete*, to inoculate.

Escudilla, s. f. a porringer.

Escudillar, v. a. to take out pottage in porringers, to distribute by porringers.—*Prov. En el escudillar verás quien te quiere bien, y quien te quiere mal*, you will perceive by the dealing about the porringer who loves you well, and who does not. People's affections are discovered by their liberality.

Escudillo, s. m. a little shield.

Escúdo, s. m. a shield, a buckler; a crown piece of money; also an escutcheon of arms.

Escrudiniádór, s. m. a searcher, one that pries into, or discusses.

Escrudiniamiento, s. m. a searching, or enquiring into.

Escrudriár, v. a. to search, to pry into, to look narrowly, to discuss.

Escuela, s. f. a school.

Escuérzo, s. m. a toad.

Escueto, adj. bare, naked, open, without any incumbrance; also slender.

Escúica, s. f. a spy, or scout.

Esculcar, v. a. to search, to inquire.

Escullirse, v. r. to slip, to slide.

Esculpidór, s. m. a carver.

Esculpidúra, s. f. carving.

Esculpir, v. a. to carve.

Esculto, adj. carved.

Escultór, s. m. a carver.

Escultúra, s. f. carved work, the art of carving sculpture.



**Escúma**, s. f. scum, froth, foam.  
**Escumar**, v. a. to skim.  
**Escupidera**, s. f. } a spitting  
**Escupidéro**, s. m. } dish.—  
*Apartarse del escupidero*, f. (metaph.) to avoid the danger.  
**Escupidór** one that spits.  
**Escupidúra**, s. f. a spitting; also the breaking out of a disease in any part of the body in scabs and blotches.  
**Escupir**, v. a. to spit.—*Quando Dios queria, állen la barba me escupia, a hora que no puedo, escupome aqui luego*; ref. when I was poor, every one despised me; now that I am rich, every one flatters me.  
**Escuraménte**, adv. darkly, obscurely.  
**Escurar**, v. a. to clean the cloth from the oil after it is wove.—*A escuras*, in the dark.  
**Escurecer**, v. n. to darken, to grow dark, to blemish, to shadow deep in painting.  
**Escurecimiento**, s. m. a darkening or growing dark.  
**Escureza**, s. f. darkness, obscurity.  
**Escuribánda**, s. f. vide **Escuribanda**.  
**Escuridáda**, s. f. darkness, obscurity.  
**Escurina**, s. f. idem.  
**Escuro**, adj. dark, obscure.—*Escuro como la noche*, as dark as night.—*Escuro como boca de lobo*, as dark as pitch.  
**Escurribánda**, s. f. a sudden assault, an irruption, a breaking loose.  
**Escurridiza**, adj. that is easy to slip or slide.  
**Escurridúras**, s. f. pl. the drainings, or dripping of vessels.  
**Escurrímbres**, s. m. pl. vide **Escurriduras**.  
**Escurrir**, v. a. to drain a vessel of the liquor left in it.  
**Escusa**, s. f. an excuse.  
**Escusabarájas**, s. f. a white wicker basket with a cover, and two nooses to it, the one on the cover, and the other before, to put a padlock on.  
**Excusable**, adj. excuseable, that may be excused.  
**Excusación**, s. f. an excuse.  
**Excusáda**, adj. needless; also a subsidy granted to the king of Spain by the pope out of the church revenues, being the tenth of the tythes.

Among soldiers, *escusado* is one excused other duty, on account of standing sentinel on an advanced post.  
**Excusador**, s. m. an excuser.  
**Excusalín**, s. m. a little short apron.  
**Excusár**, v. a. to excuse; also to save, to avoid.—*Excusir pleitos*, to prevent quarrels, or law-suits.  
**Escútas**, s. f. } vide **Escotillón**, s. m. } tilla.  
**Esdruxúlo**, adj. slippery: said of verse which always ends with dactyls, or words that have the accent on the antepenultima.  
**Esecución**, s. f. execution.  
**Esecutar**, v. a. to execute, to perform.  
**Esecutór**, s. m. he that executes or performs.  
**Esegutória**, s. f. vide **Executoria**.  
**Esencia**, s. f. vide **Essencia**.  
**Esencial**, adj. vide **Essencial**.  
**Essención**, s. f. exemption, freedom.  
**Esentar**, v. a. to exempt, to make free.  
**Esento**, adj. exempt, free; also open and free from incumbrance; also bold, impudent, shameless; also not subject to the common court of judicature; also that has no bill to command it.  
**Esquiás**, s. f. pl. funeral rites or obsequies.  
**Esfera**, s. f. a sphere; the whole fabrick of the earth and heavens.  
**Esférico**, s. f. spherical.  
**Esfiláda**, s. f. a running out of rank or file; also filing off.  
**Esfinge**, s. f. sphinx, a monster poets feigned.  
**Esfogar**, v. n. to give one's passion leisure to cool, to vent one's passion.  
**Esforrocinos**, s. m. a branch of a vine that grows out of a twist or forked bough.  
**Esforzadamente**, adv. bravely, courageously, strongly.  
**Esforzádo**, s. m. a volume of the civil law, so called, which treats chiefly of last wills and testaments.—*Esforzádo*, adj. strong, valiant.—*Caldo esforzádo*, strong broth.  
**Esforzár**, v. a. to strengthen, to encourage, to take courage.  
**Esfuérzo**, s. m. courage, valeur.

—*Hacer el ultimo esfuerzo*, f. to do every thing that is in our power.  
**Esfumádo**, s. m. a first sketch made with a black lead pencil.  
**Esgambéte**, s. m. a step in dancing so called.  
**Esgotamiento**, s. m. a draining to the last drop.  
**Esgotar**, v. a. to drain to the last drop.  
**Esgremir**, v. a. vide **Esgrimir**.  
**Esgrima**, s. f. fencing.—*Maestro de esgrima*, s. m. a fencing-master.  
**Esgrimidór**, s. m. a fencer.  
**Esgrimadúra**, s. f. fencing.  
**Esgrimir**, v. a. to fence.  
**Esguazáble**, adj. fordable, that may be passed.  
**Esguazar**, v. a. to drain a bog, marsh or watery place; also to pass or ford a river.  
**Esguázo**, s. m. the draining of a bog, marsh, or watery place, or fording a river.  
**Esquince**, s. m. the motion of the body in slipping away from a blow; also a token of displeasure known by a particular motion or gesture.  
**Esguizáro**, s. m. a Swiss; also a mean, despicable, contemptible, and ignorant fellow.  
**Eslabón**, s. m. a steel to strike fire; also a link of a chain.  
**Eslabonador**, s. m. one that links together; also a pimp.  
**Eslabonar**, v. a. to link together.  
**Eslador**, s. m. an elector. (Obs.)  
**Eslatido**, s. m. vide **Estallido**.  
**Eslavón**, s. m. vide **Eslabon**.  
**Esleidor**, s. m. an elector.  
**Esleir**, v. a. (obs.) to elect.  
**Esloria**, s. f. the length of a ship from the stem to the stern-post, upon the deck.  
**Esmaltador**, s. m. an enameller.  
**Esmaltadúra**, s. f. enamel.  
**Esmaltár**, v. a. to enamel.  
**Esmálte**, s. m. enamel.  
**Esmarcházo**, s. m. a ruffian, a bravo.  
**Esmerado**, adj. neat, fine, choice, bright, excellent.  
**Esmerálda**, s. m. the green precious stone called an emerald.  
**Esmerarse**, v. r. to excel, to surpass, to be neat, to carry one's self above others.

**Esmercón, s. m.** a bird called an osprey.

**Esmeril, s. m.** emery, a stone to polish jewels and metals with; a grindstone; a small gun like a *pedrero*, called a base.

**Esmerilado, adj.** polished with emery.

**Esmero, s. m.** care, diligence, attention in doing any thing.

**Esophágo, s. m.** the mouth of the stomach, the gullet, the wind-pipe.

**Esortación, s. f.** vide *Exhortación*.

**Esortar, v. a.** vide *Exhortar*.

**Espabiladeras, s. f. pl.** snuffers.

**Espabilar, v. a.** to snuff the candles.

**Espaciamiento, s. m.** dilatation, spreading.

**Españar, v. a.** to dilate, to expand, spread abroad.—*Españarse, v. r.* to walk, to take the air.

**Espáquio, adj.** mournful, dismal, sad, unlucky.

**Espáquio, s. m.** space, distance, leisure.

**Espaciosamente, adv.** leisurely, slowly, easily.

**Espaciosidad, s. f.** dilatation, expansion, spaciousness.

**Espacioso, adj.** slow; also large.

**Espada, s. f.** a sword.—*Espada negra*, a foil, such as is used in fencing.—*Espada blanco, s. f.* a common sword.—*Entrar con espada en mano, f.* (metaph.) to attack another sword in hand.—*Es una buena espada, f.* he is a good fencer.—*Sacar la espada por otra, f.* (metaph.) to defend any one.—*Espada virgen*, a maiden sword, that was never drawn.—*Prov. A quien no le basta, espada, y corazón, no le bastarán corazon, y lanza*, he that has not enough with a sword and heart, will not be secured by armour and spear; that is, he who has a sword and goes home to fetch a better, will never come again.

**Espadachín, s. m.** a bully that loves to be always in broils, a ruffian. Sometimes a sword-dancer.

**Espadada, s.** a blow with a sword.

**Espadado, adj.** girt with a sword.

**Espadador, s. m.** one who beats hemp.

**Espadaña, s. f.** the common flags that grow in watery places.

**Espadañada, s. f.** a blow given by the violence of water.

**Espadañar, v. a.** to divide, to separate any thing in narrow slips.—*Espadañar, s. m.* a place where flags grow.

**Espadar, v. a.** to beat flax.

**Espadarte, s. m.** a sword-fish.

**Espadas, s. f. pl.** the suit at cards called spades.

**Espadería, s. f.** a sword-cutter's shop.

**Espadero, s. m.** a sword-cutter.

**Espadilla, s. f.** a little sword, such as children wear; also the ace of spaces at cards; the stake with which they bruise hemp to get off the reed before it is beaten.

**Espadillar, v. a.** to bruise or beat hemp.

**Espadillazo, s. m.** a term in the game of *hombre*.

**Espadin, s. m.** a sword that is commonly worn.

**Espadón, s. m.** an eunuch.

**Espaladinar, v. a.** (obs.) to declare, to make public.

**Espalda, s. f.** a shoulder, the back.—*Espalda de carnero*, a shoulder of mutton.—*Espalda de baluarte*, the espaule of a bastion.—*Espaldas de molinero*, a miller's back or shoulders, a strong back.—*Guardar a uno las espaldas, f.* (metaph.) to protect any one.—*Hacer espaldas*, to back a man, to secure his retreat, to stand by him.—*Volcar las espaldas*, to turn one's back, to forsake; to run away.—*Echar a las espaldas*, to forget, to make slight of.—*A las espaldas de la casa*, behind the house.

**Espaldar, s. m.** armour for the back, the backpiece.—*Espaldar de silla ó vinco*, the back of a chair or bench.

**Espaldares, s. m. pl.** long, narrow slips of tapestry, so called, because they did not reach to the top or bottom, but so far as a man might lean against them.

**Espaldarazo, s. m.** a stroke across the back or shoulders.—*Dar espaldarazo a la horca*, to be hanged.

**Espalderetes, s. m. pl.** the pouldrons of armour.

**Espalderes, s. m. pl.** the hindmost rows in a galley.

**Espaldilla, s. f.** a shoulder-blade.

**Espalditendido, adv.** broad-shouldered.

**Espaldudamente, adv.** rustically, clownishly.

**Espaldudo, adj.** broad-shouldered.

**Espalla, s. f.** (obs.) for *espálda*, the back.

**Espalmar, v. a.** to careen a ship or other vessel.

**Espamarse, v. r.** to be troubled with convulsions in the nerves.

**Espanajones, s. m.** a sort of stuffs called cheneyes.

**Espancimiento, s. m.** extension, expansion.

**Espandir, v. a.** to expand, to extend, stretch out.—*Espandirse, v. r.* to extend, to dilate, to expand.

**Españolado, adj.** turned Spaniard, or like Spanish.

**Españoleries, s. f.** custom and genius of the Spaniards.

**Españolizar, v. a.** to translate into Spanish.

**Espantable, adj.** frightful, horrible.

**Espantablemente, adv.** terribly, horribly, frightfully.

**Espantadizo, adj.** subject to be frightened; a starting horse.

**Espantador, s. m.** one who puts in fear or terrifies.

**Espantajo, s. m.** a scare-crow, a bugbear.—*Espantajo, s. m.* one who makes grimaces, to frighten another.

**Espantalóbo, s. m.** the herb called scarewolf.

**Espantar, v. a.** to fright, to scare, to cause admiration, to astonish.—*Espantarse, v. r.* to be amazed, to be astonished.—*Prov. Ni fea que espante, ni hermosa que mite*, not so ugly as to be frightful, not so beautiful as to kill.

Advice for eluding a wife, that she be not deformed to make her husband out of conceit with her; nor yet so beautiful, that all men may be in love with her.

**Espanto, s. m.** fright, admiration.

**Espantosamente, adv.** frightfully, wonderfully.

**Espantoso, adj.** frightful, wonderful.

**Espár, s. m.** a sweet smelling drug.

**Esparaván, s. m.** a bird called a heron.—*Esparaván, s. m.* a spavin in a horse.



**Esparavél, s. m.** a sort of net, particularly one used to catch sparrow hawks.  
**Espare daménte, adv.** in a scattered manner.  
**Esparcimíento, s. m.** the act of scattering, or spilling.  
**Esparcir, v. a.** to spread, to scatter.  
**Esparragádo, s. m.** a soup or pottage made with asparagus.  
**—Esparragádo, adj.** belonging to asparagus.  
**Esparrágo, s. m.** asparagus.—*Sólo como espárrago, as solitary as asparagus, because every one of them springs up by itself.*  
**Esparraguéra, s. f.** a bed or spot of ground where asparagus grows.  
**Esparramár, v. a.** vide Desparar.  
**Esparrancarse, v. r.** to straddle, to stride out of measure.  
**Esparsión, s. f.** scattering or sprinkling.  
**Espartenéro, adj.** of or belonging to broom.  
**Espartéña, s. f.** a buskin made of *esparto*.  
**Espartería, s. f.** the streets of a place where those that make mats, ropes, or baskets, &c. of *esparto*, live.  
**Espartéro, s. m.** one that makes mats, ropes, or baskets of *esparto*.  
**Espartizál, s. m.** the place where the *esparto* grows.  
**Esparto, s. m.** a kind of rush so called.  
**Esparvél, s. m.** a sparrow hawk.  
**Espasmár, v. a.** (obs.) vide Pasmar.  
**Espásmo, s. m.** vide Pasma.  
**Espátula, s. f.** the shoulder-blade; also a spatula, such as surgeons use to spread plasters.  
**Espaventár, v. a.** vide Espantar.  
**Espavilar, v. a.** vide Despavilar.  
**Espavorecer, v. a.** to fear, to be frightened, to be feared.  
**Especería, s. f.** spicery; a shop where spice is sold.  
**Espécia, s. f.** spice.  
**Espécial, adj.** special, principal, chief.  
**Especialidad, s. f.** singularity, a particular qualification.  
**Especialménte, adv.** especially.  
**Espécie, s. f.** species, kind.

**Especiería, s. f.** a place where spices are sold.  
**Especiéro, s. m.** a grocer, one that sells spices.  
**Especificación, s. f.** specification, particularising.  
**Especificadaménte, adv.** particularly!  
**Especificár, v. a.** to specify, to particularize.  
**Especificativo, adj.** specified, particularized.  
**Especifico, s. f.** what is of one species or substance.—*Específico, adj.* of one substance or species.  
**Especimén, s. m.** a specimen.  
**Especioso, adj.** done or performed with great care or art.  
**Espetáculo, s. m.** a spectacle.  
**Espectador, s. m.** a spectator.  
**Espéctro, s. m.** a ghost or apparition.  
**Especulación, s. f.** speculation, contemplation.  
**Especulador, s. m.** a speculative, contemplative, or prying person; a speculator, an observer, a contemplator.  
**Especular, v. a.** to speculate, to contemplate, to pry into, to watch.  
**Especulativa, s. f.** speculation, mental view, intellectual examination, contemplation.  
**Especulativamente, adv.** speculatively.  
**Especulativo, adj.** speculative, contemplative.  
**Espedición, s. f.** expedition, dispatch.  
**Espediénste, adj.** expedient, convenient.  
**Espedir, v. a.** to expedite, to dispatch.  
**Espejar, v. a.** to clear a place of people; to make as clean as a looking-glass.  
**Espejo, s. m.** a looking-glass.—*Prov. No hay mejor espejo que el amigo viejo, there is no better looking-glass than an old friend.*  
**Espejuelo, s. m.** a little looking glass; also a sort of mixture in fine mortar that glitters on the walls when the sun shines on it.  
**Espejuelos, s. m. pl.** spectacles.  
**Espejar, v. a.** to expel, to drive out.  
**Espeíta, s. f.** the grain called bare or beere.  
**Espelunca, s. f.** a cave or den.

**Espeluzamiénste, s. m.** the rising of the hair an end as in a fright.  
**Espeluzarse, v. r.** to be frightened, so that the hair stands an end.  
**Espelúzos, s. m. pl.** the hair standing an end; also shaking fits.  
**Espendér, v. a.** to spend, or lay out.  
**Espéque, s. m.** a hand-spike, a wooden lever used instead of an iron crow to traverse the ordnance, or to the windlass to heave up the anchor at sea.—*Espéque de la bomba, the pump-brake, the handle they pump with in ordinary pumps at sea.*  
**Espéra, s. f.** expectation, stay, demur, waiting.  
**Espérable, adj.** that is to be expected or hoped for.  
**Espérance, s. f.** (obs.) hope.  
**Espesador, s. m.** who hopes or expects.  
**Espéranza, s. f.** hope, expectation of some good.—*Prov. Mas vale buena esperanza que ruin posesión, a good hope is better than a bad possession.*  
**Espersanzár, v. a.** to give hopes.  
**Espesár, v. a.** to hope, also to stay, to expect.—*Prov. Quién espera, desespera, he that expects, despairs; that is, expectation makes a man uneasy.*  
**Esperezarse, v. r.** to stretch one's self after sleep, or in a lazy humour; also to shake off laziness.  
**Esperezo, s. m.** the act of stretching after sleep, or laziness.  
**Espérgécia, s. f.** a figure in rhetoric, when a sentence is explained or illustrated.  
**Espérido, adj.** weak, slender.  
**Espériega, s. f.** vide Asperiega.  
**Espériencia, s. f.** experience.—*Prov. La espériencia es madre de la ciencia, experience is the mother of knowledge.*  
**Espesimentár, v. a.** to experience.  
**Espesiménste, s. m.** an experiment.  
**Espérma, s. m.** sperm, the seed of any living creature.—*Espérma-ceti, sperma-coti, an unctuous substance drawn from the oil of large whales.*

**Espermático**, adj. of or belonging to the sperm or seed, or full of it.

**Espernada**, s. f. the last ring or link of any chain.

**Esperón**, s. m. the beak of a ship or galley.

**Esperónte**, s. m. a spur in fortification, being a little out-work.

**Esérito**, adj. vide *Experto*.

**Espeadura**, s. f. thickening.

**Espeamente**, adv. thickly; also frequently.

**Esesar**, v. a. to thicken, to condense.

**Eseseza**, s. f. thickness.

**Eséso**, adj. thick; also dirty, nasty.

**Esesor**, s. m. thickness.

**Esesura**, s. f. thickness; also a thicket or thick wood; also nastiness.

**Espetar**, v. a. to spit, to run through.—*Espetarse*, v. r. to be affected, to be proud, to carry one's self stiff or straight like a spit.

**Espetèra**, s. f. the rack over a chimney for spits or the like.

**Espète**, s. m. a spit; also a long fish called a spit-fish.

**Espetón**, s. m. a little spit; also a long pin.

**Espèra**, s. f. a sphere, a globe, an orbicular body; also heaven; also state, quality, condition.

**Espèricidad**, s. f. the state of being spherical.

**Espèrico**, adj. spherical, round like a sphere.

**Espèrista**, s. m. an astronomer.

**Espèroide**, s. f. a spheroid, a body oblong or oblate, approaching to the form of a sphere.—*Boveda espèroide*, a spheroidal vault.

**Espèinge**, s. f. a sphynx, a fabulous beast.

**Espia**, s. f. a spy.—*Espia doble*, a knave, that is a spy on both sides; one that takes money of both parties, and betrays both.

**Espiador**, s. m. a spy, scout.

**Espiar**, v. a. to spy, to observe, to watch.

**Esica Nardi**, s. f. the plant spikenard.

**Espichar**, v. a. to wound with the point.

**Eséphe**, s. m. all pointed arms.

**Eséga**, s. f. an ear of corn.

Among joiners it is a tenant, or that part of the wood which is let into the mortice.—*Espiga, para enzerir*, a scion or graft.

**Espigadèra**, } s. f. a woman-  
**Espigadóra**, } gleaner at harvest, a leazer.

**Espigadillo**, s. m. a dapper, upright fellow; any thing full of small ears.

**Espigado**, adj. straight, upright.

**Espigasil**, s. m. vide *Espeicardi*.

**Espigar**, v. a. to grow to an ear, as corn; also to glean or leaze corn after harvest.

**Espigo**, s. m. the herb lavender-spike.

**Espigón**, s. m. an ear of corn that is prickly with the beards or awns; also a thistle.—*Ir, ó llevar uno fuerte espigon*, f. (metaph.) to be greatly troubled, or afflicted.—*Espigon de ajo*, a head of garlick.

**Espillador**, s. m. (in cant.) a gamester.

**Espillantes**, s. m. pl. (in cant.) cards.

**Espillar**, v. a. (in cant.) to play, to take away.

**Espillo**, s. m. (in cant.) the thing taken away in gaming.

**Espilocheria**, s. f. cowardice, pusillanimity.

**Espilócho**, s. m. a poor shabby creature that has no house nor home.

**Espin**, s. m. vide *Puerco Espin*.

**Espina**, s. f. a thorn, a fish-bone; the prickle of any briar, bramble, or tree of that nature. (In cant.) suspicion.

—*Estar en espinas, ó tener en espinas, á uno*, f. (metaph.) to be in great misery and distress.—*No saques espinas donde no hay espigas*, ref. do not ask of those who have nothing to give.—*Espina de majuelas*, a barberry bush.—*Espinablanca*, a white-thorn.

**Espinaca**, s. f. the herb spinach.

**Espinadura**, s. the pricking of a thorn.

**Espinál**, adj. belonging to the back-bone.—*Espinál*, s. m. a place full of thorns.

**Espinár**, s. m. a place full of briars.—*Espinár*, v. a. to prick like a thorn; to give sharp language, to nettle.—*Espi-*

*narse*, v. r. to be nettled at sharp words, or the like.

**Espinazo**, s. m. the ridge-bone of the back of any creature.

**Espinél**, s. m. a rope or line set with hooks to catch fish.

**Espinela**, s. f. a sort of metrical composition, consisting of ten verses of eight syllables; also a kind of ruby.

**Espinéo**, adj. thorny, full of thorns.

**Espineta**, s. f. the musical instrument called a spinnet.

**Espingarda**, s. f. a small piece of artillery so called.

**Espingardero**, s. m. a musqueteer or fowler.

**Espinilla**, s. f. the shin-bone; also a small fish-bone, or small bone.

**Espinita**, s. f. diminutive of *espina*.

**Espino**, s. m. a thorn-tree.—*Espino majuelo*, the hawthorn-tree.

**Espinoso**, adj. thorny; full of fish-bones; also difficult, hard, not easy.

**Espión**, s. m. a spy.

**Espióte**, s. m. vide *Espuche*.

**Espira**, s. f. a winding spiral figure in geometry.

**Espirable**, adj. that can breath.

**Espiración**, s. f. a breathing; also the expiration or last breath.

**Espiráculo**, s. m. a breathing-place, a place to fetch wind at, a vent hole.

**Espiradero**, s. m. idem.

**Espirador**, s. m. who breathes.

**Espirál**, adj. that is winding or spiral.

**Espiramiento**, s. m. (obs.) vide *Espiracion*.

**Espirar**, v. a. to breathe; also to expire.

**Espirinque**, s. the fish called a smelt.

**Espiritado**, adj. possessed with an evil spirit.

**Espirital**, adj. spiritual.

**Espirítarse**, v. r. to be possessed with an evil spirit.

**Espirítillo**, s. m. diminutive of *espíritu*.

**Espiritosamente**, adv. cheerfully, courageously, boldly.

**Espiritoso**, adj. courageous, valiant, brave, magnanimous.

**Espirítu**, s. m. the breath, the spirit, the ghost.—*Espirito Santo*, s. m. the Holy Ghost.

**Espirituál**, adj. of, or belonging to a spirit.



**Espiritualidad**, s. f. spirituality.  
**Espiritualizár**, v. a. to spiritualize.  
**Espiritualmente**, adv. spiritually.  
**Espirituoso**, adj. sprightly, courageous, valiant.  
**Espita**, s. f. a tap for a cask; also a measure of a span.  
**Espital**, s. m. vide Hospital.  
**Esplanada**, s. f. the glacis of the counterscarp in fortification; the empty space between the glacis of a citadel and the first houses in the town.  
**Esplendente**, adj. shining.  
**Esplendidamente**, adv. splendidly, sumptuously, magnificently.  
**Esplendidez**, s. f. magnificence, sumptuousness.  
**Esplendido**, adj. splendid, magnificent, sumptuous.  
**Esplendor**, s. m. splendor, magnificence, greatness, brightness.  
**Esplendorear**, v. n. to shine, to cast forth a splendor.  
**Explicar**, v. a. vide Explicar.  
**Esplégo**, s. m. the sweet herb called lavender.  
**Esplorador**, s. m. a spy.  
**Esplorár**, v. a. to discover, to pry into.  
**Espódio**, s. m. a sort of red stone or earth, of which they make tiles.  
**Espolada**, s. f. a stroke with a spur.  
**Espolazo**, s. m. a stroke with a spur.—*A bocado haron espolado de vino*, ref. the horse will not go without the spur; hard eating will not digest without wine.  
**Espoleadura**, s. f. a spur-gall.  
**Espolear**, v. a. to spur; animate, incite, urge, provoke, excite or egg on.  
**Espoléta**, s. f. the touch hole of a bomb, granade, &c.  
**Espolín**, s. m. a weaver's shuttle; also a thin flowered silk.  
**Espolinado**, adj. weaved with flowers, a silk brocade.  
**Espolio**, s. m. spoils of war.  
**Espolista**, s. m. a renter of the spoils of dead prelates.  
**Espolón**, s. m. a cock's spur; the piles of a bridge which break off the force of the water; a spur in fortification, being a small outwork.  
**Espolenada**, s. f. (obs.) the run-

ning of horsemen upon the spur.  
**Espondéo**, s. m. a spondee, a foot in poetry consisting of two long syllables.  
**Espondil**, s. m. a whirl of a spindle; the white hard part that sticks to the shell of an oyster; a great round oyster; the joints in the chine or back of any creature.  
**Espondilio**, s. m. a cow parsnip.  
**Esponja**, s. f. a sponge; (metaph.) who gains another's friendship, and lives upon his property.—*Piedra esponja*, pumice-stone.  
**Esponjado**, adj. spongy, that will suck liquor like a sponge, or that has sucked in liquor.  
**Esponjadura**, s. f. soaking.  
**Esponjarse**, v. r. to grow spongy, to suck in liquor; (metaph.) to grow proud, vain, and haughty.  
**Esponjoso**, adj. spongy, that will suck in liquor.  
**Esponsales**, s. m. pl. espousals; the contract of betrothing.  
**Espontaneamente**, adv. spontaneously, voluntarily, of one's own accord.  
**Espontáneo**, adj. voluntary, of one's own accord.  
**Espontón**, s. m. the spike which captains carry.  
**Esportear**, v. a. to carry out in baskets, or measure by baskets.  
**Esportico**, s. m. } a little basket.  
**Esportilla**, s. f. } ket.  
**Esportillero**, s. m. a porter that plies with a basket; also a basket-maker.  
**Esportillo**, s. m. a basket to carry home necessities from market.  
**Esportón**, s. m. a great basket.  
**Esportula**, s. f. a fee paid to the officers of justice.  
**Espósa**, s. f. a spouse, a bride.—*Espósas*, s. f. pl. fetters, manacles, shackles, or hand-cuffs for prisoners.  
**Esposáyas**, s. f. pl. (obs.) a wedding.  
**Esposo**, s. m. a spouse, a bridegroom.  
**Espotático**, adj. (obs.) free, voluntary.  
**Espuela**, s. f. a spur; (metaph.) advice.—*Sentar la espuela*, f. to be grateful, or sensible of the advice.—*Espuelas, pára el yélo*, skais to slide on the ice.

—*Espuela de caballero*, the herb cumfrey, good against fluxes.—*Mozo de espuela*, a lackey, a footman.—*Tener las espuelas calzadas*, to be ready for a journey.—*Dar de espuelas*, to spur a horse.—*Arriar las espuelas*, to spur; to press on an affair that goes but slowly.  
**Espuérta**, s. f. a great basket.  
**Espulgadero**, s. m. the place where to go to kill fleas.  
**Espulgador**, s. m. who picks himself clean from fleas.  
**Espulgar**, v. a. to pick fleas; (metaph.) to search; to look out, to pry into another's secrets.  
**Espúlgo**, s. m. a cleansing from fleas.  
**Espuma**, s. f. scum, froth, foam.—*Prov. Creer como espuma*, to rise like froth; that is, to rise and be advanced very suddenly; (poet.) the sea, its waters, and waves.  
**Espumadera**, s. f. a ladle or skimmer to skim the pot with.  
**Espumajo**, s. m. vide Espuma.  
**Espumajoso**, adj. full of scum, foam, or froth.  
**Espumaóllas**, s. f. a pot-skimmer.  
**Espumar**, v. a. to skim, to take off the scum, foam, or froth; also to foam or froth.  
**Espumarajo**, s. m. froth, foam.—*Echár espumarajos, por la boca*, to foam at the mouth either with passion or pain.  
**Espumilla**, s. f. a small scum or froth; also a fine sort of linen, like the finest muslin which women make headcloths of.  
**Espumillón**, s. m. a very thick silk.  
**Espumoso**, adj. frothy, foamy, scummy.  
**Espundia**, s. f. a distemper in horses and mules so called.  
**Espurio**, s. m. a bastard.  
**Espúto**, s. m. spittle.  
**Esquadra**, s. f. a carpenter's square, a squadron of ships; also a part of an army, a troop.  
**Esquadrar**, v. a. to square any thing; also to act upon the square.  
**Esquadria**, s. f. a square.  
**Esquadro**, s. m. the fish called skate.  
**Esquadrón**, s. m. a squadron of horse; a good body of foot.

**Esquadronár, v. a.** to draw up soldiers in squadrons.

**Esquadroncillo, s. m.** diminutive of *Esquadron*.

**Esquadrajadura, s. f.** a crack, a flaw, a small breach.

**Esqueléto, s. m.** a skeleton.

**Esquero, s. m.** a pouch, a hawk-bag, a purse.

**Esquérro, s. m.** vide *Ezquerro*.

**Esquesito, adj.** vide *Ezquisito*.

**Esquiciár, v. a.** to sketch, to draw a first plan or draught.

**Esquicio, s. m.** a sketch, a first draught.

**Esquísada, s. f.** the burden or lading of a boat; (in cant,) a gang of thieves.

**Esquifado, adj.** made like a boat.

**Esquifár, v. a.** to equip a boat, to furnish it with oars.

**Esquife, s. m.** a cock-boat, a skiff, a small boat belonging to a ship.—*Esquifes, s. m. pl.* panes or pannels in a wall, in which they set pictures or statues.

**Esquilla, s. f.** a little bell tied round a wether's neck, from whence called a bell-wether.

**Esquilador, s. m.** a sheep-shearer.

**Esquilár, v. a.** to shear sheep.

**Esquilazo, s. m.** a sort of vessel.

**Esquilencia, s. f.** the disease in the throat called a quinsy.

**Esquileo, s. m.** the act of shearing sheep.

**Esquileta, s. f.** a little bell.

**Esquilla, s. f.** a small bell.

**Esquilmár, v. a.** to gather the fruit or the profit of lands.

**Esquilino, s. m.** the fruit or profit of land.

**Esquilo, s. m.** a squirrel; also the shearing of sheep.

**Esquilón, s. m.** a small bell.

**Esquina, s. f.** the corner of any thing, the outward angle.—*Dar contra la esquina, f. (metaph.)* to act or do any thing against reason.

**Esquinazo, s. m.** a stone in the corner of a wall, or a thrust against a corner.

**Esquinar, v. a.** to make corners; also to winnow corn from the chaff.

**Esquinancia, } s. f. a disease**  
**Esquinencia, } called the squinancy.**

**Esquina, s. f.** armour for the legs.

**Esquipazón, s. m.** equipping or rigging of ships.

**Esquisito, adj.** vide *Exquisito*.

**Esquitar, v. a.** to quit, to make even.

**Esquito, adj.** even, quit, one that has lost his money and won it again.

**Esquivamente, adv.** coyly, disdainfully, scornfully.

**Esquivár, v. a.** to shun, to avoid, to be coy.—*Esquivarse, v. r.* to disdain, scorn, contemn.

**Esquivéz, } s. f. coyness, dis-**  
**Esquividad, } dain.**

**Esquívó, adj.** coy, disdainful, scornful.

**E'sa, pron. f.** she, that, in the feminine gender.

**E'se, pron. m.** he, that, in the masculine gender.

**Essência, s. f.** the essence or being of a thing.—*Ser la quinta essência de alguma coisa,* to be the quintessence of any thing; that is, the most perfect, just, and complete part of it.

**Essencial, adj.** essential.

**Essencialmente, adv.** essentially.

**Essenciarse, v. r.** to unite, to incorporate.

**E'so, pron. n.** that.

**Esótro, pron.** the other.

**E'sta, pron. f.** this, in the feminine gender.

**Estabilidad, s. f.** stability, duration, perpetuity, constancy.

**Estable, adj.** stable, firm.

**Estableár, v. a.** to take up cattle from grass and stable them; also to tame beasts.

**Establecedór, s. m.** who establishes, constitutes, or appoints.

**Establecer, v. a.** to establish.

**Establecimiento, s. m.** an establishing.

**Establemente, adv.** stably, firmly.

**Establéra, s. f.** a lewd woman that haunts stables.

**Establéro, s. m.** one that keeps or looks to stables, or ox-stalls.

**Establia, s. f.** a stable.

**Estabillo, s. m.** a little stable.

**Establerizo, s. m.** one that keeps or looks to stables or ox-stalls.

**Establimiento, s. m.** establishment.

**Estáblo, s. m.** a stable, an ox-stall.

**Estaca, s. f.** a stake, a palisade; a pin in a wall; a rack; a club or cudgel.—*El cuerdo no*

*se dexa atar á la estaca, ref.* it is difficult to impose upon a wise and prudent man.—

*Estaca para enaxerir, a stock to graft on.*—*No ha quedado estaca en pared,* there is not a pin left in a wall; that is, all is taken away, there is nothing but bare walls.—

*Estár a estaca,* to be confined to a narrow compass, as a beast that is tied to a stake.—

*Estacas, or estaquillas de hierro,* iron pins.

**Estacada, s. f.** a place palisaded, or hemmed in with stakes; the lists to fight in.—*Quedar en la estacada, f.* to remain in the undertaking.

**Estacár, v. a.** to fix a stake in the ground to tie any beasts to.—*Estacarse, v. r.* to mark out with stakes, so much ground as is by law allowed to him that discovers a mine.

**Estacazo, s. m.** a blow with a stake.

**Estácha, s. f.** the rope that is let out after the whale is struck.

**Estación, s. f.** a station.—*Andar las estaciones, is to go to so many stations; that is, churches, or places appointed in remembrance of the several passages of our Saviour's passion, there to pray in honour of those mysteries.*—

*Ir á andar, ó venir á andar las estaciones, f. (metaph.)* to go to or return from business.—

*Tornar á andar las estaciones, f. (metaph.)* to do it over again; to return to bad habits.

**Estacionário, adj.** not wandering.—Said of planets.

**Estacionéro, s. m.** the old Spanish name for a book-seller.

**Estacón, s. m.** a great stake.

**Estada, s. f.** a stay in a place.

**Estadal, s. m.** a measure of a fathom or six feet.

**Estádio, s. m.** a furlong; also a race to run.

**Estadista, s. m.** a statesman.

**Estadizo, adj.** that stands still and does not run, as water in a pond.

**Estado, s. m.** estate, condition, degree, stature; also a fathom.—*Estado seglar, the laity.*—*Estado eclesiástico, the clergy.*—*Materias de estado, affairs of state.*—*Mesa del estado, a table kept at court for the gentlemen of the*



ed-chamber, and other great men.—*Consejo de estado*, the council of state, the supreme council of all others.—*Tomar estado*, to settle to some way of living, as to marry, to enter into a religious order, or the like.—*Poner en estado*, to put a man into a way of living.—*Descacer de su estado*, to decline, to fall into worse circumstances.—*Caer de su estado*, to drop down, as in a swoon, or the like.—*Mudar de estado*, to change our business or situation of life.

*Estadón*, s. m. a stake to fix in the ground.

*Estáes*, s. m. pl. the stays in a ship, which are ropes coming from the tops of the masts forwards to keep the masts from falling astward towards the poop.

*Estafa*, s. f. a cheating chousing trick; also sturdy begging. (In cant.) what a thief gives to a pimp or bawd.

*Estafador*, s. m. a cheating fellow; a sturdy beggar.

*Estafar*, v. a. to chouse, to cheat; to beg in a commanding way.

*Estaférmo*, s. m. a maulkin, a figure set up to ride at, and strike it with lances, or for other purposes.

*Estaféro*, s. m. a lackey, page, or foot-boy.

*Estafeta*, s. f. the post for carrying of letters, properly a horse post.

*Estafetero*, s. m. a postman, who gathers the letters.

*Estájo*, s. m. vide *Destajo*.

*Estála*, s. f. a stable.

*Estalación*, s. f. a degree of honour or precedence in cathedral churches.

*Estallar*, v. n. to give a great crack, to report, to burst.

*Estallido*, s. m. a great crack, report, or noise, as of a gun or the like.

*Estállo*, s. m. a great noise, crack, or report.

*Estambór*, s. m. the stern-post of a ship.

*Estambrar*, v. a. to twist yarn, or worsted.

*Estambre*, s. m. worsted or yarn.

*Estamén*, s. f. serge.

*Estamenán*, s. f. a timber so called, used in ships.

*Estamentós*, s. m. pl. so they

call the estates that meet in the cortes or parliament, in the kingdom of Arragon.

*Estamiento*, s. m. the estate or condition of any person or thing.

*Estampa*, s. f. a print, a cut; also the art of printing.

*Estampador*, s. m. a printer.

*Estampár*, v. a. to print, to stamp.

*Estampéro*, s. m. who makes and sells stamps.

*Estampido*, s. m. a crack, a noise, a report.

*Estampilla*, s. f. a little print.

*Estancár*, v. a. to stop, to stay, to stand still, as water; to staunch blood.—*Estancarse el agua*, to stand as in a pool.

*Estancia*, s. f. a dwelling-place, a place to stay in; also a stanza in poetry; also a bedroom, and a camp.

*Estanco*, s. m. a monopoly, the place appointed to sell any thing in that way; also a stopping, staying, or detaining of water.

*Estándarte*, s. m. a standard.—*Estándartes desplegadas*, banners displayed.

*Estangüria*, s. f. the strangury, when one cannot make water, or does it by drops.

*Estanár*, v. a. to tin.

*Estañero*, s. m. a pewterer, one that works in tin.

*Estáño*, s. m. tin.

*Estánque*, s. m. a pool, a pond, a fish-pond.

*Estanquero*, s. m. a monopolist or patentee, that hath licence to engross certain commodities for his own profit, with power to exclude others from trading in the same.

*Estanquillo*, s. m. a little pool, or pond; also a small shop where they sell tobacco, snuff, &c.

*Estansál*, s. m. prop, support, shore.

*Estánte*, s. f. a shelf for books, a desk to lay a book on; also a large beam.

*Estanteról*, s. m. the mid-part of the galley, where the captain stands in time of fight.

*Estantigua*, s. f. a phantom, an apparition, an hobgoblin; also a very ugly person, or one in a ridiculous dress.

*Estántio*, adj. that stands still in a place.

*Estánza*, s. f. vide *Estancia*.

*Estaquilla*, s. f. a little stake, a wooden pin.

*Estaquillar*, v. a. to put wooden pegs in shoes, to fix stakes of wood into any thing.

*Estár*, v. n. to be, to stand.—*Estár sobre sí*, to be wary, or upon one's guard.—*Estár en barras*, vide *Barra*.—*Estár bueno*, to be in good health, wherein it differs from *ser bueno*, to be good; speaking of a man. In other things the difference appears not at first so visible, and yet is considerable, for they say, *está bueno*, and *es bueno*. But *esta bueno* signifies it is well done, as meat is well dressed, declaring the accidental or additional good; but *es bueno*, signifies it is good in itself, implying the essential good of the thing.—*Estór atento*, to give attention.—*Estór sobre huevos*, to sit upon eggs, as a hen does; (metaph.) to be uneasy.—*Estár en pie*, to stand on one's feet.—*Estár suspenso*, to be dubious.—*Estarse mano sobre mano*, f. (metaph.) to be negligent, idle.—*Estarse en sus trece*, f. (metaph.) to be obstinate.—*Estar sobre un negocio*, f. to be engaged in business.—*Estár en ciérne*, vide *Cierne*.—*Estarse*, v. m. to be stayed, to keep back, to be detained.

*Estatera*, s. f. a balance; also an ancient coin.

*Estática*, s. f. statics; the science which considers the weight of bodies.

*Estáua*, s. f. a statue, an image.

*Estatuído*, adj. like a statue.

*Estatuaria*, s. f. the art of making statues, statuary.

*Estatuário*, a. m. a statuary.—*Estatuário*, adj. belonging to a statue.

*Estatuir*, v. a. to establish, to order, to determine.

*Estatera*, s. f. the statue of a man.

*Estatuto*, s. m. a statute, a decree.

*Estáy*, s. m. a great cable rope.

*E'ste*, pron. m. this man or this thing, in the masculine gender.

*E'ste*, s. m. the east-wind.

*E'ste*, *E'sta*, *E'sto*, pron. demons. this.—*En estas*, y *en estas*, mod. adv. whilst.

*Estela*, s. f. the trace or track

that the ship leaves behind her when sailing.

Estelária, s. f. vide Alquimilla.

Estelifero, adj. that is full of stars.

Estelión, s. m. a newt, an eel, a creature like a lizard, with shining spots on its back like the stars. — *Estelion*, or *estelon*, the stone found in the head of an old toad, said to be good against poison.

Estelionáto, s. m. a cheat in selling one thing to two several persons, or mortgaging an estate twice.

Estépa, s. f. a flower called the holy rose.

Estéra, s. f. a mat.

Esterador, s. m. one that mats rooms.

Esterár, v. a. to mat.

Esterécár, v. a. to dung the earth.

Estercolador, s. m. one that dungs the ground.

Estercoladura, s. f. } dung-  
Estercolamiento, s. m. } ing.

Estercolár, v. a. to dung the ground. — *Estierca*, y *escarda*, y *cogeras buena parva*, ref. make the earth well and work it, and you will have a good harvest.

Estercolero, s. m. a dunghill, or one that carries dung.

Estercuélo, s. m. a dunghill.

Estercométrica, s. f. the measure of solid bodies.

Estercométrico, adj. of, or belonging to the measuring of solid bodies.

Esterero, s. m. a mat-maker.

Esteril, adj. barren.

Esterilidad, s. f. barrenness.

Esterilizar, v. a. to make or render any thing barren.

Esterilla, s. f. a little mat; also a small sort of gold or silver-lace.

Eternudar, v. a. vide Estornudar.

Estéro, s. m. a salt marsh, a place where the tide ebbs and flows; a creek or an inlet of the sea.

Esterquero, s. m. a dung-hill.

Esterquilino, s. m. a dung-hill.

Estéva, s. f. the plough-handle, the plough-beam that the colter is in.

Estevado, adj. bandy-legged, or one that turns his toes in.

Estiár, v. n. to stop, to detain.

Estibár, v. a. to press, squeeze, or ram down; used also as *estibar*.

Estibio, s. m. vide Alcohol.

Estibordo, s. m. vide Estribordo.

Estiercol, s. m. dung.

Estilar, v. n. to practise, to use, to accustom. — *Estilar*, v. a. to distil, to drop.

Estibón, s. m. in cant, drunk.

Estilicidio, s. m. vide Stilicidio.

Estilo, s. m. a style in writing; also the gnomon of a dial; use, custom, practice. — *Tenér por estilo*, to use to do any thing, to have a custom. — *Perdér el estilo*, to grow out of use.

Estima, s. f. esteem, value.

Estimabilidad, s. m. good quality for which a thing is esteemed; estimableness, the quality of deserving regard.

Estimable, adj. valuable.

Estimación, s. f. esteem, value.

Estimador, s. m. one that esteems, or values; also an appraiser.

Estimar, v. a. to esteem, to value; also to appraise.

Estimativa, s. f. the power or faculty of judging and distinguishing the worth or value of any thing or person.

Estimulador, s. m. one that eggs another on.

Estimular, v. a. to prick or egg on.

Estímulo, s. m. a prick, a goad, an incentive.

Estinco, s. m. a kind of land crocodile or newt.

Estinia, s. f. a contraction or compression of the nerves in beasts, as horses, mules, &c.

Estinto, s. m. (obs.) instinct.

Estio, s. m. the summer.

Estiomenado, adj. of or belonging to mortification.

Estiomeno, s. m. a mortification in the flesh.

Estpendiario, s. m. one who receives a stipend, wages, or allowance.

Estipendio, s. m. a stipend, wages, pay, or allowance.

Estipite, s. m. a column or pillar.

Estipticidad, s. f. the stoppage, restriction, stagnation of the blood.

Estiptico, adj. stiptic, astringent; also covetous, miserly.

Estipulación, s. f. stipulation, agreement, covenanting.

Estipular, v. a. to stipulate, to agree on, to covenant.

Estiradamente, adv. extensively.

Estirañón, s. f. a sport among boys.

Estirado, adj. grave, stately.

Estirajón, s. m. a pull, a tug.

Estirar, v. a. to stretch, to draw out. — *No estirar la pierna mas de lo que alcanza la manta*, ref. do not draw out your leg farther than your bed, or do not surpass the bounds of prudence. — *Estirarse*, v. r. to be proud or stately, to walk stiffly; also to hang one's self.

Estirijón, s. m. a sudden pull, a tug, or a jerk.

Estirón, s. a sudden pull, a tug, a jerk.

Estirpe, s. f. a stock, a race, a family.

Estiva, s. f. straw to stuff any thing with; in cant, punishment.

Estival, adj. belonging to the summer.

Estivales, s. m. pl. buskins, (in cant.)

Estivár, v. a. to stuff, to cram a thing full; also, (in cant.) to punish, to chastise.

*Estivár la nao*, to stow goods in a ship.

Estivo, adj. estival, pertaining to the summer; (in cant.) a shoe.

Estivón, s. m. (in cant.) a course or run.

Estiza, s. f. the itch. — *Estizarse*, v. r. to be angry.

Esto, pron. this.

Estocada, s. f. a thrust with a weapon, a stab. — *Estocada de vino*, the breath of a drunken man.

Estocador, s. m. (obs.) vide Estoqueador.

Estocáfris, s. m. a Spanish corruption for the stockfish.

Estocar, v. n. to give a push.

Estófa, s. f. any stuff for apparel.

Estofar, v. a. to stew meat; to quilt garments, and in painting to draw with a thin colour over gold, so that the gold appears through it.

Estóico, adj. belonging to the sect of the Stoicks. — *Estóico*, the philosophers called Stoicks.

Estóla, s. f. a stole, a robe, a garment down to the heels; but peculiarly the stole a priest puts on to officiate, being



- a narrow slip hanging from his neck, almost down to his feet before.
- Estolidéz**, s. m. foolishness, simplicity, ignorance.
- Estólo**, adj. foolish.
- Estolón**, s. m. aug. of *estóla*.
- Estomacal**, adj. of or belonging to the stomach.
- Estomagar**, v. z. to stomach, to resent.
- Estómago**, s. m. the stomach, the ventricle in which food is digested.—*Hombre de estómago*, a man of courage or resolution.—*No guardar nada en el estómago*, to keep nothing in one's stomach; to keep no secret.—*Quedar otra cosa en el estómago*, f. (metaph.) to say one thing and to think another.—*Tener buen estómago*, f. (metaph.) to be a strong person, to care for nothing.
- Estomaguero**, s. m. a belly-band used for young children.
- Estomaguillo**, dimin. of *estómago*.
- Estomacal**, adj. of or belonging to the stomach.
- Estomáicon**, s. m. a plaster for the stomach.
- Estónce**, adv. (obs.) then, at that time.
- Estopa**, s. f. hemp, tow; at sea, oakum, which is old ropes pulled to pieces.—*Si no fui avisada, tome la estopada*, ref. if I am not good or able for one thing, I am for another.—Prov. *Ni de estopa buena camisa, ni de puta buena amiga*, neither can you have a good shirt of hemp, nor a good friend of a whore.
- Estopada**, s. f. a fleece of wool.
- Estopajo**, s. m. vide *Estopajo*.
- Estopéas de seda**, the combing of silk.
- Estopéio**, adj. hempen.
- Estoperal**, s. m. a tool used aboard ships to drive oakum into the seams of the ship.
- Estoperóles**, s. m. pl. the wads of old oakum.
- Estopillas**, s. f. pl. a sort of hempen cloth.
- Estopón**, s. m. the coarsest hemp.
- Estoposo**, adj. belonging to hemp.
- Estoque**, s. m. a rapier, a tack.
- Estoque*, s. m. the herb spleenwort.
- Estoqueador**, s. m. who strikes with a rapier or tack.
- Estoquear**, v. a. to strike with the point of a sword.
- Estoráque**, s. m. the sweet gum called *florax*; also the tree itself.
- Estorbadór**, s. m. the person who disturbs.
- Estorbár**, v. a. to hinder, to obstruct.
- Estórbo**, s. m. hindrance, impediment, obstruction, opposition.
- Estorcér**, v. n. to free, to rid one's self.
- Estorcicón**, s. f. the gripes in the belly, caused by the wind.
- Estorcimiento**, s. m. vide *Torcimiento*.
- Estordecér**, v. a. to astonish, to amaze.
- Estordecimiento**, s. m. astonishment, amazement.
- Estorménto**, s. m. (obs.) an instrument.
- Estornija de carro**, s. f. the trigger of a cart, a ring on the end of the axletree, between the wheel and the pin that holds it on.
- Estornino**, s. m. the bird called a stare or starling.
- Estornudár**, v. n. to sneeze.—*Cada uno estornuda, como Dios le ayuda*, ref. every one has his reasons for his pretensions.
- Estornúdo**, s. m. a sneeze.
- Estorvár**, v. n. to hinder, to obstruct.
- Estórvo**, s. m. hindrance, obstruction, impediment.
- Estótro**, pron. the other.
- Estovada**, s. m. stewed meat.
- Estovár**, v. a. to stew.
- Estracilla**, s. f. diminutive of *estraza*.
- Estrada**, s. f. the street, the way.—*Estrada cubierta*, the covered way in fortification.
- Estradillo**, s. m. vide *Estrado*, whose diminutive it is.
- Estradióta**, s. f. the way of riding with the stirrups long, contrary to *gineta*, which is very short.
- Estradióte**, s. m. one that rides with the stirrups long.
- Estrádo**, s. m. is a place raised a step higher than the rest of the rooms, and covered with carpets or mats, where the women sit upon cushions; a court of justice.
- Estrafalariamente**, adv. disorderly, unseemly, indecently, inelegantly.
- Estrafalário**, s. m. a sloven, a person who dresses in a tawdry, mean, and low manner.
- Estragadamente**, adv. viciously, corruptly.
- Estragamiento**, s. m. a spoiling.
- Estragar**, v. a. to spoil, to corrupt, to vitiate.
- Estrágo**, s. m. havock, slaughter, destruction.
- Estrambosidad**, s. f. the defect in the eyes when any person squints.
- Estrambóte**, s. m. an addition to the end of a verse.
- Estrambótico**, adj. strange, without order, irregular.
- Estränge**, s. m. the strand or shore.
- Estrángero**, s. m. a stranger, a foreigner.
- Estrangól**, s. m. an inflammation in the tongue of horses and mules.
- Estrangul**, s. m. the reed that is put into hautboys when they are played on.
- Estrañamente**, adv. strangely.
- Estrañado**, adj. thought strange, not known.
- Estrañar**, v. a. to estrange, to alienate, to seem strange.—*Estrañar a otro*, not to know a man.—*Estrañarse*, v. r. to make one's self a stranger, to avoid company.
- Estrañeza**, s. f. strangeness, singularity.
- Estranguria**, s. f. strangury.
- Estrángero**, s. m. vide *Estrangero*.
- Estraño**, adj. strange, foreign, alien.
- Estrapazar**, v. a. to scorn, to laugh at, to ridicule.
- Estratagema**, s. m. stratagem, trick in war; also a cheat or fraud.
- Estráva**, s. f. a woodcock.
- Estravagante**, adj. extravagant, out of the common rule.
- Estráva**, s. f. (in cant.) a fool.
- Estráve**, s. m. the extremity of the keel towards the head of the ship.
- Estráza**, s. f. rags.—*Papel de estraza*, brown paper.
- Estrazár**, v. a. to rend, to tear.
- Estrázo**, s. m. a rag.
- Estrechadura**, s. f. a straitness, narrowness, or binding close.
- Estrechamente**, adv. straitly, narrowly.—*Estrechamente*, adv. exactly, punctually.
- Estrechar**, v. a. to straiten, to contract, to make narrow.—

**Estrecharse**, v. r. to bind one's self in a narrow compass.—**Estrecharse con uno**, f. (metaph.) to urge friendly.—**Estrecharse de animo**, f. (metaph.) to be pusillanimous, to want courage or fortitude.

**Estrechéz**, s. f. straitness, narrowness, contraction; also union, connexion; also a great danger or pain; also retirement and misery.

**Estrechéza**, s. f. vide **Estrechéz**.

**Estrecho**, adj. strait, narrow.—

**Estrecho**, s. m. streight in the sea.

**Estrechura**, s. f. straitness, narrowness.

**Estregadera**, s. f. a hard brush.

**Estregadero**, s. m. a place that beasts rub themselves against.

**Estregar**, v. a. to rub.

**Estrella**, s. f. a star; also genius, nature, disposition, fate, destiny.—

**Contar las estrellas**, to count the stars, to labour in vain, to wash the black-a-moor white.—

**Venir a casa con las estrellas**, to come home by star-light, to keep ill hours.—

**Hacer ver las estrellas a medio día**, to make one see the stars at noon-day, a threatening expression.—

**Tener una buena, ó mala estrella**, f. (metaph.) to have good or bad fortune.

**Estrellada**, s. f. the herb starwort, or shawwort.

**Estrellado**, adj. full of stars; also dashed to pieces.—

**Huevos estrellados**, eggs fried whole.

**Estrellanar**, s. m. a plant so called.

**Estrellamiento** s. m. constellation, conjunction of many stars.

**Estrellar**, v. a. to set full of stars; also to dash to pieces, to fry eggs whole.—

**Estrellarse con otro**, to oppose another with danger to one's self.

**Estrellera**, s. f. a beast that holds up its head as if it were star-gazing.

**Estrelleria**, s. f. (obs.) astrology, star-gazing.

**Estrellero**, s. m. an astronomer, a star-gazer.

**Estrellita**, s. f. a little star.

**Estrellizar**, v. a. to beautify with stars.

**Estrellón** s. m. a large star.

**Estrelluela** s. f. a small star.

**Estremadamente**, adv. extremely.

**Estremado**, adj. extreme, exceeding.

**Estremarse**, v. r. to exceed, to surpass others, to do one's utmost, to be excellent.

**Estremecerse**, v. r. to quake, to tremble.

**Estremecimiento**, s. m. a quaking, or trembling.

**Estremezo**, s. m. vide **Estremecimiento**.

**Estreñidad**, s. f. extremity, the utmost bounds of any thing.

**Estremo**, adj. extreme, the utmost, the bounds.—

**Estremo de cuentas**, a small bead, or filigree work between the beads.—

**Estremo de dehesa**, the latter pasture.—

**Estremos de plata**, filigree work at the ends of beads.—

**Hayer extremos**, to give extraordinary signs of grief or passion.—

**Tener frios los extremos**, to feel cold in the extreme parts of the body, as the fingers and toes.—

**Estremi necesidad**, extremity of want.

**Estár in extremis**, to be at the last gasp.

**Estremuloso**, adj. trembling, quaking.

**Estreña**, s. f. handsel; in some places a new year's gift.

**Estrenar**, v. a. to handsel.—

**Estrenarse**, v. r. to begin to exercise one's self in any thing.

**Estrenido**, adj. niggardly.

**Estreñir**, v. a. to restrain, to bind.

**Estreño**, s. m. the beginning, the first using one's self to any thing.

**Estrenque**, s. m. a great cable made of rushes.

**Estrenuo**, adj. strong, stout, valiant.

**Estrepito**, s. m. a noise.

**Estrias**, s. f. pl. the flutings of a pillar or column.

**Estriado**, adj. fluted.

**Estriar**, v. a. in architecture, to flute a column or pillar.

**Estribadera**, s. m. a place to set one's feet against to hold fast.

**Estribador**, adj. that is fastened to another thing.

**Estribadura**, s. f. striving with might and main.

**Estribar**, v. n. to strive with might and main, to hold or draw, setting one's feet against any thing.

**Estribera**, s. f. a stirrup to a saddle, a buttress to a wall.

**Estribería**, s. f. that part of the

stable where the stirrups are kept.

**Estribillo**, s. m. a verse often repeated, the burthen of the song.

**Estribo**, s. m. a stirrup to a saddle, a buttress to a wall.—

**Ir al estribo**, to walk by a horse's side.—

**Hacer a uno perder los estribos**, to make a man lose his stirrups; to put him out of patience.—

**Estár con el pie in el estribo**, to have one foot in the stirrup; to be just ready to set out upon a journey.—

**Estár ó andar muy sobre los estribos**, to beware, to be cautious, vigilant.—

**Perder los estribos**, to fall in a passion.

**Estribord**, s. m. the right side of a ship, the starboard side.

**Estricote**, s. m. a tennis-court, or the game of tennis.—

**Traher a uno al estricote**, to toss a man about like a tennis-ball; to give him no rest.

**Estrictamente**, adv. strictly.

**Estridor**, s. m. a noise.

**Estrige**, s. f. a screech-owl.

**Estrinseco**, adj. extrinsical, outward, external.

**Estrivar**, v. a. vide **Estribar**.

**Estriberaje**, s. m. a buttress of a wall.

**Estribo**, s. m. vide **Estribo**.

**Estropajear**, to rub the walls with a dish-clout.

**Estropajo**, s. m. a dish-clout, or any dirty clout for foul uses; a hempen clout.—

**Traher a uno hecho un estropajo**, to use a man like a dish-clout, to put him to servile employments.—

**Lengua de estropajo**, a stammering or stuttering person.

**Estropajoso**, adj. base, mean; low, contemptible.

**Estropear**, v. a. to maim one's limbs; to mix sand with lime.

**Estropeillo**, s. m. a little stumbling-block.

**Estropezar**, v. n. to stumble.

**Estropha**, s. f. a stanza in a poetical composition.

**Estropiezo**, s. m. a stumbling-block.

**Estrovo**, s. m. a piece of cable so called on board ships.

**Estructura**, s. f. structure, building, fabrick.

**Estruendo**, s. m. great noise, loud sound, repercussion; also pomp, splendour, ostentation; also name, fame.



- Estruendosamente**, adv. with great noise.
- Estruendoso**, adj. noisy, tumultuous.
- Estrupador**, s. m. vide **Estuprador**.
- Estrupar**, v. a. vide **Estuprar**.
- Estrupo**, s. m. vide **Estupro**.
- Estruxado**, adj. squeezed, pressed, lean, lank.
- Estruxar**, v. a. to squeeze, to press.—*Estruxar el dinero*, to part with money with great reluctance.
- Estruxadura**, s. m. squeezing, pressing.
- Estruxón**, s. m. the last squeezing or draining of the grape in making wine.
- Estuário**, s. m. the place overflowed with sea-water, over which the tide goes.
- Estucár**, v. a. to cover with plaster of Paris.
- Estáche**, s. m. a case, a pair of tweezers, a case of instruments.
- Estáco**, s. m. plaster of Paris.
- Estudiador**, s. m. one who studies, or applies himself to study.
- Estudiantazo**, s. m. greatly learned, skilled in letters.
- Estudiante**, s. m. a student, a scholar.
- Estudiantil**, adj. belonging to the study. (Jocosely.)
- Estudiantillo**, s. m. a little scholar, (jocosely spoken.)
- Estudiantino**, adj. belonging or pertaining to students.
- Estudiantón**, s. m. a great student.
- Estudiar**, v. a. to study, to apply the mind to; also to consider attentively, to learn by application.
- Estudio**, s. m. study; also a school, or a closet where one studies.
- Estudiosamente**, adv. studiously.
- Estudiosidad**, s. f. a desire after learning, an inclination to study.
- Estudioso**, adj. studious, attentive to, careful.
- Estufa**, s. f. a stove, a hot-house.
- Estufar**, v. a. to warm with a stove.
- Estufilla**, s. f. a little stove used by the ladies; also a muff.
- Estultamente**, adv. foolishly.
- Estulticia**, s. f. folly.
- Estulto**, adj. foolish.
- Estuoso**, adj. hot.
- Estupendamente**, adv. wonderfully.
- Estupendo**, adj. stupendous, amazing, astonishing, wonderful.
- Estúpido**, adj. stupid, foolish.
- Estupor**, s. m. astonishment, amazement.
- Estuprador**, s. m. a ravisher, a debaucher of virgins.
- Estuprar**, v. a. to ravish, to debauch a maid.
- Estupro**, s. m. debauching of a maid.
- Estáque**, s. m. vide **Estuco**.
- Esturar**, v. a. to dry any thing by the force of the fire.
- Esturión**, s. m. the fish called a sturgeon.
- Esula**, s. f. the greatest kind of spurge, which has the leaf like the cypress.
- Esvalár**, v. n. vide **Resbalar**.
- Et**, a conjunction copulative; and.—*Et cetera*, a Latin word used much in the Castilian tongue.
- E! tele!** (interj.) lo! behold!
- Eterogéneo**, adj. heterogeneous, of a different kind.
- Eternal**, adj. eternal, everlasting.
- Eternamente**, adv. eternally.
- Eternidad**, s. f. eternity.
- Eternizar**, v. a. to eternize, to make everlasting; also to defer, to procrastinate, to delay.
- Eterno**, adj. eternal, everlasting.
- Ethér**, s. m. ether, air refined or sublimed; also the matter of the highest regions above.
- Ethereo**, adj. ethereous, ethereal, formed of ether.
- Ethésios**, adj. belonging to periodical winds.
- E'thica**, s. f. ethics; the doctrine of morality.
- Ethipide**, s. f. an herb like lettuce.
- E'thico**, adj. heathen, pagan.
- E'tico**, adj. sick of a consumption.
- Etiqueta**, s. f. a book of ceremonies.
- Etites**, s. m. the eagle-stone.
- E'tna**, s. f. any thing burning.
- Etymologia**, s. f. etymology, derivation of words.
- Etymológico**, adj. etymologic.
- Eubolia**, s. f. a speaking or advising well.
- Eucharistia**, s. f. the holy eucharist.
- Eucharístico**, adj. belonging to the eucharist.
- Eunúco**, s. m. an eunuch.
- Eupatório**, s. m. the herb agrimony.
- Euphórbio**, s. m. a tree so called.
- Euphrasia**, s. f. a plant so called.
- Eúro**, s. m. the south-east wind, or rather east-south-east.
- Europeo**, adj. European, of Europe.
- Eurythmia**, s. f. the just proportion and delightful prospect of a building; eurythmy, harmony, regular and symmetrical measure.
- Eutrapelia**, s. f. } pleasant,
- Eutropelia**, s. m. } jesting with innocence; but sometimes taken in an ill sense for lewd ribaldry.
- Evacuación**, s. f. evacuation, emptying.
- Evacuár**, v. a. to evacuate, to empty.
- Evád;** interj. (obs.) behold, observe.
- Evadir**, v. a. to evade, to escape, to elude.
- Evagación**, s. m. wandering, strolling, evagation, excursion, ramble, deviation.
- Evanecer**, v. n. to disappear.
- Evangelico**, adj. evangelical, belonging to the gospel, or agreeable to the gospel.
- Evangelio**, s. m. the gospel.
- Evangelista**, s. m. an evangelist.
- Evangelistéro**, s. m. a deacon.
- Evangelizar**, v. a. to preach the gospel, to instruct in the holy gospel, the gospel of Jesus.
- Evaporación**, s. f. evaporation, going out in steam.
- Evaporár**, v. n. to evaporate, to go out in steam.
- Evasión**, s. f. escape, evasion, subterfuge, excuse.
- Evenir**, v. n. to happen.
- Eventilar**, v. a. vide **Ventilar**.
- Evento**, s. m. an event.
- Eversión**, s. f. overturning, destruction.
- Evicción**, s. f. a convincing by law, and causing that to be given up which was wrongfully detained, an eviction.
- Evidencia**, s. f. evidence, plain demonstration.

Evidenciár, v. a. to demonstrate, to prove.

Evidénte, adj. evident, clear, unquestionable.

Evidenteménte, adv. evidently, clearly.

Evincir, v. a. to evince, to make out clear.

Evitable, adj. that may be shunned or avoided.

Evitación, s. f. a shunning or avoiding.

Evitar, v. a. to shun, to avoid.

Eviérno, adj. everlasting, without end, perpetual.

E'vo, s. m. an age.

Evocación, s. f. a calling out, or away; summoning from one court to another.

Evocar, v. a. to call out, or away, to summon from one court to another.

Evóhe, an exclamation used by the Bacchanals.

Evolución, s. f. an evolution; a martial term.

Ex, prep. used only in composition.

Exabrupto, adv. abruptly.

Exacción, s. f. exaction, imposition, extortion, unjust demand; also a toll, a tribute severely levied.

Exacerbar, v. a. to irritate, to exasperate.

Exactaménte, adv. exactly.

Exactitud, s. f. exactness, accuracy, nicety; also regularity of conduct or manners.

Exácto, adj. exact, accurate, methodical.

Exactór, s. m. a gatherer or receiver of money, as taxes and tolls.

Exageración, s. f. an exaggeration, representing a thing above measure.

Exagerador, s. m. an exaggerator.

Exagerár, v. a. to exaggerate, to extol, to represent a thing above measure.

Exágono, s. an hexagon, a figure of six sides.

Exalar, v. n. vide Exhalar.

Exaltación, s. f. exaltation, raising, or lifting up, elevation to power or dignity; also the dignity of a planet, in which its powers are increased.

Exaltár, v. a. to exalt, to raise, or lift up; also to praise, to extol; to magnify.—*Exáltarse la cólera*, to be irritated; enraged, in a great passion.

Exámbre, s. m. vide Enxambre

Examén, s. m. } an exami-

Examinación, s. f. } nation, dis-

quisition.

Examinador, s. m. an examiner.

Examinár, v. a. to examine.

Exángue, adj. pale and wan, half dead.

Exánime, adj. lifeless, heartless.

Exarár, v. a. to engrave.

Exarchádo, s. m. the territory that belongs to the *exarcho*.

Exárho, s. m. an *exarch*, a dignity in the Grecian empire, equivalent to a great governor or vice-roy.

Exasperación, s. f. exasperation, provocation.

Exasperár, v. a. to exasperate, to provoke.

Excavar, v. a. to make hollow, to hollow.

Excedér, v. n. to exceed, to surpass.

Exceléncia, s. f. excellency, pre-eminence; the title given to dukes, ambassadors, and other great men.

Excelénte, adj. excellent, pre-eminent.

Excelenteménte, adv. excellently.

Excelsaménte, adv. highly, loftily.

Excelsitud, s. f. loftiness, highness.

Excélso, adj. lofty, high.

Excentricaménte, adv. eccentrically, from the centre.

Excentricidad, s. f. eccentricity, deviation from the centre.

Excéntrico, adj. eccentrical.

Excepción, s. f. exception.—*No hay regla sin excepcion*, f. there is no rule without exception.

Excepcionár, v. a. to except.

Exceptación, s. f. exception.

Exceptár, v. a. to except.

Excépto, adv. except.

Exceptuár, v. a. to except.

Excesivaménte, adv. excessively.

Excesivo, adj. excessive.

Excésso, s. m. an excess, an outrage; also intemperance.

Excitación, s. f. an exciting, stirring up.

Excitár, v. a. to excite, to stir up.

Exclamación, s. f. exclamation, crying out.

Exclamár, v. n. to exclaim, to cry out.

Excluir, v. a. to exclude, to shut out.

Exclusión, s. f. exclusion.

Exclusiva, s. f. exclusion, repulse.

Exclúso, p. p. excluded, shut out.

Excogitable, adj. that can be brought on.

Excogitár, v. n. to think.

Excomulgador, s. m. one who excommunicates.

Excomulgár, v. a. to excommunicate.

Excomunió, s. f. excommunication, ecclesiastical interdict.

Excoriación, s. f. a taking off the skin, excoriation, loss of skin.

Excrecencia, s. f. an excrescence or piece of flesh growing out.

Excrementár, v. n. to void excrement.

Excrementicio, adj. excrementitious.

Excremento, s. m. excrement, dung, all that comes as superfluous from the body.

Excrementoso, adj. full of excrement, excrementitious.

Excursión, s. f. excursion, skirmish, invasion, sally; also a digression, a ramble from a subject.

Excúrsio, s. m. a course beyond one's bounds, a running or laying out in length, a digression.

Excúsa, s. f. excuse, apology.—*Lo que se usa, no se excusa*, ref. what is fashionable is not excusable.

*A excusa*, } adv. secretly, in a

*A excuso*, } concealing manner.

Excusabarája, s. f. a basket made of osiers, with a handle and a cover to it.

Excúsable, adj. excusable, pardonable.

Excusación, s. f. an excuse.

Excusadaménte, adv. without excuse.

Excusádero, adj. that may be excused or pardoned.

Excusádo, s. m. a certain tribute which the clergy pay to the king.

Excusador, s. m. who excuses one another.

Excusano, adj. (obs.) hidden, concealed.

Excusár, v. a. to excuse, to exempt, to free from taxes; also to avoid.—*Excusarse*, v. r. to refuse, to refuse.

Excúso, adj. hidden, retired.

Exe, s. m. an axle-tree of a



cart, waggon, or the like.—*Eze*, a word used to drive away a dog.

*Exéa*, s. m. (obs.) a spy, a scout.

*Exeár*, v. n. (obs.) to play the spy, or scout; also to drive away.

*Exécrable*, adj. execrable, detestable, abominable.

*Exécración*, s. f. execration, detestation, curse.

*Exêcrador*, s. m. who curses or execrates.

*Exêcrando*, adj. execrable, deserving execration.

*Exêcrár*, v. a. to execrate, to detest, to abominate, to curse.

*Execución*, s. f. execution, performance.

*Executáble*, adj. that can be executed.

*Executador*, s. m. he that executes.

*Executár*, v. a. to execute, to perform. — *Executár en los bienes*, to serve an execution upon goods.

*Executivamente*, adv. expeditiously, quickly.

*Executivo*, adj. executive, that may be put in execution.

*Executór*, s. m. an executor, a performer.

*Executoria*, s. f. an instrument shewing that a cause has been three times tried and carried, which takes off all further trouble and controversy. — *Executoria de hidalguía*, an instrument to prove gentility, which has been made out in open court, and is beyond dispute; the original grant from the king, which makes a gentleman.

*Executoriál*, adj. belonging to an instrument or grant.

*Executoriár*, v. n. to obtain a verdict.

*Exêdra*, s. f. a by-place, or jutting building, with seats either for study or discourse.

*Execidéro*, adj. (obs.) that may be exacted, or required.

*Exêgir*, v. a. (obs.) to exact, or require.

*Exêmpción*, s. f. exemption, freedom from any thing.

*Exemplár*, adj. exemplary; that is, fit for an example.

*Exemplário*, s. m. a book of examples.

*Exemplarménte*, adv. exemplarily.

*Exemplificación*, s. f. exemplification.

*Exemplificar*, v. a. to exemplify, to set as an example; also to enlarge upon.

*Exêmplo*, s. m. an example, a pattern, a copy, an open punishment to deter others.

*Exênción*, s. f. an exemption.

*Exêntár*, v. a. to exempt, to make free.

*Exênto*, adj. exempted, made free.

*Exêquíal*, adj. belonging to a funeral.

*Exêquias*, s. f. pl. funeral obsequies, funeral pomp, the last duty to the dead, and the prayers, for his soul at, or before his burial.

*Exêquible*, adj. that can be obtained or executed.

*Exercér*, v. a. to exert, to practise any trade or office.

*Exercicio*, s. m. exercise, employment. — *Hacér exercicio*, to walk, to use exercise for health.

*Exercitación*, s. f. an exercising.

*Exercitador*, s. m. an exerciser.

*Exercitár*, v. a. to exercise.

*Exercito*, s. m. an army.

*Exhalación*, s. f. an exhalation, evaporating, going out in steam.

*Exhalár*, v. a. to exhale, to evaporate, to go out in steam. — *Exhalar el alma, ó el espíritu*, f. to die. — *Exhalar*, v. r. to be consumed, exhaled, evaporated.

*Exháusto*, adj. exhausted, drained, spent.

*Exheredación*, s. f. disinheriting.

*Exheredamiéto*, s. m. a disinheriting.

*Exheredar*, v. a. to disinherit.

*Exhibición*, s. f. an exhibition, a giving or shewing, a representation.

*Exhibir*, v. a. to exhibit, to shew, to represent.

*Exhortación*, s. f. an exhortation.

*Exhortador*, s. m. who exhorts or advises.

*Exhortár*, v. a. to exhort.

*Exhortatório*, adj. belonging to an exhortation, exhortatory.

*Exhórto*, s. m. a writ so called in the courts of justice.

*Exhumár*, v. a. to unbury, or dig out of the earth.

*Exido*, s. m. a spot of ground

without the town which is common, and serves only for the inhabitants to walk or divert themselves, or for any public service of the place; a plain or common of feeding ground.

*Exigência*, s. f. exigency, demand, want, need.

*Exigidéro*, adj. that may be exacted.

*Exigir*, v. a. to exact, to require.

*Exiguo*, adj. little, small.

*Exílio*, s. m. banishment, exile.

*Eximiaménte*, adj. notably, excellently.

*Eximio*, adj. choice, notable, remarkable, above the rest.

*Eximír*, v. a. to exempt.

*Exinación*, s. f. an emptying, or evacuation; also privation, loss.

*Exir*, v. n. (obs.) to go forth.

*Existência*, s. f. existence, being.

*Existénte*, p. act. of *existir*.

*Existimación*, s. f. estimation, or judgment.

*Existimar*, v. a. to esteem, value.

*Existir*, v. n. to exist, to have a being.

*Exito*, s. m. a going forth, or going out.

*Exódo*, s. m. the name of the second book in the Pentateuch of Moses, in the Holy Bible.

*Exóneración*, s. f. unlading, unburthening.

*Exónerar*, v. a. to unload, to unburthen, to free, to discharge.

*Exórable*, adj. that can be intreated or persuaded.

*Exórbitância*, s. f. exorbitance, pride, extravagance.

*Exórbitante*, adj. exorbitant, out of reason, strange, extraordinary, proud; out of the common way or track.

*Exórcismo*, s. m. exorcism, a conjuration or expulsion of evil spirits.

*Exórcista*, s. m. an exorcist, one of the orders of the church, one that by prayers and exorcisms expels evil spirits.

*Exórcizar*, v. a. to exorcise, to cast out evil spirits.

*Exórdio*, s. m. beginning, introduction.

*Exóración*, s. f. ornament, adorning.

*Exórñar*, v. a. to adorn, to set out.

**Exótico**, adj. strange, foreign.

**Expánsito**, s. m. the firmament.

**Expavescerse**, v. r. (obs.) to be astonished, to be amazed.

**Expectable**, adj. that can be expected or looked for.

**Expectación**, s. f. expectation.

**Expectativa**, s. f. the hopes of obtaining any thing.

**Expectoración**, s. f. a throwing out of phlegm from the stomach.

**Expectorar**, v. a. to throw out of the breast, to expectorate; to discharge one's mind.

**Expedición**, s. f. a military expedition; a march or voyage with martial intentions; also haste, speed, activity.

**Expedicionero**, s. m. he who solicits affairs, in the courts of law, that of Rome in particular.

**Expediente**, s. m. expedient; means to an end; activity in business, facility, easiness.

**Expediente**, adj. expedient, proper, fit, suitable.

**Expedir**, v. a. to expedite, to dispatch.

**Expedido**, adj. dispatched; also quick, hasty.

**Expeditamente**, adv. expeditely, with quickness, readiness.

**Expedido**, adj. expedite, nimble, active, agile.

**Expelér**, v. a. to expel, to drive out, to force away, to eject, to throw out.

**Expendedor**, s. m. one who spends or consumes.

**Expendér**, v. a. to lay out, to spend.

**Expénsa**, s. f. expence, cost.

**Experiencia**, s. f. experience. — *La experiencia es madre de la ciencia*, f. (fam.) experience is the mother of science, or invention.

**Experimentador**, s. m. one who makes experiments.

**Experimental** adj. of or belonging to an experiment.

**Experimentar**, v. a. to try experiments.

**Experimento**, s. m. experiment, trial of any thing.

**Experto**, adj. expert, skilful by practice or experience.

**Expiación**, s. f. expiation, atonement.

**Expiar**, v. a. to expiate, to atone for.

**Espirar**, v. a. vide *Espirar*.

**Explicación**, s. f. explanation, declaration.

**Explicar**, v. a. to explain, to declare.

**Explicar**, v. a. to dilate, to extend.

**Explicación**, s. f. explication, an explaining or expounding.

**Explicaderas**, s. f. pl. the manner of explaining himself that any body has.

**Explicador**, s. m. he that explicates, explains, or expounds.

**Explicar**, v. a. to explicate, to explain, to expound. — *Explicarse*, v. r. to speak plain, intelligible.

**Explicatamente**, adv. clearly, distinctly.

**Explicito**, adj. clear, manifest.

**Exploración**, s. f. finding out.

**Explorador**, s. m. explorer, examiner, one who searches; also a spy.

**Explorar**, v. a. to explore, to examine, to search out.

**Exploratorio**, s. m. a probe, an instrument made use of by surgeons.

**Explotación**, s. f. a taking of spoils.

**Explición**, s. f. an explanatory note.

**Exponedor**, s. m. expounder, interpreter.

**Exponér**, v. a. to expound, to interpret, to unfold, to lay out, to expose.

**Exposición**, s. f. exposition, explication.

**Expositivo**, adj. that makes clear or manifest; that renders any doubtful thing plain.

**Expósito**, s. m. a foundling, child exposed or laid out by its parents for others to take up and breed it.

**Expositor**, s. m. an interpreter.

**Expremio**, s. m. a wooden trough used by the shepherds to make cheese.

**Expresamente**, adv. expressly, clearly, distinctly.

**Expresar**, v. a. to express, to declare clearly; also to represent by any of the imitative arts, as poetry, sculpture, painting, &c.

**Expresión**, s. f. expression.

**Expresivo**, adj. that may be expressed, or made clear, expressive.

**Expreso**, s. m. a messenger, an express. — *Expreso*, adj. ex-

press, positive, plain, clear, not dubious.

**Exprimidéra**, s. f. a little press used by apothecaries to squeeze out the juice of herbs, &c.

**Exprimir**, v. a. to squeeze out, to make known.

**Exprobación**, s. f. a chiding, or reprimanding face to face, reproachful accusation.

**Expuestamente**, adv. openly, in the sight of all.

**Expuesto**, p. p. expounded, interpreted, unfolded, laid out, exposed.

**Expugnación**, s. f. a taking by force, or subduing by assault.

**Expugnador**, s. m. one who subdues, or takes by force.

**Expugnar**, v. a. to take by force, to subdue, to conquer, to reduce.

**Expulsión**, s. f. expulsion.

**Expulsivo**, adj. expulsive.

**Expulso**, adj. expelled, drove out.

**Expultrix**, s. f. expelling power.

**Expulgación**, s. f. the act of purifying or cleaning any thing.

**Expurgar**, v. a. to clean, to purify.

**Expurgatorio**, s. m. the Roman Index of the prohibited books.

**Exquisitamente**, adv. exquisitely, neatly, excellently.

**Exquisito**, adj. exquisite, excellent, neat, curious, fine.

**Extasi**, s. m. ecstasy, rapture, trance.

**Extático**, adj. in an ecstasy, apt to be in an ecstasy.

**Extemporal**, adj. done extempore, on a sudden, without any deliberation.

**Extemporaneamente**, adv. suddenly, inconsiderately, without premeditation.

**Extender**, v. a. to extend, to spread, to diffuse. — *Extenderse*, v. a. to be spread, to be dilated, or extended.

**Extendidamente**, adv. extensively, widely.

**Extensamente**, adv. largely, extensively.

**Extensión**, s. f. extension, dilatation.

**Extensivamente**, adv. extensively.

**Extensivo**, adj. extensive, wide, large.

**Extenso**, adj. extensive, wide, large; extended, dilated.



**Extenuación**, s. f. an extenuating or lessening.  
**Extenuar**, v. a. to extenuate, to lessen.  
**Exterior**, adj. exterior, outward.  
**Exterioridad**, s. f. outwardness; also pomp, splendour, ostentation.  
**Exteriormente**, adv. exteriorly, outwardly.  
**Exterminador**, s. m. one who roots out, or exterminates.  
**Exterminar**, v. a. to exterminate, to root out, to destroy, to overthrow, to banish.  
**Exterminio**, s. m. destruction, desolation, ruin.  
**Externo**, adj. external, outward.  
**Extinguible**, adj. that can be extinguished.  
**Extinguir**, v. a. to extinguish, to put out, to quench.  
**Extinto**, adj. extinct, quenched, put out.  
**Extirpación**, s. f. rooting out, extirpation.  
**Extirpar**, v. a. to extirpate, to root out, to destroy.  
**Extorción**, s. f. extortion, wresting from one.  
**E'xtra**, prep. without; mostly used in composition.  
**Extracción**, s. f. extraction, drawing out.  
**Extrácto**, adj. extracted, drawn out.—**Extrácto**, s. m. an abridgment.  
**Extrahér**, v. a. to extract, to draw out.  
**Extrajudicial**, adj. extrajudicial, out of the course of law.  
**Extrajudicialmente**, adv. extrajudicially.  
**Extramuros**, adv. out of the walls.  
**Extranéo**, adj. foreign.

**Extranjería**, s. f. the state of a foreigner or stranger.  
**Extrangéro**, adj. foreign.  
**Extrañamente**, adv. wonderfully.  
**Extrañamiento**, s. m. the act of separating from one's self any thing; wonder, astonishment, surprise.  
**Extrañar**, v. a. to alienate; also to be astonished, to wonder at; also to banish.  
**Extrañez**, } s. f. alienation; no-  
**Extrañeza**, } velty, singularity.  
**Extraño**, adj. rare, singular, extraordinary.—*Vino a dar en el mas extraño pensamiento que jamás dió lico en el mundo*, such an extraordinary thought got hold of his mind, as never any fool had before.  
**Extraordinariamente**, adv. extraordinarily.  
**Extraordinario**, adj. extraordinary.  
**Extravagancia**, s. f. extravagance, disorderly proceeding.  
**Extravagante**, s. f. a law of the pope taken out of the civil law.—**Extravagante**, adj. extravagant, disorderly.  
**Extravagar**, v. a. to act disorderly.  
**Extravenarse**, v. r. to run out of the vessels or veins.  
**Extraviar**, v. a. to take out of the way, to direct wrong.  
**Extravío**, s. m. wandering, strolling out of the way.  
**Extremadamente**, adv. extremely.  
**Extremado**, adj. extreme, extraordinary, perfect.  
**Extremamente**, adv. above measure, extremely.  
**Extremar**, v. a. to make perfect, to consummate.  
**Extremidad**, s. f. extremity.

**Extremo**, s. m. the perfection or consummation of any thing; the extreme, the highest degree of any thing.—**Extremo**, s. m. the extremity, the end.—*Ir, ó pasar de un extremo á otro*, f. (metaph.) to pass suddenly from one extreme to another.  
*Y áunque el mayor me quería bien, no llevo al extremo con que Don Fernando me quería*, although the eldest loved me very well, yet it never arrived to that perfect love, with which Don Ferdinand loved me.  
**Extremo**, adj. extreme, great, est.—*Con extremo, en extremo, por extremo*, extremely, very much, greatly.—**Estár en extrema necesidad**, to be in the most pressing necessity, distress.—**Estár ó poner en extremo peligro**, to be or to put one in the greatest danger.  
**Extrínsecamente**, adv. intrinsically, outwardly.  
**Extrínseco**, adj. extrinsic, outward.  
**Exturbár**, v. a. to expel by force or violence.  
**Exuberancia**, s. f. exuberance, copiousness, plenty, overgrowth, superfluous shoots, luxuriance.  
**Exuberante**, adj. very plentiful, very abundant, overabundant.  
**Exultación**, s. f. exultation, joy.  
**Exulcerar**, v. a. to ulcerate.  
**Exullo**, s. (obs.) the roller on which the weaver rolls up his threads.  
**Exúltación**, s. f. ulceration, joy.  
**Exúltar**, v. n. to rejoice, to exult, to leap for joy.

## F.

**F** is put alone in the calendar, and signifies *ferie*.  
**Faba**, s. f. (obs.) vide Haba.  
**Fabear**, v. a. to ballot by casting in of beans, some black and some white.  
**Fabaráz**, s. m. the herb staves-acre, or housebane.  
**Fabla**, s. f. (obs.) vide Habla.  
**Fablar**, v. a. (obs.) vide Hablar.  
**Fabordón**, s. m. a kind of the-

rough base. A musical term.  
**Fábrica**, s. f. a fabrick, a structure, a building, a manufacture; (metaph.) a fantastical idea.—**Fabrica reticulada**, that building in which the stones are not laid side by side, but corner-ways.—**Fabrica incierta**, that building in which the stones are not squared, or cut to a bigness, but are laid as

they come, so they lie and join close with the mortar.—**Paréd de fabrica**, a wall made with bricks.—**Hombre de fabrica**, a cunning industrious man.  
**Fabricación**, s. f. building.  
**Fabricadamente**, adv. artfully, artificially.  
**Fabricador**, s. m. a builder, a fashioner; (metaph.) an in-

ventor of lies, a disturber, a tale-bearer.

Fabricante, s. m. a builder, a workman; also a manufacturer.

Fabricar, v. a. to build, to frame, to forge, to manufacture, to form by workmanship.

Fabril, adj. belonging to all mechanic arts.

Fabriquero, s. m. a builder.

Fabúco, s. m. the fruit of the beech-tree.

Fabuño, s. m. Favonius, a wind so called.

Fábula, s. m. a fable, tale, fiction; also a lie.—*Estár, hecho fábula del mundo*, to be laughed at by all the world.

Fabulación, s. f. a fiction, or tale.

Fabulador, s. m. an inventor of fables or fictions.

Fabular, v. a. to invent fables or fictions, to tell tales or lies.

Fabulista, s. m. one that writes fables.

Fabulita, or Fabulilla, s. f. a little fable.

Fabulizar, v. a. vide Fabular.

Fabulosamente, adv. fabulously.

Fabulosidad, s. f. the falsity or vanity of fables.

Fabuloso, adj. fabulous, feigned, full of fables.

Fáca, s. f. a young mare; also a nag, a little horse.

Facanea, s. f. (obs.) vide Hacanea.

Facción, s. f. an action, an engagement, also a faction; also tumult, discord, dissension.—*Facciones, de la cara*, the features.

Faccionario, adj. of, or belonging to a party, or faction, a party man.

Faccióso, adj. factious.

Facacia, s. f. facetiousness.

Facecióso, adj. facetious, pleasant.

Facér, v. a. (obs.) vide Hacer.

Faceta, s. f. one of the sides of a jewel when cut.

Faceto, adj. discreet, merry, facetious.

Fácha, s. f. the face.

Facháda, s. f. the front of a building.

Fachín, s. m. a porter to carry bundles.

Facial, adj. intuitive.

Facil, adj. easy, tractable; also light of carriage.

Facilllo, dimin. of *facil*; fa-

*cillo es eso*, f. (iron.) that is very difficult.—*Hombre fácil*, an inconstant man, easy to be led.—*Muger fácil*, a light woman, a woman easily corrupted.

Facilidad, s. f. easiness; lightness of behaviour.

Facilitar, v. a. to make easy, to free from difficulty.

Facilmente, adv. easily.

Facinoroso, adj. criminal, enormous, wicked, vicious, villainous.

Facistol, } s. m. a stand for a

Facistor, } book, such as they use in churches; a desk.

Facistoria, s. f. vide Faldistorio.

Fáco, s. m. a ludicrous word for a small horse. (In cant) a handkerchief.

Factible, adj. that can be made or done.

Factico, adj. done by art, factitious.

Factór, s. m. a factor.

Factorio, s. f. a factory, factorship.

Factura, s. f. the making of a thing; also an invoice.

Facúlas, s. f. pl. certain spots observable in the sun, that are brighter than the rest of its surface.

Facultad, s. f. faculty, ability, power, leave; also science.

Facultativo, adj. belonging to any faculty.

Facúndia, s. f. eloquence, a fine way of delivery.

Facúndo, adj. well-spoken, eloquent.

Fádas, or Hadas, s. f. pl. so the writers of romances called enchanted nymphs or women who they feign cannot die. They are also taken for the Parcae or Fates, which the poets feign to have the disposal of human life.—*F. das bocas*, a sort of winter-pears.

Fadiga, s. f. the fundamental right or title, which the owner of an estate gives up in selling it.

Fádo, s. m. (obs.) vide Hado.

Fadrín, s. m. a boy, a little brother.

Fadrubádo, adj. (obs.) lame, crippled, disabled in the limbs.

Faéna, s. f. business; a sailor's work at sea; also vain boasting.

Fagina, s. f. fascine, such as armies use to fill up ditches

or raise up trenches; a fag-

got of brush-wood; also all sorts of withered dry leaves or flags, which may serve to light the fire, or pack up brittle ware.—*Meter fagina*, to be a great talker, or very loquacious.

Faisa, s. f. (obs.) vide Faxe.

Faisán, s. m. a pheasant.

Faisár, v. a. vide Faxar.

Fája, s. f. a swathe, such as is used for swathing children or the like. In architecture, an iron or brass stay, to bind any work together.

Palácia, s. f. deceit, fraud, falsehood.

Falágio, s. m. a venomous sort of spider.

Falágo, s. m. } (obs.) vide

Falaguéño, adj. } Halago, Halaguéño.

Falänge, } s. f. the Macedonian

Falánje, } phalanx, being a square body of foot.

Falarica, s. f. a spear bound about with wild fire shot out of an engine, to burn a rolling tower brought against a besieged city.

Faláz, adj. deceitful, false.

Falbála, s. m. furBelow.

Fálca, s. f. a small bit of stick like a wedge drove into the small end of a pin to make it hold the faster; also a nail, or stud.

Falcádo, adj. studded, stuck with nails or studs.—*Cárrro falcádo*, the ancient chariots, with scythes sticking out on both sides, which they used to drive among the enemies to break their ranks and cut down men.

Falcár, v. a. to cut with a scythe.

Fálce, s. f. a scythe.

Falcineto, s. m. the bird called a martin.

Falcón, s. m. vide Halcon; also a faucon, a gun so called, carrying a bullet of about two pounds and a half weight.

Falconero, s. m. a falconer.

Falconete, s. m. a piece of artillery called a falconet.

Fálda, s. f. a woman's petticoats, or that part of any garment that hangs down like them, as of a gown, cassock, &c. a shirt; also the lower part or skirt of a mountain; also the lap.—*En faldas de camisa*, in her smock with no petticoat on.—*Cortar faldas*, f. fam. to censure; the same



*as cortar un vestido*, f. (iron.) to censure, or speak ill of any one.  
**Faldaméntos**, s. m. pl. all a woman's coats that hang down, or that part of any gownman's habit that hangs like petticoats.  
**Faldár**, s. m. a lappet or armour.  
**Faldeár**, v. n. to train the coats on the ground.  
**Faldellín**, s. m. any under-coat women wear; any thing hanging down like a woman's petticoats.  
**Faldéro**, adj. kept on the lap: said of little dogs.  
**Faldéte**, s. f. a little skirt or short waistcoat.  
**Faldétes**, s. m. pl. short skirts.  
**Faldillas**, s. m. pl. the skirts of a garment, as of a waistcoat, doublet, &c. also little coats, as a child's petticoats.  
**Faldiquera**, s. f. vide **Faldriquera**.  
**Faldistório**, s. m. a rich cloth used in some places to lay over the stand or desk on which they lay the book, when the priest reads the gospel.  
**Faldón**, s. m. any great flap or skirt hanging from the garment.  
**Faldriquera**, s. f. a pocket.  
**Faldúco**, s. m. that has great skirts or hanging coats, (in cant, a target).  
**Faldulário**, s. m. any garment that drags unreasonably on the ground.  
**Fajécia**, s. f. a contingency, a thing that may or may not be.  
**Falibilidad** s. f. fallibility.  
**Falible**, adj. that can fail.  
**Falido**, s. m. a broken merchant or tradesman.  
**Falimiento**, s. m. deceit, fraud, guilt, falsity.  
**Falir**, v. n. to fail, to break, as tradesmen do.  
**Falla**, s. f. vide **Falta**.  
**Fallar**, v. a. vide **Hallar**, and **Faltar**.  
**Fallera**, s. f. an iron bar for windows or doors.  
**Fallecedéro**, adj. that can fall.  
**Fallecer**, v. n. to die, to be consumed.  
**Fallecimiento**, s. m. dying, departing.  
**Fallido**, s. m. vide **Falido**.  
**Fálo**, s. m. decision, sentence passed upon criminals.  
**Falordia**, s. f. fallacy, deceit, fraud.

**Falquías**, s. m. a sort of headstall, or halter for a beast.  
**Falsa-Brága**, s. f. the fausse-braye, in fortification.  
**Falsamente**, adv. falsely.  
**Falsár**, v. a. to falsify, to counterfeit.  
**Falsário**, s. m. a forger, a counterfeiter.  
**Falseár**, v. a. to adulterate, corrupt, or counterfeit any thing.—**Falseár**, v. n. to fail, or to be broken.—**Falseár las guardas ó centinelas**, to corrupt, to bribe the sentinels or guards.  
**Falsedad**, s. f. falshood, fraud, deceit.  
**Falséte**, s. m. a counterfeit voice in singing, which is not natural.  
**Falsia**, s. f. (obs.) falshood, deceit.  
**Falsificación**, s. f. falsifying or counterfeiting.  
**Falsificadór**, s. m. a forger, falsifier.  
**Falsificar**, v. a. to falsify, to forge.  
**Falsifico**, s. m. a forger, a falsifier.  
**Falsito**, s. m. diminutive of *filso*.  
**Fálsco**, adj. untrue, counterfeit.—**Amigo fálsco**, a false friend.—**Monéda fálsa**, false money.—**El quarto fálsco de noche pasa**, ref. false money passes at night; that is, bad actions, or things improper, are done in the dark.—**Edificio fálsco**, a structure that has not a sound foundation.—**Escritúra fálsa**, a counterfeit writing.—**Armár sóbre fálsco**, to build upon an ill bottom.—**Embidár de fálsco**, a term among gamesters, when one stakes only to brave his adversary.  
**Falsopéto**, s. m. a pocket in the bosom, a pouch before.  
**Fálta**, s. f. fault; want, error.—**Prov. A fálda de hómbrés buenos le hacen a mi padre alcalde**, for want of honest men, my father is made *alcalde*. A man is made use of, because no body else can serve, or is in the way.  
**Faltár**, v. n. to fail, to be wanting, to err, to break one's word.—**Faltár la escopeta**, to miss firing.—**No falta quien diga**, there are some that say.—**No faltéis**, do not fail.—**Prov. Nunca fálda un río para un descosido**, there never wants

a ragged one for one that is ripped; that is, there is never so bad a Jack but there is as bad a Jill.  
**Faltilla**, s. f. diminutive of *falla*, a little fault.  
**Fálto**, adj. deficient, wanting.—**Hómbré fáltó**, a madman, a fool, one that wants his wits.  
**Faltoso**, adj. deficient, wanting.  
**Faltriquera**, s. f. a pocket.  
**Falúa**, s. f. a barge, such as are used on the rivers for pleasure, or to carry people of note.  
**Fálúca**, s. f. a barge.  
**Fáma**, s. f. fame, report, renown.—**Prov. Cóbrra buena fama y échate a dormir**, get a good name, and lie down to sleep.—**Prov. A quien mala fama tien no acompañes, ni quieras bien**, do not keep company with, nor be fond of one that has an ill name.—**Prov. Quién la fama ha perdido, muerto anda en vida**, he who has lost his reputation, is as good as dead whilst living.—**Prov. Uno tiene la fama, y otro cárdala lina**, one man has the reputation, and another cards the wool; that is, one man takes all the pains, and another runs away with the profit or the honour.—**Buena fama, hurto encubre**, ref. good reputation hides many crimes.—**La mala llaga, sana, la mala fama mata**, ref. a bad wound might be cured, but an ill reputation kills many.  
**Fáme**, s. f. hunger. (Obs.)  
**Familico**, adj. hungry, starved with hunger.  
**Familia**, s. f. a family.  
**Familiar**, adj. familiar, friendly; used substantively, a familiar devil, with whom any man or woman is in league for the performing of their wicked purposes.—**Familiar del santo oficio**, a titular officer of the inquisition.  
**Familiarcito**, s. m. a diminutive of *familiar*.  
**Familiáres**, s. m. pl. in colleges, are poor students, who, for their learning and maintenance, serve the college in general, but not any person in particular.  
**Familiaridad**, s. f. familiarity.  
**Familiarizar**, v. a. to grow familiar.—**Familiarizarse**, v. r. to make one's self familiar.  
**Familiarmente**, adv. familiarly.

- Familiatúra**, s. f. the employment given to the *familiares del santo oficio*.
- Famosamente**, adv. famously, notably.
- Famóso**, adj. famous, renowned, notable.
- Famulicio**, s. m. the office of a servant.
- Famúlo**, s. m. a servant.
- Fañado**, adj. (obs.) grown up, increased.
- Fanál**, s. m. the lantern of a ship, or any other lantern.
- Fañil**, (in cant) the eye.
- Fanático**, s. m. f. a fanatick.
- Fandango**, s. m. a dance so called.
- Fandanguero**, s. m. he who is skilful in dancing the *fandango*.
- Fandulários**, s. m. pl. vide *Faldularios*.
- Fañeca**, s. f. a small sea-fish so called.
- Fañega**, s. f. a bushel.
- Fañegada**, s. f. as much land as a bushel of corn will sow.
- Fañfa**, s. f. a play, or rather an interlude; also folly, and boasting.
- Fañfarrear**, v. a. vide *Fañfarronear*.
- Fañfarria**, s. f. a boasting tale, a lying, hectoring story; also pride, vanity, vain-glory.
- Fañfarrón**, s. m. a boasting fellow, a bully, a talkative, conceited fellow.
- Fañfarronear**, v. n. to boast, to brag, to talk like a bully, to be vain.
- Fañfarroneria**, s. f. bragging, boasting.
- Fañfurriña**, s. f. the passion or anger that arises on trivial things.
- Fáno**, s. m. a temple.
- Fantasear**, v. n. to fancy, to imagine; to believe without being able to prove.
- Fantasia**, s. f. imagination, the power by which the mind forms to itself images and representations of things, persons, &c.; also caprice, humour, whimsical pride, false notion.
- Fantasióso**, se, adj. fanciful, imaginary.
- Fantasma**, s. f. a spectre, an apparition, a fancied vision.
- Fantástico**, ca, adj. fantastical, fantastic.
- Fantasticamente**, adv. fantastically, whimsically.
- Fantasmón**, s. m. a proud, idle fellow.
- Faquin**, s. m. a porter that carries burdens.
- Farabustear**, v. n. (in cant) to look out sharp.
- Farabusteadór**, s. m. (in cant,) a sharp thief.
- Farachár**, v. a. to flourish or brandish the sword.
- Faramá-la**, s. f. quarrel, broil, confusion that arises from tattling of each other.
- Faramalléro**, s. m. a tattling, ignorant person who raises contention by telling of lies.
- Faramallón**, s. a prattler, a babbler.
- Farandula**, s. f. play, farce; a cheat, falsehood.
- Farandeléro**, s. m. a comedian, an actor; player; also a great talker, a sharper, a cheat.
- Paraúte**, s. m. a herald, a messenger that passes between two; also he that speaks the prologue of a play.—*Faránte*, (in cant,) the servant of a whore.
- Farcinadór**, s. m. he who stuffs up any thing.
- Fárda**, s. f. the tribute, or tax paid by the Moors or Jews formerly living among the Christians to the king.—*Fárda*, s. m. (in cant) a bundle.
- Farfár**, v. a. to make a provision for cloaths.
- Fardage**, } s. m. lumber, bales,  
**Fardaje**, } fardles, luggage,  
parcels of goods.
- Fardel**, s. m. a fardle, a pack, a great bundle.
- Fardelillo**, s. m. diminutive of *fardel*.
- Fardialédra**, s. f. (in cant,) small money, small coin.
- Fardillo**, s. m. a little bundle.
- Fárho**, s. m. a bale of goods, a bundle; a parcel.
- Farellón**, s. m. a point of land that runs out into the sea.
- Farfala**, s. f. a border, welt, fringe, or lace, about a woman's gown.
- Farfallóso**, adj. stammering or stuttering.
- Farfán**, s. m. a horse-soldier; who is a Christian, yet in the army of the Moors.
- Farfante**, s. m. a prating, jesting, cheating fellow.
- Farfantón**, s. m. prater, talker.
- Farfantónada**, s. f. idle prattle, silly talk.
- Farfara**, s. f. an herb very like ivy.
- Farfaro**, s. m. (in cant) a priest,
- Farfilla**, s. m. one who stutters, or stammers.
- Farfulladór**, s. m. the man who stammers by endeavouring to express himself hastily when in a passion.
- Farfullár**, v. n. to prate, to babble, to talk hastily, to chatter,
- Farína**, s. f. vide *Harina*.
- Farinetas**, s. f. pl. a kind of pap.
- Fáro**, s. m. a light-house.
- Faról**, s. m. the lantern on the poop of a ship; also a light-house on the shore, where fires are kept in the night, to know how to steer into the haven.
- Faroléro**, s. m. one who has the care of the light-house.
- Farolillo**, s. m. a little lantern.
- Farón**, s. m. corruptly for *farót*.
- Faróta**, s. m. a bold impudent woman.
- Farotón**, s. m. a bold, impudent man.
- Fárpa**, s. f. (obs.) a rag, or rent, or a loose piece hanging from a garment. In the old laws they call the standards cut like streamers, *farpas*.
- Farpado**, adj. cut on the border, scolloped.
- Fárta**, s. f. a fish so called.
- Farrágo**, s. m. a hodge-podge, a medley.
- Fárrro**, s. m. (obs.) bran. Some will have it to be any corn. It is also barley that has the husk just taken off, which serves to make a pisan for sick people.
- Fársá**, s. f. a farce, a light dramatic representation.
- Fársante**, s. m. a player, an actor.
- Fárséto**, s. m. (obs.) a doublet.
- Fársista**, s. m. a player, an actor.
- Farfáles**, or **Fartiles**, s. m. pl. a kind of cheese-cakes.
- Fártés**, s. m. pl. a kind of fritters.
- Fartriquera**, s. f. vide *Faltriquera*.
- Fas**, s. m. right, just.
- Fascál**, s. m. a heap of sheaves of corn.
- Fásces**, s. m. pl. bundles of rods carried before the Roman magistrates with an axe bound in the middle of them.



- Fascinación**, s. f. a bewitching by the eyes, a fascination; also a deceit, a cheat, a fraud.
- Fascinár**, v. a. to bewitch by the eyes; also to cheat.
- Fascóna**, s. f. (obs.) vide Azcona.
- Fasól**, s. m. the herb called fenugreek.
- Fasóles**, s. m. pl. kidney-beans, French beans.
- Fasquia**, a. f. (obs.) loathing.
- Fasquiar**, s. f. (obs.) to loath.
- Fasta**, adv. (obs.) vide Hasta.
- Fastidiár**, v. a. to loath.
- Fastidio**, s. m. a loathing.—*No pillar fastidio*, f. (fam.) indifferent, not to care for any thing.
- Fastidiosamente**, adv. in a loathsome or troublesome manner.
- Fastidioso**, adj. loathsome, troublesome.
- Fastigio**, s. m. the top of any thing.
- Fástico**, s. m. vide Hastio.
- Fásto**, s. m. pride, haughtiness.
- Fastoso**, } adj. stately, haugh-  
**Pastoso**, } ty.
- Fatál**, adj. fatal.
- Fataldád**, s. f. fatality, misfortune, unhappiness.
- Fatalmente**, adv. fatally.
- Fatídico**, adj. belonging to a soothsayer, fatidical, prophetic, having the power to foretell.
- Fatiga**, s. f. weariness, fatigue.
- Fatigación**, s. f. weariness.
- Fatigador**, s. m. one who wearies.
- Fatigar**, v. a. to weary, to tire.—*Fatigarse*, v. r. to fatigue one's self.
- Fatigoso**, adj. wearisome, tiresome, fatiguing.
- Fáto**, s. m. (obs.) fate, destiny.
- Fatór**, s. m. a factor.
- Fatoria**, s. f. factory; factorship; the allowance to a factor.
- Fatuidad**, s. f. ignorance, stupidity, foolishness, weakness of mind.
- Fátno**, adj. simple, ignorant, senseless, stupid.
- Fátura**, s. m. vide Factura.
- Fáuce**, s. m. the gorge or gullet-pipe.
- Faufau**, s. m. pride, vain-glory, boasting.
- Fáuno**, s. m. a fabled god of the woods.
- Fausto**, adj. proud, arrogant.
- Faustoso**, adj. haughty, stately, proud, arrogant.
- Fautór**, s. m. one who cherishes or helps another.
- Favaráz**, s. m. the herb stavesacre or housebane.
- Favilla**, s. f. (obs.) ashes.
- Fávo**, s. m. an honeycomb.
- Favónio**, s. m. the west wind.
- Favér**, s. m. favour, assistance, help; also kindness granted, and something given by a lady to be worn.—*A favér*, in favour; also to the order, speaking of a bill of exchange.
- Favorable**, adj. favourable, kind, propitious, affectionate; also accommodate; convenient.—*Tener el viento favorable*, to have a good wind.
- Favorablemente**, adv. favourably, kindly, with favour.
- Favorcillo**, s. m. a little favour.
- Favordón**, s. m. a loud sort of sounding bass, used in great choirs.
- Favorecedór**, s. m. favourer, one that assists or relieves.
- Favorecer**, v. a. to favour, to aid, to assist, to relieve.
- Favorido**, adj. (obs.) favoured.
- Fáxa**, s. f. a swathing band, such as they use about children; any border about a garment. In architecture, a fascia, a plain border, as over a column, or the like.
- Fáxas de piernas*, }  
*Fáxas de calzas*, } garters.
- Faxár**, v. a. to swathe.
- Faxádo**, s. m. a kind of minced pie.
- Faxéro**, s. m. a child's roller.
- Faxina**, s. f. vide Pagina.
- Faxon**, s. m. a great fascia in architecture, or a large plain border encompassing the top of a column, or the like.
- Fáxos**, s. m. children's cloaths.
- Faxuêla**, s. m. a small swathing band.
- Fayádo**, s. m. a cock-loft.
- Payánca**, s. f. an unsteady posture of the body.
- Faz**, s. f. the face, the countenance; also surface.—*Fáz à fiz*, face to face.—*A prima fiz*, at the first sight or meeting.
- Paralêja**, s. f. (obs.) a towel.
- Fazáfia**, s. f. (obs.) vide Hazafia.
- Fazfirido**, adj. (obs.) reproved, rebuked.
- Fazfirir**, v. a. (obs.) to reprove, to rebuke.
- Fázo**, s. m. (in cant) a handkerchief.
- Fazóleto**, s. m. a handkerchief.
- Fe**, s. f. faith, honesty, truth, sincerity, fidelity, loyalty.—*Dar su fe*, to promise, to engage one's word.—*Dar fe*, to certify.—*A la fe*, by my faith.—*Tener fe en otro*, to have faith in a man.—*Guardár fe*, to be just, to keep promise.—*Dar fe a lo que se dice*, to credit what is said.—*Estár en buena fe*, to have a good reputation.—*Dar fe ánte un escribána*, to attest before a notary.—*Hacer una cosa en fe de que agradará*, to do a thing, believing it will please.—*Fé de vida*, a testimonial, or certificate that a man is alive.
- Féaldád**, s. f. deformity, ugliness; scandalous or dishonest dealing.
- Feante**, adv. ugly, deformedly; scandalously, dishonestly.
- Feamiento**, s. m. deformity.
- Féble**, s. f. feeble, weak, or frail; short of weight, not so valuable as it ought to be.
- Febledád**, s. f. feebleness, weakness.
- Feblemente**, adv. feebly, weakly.
- Febrático**, adv. feebly, weakly.
- Febrero**, s. m. the month of February.
- Febricitante**, s. m. he who is troubled with a fever.
- Febrido**, adj. garnished, adorned; also fortified.
- Febrifugo**, adj. of, or belonging to the medicine that cures the fever.
- Febril**, adj. belonging to a fever.
- Fecál**, adj. belonging to the dregs or dross of any thing.
- Fécha**, s. f. the date of any writing.
- Fechár las dientes**, (obs.) to gnash the teeth.
- Fécho**, s. m. (obs.) vide Hecho.
- Féchoría**, s. f. (obs.) a base and ignoble action.
- Fecial**, s. m. an herald at arms, sent to denounce war or make peace.
- Feculento**, adj. feculent, containing dregs.
- Fecundación**, s. f. fertility.
- Fecundamente**, adv. fruitfully.
- Fecundár**, v. a. to make fruitful.
- Fecundidad**, s. f. fertility.
- Fecundizar**, v. a. vide Fecundar.
- Fecúndo**, adj. fruitful, fertile,

**Federación**, s. f. confederacy.  
**Fediente**, adj. (obs.) dirty, nasty, stinking.  
**Fée**, s. f. vide *Fe*.  
**Feéza**, s. f. (obs.) ugliness, deformity.  
**Fesaut**, s. m. a key in music.  
**Feita**, s. f. (in cant) a trick, a particular way of cheating.  
**Fejugo**, adj. (obs.) weighty, heavy, burthensome.  
**Fejuguáz**, s. f. (obs.) heaviness.  
**Pegado**, s. m. (obs.) vide *Higado*.  
**Felibóte**, s. m. a fly-boat, a sort of vessel.  
**Felice**, adj. vide *Feliz*.  
**Felicemente**, adj. happily, fortunately.  
**Felicidad**, s. f. happiness, felicity.  
**Felicitar**, v. a. to congratulate, to wish joy to another.  
**Feligres**, s. m. a parishioner.  
**Feligresía**, s. f. a parishioner-ship.  
**Feliz**, adj. happy, fortunate.  
**Felizmente**, adv. happily, fortunately, luckily.  
**Felonia**, s. f. treachery, disloyalty, treason, felony.  
**Felipa**, s. f. shag.—*Felipa rabóna*, a cudgelling.  
**Felpado**, adj. of, or belonging to shag.  
**Felpilla**, s. f. a kind of shag.  
**Felpúdo**, adj. of, or belonging to shag.  
**Feltre**, s. m. vide *Fieltro*.  
**Felúca**, s. a felucca, a sort of vessel.  
**Fembra**, s. f. (obs.) vide *Hembra*.  
**Feménia**, s. f. (obs.) vehemence.  
**Femenil**, adj. womanish, effeminate.  
**Femenilmente**, adv. woman-like.  
**Femenino**, adj. belonging to a woman.  
**Fementidamente**, adv. unfaithfully, falsely.  
**Fementido**, adj. base, false, deceitful, treacherous.  
**Femina**, s. f. a woman; poetical.  
**Feminál**, adj. of, or belonging to a woman, womanish, effeminate.  
**Feminéo**, adj. womanish, belonging to a woman, the feminine gender.  
**Feminil**, adj. womanish, effeminate.  
**Feminino**, adj. womanish, effeminate.

**Fender**, v. a. (obs.) vide *Hender*.  
**Fendiente**, s. m. a cleaving blow.  
**Fenecer**, v. a. to finish, to bring to a conclusion.—*Fenecer cuentas*, to make up accounts, to end them.  
**Fencimiento**, s. m. a finishing.  
**Fenestra**, s. f. poetical for window.  
**Fenigéno**, adj. belonging to hay.  
**Poetical**.  
**Féno**, s. m. (obs.) vide *Heno*.  
**Fenogréco**, s. m. a plant so called.  
**Féo**, adj. deformed, ugly; dishonest, base.—*Compuesta*, no hay muger sea, ref. she is not an ugly woman when she is well-dressed.  
**Feracidad**, s. f. fruitfulness.  
**Ferál**, adj. fierce, cruel, inhuman, sanguinary.  
**Feráz**, adj. abundant, copious, fruitful, plenteous.  
**Féretro**, s. m. a bier whereon a coffin is carried.  
**Féria**, s. f. a fair, a market; in the language of the church, a holyday.—*Dar ferías*, to give a fairing.—*Oficio de feria*, the office appointed to be said by clergymen on common days, that are neither Sundays nor holydays.—*Feria franca*, a free fair, where the goods sold pay no duties.  
**Feríal**, adj. belonging to a fair, or market.—*Psalmos feriales*, psalms appointed to be said on a *feria*, or week-day.  
**Feriar**, v. a. to buy or sell, to give a fairing.—*Dia feriado*, a holyday, on which all the courts of justice are shut up.  
**Ferida**, s. f. (obs.) vide *Herida*.  
**Feridad**, s. f. cruelty, inhumanity, fierceness.  
**Feridór**, s. m. who wounds.  
**Ferino**, adj. belonging to a beast, beastlike.  
**Ferlingoto**, s. m. a sort of puff-paste boiled in oil.  
**Fermentación**, s. f. an heat, or fermentation.  
**Fermentár**, v. a. to leaven.  
**Fermentativo**, adj. heated, fermented.  
**Fermento**, s. m. leaven, ferment.  
**Ferocidad**, s. f. fierceness, cruelty, inhumanity.  
**Feróz**, adj. fierce, wild, furious.  
**Ferozmente**, adv. fiercely, cruelly.

**Ferrada**, s. f. (obs.) vide *Herrada*; an iron club.  
**Ferrador**, s. m. one that works in iron.  
**Ferrar**, v. a. to strengthen, shoe, or case with iron.  
**Ferréo**, adj. of, or belonging to, iron, made of iron.  
**Ferrér**, s. m. a smith.  
**Ferrería**, s. f. vide *Herrería*.  
**Ferrête**, s. m. a small piece of iron, an iron stud, a seal for cloth; also a sort of black dye.  
**Ferreteado**, adj. that has small iron plates on it, studded with iron.  
**Ferrenelo**, s. m. a cloak.  
**Ferrión**, s. m. } a mark or sign  
**Ferrióna**, s. f. } of anger.  
**Férro**, s. m. (obs.) iron, but properly an anchor.—*Levar el ferro*, to raise the anchor.  
**Ferrónas**, s. f. pl. (in cant) spurs.  
**Fertil**, adj. fruitful, abundant, plenteous.  
**Fertilidad**, s. f. fruitfulness.  
**Fertilizar**, v. a. to fertilize, to make fruitful.  
**Férula**, s. f. a little cane or rod used in schools for the correction of children.  
**Ferviente**, adj. fervent, hot, boiling.  
**Fervór**, s. m. fervour, earnestness, heat.  
**Fervorcillo**, s. m. diminutive of *fervor*.  
**Fervorizar**, v. a. to raise an heat or fervour.  
**Fervoroamente**, adv. earnestly, eagerly, zealously.  
**Fervoroso**, adj. fervorous, earnest, eager, zealous.  
**Festeár**, v. a. vide *Festear*.  
**Festejador**, s. m. one that makes much of, or kindly entertains others.  
**Festejar**, v. a. to make much of, to entertain kindly, to treat lovingly; the same as *Cortejar*, v. a. to court a lady, to make love to her.  
**Festejo**, s. m. ready service, kindness, officiousness.  
**Festéro**, s. m. an officer in a church or chapel whose business is to take care of the ecclesiastical functions.  
**Festín**, s. m. a private feast.  
**Festinación**, s. f. expedition.  
**Festival**, adj. festival, joyful, belonging to a feast.  
**Festivamente**, adv. merrily, joyfully.  
**Festividad**, s. f. a festival day,



or the solemnizing of it; mirth, pleasantry.

festivo, adj. joyful, festival, pleasant.

festón, s. m. a festoon, a garland of flowers set about a coat of arms, upon some public solemnity. In architecture, a *festón* is the carved knots of flowers hanging on the columns, or the like.

fetido, adj. stinking.

feto, s. m. the *fetus* or young in the womb; any animal in embryo.

feudál, adj. belonging to fees or tenures, by which lands are held of a superior lord.

Feudalidad, s. f. the quality or condition of fees.

Feudár, v. a. vide *Enfeudar*.

Feudatário, adj. one that holds of his lord in fee.

Feucista, s. m. the author that treats of fiefs.

Feúdo, s. m. fief, lands held of a sovereign lord; the acknowledgment paid for it.

Fi, s. m. (obs.) a son.

Fiável, adj. faithful.

Fiador, s. m. surety, bail; he that is bound for another. In falconry, the small long line that is fastened to the hawk's leash when she is first lured, to bring her back at pleasure.—*Fiador*, s. m. is also the loop of a cloak that comes about the neck to button, that it may not fall off.

Fiadura, } s. f. (obs.) vide

Fiadura, } *Fianza*.

Fiambre, adj. cold meat.

Fiambre, s. f. a large hamper, in which great men, when they travel, carry cold meat.

Fianza, s. f. bail, surety.

Fiár, v. a. to trust, to credit, to bail, to be bound for, to confide in, to rely on.—Prov. *Ni fiés, ni porfies, ni apuestes, ni prestes, y vivirás entre las gentes*, do not trust, nor contend, nor lay wagers, nor lend, and you will live among men, you will live peaceably.

Fiado, da, p. p. from *Fiár*.

Fiát, let it be done. A Latin word used in Spanish very often.

Fibra, s. f. a little vein or fibre.

Fibroso, adj. full of fibres.

Fibula, s. f. a button or buckle.

Ficante, s. m. (in cant) a gamester, a cheat.

Ficar, v. a. (in cant) to play.

Ficción, s. f. a fiction, a tale, a fable.

Fice, s. m. a fish called a whitling.

Ficedúla, s. f. a bird like a nightingale, feeding on figs or grapes.

Ficticio, adj. fabulous, fictitious.

Ficto, adj. feigned, fictitious, fabulous; also vain, useless.

Fictúra, s. f. a feigning, or counterfeiting; a cog, a lie, a device.

Fidálgo, s. m. the old Spanish for a gentleman well born, now only used in Portugal.

Fidedigno, adj. credible, that deserves to be credited.

Fideicomisário, s. m. he that is intrusted to perform the will of a testator.

Fideicomiso, s. m. a feoffment of trust, when a thing by will is put into one's hand upon his honesty, to dispose of to some certain use.

Fidelidad, s. f. fidelity, honesty, veracity; also faithful adherence.

Fidéos, s. m. vermicelli.

Fidícula, s. f. a constellation so called.

Fido, adj. faithful.

Fidúcia, s. f. confidence, faith.

Fièvre, s. f. a fever, an ague.

Fiél, adj. faithful.—*Fiél*, s. f. (obs.) vide *Hiel*.

Fieldad, s. f. fidelity, the office of him that is to see just weights and measures.

Fielmente, adv. faithfully.

Fiéltro, s. m. felt; also a hat or cloak made of felt.—Prov. *Caminar con zapatos de fiéltro*, to go with felt shoes; that is, to proceed with great secrecy.

Fiéra, s. f. a wild beast.

Fieramente, adv. fiercely.

Fieréza, s. f. fierceness, wildness, savageness.

Fiéro, adj. fierce, wild, savage.—*Fieros*, s. m. pl. threats, bravadoes, fierce behaviour.

Fiérro, s. m. (obs.) vide *Hierro*.

Fiesta, s. f. feast, festival, entertainment, merry-making.

—*Estar de fiesta*, s. to be in good humour.—*No estar de fiesta*, or *para fiestas*, f. to be in ill humour.—*Fiesta de seis capás* or *de siete capás*, a great holiday, or festival, when six or seven canons of the church officiate in their rich copes.—Prov. *Gran fiesta para tan chico sancto*,

a great feast for such a little saint. Much ceremony for an inconsiderable person.—Prov. *Quien te hace fiesta el que no te la solia hácer, ó te quiere engañar ó te ha menester*, he that makes more of you than he was wont to do, either designs to cheat you, or stands in need of you.

Fiéz, s. m. (obs.) vide *Hez*.

Figádo, s. m. (obs.) vide *Higado*.

Figmento, s. m. (obs.) earthenware.

Figo, s. m. (obs.) a fig.

Figón, s. m. a cook that dresses meat in Spain for the meaner sort; also the cook's shop.—*Figón*, a word of reproach, a bardash.

Figonál, adj. belonging to a cook's shop.

Figonéro, s. m. the master of a cook's shop.

Figuéra, s. f. (obs.) vide *Higuera*.

Figuéral, s. m. a grove of fig-trees.

Figulino, adj. made of clay.

Figura, s. f. a figure, a shape, a form; also a court-card, a part in a play.—*Figúra*, a haughty boasting fellow; also a ridiculous ugly fellow.—*Figúra*, a figure in rhetoric; any way of speaking, in which words are distorted from their literal and primitive sense; in grammar, any deviat on from the rules of analogy or syntax.—*Hacer figura*, to make a great figure in the world.—*Hacer figuras*, to make faces.—Prov. *Natural y figura, hasta la sepultura*, the same temper remains during all one's life.—*Levantar figura*, to cast a figure, as cheating astrologers and fortune tellers do.—*Buena ó mala figura*, a man or woman of a good or bad presence.

Figurable, adj. that can be figured, fashioned, figurable, capable of being brought to certain form.

Figurada, s. f. an insignificant and impertinent action, or jest, done with pretended affectation or gravity.

Figuradamente, adv. figuratively.

Figural, adj. belonging to a figure.

Figuránza, s. f. likeness, resemblance, similitude.

Figurar, v. a. to figure, to repre-

sent, to form, to shape, to imagine, to concert. — *Figurar*, v. r. to form, to imagine, or represent to one's self.

*Figurativo*, adj. figurative.

*Figurera*, s. f. vide *Figurada*.

*Figurero*, s. m. a mimick, a gesticulator, a man that makes faces.

*Figurilla*, s. f. a little figure, an insignificant fellow.

*Figurón*, s. m. augm. of *figura*.

*Fijar*, v. a. to fix, to make fast; also to settle, to establish invariably; also to deprive of volatility. — *Fijar la vista*, to fix the sight.

*Fijo*, s. m. (obs.) vide *Hijo*.

*Fijodalgo*, s. m. (obs.) vide *Hidalgo*.

*Fil*, s. m. (obs.) thread; an imaginary line, such as geometers say consists in length without breadth. Sometimes taken for *fijo*, or *hijo*, a son.

*Fila*, s. f. a file of soldiers.

*Filacigas*, s. f. ropes made of oakum aboard ships; that is, of old ropes towed out, spun, and twisted again; our seamen call them rope-yarns.

*Filadiz*, } s. m. the silk that is  
*Filaiz*, } gotten out of the pod after the worm is worn out.

*Filamentos*, s. m. pl. filaments, a slender body like a thread.

*Filandrias*, s. f. pl. a sort of small worms, which birds, especially those of prey, breed in their bowels.

*Filangas*, s. f. pl. rope-yarn, small ropes aboard ships made of oakum.

*Filar*, adj. belonging to a thread.

— *Filar*, v. a. (obs.) to spin.

— *Filar*, in cant, to cut a purse.

*Filaréte*, s. m. in cant, a cut-purse.

*Filarétes*, s. m. pl. the nettings aboard a ship, being small ropes seized together with rope yarns in the form of a net, commonly used in the waist or on the sides above the timber, to prevent falling overboard, and to lay a sail over for shade.

*Filástica*, s. f. oakum; that is, old ropes untwisted and pulled out, as it were, into loose flax again.

*Filateria*, s. f. a long harangue to impose upon a man; banter.

*Filatéro*, s. m. the person who makes a long harangue on tri-

vial things. In cant, a thief who steals by cutting off pockets.

*Filates*, s. m. pl. the places where they lay their oars in a galley.

*Filariza*, s. f. a sort of camblet.

*Filderrorér*, s. m. a kind of woolen cloth so called.

*Filéli*, s. f. a sort of thin stuff made in Barbary.

*Filén*, adj. (obs.) soft, smooth; also effeminate.

*Filéra*, s. f. (obs.) vide *Hilera*.

*Filète*, s. m. an edge or edging.

*Fil tear*, v. a. to make an edge or edging.

*Filetón*, s. m. a great edge.

*Filiación*, s. f. the descent from fathers to sons; also a religious house depending on another from which it first came.

*Filiagulla*, s. f. the plant maguey, in the West-Indies.

*Filial*, adj. filial, belonging to a son.

*Fihár*, v. n. to prove one's own descent.

*Filibote*, s. m. vide *Felibote*.

*Filécida*, s. m. a killer of his son.

*Filigrana*, s. f. filigree-work, which is curious fine work in silver or gold, or any other metal.

*Filfil*, s. m. perfection, delicacy.

*Filpéndula*, s. f. the herb or flower called drop-wort.

*Filipichin*, s. m. wool woven with fine flowers.

*Filipodio*, s. m. the herb polypody of the oak.

*Filipo*, } s. m. a sort of silver  
*Filipón*, } coin.

*Filis*, s. f. ability, grace in doing or saying any thing.

*Fillo*, s. m. (obs.) a son.

*Filo*, s. m. the edge of a weapon.

— *Filo*, s. m. (obs.) vide *Fil*.

*Filomostíerra*, s. f. the herb fumitory.

*Filósa*, s. f. (in cant) a sword.

*Filóso*, s. m. (in cant) a knife.

*Filtración*, s. f. a filtering, or straining of liquor among the chemists.

*Filtrár*, v. a. to strain liquors, as chemists do.

*Filtró*, s. m. a filter, or cloth to strain through.

*Fimbria*, s. f. the hem of any garment.

*Fimo*, s. m. filth, dung.

*Fin*, s. m. the end, the conclusion; bound, limit; purpose, intention. — *Al fin*, at length. —

*En fin*, in fine, to conclude. — *Hacer una cosa con buen fin*, to do a thing with a good design.

Prov. *Al fin final servir a Dios, y no hacer mal*, in conclusion, serve God, and do no harm.

*Finable*, adj. that may be finished.

*Final*, adj. final.

*Finalzar*, v. a. to finish, to conclude, to put an end to.

*Finalmente*, adv. finally, to conclude.

*Finamente*, adv. delicately, nicely, finely.

*Finamiento*, s. m. (obs.) dying, departing this life, ending.

*Finanza*, s. f. a revenue.

*Finar*, v. n. to depart this life.

*Finea*, s. f. a substantial security or ground to go upon; a good bank of money; a fund; also a gesture, a movement of the body. — *Finea de renta*, a fund on a settled revenue.

*Fincable*, adj. stable, remaining, lasting.

*Fincér*, v. a. vide *Hincar*.

*Finchar*, v. a. vide *Hinchar*.

*Finéza*, s. f. fineness, subtilty; gallantry done for the sake of a lady, or the like; also a small gift or present.

*Finidamente*, adv. feignedly, counterfeitedly, falsely.

*Fingido*, *Fingida*, p. p. from *Fingir*.

*Fingido*, *Fingida*, s. m. and fem. deceitful.

*Fingidor*, s. m. feigner, counterfeiter.

*Fingimiento*, s. m. a feigning or counterfeiting.

*Fingir*, v. a. pres. to feign, to counterfeit. *Fingir ruido por venir a partido*, ref. to feign noise to obtain one's end; that is, he who wants reason will obtain his end by clamour.

*Finible*, adj. that may be ended.

*Finibus Terre*, s. m. (in cant) the gallows.

*Finición*, s. f. the finishing or completing of any thing.

*Finiestra*, s. f. (obs.) a window.

*Finiquito*, s. m. the balance or settling of an account.

*Finir*, v. a. (obs.) to finish.

*Finitimo*, adj. bordering, neighbouring.

*Finito*, adj. bounded, limited.

*Fino*, adj. fine, courtier-like, courteous, kind, cunning, crafty, subtle. — *Paño fino*, fine cloth. — *Villano fino*, a crafty knave.



**finójo**, s. m. (obs.) the knee.  
**finata**, s. f. a small tribute paid to the prince.  
**finura**, s. f. (obs.) finery.  
**fin**, s. m. (obs.) a son.  
**finna**, s. f. a man's hand to a writing.  
**firmamento**, s. m. the firmament, the sky.  
**firmar**, v. a. to sign, to confirm, to put one's hand to writing.—  
**Firmar**, v. r. to attribute to one's self any name.  
**firme**, adj. firm, stable, fixed.  
**fmedumbre**, s. f. (obs.) vide **firmeza**.  
**firmemente**, adv. firmly, strongly, steadfastly.  
**firméza**, s. f. stability, steadfastness, firmness.  
**isbérta**, s. f. (in cant) a sword.  
**iscál**, s. m. the king's solicitor; the attorney-general; a censorer, one who blames.—  
**Fiscil procurador**, the king's solicitor-general, the solicitor of the exchequer.—  
**Fiscil de espárto**, a basket made of *espírto*.  
**iscalcár**, v. a. to accuse, to charge; as the king's solicitor does.  
**iscalero**, s. m. an accuser.  
**iscalta**, s. f. the office or duty of the king's solicitor.  
**iscalizár**, v. a. to accuse of any crime, to charge.  
**isco**, s. m. the exchequer.  
**iseréta**, s. f. vide **Tixereta**.  
**isga**, s. f. a rod, a dart; also a jest, a reflection; a trout-hook; the grapple of a ship; a boat-hook.  
**isgadór**, s. m. a jesting, scoffing fellow.  
**isgár**, v. a. to play upon a man, to jeer, to scoff.  
**isrón**, s. m. vide **Fisgadór**.  
**issil**, adj. easy to be broken.  
**ístico**, s. m. the pistachio, or fistick nut-tree.  
**ístol**, s. m. a cunning, artful man at play; applied sometimes to those who have good abilities, or are capable of managing business in a dexterous manner.  
**ístola**, s. f. a dangerous running sore, called a fistula; also a shepherd's pipe, used by poets.  
**ístolado**, adj. diseased with a fistula.  
**ístula**, s. f. vide **Fistula**.  
**istuloso**, adj. fistulous, having the nature of a fistula.

**Fito**, adj. (obs.) fastened, thrust into.—  
**Fito**, adj. (obs.) bent, speaking of the knees.  
**fiucia**, s. f. (obs.) confidence, relying upon another.  
**fixa**, s. f. an iron hinge of a door.  
**Fixación**, s. f. a fastening, stability, firmness; in chemistry, destruction of volatility.  
**Fixamente**, adv. fast, firmly; also attentively.  
**fixéza**, s. f. (obs.) certainty, firmness, security, steadfastness.  
**fixár**, v. a. to fix, to fasten.  
**fixo**, adj. fixed, fast, steady.  
**fixos**, s. m. pl. the four fixed stars, Taurus, Leo, Scorpio, and Aquarius.  
**Fizga**, s. f. vide **Fisga**.  
**Fizgadór**, s. m. vide **Fisgadór**.  
**Fizgár**, v. a. vide **Fisgar**.  
**Fizgón**, s. m. vide **Fisgon**.  
**Flabélo**, s. m. a fan, a flap for flies.  
**Flacaménte**, adv. leanly, weakly.  
**Flaco**, adj. lean, weak; slender, feeble.—  
**Placo de memoria**, f. short of memory or understanding.—  
**Al perro flaco**, *todo es pulgas*, ref. a lean and slender dog is always full of fleas; or, the poor are always despised and persecuted.  
**Flagelación**, s. f. whipping, scourging.  
**Flagelantes**, s. m. pl. certain heretics about the year 1272, who went about begging and whipping themselves.  
**Flagélo**, s. m. a whip.  
**Flagicio**, s. m. a great piece of villany, a vile, base action.  
**Flagicioso**, adj. wicked, vicious, villanous, base.  
**Flagrancia**, s. f. ardor, vehemency, heat.  
**Flagrante**, adj. ardent, vehement, hot.—  
**Coger a uno en flagrante delito**, to take a man in flagrancy; that is, actually committing the crime, in the fact.  
**Flagrar**, v. n. to shine.  
**Flama**, s. f. a flame.  
**Flamante**, adj. flaming.—  
**Nuevo flamante**, spick and span new.  
**Flambante**, adj. in heraldry, flamous, like so many flames.  
**Flameár**, v. n. to lower the sails.  
**Flaménco**, s. m. a bird that has a red breast and pinions.

**Flamenquilla**, s. f. a little plate for fruit.  
**Flaméo**, s. m. a veil or hood worn by the bride.  
**Flamigero**, adj. that throws flames or bears flames.  
**Flamilla**, } s. f. a streamer, or  
**Flamula**, } a pendant in a ship.  
**Flanco**, s. m. the side of a fortification, or of a ship, army, or fleet.  
**Flanqueado**, adj. fortified, defended by lateral fortifications.  
**Flanqueár**, v. a. to make an equal defence, to flanker.  
**Flaónes**, s. m. a sort of cheese-cake.  
**Flaqueár**, v. n. to become weak, or feeble.  
**Flaquecer**, v. n. to be weak.  
**Flaqueza**, s. f. weakness, feebleness, leanness.  
**Flauisimo**, adj. superl. very weak, very infirm.  
**Flasco**, s. m. a glass bottle; also a powder-flask.  
**Fláto**, s. m. a blast of wind.  
**Flatoso**, adj. blowing, windy.  
**Flatulento**, adj. that causes wind.  
**Flatuoso**, adj. causing windiness, or proceeding from it.  
**Flávo**, adj. yellow.  
**Flauta**, s. f. a pipe, a flute, a flagelet; any sort of pipe; also a vessel called a flute.  
**Flautado**, adj. shrill, high in music, as the treble.—  
**Tañer por lo flautado**, to speak shrill; to play upon shrill-pipes.  
**Flautador**, s. m. one that makes pipes, or plays on them.  
**Flautar**, v. a. to play on a pipe.  
**Flautero**, } s. m. a flute-maker.  
**Flautista**, }  
**Flautos píos**, (a phrase) delights, amusements, pastimes.  
**Flebil**, adj. sad, mournful, weeping.  
**Flebotomar**, v. a. to bleed, to open the vein.  
**Flebotomia**, s. f. phlebotomy, letting blood.  
**Flebotomiano**, adj. said of a barber who has got a licence to bleed.  
**Flécha**, s. f. an arrow, a shaft.  
**Flechado**, adj. shot out of a bow. In architecture, arched.  
**Flechador**, s. m. one that shoots in a bow.  
**Flechadura**, s. f. } shooting  
**Flechamiento**, s. m. } with a  
 bow. In architecture, to arch.  
**Flechazo**, s. m. the stroke or wound of an arrow.

**Flechéria**, s. m. the soldiers who used to shoot darts.

**Flechéro**, s. m. an archer.

**Fléco**, s. m. vide **Flueco**.

**Flégma**, s. f. vide **Flema**.

**Flegmático**, adv. vide **Flemático**.

**Flegmón**, s. m. vide **Flemon**.

**Flema**, s. f. phlegm; slowness, patience.—**Flema**, s. f. a farrier's steam to bleed horses.

**Flemático**, adj. phlegmatick; slow, patient.

**Flemón**, s. m. an inflammation of any part; also spawl, spittle.

**Flemóso**, adj. full of phlegm.

**Flemído**, adj. lazy, careless, indolent.

**Flequezuelo**, s. m. diminutive of **fleco**.

**Fletador**, s. m. one that freights vessels.

**Fletamiénto**, s. m. a freighting of vessels.

**Fletár**, v. a. to freight vessels.

**Flete**, s. m. freight.

**Flexibilidad**, s. f. flexibility; docility.

**Flexible**, adj. that can be bent or softened; docile.

**Flexión**, s. f. a bending or folding of any thing.

**Flibóte**, s. m. a kind of ship so called.

**Flínflón**, s. m. a name given to those who are plump and fresh coloured.

**Flocadura**, s. f. the fringing of any thing.

**Flomotomía**, s. f. vide **Flebotomía**.

**Flóna**, s. f. (obs.) trifle, impertinence.

**Floqueado**, adj. fringed, adorned with fringe.

**Flór**, s. f. flower, the blossom of the trees; also the prime or the flourishing part of any thing.—*Flor de lis*, the flower-de-luce.—*Flor de la muger*, a woman's courses.—*Flor de qobro*, verdegise.—*Flor de paráiso*, flower of paradise.—*Flor de vino*, the mother on decayed wines.—*Flor de la bárbá*, the down on youths' faces before the beard grows.—*Flor en la cólor*, a fresh colour.

*Flor de azafrán*, saffron.—*Flor de naranja*, orange-flower.

*Flor de qualquier cosa*, the gloss or beauty of any thing.—*Flor de cordovan*, the smooth, glossy side of the leather.—*Flor de la canela*, choice cinna-

mon.—*Flor de la donzella*, a maidenhead.—*Flor de metal*, the scales that fly off from any metal in hardening or hammering.—*Flor*, a cheat

a trick at play.—*Flor de la juventud*, the flower of youth.—

*Flor de especie*, the spice called mace.—*Flor de la oración*, fine expressions in a speech.—

*Cama de flores*, a delicate bed.—

*Irse todo en flores*, to be all show and no substance.—

*Andarse a la flor del burro*, to look after the flowers of water-

cresses; to give one's self up to vice and idleness.

**Floraina**, s. f. (in cant) a cheat.

**Flordelis**, s. f. the flower-de-luce.

**Flordelisár**, v. n. to adorn a thing with lilies.

**Floreado**, adj. as, *pan floreado*, bread baked to perfection,

when the crust is neither too soft, nor parched.

**Floreár**, v. a. to dally with, to trifle.

**Florcér**, v. n. to flourish, to blossom, to bear flowers, to thrive, to prosper.

**Florciente**, adj. flourishing, blossoming.

**Florcilla**, } s. f. a little flower.

**Florécita**, }

**Floréo**, s. m. a flourish fencers make with the foils before and after fencing; a flourish of the colours; a flourish in the speech; also an ornament of flowers; likewise gaiety, pleasantness.

**Floréro**, s. m. (in cant) a cheat; also a flower-maker, and a picture full of flowers.

**Florésta**, s. f. a wood, a forest.

**Florestéro**, s. m. forester, ranger, keeper.

**Floréta**, s. f. a bit of fine leather added to a strap for strength and ornament.

**Floretáda**, s. f. a fillip on the forehead.

**Floréte**, s. m. a playing with swords; also the finest white paper.

**Floretéar**, v. a. to adorn or garnish with flowers.

**Floridaménte**, adv. elegantly, perfectly, lively, flourishingly.

**Florido**, adj. flourishing, blossoming, full of flowers or blossoms; prosperous; also (in cant) rich.—*Pasqua florida*, Easter, the day on which the Christian church commemo-

rates our Saviour's resurrection.

**Florífero**, adj. that brings forth flowers.

**Florigero**, adj. idem.

**Florín**, s. m. a florin.—*Por codicia de florin*, no te cases con ruin, ref. never marry a villain for his money.

**Floripéndio**, s. m. a tree in the West Indies so called.

**Florón**, s. m. a knot of leaves and flowers in carving.

**Floroncillo**, s. m. a knot of leaves and flowers in carving.

**Flosanctórum**, s. m. the flower of the saints, a book containing the lives of saints.

**Flóta**, s. f. a fleet; generally understood of merchant ships.

**Flotadura**, s. f. } a rub, the

**Flotamiénto**, s. m. } act of rubbing.

**Flotár**, v. a. to float upon the water; also to move the body or limbs like the waves of the sea to get a heat; also to rub with the hands any part of the body.

**Floxaménte**, adv. slothfully, lazily, idly, loosely.

**Floxeár**, v. a. to be feeble or weak; also to be slothful.

**Floxedad**, s. f. sloth, laziness, idleness, looseness.

**Floxèl**, s. m. the wood that is shorn off from cloth; also the down on fruit, as peaches, &c.

**Floxéra**, s. f. vide **Floxedad**.

**Flóxo**, adj. slothful, lazy, idle, loose.

**Floxón**, } s. m. a lazy, idle

**Floxonazo**, } fellow.

**Floxúra**, s. f. slothfulness, laziness, idleness, looseness.

**Fluctuación**, s. f. fluctuation, uncertainty, indetermination.

**Fluctuár**, v. a. to be wavering, unsettled, doubtful what to do, to waver, to be irresolute; (metaph.) to be in a great danger.

**Fluéo**, s. m. fringe; also the wool that is shorn off from cloth.

**Fluído**, adj. fluid; that is, not solid or fixed, but runs.

**Fluír**, v. n. to flow.

**Fluviál**, adj. of the river.—*Pescado fluviál*, fresh water fish.

**Flux**, s. m. a flush at cards, when one has all of a suite.

**Fluxión**, s. f. the flowing of any liquid.



- Flúxo**, s. m. the distemper called the flux.—*Flúxo de sangue*, the bloody-flux.—*Flúxo de palabrás*, babbling, talking vainly.—*Flúxo de vientre*, looseness, diarrhoea, flux of the belly.—*Flúxo del mar*, the flux, the tide.
- Fóca**, s. f. a sea-calf.
- Fóco**, s. m. a focus, in which all the rays of light are contracted; also a hearth or fire-side.
- Fófo**, adj. soft and puffy, spongy.
- Fogádo**, s. f. a fogade, a small mine to blow up some little work.
- Fogáge**, s. m. a tax laid upon every house.
- Fogáta**, s. m. a fire made of wood which makes great flames.
- Fogón**, s. m. a hearth, the pan and touch-hole of a gun; the cock-room of a ship.
- Fogondúra**, s. f. the priming of any fire arms.
- Fogosidad**, s. f. vivacity, sprightliness.
- Fogoso**, adj. fiery, mettlesome, fierce.
- Fogóte**, s. m. a lighted match, such as soldiers use.
- Fóina**, s. f. vide *Fuina*.
- Fóir**, v. a. (obs.) to run away.
- Fója**, s. f. (obs.) a leaf.—*Fója*, s. f. a water-fowl so called.
- Fólga**, s. f. (obs.) joy, mirth, recreation.
- Folgar**, v. a. (obs.) vide *Holgar*.
- Folia**, s. f. a sort of dance.
- Foliár**, v. a. to mark the number of any book.
- Folicónes**, s. m. a hum-strum of several musical instruments.
- Folículo**, s. m. any leaf of a tree or plant.
- Fólio**, s. m. the sheet of a book, or a book in folio.
- Fólla**, s. f. a confused disorderly skirmish, or tumultuous crowd; a confused medley of several farces acted on the stage without any play.
- Folládo**, adj. set in puffs, hollow; also blown with bellows.
- Folláge**, s. f. foliage, curious work with leaves; also mantling in heraldry; also setting out in puffs.
- Follár**, v. a. to blow with the bellows.
- Folléro**, s. m. who makes or sells bellows.
- Folléta**, s. m. a measure of wine equal to our pint.
- Follétéro**, s. m. a bellows-maker.
- Folléto**, s. m. a quire of paper; also a news-paper.
- Follón**, s. m. an idle or lewd person, a ruffian, a rascal.
- Follonería**, s. f. sloth, idleness.
- Follósas**, s. f. (in cant) breeches.
- Follúz**, the third part of the small coin called *blanca*; but there has been no such money for many years past.
- Fomentación**, s. f. fomentation.
- Fomentador**, s. m. one that foment, cherishes, or encourages; a fomentor, an encourager, a supporter.
- Fomentár**, v. a. to foment, to cherish, to encourage.
- Fomento**, s. m. the lotion prepared to foment the parts; also supporting, encouraging, cherishing.
- Fómes**, } s. m. the cause that  
**Fómite**, } excites; an incentive.
- Fónéa**, s. f. (obs.) vide *Honda*.
- Fondable**, adj. that may be founded.
- Fondáco**, s. m. a house to receive toll or duties for transporting of goods; a custom-house; also a warehouse or store-house.
- Fondéar**, v. a. to sound the depth as aboard of ship; also to visit the cargo on board of a ship.
- Fondéo**, s. m. a sounding of the depth; also the visit of a ship's cargo.
- Fondillón**, s. m. the lees of any cask.—*Vino de fondillón*, wine out of a cask that is filled up as it is drawn out.
- Fóndo**, s. m. the foundation, the bottom, the depth; the ground of any silk that is flowered; a fund.—*Dar fúndo*, to cast anchor.—*Echar a fúndo*, to sink a vessel or the like.
- Fondón**, s. m. (obs.) vide *Hondon*.
- Fondóso**, adj. (obs.) deep, profound.
- Fonil**, s. m. a tunnel to fill casks with.
- Fonsadéra**, s. f. (obs.) a duty for keeping the ditches about a town in repair.
- Fonsário**, s. m. a ditch that surrounds any fortress.
- Fontál**, adj. belonging to the first or principal.
- Fontána**, s. f. fountain. Poetical.
- Fontanál**, s. m. a piece full of springs or fountains, or the spring whence the water flows.
- Fontanár**, adj. belonging to a fountain.
- Fontánche**, s. m. a top-knot, a kind of cap used formerly by the ladies.
- Fontanería**, s. f. the art of making artificial fountains.
- Fontanéro**, s. m. one that finds out springs and conveys water to fountains.
- Fontáno**, adj. of, or belonging to a fountain.
- Fontanóso**, adj. full or adorned with fountains.
- Fontecica**, s. f. vide *Fuentecica*.
- Fontezuéla**, vide *Fuentezuela*.
- Fóque**, s. m. a triangular sail of the bolt-sprit or bowsprit.
- Foradar**, v. a. (obs.) vide *Horadar*.
- Forádo**, s. m. (obs.) a hole, a vent.
- Foráge**, } s. m. vide *Forrage*.
- Foráje**, } s. m. vide *Forrage*.
- Foragido**, s. m. vide *Forragido*.
- Forál**, adj. belonging to the forum or court of justice.
- Forámbre**, s. m. (obs.) a hole.
- Foranéó**, adj. strange, foreign.—*Foranéó*, adj. belonging to the court of judicature.
- Foráno**, s. m. (in cant) a foreigner or stranger.
- Foráño**, adj. fierce, wild, savage.
- Forastéro**, s. m. a stranger.
- Fórca**, s. f. (obs.) vide *Horea*.
- Forcejár**, v. n. to struggle, to strive, to use all one's force.
- Forcejón**, s. f. an effort of struggling or striving, a jerk a man gives to get loose or to do any thing violently.
- Forcejúdo**, adj. very strong, robust.
- Forchína**, s. f. a fork to eat with; a clownish word.
- Fórca**, s. f. strength.
- Forciár**, v. a. (obs.) to force.
- Forénse**, adj. belonging to the forum.
- Foréro**, s. m. a collector of that duty.—*Foréro*, adj. done according to the law of the forum or court of justice.—*Moneda forera*, current money.
- Fortólas**, s. f. pl. scabs on the head.
- Fórja**, s. f. a smith's forge; a

- place where any thing is formed, plotted, or contrived.
- Forjador, s. m.** a forger; one that frames or forges.
- Forjadura, s. f.** a forging or framing.
- Forjar, v. a.** to forge, to frame.
- Fórma, s. f.** form, fashion, a mould to cast in, a shoe-maker's last.—*Enojarse en forma*, to be angry, to purpose.—*Hacer una cosa por forma*, to do any thing merely for form sake.
- Formable, adj.** that may be formed.
- Formación, s. f.** forming, fashioning.
- Formador, s. m.** one that forms, fashions, or moulds.
- Formadura, s. f.** the form or figure of any thing.
- Formage, s. m.** cheese; (a bad word borrowed from the French.)
- Formál, adj.** formal; also grave, serious.
- Formalidad, s. f.** formality; also ceremony, and solemn order; also gravity, seriousness.
- Formalizár, v. a.** to form.
- Formalmente, adv.** formally; also certainly.
- Formár, v. a.** to form, to fashion, to mould.—*Formar el punto en musica*, to set the tune.—*Formar quexa*, to make complaint, to find cause to complain.
- Formativo, adj.** that forms or gives shape to any thing.
- Formejár, v. a.** to stow things orderly in a ship.
- Formicante, adj.** belonging to the pulse when it is low and weak.
- Formidáble, adj.** formidable, dreadful, to be feared.
- Formidoloso, adj.** fearful, affrighted.
- Formón, s. m.** a great chissel.
- Formúla, s. f.** form, manner, or method.
- Formulario, s. m.** formulary, a book of precedents, a ceremonial.
- Formulilla, s. f.** diminutive of *formula*.
- Fornecer, v. a.** (obs.) to furnish, to provide, to store.
- Fornecimiento, s. m.** a furnishing, providing, storing.
- Fornecino, s. m.** (obs.) a bastard, a son of fornication.
- Fornicación, s. f.** fornication.
- Fornicador, s. m.** a fornicator.
- Fornicar, v. a.** to commit fornication.
- Fornicario, s. m.** a fornicator.
- Fornicio, s. m.** (obs.) vide *Fornicación*.
- Fornimiento, s. m.** provision, store.
- Fornir, v. a.** to furnish, to provide, to store; also to spread and grow strong; to strengthen.
- Fornituras, s. f. pl.** among founders of printing types, the types that are melted and cast again, as not having proved good at the first cast.
- Fóro, s. m.** forum, a court of judicature.
- Forqueta, s. f.** (obs.) a little fork.
- Forrage, s. m.** forrage for horses; also lining of garments, and lining of shot with pikes.
- Forrageador, s. m.** a forager.
- Forragear, v. n.** to forage, as soldiers do.
- Forragero, s. m.** a forager.
- Forragido, s. m.** an outlaw.
- Forrar, v. n.** to line.
- Fórro, s. m.** a lining.
- Fortachón, s. m.** a very strong and well built man.
- Fortalecer, v. a.** to strengthen, to fortify.
- Fortalecimiento, s. m.** strengthening, fortifying.
- Fortaleza, s. f.** fortitude, strength; a fortress.
- Fortezuelo, s. m.** a little fort.
- Fortificación, s. f.** a fortification, a strong place.
- Fortificador, s. m.** a fortifier, or strengthener.
- Fortificamiento, s. m.** a fortifying or strengthening.
- Fortificar, v. a.** to fortify, to strengthen.
- Fortín, s. m.** a little fort.
- Fortuitamente, adv.** casually, accidentally.
- Fortuito, adj.** fortuitous, accidental.
- Fortuna, s. f.** fortune, fate, destiny; also good fortune or luck; futurity, future events.—*Hombre de fortuna*, a man of fortune.—*Moza de fortuna*, a young whore.—*Prov. A los osidos ayuda la fortuna*, fortune favours the bold.
- Fortunár, v. n.** to be fortunate.
- Fortunado, adj.** fortunate, lucky.
- Fortunilla, s. f.** diminutive of *fortuna*.
- Fórza, s. f.** (obs.) vide *Fuerza*.
- Forzadamente, adv.** strongly, valiantly; also necessarily.
- Forzado, adj.** a galley-slave.
- Forzador, s. m.** a ravisher.
- Forzál, s. m.** the middle of a comb.
- Forzar, v. a.** to force, to compel, to constrain; also to storm, to take by violence; also to ravish, to violate.
- Forzosamente, adv.** precisely, with necessity; also violently, forcibly.
- Forzoso, necessary, obligatory.**
- Forzudo, adj.** strong.
- Fósca, s. f.** a thick wood.
- Fóssa, s. f.** a ditch, a grave, a pit.
- Fossado, s. m.** a cavity.
- Fossál, s. m.** a church yard, a burying ground.
- Fossar, v. a.** (obs.) to ditch, to trench.
- Fossillo, s. m.** a little ditch.
- Fósso, s. m.** a ditch, a trench.
- Fotila, s. f.** a sort of millepede.
- Fóxa, s. f.** a sort of weather-fowl.
- Fóya, s. f.** a furnace of coals.
- Fracasar, v. n.** to break any thing to pieces; also to be lost, to be destroyed.
- Fracaso, s. m.** havock, destruction; also an accident.
- Fracción, s. f.** a fraction; in arithmetic, the broken part of an integral.
- Fractura, s. f.** a breaking in pieces, the fracture or breaking of bones in living bodies.
- Fracura, s. f.** (obs.) weakness.
- Frága, s. f.** a strawberry-bush.
- Frágancia, s. f.** a sweet odour, or scent.
- Fragante, adj.** fragrant, odorous, sweet of smell.—*Fragante*, corruptly for *flagrante*, actual.
- Fragaria, s. f.** vide *fraga*.
- Fragata, s. f.** a frigate; also a small boat.—*Fragata de aviso*, a packet-boat.—*Fragata ligera*, a ship mounting twenty guns.
- Fragatin, s. m.** diminutive of *fragata*.
- Fragil, adj.** frail, brittle, weak.
- Fragilidad, s. f.** frailty, brittleness, weakness.
- Fragilmente, adv.** frailly, brittly, weakly.
- Fragmento, s. m.** a fragment, a piece broke off.
- Fragosidad, s. f.** cragginess; uneven, stoney, rough way.
- Fragoso, adj.** craggy, rough, stoney, uneven.
- Fragancia, s. f.** a sweet smell, fragrance.
- Fragrante, adj.** fragrant, odorous.



Frágua, s. f. a smith's forge.  
 Fraguador, s. m. one who imagines or invents any thing.  
 Fraguár, v. a. to forge as smiths do.  
 Frágura, s. f. (obs.) cragginess, a rough, stony place.  
 Frái, s. m. a friar.  
 Fraíla, s. f. vide *frayla*.  
 Frailáda, s. f. any action done by a friar.  
 Fraile, a friar, a devotee, a brother of some regular order; also (a fish called) squatina, or the monk-fish.  
 Frailecico, } s. m. diminutives  
 Frailecillo, } of *fráile*.  
 Frailecito, }  
 Frailégo, adj. vide *frailesco*.  
 Frailéno, adj. belonging to the friars.  
 Frailería, s. f. a company of friars.  
 Frailésco, adj. friary, friar-like.  
 Frambuésa, s. f. a raspberry or raspberry.  
 Frambuéso, s. m. a raspberry-bush.  
 Framéa, s. f. a dart.  
 Francaléte, s. m. a strap with a buckle.  
 Francaménte, adv. frankly, freely, liberally.—*Mal Francés*, the French pox.  
 Franchipán, s. m. a sweet-scented confection (so called).  
 Franciscano, adj. belonging to the Franciscan order.  
 Fránco, adj. free; liberal, bountiful.  
 Francolin, s. m. a bird called a godwit.  
 Fránge, s. m. a term in heraldry, as, *escudo partido a fránge*, or *en fránge*, an escutcheon *parti per coultier*.  
 Frágente, s. m. an accidental misfortune.  
 Frangible, adj. that can be broke.  
 Frangir, v. a. to break.  
 Frángollo, s. m. boiled corn.  
 Frangóte, s. m. a pack.  
 Fránja, s. f. fringe.  
 Franjera, s. f. a woman fringe-maker.  
 Franjero, s. m. a fringe-maker.  
 Franjón, s. m. a great fringe.  
 Franjuéla, s. f. a little fringe.  
 Franqueár, v. a. to enfranchise, to make free.  
 Franqueza, s. f. liberality, bounty, freedom, liberty.—*Prov. Comprár caro no es franquera*, to buy dear is no liberty.  
 Franquicia, s. f. a liberty, a

privileged place, as the streets of ambassadors, in Spain.  
 Fraguissimamente, adv. very freely, very frankly.  
 Frásca, s. f. dry leaves.  
 Frasco, s. m. a square glass bottle; also a little powder-flask.  
 Frasquérn, s. f. a case to put flasks in.  
 Frasquito, s. diminutive of *frasco*.  
 Fratérna, s. f. a lecture, a reprimand.  
 Fraternal, adj. brotherly.  
 Fraternidad, s. f. brotherhood.  
 Fratérno, adj. brotherly.  
 Fratricida, s. f. a fratricide, one who kills his brother.  
 Fratricidio, s. m. fratricide.  
 Fraudador, s. m. a cheat.  
 Fraudár, v. a. to defraud, to cheat.  
 Fraude, s. f. a fraud, a cheat.  
 Fraudulencia, s. f. deceit.  
 Fraudulentemente, adv. deceitfully.  
 Fraudulento, adj. fraudulent, deceitful.  
 Fraximela, s. f. the herb knee-grass.  
 Fraxino, s. m. an ash-tree.  
 Fráy, s. m. is the title given to friars in naming them; as, *Fray Juan*, Brother John.  
 Fráyla, s. f. a nun, a word little used but by way of jest.  
 Fráyle, s. m. a ~~fray~~ *fray*; (from *frater*) brother; because they are all brothers in religion.—*Prov. Fráyle que fué soldado síle mas aceriado*, a friar that has been a soldier proves best; because having seen the world, and knows all folly, he retires more seriously.—*Prov. Ház lo que dice el frayle, y no lo que el híce*, do what the friar says, and not what he does.  
 Advice. to observe and practise what good preachers teach, though they should not be good livers.  
 Fraylecillo, s. m. a little friar; a child in a friar's habit; also a bird with a tuft of feathers on its head, like a friar's hood, called an ope.  
 Fraylengo, } adj. friarish, be-  
 Fraylésco, } longing to a friar.  
 Fraylía, s. f. friarishness; also a parcel of friars.  
 Frazáda, s. f. (obs.) a blanket for a bed.  
 Frazadilla, s. f. (obs.) a little blanket.

Fregación, s. f. rubbing.  
 Fregadero, s. m. the scullery, the place where they wash dishes and scour.  
 Fregadiénte, s. m. a tooth-scraper.  
 Fregador, s. m. a rubber, any thing used for rubbing.  
 Fregadura, s. f. a scouring.  
 Fregájo, s. m. a swab aboard of ship, or any wisp of hay, or the like, to scour with.  
 Fregár, v. a. to scour, to rub.—*Mugér de buen fregado*, a common lewd woman.  
 Fregata, s. f. vide *fragata*.  
 Fregatriz, s. f. a cook-maid, a wench to scour dishes.  
 Fregón, s. m. a scullery-man to scour dishes.  
 Fregóna, s. f. a cook-maid, a wench to scour dishes; a drudging maid-servant.  
 Fregoncilla, s. f. a drudging wench.  
 Fregonil adj. of, or belonging to a scouring wench.  
 Freí, s. m. a distinction between the military and regular order of friars.  
 Freíla, s. f. a nun.  
 Freílar, v. a. to receive one as a knight in a military order.  
 Freíle, s. m. a knight of a military order.  
 Freír, v. a. to fry in a pan.—*Freírse de calor*, to fry, or to be sweltered with heat.—*Prov. Al freír de los huevos lo vereis*, you will find it when you come to fry the eggs; that is, you will be sensible of what you do, when you find the ill consequences.  
 Freidéra, s. f. a frying-pan.  
 Freidúra, s. f. frying, in a pan.  
 Frémite, s. m. a noise, a roar, a bellowing.  
 Frenár, v. a. to bridle, to curb, to keep under.  
 Frenéro, s. m. a bridler, a bit maker.  
 Frenesí, s. m. phrensy, madness.  
 Freneticár, v. a. to play the frantic, to be mad.  
 Frenético, adj. frantic, mad.  
 Frenillar los rémos, v. a. to lash fast the oars when they have done rowing.  
 Frenillo, s. m. the string that holds the tongue, and hinders tongue-tied people from speaking.  
 Fréno, s. m. bridle; also restraint.—*Fréno de costéja*, a

bridle that has a bit with an iron in it, to gull the horse's mouth when he is unruly.

Frental, s. m. the ornament of a bridle in a horse's forehead.

Frentaza, f. f. a great forehead.

Frente, s. f. the forehead, the brow, the front of any thing, the blank space at the top of any writing.—*Frente arrugada*, a wrinkled forehead.—*Frente raída*, a serene brow that never alters.

Frenteilla, s. f. a little forehead.

Frecuencia, s. f. frequency, often doing a thing

Frecuentación, s. f. frequenting, going often to a place, doing a thing often.

Frecuentadamente, adv. frequently.

Frecuentar, v. a. to frequent, to go often to a place, to do a thing often.

Frecuente, adj. frequent, often done.

Frecuentemente, adv. frequently.

Frésa, s. f. a strawberry.

Frésada de cebada, barley-water.

Fre ádo, adj. rubbed against any thing.—*Frésado de oro*, set thick with gold.

Presar, v. a. to rub against any thing.

Frésca, s. f. (in cant.) news.

Prescal, s. m. a sort of fish much like our cod

Prescamente, adv. freshly, newly, lately, coolly.

Frésco, adj. fresh, new, cool, sweet, not salted.—*Pán fresco*, new bread.—*Pescado fresco*, fresh fish.—*Aire fresco*, the fresh air, or a cool air.—*Lugar fresco*, a pleasant, cool place.—*Muger fresca*, a fresh-coloured wholesome-looking woman.—*Nuevas frésca*, fresh news, that hath not been heard before.—*Beber fresco*, f. (metaph.) to be indifferent, or without care.—*Quedarse al fresco*, s. (metaph.) to be disappointed.—*Tomar el fresco*, to make the fresh air.

Prescor, s. m. freshness, coolness, pleasant air.

Prescura, s. f. idem; (metaph.) careless; boldness.—*Con brava frescura me venia á pedir dinero prestado*, f. (fam.) he came to me with great boldness, in order that I would lend him some money.

Presnéda, s. f. a grove of ash-trees.

Fresnillo, s. m. dittany, dittander, garden-ginger.

Frésno, s. m. an ash-tree.

Frésio, s. m. a sort of lace to set on women's coats.

Fresón, s. m. a young child; also a weaned pig; also a step to ascend.

Fresqueito, s. m. fresh, coolish, sharpish weather.

Fresquisimo, adj. superl. very fresh, very new.

Fresquista, s. m. the painter well skilled in painting in fresco.

Fressura, s. f. a hog's harslet.

Fretar, v. a. to freight a vessel.

Frète, s. m. freight of ships.

Frêza, s. f. the excrements of any beast; also the mark a fish leaves behind when it rubs itself on a stone to spawn; also the noise silk-worms make when they awake and are eating.

Frezár, v. n. to dung, to expel the excrements, as beasts do.

Frialdad, s. f. coldness; heaviness, dullness.

Friamente, adv. coldly; dully, heavily.

Friático, adj. stupid, heavy, dull; also cold.

Fricacion, s. f. rub, friction.

Fricar, v. a. to rub.

Fricasá, s. f. a ragoo, a fricassee.

Fricción, s. f. friction, rub.

Friega, s. f. friction, medical rubbing with the flesh-brush.

Friera, s. f. a kibe, a chilblain.

Frigerativo, adj. cooling, refreshing.

Frígido, adj. cold.

Frio, s. m. coldness, want of corporeal warmth; also ice to make cold the water or other liquor.—*Frio*, adj. cold; negligent, silly, void of wit.—*Dicho frio*, a jest that has no wit.—*Hombre frio*, a man that has no pleasant conversation, void of wit.—*Andar frio el negocio*, to go on but slowly, speaking of an affair.—*Dios da el frio, conforme á la ropa*, ref. God gives the cold according to one's clothes; that is, God never sends us more troubles than we can bear.—*Questiönen frio*, a quarrel in cold blood.

Friolento, adj. chilly, very sensible of cold.

Friolera, s. f. a foolish nonsensical expression, a jest without any wit; also a trifle.

Frior, s. m. cold.

Frísia, s. f. frieze, a coarse warm cloth.

Frísada, s. f. idem.

Frísador, s. m. one that naps woollen cloth.

Frísar, v. a. to nap cloth.—*Frísar con una cosa*, to be upon the border or edge of a thing; also to be alike, to resemble, to have a likeness to.

Frísio, s. m. any ornament added about the edges of a garment, as fringes, or the like. (In architecture,) the frieze, a large flat member which separates the architrave from the cornice.

Frísol, s. m. the herb called garden-scrag.

Frísóles, s. m. pl. (obs.) kidney-beans, French-beans.

Frísón, s. m. a great Flanders horse or mare.

Frísuelos, s. m. a kind of French beans.

Fritada, s. f. fried meat.

Fritillas, s. f. pl. any thing done in a frying-pan.

Frito, p. p. of *freir*: fried in a pan.

Fritura, s. f. fried meat.

Frivolamente, adv. frivolously.

Frívolo, adj. frivolous, of no moment.

Fríura, s. f. (obs.) vide *Frialdad*.

Fróga, s. f. the mixture of lime and sand.

Frógar, v. a. to mix lime and sand.

Fról s. f. (obs.) vide *Flor*.

Frondosidad, s. f. the beauty and ornament made by the leaves of the tree; also abundance of words or sentences.

Frondoso, adj. full of leaves.

Frontal, f. m. a forehead cloth; also a cupboard cloth; also an antependium, the ornament that sets off the front of the altar, or is set before it.

Frontaleras, s. f. pl. broad slips of rich silk laid along the top and down the sides of the antependium, before the altar.

Frónte, s. f. (obs.) vide *Fronte*.

Frontera, s. f. a frontier of a country.

Fronterizo, adj. that lies upon the frontiers; also, bordering or opposite to.

Frontero, s. m. over-against; on the frontiers.



Frontino, s. m. a horse with a star on his forehead  
 Frontispicio, s. m. a frontispiece, the front of a house, that part of any building or other body, that directly meets the eye; also, in burlesque, the face.  
 Frontón, s. m. the wall against which the tennis-balls are thrown in serving.  
 Frotadura, s. f. rubbing, chafing.  
 Frotar, v. a. to rub, to chafe.  
 Fructífero, adj. vide Frutífero.  
 Fructificar, v. n. vide Frutificar.  
 Fructo, s. m. vide Fruto.  
 Fructuosamente, adv. fruitfully.  
 Fructuoso, adj. vide Frutuoso.  
 Frugal, adj. frugal, moderate, sparing, parsimonious, thrifty.  
 Frugalidad, s. f. frugality, good husbandry, thrifty, parsimony.  
 Frugalmente, adv. frugally, sparingly.  
 Fruición, s. f. fruition, enjoyment, possession, pleasure given by possession or use.  
 Fruir, v. n. to enjoy.  
 Frutivo, adj. enjoying, fruitive, possessing, having the power of giving enjoyment.  
 Frúnce, s. m. a pucker, a gathering in a garment, or the like.  
 Fruncido, s. m. deceit, cheat, lie.  
 Fruncimiento, s. m. a puckering, a gathering up, or drawing awry.  
 Fruncir, v. a. to pucker, to gather up, to draw awry; also to deceive, to lie.—*Fruncir la boca*, to draw up the mouth.—*Fruncir la frente*, to frown.  
 Fruslera, s. f. the shavings that fly off in turning and working brass or copper.  
 Fruslería, s. f. a doing or saying of no moment.  
 Fruslero, adj. vain, frivolous, of no consequence.  
 Frustración, s. f. frustration, disappointment.  
 Frustracé, adj. vain, useless.  
 Frustar, v. a. to frustrate, to disappoint.—*Frustrarse*, v. a. to be disappointed.  
 Frustratorio, adj. useless, vain.  
 Fruta, s. f. fruit.—*Fruta tardía*, fruit that is late.—*Fruta de sartén*, pancakes, fritters, or any such thing fried in a pan.  
 Frutáges, f. m. pl. borders of fruit and flowers about a picture.

Frutál, adj. fruitful.  
 Frutar, v. n. to bring forth, or produce fruits.  
 Frutera, s. f. an apple-woman, a woman that sells fruit; also, a fruit-dish.  
 Frutería, s. f. the fruiterer's office.  
 Frutero, s. m. a fruiterer; also, a fine napkin to lay over fruit.  
 Frutiér, s. m. the head or chief fruiterer.  
 Frutifero, adj. fruitful, that bears fruit.  
 Frutificar, v. n. to grow fruitful, to bear fruit, to fructify.  
 Frutilla, s. f. diminutive of *fruta*.  
 Frutillar, s. m. the place where strawberries grow.  
 Fruto, s. m. fruit, product, increase, profit, advantage.  
 Frutuoso, adj. fruitful, beneficial, advantageous, profitable.  
 Fruxlera, s. f. vide Fruslera.  
 Fruzlar, v. n. to jeer, to give biting words.  
 Fruzlería, s. f. scoffing, biting words.  
 Fucár, s. m. a banker, a rich man.  
 Fucfa, s. f. trust, confidence.—*En fucia del conde, no mates al hombre*, ref. do no hurt to any one because you have great protection.  
 Fuégo, s. m. fire.—*Fuégó griégó*, or *greguisco*, or *guirguisco*, an inextinguishable sort of fire, made with pitch, and other fierce and burning ingredients.—*Fuégó de S. Anton*, St. Anthony's fire.—*Fuégó de alquitrán*, a fire of a bitumen like pitch, that cannot be extinguished.—*Fuégó de ladrónes*, the fire that burns backwards towards the chimney; besides, fires made by the robbers in woods, which they endeavour as much as they can to hide.—*Fuégó de artificio*, artificial fireworks.—*Fuegos*, sometimes taken for beacons fired to alarm the country.—*Tañer a fuégó*, to ring the bells backwards for fire.—*Ser un fuégó*, to be restless, always in motion, like a flame.—*Dar fuégó*, to strike fire. In the sea language, it is to grave a ship; that is, to bring her to lie dry a-ground, and then burn off the old filth and stuff with reed, broom, or the like, and

so to lay on new.—*Hacer fuégó*, to light fire; also, to fire a gun.—*A fuégó y a sangre*, with fire and sword.—*Lugar de mil fuégos*, a town of one thousand houses, reckoning every fire a house.—*Pondré las manos en el fuégó*, I will put my hands in a fire. An asseveration, urging they will venture to put their hands into the fire, to prove the truth of what they say.—Prov. *No está bien el fuégó cabé las esto pas*, fire does not do well near town. The conversations of women are dangerous; it is not good jesting with edged tools.—Prov. *Esás buénague está al fuégó y no se quéma*, she is good who is close to the fire, and does not burn. It signifies that she is truly a virtuous woman, who can withstand opportunity and temptation.—Prov. *El fuego te guardará y del hombre no pedras*, you will preserve yourself from fire, and will not be able to do it from man. Fire is a less dangerous enemy than wicked men.—Prov. *Dón de fuégó se híce, hámó sale*, where fire is made, smoke comes out.  
 Fuegoecillo, s. m. diminutive of *fuégó*.  
 Fuele, s. m. bellows to blow the fire, or for an organ, &c.  
 Fuellezuélo, s. m. small bellows.  
 Fuén, s. m. a fountain or spring.  
 Fuente, s. f. a fountain, a spring; also, an ewer to wash hands, a bason of water in a garden, or the like; also an issue.  
 Fuentecilla, s. f. a little fountain.  
 Fuentisca, s. f. a little spring, a little ewer, a little bason in a garden.  
 Fuér, s. m. for *fuéro*; as—Prov. *A fuér de Aragón, buén servicio, mal galardón*, according to the custom of Aragón, good service has a bad reward.  
 Fuera, adv. without, besides, moreover; also, make way.—*Estar fuéra*, to be abroad, out of one's house.—*Múndo a mi criada fuéra de su salario*, I bequeath to my servant over and above his wages.  
 Fuérase énde, an old Spanish expression, in the ancient laws of Spain, signifying unless,

**Puercilla**, s. f. diminutive of *fuera*.

**Fuero**, s. m. privilege, liberty, charter, ancient custom, practice of a place.—*Fuero jûzgo*, a volume of ancient laws in Spain by the Gothic kings, which are in force to this day.—*Fueros de Aragón*, the laws and liberties of Aragón.—*No por el huevo, sino por el fuero*, f. not for the egg, but for the privilege: that is, I do not go to law for trifles, but to preserve my privilege.

**Fuérte**, adj. strong, able, powerful; subst. used, a fort or strong hold. In the mint this term is used to express that the coin is rather above weight.—*Hacerse fuerte*, f. (metaph.) to grow obstinate; powerful, to defend one's self.

**Fuertecillo**, s. m. a little fort.

**Fuertemente**, adv. strongly, forcibly, valiantly.

**Fuérza**, s. f. force, violence, strength, a fort, a strong hold.—*Por fuérza de Dios, y del mundo*, by divine and human means.—Prov. *A fuérza de villano hiérro en medio*, against the strength of a clown, you must oppose iron; you must not think to oppose peasants by strength of arms, or any thing less than a sword, or a similar weapon.—*A fuérza de armas*, or *por fuérza de armas*, mod. adv. by the strength of arms.

**Fuésa**, s. f. (obs.) a ditch, a grave.

**Fuga**, s. f. flight, running away, escape, overthrow; also great haste, as is usual in flight; a fugue, in music.

**Fugacidad**, s. f. swiftness, celerity.

**Fugaz**, adj. that is apt to run away or to be put to flight; also unsteady, unstable, not durable.

**Fugir**, v. n. (obs.) to fly, to run away.

**Fugitivo**, adj. fugitive, apt to run away; also a fugitive, a run-away slave; a deserter in an army.

**Fuina**, s. f. a kind of weasel, a small animal that eats pigeons.

**Fulanillo**, s. m. such a little one; speaking of a boy in contempt. Diminutive of *fulano*.

**Fulano**, s. m. such a one.

**Fúlga**, s. f. the fowl called a moor-hen.

**Fulgente**, adj. shining.

**Fulgido**, adj. bright, shining.

**Fulgór**, s. m. brightness.

**Fulgurar**, v. n. to dart rays of light.

**Fulidór**, s. m. (in cant.) a thief, who has boys to open doors for him at night.

**Fullería**, s. f. -sharping or cheating at play.

**Fullerito**, s. m. diminutive of *fullero*.

**Fulléro**, s. m. a gamester, a sharper at play.

**Fullóna**, s. f. a quarrel or dispute among many persons.

**Fulminación**, s. f. a thundering.

**Fulminádo**, adj. that is concluded and has judgment given.

**Fulminadór**, s. m. a thunderer.

**Fulminár**, v. a. to conclude or put an end to a process, suit, or trial, to give judgment.

**Fulminéo**, adj. like thunder. Poetical.

**Fulminóso**, adj. that darts thunder and lightning. Poetical.

**Fumar**, v. a. to smoke.

**Fumaráda**, s. f. a great smooking.

**Fumafía**, s. f. the herb fumitory, earth-smoke.

**Fumífero**, adj. smoky, full of smoke.

**Fumo**, s. m. vide *Humo*.

**Fumórólas**, s. f. pl. certain cavities in the earth, which exhale a sulphurous smoke.

**Fumosidad**, s. f. smoking.

**Fumóso**, adj. smoky.

**Fumus Terre**, f. m. the plant fumitory.

**Funámbulo**, s. m. a dancer on the rope, a rope dancer.

**Función**, s. f. a function or employment; a feast, or any public act, and among soldiers, a battle, skirmish, or any engagement with the enemy. In physic, the office of any particular part of the body.

**Fúnda**, s. f. a case to put any thing into, made of leather, cloth, or the like.—*Fúnda de almohada*, a pillowbeer.

**Fundación**, s. f. foundation; also the original; revenue settled and established for any purpose, particularly charity.

**Fundaménte**, adv. upon a good foundation.

**Fundadór**, s. m. founder.

**Fundágo**, s. m. a magazine to put merchandize in.

**Fundamental**, adj. fundamental.

**Fundamentár**, v. a. to lay a foundation; also to establish, to erect.

**Fundaménte**, s. m. a foundation, a ground to work upon; also original rise; - also the principal or essential reason.

**Fundár**, v. a. to found, to lay a foundation.—*Fundár su opinión*, to ground one's opinion.—*Fundár mayoraço*, to settle an estate of inheritance.

**Fundería**, s. f. a foundry; a casting-house, a place where they melt metal.

**Fundible**, adj. that may be cast.

**Fundibulo**, s. m. a large machine for throwing of stones.

**Fundición**, s. m. melting, casting metal.

**Fundidór**, s. m. a founder.

**Fundir**, v. a. to cast metal.

**Fúndo**, s. m. land or ground; a plat of ground with a house belonging to it, a country farm, a close or field; also a foundation or bottom.

**Fúnebre**, adj. mournful, sad, belonging to a funeral.

**Funepéndulo**, s. m. any thing hanging by a rope,

**Funeral**, adj. belonging to a funeral.

**Funeráles**, s. m. pl. the pomp or procession with which the dead are carried.

**Funeréo**, adj. mournful, sad melancholy.

**Funestár**, v. a. to make sad or mournful.

**Funésto**, adj. sad, mournful.

**Fuñadór**, s. m. (in cant.) a mischief-maker, one that breeds quarrels.

**Fuñár**, v. a. (in cant.) to breed quarrels.

**Fuñóna**, s. f. (in cant.) a fray, a quarrel.

**Furénte**, adj. raging, furious.

**Fúria**, s. f. fury, rage, madness, precipitation; also one of the furies of hell poets talk of.

**Furibúndo**, adj. furious, raging, outrageous, mad.

**Furiosamente**, adv. furiously, outrageously.

**Furióso**, adj. furious, outrageous, raging, mad.

**Furlón**, s. m. a chariot, a coach with four seats.



**Furór**, s. m. fury, rage; outrageousness.—*Furór poético*, a poetical rapture.—*Furór uterino*, a raging distemper in some women.

**Furriel**, s. m. a harbinger, one that appoints lodgings.

**Furriér**, s. m. a quarter-master general.

**Furriera**, s. f. the woman that takes charge of all the keys in the king's palace.

**Furrieta**, s. f. braving.

**Furtár**, v. a. (obs.) vide *Hortar*.

**Furtivamente**, adv. by stealth, clandestinely.

**Furtivo**, adj. done by stealth.

**Fusado**, } adj. in heraldry,  
**Fusaládo**, } after the manner or form of a spindle.

**Fúscá**, s. f. a duck of a dark brown colour.

**Fuscár**, v. a. (obs.) to blacken, or obscure.

**Fúscó**, adj. dark brown.

**Fusil**, s. m. a fusil.

**Fusilázo**, s. m. a musket-shot.

**Fusilería**, s. f. a company of fusileers.

**Fusilero**, s. m. fusileer, a foot-soldier armed with a firelock.

**Fúso**, s. m. (in blazonry,) any thing made in the form of a spindle.

**Fusório**, s. m. that belongs to sounding; also the channel through which the metal runs in casting.

**Fústa**, s. f. a small light sort of vessel; also wood sawed into thin leaves.

**Fástaga**, s. f. the cable or great rope wherewith they hoist and lower the mainsail.

**Fustán**, s. f. fustian, a kind of cloth made of cotton.

**Fustancár**, v. a. to beat with a stick.

**Fustánque**, s. m. (in cant,) a cudgel.

**Fúste**, s. m. is that which gives

a thing its shape within, as the ribs do to a man's body, or any thing like.—*Cósa de páco*, or *de mucho fúste*, a thing of little or much bulk or consequence.—*Fúste de silla*, the tree of a saddle.

**Fústéro**, s. m. one that cuts or saws out wood very thin.

**Fustete**, s. m. a sort of yellow dye.

**Fustibál**, } s. m. some sort of  
**Fustivál**, } ancient, warlike musical instrument.

**Fustigár**, v. a. to cudgel, to bastinado, to beat with a cudgel.

**Fútil**, adj. weak, feeble, infirm.

**Futilidad**, s. f. weakness, infirmity, simplicity.

**Futurário**, adj. belonging to a thing which is to come.

**Futurición**, s. f. futurity.

**Futúro**, adj. that is to come. The future tense.

## G.

**G**, the seventh letter in the alphabet. In Spanish it is called *ge*, pronouncing it guttural; before the *e* or *i*, as *genero*, *gigante*. Before the vowels *a*, *o*, *u*, it is pronounced as in English, *ga*, *go*, *gu*, as *gáno*, *gózo*, *gusto*. Sometimes, to avoid a guttural, we intermix the letter *u*, between the *g*, *e*, or *i*; as *guerra*, war; *guía*, a guide; *seguir*, to follow; *guiso*, manner.

**Gabácho**, s. m. a base, ignoble, vile, mean, despicable, contemptible, and dirty man; a word used to ridicule the French.

**Gabán**, s. m. a great loose coat, close before, used by travellers and country people.

**Gabardina**, s. f. a gabardine, a coarse frock worn by country people.

**Gabarra**, s. f. a great vessel to unload ships, like a lighter, called a gabbard.

**Gabarro**, s. m. a disease belonging to horses and other beasts; also the bad quality of cloth.—*Gabirro*, a mistake in casting accounts.

**Gabáta**, s. f. a wooden porrin.

**Gabáza**, s. f. a lewd woman.

**Gabázo**, s. m. the refuse of the

sugar-canes when the virtue is extracted.

**Gabéla**, s. f. a duty upon any commodity.

**Gabeléro**, s. m. a gatherer of that duty.

**Gábja**, s. f. the round-top of a ship.

**Gabilla**, s. f. vide *Gavilla*.

**Gabinóte**, s. m. a cabinet; also the king's cabinet council; also a private pretty room.

**Gabión**, s. m. a gabion, a great basket filled with earth to make a fortification or intrenchment.

**Gabóte**, s. m. a game used among children with battle-dore and shuttlecock.

**Gaburónes**, s. m. pl. the timbers that strengthen the masts in ships.

**Gacélo**, s. m. a wild goat.

**Gaceta**, s. f. a gazette, a newspaper.

**Gáchas**, s. f. pl. hasty-pudding made of flour, water, butter, and honey.

**Gácho**, adj. squatted down.

**Gachón**, s. m. an infant brought up with a great deal of tenderness and delicacy.

**Gádo**, s. m. a fish so called.

**Gadóze**, the little fish called a gudgeon.

**Gáfa**, s. f. the hook on the handle of a cross-bow.

**Gafar**, v. a. to snatch away suddenly or violently, particularly with the nails, or with any thing that is hooked.

**Gafari**, s. m. a very sweet sort of pomegranate.

**Gafarrón**, s. m. a sort of singing bird, much like a canary bird.

**Gafedád**, s. f. crookedness of the fingers, the hands benumbed with cold; also leprosy.

**Gafetes**, s. m. small gold buckles or studs used for ornaments; also a hook.

**Gafeti**, s. m. the herb called water-hemp.

**Gaféz**, s. f. vide *Gafedad*.

**Gáfo**, adj. benumbed, crooked jointed, sick with a sort of leprosy that makes the joints stand bent.

**Gagátes**, s. m. jet; a beautiful fossil of a fine black colour.

**Gáges**, s. f. pl. pay, wages, hire, soldiers pay, servants wages.

**Gágio**, s. m. gain or profit.

**Gagisco**, adj. *rábano gagisco*, a radish that divides into several roots.

**Gágo**, adj. stuttering, stammering, speaking through the nose.

**Gaita**, s. f. a bagpipe; also a sort of flute, and a small portable organ, such as they play on in the streets.—*Gaita*, a clyster; and sometimes in burlesque, the neck or head. *Estár de gaita*, to be merry.—*Templar la gaita*, to appease one.

**Gaitéar**, v. n. to play upon the bagpipe.

**Gaiteria**, s. f. wantonness, foolish behaviour; also gaiety.

**Gaitéro**, s. m. a bagpiper.—*Gaitero*, adj. merry, jocund.

**Gájo**, s. m. a small bunch of grapes or cluster of any fruit; also a part of a bunch of grapes broken off.

**Gajoso**, adj. full of small bunches of grapes or clusters of any fruit.

**Gala**, s. m. a fish called a date or gold-fish.

**Gála**, s. f. a rich splendid dress, an habit of ceremony; also gracefulness, elegance of manners.—*Día de gala*, a court-day, a birth-day.—*Hacer gala de una cosa*, to boast of.—*A la gala*, cheerfully, merrily, briskly.

**Galafáte**, s. m. a subtle and well-known thief.

**Galafátes**, p. (vulg.) inferior ministers of justice to secure criminals.

**Galagála**, s. f. a composition, or mixture of hair and tar, wherewith they cover all that part of the ship which is under water before they sheath it, that when the worm goes through the sheathing, it may not fasten upon the side of it.

**Galaméro**, adj. dainty, greedy of fine bits.

**Galán**, adj. fine, neat, gay, well-dressed, airy; subst. used, a gallant.

**Galanaménte**, adv. finely, gaily, briskly.

**Galancéte**, s. m. a little spark or gallant.

**Galanéz**, s. f. finery, gaiety, briskness, fine dress.

**Galánga**, s. f. a plant so called.

**Galania**, s. f. finery, gaiety.

**Galáno**, adj. fine, airy, gay; also witty, convenient.

**Galante**, adj. gallant, free, no-

ble, gay; also handsome, beautiful.

**Galanteadór**, s. m. one who courts a lady, a gallant.

**Galantéar**, v. a. to court.

**Galanteménte**, adv. liberally, courteously, gallantly.

**Galantéo**, s. m. courtship.

**Galantería**, s. f. gallantry; fine show.

**Galanúra**, s. f. fine ornament.

**Galapágo**, s. m. a snail, a periwinkle; most properly a tortoise.—*Tener mas conchas que un galapago*, f. (metaph.) to be very cunning or sharp sighted.

**Galápo**, s. m. a frame used by rope-makers.

**Galár**, v. a. (in cant) to win.

**Galardón**, s. m. a reward.

**Galardonadór**, s. m. a rewarder.

**Galardonár**, v. a. to reward, to requite.

**Galarín**, s. m. a multiplication of numbers; also a disappointment in calculating.

**Galavárdo**, s. m. a long slouching fellow.

**Galaxía**, s. f. the galaxy or milky way.

**Galbána**, s. f. a small pulse less than pease; laziness, sloth.

**Galbanádo**, adj. anointed with galbanum.

**Galbanéro**, adj. lazy, idle, slothful.

**Galbáno**, s. m. a fat juice between a gum and a resin.

**Gádre**, s. m. a great loose coat.

**Galéa**, s. f. (obs.) a gallery.

**Galeáza**, s. f. a galeas, a heavy low built vessel, with both sails and oars.

**Garcár**, v. n. (obs.) to take much upon one, to act great.

**Galéo**, s. m. a sword-fish.

**Galeón**, s. m. a galleon.

**Galeoncilla**, s. m. diminutive of galeon.

**Galeóta**, s. f. a galliot, a light vessel.

**Galeôte**, s. m. a galley-slave.

**Galéra**, s. f. a galley; it is also taken for a long waggon, as it were a land galley.—

*Galéra*, a house of correction for prostitutes.—*Estár en galeras*, to be plagued, vexed; to suffer great pains.

**Galeréro**, s. m. the master of a long waggon.

**Galería**, a gallery; in fortification, a passage made across the ditch.

**Galerista**, s. m. a marine or soldier aboard a galley.

**Galerita**, s. f. a small bird so called.

**Galérno**, s. m. the north-west, or north-east wind, a wind which brings rain.

**Galfarro**, } s. m. a catch-pole; also a scoundrel; a great looby lazy fellow.

**Gálga**, s. f. a greyhound bitch.

**Gálgas**, s. f. pl. stones cast from any place defended, upon an enemy; also the itch, or scab.

**Gálgo**, s. m. a greyhound; (metaph.) a lank fellow.—Prov. *A gálgo viejo echale liebre*, no conejo, slip an old greyhound after a hare, not after a rabbit; that is, put men of experience to the most difficult tasks.—Prov. *A la larga el gálgo a la liebre mata*, at the long run the greyhound kills the hare. Perseverance overcomes all difficulties.—Prov. *Gálgo que muchas liebres levanta, ninguna mata*, the greyhound that puts up many hares, kills none. He that undertakes too much business does none.

**Galguéno**, adj. lank as a greyhound.

**Galgúlo**, s. m. a fabulous bird.

**Galibo**, s. m. a table or register of the building of ships.

**Galico**, s. m. the French pox.

**Galina**, s. f. (in cant) booty, ill-gotten goods.

**Galindo**, adj. thick and gouty; said of the ancle.

**Gálio**, s. m. cheese-rennet, a plant.

**Galíopsis**, s. f. a kind of nettle.

**Galizábra**, s. f. a sort of small vessel used in the Streights.

**Galladúra**, s. f. the seed or tread of the cock.

**Galláda**, s. f. the galliard, an old dance; a sort of music.

**Gallardaménte**, adv. pleasantly, briskly.

**Gallardeár**, v. n. to be merry, to frolic, to be fine and gay.

**Gallardétes**, s. m. pl. pendants, or streamers in ships.

**Gallardía**, s. f. pleasantness, gaiety, liveliness, gracefulness; also courage, spirit, boldness; also liberality, generosity, munificence.

**Gallárido**, adj. graceful, pleasant, gay, lively, brisk, gen-



feel; also valiant, bold and liberal; generous.

Gallaréta, s. f. a widgeon.

Gallarín, s. m. a manner of reckoning, which consists in doubling each number as you go on.

Gallarúza, a sort of coat with a cape to it, worn by country people.

Galleár, v. n. to play the cock when one is but a chick; to endeavour to look like a man before one's time, or to bully and show courage, when a man has none; to play upon one who is to take his degrees.

Galléga, s. f. a plant like lentils.

Gallegáda, s. f. a company of Gallicians.

Galléta, s. f. a cruet or little bottle for wine, vinegar, or oil.

Gallicinio, s. m. the crowing of a cock.

Gallillo, s. m. the uvula, the weezele or little tongue at the entrance of the throat.

Gallina, s. f. a hen; a coward.

—*Gallina ciega*, a woodcock; also a venomous blind worm, called a slow worm or blind worm; also the play called blind-man's buff among children.

—*Gallina ponedéra*, a hen that lays.—*Gallina asentadéra*, a hen that is sitting.—*Gallina Morisca*, a Guinea hen.—*Gallina de India*, a turkey hen.

—*Gallina de río*, a moor hen.—*Gallina glúca*, a broody hen.

—*Geostarse con las gallinas*, f. to go to bed with the hens.—*Eso era quando meen las gallinas*, f. (fam.) that will be when the hens make water.—*Holgar gallinas que el gallo está en vendimias*, ref. you may rejoice

hens, that the cock is out; that is, you may do what you please, now the master is from home.—Prov. *Viva la gallina*, y viva con supeña, let the hen live though she still have the pip. Better a creature should live, though infirm, than die.

Gallináta, s. f. a great hen; also hen's dung.

Gallinería, s. f. a poultry, a place where the hens are sold.

Gallinero, s. m. a poulterer; also a hen-roost, or a coop to keep hens in.

Gallineta, s. f. a young hen, a

pullet.—*Gallineta ciega*, the bird called a snipe.

Gallinoso, adj. cowardly, fearful, pusillanimous.

Gallipávo, s. m. a turkey-cock.

Gallipuénte, s. m. a little open bridge.

Gallito, s. m. a young cockerel; a young strutting amorous bean.

Galliúda, s. f. a sort of dog-fish called a sea-hind.

Gallo, s. m. a cock; also a sort of fish so called.—*Gallode India*, a turkey cock.—Prov.

*El mozo, y el gallo un año*, a servant and a cock must be kept but a year.—Prov. *El que sólo se come su gallo, solo ensilla su caballo*, he who eats his cock alone, saddles his horse alone; that is, he who

invites no body when he fares well, will have no body to help him upon need.—Prov. *Oyó un gallo cantar, y no supo en que muladar*, he heard the cock

crow, and knew not on what dunghill. Said of those who blurt out some piece of learning they do not understand,

and know not where they had it.—Prov. *Cada gallo canta en su muladar, y la gallina por todo el lugar*, every cock crows on his own dunghill, and the hen

all about the town. Men generally talk where they have authority, but women's tongues run every where.—*Íranse los huéspedes, y comeremos el gallo*, ref. the guests will go, and we shall eat the cock;

that is, one ought not to quarrel before the guests are gone.—*Otro gallo me cantara*, f. fam. I expect a better fortune.—*Otro gallo le cantara*, f. fam. he will change his fine situation for a bad one.

Galloboésque, s. m. a moor-cock.

Gallocrésta, s. f. the herb called clary.

Gallófa, s. f. a piece of bread for a beggar; also any sort of green herbs, as sallad, &c.—*Gallófa*, the idle life of beggars; also a little tail.

Galloféar, v. n. to beg.

Gallófero, } s. m. a beggar.

Gallófu, } s. m. a beggar.

Gallón, s. m. a turf.

Gallonáda, s. f. a wall made with turf.

Gállos, s. m. pl. sharp, witty

T 4.

jest, and repartees the professors use to play upon one another without offences, in the Spanish universities, when they confer degrees.

Gallúda, s. f. a sort of fish.

Galón, s. m. a galleon of any sort, silk, silver, or gold.

Galoneadúra, s. f. the work done with galleons of silver, gold, or silk.

Galoneár, v. a. to lace, to adorn with gold or silver textures sewed on.

Galócha, s. f. a wooden shoe; also a coarse woollen cap.

Galopár, v. n. to gallop.

Galópe, s. m. the gallop of a horse.

Galopeadóra, s. f. (in capt.) a whore.

Galopeár, v. n. to gallop as a horse does.

Galopéo, s. m. a gallop.

Galopin, s. m. a cabin-boy or swabber; also a scullion, a kitchen-drudge.

Galópo, s. m. vide Galopin.

Gáma, s. m. a doe, a fallow-deer.

Gamárra, s. f. a martingal.

Gamartúli, s. m. a sort of deformed thing that lives in the sea, but has not the shape of any fish.

Gamárza, s. f. the herb called ox-eye.

Gámbsa, s. f. a leg. Not used.

Gambáda, s. f. a skip, a caper cut in the air.

Gambalúa, s. m. a tall, thin, weak man.

Gambáro, s. m. a crab-fish.

Gambáx, s. m. a coat worn in ancient times.

Gambétn, s. f. a quick and sudden motion of the feet in dancing.—*Gambétn de mar*, the little fish called manyfeet.

Gambino, s. m. a pent-house to keep off the rain.

Gambóx, s. m. a child's cap.

Gambúxa, s. f. a child's biggin that wraps about the head.

Gamélla, s. f. that part of the yoke which lies on the ox's neck; also a wooden basin.

Gametria, s. f. a superstitious transposition of words, as in composing an anagram.

Gámma, s. m. in music is the gamut; the Greek letter so called.

Gámo, s. m. the fallow deer.

Gámésno, s. m. diminutive of gámo, a fawn.

Gamón, s. m. the plant asphodil.

Gamonál, s. m. the place where the asphodil grows.

Gamonilla, s. f. the flower of asphodil.

Gamonital, s. m. a bed of asphodil.

Gamonito, s. m. a spot of ground where the plant asphodil grows.—*Gamonito*, s. m. the plant asphodil.

Gamúza, s. f. shamo's leather, and the wild goat it is taken from.

Gamuzado, adj. of the colour of shamo's leather.

Ganá, s. f. will, desire, appetite, inclination, stomach.—

*De buena gana*, with a good will, with all my heart.—

*Tenér gana*, to have a mind.—

*Comér con gana*, to eat with an appetite.—*Tanta es la gana que*

*no me tienen los pies en casa*, ref. I have such desire that my feet cannot keep at home.—

*Don de hay gana, hay maña*, ref. where inclination or desire is, dexterity or contrivance is not wanting.

Ganadería, s. f. a multitude of flocks or herds.

Ganadero, s. m. a herdsman, a drover, a grazier, any one that looks to cattle.

Ganadillo, } s. m. diminutive

Ganadito, } of *ganado*.

Ganado, s. m. cattle of any sort.—*Ganado ovejuno*, sheep.

—*Ganado vacuno*, kine, black cattle.—*Ganado mayor*, kine, oxen, cows.—

*Ganado porcino*, } swine.

*Ganado de cerda*, } *Que buen ganado!* what a good

herd!—*Ganado*, lice; burlesque.

Ganador, s. m. one who gains.

Ganafa, s. f. an earthen pot to make fire in, not quite round, but a little flatted on the sides,

so that it looks like an open mouth.—*Parecia rienderse ganafa*, when she laughed she

looked like a fire pan, because she had a monstrous great

mouth.

Ganancia, s. f. profit, gain.—

*Hijo de ganancia*, a bastard child.

Ganancioso, adj. profitable, gainful.

Ganapán, s. m. a porter that carries burdens.

Ganapiérde, s. m. a game at cards so called.

Ganar, v. a. to get, to gain, to win, to conquer.—

*Ganar el barlovento*, (a sea term) to get the wind; also to be superior to

one in something.—*Ganar el pleito*, to carry one's cause.—

*Ganar el terreno*, to get ground; also to gain one's friendship or

good will.—*Ganar la boa*, to prevail upon or with one, to

make him yield.—*Ganar la garipa*, to over-reach one.—

*Ganar la vida*, to get one's life.—*Ganar tierra*, to obtain a

good success in business.—

*No se ganó Zamora, en una hora*, ref. the town of Zamora was

not conquered in an hour.

Ganchero, s. m. he who guides the timber floating in the water.

Gáncho, s. m. any sort of hook; also a branch in a stag's horn,

and a crook or sheep's hook.—

*Gáncho* s. m. an allurer, enticer, enveigler, also a pimp.

Ganchoso, adj. hooked, branched.

Gandallín, s. m. a servant.

Gandáya, s. f. laziness, slothfulness; also roguery.

Gandido, adj. deceived, corrupted, depraved.

Gandir, v. a. to eat, to devour, to consume.

Gandujar, v. a. to shrink up, to crouch.

Ganfórro, adj. wicked, roguish, villainous.

Gánga, s. f. a water-fowl somewhat less than a hen; also a

snuffling in the nose, or speaking through the nose.—

*Prov. Andir a casa de gángas*, to go a shooting water-fowls. To labour in vain.—

*Buena ganga es esta*, f. (iron.) this is a good thing indeed; that is, good for nothing.

Gángo, s. m. the barnacles for a horse.

Gangoso, adj. one that snuffles or speaks through the nose.

Gangrena, s. f. gangrene, mortification.

Gangrenarse, v. r. to be troubled with a gangrene or mortification.

Gangrenoso, adj. of, or belonging to a gangrene.

Gangular, v. n. to snuffle, to speak through the nose.

Ganguil, s. m. a great bark used for fishing.

Ganivète, s. m. a pen-knife; also a shepherd's or kitchen knife.

Ganoso, adj. willing, that has a good stomach.

Gansa, s. f. a goose.

Ganzañote, s. m. a grasshopper.

Gansarón, s. m. a young goose; also a tall lean man.

Gáuso, s. m. a gander.

Gántes, s. m. a sort of linen so called.

Ganzúa, s. f. a picklock, an instrument to pick locks.

Ganzuár, v. a. to pick a lock.

Gañán, s. m. a hired ploughman, or herdsman; a rustick.

—*Pierden el gañan porque, los años se le van*, ref. ploughmen cannot work, because they are

grown old; that is, strength is wanting to do hard labour.—

*Comér como un gañan*, to eat like a ploughman.

Gañania, s. f. a company of herdsmen.

Gañil, s. m. vide Gañon.

Gañir, v. n. to yelp, to bark, to howl as a dog or fox does

when hurt.

Gañivète, s. m. a shepherd's knife; also a pen knife.

Gañon, s. m. the throat, the gullet, the crap, crop, or

gorge; a devouring fellow.

Gañote, s. m. the throat, the windpipe.

Gañosamente, adv. willingly, with a good stomach.

Gáo, s. m. (in cant) a louse.

Garabatada, s. f. the throwing of a hook.

Garabatear, v. n. to throw the hook to catch any thing.—

*Garabatear*, v. a. to scribble, to write ill or unskilfully, as children do.

Garabatillo, s. m. a little hook.

Garabato s. m. a hook to hang meat on, a pot-hook, or any such sort of hook.—

*No esta la carne en el garabato por falta de gato*, ref. the meat is not hung to the

hook for fear of the cat.—

*Mozo de garabato*, a thief, a robber.

Garabatoso, adj. enticing, alluring, wheedling, coaxing.

Garabero, s. m. (in cant) the thief who uses a hook to open

doors, chests, &c.

Garábo, s. m. (in cant) the hook the thieves make use of.

Garáfa, s. f. vide Garrafa.

Garambaina, s. f. a superfluous finery in dress; also grimaces or ridiculous gestures.



Garamón, } s. m. a stallion  
Garañón, } horse, or ass; a  
lascivious man.

Garante, s. m. a guarantee.

Garantía, s. f. the action of guaranteeing.

Garanzas, s. f. pl. a sort of herb used to dye red.

Garapiña, s. f. a freezing or congealing of any liquor by ice; also a sort of gold and silver laces.—*Bischochos de garapiña*, a kind of fine and delicate biscuit.

Garapiñar, v. a. to congeal any liquid by ice.

Garapiñera, s. f. a vessel of copper used for the *garapiña*.

Garapita, s. f. thick net to catch the smallest fish.

Garapito, s. m. a little insect like the tick in sheep.

Garapillo, s. m. a little dart used among school-boys, made with a pin and paper stuck at top instead of feathers.

Garatrónio, s. m. a sort of precious stone.

Garatúsa, s. f. wantonness.—*Dar garatúsa*, to take in all the cards at the game, called *chilindrón*, and leave the rest without any.

Garavancillos, s. m. the plant called milk-vetch.

Garavato, s. m. vide Garabato, any sort of hook.—*Hacer garavatos y escaravijos*, to make pot hooks and hangers in writing.

Garavero, s. m. a thief that reaches things with a hook.

Garavito, s. m. a hut, a shelter from the weather.

Garavo, s. m. (in cant) a hook.

Garba, s. f. a bundle of sheaves tied together.

Garbanzal, s. m. a field where the peas grow.

Garbázo, s. m. a sort of peas.

Garbanzuelo, s. m. a kind of distemper in the feet of beasts.

Garbás, } v. a. to form or  
Garbeár, } make the *garba*.—

*Garbeár*, (in cant) to gripe, to lay hold of, to take away.

Garbias, s. f. pl. a kind of fritters.

Garbejeár, v. a. to make odd gestures.

Garbilado, adj. fanned like corn; garbled.

Garbillador, s. m. a winnower of wheat.

Garbillar, v. a. to fan corn, to

cleanse any thing by shaking it, to garble.

Garbillo, s. m. a sieve to winnow corn with.

Garbin, s. m. vide Garvin.

Garbino, s. m. the south-west wind.

Gárbo, s. m. the bulk of any thing, the form, the fashion, the countenance, the behaviour, the air or mien.

Garboso, adj. of a good air, or mien, of an elegant behaviour.

Garbillo, s. m. a confused buddle of people, as when scrambling for any thing.

Garcéro, s. m. the person who catches herons.

Gárceas, s. m. vide Gabia.

Garcetas, s. f. the antlers of a deer; also heron's feathers, formerly worn; also a great head of hair, or rather false locks, formerly worn as a token of nobility.

Gárda, s. f. (in cant) a charge.

Gárho, s. m. (in cant) a lad.

Gardadero, s. m. (obs.) a keeper of the wardrobe.

Gardár, v. a. (in cant) to truck.

Gardaropa, s. m. vide Guardaropa.

Gardillo, s. m. (in cant) a boy.

Gardecórps, s. m. an old-fashioned garment like a great loose coat; a surtout.

Gardingo, s. m. (obs.) the captain of the guard.

Garduña, s. f. a sort of small fox.

Garduño, s. f. a subtle, cunning, artful thief.

Gárfas, s. f. a crooked nail, claw, or talon.

Garfada, } s. f. a catching any  
Garfada, } thing with claws  
or talons.

Garfeár, v. a. to hook, to catch, to lay hold of with a hook or grapple.

Garfiña, s. f. (in cant) thief.

Garfiñar, v. a. (in cant) to steal.

Gárfio, s. m. a hook, a grapple, the fluke of an anchor.

Gargageár, v. n. to spit out thick phlegm, to spit glanders.

Gargagéo, s. m. a spitting of thick phlegm.

Gargagiento, adj. that is full of phlegm, that spits nastily.

Gargagillo, s. m. a little snivelling, impudent boy.

Gargajál, s. m. a place full of spittle.

Gargajazo, s. m. augment. of *gargajo*.

Gargajear, v. n. vide Gargagear.

Gargajiento, adv. vide Gargaciento.

Gargajillo, s. m. vide Gargajillo.

Gargajo, s. m. a clod of phlegm, a glander.

Gargajoso, adj. that is hawking and spitting of phlegm.

Gargamillón, s. m. (in cant) the body.

Garganta, s. f. the throat.—*Hacer garganta*, among musicians to sing sweet and fine.—

*Pondré la garganta*, I will pawn my neck.—*Garganta de monté*, a narrow pass on a mountain.

*Garganta de pierna*, the ham of the leg.—*Garganta del pie*, the ankle.

Gargantala, s. f. a piece of bread or any other thing that is hawked up.

Garganteador, s. m. the person who quavers or shakes notes in singing.

Garganteaduras, s. f. pl. (among sailors) the sutures by which the sails are patched up.

Garganteár, v. a. to quaver with the voice; (in cant) to confess upon the rack.

Gargantéo, s. m. a quavering or shaking of the voice.

Gargantéz, } s. f. greediness.  
Gargantéza, }

Gargantilla, s. f. a necklace.

Gargantón, s. m. a glutton.

Gargantóna, s. f. a glutton.—*Mi madre la gargantona contidome á su olla, y comiósela toda*, ref. my mother, *la gargantona*, invited me to dinner off her olla, and she eat it all herself; it is applied to those that promise great things and give nothing.

Gargantoneria, s. f. gluttony.

Gárgara, s. f. the noise made in washing or gargling the throat.

Gargarismo, s. m. a gargarism; a washing of the throat.

Gargarizar, v. n. to gargle, to wash the throat.

Gargavero, s. m. vide Garguero.

Gargól, adj. rotten; only applied to eggs.

Gárgola, s. f. linseed; also a groove in a board for another to join in it.—*Gárgola*, s. f. spouts in great houses made in the shape of lions, bears

or other beasts' heads, which the rain-water runs through.

Gargüero, s. m. the gullet.

Gariofilo, s. m. a clove-tree.

Garita, s. f. sentinel's box; (in cant) a house.

Garitero, s. m. one that keeps a gaming-house; also a gamester; and, (in cant) a concealer of thieves.

Garito, s. m. a gaming-house.

Garitón, s. m. (in cant) a chamber.

Garla, s. f. (in cant) prattle, tattling.

Garladór, s. m. who prattles or talks too much.

Gardár, v. a. to prate, to tattle.

Garito, s. m. a bow-net, or wicker-wheel to catch fish in; also a pannier or basket to carry corn in; also a spore, or any thing by which one is entangled.

Garlo, s. m. chat, talk.

Garlôcha, s. f. dart, javelin, arrow, shaft.

Garlón, s. m. a prating fellow; (in cant) an informer.

Garlôpa, s. f. a joiner's tool called a long plane, serving to plane boards.

Garúcho, s. f. an ancient sort of upper garment or gown, worn only by dignified persons; also a sort of liquor.—*Caballero de la gurnúcha*, a footman.

Garniel, s. m. a pouch, a hawk-ing-bag.

Garó, s. m. a kind of lobster; also pickle.—*Garó*, (in cant) a town, or village.

Garra, s. f. a clutch, a claw, a talon; it is also a high sort of vessel; also the hand of a person.—*Gente de la garra*, thieves.—*Echar la garra*, to lay hold of, to fasten on.

Garráfa, s. f. a kind of bottle.

Garrafado, adj. grappled, hooked.

Garrafal, adj. uncommonly big.

Garrafar, v. a. to grapple, to catch hold of.

Garrasñar, v. a. to snatch any thing with the claws.

Garráma, s. f. a cant word for stealing; also a duty formerly paid.

Garramar, v. a. to levy the aforesaid duty; (in cant) to steal.

Garráncha, s. f. (in cant) a sword.

Garráncho, s. m. a dung-fork; a scraper to scrape dirt; a thorn.

Garrañón, s. m. a stallion horse or ass.

Garrapáta, s. f. a tick, or filthy insect that sticks close to the skin of sheep, dogs, and other creatures; a very short man; a thief-taker, a thief-catcher.

Garrapatear, v. a. to scribble, or write carelessly.

Garrapáto, s. m. an insect so called.

Garrár, v. a. (a sea-term) to drag the anchor when it gives way.

Garrear, v. a. to drive; that is, when an anchor does not hold fast, and the ship drags it away.

Garridamente, adv. gaily, finely, airily, neatly.

Garridez, s. f. gayness, airiness, neatness.

Garrido, adj. gay, airy, neat, clever, pleasant, well-shaped.—

*A la mager, y á la viña, el hombre la hace garrida*, ref. men make beautiful and agreeable their wives and their vines; that is, the happiness of a wife, and the cultivation of a vine depends upon the care of man.

Garrillas, s. f. pl. little claws or talons; also the fur on the feet of snakes, or such like creatures.

Garrir, v. n. to be fine, pleasant, gay.

Garróba, s. f. the fruit called a carobé.

Garrobilla, s. f. a sort of serge of a light murrey colour.

Garróbo, s. m. the carobe-tree.

Garrócha, s. f. a sort of dart or goad to prick the bulls with at the bull-feasts.

Garrochar, v. a. to punch and fret the bull with the *garrócha*.

Garrochón, s. m. the spear with which they that ride at bulls in the bull-feasts are armed.

Gorrófa, s. f. vide Algarroba.

Garrofál, adj. big in its kind.

Garrón, s. m. the upper part of a bird's talons where they join to the toe.

Garrotázo, s. m. a stroke with a stick or cudgel.

Garróte, s. m. a cudgel; also the short stick with which carriers wind the cord that binds their pack.—*Dar garróte*, to strangle; also to rack.—

*Guárdate de Juan garróte*, have a care of a cudgel.—*Tiesso como un garróte*, as stiff as a stake.

Garrotillo, s. m. a short cudgel; also a quinzey in the throat.

Garrofál, s. m. vide Algarroval.

Garróvo, s. m. vide Algarrobo.

Garrúcha, s. f. a pulley.

Garrúchos, s. m. pl. pulleys; also ropes to fasten the sails with.

Garrúdo, adj. that has talons like a bird of prey, or wild beast.

Garrúlo, adj. prating, babbling, talkative; also chattering or chirping as birds.

Garrúla, s. f. a company of poor, mean people.

Garrullón, s. m. (in cant) a gaol keeper.

Garrúvia, s. f. pease for pigeons.

Gartija, s. f. vide Lagartija.

Gartia, s. f. a sort of thick fog, a thick, but small mizzling rain.

Garvanzál, s. m. a field where the peas called *garvanzós* grow.

Garvanzó, s. m. a sort of peas.

Garvin, s. m. a cap made of a sort of net-work.

Garúlla, s. f. (in cant) grapes.

Gárvo, s. m. vide Garbo.

Garyophyláta, s. f. the gillflower.

Garyophyléta, s. f. an herb so called.

Gárza, s. f. the bird called a heron.

Garzéra, s. f. a place where herons breed.

Garzéta, s. f. a plume of heron's feathers; also a way of parting the hair which was on one side of the forehead.

Gárzo, s. m. agarick; a drug of use in physic and in dying.

Gárzo, adj. blue-eyed.

Garzón, s. m. a young able man.

Garzonear, v. n. to play the youth, to act as a young fellow.

Garzónza, s. f. manners of a young person.—*Andir en garzonías*, to act like a young fellow.

Garzóta, s. f. a small kind of heron so called.

Gása, s. f. gauze.

Gasaja, s. f. (obs.) a kind reception, an obliging entertainment.

Gasajado, adj. vide Agasajado.

Gasajo, s. m. vide Agasajo.



Gasanhóte, s. m. a locust, a great grass-hopper.

Gasápos, s. m. green peas in the pod.

Gaspácho, s. m. a sort of soup, or soupe maigre, made with oil, vinegar, water, salt, and spice.

Gastador, s. m. a spendthrift; also a pioneer.

Gastamiénto, s. m. spending or wasting.

Gastár, v. a. to spend, to wear; to waste; to spoil.—*Gastár tiempo en bálde*, to labour in vain.—*Gastár la cortesia*, either to be impertinently civil, or to oblige others to be uncivil.—*Gastár la salud*, to impair one's health by living disorderly.—*Gastár los azeros*, to wear out the edge; to dull the brain with too much study.—*Gastár de bolsa ajéna*, to spend of another man's purse.—*No gastár la comida*, not to digest one's meat.—*Gastárase una mercaderia*, to sell well, to be in vogue.—Prov. *Mucho se gasta, y poco basta*, much is spent, and little suffices.

Gásto, s. m. expence, charge, cost, consumption.

Gáta, s. f. a she-cat; also the stem of a galley, and the top of a mast.—*Hacér de la gáta de Juan herlado*, or *de la gáta muérta*, to counterfeit, to play the hypocrite.—Prov. *No échés la gáta en tu cama, ó no la acozés después de echáda*, do not lay the cat on your bed, or do not kick her off when laid; that is, take not a mean woman to wife, or if you do, use her not ill afterwards.—Prov. *Azótan a la gáta, si na hila nuéstra áma*, they whip the cat if our mistress does not spin. One suffers for the faults of another.—Prov. *Haz fiestas a la gáta, y saltárte ha a la cara*, make much of the cat, and she will fly in your face. If you are too kind to unworthy persons, they will soon be ungrateful.—*Fr a gátas*, to creep on all fours like a cat.

Galáda, s. m. a scratching as cats do; also a cheat, a fraud.—*Dar galáda*, to cheat, steal, and get off, as cats do.

Gatafúra, s. f. a kind of pie made with herbs and cream.

Gatatúmba, s. f. pretence, dissimulation, fiction.

Galázo, s. m. augm. of *gáto*.—*Dar galázos*, to steal, to deceive, to cheat.

Gateamiénto, s. m. a scratching like a cat.

Gatár, v. n. to creep on all fours, or rather to climb like a cat; also to steal and run away.

Gatéra, s. f. a hole for a cat to creep in and out; also the herb catmint.

Gateria, s. f. a parcel of cats.

Gatéscó, adj. of, or belonging to a cat.

Gaticida, s. m. the man who kills cats.

Gatíco, s. m. a little cat.

Gatífero, adj. that has the likeness of a cat.

Gatillo, s. m. a little cat, a kitten; also the trigger of a gun, and the instrument to draw teeth with; also a lump of flesh that grows on the neck of some mules so called; it is also a little boy who picks pockets.

Gatillo Cásto, s. m. vide Agnocasto.

Gatillos, s. m. pl. the herb cammock, or ground furze.

Gáto, s. m. a cat; also a pilfering fellow or small thief; also a purse, because they used to make them of cats skins; an artful subtle thief; also an engine used to lift up burdens.—*Gáto montés*, a cat-a-mountain.—*Gato de algália*, a civet-cat.—*Gáto cervál*, a cat with a skin mottled like a deer.—*Gáto paut*, a monkey.—*Gáto de agúa*, a trap with a loose board with one end hanging over a kettle or a pan, of water, to catch mice; so called, because it does the part of a cat.—*Ojo de gáta*, cat's eye, a sort of precious stone.

—*Echár el gato a las bárbas*, to shake off any danger upon another.—*Vivir cómo gátos y perros*, to live like cats and dogs, always at variance.—*No hacér mal a un gáto*, to be peaceable and harmless, not to hurt a cat.—*Vendér gato por liebre*, to sell a cat instead of a hare; to put a cheating commodity upon a man.—*Andár cómo gátos por enero*, to be like cats in January; to be catterwauling.—*Veámos quien lleva el gáto al agúa*, let us see who will carry the cat

to the water; that is, let us see who will have the best on't.—Prov. *Por salta de gáto está la carne en el garabato*, the meat is on the hook, because there is no cat. Applied to persons who are not lewd, for want of opportunity.—Prov. *Al gáto por ser ladrón, no le échés de tu mansión*, do not turn the cat out of your house for being a thief, because it is the nature of them all, and it will make you and your servants careful to lay up your meat.

Gatúno, adj. cattish.

Gatupério, s. m. a confused mixture of liquors.

Gaudeámus, s. m. mirth, joy, kind entertainment.

Gaudéte, s. m. idem.

Gavácho, a nick name by which they call the French in contempt.

Gaván, s. m. vide gaban.

Gaváncó, s. m. a dog-brier.

Gavéla, s. f. vide gabela.

Gavéta, s. f. a draw in a cabinet, or the like.

Gávia, s. f. the round top on a ship's mast; also a cage, or such a place where they shut up mad people.

Gaviéro, s. m. the sailor who has the care of the *gábia*.

Gaviéta, s. f. the place on the smaller masts where sailors get to keep a look out.

Gaviéte, s. m. a particular beam or wooden engine used on board ships to shift an anchor upon occasion.

Gavila, s. f. a sheaf of corn, a brush to burn, or the like.

Gavilán, s. m. a sparrow-hawk; also the herb called groundsel, or the down of thistle blossoms.—*Gavilanes de Espáda*, the two cross bars in the great Spanish sword-hilts.—*Gavilanes de la pluma*, the nib of a pen.

Gavilancillo, s. m. a little sparrow-hawk.

Gavilla, s. f. a faggot, a bavin, a bundle of small wood; also a wheat-sheaf; a pack of knaves.

Gavilláda, s. f. (in cant) is what a thief picks up or gathers.

Gavillador, s. m. one that makes faggots or binds up any thing in that nature; a binder of corn at harvest.

Gavillár, v. a. to make faggots,

to bind any thing in that nature to bind corn.

**Gavillero**, s. m. the place where the faggots or havins are put.

**Gavión**, s. m. a hand-barrow, to carry any thing between two; also the broad brims of a hat.

**Gaviota**, s. f. a sea-gull, a sea-cob.

**Gáya**, s. f. a belt or girdle different colours.—*Gaya*, i. f. (in cant) a whore.

**Gayado**, s. m. a coat made of pieces of various colours.

**Gayadura**, s. f. trimming, making fine or gay.

**Gayán**, s. m. a ruffian, a blustering fellow.

**Gayár**, v. a. to trim, to make fine, or gay with many colours.

**Gayata**, s. f. a shepherd's book; also an old man's walking staff.

**Gáyo**, adj. fine, gay.—*Gáyo*, s. m. the bird called a jay.

**Gayomba**, s. f. broom sweet-scented.

**Gayón**, s. m. in cant, a pimp, a pander.

**Gayta**, s. f. a bagpipe; ironically, a clyster.

**Gaytear**, v. n. to play on the bagpipe; also to cry.

**Gayteria**, s. f. gaudiness in dress.

**Gaytero**, s. m. a bagpiper.—Prov. *Al gaytero de Bujalance un maracendi porqué tingo, y diez porqué acábe*, give the bagpiper of Bujalance a maracendi to play, and ten to give over. This was some bagpiper that played very ill, and would never give over.—*Andar templando gaytas*, f. (metaph.) endeavouring to appease quarrels or disturbances.—*Estar de gayta*, f. to be gay.

**Gáza**, s. f. gauze, the fine thin sort of web.

**Gazafatón**, s. m. the defect in pronouncing of words, which, though innocent in themselves, makes them sound amiss, or the subject to me misinterpreted.

**Gazapa**, s. f. a lie.

**Gazapatón**, s. m. a foolish thing said, done, or contrived.

**Gazapela**, s. f. contention, strife, quarrel, hroil.

**Gazapera**, s. f. a coney-burrow,

a place where rabbits make their holes in the ground.

**Gazapillo**, s. m. a little sucking rabbit.

**Gazápo**, s. m. a rabbit, a young coney.

**Gazela**, s. f. a creature much like a wild goat.

**Gazeta**, s. f. a gazette, a paper of news, a paper of public intelligence.

**Gazetéro**, s. m. who makes, or composes, or sells the Gazette.

**Gazetista**, s. m. one who reads the Gazette; also one whose employment it is to hear, or tell news, or to talk about them; a newsmonger.

**Gazies**, s. m. the Turkish or Moorish slaves who embrace the Christian religion.

**Gazmiár**, v. a. to be gluttonous; also to complain, or resent.

**Gazmol**, s. m. a little callous wart, growing on the tongue of birds, what we generally call the pip, of which they frequently die.

**Gazmoñada**, } s. f. an affecta-  
**Gazmoñeria**, } tion of virtue,  
hypocrisy.

**Gazmoñero**, } s. m. one who  
**Gazmoño**, } affects virtue or  
piety, an hypocrite.

**Gaznár**, v. n. vide graznar.

**Gaznatáda**, s. f. a blow given on the throat or wind-pipe.

**Gaznate**, s. m. the throat.

**Gaznático**, s. m. a small throat.

**Gazofilacio**, s. m. a treasury, or place to keep treasures or wealth.

**Gazpachéro**, s. m. the person who makes or carries the soup to the people working in the fields.

**Gaspácho**, s. m. a sort of soup made with oil, vinegar, water, salt, and spice.

**Gazúza**, s. f. a sharp appetite.

**Géfe**, s. m. vide Xefe.

**Gelasino**, adj. an epithet given by medical people to the fore teeth when entirely seen in those that laugh or grin.

**Gelano**, s. m. a dimple in the cheek when one laughs.

**Gelatina**, s. f. a congealed substance.

**Geldre**, s. m. the herb woad, used in dying.

**Gélse**, s. m. in cant, a black slave.

**Geliz**, s. m. an overseer of silk.

**Gelosia**, s. f. vide Celosia.

**Gemál**, s. m. vide Xemal.

**Gème**, s. m. vide Xeme.

**Gemela**, s. f. the flower that grows from a gessamin staff grafted in the orange tree.

**Gemelos**, s. m. pl. twins, two born at a birth.

**Gemido**, s. m. groan, lamentation.

**Gemidor**, s. m. one that groans or laments.

**Geminación**, s. f. repetition.

**Geminár**, v. a. to double.

**Geminis**, s. m. a sign of the zodiac called by astronomers Gemini; also a sort of plaster made of wax, &c.

**Gémimo**, adj. double, twofold.

**Gemir**, v. n. to groan, to wail, to lament.

**Genciána**, s. f. the plant gentian.

**Genealogia**, s. f. genealogy, history of the succession of families.

**Genealógico**, adj. belonging to genealogy.

**Genealogista**, s. m. a genealogist.

**Generable**, adj. that can be generated.

**Generación**, s. f. generation, family, lineage.

**General**, adj. general, universal; subst. used, a general of an army, &c.

**Generaláto**, s. m. the charge, office, or dignity of a general.

**Generalidad**, s. f. generality, universality.

**Generalísimo**, s. m. a generalissimo or supreme general of an army.

**Generalmente**, adv. generally, universally.

**Generár**, v. a. to engender.

**Generativo**, adj. generative.

**Genericamente**, adv. generically, of the sort, or genus.

**Genérico**, adj. general, of, or belonging to the sort of genus.

**Género**, s. m. a kind, a sort, a manner, a stock, a lineage; also a gender.

**Generosamente**, adv. generously, nobly.

**Generosidad**, s. f. generosity, nobleness of birth.

**Generosidad**, s. f. generosity, nobleness.

**Generoso**, adj. generous, noble, of a good breed; also strong, vigorous.—*Vino generoso*, a strong, generous wine.—*Generoso*, magnanimous, open of



heart; also courageous, stout, and liberal or magnificent.  
**Genesis**, s. m. the first book in the Holy Bible.  
**Genêsta**, s. f. the plant broom.  
**Genethliaca**, s. f. genethliacks; the vain and superstitious practice of calculating nativities, or predicting future events from the stars.  
**Genethliaco**, s. m. genethliatick, one who pretends to calculate nativities.—*Genethliaco*, adj. genethliacal, belonging to genethliacks.  
**Gengibre**, s. m. ginger.  
**Genial**, adj. agreeable to the inclination.  
**Genialmente**, adv. according to the genius, condition, taste, or inclination.  
**Genitales**, s. m. pl. genitals, parts belonging to generation.  
**Genio**, s. m. a man's angel or spirit; natural disposition, genius.  
**Genitivo**, s. m. the genitive case.  
**Genitor**, s. m. a father.  
**Genitura**, s. f. procreation.  
**Geniziro**, s. m. a janizary; any man whose father is of one nation and his mother of another.  
**Genôli**, s. m. a bright red colour, used by painters, and found in mines of gold and silver.  
**Gentalla**, s. f. mob, rabble.  
**Gênte**, s. f. people, nation; (in cant) the ears.—*Gênte bahina*, ô *báza*, the mob or rabble.—*Gênte de lá hampa*, licentious, debauched people.—*Gênte del gárdillo*, the most vile and mean populace.—*Gênte de modo y de traza*, gentlemen.—*Gênte de péro o de peluza*, the rich and opulent people.—*Gênte de trato*, tradesmen.—*Gênte principal*, the nobility or gentry.—*Ser gênte*, ô *gentes*, to be a man above the vulgar, or of distinction.—*Irse al hilo de la gênte*, to follow the multitude of the people.—*Hacer gênte*, to raise soldiers.—*Íreme donde no me vean las gêntes*, I will go where no people shall see me, I will abscond, I will fly into a desert.—*Prov. Ande yo caliente, y ríase la gênte*, so I be warm, let the people laugh. It is no matter what the world say, so a man keeps himself warm.—*Prov. Gênte*

*de costa todas ladrones*, the people of the sea coasts are all thieves.  
**Gentecilla**, s. f. diminutive of *gênte*.  
**Gentil**, adj. genteel, handsome, comely, graceful; also a heathen, or pagan.—*Gentil hombre*, a nobleman; also a noble person sent as an express to a king with good news.—*Gentil dama*, a fine lady.—*Gentil necedid*, a pretty piece of nonsense.  
**Gentileza**, s. f. genteelness, comeliness, gracefulness, generosity, good behaviour.  
**Gentilhombre**, s. m. a gentleman, a gentleman-usher, a genteel man, a comely graceful person.—*Gentilhombre de la boca*, a prince's taster.—*Gentilhombre de la cámara*, a gentleman of the bed-chamber.—*Gentilhombre de la artilleria*, a conductor of the artillery.  
**Gentilico**, adj. of, or belonging to the Gentiles or Pagans.  
**Gentilidad**, s. f. } paganism.  
**Gentilismo**, s. m. }  
**Gentilizar**, v. n. to observe the ceremonies or rites of gentiles.  
**Gentilmente**, adv. genteelly, handsomely, gracefully.  
**Géntio**, s. m. a great number of people.  
**Gentualla**, s. f. the lowest, meanest sort of people.  
**Genuflexion**, s. f. genuflection, being the knee, kneeling.  
**Genuino**, adj. pure, genuine.  
**Geodesia**, s. f. the art or science of measuring the ground, or surfaces, and finding the contents of all plane figures.  
**Geodético**, adj. geodetical, relating to the art of measuring surfaces.  
**Geographia**, s. f. geography, the description of the earth, the knowledge of the earth.  
**Geográfico**, adj. that belongs to geography.  
**Geógrafo**, s. m. a geographer, one who describes the earth, according to the dispositions of its different parts.  
**Geomancia**, s. f. the art of foretelling by figures, geomancy.  
**Geomántico**, s. m. a geomancer, a fortune-teller, a caster of figures.  
**Geométra**, s. f. a geometrician, a measurer of the earth.  
**Geometria**, s. f. geometry, the art of measuring the earth.

**Geometricamente**, adv. geometrically.  
**Geométrico**, adj. geometrical.  
**Geórgica**, s. f. Virgil's book of Georgicks or country affairs.  
**Geóxico**, adj. belonging to the earth.  
**Gerarcha**, s. m. hierarch, high-priest.  
**Gerarchia**, s. f. hierarchy, order in the church, priesthood; an hierarchy of angels.  
**Gerárchico**, adj. of, or belonging to an hierarchy or priesthood.  
**Gérga**, s. f. serge.  
**Gercón**, s. m. a straw bed.  
**Gerguilla**, s. f. cloth made of silk and wool mixed together.  
**Gerifalte**, s. m. the hawk called a ger-falcon.  
**Gergonza**, s. f. gibberish, all that is obscure or difficult to apprehend.  
**Geringa**, s. f. clyster, a syringe, a squirt to cast water.  
**Geringar**, v. a. to syringe.  
**Geripliega**, s. f. vide *Girapliega*.  
**Germána**, s. f. (in cant) a wench.  
**Germanesco**, adj. belonging to the cant language.  
**Germania**, s. f. the cant used among gypsies, beggars, and all sorts of vagabonds and rogues.  
**Germáno**, s. m. (in cant) a ruffian, a pimp.  
**Germinar**, v. n. to sprout, to spring, to bud out.  
**Geroglyphico**, s. m. an hieroglyphick.  
**Gerriote**, s. m. a diet-drink made with almonds, and chicken or mutton broth.  
**Gértas**, s. f. pl. (in cant) ears.  
**Gerúndio**, s. m. a gorund.  
**Gesolrént**, s. m. a key in music.  
**Géstas**, s. f. pl. (obs.) the famous and remarkable actions of great men.  
**Gestear**, v. n. to make gestures, or grimaces.  
**Gestera**, s. f. a cheating woman that makes faces to deceive.  
**Gesteró**, s. m. gesticulator.  
**Gesticulación**, s. f. a ridiculous gesture.  
**Gesticular**, adj. belonging to a ridiculous gessure.  
**Gestillo**, s. m. a little odd motion of the face; also a little face.  
**Gesto**, s. m. the face; also an odd motion of the face; also an likeness resemblance.—*Estir de buen gesto*, to be merry,

steel, and good-tempered.  
*Hacer gesto*, to make ugly faces.—*Ponerse a gesto*, to dress and trim one's self.—*No hacer buen gesto a una cosa*, not to show a good countenance, to show a dislike.—Prov. *De mala gesto mala boca lecho*, from a bad face there is never a good action; that is, the countenance shows the disposition.  
*Gera*, s. f. a great lip, as the blacks have; also a mushroom, whence great lips were so called.—*Estir contantageta*, to express a resentment by the looks.  
*Getón*, s. m. a great blubber-lipped fellow; also a great mushroom.  
*Gixerina*, adj. fem. as, *cote gixerina*, a coat of mail.  
*Giladina*, s. f. a sort of mineral stone.  
*Giba*, s. f. a bunch on the back, crookedness.  
*Gibado*, adj. crooked, one that has a bunch on his back.  
*Gibar*, *La danza de pie gibó*, a sort of prancing and playing tricks, which they teach horse s.  
*Gibir*, v. a. to press or bow down.  
*Giboso*, adj. crooked; also hilly or uneven ground.  
*Girada*, s. f. a blow or cut made or given with a *gifero*.  
*Giteria*, s. f. butchery.  
*Gitero*, s. m. a butcher, and a butcher's knife.  
*Gigante*, s. m. a great giant.  
*Gigante*, s. m. a giant.—*Gigante*, adj. giant-like; as, *Tiene fuerzas de gigante*, he is as strong as a giant.  
*Giganta*, s. f. vide *Girasol*.  
*Giganton*, adj. of, or belonging to a giant.  
*Giganticida*, s. m. a giant killer.  
*Gigantico*, adj. of, or belonging to a giant.  
*Gigantilla*, s. f. a figure of paste-board, representing a short or dumpy woman carried about in the processions.  
*Gigantizar*, v. n. to grow giant-like.  
*Giganton*, s. m. a great giant.  
*Gigote*, s. m. minced pies.  
*Gijas*, s. f. vigour, fatness, strength.  
*Gilbarbera*, s. f. a prickly shrub, called butchers' broom or *kuechelm*.

*Gileco*, s. m. a coat, such as the slaves wear.  
*Gilguero*, s. m. a goldfinch.  
*Ginelgas*, s. f. pl. a name given on board ships to some poles used to reinforce the masts when damaged.  
*Gimn*, s. m. vide *Ximio*.  
*Gimnasio*, s. m. an academy, a school, college, or hall in an university.  
*Ginnosophista*, s. m. one of those philosophers who formerly taught morality in India.  
*Ginebra*, s. f. a Moorish instrument made with several round sticks to make a noise; any confusion.  
*Ginebrada*, s. f. a sort of puff-paste cake.  
*Ginebre*, s. m. the juniper-tree.  
*Ginesta*, s. f. vide *Genesta*.  
*Ginestada*, s. f. a sort of mash made with milk, rice, dates, and raisins.  
*Gineta*, s. f. a cane about as high as a man's chin, with a small spear at the end of it, which Spanish captains used instead of our leading staff, and commonly walked with it, when they were not upon duty, as a token of their employ.—*Gineta*, a badge.—*Lanza gineta*, a light horseman's lance.—*Silla gineta*, the great saddle.—*Cabalgar a la gineta*, to ride with the stirrups very short.  
*Ginete*, s. m. properly a light-horseman, but used for any horseman.—*Ginete de Salamanca*, a sort of earthen pitcher.—*Genete de Nerez*, a sort of small bread made at Nerez.  
*Ginglar*, s. m. the pendulum of a clock.  
*Ginjol*, s. m. the fruit of the jubab-tree.  
*Ginillos*, s. m. (obs.) the knees.  
*Ginetón*, s. m. a long weapon like a leading-staff.  
*Gira*, s. f. merry making, a feast where friends meet to be merry and drink about.  
*Girabandera*, s. f. the flourishing of colours.  
*Girafa*, s. f. a beast called in Latin *camelopardalis*.  
*Giraldá*, s. f. an image of a woman of gilt-brass set on the top of the great tower of Seville, where it turns with the wind.  
*Giraldete*, s. m. or *Giraldina*,

s. f. a short upper garment, which lapped about the body.  
*Girandula*, s. f. a wheel stuck full of fire works, which turning swiftly round, sends forth a great light and fire.  
*Giraplica*, s. f. the medicinal composition called *hiera picra*.  
*Gitar*, v. a. to turn.  
*Girasol*, s. m. the plant and flower heliotrope, or turnsol.  
*Giré*, s. m. a sort of caparison-cloth for a horse.  
*Girguero*, s. m. a goldfinch.  
*Girifalte*, s. m. the hawk called a *gerfalcon*.  
*Girigaye*, s. m. stuff, nonsense.  
*Girigonzá*, s. f. vide *Gerigonzá*.  
*Giro*, s. m. a circular rapid motion.—*Giro*, adj. pretty, perfect, complete.  
*Girófe*, s. m. (obs.) a gilliflower, the great clove-gilliflower.  
*Girofina*, s. f. a kind of sauce.  
*Girón*, s. m. a gore in a garment. In heraldry, a *girón* being like a gore.  
*Gironado*, adj. made with, or consisting of many gores of several colours.—*Gironado*, s. m. a ragged person.  
*Girophle*, s. m. an aromatic tree so called.  
*Girpear*, v. a. to dig round a vine tree.  
*Giste*, s. m. the froth of beer.  
*Gitanamente*, adv. fraudulently, gypsy-like.  
*Gitanear*, v. a. to flatter, to deceive, to play the gypsy.  
*Gitaneria*, s. f. a cheating trick; the life of gypsies.  
*Gitano*, s. m. a gypsy.  
*Gitar*, v. a. to cast accounts with counters.  
*Gitón*, s. m. a beggar that wanders about from place to place on pretence of being a poor stranger.  
*Gitones*, s. m. pl. counters used to cast accounts with.  
*Glacial*, adj. glacial, made of ice, icy.  
*Gladiator*, s. m. a gladiator such as were formerly used in Rome.  
*Gladiola*, s. m. the herb corn flag.  
*Glandifero*, adj. of, or belonging to trees that produce acorns.  
*Glándulo*, s. f. a kernel in the flesh.  
*Glanduloso*, adj. full of kernel.  
*Glasse*, s. m. a silk, called



from its smoothness or fineness, resembling glass.  
 Glásto, s. m. the herb woad, with which they dye cloth.  
 Gláucio, s. m. an herb of a sea-green colour.  
 Gléba, s. f. a clod of earth.  
 Glimplóas, s. f. the streamers merchant-ships carry at their top-mast-heads.  
 Glóbo, s. m. a globe, a round ball, the globe of the earth.  
 Globoso, adj. round like a globe.  
 Glória, s. f. glory, fame, honour, renown.—*Con las glorias, se olvidan las memorias*, (ref.) a rich and opulent person forgets his old friends.—Prov. *Gloria vana florece, y no grana*, vain-glory blossoms, but never bears fruit.  
 Gloriarse, v. r. to boast, to glory, to brag.  
 Glorieta, s. f. a fine bed of flowers in a garden.  
 Glorificación, s. f. glorifying, honouring, extolling.  
 Glorificador, s. m. he who confers glory.  
 Glorificar, v. a. to glorify, to honour, to extol.  
 Gloriosamente, adv. gloriously, famously, honourably, magnificently.  
 Glorioso, adj. glorious, great, honourable, famous, magnificent.  
 Glósa, s. f. } agloss, an expo-  
 Glóssa, s. m. } sition, a comment.  
 Glossador, s. m. a commentator.  
 Glossar, v. a. to comment, to expound, to explain.  
 Glotón, s. m. a glutton.  
 Glotonazo, s. m. a great glutton.  
 Glotoncillo, s. m. a little glutton.  
 Glotoncar, v. n. to play the glutton, to mind one's belly too much.  
 Glotonería, s. f. gluttony, excess in eating.  
 Glotonia, s. f. gluttony.  
 Glutinosidad, s. f. viscosity, the quality of being glutinous.  
 Glutinoso, adj. sticking, glutinous.  
 Gnómón, s. m. the gnómon of a sundial, whose shadow shows the hour. The hand or pin of a dial.  
 Gnomónica, s. f. gnomonicks, a science which teaches to find the just proportion of sha-

dows for the construction of all kinds of sun and moon dials.  
 Gnomónino, adj. belonging to the art of making dials.  
 Gnósticos, s. m. pl. gnosticks, a sect of hereticks.  
 Gobernación, s. f. government.  
 Gobernador, s. m. a governor.  
 Gobernalle, s. m. the rudder of a ship.  
 Gobernár, v. a. to govern.  
 Gobierno, s. m. government; (in cant) the bridle of a horse.  
*Muger de gobierno*, a house-keeper and servant, who superintends the servants in a family.  
 Góbio, s. m. the little fish called a gudgeon.  
 Góce, s. m. the profit or gain of an office, a salary.  
 Gócho, s. m. a hog.  
 Godéno, adj. (in cant) good, valuable, rich.  
 Goderia, s. f. (in cant) jollity, drunkenness.  
 Godible, adj. merry, joyful, pleasant.  
 Gódo, adj. (in cant) good, rich.  
 Goferia, s. f. rudeness, unmannerliness, want of breeding.  
 Gófo, adj. rude, unmannerly, uncivil, ill-bred.  
 Gója, s. f. a sort of basket or pannier.  
 Góla, s. f. the mouth of the throat; also the armour to cover the throat. In architecture, cymatium, an ogee.  
 Góldre, s. m. a quiver to carry arrows in.  
 Góles, s. f. pl. in heraldry, gules; that is, red.  
 Goléta, s. f. in architecture, ogee.  
 Golfano, s. m. the herb nenuphar, or water-lilly.  
 Golfillo, s. m. a little gulph.  
 Golfín, s. m. a dolphin.  
 Gólfo, s. m. a gulph of the sea, or great bay; sometimes taken for the channel of a river, sometimes for the deepest part of any water, sometimes for the main ocean; also an abyss, a chaos, a confusion.  
 Golgónzo, s. m. one that is full of gestures, a busy body; one that has a smattering in every thing.  
 Golhin, s. m. a mountebank, or talkative fellow.  
 Golilla, s. f. a little band starched, stiff, and sticking out under the chin like a ruff; also

the person who wears such neckcloth.—*Ajustarle a uno la golilla*, to blame, to reprehend, to taunt one.  
 Golillero, s. m. one who makes golillas.  
 Gollero, s. m. the thief who steals in a crowd of people, a pick-pocket.  
 Golléte, s. m. the narrow neck of a bottle, or any such vessel.  
 Gollorias, s. f. dainty bits, as sweetmeats or the like.  
 Golmagear, v. n. to eat slyly, so as not to be perceived by others.  
 Golmajeria, s. f. vide Golosina.  
 Golmájo, adj. gluttonous, greedy, desirous, longing after.  
 Golondrera, s. f. (in cant) a band of soldiers.  
 Golondrero, s. m. a man who inrolls as a soldier, that he may play the thief with greater safety.  
 Golondrina, s. f. a swallow.—Prov. *Una golondrina no hace verano*, one swallow does not make a summer.  
 Golondrinero, s. m. a young swallow.  
 Golondrino, s. m. a person who never settles in any place.—*Golondrino*, s. m. a young swallow; there is also a fish of this name.  
 Golondrera, s. f. (in cant) a company of soldiers.  
 Golondrero, s. m. a soldier that is good at stealing, and bad at fighting. (In cant) a shop-lifter.  
 Golóndro, s. m. idem.—*Golóndro*, s. m. a sudden desire.—*Andir en golóndros*, to spend one's time, or be employed about folly, which may prove hurtful, as boys who busy themselves in looking after swallows nests, and often fall and break their bones.  
 Gloria, s. f. (in cant) a fraud or cunning imposition.  
 Golosamente, adv. greedily, gluttonously.  
 Golosázo, s. m. greedy.  
 Golosear, v. n. to play the glutton, to be liquorish, to delight in eating dainties.  
 Golosillo, s. m. a little liquorish lad.  
 Golosina, s. f. gluttony, delight in eating, liquorish; also any dainty that is eaten only out of wantonness.  
 Golosinar, } v. n. vide Golos-  
 Golosinear, } near.

**Golosismo**, s. m. gluttony, greediness.

**Golosmeár**, v. n. to eat sily, so as not to be perceived by others.  
**Goloso**, adj. liquorish, greedy of fine bits.

**Golozinár**, v. n. vide *Golosear*.

**Golpazo**, s. m. a great stroke or blow.

**Golpe**, s. m. a blow, a stroke.—*Gólpe de gente*, a great number of people.—*Gólpe de agua*, a great fall of water, a great shower of rain. *Cerradura de golpe*, a spring-lock.—*Cerrar de golpe*, to clap to a door.—*Entrar de golpe*, to rush in.—Prov. *De un sólo golpe no se derriúa un roble*, an oak is not knocked down at one blow. Rome was not built in a day.—Prov. *Dar golpe en el dinero*, to make a great hole in a sum of money.

**Golpeadero**, s. m. the place that is beaten very much.

**Golpeador**, s. m. a hammerer.

**Golpeadura**, s. f. beating, hammering.

**Golpear**, v. a. to beat, to strike, to hammer.—*Paño golpeado*, cloth that is very hard woven.

**Golpecillo**, s. m. a little stroke or blow.

**Golpeo**, s. m. the action of beating or giving blows.

**Golusmiéro**, adj. gluttonous, greedy.

**Góma**, s. f. gum.—*Góma Arabiga*, s. f. gum Arabick.

**Gomára**, s. f. (n cant) a pullet.  
**Gomarréro**, s. m. (in cant) a stealer of hens.

**Gomarrón**, s. m. (in cant) a chick or capon.

**Gomecillo**, s. m. a little favourite, a white boy.

**Goména**, s. f. a cable.

**Gomia**, s. m. a gormandizing fellow, a great eater, a glutton; also a word women use to fright children.—*Gómia*, s. f. a great serpent; what devours consumes, destroys any thing.  
**Gomitadura**, s. f. vomiting.  
**Gomitár**, v. a. to vomit.  
**Gómito**, s. m. vide *Vomito*.  
**Gómo de lana**, a wool-pack.  
**Gomoso**, adj. gummy, full of gum.

**Gónce**, s. m. a door-hinge.

**Góndula**, s. f. a boat.

**Gonorrea**, s. f. or *Gonorrhœa*, a sort of venereal distemper; a morbid running of venereal humors, a clap.

**Gorár**, (obs.) v. n. to sit upon eggs.

**Gorbión**, s. m. taffety, striped and wrought; also a thick twist used in embroidery; also the herb euphorbium, and the gum coming from it.

**Gordál**, adj. large, of the bigger size.

**Gordazo**, adj. fat, big, of a large size.

**Gordiflon**, s. m. a porsy fellow, that is, all greasy, and not solid fat.

**Gordillo**, adj. fattish.

**Gordo**, adj. fat, gross, thick; dull witted.—*Háblar gordo*, to speak like a bully, to bully.—*Ser de entendimiento gordo*, to be a stupid heavy fellow.—*Téner la lengua gorda*, to be in liquor.—*Gordo*, s. m. fat.

**Gordolobo**, s. m. the plant called petty-mullen; wool-blade, torch-weed, high-taper, hungwort.

**Gordón**, adj. that is very fat.

**Gordón**, s. m. } fatness, gross-

**Gordura**, s. f. } ness, thickness.

**Görga** s. f. food for birds, especially hawks.

**Gorgeador**, s. m. a warbler.

**Gorgeamiento**, s. m. a warbling.

**Gorgear**, v. a. to warble as birds do; to endeavour to talk as little children do.

**Gorgéo**, s. m. warbling melodious sound of birds singing.

**Gorgeria**, s. f. a singing or warbling of birds.

**Gorgójo**, s. m. a little worm that devours corn, called weevils; a little boy.

**Gorgojoso**, adj. full of weevils.

**Gorgorán**, s. m. the silk called gograin.

**Gorgitas**, s. f. pl. the gurgling of water, or any liquor, when a man gargles his throat, or when it runs out of a close neck or hole, and wants air to flow freely.

**Gorgoritear**, v. n. to gurgle the water in the throat.

**Gorgotero**, s. m. a pedlar who sells small things, as scissars, knives, &c.

**Gorguera**, s. f. a sort of ruff, formerly worn by women.

**Gorgúz**, s. m. the head of a dart or of a club.

**Gorigóri**, s. m. a splendid entertainment made for the ecclesiastics.

**Górja**, s. f. the throat and particularly that part where gut-

tural sounds are formed.—*Estár de gôrja*, to be merry.

**Gorgál de malla**, the gorget or armour that covers the throat.

**Gormador**, s. m. one who vomits by overcharging the stomach.

**Gormár**, v. a. (obs.) vide *Vomitar*.

**Gorra**, s. f. a cap, a bonnet; a cloth or velvet cap.—*Media gôrra*, a cap whose brims fell down and covered the neck and ears, formerly worn by lawyers and counsellors.—*Gorra de mocicón*, the cap that was raised and stood up before like a hat.—*Hablar de gôrra*, to have so much acquaintance with a man, as to take off one's cap to him, but not to converse with him.—*Ser duro de gôrro*, to be sparing in taking off one's cap or hat.—*Métersé de gôrro*, to intrude, to thrust one's self into company without any more invitation or acquaintance than bare moving the hat.—*Estarse de gôrro*, to stay in a place where they would be rid of a man, without taking notice of what is said to affront him.—*Comer de gôrro*, f. (fam.) to eat at another's expence.

**Gorrada**, s. f. salutation made by pulling off the cap, hat, or bonnet.

**Gorrero**, s. m. a cap-maker; also a parasite, one who goes to entertainments without being desired.

**Gorretada**, s. f. the act of pulling off one's cap or bonnet to a person out of civility.

**Gorréte**, s. m. a kind of round cap of many colours.

**Gorrilla**, s. f. a little cap.

**Gorrillo**, s. m. diminutive of *gorro*.

**Gorrin**, } s. m. a pig not four months old.

**Gorrion**, s. m. a sparrow; a bird so called.

**Gorrioncillo**, s. m. a young sparrow.

**Gorrista**, s. m. one who lives at other men's cost, who sponges on others; a mumper.

**Gorro**, s. m. a cap, a bonnet worn by men mostly under the wig.

**Gorron**, s. m. a great cap; also an intruder, a sponger, a mumper; a silk-worm that will not work, like the drone.



among bees; a sort of pancake; also that part of a hinge that does not move; also a whore-master or whore-monger.

Gorróna, s. f. a common whore, a prostitute.

Gorrónazo, s. m. augment. of gorrón, a parasite.

Gorrullón, s. m. (in cant.) a gaoler.

Goruendo, adj. (obs.) satiated, satisfied with eating.

Gorvión, s. m. vide Gurvion.

Gorullo, s. m. any little knob or lump.

Góta, s. f. a drop; also the gout.—*Gota coral*, s. f. the falling-sickness.—*Gota serena*, s. f. an humour in the eye, called *gutta serena*.

Goteado, adj. spotted with drops.

Goteár, v. n. to fall drop by drop.

Gotera, s. f. the droppings of water; also a spout or eaves of a house from whence the water drops; also the fringes of a bed.

Goterón, s. m. a great drop.

Goteroncillo, s. m. a drop of a larger size than the common drops.

Góthico, s. m. an order of architecture so called.

Gotoso, adj. gouty, belonging to the gout.

Governár, v. a. vide Gobernar, and all its derivatives.

Góxe, s. m. a sort of basket or panier.

Góyo, s. m. (obs.) enjoyment, rejoicing.

Gozár, v. a. to obtain, to possess, to enjoy.—*Gozár del tiempo*, o *de la fortuna*, our joy in the well; that is, our joy is vanished, is lost: said when we have rejoiced, and find no cause for it.

Gózne, s. m. an iron hinge of a door.

Gózo, s. m. joy, gladness.—*Nuestro gozo en el pozo*, our joy in the well; that is, our joy is vanished, is lost: said when we have rejoiced, and find no cause for it.

Gozoso, adj. joyful.

Gózque, s. m. a cur-dog.

Gozqueño, } s. m. a little cur-dog.

Gracejar, v. n. to joke or jest, to be merry and facetious.

Gracejo, s. m. mirth, good-humour, facetiousness; also an agreeable lisping.

Gracia, s. f. grace, favour, comeliness, beauty, thanks; also a jest and a gift.—*Degracia*, gratis.—*Tener gracia*, to have a good grace, a good air, or carriage, to be pleasant, witty, or diverting.—*Gracia de Dios*, the grace of God.—*Gracia dei*, an herb like hyssop.—*La gracia de una persona*, a man's name.

—*Caer en gracia*, to please, to be acceptable.—*Caer de su gracia*, to lose the favour one had.—*Dar gracia a una cosa*, to make a thing graceful, handsome, or acceptable.—*Estár en gracia del príncipe*, to be in the prince's favour.—*Dar gracias*, to give thanks, either as we commonly do for any kindness, or to say grace after meals.—*No esta gracia en casa*, f. iron. the master of the house is out of humour.—*Decir gracias*, to jest, to talk wittily.

Graciable, adj. that is gracious in words and actions.

Graciadéi, s. f. a plant so called.

Graciosamente, adv. gratis, freely, without any cost; also pleasantly, wittily.

Graciósco, adj. diminutive of gracioso.

Graciosidad, s. f. gracefulness, prettiness, elegance.

Gracióso, adj. that costs nothing, given freely; also witty, pleasant.—*Gracióso*, s. m. an actor that plays a kind of merry Andrew.—*Mas vale caer en gracia*, que *ser gracioso*, f. (fam.) it is better to please than to be pleasant.

Grada, s. f. a step, a stair, a round of a ladder; the grate of a monastery, where the nuns come to speak to their friends.

Gradación, s. f. gradation.

Gradár, v. a. to make smooth the earth after it is ploughed.

Gradatim, adv. step by step.

Gradería, s. f. the joining of the stairs.

Gradiél, s. m. bastard zafran.

Gradilla, s. f. a little step.

Grado, s. m. degree, dignity, office, preferment, step. (In architecture,) the small moulding on the upper part of the column; also free will.—*En-carecer en stmo grado*, to extol in the highest manner.—*Grado para subir a mas*, a way, step, or means to preferment.—*Ha-*

*cér una cosa de buen grado*, to do a thing with a good will.—*Harálo mal de su grado*, he shall do it, though ever so much against his will.—*Grados en letras*, the degree taken at the university.—*Grados eclesiásticos*, the several degrees of orders in the church.—*Grados de altura*, o *de longitud*, degrees of latitude, or of longitude.—*Grados de consanguinidad*, degrees of consanguinity.

Graduación, s. f. an estimation, or measuring things by degrees.

Graduado, s. m. one that has taken his degrees at the university.

Gradual, s. m. the gradual, read in the mass immediately after the epistle.—*Graduales psalmos*, the gradual psalms, so called, because they follow one another gradually.

Gradualmente, adv. gradually, by degrees.

Graduando, s. m. he who is near taking his degrees.

Graduár, v. a. to prefer to a degree, to promote, to graduate, to take a degree in the schools; also to measure.

Grasnar, v. a. to scratch.

Grasíoles, s. m. pl. a kind of biscuit made in the shape of an S.

Gragea, s. m. a sort of very small round comfits.

Gragear, v. n. to cry like a crow, or daw.

Graja, s. f. the hen-daw.

Grajado, s. m. the top of the rudder.

Grájo, s. m. jack-daw.

Grájuno, adj. belonging to a jack-daw.

Gráma, s. f. grass; the herb vervain.

Gramalla, s. f. a gown or robe of scarlet cloth or crimson velvet with gold embroidery, worn by magistrates.

Gramallera, s. f. a chain hanging in the chimney to fasten the pots to.

Gramár, v. a. to knead the dough over again, as bakers do after it is weighed.

Gramática, s. f. grammar, the art of speaking or writing in any language.

Gramaticál, adj. belonging to a grammar, grammatical.

Gramaticastro, s. m. a low grammarian, a mere verbal pedant.

**Gramático**, s. m. a grammarian.

**Granil**, s. m. an instrument used by joiners and carpenters to mark, or draw lines upon wood, and called a gage.

**Gramonilla**, s. f. a small sort of vervain.

**Gramoso**, adj. grassy, full of vervain.

**Gran**, adj. great, big, large; the same as *grande*, and used generally for it when placed before a substantive; as, *grán número*, *gran ruido*, *gran casa*, &c. whereas *grande* is used after the substantive; as, *hombre grande*, *ruido grande*, *casa grande*, &c.

**Grana**, s. f. scarlet, the scarlet-dye. The cochineal is also called by this name.—*Grana de parísyso*, grains of paradise, cardamum.

**Granada**, s. f. a pomegranate.—*Granada*, s. f. a grenade, or grenado; a little hollow globe or ball, which, filled with fine powder, as soon as kindled, flies into many shatters to the damage of all that stand near.—*Granada real*, a large grenado.—*Gente granada*, the top of the people, the better sort, people of fashion.

**Granadera**, s. f. the pouch in which the soldiers put the grenadoes.

**Granadero**, s. m. one that sells pomegranates; also a grenadier, or soldier armed with a sword, a hatchet, a firelock slung, and a pouch full of hand-grenadoes.

**Granadillo**, s. m. a fine sort of speckled Ind an wood.

**Granadino**, s. m. a little pomegranate.

**Granado**, s. m. a pomegranate-tree.—*Granado*, adj. of the best sort.

**Granalla**, s. f. grain, seed, or the dust or flakes of metal.

**Granar**, y. n. to kern as corn does, to grow to grain; (in cant.) to grow rich.

**Granate**, s. m. a coarse kind of ruby.

**Granazón**, s. m. a growing of the grain, in corn, &c.

**Graucanón**, s. m. a large type used in printing.

**Grandáxo**, adj. very big.

**Grande**, adj. great, big, large.—*Grande de España*, a grandee of Spain.

**Grandecillo**, adj. pretty big.

**Grandeménte**, s. f. greatly.

**Grandeza**, s. f. greatness, grandeur, largeness, bigness.

**Grandillón**, augm. of *grande*.

**Grandilóque**, that speaks great, or grand.

**Grandiosamente**, adv. very magnificently, or splendidly.

**Grandiosidad**, s. f. greatness, magnificence.

**Grandioso**, adj. magnificent.

**Grandón**, adj. augm. of *grande*.

**Grandor**, s. m. a greatness, bigness.

**Grandura**, s. f. (obs.) idem.

**Granél**, s. m. a heap of grains.

**Granero**, s. m. a granary, a place to keep corn.

**Grangeador**, s. m. a purchaser, a gatherer of wealth.

**Grangear**, v. a. to purchase, to gather wealth; also to farm.—

*Grangear*, v. a. to cultivate or till the ground carefully.

**Grangería**, s. f. a good housewife; also a farmer's wife.

**Grangería**, v. f. purchasing, gathering of wealth; also a farm.

**Grangero**, s. m. a good husband, one that gathers wealth; also a farmer.

**Granguardía**, s. f. the van-guard, a military term.

**Granja**, s. f. a farm.

**Granicar**, v. a. vide *Granizar*.

**Gránico**, vide *Granizo*.

**Granido**, (in cant.) ready money.

**Granjeár**, v. a. vide *Grangear*.

**Grangería**, s. f. vide *Grangería*.

**Grangero**, s. m. vide *Grangero*.

**Granilla**, s. f. diminutive of *grana*.

**Granello**, s. m. a little grain, kernel, or stone in fruit; also a little pimple on the flesh.

**Granito**, s. m. idem.

**Granizar**, v. n. to hail.

**Granizo**, s. m. hail.—*Prov. Salir como granizo en ciborda*, to skip like hail upon a pack-saddle; that is, to be fiery, to be soon moved, to fly out; because the hail beating upon a pack-saddle, which is stuffed, rebounds.

**Grano**, s. m. grain, corn, a stone in a grape or such fruit; also all sorts of grain, and a grain in weight; a pimple on the skin, the grain of leather or the like. (In cant.) a ducat of eleven rials.—*Prov. Grano a grano hincbe la gallina el pápo*, grain

by grain the hen fills her craw; that is, by degrees the most important affairs are done.—*Prov. Grano a grano se acaba el montón de anísio*, grain by grain the last year's heap is spent; that is, a continual expence, though ever so small, consumes the greatest wealth.

—*Prov. Grano a grano, alléga para tu oño*, grain, by grain, gather for the year. Lay up, though it be but a little at a time, it will help out the year.

**Granoso**, adj. full of grains, of small pimples, of little kernels, or small stones, like those in grapes, or such fruit.

**Granota**, s. f. (in cant.) barley.

**Grant**, adj. (obs.) for *grande*.

**Granuja**, s. f. the husk of a grape.

**Gramjado**, adj. full or covered with grains.

**Granulación**, s. m. the act of pouring melted metal into cold water, so that it may congeal into small grains.

**Granulado**, adj. granulated, said of gun-powder and of some salts when bearing a resemblance to grain.

**Grandlar**, v. a. to form into small masses like grains.—*Granulise*, v. r. to form itself into small grains.

**Gránzas**, s. f. pl. the husks that remain after sifting or winnowing, or any coarse gross settlement of any thing at the bottom.

**Granzón**, s. m. hard straw.

**Granón**, s. m. corn or wheat boiled broken or unbroken.

**Gráo**, s. m. the strand, or beach, an open road before a town, where ships may anchor, but is not an harbour.

**Grápa**, s. f. a cramping-iron to hold stones fast.

**Grapón**, s. m. augment. of *grapa*.

**Grása**, s. f. grease, fat.

**Grasiento**, adj. greasy, oily, fat, unctuous, filthy, dirty, bulky, fat of body.

**Gráso**, adj. fat, greasy.

**Grasones**, s. m. pl. a meagre dish so called.

**Grasuélo**, adj. fattish, a little fat, or greasy.

**Grasura**, s. f. fat, greaso.

**Gratamente**, adv. graciously, thankfully.

**Gratificación**, s. f. gratification, reward, return for kindness.



- Gratificadór, s. m. one who returns a kindness.
- Gratificár, v. a. to gratify, to reward, to return a kindness.
- Gratil, s. m. the ropes which fasten the sail to the yard.
- Gratis, adv. gratis, for nothing, without any costs.
- Gratitud, s. f. gratitude, thankfulness.
- Grato, adj. grateful, thankful; also acceptable.
- Gratonada, s. f. a sort of stewed meat.
- Gratuitamente, adv. gratis, without cost, freely, only for good-will.
- Gratuito, adj. gratuitous, without cost, done out of good-will.
- Gratulación, s. f. congratulation, or wishing one joy, rejoicing in one's behalf.
- Gratulatorio, adj. congratulatory.
- Gravado, adj. engraved; also troubled, oppressed, sick.
- Gravadór, s. m. an engraver, a carver.
- Gravadura, s. f. engraving; also oppression, trouble, sickness.
- Gravamen, s. m. grievance, trouble, oppression.
- Gravar, v. a. to engrave; to burthen, to wrong, to blame, to accuse, to trouble, to molest, to oppress.
- Gravazón, s. f. carving, engraving.
- Grave, adj. grave, sober, serious; also stately, proud, weighty, of consequence.—*Religioso grave*, a grave, sober, religious man.—*Negocio grave*, a business of consequence, a weighty affair.—*Dolor grave*, a grievous pain.—*Ponerse grave*, to take state upon one's self.
- Gravear, v. a. to gravitate.
- Gravedad, s. f. gravity, staidness, trouble; also stateliness and pride.
- Gravedoso, adj. elate, proud, haughty.
- Gravemente, adv. gravely, heavily, grievously.
- Graveza, s. f. grievousness, weight, trouble.
- Gravitar, v. a. to load any creature according to its strength.
- Gravosamente, adv. grievously, painfully, calamitously, miserably, oppressively, in a tyrannical or haughty manner.
- Gravoso, adj. troublesome, offensive.
- Graznadór, adj. noisy, vociferous, said of geese, ducks, crows, rooks, &c.
- Graznár, v. n. to make a noise, to be vociferous, like geese, ducks, crows, &c.
- Graznido, s. m. the noise or vociferousness of some birds, such as geese, ducks, crows, &c.
- Greba, s. f. vide Grevas.
- Grecismo, s. m. Grecism.
- Gréda, s. f. fuller's earth, chalk, clay.
- Grédal, s. m. the place where fuller's earth is found.
- Gredoso, daubed with fuller's earth, chaky, clayish.
- Gregal, s. m. the north-east wind.—*Gregal*, adj. of the same flock, or company.
- Gregalizár, v. n. to sail towards the north-east.
- Gregario, s. m. a common soldier.—*Gregario*, gregarious, going in company with others of the same kind; said of animals and birds.
- Gregoriano, adj. belonging to Gregory.
- Gregonillo, s. m. a kind of linen used by women to cover their neck, breast, and shoulders, a handkerchief.
- Greguería, s. f. a confusion of voices, an undistinguishable noise.
- Greguescos, s. m. pl. a sort of wide breeches.
- Greguesquillos, s. m. pl. diminutive of *greguescos*.
- Greguizár, v. n. to speak in imitation of the Greek dialect.
- Greis, s. m. (obs.) vide Grassa.
- Gremial, s. m. a rich piece of silk held by two priests betwixt the bishop and the people when he says mass in pontificalibus.
- Grémio, s. m. the lap; also protection, favour. It is also a company of any trade; as the company of goldsmiths is called *grémio de los plateros*, and so of others.—*Grémio de la iglesia*, the bosom of the church.
- Greña, s. f. the hair of the head clotted and tangled, for want of combing.—*Greñas*, pl. clotted locks of hair, as we see in pictures of witches, or the like.—*Andár la greña*, to pull off the hairs in fighting, as women do.
- Gréño, s. m. (in cant) a slave, a black.
- Greñudo, adj. that has clotted hair.
- Greñier, s. m. an officer not unlike to our lord high-steward of the household.
- Grésca, s. f. disturbance, noise, fray.
- Grévas, s. f. pl. armour for the legs.
- Greuge, s. m. grievance, complaint.
- Gréy, s. f. a flock, a herd of cattle; people committed to one's charge.
- Gria, s. f. a nit, the spawn of a louse.
- Gribar, v. a. a sea-term, to force out of the way, as a ship by a strong current.
- Grída, s. f. proclamation made by a crier.
- Grieta, s. f. the disease in a horse called the scratches; also chaps in the hands caused by the cold or sharp winds, or by hard working, and chaps in the earth, caused by drought.
- Grifalto, s. m. a kind of hawk; also a piece of ordnance so called.
- Grifo, } a griffin; also the son  
Grifón, } of a black woman, and a mulatto. It is likewise a cock for water.
- Grillár, v. a. to broil on a gridiron; also to make a noise like a cricket.
- Grillimón, s. m. as, *cofrades de grillimón*, the brotherhood of gaol-birds.
- Grillo, s. m. a cricket, a field insect so called.—*Andir a casa de grillos*, to go to cricket-hunting; to spend one's time ill.—*Grillos*, s. m. pl. fetters for the legs; also crickets.—*Haveisme echado grillos y cadenas*, you have fettered and chained me; that is, you have obliged me, I am become your slave.—*Grillones*, s. m. pl. great fetters; great crickets.
- Grima, s. f. the strange faces a man makes in a fright, or on such occasion; the fright itself, or the hair standing up on a fright.
- Grimál de ojo, s. m. the corner of the eye.
- Grimázos, s. m. pl. so the

**Painters** call odd figures of men in painting, standing in unnatural postures.

**Grimoso**, adj. one that makes ugly faces; or whose hair stands an end when frightened.

**Grimpola**, s. f. a man of war's penant.

**Griñón**, s. m. a veil used by puns.

**Gris**, s. m. dark brown, or sad colour.

**Grisear**, v. a. to make of a dark brown colour.

**Grises**, s. m. pl. a sort of little creatures that have good furs.

**Grita**, s. f. a crying out, shrieking, hollowing, shout.

**Gritador**, s. m. a bawling fellow.

**Gritar**, v. n. to halloo, to cry out, to bawl, to shriek.

**Gritería**, s. f. a cry, a shout.

**Gritillo**, s. m. a little noise.

**Grito**, s. m. a shriek, a shout, a cry. (In cant) corn.

**Gritón**, s. m. a bawling fellow.

**Gritón**, s. m. a sort of pheasant with black wings and tail, and a dark-coloured body.

**Groñon**, s. m. a grumbling fellow.

**Gropera**, s. f. the crupper.

**Gropós**, s. m. pl. cotton that is put into ink.

**Groza**, s. f. (in cant) a common strumpet.

**Groscá**, s. f. a sort of venomous serpent.

**Grosella**, s. f. a gooseberry.

**Groseramente**, adv. coarsely, clownishly, unmannerly.

**Grosería**, s. f. clownishness, unmanneriness, coarseness.

**Groséro**, adj. unmannerly, clownish, rude, unpolished.

**Groseza**, s. f. corpulence.

**Grosísimo**, adj. superlative of *grueso*. The same as *gruesísimo*.

**Grosor**, s. m. thickness, fatness.

**Grosolera**, s. f. a tripe-woman.

**Grosura**, s. f. thickness, fatness, grossness; also the offal of a beast, as head, feet, and entrails.—*Día de grosura*, Saturday, on which in Spain they eat the offal, but no other flesh.

**Gróta**, s. f. vide *Gruta*.

**Grúa**, s. f. the bird called a crane; also the crane to draw up weights with.

**Grueras**, s. f. pl. the holes that are made in the pulleys that lift up the sails.

**Gruero**, adj. belonging to the birds of prey who catch the cranes.

**Gruésa**, s. f. twelve dozen, a gross.

**Gruésillo**, adj. thickish, or a little thick.

**Gruéséro**, s. m. a wholesale dealer, one that sells in gross.

**Gruésó**, adj. thick, gross; also dull.

**Gruir**, v. n. to imitate the crane's noise.

**Grulla**, s. f. a crane.

**Grullada**, s. f. a number of people with weapons like the watch.

**Grullo**, s. m. the cockerane. (In cant) a catchpole.

**Grullada**, s. f. a company of people going together or following one another, as cranes do.

**Grunete**, s. m. a grument, the meanest sort of sailor.

**Grúmo**, s. m. a bunch or lump of any thing; a hillock; a small cluster of grapes; also a cabbage; also clotted blood.

**Grumoso**, adj. coagulated, curdled, congealed.

**Gruñete**, s. m. (in cant) a swine.

**Gruñido**, s. m. grunt, the cry of a hog, pig, or boar.

**Gruñidor**, s. m. one that grunts like a hog, a grunting old man, one that grumbles, and does not speak his meaning.

**Gruñir**, v. n. to grunt as a hog does; to grumble, to mutter.

**Grúpa**, s. f. the crupper of a horse.

**Grupada**, s. f. the beating of the waves of the sea; also a gang or company.

**Grupera**, s. f. the crupper that goes under a horse's tail.

**Grúpo**, s. m. a heap of things of the same kind.

**Grúa**, s. f. a den, cave, a hollow place under ground.

**Grutesco**, s. m. grotesque, a sort of painting representing a cave or den, with such creatures as are generally found in them; any wild sort of fancy.

**Gryllar**, v. n. to make a noise as the crickets do.

**Gryllera**, s. f. the place where the crickets hide themselves.

**Gryllète**, s. m. a small fetter put round the foot of a prisoner.

**Gryllo**, s. m. a cricket.

**Gryllotalpe**, s. m. a voracious insect so called.

**Grypho**, s. m. a griffin, a fabulous animal so called.—*Gryphos*, s. m. curled hair.—*Grypho*, adj. an appellative of a type used in printing, by us called Italicks.

**Guábas**, s. f. pl. vide *Pacayas*.

**Guabina**, s. f. a sort of sea-fish.

**Guacamayo**, s. m. a sort of parrots.

**Guacas**, s. f. so the Indians in Peru call their idols and their temples, or places of worship.

**Guacatane**, s. m. an herb in New Spain.

**Guachaparr**, v. n. to clink or clatter, as an iron plate does when loose.—*Guachaparr la herradura*, said when a horse-shoe is loose and clatters.

**Guacharo**, s. m. one that is always weeping and wailing.

**Guacharrada**, s. f. the sudden fall of any thing upon mud or water.

**Guachschil**, s. m. a bird in New Spain so called.

**Guacúmas**, s. f. a sort of fruit in the West Indies.

**Guáda**, s. f. a running water, as a river, or brook.

**Guadaliónes**, s. m. pl. manacles for the hands; also gauntlets and long gloves.

**Guadamacil**, s. m. gilt leather for hanging, or such uses.

**Guadamacilería**, s. f. a gilt leather-maker's shop.

**Guadamicilero**, s. m. a gilt leather-maker.

**Guadana**, s. f. a scythe to mow with.

**Guadanador**, s. m. a mower.

**Guadanero**, s. m. one who mows.

**Guadapera**, s. f. a choke-pear, a wild pear.

**Guadapero**, s. m. a wild pear-tree.

**Guadarnes**, s. m. the place where the arms are kept.

**Guadatinijas**, s. m. a sort of beast in the West Indies like a hog.

**Guadixeno**, s. m. a poniard or dagger.

**Guadch**, s. m. a ceremony the Moors use of washing themselves, and saying certain prayers in a set posture.

**Guadramaña**, s. f. cheat, fraud.

**Guaipín**, s. m. a kind of cloth used by the West Indians to cover their neck,



Gualatina, s. f. a sort of sauce made with apples, almonds, and rice.

Guálda, s. f. the herb wood used for dying.

Gualderas, s. f. pl. the sides of the carriages of cannon.

Guáldo, adj. yellow.

Gualdrápa, s. f. a covering, in the nature of a caparison cloth; a draggled tail or dirty skirt of a garment that hangs in rags; a draggled-tail woman.

Gualdrapeár, v. a. to confuse or intermix against the natural order.

Gualdrapéro, s. m. one who is full of rags, a ragged fellow.

Gualdrapilla, s. f. diminutive of *gualdrápa*.

Gualdrapósia, s. f. a little draggled-tail woman.

Gualpa, s. f. the name in Peru for a hen.

Guanáco, s. m. a beast in the West Indies like a great sheep.

Guanavána, s. f. a sort of fruit growing in Cuba.

Guánim, } adj. so the Spaniards  
Guánim, } in the West Indies  
call low gold.

Guano, s. m. so the Indians of Peru call the dung of certain sea-fowl, whereof they fetch quantities from little islands near the coast, to manure their ground.

Guánta, s. f. (in cant.) a brothel, a bawdy-house.

Guantáda, s. f. a blow with a glove properly; thence applied to a stroke with the open hand.

Guante, s. m. a glove.—*Guante de hierro*, a gauntlet.—*Assentar el guante*, to draw on the glove tight to fit the hand; to strike with the hand and glove on; to box one.—*Cálcen guante*, an expression used when a man gives another his hand familiarly with the glove on; as we say, sheep's skin keeps out no kindness.

Guantería, s. f. the street where the gloves live, or a shop where they sell gloves.

Guántro, s. m. a Glover.

Guanir, v. n. to grunt, to grudge like a hog.

Guapisménto, adv. valiantly, courageously.

Guapázo, adj. valiant, strong, stout, brave, courageous.

Guapeár, to show strength or courage.

Guapetón, s. m. a very courageous man.

Guapéza, s. f. courage, spirit, resolution.

Guápo, adj. bold, valiant, courageous, brave, resolute.

Guárda, s. f. m. a guard.—*Guárda mayor*, the chief guard.

—*Guárda postigo*, (in cant.) a Russian's boy or servant.

Guardabrázo, s. m. an old armour to guard the arm.

Guardacábo, s. m. a hollow piece of iron so called on board a ship, to save the extremities of cables from being worn.

Guardacadenas, s. m. pl. a contrivance of boards to keep certain chains from being worn by friction on board ships.

Guardacoymas, s. m. a servant to the father of a whore.

Guardadáms, s. m. an old gentleman-usher to wait on the ladies at court. (in cant.) a pimp.

Guardádo, adj. secret.

Guardador, s. m. a keeper, one that keeps, preserves, or watches, a saving person.

Guárda-Fuegos, s. m. a little screen to set between anything, and the fire, or to hold in the hand.

Guardája, s. f. a lock of hair.

Guardamante, s. m. a farthingale worn formerly, over which the women had a large petticoat.

Guardajóyas, s. m. a casket to keep jewels in; also the master of the jewels in the king's family.

Guardaizas, s. m. vide *Guarda-coinas*.

Guardaládo, s. m. a low wall or rail to lean against on the side of a bridge, or the like.

Guardamancebos, s. m. a rope or cable on board a ship, to which the boys hold fast when managing the sails.

Guardamangér, s. m. the king's pantry, and the officer that has the chief care of it.

Guardamánó, s. f. the guard of a sword.

Guárda Muger, s. f. one of the queen's waiting-women.

Guardapiés, s. m. a sort of garment formerly worn by great ladies; an over-petticoat.

Guardapólvo, s. m. any cloth that is spread to keep off the dust; a woman's dust gown.

Guardapóstigo, s. m. (in cant.) the Russian's servant.

Guardapuérta, s. f. the foremost of two doors when there are two to the same entrance into a room or hall.

Guárda, an interj. take care, beware.

Guardár, v. a. to keep, to preserve, to secure, to guard, to save, to lay up; also to defend, to protect, to shield; to look after.—*Guardar la cama*, to be sick a-bed.—*Guardar la capa*, to defend one's self.—*Guardar la cara*, to cover the face.—*Guardar la ropa*, to keep one's self safe from danger.—*Quien guarda halla*, he who saves finds.—*Guardar fiestas*, to keep holidays.—*Guardarse*, to be upon one's guard.—*Guardarsela*, a line, to remember an ill turn.

Guardario, s. m. a bird called a king's fisher.

Guardárnes, s. m. an officer in the king of Spain's household who has charge of the bridles, saddles, and other horse furniture.

Guardaropa, s. f. a wardrobe, the place where the cloaths are kept; also the keeper of the wardrobe.

Guárdas, s. f. pl. guards; custom-house waiters; officers to receive toll; turnkeys in prisons; the wards in a lock.—*Guárdas del rey*, the king's guards.

Guardasól, s. m. an umbrella.

Guardatinónes, s. m. the guns that are placed near the stern.

Guardavéla, s. m. the rope with which the sails are tied.

Guardia, s. f. a guard; keeping, looking after; also a protection, defence.—*Cuerpo de guardia*, the corps-de-garde.

Guárdias, s. f. the watch aboard a ship, half the ship's company, which do all the work by turns.

Guardian, s. m. a guardian, a warder, one that has the care or charge of any thing. The guardian of the Franciscans, the superior of the monastery.

—*Guardian de navio*, the boat-swain.

Guardiania, s. f. the dignity of the guardian of the Franciscans.

**Guardilla**, s. f. the window at the top of the house that affords light to a garret.

**Guardin**, s. m. the twine or small ropes they make of oakum aboard ships.

**Guardina**, s. f. the fur of a little beast.

**Guardoso**, adj. frugal, close, saving, sparing, miserable, niggardly, covetous.

**Guarecer**, v. a. to protect, to defend; also to escape a danger, also to heal; also to recover, to restore from sickness or disorder.

**Guarantía**, s. f. warranty, security, an obligation, an execution.

**Guarnero**, s. m. the gullet.

**Guarida**, s. f. a place of resort, a place of refuge, a retiring place. *Guirida*, s. f. protection, help, aid, succour, assistance, relief, refuge.

**Guarir**, v. n. (obs.) to recover after a sickness, to heal.

**Guarismo**, s. m. arithmetic, casting accounts. — *Guarismo*, adj. belonging to arithmetic.

**Guarneer**, v. a. to furnish, to provide, to garrison, to lace a garment.

**Guarnecimiento**, s. f. furnishing, providing, garrisoning; also lacing.

**Guarnés**, s. m. a heap made by the many rounds of a cable.

**Guarnición**, s. f. a garrison; also the lacing, embroidery or other trimming of a garment; the hilt of a sword; the furniture of a horse. — *Prov. Guarniciones y erin dan venta al rocín*, furniture and mane make the horse sell. The furniture sets him off, and the mane makes him look mettlesome.

**Guarnicionero**, s. m. armourer, embroiderer, upholsterer; also a horse's furniture maker.

**Guarnimiento**, s. m. dress, ornament, embroidery.

**Guarnir**, v. a. (obs.) for *Guarneer*.

**Guarte**, interj. take heed, have a care.

**Guay**, interj. alas! woe me. — *Tener muchas guayas*, to be much afflicted.

**Guaya**, s. f. lamentation, sorrowful complaint, mourning. — *Hacer la guaya*, to lament, to mourn, to express sorrow.

**Guáyos**, s. m. pl. grief, sorrow, trouble.

**Guayáco**, s. m. guaiac, a tree.

**Guayador**, s. m. one that wails and laments.

**Guayapil**, s. m. a kind of American wood.

**Guavápo**, s. m. a pitiful fellow; a beggar.

**Guayar**, v. n. to wail, to lament.

**Guayávo**, s. m. a tree so called.

**Gúbia**, s. f. a long slender chissel, called a googe.

**Guedeja**, s. f. a lock of hair. — *Guedeja enhebrada*, a lock of hair clotted or tangled together.

**Guedejar**, v. a. to adorn or set off the head with locks of hair.

**Guedejilla**, s. f. a little lock of hair.

**Guedejo**, } adj. that wears  
Guejódo, } much hair.

**Gueitre**, s. m. (in cant) money.

**Góroca**, s. f. (in cant) justice.

**Guéroc**, s. m. hell; a bier for a dead body; a melancholy person.

**Guernécas**, s. m. pl. a sickness which birds of prey have in their heads and throat.

**Guéro**, s. m. addle egg.

**Guerra**, s. f. war; opposition, contrariety; the profession of arms. — *Guerra campal*, open war; a great hatred among some men. — *Hijo habido en buena guerra*, a bastard. — *Guerra galina*, is two ships cannonading one another at a distance. — *Quien no quisiere ver lastimas, no vaya a la guerra*, ref. who will not see misfortunes should not go to war; that is, a tender heart is not fit for a soldier.

**Guerrador**, s. m. a warrior; a troublesome fellow.

**Guerrár**, v. a. to make war, to wrangle, to contend.

**Guerrero**, adj. warlike, martial; subst. used, a warrior.

**Guerrilla**, s. f. a little war.

**Guertera**, s. f. orden de la guertera, the order of the garter.

**Guerto**, s. m. (obs.) vide *Huerto*.

**Guésa**, s. f. vide *Huesa*.

**Guésca**, s. f. vide *Huesca*.

**Gúeso**, s. m. vide *Hueso*.

**Guespéd**, s. m. vide *Huesped*.

**Guéx**, s. m. (obs.) a beggar.

**Guía**, s. f. a guide; also guiding. In agriculture, the prime or chief stock of a vine-yard, by which the rest are set in order. — *Carta de guía*, a pass,

a safe conduct to travel without impediment.

**Guiabara**, s. f. the herb called hartshorn.

**Guiabélla**, s. f. the herb called crow's foot.

**Guiador**, s. m. a guide.

**Guaiemento**, s. m. a guiding, conducting.

**Guiar**, v. a. to guide, to lead, to conduct; also to teach, to instruct. — *Guiar la danza*, to lead up the dance; to draw others after one in any business, to make others follow one's opinion.

**Guido**, adj. (in cant) good.

**Guija**, s. f. a pebble.

**Guijarral**, s. m. a quarry of stones.

**Guijarrázo**, s. m. a stroke of a pebble stone.

**Guijarréño**, adj. like a pebble-stone, as hard as a pebble-stone.

**Guijarrillo**, s. m. a little pebble-stone.

**Guijarro**, s. m. a pebble-stone.

**Guijarróso**, adj. full of pebbles.

**Guijéño**, adj. gravelly, or full of pebbles.

**Guijóo**, adj. vide *Guijeño*.

**Guijuelo**, s. m. the columbine flower.

**Guilla**, s. f. (obs.) harvest, product of land.

**Guillóte**, s. m. he that hath the use and profit of a thing, but not the property or right.

**Guilte**, s. m. a clown, a country fellow; also an idle fellow that will not work, but goes about sponging where he can. — *Guillotes*, s. m. pl. are also a sort of very large nails, or rather iron pins, to fasten timber together.

**Guimbaléte**, s. m. the helm of a ship; also the handle of the pump.

**Guinchado**, adj. (in cant) pursued, followed.

**Guinchar**, v. a. to pursue and endeavour to catch one that runs away.

**Guíncho**, s. m. a sea-bird so called.

**Guinda**, s. f. a common cherry. *Guinda garrafil*, a very large sort of cherry. — *Guinda de taverna*, a drunkard.

**Guindál**, s. m. a cherry tree.

**Guindalera**, s. f. the place where the common cherry-trees are, a cherry garden.



Guindaleza, } s. f. a great cord  
 Guindaleta, } in a ship, called  
 the tackle, which serves to  
 hoist goods aboard. It is  
 also the rope of any crane.  
 Guindamayna, an interj. hoist  
 the sail, let it down again.  
 Guindar, v. a. to hoist up, to  
 crane up, to draw up with a  
 pulley; (in cant) to abuse.  
 Guindaste, s. m. the rope of a  
 crane; the tackle of a ship.  
 Guindillero, s. m. a plant and  
 flower in the West Indies.  
 Guindo, s. m. a common cherry-  
 tree.  
 Guindola, s. f. a triangular  
 engine used on board ships,  
 to take weighty things in  
 them.  
 Guinea, s. f. an English gold  
 coin called a guinea.  
 Guineo, s. m. a black of  
 Guinea; also the name of a  
 dance.  
 Guinada, s. f. a winking with  
 the eyes.  
 Guinadura, s. f. a winking with  
 the eyes.  
 Guinapo, s. m. a rag; a rag-  
 ged person.  
 Guinar, v. n. to wink with the  
 eyes, to make signs with the  
 eyes; at sea, to sail un-  
 steadily, winding from side to  
 side; (in cant) to run away.  
 Guinarol, s. m. (in cant) he who  
 beckons or makes signs to  
 another with his eyes.  
 Guino, s. m. a wink with the  
 eye.  
 Guinoso, s. m. a starting horse,  
 or other beast.  
 Guinon, s. m. a wink with the  
 eye.  
 Guion, s. m. the royal standard.  
 Guirigay, s. m. a confused and  
 difficult language, gibberish.  
 Guirnalda, s. f. a garland.  
 Guisa, s. f. fashion, manner,  
 quality, guise.  
 Guisadillo, s. m. a little dish of  
 dressed meat.  
 Guisado, s. m. meat dressed;  
 satisfaction, content.—*Guisado*,  
 (in cant) a whore; a bawdy-  
 house.  
 Guisador, s. m. a cook.  
 Guisamiento, s. m. preparation,  
 disposition.  
 Guisandero, s. m. the person  
 who seasons and dresses the  
 victuals.  
 Guisantes, s. m. pl. common  
 peas.  
 Guisar, v. a. to dress meat;

also to manage, to regulate, to  
 adjust, to dispose something.  
 Guiso, s. m. seasoning, sauce,  
 pickle.  
 Guisote, s. m. a seasoning after  
 the country fashion.  
 Guita, s. f. a small cord; also  
 a child's cross-bow.  
 Guitarra, s. f. a guitar.—*Estar*  
*una cosa puesta á la guitarra*,  
 f. (metaph.) to be in order,  
 like a guitar.—*No estar tem-*  
*plada la guitarra*, f. (metaph.)  
 to be the guitar out of tune, or  
 to be out of honour.  
 Guitarro, s. m. an instru-  
 ment-maker that makes gui-  
 tars.  
 Guitarrilla, s. f. a little guitar.  
 Guitarrista, s. m. who plays on  
 the guitar.  
 Guitarron, s. m. a great guitar.  
 Guito, adj. that stumbles or  
 plunges.  
 Guiton, s. m. a lazy beggar,  
 that goes about in the habit  
 of a pilgrim only to live idle.  
 Guitonear, v. n. to wander, to  
 stroll about like a lazy beg-  
 gar.  
 Guitoneria, s. f. strolling or  
 wandering about like a lazy  
 beggar.  
 Guizgar, v. a. to incite, to sti-  
 mulate.  
 Guizna, } s. f. a wink with the  
 Guizne, } eye upon another by  
 way of a private sign.  
 Gula, s. f. gluttony; also the  
 throat.  
 Gules, s. m. pl. in heraldry,  
 gules, red colour.  
 Gulilla, s. f. vide Golilla.  
 Gullona, s. f. a kind of a lark.  
 Gullona, s. f. a small bird so  
 called.—*Gulloria*, s. f. inmo-  
 derate desire, unlawful ap-  
 petite, indecent excess.  
 Gumena, s. f. a cable of a ship.  
 Gura, s. f. (in cant) justice.  
 Gurapas, s. f. a cant word  
 among rogues for the gallies.  
 Gurbion, s. m. a thick twist  
 used in embroideries; also  
 the plant called *euphorbium*.  
 Gardo, adj. silly, ignorant,  
 foolish.  
 Guro, s. m. (in cant) a catch-  
 pole, a bailiff.  
 Garon, s. m. (in cant) a gaol-  
 keeper.  
 Gurrar, v. n. to clear one ship  
 from another.  
 Gurrumina, s. f. a too great  
 submission to the wife.  
 Gurrumino, s. m. the person

who makes too great a sub-  
 mission to his wife, who is  
 uxorious.  
 Gurullada, s. f. a gang of  
 people; (in cant) the officers  
 of justice.  
 Gurupa, s. f. the crupper, the  
 upper part of the buttocks  
 of a horse.  
 Gurupera, s. f. the crupper of  
 a horse.  
 Gusanera, s. f. the place where  
 the worms breed.  
 Gusaniento, adj. full of worms.  
 Gusanillo, s. m. a small worm;  
 that sort of silver our em-  
 broiderers call purl, because  
 it works and winds like a worm.  
 Gusano, s. m. a worm.—  
*Gusano de madera*, a worm  
 that breeds in wood.—*Gusano*  
*de seda*, a silk-worm.—*Gusano*  
*con cuernos*, a hornet.  
 Gusrapa, s. f. a little worm  
 or insect that breeds in  
 water.  
 Gusrapillo, s. m. a little worm.  
 Gusrapo, s. m. a water-insect  
 with six legs so called.  
 Guse, s. m. (obs.) a poor pil-  
 grim.  
 Gustadura, s. f. tasting, assay-  
 ing; also pleasing, liking.  
 Gustar, v. a. to taste, to essay,  
 to like, to please.  
 Gustillo, s. m. a little taste.  
 Gusto, s. m. taste, assay, lik-  
 ing, pleasure, satisfaction.—  
*A gusto*, to satisfaction, to  
 content.—*Libro de gusto*, a  
 pleasant book.—*Dama de buen*  
*gusto*, commonly taken in an  
 ill sense for a lewd woman,  
 though the plain meaning is  
 only a lady of a good fancy.—  
 Prov. *Sobre gusto no hay dis-*  
*puta*, there is no disputing of  
 tastes, or fancy.—Prov. *Al*  
*gusto estragado, lo dulce le es*  
*amargo*, a depraved palate  
 thinks sweet things bitter.—  
 Prov. *Comer á gusto, y vestir*  
*al uso*, eat to please the pa-  
 late, and clothe in the fashion.  
 Gustosamente, adv. pleasingly,  
 to one's palate, to one's liking.  
 Gustoso, adj. relishing, well  
 tasted, pleasant, savoury.  
 Gutral, adj. of, or belonging  
 to the throat.  
 Gutralidad, s. f. gutturalty,  
 the quality of being guttural  
 with regard to pronunciation.  
 Gutralmente, adv. gutturally.  
 Gutzmanes, s. m. pl. young  
 noblemen who served in the

feet as common soldiers ; a sort of cadets.

Guzpatárero, s. m. (in cant) a thief that makes holes in walls to creep through.

Guzpatáro, s. m. (in cant) a bold.

Gymnasio, s. m. a school, or college where sciences are taught.

Gymnasticamente, adv. gym-

nastically, fit for strong exercise.

Gymnástico, adj. gymnastick, pertaining to athletical exercises.

Gymnosophista, s. m. a gymnosophist, or sort of Indian philosopher.

Gyrár, v. n. to turn round, to circulate ; also, in commerce, to trade in bills of exchange.

Gyrasó, s. m. the plant called heliotrope, turnsol, or sun-flower.

Gýro, s. m. turning round, whirling ; in commerce, a circulation of bills of exchange. — *Gyro*, circumference ; also a wound ; a threatening ; a bravado. — *No hay que echar gyros*, do not play the bully. — *Tomar otro gyro*, to change a resolution.

## H.

**H** is an aspiration never pronounced before a vowel in the beginning of words in Spanish.

Ha, is the voice of calling, as *hac* ; sometimes an affirmation ; also, — *El ha*, he has.

Ha, ha, ha, expression of laughter. — *Há* ! the same as *ay de mí* ! alas for me !

Hába, s. f. a bean. — *Hábas*, (in cant) the nails of the hand.

Hábar, s. m. a field of beans.

Hahaspanúas, s. f. pl. horse-beans.

Habascón, s. m. an American root of a hot nature, in shape and bigness like a carrot.

Habér, v. a. to have, to hold, to enjoy, to occupy, to possess. — *Háber*, v. imperf. to happen, to succeed. — *Habrase*, v. r. to behave, to act, to conduct one's self. — *Mas vale saber que haber*, learning is better than riches. — *Habér*, s. m. pl. substance, wealth, riches. — *He perdido todos mis haberes*, I have lost all my substance.

Habería, s. f. the custom paid for goods that are exported. — *Haberías*, s. f. pl. wages, pay.

Haberío, s. m. the beasts or any utensil used by countrymen in their labour ; also provision.

Habichuelas, s. f. pl. French beans.

Habido, p. p. of *haber*.

Habíl, adj. capable, handy, dexterous, active.

Habilenteza, s. f. (obs.) ability, capacity.

Habilidad, s. f. ability, dexterity, handiness, capacity.

Habilitación, s. f. fitness.

handiness, ableness ; also habilitation, qualification.

Habilitador, s. m. one that makes capable, fit, or able. This word is used in the *cortes*, for those that are commissioned to declare who are to be allowed to sit there, and who not.

Habilitár, v. a. to capacitate, to make able, fit, or capable.

Habitable, adj. that may be dwelled in ; also inhabited.

Habitación, s. f. habitation ; dwelling-place ; also dwelling, or inhabiting.

Habitáculo, s. m. habitation, dwelling-place.

Habitador, } s. m. inhabitant,  
Habitante, } a dweller.

Habitár, v. n. to inhabit, to dwell.

Habitillo, s. m. diminutive of *hábito*.

Hábito, s. m. habit, use, custom ; habit or apparel ; the badge of the knighthood worn by a knight.

Habitación, s. f. custom, habit.

Habituado, adj. habituated, accustomed, used.

Habituál, adj. accustomed, habitual, customary, inveterate.

Habitudinalidad, s. f. custom, use, habit.

Habituarse, v. r. to grow accustomed.

Habitud, s. f. habitude, use, custom.

Hábla, s. f. speech, talk, a conference.

Hablador, s. m. a talkative person, a prating fellow.

Prov. *Al mal hablador, discreto oírlo*, for a bad talker ; a discreet hearer ; that is, one that cannot speak to be well understood, needs a person of

discretion to hear him, to guess what he says.

Habladorcillo, s. m. one who speaks much without any substance, a talkative person.

Habladoría, s. f. an impertinent discourse, or saying.

Hablar, v. a. to speak, to talk.

*Hablar a borbotones*, to speak very fast. — *Hablar a halló*, to talk upon uncertain matters. — *Hablar al aire*, to talk vainly, or out of the subject. — *Hablar a la mano*, to interrupt one when he is speaking. — *Hablar alto*, to talk big. — *Hablar a tonlas y a locos*, to prattle, to tattle, to chatter. — *Hablar con el diablo*, to be very sly or cunning. — *Hablar con lengua de plata*, to speak with a silver tongue ; that is, to bribe one with money. — *Hablar de hilván*, to speak too fast. — *Hablar griego o algarabía*, to speak with such confusion that one cannot be understood. — *Hablar por cifras*, to talk mysteriously. — *Hablar de gracia*, to talk without book. — *Hablar de talangüera*, to talk from a high place, or scaffold ; that is, to talk big, and find fault with those that are in danger, from a safe place. — *Hablar de papo*, to talk after a lofty stately manner. — Prov. *Hábla la boca con que paga la boca*, the mouth utters what a man afterwards pays for. We say, little said is soon amended. — Prov. *Cada qual habla en lo que sabe*, let every one talk of what he understands. — *Cada uno habla como quien es*, (fam.) every body speaks according to his wishes. — *De lo*



*abundancia del corazón; habla la boca; f. when the heart is full, the mouth speaks.*—Prov. *Habla de lisonjero siempre es vano y sin provecho*, a flatterer's talk is always vain and unprofitable.—Prov. *Habla poco y bien, tenerte han por alguien*, talk little and well, and you will be counted somebody; that is, you will be esteemed.—Prov. *Hablar sin pensar, es tirar sin encasar*, to talk without thinking, is to shoot without taking aim. To let one's tongue run without reflection on what one says, is like shooting at random.—Pro. *Quién mucho habla en algo acierta*, he who talks much hits on something. Says by chance something to the purpose one time or other.—Prov. *A mucho hablar mucho errar*, talking is the cause of much erring.

*Hablatista, s. m.* a prating fellow.

*Hablilla, s. f.* idle talk, an idle story, a fable.

*Háca, s. f.* nag, gelding, little horse.—Prov. *Háca perezosa cabe casa tróta*, a jade trots near home.

*Hacanea, s. f.* the same as *háca*, with this difference, that *hacanea* signifies a curious choice pad, of a considerable price; whereas *háca* is any small horse indifferently.

*Háce, s. f.* vide *Haz*.

*Hacecillo, s. m.* a little bundle, faggot, sheaf, or the like.

*Haceito, s. m.* a little faggot of small wood.

*Hacedero, adj.* that may be done.

*Hacedor, s. m.* the Creator; also a maker, one who makes any thing; also nimble, agile, quick.

*Hacendado, adj.* rich, wealthy.

*Hacendár, v. a.* to give estates.—*Hacenárse, v. r.* to buy estates, to purchase them.

*Hacendilla, s. f.* a little estate, some goods, little business.

*Hacendocillo, adj.* careful, agile, diligent.

*Hacenduéla, s. f.* vide *Hacendilla*.

*Hacer, v. a.* to make, to create; also to form of materials.—

*Hacer, to commit, to put in action.*—*Hacer alma*, to come

to the purpose.—*Hacer los árboles* to grow trees.—*Hacer limosnas*, to give alms.—

*Hacer, to contain, to hold in a vessel.*—*Hacer gasto*, to spend.

—*Hacer humo*, to smoke.—

*Hacer noche*, to be night.—

*Hacer la comida*, to dress the meat.—*Hacer uno ausente*, to

believe one absent.—*Hacer frío*, it is cold.—*Hacer día*, it is day.

—*Esto hace bien aquí*, this fits well here.—*Hacer genio*, to raise men, soldiers.—

*Hacer un caballo al fuego*, to accustom a horse to see the fire of arms.

*Hacer pedazos*, to pull to pieces.—*Hacer chunga, chacota, chanza*, to ridicule.—

*Hacerse atrás*, to go back.—*Hacer agua*, to take water in for a ship.—

*Hacer aguas*, to make water.—

*Hacer aire*, to punish, to chastise one.—*Hacer alarde*, to muster; also to boast of.—

*Hacer alto*, to stop on a march, in any business.—*Hacer a pluma y a pelo*, to be ready to admit or receive any thing.—

*Hacer bodiques*, to be buried.—*Hacer mala obra a uno*, to hurt or do mischief to any one.—

*Hacer buenas ó malas migas*, to agree with one or not.—*Hacer, cara, frente ó rostro*, to face, to resist.—

*Hacer correrías*, to make incursions.—*Hacer cortesías*, to be polite in saluting; also to be lame.—

*Hacer costilla*, to suffer, to bear with patience.—*Hacer de tripas corazón*, to pluck up a spirit.—

*Hacer el pico, plato, ó papo a uno*, to maintain, to keep up one's family.—

*Hacer fiesta*, to keep a holiday.—*Hacer fiestas*, to endear, to fondle.—

*Hacer gracia*, to sell at the lowest price.—*Hacer harmonía*, to wonder at.—

*Hacer las partes de uno*, to make any business for another.—*Hacer lugar*, to make room.—

*Hacer merced*, or *mercedes*, to grant a favour.—*Hacer milagros*, to make wonders.—

*Hacer noche*, to stay all the night.—*Hacer orfús de mercader*, to pretend deafness.—

*Hacer pie*, to find the bottom of a river, to ford a river; also to settle.—

*Hacer plaza*, to make way; also to publish something secret.—

*Hacer quaresma*, to fast all the lent.—*Hacerse*, to accustom one's self.—

*Hacerse a la vela*,—

a sea-term, to sail.—*Hacerse capaz*, to enable one's self.—

*Hacerse de manga*, to agree with one in order to deceive another.—

*Hacerse de miel*, to behave gently.—*Hacerse de penas*, to refuse what one desires to grant.—

*Hacerse a la, to try how to deceive another.*—

*Hacerse lengua*, to praise, to extol any thing with singular expressions.—

*Hacer sombra*, to protect, to defend.—*Hacer pueras*, to strut; also to stand to what one says.—

*Hacer paños*, to endeavour to walk after sickness, to walk as children do.—

*Hacer sus necesidades*, to ease one's self, to go to stool.—

*Hacer ventaja*, to exceed, to surpass.—*Hacer una bestia*, to fatten a beast.

*Hácha, s. f.* axe, hatchet; a torch, a flambeau.—

*Hácha de armas*, a battle-axe.—*Hácha de cera*, a flambeau, a torch.

*Hachazo, s. m.* a stroke with an axe or with a flambeau.

*Hachear, v. n.* to cut any wood with the hatchet.

*Hachero, s. m.* one that works with an axe; also a great candlestick to hold a torch or flambeau.

*Hacheta, s. f.* a little hatchet.

*Hácho, s. m.* a brush to light a fire with, a bundle of small wood.

*Hachón, s. m.* a link to light with.

*Hachuéla, s. f.* a little axe, or hatchet; also a small torch, or flambeau.

*Hacia, adv.* towards, in a direction to.

*Hacienda, s. f.* an estate in the country; wealth, riches, fortune; also the work of a servant-maid, business.

*Hacimíento, s. m.* thanksgiving.

*Hacina, s. f.* a stack of wood or corn, a rick of hay, or the like.

*Haciador, s. m.* one who makes the faggots.

*Hacinár, v. a.* to pile, to heap, to put up things confusedly; to grow wealthy.

*Hachino, s. m.* a niggard, a scraping fellow.

*Háda, s. f.* vide *Hadas*.

*Hadado, adj.* fated, doomed, decreed by fate.

*Hadador, s. m.* a fortune-teller.

*Hadalla, s. f.* a sort of sickle.

*Hadár, v. a.* to tell fortunes.

**Hadas**, s. f. pl. enchanted nymphs or ladies, so called in romances.

**Hado**, s. m. fate, destiny.

**Hadrólla**, s. f. cheat in selling upon tick.

**Madroliero**, s. m. a tally-man.

**Haiz**, s. m. the state or situation of any planet.

**Hála**, interj. vide *Hola*.

**Halacuérdas**, s. m. a drudge in a ship, a galley-slave that does all the vile and abject service.

**Halagador**, s. m. a fawning person.

**Halagár**, v. a. to make much of, to cherish, to fawn upon, to stroak, to appease.

**Halágo**, s. m. making much of, stroaking, fawning on, cherishing.

**Halagueñamente**, adv. kindly, tenderly, lovingly, fawningly.

**Halagueño**, adj. kind, loving, fawning, cherishing.

**Halaguero**, adj. kind, tender, loving, flattering, or fawning. that makes much of others.

**Halár**, v. a. to push, to pluck, to hale; properly a sea-term.

**Halcón**, s. m. a small falcon.

**Halconcillo**, s. m. a small hawk.

**Halconear**, v. n. to look up as it were in contempt.

**Halconera**, s. f. a place to keep hawks in, a mew.

**Halconero**, s. m. a falconer.

**Halconete**, s. m. vide *Falconete*.

**Hakeyón**, s. m. the bird called the king-fisher.

**Hálda**, s. f. a skirt of a garment, that hangs down; also the skirt of a mountain.

**Haldada**, s. f. a skirt full of any thing.

**Haldear**, v. a. to shake the gown in going along, to drag on the ground.

**Haldado**, adj. that has long skirts hanging.

**Haléche**, s. m. a kind of herring or anchovy.

**Haliéto**, s. m. a kind of eagle or falcon.

**Hallifa**, s. m. the successor in the office, dignity, or government.

**Halifado**, s. m. the dignity, office, or employment.

**Halito**, s. m. breathing.

**Hallador**, s. m. he who finds or invents.

**Hallár**, v. a. to find; to invent; to meet; to light upon.

**Hallarse en una parte**, v. r. to be present in a place.—*No hallarse en una tierra*, not to like, not to be well at ease in a country.—**Hallarse con dineros**, to have money.

**Hallazgo**, s. m. the reward given for finding a thing lost; also the thing itself.

**Hallullo**, s. m. bread baked under the ashes.

**Halón**, s. m. a circle round the sun or moon of a pale red; a meteor so called.

**Halucinár**, v. n. to dazzle, to overpower with light, to overpower the mind.

**Hamaca**, s. f. a hammock, hung up to lie in.

**Hamadriades**, s. f. pl. the nymphs of the woods.

**Hambre**, s. f. hunger, famine, scarcity; a greedy desire of any thing.—*Morir de hambre*, to starve with hunger.—*Matár la hambre*, to satisfy one's hunger.—*Tomar por hambre*, to take a town by starving it; (metaph.) to make an advantage of a man's wants.—*Hambre canina*, an insatiable greediness or desire of eating.—*Prov. A la hambre no hay pan malo*, there is no bread bad to hunger. Hungry dogs will eat dirty puddings.

**Hambrear**, v. n. to hunger.

**Hambriento**, adj. hungry.—*Mas discurre un hambriento, que cien letrados*, ref. an hungry person discourses more than an hundred learned men; that is, hunger is the mother of invention.

**Hambrón**, s. m. one that is always hungry.

**Hameces**, s. f. pl. a disease in hawks for want of regular feeding.

**Hampa**, s. f. a quarrel, a scolding bout among whores.—*Gente de la hampa*, base people, rogues and whores.

**Hampón**, adj. puffed up, windy; proud, elate.

**Hunega**, s. f. a bushel.—*Hanega de tierra de sembradura*, as much as a bushel of wheat will sow.

**Hanegada**, s. f. idem.

**Hánzo**, s. m. (obs.) mirth, pleasure.

**Háo**, a voice of calling, as *hey*.

**Maquilla**, s. f. a little nag.

**Haragán**, s. m. a lazy fellow, a sluggard, a drone.

**Haraganear**, v. n. to be lazy.

**Haraganeria**, s. f. sloth, laziness.

**Haraganía**, s. f. sloth, laziness.

**Haráldo**, s. m. a herald at arms, to denounce war or peace.

**Harapiezo**, s. m. properly the skirt or hanging part of any garment; vulgarly rag, clout.—*Llevar de los harapiezos*, to drag one another by the coat.

**Haráfo**, s. m. vide *Harapiezo*.

**Harbár**, v. a. to do any thing in haste, unintelligibly.

**Hárda**, s. f. a squirrel.

**Hardilla**, s. f. idem.

**Haríja**, s. f. dust of meal.

**Harina**, s. f. meal.—*Prov. Cernir noche y dia, y no echar harina*, to sift night and day, and shake out no flour; that is, to be very busy and do nothing.—*Prov. Derramar harina y al legar ceniza*, to scatter meal, and gather ashes; that is, to save at the tap, and let it run out at the bung.

**Harinal**, s. m. a bin to keep meal in, a meal trough.

**Harinero**, s. m. the person who sells meal.

**Harinillas**, s. f. a sort of game at dice.

**Harinoso**, adj. meally.

**Harmáda**, s. f. wild rue, a plant so called.

**Harmonía**, s. f. harmony; concord; correspondent sentiment.

**Harmonicamente**, adv. harmonically, musically.

**Harmonico**, adj. of, or belonging to an harmony.

**Harmoniosamente**, adv. harmoniously, musically.

**Harmonioso**, adj. sweet, harmonious.

**Harnero**, s. m. a sieve with small holes, used to shake chopped straw, or to sift horse's oats; also, a sieve for meal.

**Háro** s. m. a hoop, any thing circular by which something else is bound, such as casks and barrels.

**Harón**, s. m. a lazy, idle fellow, a drone; also the herb cuckoo-pit.—*Harón*, adj. resty, dull, that soon tires.

**Haronear**, v. n. to be resty, to be lazy or slothful.



**Harónia, s. f.** restiness, laziness, sloth.

**Hárpa, s. f.** a harp, an instrument strung with wire and struck with the finger.—*Hárpa*, any triangular point; also the sharp nails.—*Hárpa, s. f.* a ravenous bird of the vulture kind.

**Harpádo, adj.** torn or rent with hooks.—*Cara harpáda*, a face that is slashed and full of scars.

**Harpador, s. m.** a harper, one that plays upon the harp.

**Harpadura, s. f.** the notching of any thing.

**Harpár, v. a.** to cut, to tear in shivers; to cut the face and slash it.

**Harpéo, s. m.** a drag or hook to take up things out of a well, &c.

**Harpia, s. f.** a harp, a bird feigned by the poets. A catchpole, a greedy whore.

**Harpiedo, s. m.** (in cant) a fool.

**Harpillar, v. a.** to touch the harp, to play upon it.

**Harpilera, s. f.** the coarse cloth or canvas in which goods are packed.

**Harpista, s. m.** the person who plays on the harp.

**Harpón, s. m.** a trout-spear with three or four teeth; a grapple of a ship, or any iron hook; sometimes it is taken for an anchor.

**Harponár, v. a.** to strike with a trout-spear, to hook, to grapple.

**Harpya, s. f.** vide *Harpia*.

**Harrapiezo, s. m.** a rag which hangs on the cloaths.

**Harrápo, s. m.** vide *Harrapiezo*.

**Hárre, interj.** a word carriers and such people use to their beasts to make them go.

**Harréar, v. a.** to drive beasts as carriers do.

**Harrén, s. f.** a drove of mules or asses.

**Harriero, s. m.** a carrier.

**Harritránc, s. m.** a certain bit of rope or cable used on board ships.

**Harríquero, s. m.** vide *Harriero*.

**Hartár, v. a.** to fill, to satisfy with meat.—*El harta de layuno*, no tiene duelo alguno, ref. the person that is satisfied with meat, is not with pity or compassion.

**Hartázeo, s. m.** satiety, fulness of meat or drink.

**Hárto, adv.** enough.

**Hartón, s. m.** (in cant) bread.

**Hartura, s. f.** satiety, fulness.

**Hásta, adv.** till, even, up to.—

*Hásta quando?* till when?—

*Hásta palácio*, as far as the court.—*Hásta que*, until—

*Hásta quanto?* how much?—

*Hásta tanto*, so much.—*Hásta el borde*, up to the brink.—

*Hásta, s. f.* the staff of a spear, fork, &c.—*Hástas, s. f. pl.* the horns of beasts.—*Hástas homes*, in old Spanish signified, to arms, to arms; that is, men take up your spears.

**Hastádo, s. m.** a pike-man.

**Hastár, v. a.** to prolong, to augment, to grow.

**Hastial, s. m.** the inside wall of a vault.

**Hastiar, v. a.** to loath, to disdain, to scorn, to set light by, to take no account of.

**Hastil, s. m.** the wood of a spear, pike, lance, or any such thing.

**Hastilla, s. f.** a chip, a splinter; also a quarter of timber; also a particle of any thing.

**Hastillazo, s. m.** the blow with a splinter or chip.

**Hastio, s. m.** loathing, want of appetite.

**Hatióso, adj.** that has a loathing to meat, that has lost his appetite.

**Hatáca, s. f.** a great ladle, a melting ladle; also a spatula.

**Hatacadéra, s. f.** the rammer of a gun.

**Hataráya, s. f.** a small fishing-net, a casting-net.

**Hateria, s. f.** the provision given to the shepherds for the whole week.

**Hatéro, s. m.** the servant of the shepherds who brings provision.

**Hatillo, s. m.** a small flock or herd; also a bundle or parcel of cloaths.

**Háto, s. m.** flock, herd; also apparel or goods; by country folks it is sometimes taken for a company of people; as, *algúno hay en el háto*, there is some one in the company.

**Hácto, s. m.** in heraldry, a coat of arms, or that part of it where the arms of a family are painted.

**Havér, v. a.** vide *Haber*.

**Háy, s. m.** the name of a beast in Brazil,

**Háya, s. f.** a beech-tree; also a hedge.

**Hayal, s. m.** a grove of beech-trees.

**Ház, s. f.** the face, the superficies of any thing, the outside of any thing, or the right side, the front; a band of men; a faggot, or brush; small wood.—*Ház de la tierra*, the face of the earth.—*Ház de una cosa*, the outside of a thing, the right side of a garment, or the like.—*Ház del hombre*, a man's face.—*Ház de leña*, a faggot, a bavin.—

*En ház y en paz de todos*, with the knowledge and good liking of all men.—*Cara con dos*

*haces*, a deceitful, false countenance.—*Ház*, the imperative of *hacer*, do thou.

**Háza, s. f.** properly the field where the corn is new reaped, and lies to harden; but it is also taken for a field that is sowed.

**Hazáda, s. f.** a spade, an instrument of digging.

**Hazadita, s. f.** a spaddle, a small spade.

**Hazadón, s. m.** a large and heavy kind of spade.

**Hazadonáda, s. f.** a blow given to the earth with the *hazadón*.

**Hazadonázo, s. m.** a blow given with the *hazadón*.

**Hazadonero, s. m.** the labourer that digs or opens the ground; also a pioneer.

**Hazaléja, s. f.** a towel.

**Hazáña, s. f.** an exploit, a great action, a feat.

**Hazañeria, s. f.** a vain ostentation.

**Hazañero, adj.** one that makes a great noise of a little matter.

**Hazañosamente, adv.** bravely, boldly, courageously, stoutly.

**Hazañoso, adj.** one that performs great exploits.

**Hazcóna, s. f.** a little spear.

**Háze, s. f.** (obs.) a faggot or bundle.

**Házino, s. m.** a miser, a poor wretch; also a silly fellow.

**Hé, s. f.** faith; rustic.—*Hé*; as, *he aquí*, see here.—*He aquí*, hefe it is.

**Hédomáda, s. f.** a week.

**Hédomadariamente, adv.** weekly, once a week.

**Hédomadário, s. m.** he who by course attends his week.—

*Hedomadario*, adj. done or recurring every week.

*Heben*, adj. belonging to a kind of white grapes; also, useless, good for nothing.

*Hebilla*, s. f. a buckle of a shoe, a clasp.

*Hebillage*, s. m. a set of buckles.

*Hebillar*, v. a. to buckle or button anything.

*Hebra*, s. f. a needleful of thread, silk, or the like; the string of a root, or any small string of a herb, flower, or such like; a fibre.—*Hebra de azafrán*, one single thread of saffron.—*Hebra de hilo*, ó seda, a needleful of thread or silk.—*Cortar la hebra*, to cut the thread; to put a stop to one's discourse or proceedings.—*Cortar la hebra de la vida*, to cut the thread of life.—*Hebras*, pl. (metaph.) the sunbeams.

*Hebraico*, adj. of, or belonging to Hebrew.

*Hebraismo*, s. m. an expression according to the Hebrew.

*Hebreo*, s. m. a Jew.

*Hebrero*, the month of February, commonly *Febrero*.

*Hebrita*, s. f. a small needleful of thread, a small fibre.

*Hebróso*, adj. full of fibres.

*Hecate*, s. f. Hecate, a poetical name of the moon.

*Hecatónbe*, s. m. a hecatomb, or sacrifice of an hundred beasts of the same species.

*Heces*, pl. of *héz*.

*Hécha*, s. f. time, vide *Echa*.

*Hechazir*, v. a. to bewitch.

*Hechizera*, s. f. a witch.

*Hechizeria*, s. f. witchcraft.

*Hechizero*, s. m. a wizard.

*Hechizo*, s. m. witchcraft; also any thing that is or may be done.—*Ruyao hechizo*, a false alarm.

*Hecho*, adj. done, performed, made.—*Hecho*, s. m. action, deed, fact, exploit.—*Hecho y dercheo*, completely.—*Hombre de hecho*, a man of metal, or of his word, that will do what he says.—*El hecho de una causa*, the matter of fact.—*Hecho un león*, enraged like a lion.—*Hecho y hecho*, no sooner said than done.—*En hecho*, de verdad, in truth.—*De hecho*, out of hand, without delay.—*Levarlo todo a hecho*, to make no distinction in what one does or

says.—*Darlo por hecho*, look upon it as done.—*Hombre mal hecho*, an ill-shaped man.

*Hechura*, s. f. the making, the fashion, the form given to any thing.—*Pagar la hechura de una cosa*, to pay for the making or fashion of any thing.—*Ser hechura de otro*, to be another man's creature.

*Heciénto*, adj. (obs.) of, or belonging to dregs or lees.

*Hedentina*, s. f. a confusion of several stinks.

*Heder*, v. n. to stink; to emit an offensive smell, commonly a smell of putrefaction.—*Heder grájos*, to stink of jackdaws, this they say of the negroes.

—*Heder a perros muertos* to stink like a dead dog, like carrion.—*Ya hiede*, it is troublesome, it is offensive.—*Dezelo que no le hiede la boca*, cave it, for it does not stink in the mouth; a saying of women that keep chandlers shops or such like, when any body will not give them their price for any thing.—*No hagáis cosa que hieda*, do nothing that may stink; that is, do no scandalous action.

*Hediente*, adj. stinking.

*Hediondez*, s. f. stink, stench.

*Hediondo*, adj. stinking.

*Hedor*, s. m. a stink, a stench.

*Hédos*, s. m. pl. a poetical name for the constellation, called the seven stars.

*Hedrar*, v. a. to dig the vineyards a second time.

*Hegira*, s. f. hegira, a term in chronology; the epocha or account of time, used by the Mahometans.

*Héla*, an interj. behold her.

*Heláda*, s. f. hoar-frost.

*Helado*, s. m. sugar so made that it looks like ice.

*Helar*, v. n. to freeze.—*Helarse*, v. r. to be affected with great cold; also to be congealed and dried with frost, as plants.

*Héle*, an interj. behold him.

*Helécho*, s. m. the plant called fern.—*Helécho de roble*, poly-pody of the oak.

*Heléna*, s. f. those lights that appear like flames round the masts in a ship on the going off of a storm, called by the ancient Romans *Castor* and *Pollux*.

*Héla*, s. f. a staple, such as the

bolt of a lock shoots into, or the like.

*Helgado*, s. m. the space betwixt teeth that do not join close; an open interval, as is between the two points of a staple.

*Helgadúra*, s. f. idem.

*Heliaco*, adj. heliack, emerging from the lustre of the sun, or falling into it.

*Helice*, s. f. a constellation called the great bear; also a spiral line.

*Helioscopio*, s. m. the herb called sea-lettuce, wolfs-milk, or milk-thistle. It is also a sort of telescope fitted so as to look on the body of the sun without offence to the eyes.

*Heliótropio*, s. m. heliotrope, turnsol, sun-flower. It is also a precious stone of a green colour, streaked with red veins.

*Hélo*, interj. behold it.

*Helxine*, s. f. a kind of ivy bearing no berries, barren or creeping ivy; also the tendril of a vine.

*Hematitis*, s. m. a stone of a dark red colour.

*Hematoso*, adj. turning chyle into blood.

*Hembra*, s. f. a female, a woman, the female of any kind. A horse's tail is also so called, when very slender and thin.

*Hembra de corchete*, the eye of the hooks and eyes, &c.—*Linda hembra*, a fine woman.

*Mala hembra*, a wicked woman.

*Hembrigo*, s. m. in architecture, is a sounded fillet, or narrow edge of stone on the top of a column.

*Hembrilla*, s. m. a kind of corn, whose grain is very small.

*Hembrino*, adj. belonging to a female.

*Heménia*, s. f. vehemence, earnestness.

*Hemencioso*, adj. vehement.

*Hemina*, s. f. a measure of liquids so called.

*Hemionite*, s. f. a plant called spleenwort or miltwort.

*Hemisphérico*, adj. hemispherical, half round, containing half the globe.

*Hemisphérico*, s. m. the hemisphere, half the sphere or globe, as much as we can discover.

*Hemistichio*, s. m. a half verse.



Hemorrhagia, s. f. hemorrhage, a violent flux of blood.

Hemorrhoidal, adj. belonging to the veins in the fundament.

Hemorrhoidas, s. f. the hemorrhoids or piles.

Hemorrhóo, s. f. a kind of small snake.

Henchimiento, s. m. a swelling.

Henchir, v. a. to fill.—*Henchirle a uno la cabeza de viento*, to fill a man's head full of wind; that is, chimeras and folly.—*Henchir las medidas*, to satisfy a man fully, to content him, to pay him to his satisfaction.—*Henchir el ojo*, to please, to give content, to be liked.—*Henchir la panza*, to fill the belly, to eat heartily.—*Henchir la pacia*, to perform what is wanting.—*Henchir la silla, o el puesto*, to deserve, to be worthy of a post.—*Henchir el entendimiento*, to please the understanding.

Hendedór, s. m. the person who cleaves any thing.

Hendedóra, s. f. crack, slit.

Hender, v. a. to cleave asunder, to split.—*Henderos he la cabeza*, I will break your head.—*Henderse la cabeza de dolor*, the head to be ready to split with pain.—*Hender un cabello*, to split a hair, to be very sharp.—*Hender por la gente*, to make one's way through a throng of people.—*Henderse, v. r.* to cleave asunder, to split.

Hendible, adj. that may be cracked, split, and clove asunder.

Hendimiento, s. m. cleaving asunder, splitting, cracking.

Hendrija, s. f. a cranhy, a little chink.

Henil, s. m. a hay-loft to keep hay in.

Heno, s. m. hay.

Henogil, s. m. a garter.

Heñir, v. a. to knead dough.

Hepática, s. f. the herb liverwort.

Hepático, adj. hepatick, belonging to the liver.

Heptagonó, s. m. a figure with seven angles.

Heptamerón, s. m. a work of seven days, or seven parts.

Her, v. a. a rustic, for *hacer*.

Heraldico, adj. belonging to a herald.

Heraldo, s. m. a herald at arms.

Herbáge, s. m. grass, pasture, herbage.

Herbagero, s. m. the person who rents the pasture.

Herbajar, v. n. to put the sheep to grass.

Herbáx, s. m. a kind of cloth of wool.

Herbazal, s. m. the place where the grass is to feed the cattle.

Herbéra, s. f. an herb-woman.

Herbéro, s. m. a man that sells herbs; also the gullet or throat.

Herbolario, s. m. an herbal; also an herbalist or botanist.

Herboso, adj. full of grass.

Herculeo, adj. Herculean, so arduous as not to be done, subdued, or overcome, but with such strength of body or mind as Hercules had.

Hércules, s. m. epilepsy, a disease so called.

Heredable, adj. hereditary, inheritable.

Heredad, s. f. inheritance, estate, farm.—*Prov. Quien pequeña heredad tiene a pasos la mide*, he who has a small estate, measures it by paces; that is, a short horse, is soon carried.

Heradado, s. m. he who has inherited, he who has an estate.

Heredamiento, s. m. inheritance.

Heredar, v. a. to inherit.—*Prov. Quien no hereda, no medrá*, he who does not inherit, does not thrive; it is good to be akin to an estate.—*Prov. Quien hereda, no hurta*, he who inherits does not steal. This they say of one that has inherited some ill quality from his parents.

Heredero, s. m. an heir.—*Herederos*, s. m. pl. they call those that sell wine of their own growth.

Hereditario, adj. of, or belonging to an inheritance.

Hereditario, adv. hereditarily, by inheritance.

Herége, s. m. an heretic, one that obstinately holds erroneous opinions in matters of faith.

Herégia, s. f. heresy, obstinate error in matters of faith.

Herejóte, s. m. augm. of *herége*.

Heréncia, s. f. inheritance.

Heresiárca, s. m. an heresiarch, an arch-heretic, one that starts and propagates a new heresy.

Herético, adj. belonging to an heresy.

Hereticó, v. n. to be erroneous or obstinate in matters of faith.

Herético, adj. of, or belonging to an heretic.

Héria, s. f. wandering or strolling.

Herida, s. f. a wound.—*Herida de las alas*, the clapping of the wings.—*Herida*, in falconry, it is when the hawk brings down the partridge at the first flight; which they call *coger de herida*.

Herido, bloody, cruel.

Heridor, s. m. one that wounds or strikes.

Herimiento, s. m. a wounding or striking.

Herir, v. a. to wound, to strike.—*Herir de punta*, to thrust with a weapon; to touch one to the quick; to murder one's reputation.—*Herir la cuerda*, in music, to touch or strike the string, and make it sound.

Hermána, s. f. a sister. (In cant) a shirt.—*Prima hermanita*, a cousin-german.—*Hermanitas*, (in cant) the ears.

Hermanable, adj. brotherly.

Hermanablemente, adv. brotherly.

Hermanal, adj. belonging to a brother.

Hermanar, v. a. to match, to pair.—*Hermanarse*, to join in friendship, or league, like sworn brothers and sisters.

Hermanazgo, s. m. brotherhood.

Hermanadad, s. f. brotherhood.—*La santa hermandad*, a brotherhood, formerly instituted in times of great confusions to suppress robbers, and continued to this day.

Hermanear, v. a. to use like a brother.

Hermánico, s. m. like a brother.

Hermanillo, s. m. like a brother.

Hermanito, s. m. like a brother.

Hermáno, s. m. a brother.—*Entre hermanos, no metas las manos*, &c. do not interfere in a brother's quarrels.—*Hermáno del trabajo*, a loving name to call a porter by.

Hermaphrodita, s. m. an hermaphrodite.

Hermosamente, adv. beautifully.

Hermosear, v. a. to beautify.

Hermosito, adv. pretty, little.

and beautiful, indifferent beautiful.

Hermóso, adj. beautiful.

Hermosura, s. f. beauty.

Hérnia, s. f. bursting, rupture.

Hernista, s. m. the surgeon that chiefly professes to cure ruptures.

Heróe, s. m. a hero, a demigod.

Heroicamente, adv. heroically.

Heroicidad, s. f. the heroic virtue or bravery.

Heróico, adj. heroic, brave, worthy, renowned, notable.—*Heróico verso*, heroic verse.

Heroína, s. f. heroine.

Heroísmo, s. heroism, the quality, or qualities which constitute a hero.

Hérpes, s. m. a kind of inflammation.

Herrada, s. f. pail, bucket.

Herradero, s. m. the place where the cattle are marked with the iron.

Herrado, adj. shod, bound with iron.

Herrador, s. m. a smith that shoes horses.—*Herrador de pipas*, he that puts iron hoops about casks.

Herradura, s. f. a horse-shoe.

Herraje, s. m. iron-work.

Herramental, s. m. the street where the farriers live, or the farrier.

Harramienta, s. f. an iron tool.

Herrár, v. a. to put iron on any work; also to shoe the beasts.—*Herrár los zapatos*, to drive the shoes full of hob-nails.—*Herrár esclavos*, to mark slaves with a hot iron.

Hérrén, s. m. maslin, a mixture of grain which they commonly give to cattle.

Herrenal, s. m. a field sowed with maslin, or a mixture of several sorts of grain.

Herrería, s. f. a smith's shop; also smith's work; also a great noise and confusion.—*Herrerías*, s. f. pl. iron-works, where they melt and cast the iron into bars.

Herrero, s. m. a blacksmith.

Herreruño, s. m. vide Ferruño.—*Herreruños caballos*, horse that served with firelocks, pistols, and battle-axes; a sort of heavy horse.

Herréte, s. m. a tag of a point, lace, or the like.

Herrójo, s. m. an iron bolt.

Herrón, s. m. a sort of sport; quots.

Herronada, s. f. a stroke of a cock's spur, or the talons of any bird; a hawk's pouncing.

Herrumbre, s. f. the dross, scales, or rust of iron.

Herrumbróso, adj. of, or belonging to scales or dross.

Hervatú, s. m. the herb called hog's fennel, sulphur-wort, or hair-strong.

Hervero, s. m. the throat, the gullet.

Hervidero, s. m. the swarming of lice, maggots, or the like.—*Hervidero*, s. m. the noise which the water makes when it boils.

Herviente, adj. fervent, hot, boiling.

Hervir, v. n. to boil, to swarm.—*Hervir en picos*, to swarm with lice.—*Hervir la sangre*, to be hot, eager, restless.

Hervór, s. m. boiling, heat, fervour.

Hervoroso, adj. fervorous, hot, zealous, eager.

Hesitación, s. f. doubt, hesitation.

Hesitar, v. a. to hesitate.

Heteróclito, adj. declined irregularly or out of the common rule.

Heterodoxo, adj. that is contrary to the received opinion, heterodox.

Heterogéneo, adj. of a different kind.

Heteroscios, s. m. pl. the heterocians, those whose shadows fall only one way as the shadows of us who live north of the tropic fall at noon always to the north.

Hética, s. f. a consumption.

Hético, adj. hectic, hectic.—*Caballo helico*, a raw-bone horse.

Hetisía, s. f. vide Hética.

Hetria, s. f. (obs.) signifies a medley, confusion, disorder.

Hexacórdo, s. m. an hexachord, or sixth in music.

Hexágono, s. m. a figure in geometry with six angles.

Hexámetro, s. m. an hexameter, a verse of six feet.

Hexapéda, s. f. a measure consisting of six feet.

Hexápodo, s. m. an animal of six feet.

Héxástico, s. m. a poem of six lines.

Hez, s. f. the dregs of oil, the lees of wine, the grounds, or settlement of any other liquid.

*La hiza del pueblo*, the scum of the people, the worst of the mob.

Hi, for Hijo, s. m. as, *hi de puta*, son of a whore.—*Hi de puta*, an interjection of approbation.

Hibúra, s. f. a sort of medicinal bark.

Hicocérvo, s. m. a stag bearded like a goat; a chimera, a vain fancy.

Hidalgamente, adv. genteely, gentleman-like.

Hidalgarse, v. r. to play the gentleman, to affect gentility.

Hidalgo, s. m. a gentleman, a person well born.—*Hidalgo de solár*, a gentleman of an ancient house.—*Hidalgo de executoria*, a gentleman that has proved his gentility in open court, and has authentic deeds and decrees of court to show for it.

*Hidalgo de privilegio*, he that has been ennobled by the king for his good services, or that has bought his gentility.—*Hidalgo de devengr quinientos suéldos*, this is understood three several ways; first, that if a gentleman had wrong done him by another, he might have a fine of 500 *suéldos* laid upon his adversary, to make him satisfaction; whereas he who was not an *hidalgo*, could have but 300 allowed him: secondly, some will have it to be a title given to those gentlemen who were at the battle of Clavijo, when the Spaniards routed a vast army of Moors, and delivered themselves from the tribute they before paid them of 500 *suéldos* a year; and thirdly, they say these were gentlemen who had 500 *suéldos* a year pay from the king.

—*Hidalgos por el cuerno*, so they call the inhabitants of Zamarramala, a little town near Segovia, who are exempt from all taxes, on account of sending some persons every night to be upon guard in the castle of Segovia; one of these cries out, *vela, vela, hío*, that is, soho the watch, and another answers with a horn; and therefore they are called *hidalgos por el cuerno*, gentlemen by virtue of the horn.—*Hidago como un gavilán*, as much a gentleman as a hawk; that is, as generous.



as noble, as bold, and daring.—*Hidalgo de las caniles adentro*, a gentleman within the town-gutters; so they call one who can only prove that his father had the privilege of gentility for twenty years past; who therefore enjoys the said privilege only within his town, but not out of it.

*Hidalgón*, s. m. (aug.) of *hidalgo*.  
*Hidalgote*, s. m. a gentleman of low degree.

*Hidalguéjo*, } s. m. a poor petty,  
*Hidalguete*, } or silly gentleman.

*Hidalgula*, s. f. gentry, gentility.

*Hidépata*, s. m. son of a whore.  
*Hidra*, s. f. a monster with seven heads, destroyed by Hercules.

*Hidria*, s. f. a pitcher to hold water or other liquor.

*Hidrographia*, s. f. hydrography, the description of waters.

*Hidromancia*, s. f. hydromancy, divination by water.

*Hidropesia*, s. f. the disease called the dropsy.

*Hidrópico*, adj. dropsical.

*Hiedra*, s. f. ivy.

*Hiel*, s. f. the gall; adversity.—*Hiel de la tierra*, the lesser centaury, an herb so called.—*No tener hiel*, to have no gall, to be all meekness.—*Dar a beber hiel*, to give a man gall to drink, to afflict, to trouble, to thwart him.

*Hielo*, s. m. frost.

*Hieltro*, s. m. (obs.) vide *Pieltro*.

*Hielma*, s. m. the yolk of an egg; the bud of a tree; the first wine that comes from the grape; the end or top of the finger; the dead of winter.

*Hierárcha*, s. m. a hierarch, the chief of the sacred order.

*Hierarchía*, s. f. hierarchy, the ecclesiastical state, order, or government.

*Hierárchico*, adj. hierarchical, belonging to sacred or ecclesiastical government.

*Hierba*, s. f. herb, one of those plants whose stalks are soft and have nothing woody in them, herbage, grass, herbs collectively, pasture, the common herbage of fields in which cattle feed.

*Hiermalmente*, adv. after the manner of a son-in-law.

*Hienár*, v. n. to force one to be a son-in-law.

*Hierño*, s. m. a son-in-law.

*Hieroglificamente*, adv. hieroglyphically, emblematically.

*Hieroglífico*, s. m. hieroglyphick, representation of things.

*Hierro*, s. m. iron: an iron tool, a sword.—*Muchar*, or *majar en hierro frío*, f. (metaph.) to correct another to no purpose.—*Lo haré de mi hierro*, I will set my mark on it.—*Hierro de fuego*, a marking-iron for cattle or the like.—*Hierros de pózo*, an iron with three hooks to put down into a well to fetch up any thing that is dropt in.—*Tener a uno en hierros*, to keep a man in irons or fetters.—*Quien a hierro mata*, a *hierro muere*, he who kills by the sword, dies by the sword.—Prov. *Llevar hierro a Bizcaya*, to carry iron to Biscay; that is, to carry coals to Newcastle.—*Cargado de hierro*, *cargado*, *de miedo*, loaded with iron, loaded with fear; that is, he who loads himself with armour and weapons against danger, discovers he is much afraid.—Prov. *Quando el hierro esta encendido, entonces ha de ser batido*, you must strike whilst the iron is hot.

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*higado*, to be ill-inclined.—Prov. *Lo que es bueno para el higado, es malo para el bazo*, what is good for the liver, is bad for the melt. That which does good to one, hurts another.

*Higo*, s. m. a fig. It is also taken for the ples or hemorrhoids.

*Higuera*, s. f. a fig tree; they also give this name to the plant called *palma Christi*.—*Higuera loca*, the sycamore-tree; the wild fig-tree.—*Higuera del infierno*, the herb called spurge.

*Higuerál*, s. m. an orchard of fig-trees.

*Higuero*, s. m. a large tree in New Spain.

*Hija*, s. f. a daughter.—*Higadillo*, a gentlewoman.

*Hijada*, s. f. the flank.—*Mal de hijada*, a pleurisy.

*Hijadear*, v. n. to pant, or blow hard in the flank, as a horse does.

*Hijár*, s. m. the hollow that is in an animal's side.

*Hijástra*, s. f. a step-daughter.

*Hijastro*, s. m. a step-son.

*Hijénio*, s. m. the young of any bird.

*Hijito*, s. m. diminutive of *hijo*.

*Hijo*, s. m. a son.—*Hijo de la gallina blanca*, a white boy, a favourite, a darling; also a fortunate man.—*Hijo legítimo*, a son lawfully begotten.—*Hijo natural*, *espurio*, or *bastardo*, a bastard son.—*Hijo primo*, *génito*, the first begotten son.—*Hijo adoptivo*, an adoptive son.—*Hijo espiritual*, a spiritual son.—*Hijo postumo*, a posthumous son; one born after his father's death.—*Hijo malo*, *mas vata deliente que sano*, ref. it is better to see a bad son sick than in health, because it gives less trouble to his parents.—*Es muy hijo de su padre*, f. the son imitates his father in every respect.—*Hijos*, are also the young shoots that sprout out of trees.

*Hijodalgo*, s. m. vide *Hidalgo*.

*Hijueta*, s. f. a little daughter; also a kind of mattress or matress; it is also a small linen cloth used by the priest at the altar to wipe the chalice.—*Hijuelas*, small trenches cut in the fields for water to run out.

*Hijuelo*, s. m. a little son.

Hila, s. f. lint made of linen, such as surgeons use; also a row, a rank.

Hilacha, s. f. a ravelling thread.

Hilada, s. f. a row, a rank; also a spinning.

Hilafillo, s. m. coarse silk spun.

Hilado, s. m. what has been spun considered in the lump or altogether.

Hilador, s. m. a man than spins.

Hilandera, s. f. a spinster.

Hilandrias, s. f. pl. vide Filandrias.

Hilar, v. a. to spin.

Hilaracha, s. f. ravelling thread.

Hilaza, s. f. the thread in any thing that is wove; any threads; small strings; also the lees of wine or the like.

Hilera, s. f. a rank.

Hilico, } s. m. a little thread.

Hillo, }

Hillala, s. f. vide Hilada.

Hilo, s. m. thread; also a line, row, or rank.—*Hilo de acar-zeto*, packthread.—*Hilo bramante*, packthread.—*Hilo de cáñamo*, a hempen thread.—*Hilo de gente*, a row or parcel of people going one after another.—*Hilo de perlas*, a string of pearls.—*Hilo de plata*, silver thread.—*Andar al hilo de la gente*, to go after the multitude, to follow the people, to do as others do.—*Colgar de un hilo*, to hang by a thread; that is, to have small hopes.

—Prov. *Por el hilo se saca el ovillo*, the thread leads to the bottom. We may guess at a great deal by a little.—Prov. *El hilo por lo mas delgado quiebra*, the thread breaks in the thinnest place. All misfortunes fall upon the weakest; the weakest goes to the wall.

Hilvan, s. m. the basting of cloth together before it is sewed.

Hilvanar, v. a. to baste down before sewing.

Himno, s. m. a song of piety.

Hincapie, s. m. a thing to rest or stand fast against; to fix the foot against; also the action of setting the foot fast against any thing.

Hincar, v. a. to thrust in, to stick fast in, to drive in, to fasten.—*Hincarse de rodillas*, v. r. to kneel down.

Hincaramero, s. m. a stick with a sharp point to thrust into the ground for planting rosemary, or any other thing.

Hincha, s. f. hatred, envy, enmity.

Hinchadamente, adv. proudly, haughtily, puffed up with pride.

Hinchado, adj. (metaph.) proud, haughty.

Hinchadura, s. f. a swelling.

Hinchamiento, s. m. idem.

Hinchar, v. n. to swell, to puff up.—*Hincharse*, v. r. to be swelled or inflated.

Hinchazón, s. m. swelling, pride.

Hinchazoncilla, s. f. a little swelling.

Hinchir, v. a. to fill.

Hiniestra, s. f. a window.

Hinójo, s. m. the plant fennel; also a knee.—*Hinójo marino*, s. m. samphire.

Hintero, s. m. a trough to knead dough in.

Hinista, s. f. a broom.

Hipar, v. n. to hiccup.

Hipo, s. m. the hiccup.—*Hipo*, s. m. anger, enmity, rage.—*Tiene un hipo con fulano*, he is angry with such a one.

Hipocentauro, s. m. a monster, imagined by poets to be half a man and half a horse.

Hipocrypho, s. m. a fabulous monster feigned by poets to be half an horse and half a griffin.

Hipomanes, s. m. an amatory poison mentioned by Roman writers.

Hipopotamo, s. m. hippopotamus, the river-horse, an animal found in the Nile.

Hirara, s. f. a beast in Brazil like a civet-cat.

Hireo, s. m. an he-goat.

Hirsuto, adj. hairy.

Hirviente, adj. boiling hot, fervent.

Hisca, s. f. birdlime.

Hiscál, s. f. a three-strand rope.

Hispanismo, s. m. a Spanicism, a Spanish idiom.

Hispáno, s. m. a Spaniard.

Historia, s. f. history; also a history-piece; a picture representing any memorable event.

—*Meterse en historias*, to meddle with any thing we understand not, or that does not belong to us.

Historiador, s. m. an historian, historiographer.

Historial, s. m. (obs.) an historian.—*Historial*, adj. of, or belonging to history.

Historiar, v. a. to compose or

write histories; to paint history-pieces.

Historicamente, adv. historically, in the manner of history.

Histórico, s. m. an historian.—*Histórico*, adj. of, or belonging to an history.

Historiographo, s. m. an historiographer one that writes histories.—*Historiographo*, adj. belonging to writing of histories.

Histrión, s. m. an actor, a player.

Histrionico, adj. belonging to an actor.

Histrionisa, s. f. an actress.

Hita, s. f. a nail without a head.

Hito, adj. black; speaking of hair.—*Hito*, s. m. a mark, the white to shoot at; the pin to quit at.—*Jugar al hito*, to play at quito.—*Mudar hito*, to change one's mind.—*Dar en el hito*, to hit the mark in shooting, or to pitch upon the pin at quito.—*Mirar de hito en hito*, to look earnestly upon.

—*Tirar dos en hitos*, to aim at two things, that if one fails the other may hit; to have two strings to one's bow.

Hizar, v. a. to hoise.

Hobácho, } s. m. a great jade

Hobachón, } of a beast unfit for service; a great lazy fellow.

Hoce, s. f. vide Hoz.

Hocigilla, s. f. a sickle.

Hocicada, s. f. a blow with the snout.

Hocicar, v. a. to muzzle, to turn up with the snout, to strike or rub with the snout; ironically, to kiss.

Hocico, s. m. the snout of any beast, or great protuberant lips in man or woman.—*Meter el hocico en todo*, f. fam. to meddle in another's business.

Hocicudo, adj. that has a snout.

Hocina, s. f. } a hook or bill to

Hocino, s. m. } lop trees, it is also an orchard on the side of a small narrow bottom between two hills.

Hocillo, s. m. a little snout.

Hogáño, adv. this year.—Prov. *En los nidos de antaño no hoy páxaros hogáño*, in the nest of last year there is no bird this year; applied to those who are in pursuit of any thing at an unseasonable time; not much unlike our saying, you are come a day after the fair.



Hogár, s. m. the hearth, the chimney, or any place to make fire.

Hozaza, s. f. a loaf, a cake. — *El muerto en la cava, y el vivo a la hogaza*, ref. t. e. dead is in the grave, and the living are eating and drinking; that is, one forgets very soon the death of one's parents or friends.

Hoguera, s. f. a bonfire,

Hoja, s. f. a leaf of a tree or herb; a thin plate of metal; a sword blade; sheet of paper; a leaf of a book. — *Hija de lata*, tin, such as we make lanterns, pots, and other things of. — *Hija de milan*, idem. — *Hija de oro*, leaf-gold to gild with. — *Hoja rayada*, a leaf full of fibres. — *Ser todo hoja sin fruto*, all leaf and no fruit; all shew and no substance; all talk and no doing. — *Al caer de la hoja*, at the fall of the leaf in autumn. — *Temblir como hoja en arbol*, to quake like a leaf on a tree. — *Vino de tres o quatro hojas*, wine three or four years old. — *Volver la hoja*, to turn over new leaf, to take another course. — Prov. *Tras esta hoja buelve otra*, after this leaf another comes up; that is, after ill luck comes up good.

Hojaldrár, v. a. to make puff-paste.

Hojalдре, s. m. puff-paste.

Hojarasca, s. f. the withered leaves fallen from the trees; also any thing useless; and among bullies, the sword.

Hojeár, v. a. to turn over the leaves of a book.

Hojecer, v. n. to bear leaves.

Hojica, s. f. a little leaf, or sword-blade.

Hojoso, adj. full of leaves, leafy.

Hojuela, s. f. a pancake or fine puff-paste cake; also a little leaf. — *Hojuela de plato*, silver-leaf; also tinsel.

Hóla, interj. a voice of call, as ho, hey.

Holán, s. m. cambrick, Holland.

Holanda, s. f. Holland cloth or linen.

Holandilla, s. f. a slight sort of Holland.

Holadamente, adv. quietly, merrily; also spaciouly, largely.

Holganza, s. f. rest, ease, pleasure.

Holgár, v. a. to rest, to be idle, to take one's pleasure, to make merry, to rejoice, to be glad. — *Holgár de fiesta*, to keep holiday, not to work. — *Irse a holgár*, to go abroad, to divert one's self. — *Holgarse de una cosa*, to be glad, to rejoice at any thing. — *Andár holgado en la hacienda*, to be well to pass, to have plenty. — *Trabar holgado el vestido o el zapato*, to wear one's cloaths or shoes big enough not to be pinched in them.

Holgazán, s. m. an idle fellow.

Holgazanear, v. n. to be idle, slothful, to be a vagabond.

Holgazanamente, adv. idly.

Holgazaneria, s. f. idleness.

Holgazár, v. a. vide Holgazanear.

Holgin, adj. belonging to a witch.

Holgón, s. m. a merry fellow.

Holgoria, s. m. mirth, merry-making, rest, ease, joy, pleasure, diversion.

Holgueta, } s. f. rest, ease, mer-  
Holgura, } ry-making, joy,  
pleasure, diversion.

Holladura, s. f. a treading or trampling.

Hollar, v. a. to tread, to trample. — *Hollar a útro*, to use a man ill, to trample on him.

*Hollarse bien una persona*, to make much of one's self.

*Camino hollido*, the beaten road.

Holléja, s. f. the skin a snake casts.

Holléjo, s. m. the skin, husk, or cod of fruit that is not pared; as grapes, currants, gooseberries, or the like.

Höllin, s. m. soot.

Holliniénto, adj. sooty.

Holocausto, s. m. a burnt-offering or sacrifice.

Homarráche, s. m. one that is disguised in a ridiculous or hideous habit, and goes about joking upon every body and telling them their faults.

Hombrácho, s. m. a great lusty man.

Hómbre, s. m. a man. — *Hómbre bueno*, a yeoman, one below a gentleman. — *Hómbre de montaña y ribera*, a man for the mountain and the shore; that is, a man fit for any business. — *Mi hombre*, so some women among the meaner sort call their husbands. — *Ser muy hombre*, to be

much of a man, to be brave. — *Es ya hombre*, he is now a man, he is grown a man. — *No sería hombre para hacer tal cosa*, you are not a man enough to do such a thing, you have not the courage. It is calling a man coward. — *No tengo hombre*, I have no man, I have nobody to take my part, to assist or defend me. — *No hay hombre con hombre*, there are not two men left together, they are all dispersed and scattered; also there are not two of the same mind, they are all at variance, they all differ, or disagree. — *Ricos hombres*, were formerly men of the first rank and quality, before it was grown so frequent to distinguish them by the titles now used of dukes, earls, &c. — *Hómbre de capa y espada*, a man that wears a cloak and sword; that is, one of the better sort. — *Hómbre de pelo en pecho*, a man of worth, a staid, sober man. — *Hómbre apercebido vile por dos*, a man prepared is worth two. — *Hómbre apercebido medio combatido*, a man that is prepared, has half the battle over.

Hombreár, v. n. to push with the shoulders; also to make one's self equal to another.

Hombréar, v. n. (speaking of youth) to behave like a man.

Hombrecillo, s. m. pl. the plant called hop, used to brew beer.

Homrecillo, s. m. a little dwarf; a pit full fellow.

Hombriulo, s. m. a shoulder-strap in a shirt.

Hómbro, s. m. a shoulder. — *Hómbro con hombro*, shoulder by shoulder; cheek by jowl.

— *Llevar en hombros*, to carry on the shoulders. — *Arrimar el hombro*, to support. — *Levantado, de hombros*, high-shouldered; looked upon to betoken haughtiness and courage.

— *Derrocado de hombros*, low in the shoulders, which they count a sign of a slovenly and faint-hearted fellow.

Hombrón, s. m. a great big man.

Hombruno, adj. mannish. — *Muger hombruna*, a great manly woman.

Hóme, s. m. (obs.) vide Hombre.

Homecillo, s. m. (obs.) murderer; from the Latin homicidium.

**Hostil**, adj. hostile, like an enemy.

**Hostilidad**, s. f. hostility.

**Hostilizar**, v. n. to commit hostilities.

**Hostilmente**, adv. hostilely, like an enemy.

**Hóto**, s. m. confidence on, reliance on. Prov. *En hoto del conde no mates el hombre; que se morirá el conde, y te pedirán el hombre*; do not kill the man, confiding on the earl, for the earl will die, and you will be called to account for the man; that is, do no ill action confiding in the favour of a great man, for the great man may die, and you will pay for all.

**Hóy**, adv. to-day.—*Hóy de mañana*, this morning.

**Hóya**, s. f. a grave to bury the dead; also any pit or deep place.

**Hoyada**, s. f. profundity, cavity, hollowness.

**Hoyo**, s. m. pit, hole, den. Prov. *Hacer un hoyo para, tapar, otro*, to make a pit to fill up another; to rob Peter to pay Paul.

**Hoyoso**, adj. pitted, full of holes.

**Hoyuelo**, s. m. a little pit, hole or dent.—*Jugar el hoyuelo*, to play at chuck farthing.

**Hóz**, s. m. a sickle to reap corn; also a narrow bottom hemmed in betwixt two hills.

—*Entrarse de hóz y de cox*, to come into a place abruptly, without saying by your leave.

**Hozadura**, s. f. a grubbing or rutting the ground as hogs do.

**Hozar**, v. n. to grub, to rut in the ground with the snout, as hogs do.

**Húcha**, s. f. a box with a slit to put money in; such as servants put up in public-houses at Christmas, or are carried about to beg for the prisoners.

**Huchóo**, s. m. the word used by falconers to call down the hawk to the lure, when she rakes.

**Hucia**, s. f. (obs.) confidence, or trust reposed in another.

**Huébra**, s. f. an acre of land, or as much as can be ploughed in a day by two oxen.—*Huébra*, s. f. a couple of mules; (in cant.) a pack of cards.

**Huebrár**, v. a. (obs.) to plough the land.

**Huebréro**, s. m. the servant who ploughs the land.

**Huéca**, s. f. the hollow of the bone where the joint is.

**Huéco**, adj. hollow; also haughty, full of pride.—*Hablar huéco*, to talk loud, to make much noise, as hollow things do; to talk as old people do that have lost their teeth.—*Ponerse huéco*, to grow vain or proud.

**Huéfago**, s. m. the sickness among beasts and birds, which makes them breath with much difficulty.

**Huélga**, s. f. a merry-making, a merry-bout, a play-day.

**Huélgo**, s. m. the breath, a man's wind.—*Tómár huélgo*, to take breath, to rest.

**Huella**, s. f. the print of the foot of a man or beast, track, foot-step.—*Sacár por la huella*, to find out by the track.

**Huéllo**, s. m. the place where the foot treads.—*Este lugar tiene mal huéllo porque es muy desigual*, this place is very bad for walking, because the ground is uneven.

**Huequecito**, adj. diminutive of *huéco*.

**Huérco**, s. m. a bier on which they carry the dead to the grave, (obs.) it is also taken for one that is always lamenting.

**Huerfana**, s. f. a female orphan.

**Huerfano**, s. m. an orphan.

**Huéro**, adj. addle, said of an egg.

**Huerta**, s. f. a kitchen garden.—Prov. *Huerta con palomar, paraíso terrenal*, an orchard with a pigeon-house, is an earthly paradise.

**Huerto**, s. m. an orchard, a kitchen garden.—*Huertos pensiles*, gardens on the tops of houses, high terrace-walks.—Prov.

*Huerta sin agua, casa sin texado, mujer sin amor, y marido descuidado*, a garden without water, a house untiled, a wife without love, and a careless husband, are four things stark naught.—Prov.

*Huerto, y huerto, mozo, pítro, y y muger que mira mal, quierense sober, tratar*, an orchard, a man that has but one eye, a servant, a colt, and a squinting woman, require art to manage them.

**Huespéd**, s. m. host, landlord, guest.

**Huespéda**, s. f. hostess, land-

lady; a female guest.—Prov. *Huespéda hermosa, mal para la bésa*, a beautiful landlady is bad for the purse.

**Huésa**, s. f. grave, ditch, pit.—Prov. *El muerto en la huésa, el vivo a la mésa*, the dead man in the grave, and the living at the table. Though we be never so much concerned for the death of friends, they must go to the grave, and we must eat and drink. We must live by the living, and not by the dead.

**Huesillo**, s. m. a little bone.

**Hueso**, s. m. a bone.—*Hueso de fruta*, the stone of any fruit, as peaches, &c.—*Hueso de espinazo*, the back-bone.—*Hueso de la garganta*, the knot of the throat.—*Hueso yugal*, the end of the cheek-bone towards the eye.—*Rietee e hueso*, pick that bone.—*Estár podrido hasta los huesos*, to be rotten to the bone.

—*Costal de huesos*, a bag full of bones; one that has nothing but skin and bones.—*Moler los huesos*, to tire a man out with importunity.—*Huesos*,

s. m. pl. (in architecture) pillars or other supports set up at distances to bear up the timber-work or otherwise strengthen a structure; also the rafters or timber in a roof.—*A otro perro con ese hueso*, f. (fam.) take that bone to another dog; that is, I am more cunning, or sharper than you are.—*¿Quien te da un hueso, no le quiere ver muerto*, ref. who gives you a bone would not see you dead; that is, who gives you but little does not dislike you.

**Huést**, s. m. an host, an army.

**Huevár**, v. a. to lay eggs.

**Huevecico**, s. m. a small egg.

**Huevéro**, s. m. one who sells eggs.

**Huevo**, s. m. an egg.—*Huevo huéro*, an addle egg.—*Huevo enpollado*, an egg with chicken.—*Huevos de pescado*, the spawn of fish, the roe.—*Huevos meridos*, the yolks of eggs without any of the white, beaten or mixed with white wine, orange-flower water, and sugar, and then kept over the fire only till the raw taste of the eggs be gone.—*Huevos y torreznos*, collops and eggs.—*Huevos rebueltos*, buttered eggs.—*Huevos de saltriquera*, yolks of eggs preserved in a shell of sugar, like



their own shell, to carry in the pocket.—*poner huevos*, to lay eggs.—*Yacer sobre huevos*, to sit upon eggs.—*Empollar los huevos*, to sit to hatch eggs.—

*Parecerse como un huevo a otro*, to be as like as two eggs.—*Un huevo, y ese huevo*, but one egg, and that addle. Of those who have but one child, and that sickly or good for nought.

*Huida*, s. f. flight, running away.

*Huidero*, { adj. that flies, or  
*Huidizo*, { runs away.

*Huidor*, s. m. one who runs away.

*Huir*, v. n. to fly, to run away.  
*Huirse*, to escape, to fly.—*Huir el rostro a la cara de alguno*, to hide one's self from one.

*Hulano*, vide *Fulano*.

*Hule*, s. m. a sort of linen burnished with many colours.

*Humanado*, adj. civilized, and humble.

*Humanal*, adj. humane, that has humanity.

*Humanamente*, adv. humanely, civilly, courteously.

*Humanar*, v. a. to tame, to make humane, to make courteous, to civilize.—*Humanarse*, v. r. to humble one's self, to be courteous and affable.

*Humanidad*, s. f. human nature; civility, courtesy; human frailty; humanity; the schools under philosophy.

*Humanista*, s. m. one who professes learning and humanity.

*Humano*, adj. humane, human; civil, courteous, friendly, affable.

*Humareda*, s. f. smoke.

*Hunazo*, s. m. smoke; the whiff boys give one another when they fall asleep, snatching a firebrand out of the fire, and holding it under the nose of him that sleeps.

*Humear*, v. n. to smoke.

*Humedad*, s. f. dampness, moisture.

*Humedecer*, v. a. to moisten, to dampen.

*Humedo*, adj. moist, damp, wet.

*Humero*, s. m. the funnel of a chimney, the place where they smoke bacon or the like.

*Humildad*, s. f. humility; also lowness, meanness of condition.—*Humildad de garabato*, a false submission.

*Humilde*, adj. humble, modest, submissive; also low, mean.

*Humildemente*, adv. humbly.

*Humildosamente*, adv. (obs.) humbly, submissively.

*Humildoso*, adj. (obs.) humble.

*Humiliación*, s. f. humiliation, the act of humbling one's self.

*Humilladero*, s. m. a little chapel or altar set up on the highways or other places, where the people stop to pray, or at least kneel or bow.

*Humillador*, s. m. one that humbles, bows, or kneels down to.

*Humillar*, v. a. to humble.

*Humillo*, s. m. diminutive of *humo*.

*Humo*, s. m. smoke. It is sometimes taken for the hearth, and the hearth for the house; so that to say, *tantos humos*, so many smokes, signifies so many houses.—*Vender humo*, to impose upon a man, and get his money under pretence of doing him a kindness with one's interest, when either we cannot, or will not do it.—*Tener muchos humos*, to be very haughty, proud, or conceited.—*Irse en humo*, to vanish away in smoke, when we expect great matters and nothing comes.—*Subir el humo a la nariz*, to take snuff, to be offended, to be in a huff.

—*No le hizo a humo de pajas*, I do it not lightly, or inconsiderately.—Prov. *Humo y gotera, y muger gritadera*, echan el hombre de su casa fuera, smoke and the rain coming in at the tiles, and a scolding wife, turn a man out of his house.—Prov. *Cerca anda el humo, tras la llama*, the smoke is near the flame. There is no smoke without some fire.—Prov. *Do no hay humo, no hay bien ninguno*, where there is no smoke, there is no good. The smoke signifies the fire, without which there is no good living.

*Humor*, s. m. humour; that is, the humours of the body; also humour, temper, and moisture.—*Hombre de humor*, a merry man, a pleasant and jocular person.

*Humorado*, adj. that has humours.

*Humoral*, adj. belonging to an humour.

*Humorazo*, s. m. augm. of *humor*.

*Humoso*, adj. smoky.

*Huna*, s. f. the round-top of a ship.

*Hundido*, adj. sunk, drowned.  
*Hundimiento*, s. m. casting, melting; also sinking, drowning.

*Hundir*, v. n. to run, melt, or cast metal; to sink, to drown.—*Hundirse una cosa*, it is not only to sink, but to vanish, to be lost without knowing how.—*Hundir la casa a voces*, to make such a noise, as if they would bring the house down.

*Hura*, s. f. a sort of scurf on children's heads.

*Huracán*, s. m. a hurricane, a violent whirlwind.

*Hurano*, adj. one that lives obscurely, flying all company, and is afraid of every man; coy, disdainful.

*Hurganadera*, s. f. (in cant) a wench, a whore.

*Hurgar*, v. a. to rake, to grabble, to poke, to stir about, to stir or remove with a fork or such like instrument.—*Peor es hurgarlo*, it is worse to stir it; the more you stir it, the more it will stink.

*Hurgón*, s. m. a fire-fork or poker; also a wound with a sword.

*Hurgonazo*, s. m. a blow with a poker.

*Hurgonear*, v. a. vide *Hugar*.

*Hurgonero*, s. m. vide *Hurgon*.

*Hurón*, s. m. a ferret to catch rabbits; also an enquirer, searcher, or examiner.—Prov. *Andar a caza con hurón muerto*, to go a coney-hatching with a dead ferret; to undertake business with improper methods; to follow women in old age.

*Huronear*, v. n. to ferret, to catch rabbits with a ferret.

*Huronera*, s. f. the place where the ferret lives.

*Hurraca*, s. f. a magpie.

*Huerta*, s. f. a water-pot to water the gardens.

*Hurtadamente*, adv. by stealth, privily.—*A hurtadillas*, adv. by stealth, privily.

*Hurtador*, s. m. stealer, thief robber.

*Hurtar*, v. a. to steal.—*Hurtar el cuerpo*, to slip aside, to shun danger.—Prov. *Quien uno vez hurta fiel nunca*, he who once steals, is never trusty. Once a thief, always a thief.

*Hurtillo*, s. m. a little theft, a petty larceny.

*Hurto*, s. m. a theft, a robbery.—*A hurto*, adv. slyly, clandestinely.

tinely. *Se fue a furto de la compañía*, he stole away from the company like a thief.

**Husada**, s. f. a distaff full of flax.

**Husillo**, s. m. a little spindle, a little screw; also a wine-press.

**Husmeador**, s. m. one who smells about.

**Husmeadorcillo**, s. m. diminutive of *husmeador*.

**Husmeár**, v. a. to smell about as dogs do, or epicures when they get the scent of a dainty; to guess, to imagine, to suspect.

**Húsmo**, s. m. smell, scent.—*Estar el húsmo*, f. (metaph.) to wait for an opportunity of obtaining your wishes.—*Venirse, ó andarse al húsmo*, f. (metaph.) to pry into another's secrets.

**Húso**, s. m. a spindle.—*Derécho como un húso*, as straight as a spindle; we say as an arrow.—Prov. *Guey del húso, quando no anda la birba de síso*, alas for the spindle when the beard is not over it. By the spindle is meant the woman, and by the beard the man.

**Hyádas**, s. f. the constellation called the seven stars of the hyades.

**Hybiérno**, v. m. (obs.) winter. Vide *Invierno*.

**Hybléo**, adj. fertile, abundant, odoriferous, full of flowers.

**Hydra**, s. f. a serpent with many heads.—*Hydra*, s. f. a snake that lives in the waters.

**Hydraúlico**, adj. belonging to hydraulical machines that play by waterworks.

**Hydria**, s. f. a small earthen pan.

**Hydrocéphalo**, s. m. a dropsy in the head.

**Hydrogogia**, s. f. the art of levelling the waters.

**Hydrographia**, s. f. the description of the waters, navigation.

**Hydrográphico**, adj. of a description of the waters,

**Hydromancia**, s. f. divining by water.

**Hydromántico**, adj. belonging to a divining by water.

**Hydrometría**, s. f. the art of measuring the waters.

**Hydropsia**, s. f. the dropsy.

**Hydrophilacio**, s. m. a cavity in the earth full of water.

**Hydrophôbo**, s. m. he who is afraid of water.

**Hydrópico**, adj. dropsical, troubled with the dropsy.

**Hydrostática**, s. f. the science or knowledge of the gravity of bodies in water.

**Hydrotechnia**, s. f. the art of raising the water.

**Hyemál**, adj. wintery, belonging to winter.

**Hyena**, s. f. vide *Hiena*.

**Hyesál**, s. m. the place from whence the chalk is taken.

**Hyesera**, s. f. the place where chalk is made.

**Hyeseria**, s. f. a binding or thing made of plaster.

**Hyeséro**, s. m. who makes chalk.

**Hyésó**, s. m. chalk.

**Hygrométo**, s. m. hygrometer; an instrument to measure the degree of moisture.

**Hymenéo**, s. m. marriage.

**Hýmno**, s. m. an hymn, a spiritual song.

**Hyecéo**, s. m. a plant so called.

**Hyperbatón**, s. m. a figure, when the words are transposed from grammatical order.

**Hypérbolo**, s. m. an hyperbola, a section of a cone made by a plane.

**Hypérbole**, s. m. an hyperbole; a figure in rhetoric, by which any thing is increased or diminished beyond the exact truth.

**Hyperbólico**, adj. hyperbolic, hyperbolical.

**Hyperbolizar**, v. n. to make use of hyperboles.

**Hypérico**, s. m. St. John's wort.

**Hypermetría**, s. f. a figure when a verse has one syllable above measure.

**Hypocondria**, s. f. melancholy.

**Hypocondrico**, adj. belonging to hypochondria.

**Hypocondrios**, s. m. pl. the part of the belly, and ribs under the short ribs.

**Hypocrás**, s. m. a kind of drink so called.

**Hypocresia**, s. f. hypocrisy.

**Hypócrita**, s. m. a hypocrite.

**Hypocritón**, s. m. a great hypocrite.

**Hypostásis**, s. f. a theological term which means a person or supposition.

**Hypostáticamente**, adv. hypostatically.

**Hypostático**, adj. hypostatic.

**Hypotenusa**, s. f. the hypotenuse; the line that subtends the right angle of a right-angled triangle; the subtense.

**Hypotheça**, s. f. a pledge, security given in contracts or bargains generally consisting in a real estate; a mortgage.

**Hypothecar**, v. a. to make a mortgage.

**Hypothecario**, adj. belonging to a mortgage or pledge.

**Hypothesis**, s. f. a supposition, a system formed upon some principles not proved; an argument to dispute on.

**Hypothético**, adj. conditional, suppository.

**Hypotiposis**, s. f. a rhetorical figure so called.

**Hyssopáda**, s. f. the act of sprinkling with the *hyssopo*.

**Hysopear**, v. a. to sprinkle with the *hyssop*.

**Hyssopillo**, s. m. diminutive of *hyssope*.

**Hyssopo**, s. m. hyssop, a plant so called.—*Hyssopo*, s. m. a machine used in Roman Catholic churches to sprinkle about the holy water.



**I** the ninth letter in the alphabet, and the third vowel.—*I* alone, by way of abbreviation, signifies *ilustrísimo*, most illustrious.—*I* vowel, in Spanish, pronounced as we pronounce it in the words *hill*, *history*, &c. not as in *hide*, *tide*, or the like.

**Iberia**, s. f. one of the ancient names of Spain.

**Ibis**, s. f. a bird so called.

**Ícaco**, s. m. a kind of sloe, or wild plum-tree.

**Ichnéumon**, s. m. a rat of Egypt.

**Ichnographía**, s. f. *ichnography*; the plan of any structure; the draught of it on the ground.

**Ichnográfico**, adj. belonging to a ground-plot.

**Ichór**, s. m. the smallest and thinnest sort of humour flowing from sores, &c.

**Iconología**, s. f. the art of representing any appearance of life by engraving.

**Ictericia**, s. f. the yellow jaundice.

**Ictericiado**, adj. that has the yellow jaundice.

**Ictericiado**, da. p. p. from *Ictericiar*.

**Ictérico**, adj. belonging to the yellow jaundice.

**Ída**, s. f. a going or departure.—Prov. *La ida del cuervo*, the going of the crow; that is, going never to return again.—*Ídas en casa de uno*, frequent visits.

**Ídea**, s. f. *idea*, notion, conception of any thing; a plan of any thing.—*Ídea*, project, scheme, design.—*Ideas Platónicas*, Platonic ideas; notions or conceptions too refined.

**Ideal**, adj. of, or belonging to ideas.—*Ideal*, mental, intellectual.

**Idealmente**, adv. in idea or conception, ideally, mentally, intellectually.

**Idear**, v. a. to form ideas or notions, to conceive any thing in the mind.—*Andar ideando*, to talk vainly.

**Ídem**, adv. the same.

**Ídéntico**, adj. identical, that has the same substance, implying the same thing.

**Ídentidad**, s. f. identity, the

very same being.

**Identificar**, v. a. to make things of the same substance.

**Idioma**, s. m. an idiom, the proper or peculiar manner of speech or language of any nation.

**Idiopathía**, s. f. *idiopathy*, a primary disease, that neither depends on, nor proceeds from another.

**Idiota**, s. m. an idiot, an unlearned person, a fool.

**Idiotés**, adj. of, or belonging to the propriety of any thing.

**Idiotéz**, s. f. ignorance, idiotism.

**Idiotismo**, s. m. ignorance, idiotism.—*Idiotismo*, s. m. in grammar, a propriety of speech out of common rules.

**Ídolatra**, s. m. an idolater; also one who loves to adoration.

**Ídolatrado**, **Ídolatrada**, p. p. from *Ídolatrar*.

**Ídolatrar**, v. a. to commit idolatry, to idolatrise; also to love to adoration.

**Ídolatría**, s. f. idolatry.

**Ídólico**, s. m. diminutive of *ídolo*.

**Ídolismo**, s. m. idolatry.

**Ídolo**, s. m. an idol.

**Ídoneidad**, s. f. aptitude or fitness of any thing.

**Ídoneo**, adj. fit, apt, capable.

**Ídus**, s. m. the ides of every month; a term anciently used among the Romans.

**Ídílio**, s. m. a little poem or copy of verses on a pastoral subject.

**Iglesia**, s. f. a church, a congregation of Christians.—*Iglesia catedral*, a cathedral church or bishop's see.—*Iglesia collegial*, a collegiate church, which has a dean and prebends.—*Iglesia parroquial*, a parish church.—*Iglesia rural*, a church that stands alone in the country.—*Ser de la Iglesia*, to be a clergyman.—*No le vale la Iglesia*, the privilege of the church will not avail him.—*Iglesia me llamo*, my name is Church. This is the answer given by those who have taken sanctuary in the church, when they are asked any questions.

—Prov. *Quien quiere medrar, iglesia, ó mar, ó casa real*, he

that will thrive must follow the church, the sea, or the king's service.

**Ignáreo**, adj. ignorant.

**Ignávia**, s. f. idleness, sloth.

**Ignéo**, adj. belonging to fire.

**Ignición**, s. f. a term of chemistry; the application of fire to the materials, and its operation.

**Ignífero**, adj. that has fire, emitting fire.

**Ignipotente**, adj. hot or powerful in fire.

**Ignito**, adj. that has fire.

**Ignívomo**, adj. that vomits out fire.

**Ignominia**, s. f. reproach, shame, disgrace, ignominy.

**Ignominiosamente**, adv. infamously, ignominiously.

**Ignominioso**, adj. ignominious, reproachful, shameful.

**Ignoración**, s. f. ignorance, stupidity.

**Ignorancia**, s. f. ignorance.—*Ignorancia*, s. f. unconsciousness of any fact.

**Ignorante**, adj. ignorant.

**Ignorantemente**, adv. ignorantly.

**Ignorar**, v. a. to be ignorant, not to know.

**Ígnoto**, adj. unknown.

**Igreja**, s. f. (obs.) a church.

**Iguál**, adj. equal; even, level; also constant.—*La muger sea igual, ó mejor si quieres ser señor*; *cl quieres bien casar, casa con tu igual*, ref. your wife ought to be equal to you if you will be a lord; if you wish to marry well, marry a woman equal to you.—*Quedar, ó dexar á todos iguales*, f. to be equal to every one in their pretensions; that is, to refuse them to all.

**Iguála**, s. f. a contract or agreement made in buying or selling.

**Igualación**, s. f. the making any thing equal.

**Igualador**, s. m. one that makes things even.

**Igualar**, v. a. to make equal.—*Iguálarse con otro*, v. r. to stand in competition, and make one's self equal to another.—*Igualar mercaderío*, to bargain and agree for a commodity.

**Igualdad**, s. f. equality.

Igualménte, adv. equally.  
 Igúana, s. f. so they call the alligators in some parts of the West Indies.  
 Jada, s. f. the flank.—*Mal de jada*, the cholick, a pain in the flank.—*Tener su jda*, to have a blind side.—*La da de pescado*, the belly-piece of a fish.  
 Jadar, v. n. to pant as a horse does after running.  
 Jares, s. m. the flanks of any beast.  
 Nacion, s. f. inferéce.  
 Ilápsó, s. m. (obs.) a fall.  
 Illecebra, s. f. enticement, allurements.  
 Ilegal, adj. illegal, unlawful.  
 Ilegalidad, s. f. unlawfulness.  
 Ilegalmente, adv. unlawfully, illegally.  
 Ilegitimamente, adv. unlawfully.  
 Ilegitimidad, s. f. illegitimacy.  
 Ilegítimo, adj. illegal, unlawful; unlawfully begotten, not begotten in wedlock.  
 Ilésó, adj. unhurt.  
 Ilíaco, adj. cholick.  
 Ilícitamente, adv. illegally, unlawfully.  
 Ilícito, adj. unlawfully.  
 Ilimitado, adj. unlimited, without bounds.  
 Ilíón, s. m. one of the intestines so called.  
 Iluminación, s. f. illuminating, lighting. Also colouring of prints, adorning with leaf or shell-gold, or silver.  
 Iluminador, s. m. one that colours prints, or adorns them with leaf or shell gold or silver; also one who gives light, an illuminator.  
 Iluminar, v. a. to colour prints, to adorn them with leaf or shell-gold or silver; to illuminate, to lighten.  
 Iluminativo, adj. illuminative, having the power of giving light.  
 Ilusión, s. f. false apparition or representation; a deceit.  
 Ilusivo, adj. illusive, false, deceitful.  
 Iluso, adj. deceived, false.  
 Ilusó, s. m. one who deceives.  
 Ilustre, adj. that can cheat.  
 Ilustración, s. f. illustration, explanation, exposition, elucidation; also light.  
 Ilustrado, adj. made famous, remarkable.  
 Ilustrador, s. m. he that extols or magnifies.

Ilustrar, v. a. to illustrate, to make famous, remarkable, or conspicuous.  
 Ilústre, adj. illustrious, famous, honourable, noble.  
 Ilustreménte, adv. illustriously.  
 Ilustréza, s. f. (obs.) the quality that makes illustrious.  
 Ilustrísima, s. f. a title given in Spain to the bishops, &c.  
 Imagen, s. f. an image.—*Imagen celeste*, a constellation.  
 Imaginable, adj. imaginable.  
 Imaginación, s. f. the imagination.—*No me pasa por la imaginación*, I have no such thought.  
 Imaginar, v. n. to imagine, to conceive, to fancy, to paint in the mind; also to scheme, to contrive.  
 Imaginariamente, adv. in imagination.  
 Imaginario, adj. that may be imagined.—*Imaginario*, s. m. a statuary, one that makes images or statues.  
 Imaginativa, s. f. the power or faculty of thinking, or of forming ideal pictures; the fancy.  
 Imaginativo, adj. thoughtful, pensive.  
 Imagineria, s. f. imagery, work of images.  
 Imaginero, s. m. a carver, an image maker.  
 Imagineta, s. f. a little picture or image.  
 Imán, s. m. the load-stone, the stone that attracts iron.  
 Imbecil, adj. weak, frail.  
 Imbecilidad, s. f. weakness of either mind or body.  
 Imbecilmente, adv. weakly.  
 Imbele, adj. not warlike, not fit for war, weak.  
 Inbiérno, s. m. vide Invierno.  
 Inbórnales, s. m. pl. vide Embornales.  
 Imbuido, Imbuida, p. p. from Imbuir.  
 Imbuir, v. a. to instruct, to furnish, to season, to handse.  
 Imitable, adj. that can be imitated.  
 Imitación, s. f. imitation.  
 Imitador, s. m. one that imitates others.  
 Imitar, v. a. to imitate, to endeavour to resemble.  
 Immaculado, adj. immaculated, unspotted.  
 Inmaduro, adj. unripe, immature.  
 Inmanejable, adj. intractable, that cannot be managed.

Immanente, adj. unchangeable, unalterable.  
 Immarcesible, adj. unperishable, that will not fade, perish, or decay.  
 Immaterial, adj. immaterial.  
 Inmaduro, adj. unripe, immature.  
 Immediación, s. f. mediation.  
 Inmediatamente, adv. immediately, directly, presently.  
 Inmediato, adj. presently, immediately.  
 Inmediato, adj. near, immediate.  
 Inmemorable, adj. that cannot be remembered.  
 Inmemorablemente, adv. out of mind.  
 Inmemorial, adj. beyond memory, immemorial.  
 Inmensamente, adv. immensely, largely.  
 Inmensidad, s. f. immensity, unmeasurableness.  
 Inmenso, adj. immense, vast, unmeasurable.  
 Inmensurable, adj. that cannot be measured.  
 Inmérito, adj. undeserved.  
 Inmersión, s. f. a sinking in water.  
 Inminente, adj. at hand, imminent, approaching.  
 Immobile, adj. immovable.  
 Inmóvil, adj. immovable, not to be moved.  
 Inmóvilidad, s. f. immovableness.  
 Inmóvilmente, adv. immovably.  
 Inmóble, adj. that cannot be moved.  
 Immoderación, s. f. immoderation, out of measure, excess.  
 Immoderadamente, s. f. immoderately.  
 Immoderado, adj. immoderate, excessive, exceeding the due mean.  
 Immodestamente, adv. immodestly.  
 Immodestia, s. f. immodestly.  
 Immodesto, adj. immodest, unchaste, impure, obscene.  
 Immodico, adj. superfluous.  
 Inmolación, s. f. immolation, sacrifice.  
 Inmolador, s. m. a sacrificer.  
 Inmolár, v. a. to sacrifice.  
 Inmortal, adj. immortal.  
 Inmortalidad, s. f. immortality.  
 Inmortalizár, v. a. to immortalize, to make immortal, to perpetuate, to exempt from death.  
 Inmortalmente, adv. immortally.



- Immortificación, s. f.** want of moderation, unreasonableness, excess.
- Immortificado, adj.** not mortified, not subdued.
- Immóto, adj.** that cannot be moved, immoveable.
- Immovible, adj.** immoveable.
- Immoviblemente; adj.** immoveably.
- Immudable, adj.** immutable, unchangeable.
- Immundicia, s. f.** filth, dirt, uncleanness.
- Immundo, adj.** unclean, filthy.
- Imúne, adj.** exempt, free.
- Immunidad, s. f.** immunity, exemption, freedom, liberty.
- Immutabilidad, s. f.** immutability.
- Immutable, adj.** unchangeable.
- Immutación, s. f.** a change.
- Immutár, v. a.** to change, to alter.
- Impaciencia, s. f.** impatience, vehemence of temper, heat of passion; eagerness.
- Impacientár, v. n.** to lose one's patience.
- Impaciente, adj.** impatient, furious with pain, eager, ardently desirous, incapable to bear.
- Impacientemente, adv.** impatiently.
- Impácto, adj.** dashed, beaten against, driven, thrust, put into.
- Impalpable, impalpable, not to be felt.**
- Impár, adj.** odd, uneven, unequal.
- Imparcial, adj.** impartial, equitable, free from regard or party, indifferent, disinterested, equal in distribution of justice, just; also retired from society, not sociable.
- Imparcialmente, adv.** impartially.
- Imparcialidad, s. f.** impartiality.
- Impartible, adj.** that cannot be divided; inseparable.
- Impartir, v. a.** to impart, to give part to others, to make partaker of, to communicate, employ, bestow.
- Impasibilidad, s. m.** impassibility, the quality of not being able or subject to suffer.
- Impasible, adj.** impassible, that cannot suffer.
- Impasiblemente, adv.** impassibly.
- Impavidamente, adv.** undauntedly.
- Impávido, adj.** undaunted.
- Impeccabilidad, s. f.** impeccability.
- Impeccable, adj.** that cannot sin.
- Impedimiento, s. m.** impediment, hindrance, impeachment, obstruction, opposition.
- Impedimento, s. m.** hindrance, obstruction, impediment.
- Impedir, v. a.** to hinder, to obstruct.
- Impeditivo, adj.** that can hinder, obstruct, embarrass.
- Impelér, v. a.** to force, to thrust on, to urge, to compel.
- Impenetrabilidad, s. f.** impenetrability, the quality of not being liable to be pierced.
- Impenetrable, adj.** impenetrable, not to be pierced.
- Impenetrablemente, adv.** impenetrably.
- Impenitencia, s. f.** impenitence, obduracy, want of remorse for crimes, final disregard of God's threatenings or mercy.
- Impenitente, adj.** impenitent.
- Impensadamente, adv.** unexpectedly.
- Impensado, adj.** unexpected, unthought of.
- Imperante, adj.** ruling, reigning, commanding.
- Imperár, v. n.** to reign, to sway, to command.
- Imperativo, adj.** commanding; also the imperative mood.
- Imperatório, s. f.** a plant called master-wort.
- Imperatório, adj.** of, or belonging to an emperor.
- Imperceptibilidad, s. f.** imperceptibility, the quality of not being perceivable.
- Imperceptible, adj.** imperceptible, not to be perceived.
- Imperceptiblemente, adv.** imperceptibly.
- Imperfección, s. f.** imperfection.
- Impeífcto, adj.** imperfect.
- Imperial, adj.** imperial.—*Imperiales*, s. f. pl. a kind of powder, buskins of coarse cloth.
- Impericia, s. f.** unskilfulness.
- Império, s. m.** empire, sovereignty.
- Imperiosamente, adv.** imperiously, haughtily.
- Imperioso, adj.** imperious, haughty.
- Imperitamente, adv.** unskilfully.
- Imperito, adj.** unskilful.
- Imperscrutable, adj.** that cannot be penetrated.
- Impersonal, adj.** impersonal, that has no person.
- Impersonalmente, adv.** impersonally.
- Impersuasible, adj.** that cannot be persuaded.
- Impertérrito, adj.** undaunted, fearless.
- Impertinencia, s. f.** impertinence, that which has not relation to the matter in hand; also folly, rambling thought; also plaguing and molesting with incessant solicitation.
- Impertinente, adj.** impertinent; also importunate, meddling, trifling.
- Impertinentemente, adv.** impertinently.
- Imperturbable, adj.** that can be disturbed.
- Impérvio, adj.** inaccessible.
- Impetra, s. f.** some concession obtained in law, so called.
- Impetrable, adj.** that may be obtained.
- Impetración, s. f.** obtaining, getting by intreaty.
- Impetrár, v. n.** to obtain, to give by intreaty.
- Impetu, s. m.** force, violence, vehemence.
- Impetuosamente, adv.** impetuously, violently.
- Impetuosidad, s. f.** impetuosity, forcefulness.
- Impetuoso, adj.** impetuous, forcible, violent, vehement.
- Impiamente, adv.** wickedly, impiously, ungodly.
- Impiedad, s. f.** impiety, ungodliness, wickedness.
- Impio, adj.** impious, ungodly, wicked.
- Impiréo, adj.** vide Empireo.
- Implacabilidad, s. f.** implacableness.
- Implacable, adj.** implacable, not to be appeased.
- Implacablemente, adv.** implacably.
- Implaticable, adj.** that is not to be spoken of; impracticable.
- Implicación, s. f.** implying; also intangling, perplexing.
- Implicancia, s. f.** entangling, perplexing.
- Implicar, v. a.** to imply; also to intangle, to perplex.
- Implicidad, s. f.** implicitness, implication; also intangling or perplexing.
- Implicítamente, adv.** implicitly.
- Implicito, adj.** implicit, intangled, intricate.

**Imploración, s. f.** an imploring, or entreating.

**Implorador, a. m.** one who implores or entreats.

**Implorar, v. a.** to implore, to intreat.

**Implume, adj.** unfeathered.

**Impoluto, adj.** free of any stain, not polluted.

**Imponderable, adj.** that cannot be enlarged, amplified, augmented.

**Imponer, v. a.** to impose, to lay upon, to put on; to accuse; to teach, or instruct.

**Importable, adj. (obs.)** that cannot be borne or tolerated.

**Importancia, s. f.** importance, moment, weight.

**Importante, adj.** important, of moment, of weight.

**Importantemente, adv.** importantly.

**Importar, v. imp.** to be of importance, moment, or weight; also to amount in casting accounts.

**Importunación, s. f.** importuning.

**Importunadamente, adv.** out of season, importunately.

**Importunamente, adv.** importunately.

**Importunar, v. a.** to importune, to sue earnestly, to press hard.

**Importunidad, s. f.** importunity.

**Importuno, adj.** importune, troublesome, vexatious; also unseasonable.

**Imposición, s. f.** an imposition, a tax.

**Imposibilidad, s. f.** impossibility.

**Imposibilitar, v. a.** to disable, to make impossible.

**Imposible, adj.** impossible.

**Imposiblemente, adv.** impossibility.

**Impostas, s. f. pl.** that part of a pillar in vaults and arches, on which the weight of the whole building lyeth.

**Impostor, s. m.** an impostor.

**Impostura, s. f.** deceit, fraud, juggle, or imposition, imposture.

**Impotencia, s. f.** impotence, weakness, want of ability.

**Impotente, adj.** impotent, weak.

**Impotentemente, adv.** impotently, weakly.

**Impracticable, adj.** impracticable.

**Imprecación, s. f.** imprecation, curse.

**Impregnación, s. f. (obs.)** impregnation, the act of admitting corpuscles in itself.

**Impregnar, v. a. (obs.)** to impregnate, or get with child.—*Impregnarse, v. r. (obs.)* to remain impregnated.

**Imprenta, s. f.** a printing-house; the art of printing.

**Imprescindible, adj.** that cannot be separated or divided.

**Imprescriptible, adj.** that is without prescription.

**Impresión, s. f.** an impression, the mark made by pressing one thing upon another; the impression of a book; an edition.

**Impresionar, v. a.** to make an impression, to persuade one.

**Impreso, p. p.** of *imprimir*.

**Impresor, s. m.** a printer.

**Imprestable, adj.** that cannot be lent.

**Imprimación, s. f.** the first drawing or sketch of painters.

**Imprimadera, s. f.** a tool used in printing canvass for the use of painters.

**Imprimar, v. a.** to put in order the cloth for painting on it.

**Imprimir, v. a.** to print, to imprint, to press on.

**Improbabilidad, s. f.** improbability.

**Improbable, adj.** improbable.

**Improbablemente, adv.** improbably.

**Improbar, v. a.** to reprove.

**Improbidad, s. f.** improbity, dishonesty.

**Improbo, adj.** naught, wicked.

**Impropiar, v. a.** to reproach, to upbraid.

**Impropio, s. m.** a reproach.

**Impropriamente, adv.** improperly.

**Impropriedad, s.** impropriety.

**Improprio, adj.** improper.

**Impróspero, adj.** unprosperous, unhappy, unfortunate.

**Improvidamente, adv.** improvidently.

**Impróvido, adj.** unprovided.

**Improvisamente, adv.** unexpectedly, suddenly, unawares.

**Improviso, adj.** unforeseen, unexpected.

**Imprudencia, s. f.** imprudence, indiscretion.

**Imprudente, adj.** imprudent, indiscreet.

**Imprudentemente, adv.** imprudently, indiscreetly.

**Impudencia, s. f.** impudence.

**Impudente, adj.** impudent.

**Impudentemente, adv.** impudently.

**Impudicamemente, adv.** immodestly, lewdly.

**Impudicia, s. f.** immodesty, lewdness.

**Impúdico, adj.** immodest, lewd.

**Impuesto, adj.** imposed, laid on, laid to a man's charge.

**Impugnación, s. f.** opposition.

**Impugnador, s. m.** impugner, opposer.

**Impugnar, v. a.** to impugn, to oppose.

**Impugnativo, adj.** that can oppose, that may be impugned.

**Impulsar, v. a.** to excite, to force, or push on.

**Impulsión, s. f.** an impelling, or pushing on, exciting.

**Impulsivo, adj.** that can be forced.

**Impulso, s. m.** impulse, natural inclination, propension.

**Impulsor, adj.** that excites or pushes on.

**Impune, adj.** unpunished.

**Impunemente, adv.** freely, without punishment.

**Impunidad, s. f.** impunity.

**Impunido, adj.** unpunished.

**Impuramente, adj.** impurely, uncleanly, foully, unchastely.

**Impureza, s. f.** impurity, foulness.

**Impuridad, s. f.** impurity, uncleanness, unchasteness.

**Impuro, adj.** impure, unclean, unchaste.

**Imputable, adj.** that can be imputed.

**Imputación, s. f.** imputation.

**Imputador, s. m.** he that imputes or lays to another's charge.

**Imputar, v. a.** to impute, to lay to one's charge.

**In, a particle** used in compounding of words which generally gives a contrary sense to the compounded words; as *capaz*, capable; *incapaz*, incapable.

**Inacabable, adj.** that cannot be finished.

**Inaccesibilidad, s. f.** want of access.

**Inaccesible, adj.** inaccessible.

**Inaccesiblemente, adv.** inaccessiblely.

**Inacceso, adj.** that cannot be approached.

**Inacción, s. f.** cessation of doing any thing, inaction.

**Inadvertencia, s. f.** inadvertency, heedlessness, inconsiderateness.

**Inadvertidamente, adv.** inconsiderately.

**Inadvertido, adj.** inconsiderate, rash, heedless.



**Inafectado**, adj. that is not affected.  
**Inagotable**, adj. that cannot be exhausted; incomprehensible.  
**Inaguantable**, adj. insufferable, not to be borne.  
**Inajenable**, adj. that cannot be alienated.  
**Inalienable**, adj. not to be alienated.  
**Inalterable**, adj. unchangeable, unalterable.  
**Inamisible**, adj. not to be lost.  
**Inane**, adj. empty, void, vain.  
**Inanición**, s. f. inanition, languor caused by want of food.  
**Inanimado**, adj. inanimate; that has no life nor soul.  
**Inaníme**, adj. inanimate, that has no life nor soul.  
**Inapagable**, adj. that cannot be quenched.  
**Inapécable**, adj. inconceivable, incomprehensible; that cannot dismount from the horse.  
**Inapelable**, adj. that cannot be appealed.  
**Inapetencia**, s. f. want of appetite.  
**Inapetente**, adj. that has no appetite.  
**Inaplicación**, s. f. misapplication.  
**Inaplicable**, adj. misapplied.  
**Inapreciable**, adj. inestimable, invaluable.  
**Inarticulado**, adj. inarticulated.  
**Inaudito**, adj. unheard of, strange.  
**Inauguración**, s. f. divining by the flight of birds; also inauguration, or investiture by solemn rites.  
**Inaugurar**, v. a. to conjecture, to divine, to foretell.  
**Inaveriguable**, adj. that cannot be averred or proved.  
**Incausable**, adj. that cannot be tired, indefatigable.  
**Incausablemente**, adv. indefatigably.  
**Incapacidad**, s. f. incapacity.  
**Incapaz**, adj. incapable.  
**Incardinación**, s. f. profit obtained by the government of any church.  
**Incarñado**, adj. incarnate, made flesh.  
**Incasable**, adj. incapable of marrying.  
**Incasto**, adj. dishonest, unchaste.  
**Incautamente**, adv. carelessly, uncircumspectly, incautiously, unwarily, heedlessly.

**Incauto**, adj. not wary, careless, not circumspect.  
**Incendiario**, s. m. an incendiary, one that sets houses on fire; (metaph.) one that raises tumults or broils, or sets folks together by the ears.  
**Incendio**, s. m. a conflagration, a great fire.  
**Incendioso**, adj. fiery, set on fire, full of fire.  
**Incensación**, s. f. the action of perfuming, as offering incense.  
**Incensar**, v. a. to perfume, as priests do the altars when they offer incense.  
**Incensurable**, adj. that cannot be censured.  
**Incensario**, s. m. a censor, a thurible.  
**Incentivo**, s. m. an incentive, that which excites or stirs up; also exciting, or stirring up.  
**Inceptor**, s. m. a beginner.  
**Incertidumbre**, } s. f. uncertainty.  
**Incertidumbre**, } taint.  
**Incesable**, adj. incessant, unceasing, unintermitted, continual.  
**Incesablemente**, } adv. incessantly.  
**Incesante**, }  
**Incesantemente**, }  
**Incésto**, s. m. incest, carnal copulation between kindred.  
**Incestuosamente**, adv. incestuously.  
**Incestuoso**, adj. incestuous.  
**Incidenia**, s. f. chance, casualty.  
**Incidente**, adj. incident.  
**Incidentemente**, adv. accidentally.  
**Incidir**, v. n. to happen, to fall out.  
**Incienso**, s. m. incense, perfumes exhaled by fire in honour of God; also, a reverence to adoration; flattery.  
**Inciertamente**, adv. uncertainly.  
**Incierto**, adj. uncertain.  
**Incineración**, s. f. the action of reducing any thing to ashes.  
**Incinerar**, v. a. to reduce to ashes.  
**Inciénte**, adj. beginning.  
**Incircumciso**, adj. uncircumcised.  
**Incircumscripto**, adj. uncircumscribed, boundless, unlimited.  
**Incisión**, s. f. an incision.  
**Incisivo**, adj. that can cut or divide.  
**Inciso**, adj. cut, carved; en-

graved; also cut or chopped off.  
**Incisorio**, adj. that can cut.  
**Incitador**, s. m. inciter, stirrer up.  
**Incitamiento**, s. m. inciting, stirring up.  
**Incitante**, adj. inciting, stirring up.  
**Incitar**, v. a. to incite, to stir up.  
**Incitativo**, adj. inciting, stirring up.  
**Inclemencia**, s. f. inclemency, unmercifulness.—*Expuesto a las inclemencias del cielo*, exposed to the inclemency of the air.  
**Inclemente**, adj. inclement, unmerciful.  
**Inclinación**, s. f. inclination; also bowing or inclining out of respect.  
**Inclinár**, v. a. to incline, to addict; also to bow, to bend.—*Inclinár la cabeza*, to bow the head in token of respect, or let it sink through weakness.—*Inclinarse la pared*, to incline and threaten ruin.—*Inclinarse a una parcialidad*, to incline or be affected to a party.  
**Incluir**, v. a. to include.  
**Inclúsa**, s. f. an hospital for foundlings.  
**Inclusión**, s. f. shutting, enclosing.  
**Inclusivamente**, adv. inclusively.  
**Inclusive**, adv. idem.  
**Inclúso**, p. p. included.  
**Inclýto**, adj. illustrious, famous renowned.  
**Incoár**, v. a. (obs.) to commence, to begin.  
**Incoativo**, adj. beginning.  
**Incohrable**, adj. irrecoverable, irretrievable.  
**Incognito**, adj. unknown.  
**Incognoscible**, adj. that cannot be known.  
**Incombustible**, adj. that cannot be burnt.  
**Incombústo**, adj. unburnt.  
**Incommerciabile**, adj. that cannot traffic or be in commerce.  
**Incommensurable**, that cannot be reckoned or measured.  
**Incommutable**, adj. that cannot be altered.  
**Incomodamente**, adv. inconveniently.  
**Incomodár**, v. a. to incommode, to disturb.  
**Incomodidad**, s. f. inconvenience, or disturbance.

**Incómodo**, adj. inconvenient, troublesome; subst. used, inconvenience, disturbance.  
**Incomparable**, incomparable.  
**Incomparablemente**, adv. incomparably.  
**Incomparado**, adj. uncomparated, unparalleled.  
**Incompartible**, adj. indivisible.  
**Incompasivo**, adj. wanting of compassion.  
**Incompatibilidad**, s. f. opposition, contrariety.  
**Incompatible**, adj. incompatible.  
**Incompatiblemente**, adv. incompatibly.  
**Incompetencia**, s. f. incompetency, unfitness.  
**Incompetente**, adj. incompetent, unfit, improper.  
**Incompetentemente**, adv. incompetently, unfitly.  
**Incomponible**, adj. that cannot be compounded.  
**Incomportable**, adj. unsufferable.  
**Incomposibilidad**, s. f. the difficulty of compounding one thing with another.  
**Incomprehensibilidad**, s. f. incomprehensibility.  
**Incomprehensible**, adj. incomprehensible.  
**Incompuesto**, adj. not compounded; disordered, undressed.  
**Incomunicable**, adj. incommunicable.  
**Inconveniente**, adj. disagreeing.  
**Inconcusamente**, adv. perpetually, unalterably.  
**Inconcuso**, adj. without dispute, doubt, or opposition.  
**Inconfidencia**, s. f. mistrust.  
**Inconfidente**, adj. mistrustful.  
**Incongruencia**, s. f. incongruity.  
**Incongruente**, adj. disagreeing.  
**Incongruentemente**, adv. disagreeably.  
**Incongruidad**, s. f. incongruity.  
**Incógruo**, adj. disagreeing, incongruous.  
**Inconexión**, s. f. want of conformity.  
**Inconexo**, adj. wanting conformity.  
**Inconocido**, adj. (obs.) unknown.  
**Inconquistable**, adj. unconquerable.  
**Inconsequencia**, s. f. inconsequence.  
**Inconsequente**, adj. inconsequent, not following from the premises.

**Inconsideración**, s. f. inconsiderateness, rashness.  
**Inconsideradamente**, adv. inconsiderately, rashly.  
**Inconsiderado**, adj. inconsiderate, rash.  
**Inconsiderancia**, s. f. (obs.) vide **Inconsideración**.  
**Inconsignuente**, adj. vide **Inconsequente**.  
**Inconsolable**, adj. inconsolable.  
**Inconsolablemente**, adv. inconsolably.  
**Inconstancia**, s. f. inconstancy.  
**Inconstante**, adj. inconstant.  
**Inconstantemente**, adv. inconstantly.  
**Inconsulto**, adj. foolish, rash, indiscreet, unadvised.  
**Inconsutil**, adj. that is done without seams.  
**Incontaminado**, adj. unpolluted, undefiled.  
**Incontextable**, that cannot be denied, incontestable.  
**Incontinencia**, s. f. incontinency, unchastity.  
**Incontinente**, adj. incontinent, unchaste.—**Incontinente**, adv. immediately.  
**Incontinentemente**, adv. incontinently, unchastely.  
**Incontrastable**, adj. firm, stable, not to be opposed or overturned.  
**Incontrovertible**, adj. not to be controverted, indisputable, undeniable.  
**Inconvencible**, adj. that cannot be persuaded.  
**Inconveniencia**, s. f. inconvenience.  
**Inconveniente**, adj. inconvenient.  
**Inconvenientemente**, adv. inconveniently.  
**Inconversable**, adj. intractable, unsociable.  
**Inconvertible**, adj. that cannot be controverted, out of all doubt, manifest.  
**Incórdio**, s. m. a venereal tumour.  
**Incorporación**, s. f. the act of incorporating.  
**Incorporal**, adj. incorporeal.  
**Incorporar**, v. a. to incorporate, to make or to receive into one body.—**Incorporarse**, v. n. to incorporate.  
**Incorporeidad**, s. f. having no body.  
**Incorporeo**, adj. incorporeal, that has no body.  
**Incorrectamente**, adv. incorrectly.

**Incorrécto**, adj. incorrect.  
**Incorregibilidad**, s. f. obstinacy, incorrigibleness.  
**Incorregible**, adj. incorrigible.  
**Incorregiblemente**, adv. incorrigibly.  
**Incorrupción**, s. f. incorruption, exemption from corruption.  
**Incorruptibilidad**, s. f. incorruptibility.  
**Incorruptible**, adj. incorruptible.  
**Incorrupto**, adj. incorrupt, not corrupted.  
**Incrasar**, v. n. a physical term: to ripen, to draw to a head.  
**Increado**, adj. uncreated.  
**Incredibilidad**, s. f. incredibility.  
**Incredulidad**, s. f. incredulity.  
**Incrédulo**, adj. incredulous.  
**Increible**, adj. incredible, not to be believed.  
**Increiblemente**, adv. incredibly.  
**Incremento**, s. m. increase, augmentation.  
**Increpación**, s. f. rebuke, chiding, reproving.  
**Increpár**, v. a. to rebuke, to reprove.  
**Incruento**, adj. without blood.  
**Incrustación**, s. f. pargetting, rough casting.  
**Incrustar**, v. n. to make rough casting or pargetting.  
**Incubo**, s. m. a devil or evil spirit, which is said to take human form, and have to do with woman; also the night mare.  
**Inculcár**, v. a. to inculcate.  
**Inculpable**, adj. blameless.  
**Inculpablemente**, adj. blamelessly.  
**Inculpado**, adj. blameless.  
**Incultamente**, adj. without ornament or dress.  
**Incultivable**, adj. not to be cultivated, not susceptible of cultivation.  
**Inculto**, adj. unpolished, undressed, not adorned.  
**Incultura**, s. f. negligence, want of care, also ground uncultivated.  
**Incumbencia**, s. f. reliance upon.  
**Incumbér**, v. n. to belong, to be one's duty to do something.  
**Incurable**, adj. incurable.  
**Incúria**, s. f. negligence.  
**Incurioso**, adj. not curious.  
**Incurrir**, v. a. to incur; also to become liable to punishment or reprehension.  
**Incurción**, s. f. an incursion.  
**Incúrso**, p. p. of *Incurrir*.



- curso*, s. m. the charge or falling on of an enemy.
- Incusar*, v. a. (obs.) to accuse, to blame.
- Indable*, that cannot be given.
- Indagacion*, s. f. a searching, or seeking out.
- Indagar*, v. a. to search out, to inquire into.
- Indebidamente*, adv. unlawfully.
- Indebido*, adj. not due.
- Indecencia*, s. f. indecency.
- Indecente*, adj. indecent.
- Indecentemente*, adv. indecently.
- Indecible*, adj. that cannot be said, not explained.
- Indeciblemente*, adv. so as it cannot be expressed.
- Indecisamente*, adv. irresolutely.
- Indecision*, s. f. want of resolution, determination, or decision.
- Indeciso*, adj. not decided, not resolved.
- Indeclinable*, adj. not to be declined.
- Indecoro*, s. m. irreverence, want of decorum.
- Indecorosamente*, adv. indecently, irreverently.
- Indecoroso*, adj. that is irreverent, indecent.
- Indefenso*, adv. undefended.
- Indefeso*, adj. indefatigable, not to be tired.
- Indeficiente*, adj. that cannot fail.
- Indefinible*, adj. that cannot be defined.
- Indefinido*, adj. undefined.
- Indeible*, adj. not to be effaced, not to be blotted.
- Indeiblemente*, adv. so as it cannot be blotted out.
- Indeliberacion*, s. f. inadvertency.
- Indeliberadamente*, adv. inadvertently.
- Indeliberado*, adj. careless, rash, precipitate, without deliberation.
- Indemne*, adj. indemnity.
- Indemnidad*, s. f. indemnity.
- Indemnizar*, v. a. to save from damage or loss.
- Independencia*, s. f. independence.
- Independente*, adj. independent.
- Independientemente*, adv. independently.
- Indeterminable*, adj. not to be determined, or decided.
- Indeterminación*, s. f. want of decision, or determination.
- Indeterminadamente*, adv. without resolution, or determination.
- Indeterminado*, adj. undecided, not resolved.
- Indevoción*, s. f. want of devotion.
- Indevoto*, adj. devout.
- Index*, s. m. a discoverer, a shewer; an index; also the fore-finger.
- Indicacion*, s. f. declaration, pointing out, showing.
- Indicar*, v. a. to show, point at, or declare.
- Indicativo*, adj. that shews.
- Indiccion*, s. f. vide *Indiccion*.
- Indice*, s. m. discovery, token, mark; also the needle of a dial.
- Indiciador*, s. m. one who gives a proof.
- Indiciar*, v. a. to give a token, proof, or sign.
- Indicio*, s. m. a token, a circumstantial proof.
- Indiccion*, s. f. an indiction, a term of fifteen years. It is also a tax, and the imposing or authorizing that tax.
- Indico*, s. m. indigo.
- Indietro*, adj. that is not dextrous.
- Indiferencia*, s. f. indifference.
- Indiferente*, adj. indifferent.
- Indiferentemente*, adv. indifferently.
- Indigencia*, s. f. indigence, want.
- Indigente*, indigent, poor.
- Indigestible*, adj. not to be digested.
- Indigestion*, s. f. indigestion, want of digesting well in the stomach.
- Indigesto*, adj. undigested; also hard of digestion.
- Indignation*, s. f. indignation, wrath.
- Indignamente*, adv. unworthily.
- Indignar*, v. a. to offend, to provoke, to make one angry.—*Indignarse*, v. r. to be provoked, to be offended.
- Indignidad*, s. f. unworthiness, indignity.
- Indigno*, adj. unworthy.
- Indiligencia*, s. f. want of diligence, negligence, carelessness.
- Indirecta*, s. f. an indirect manner of speaking.
- Indirectamente*, adv. indirectly.
- Indirecto*, adj. indirect, out of course, dishonest.
- Indisciplinable*, adj. that cannot be disciplined.
- Indisciplinado*, adj. undisciplined.
- Indiscrecion*, s. f. indiscretion, want of judgment, foolish act.
- Indiscretamente*, adv. indiscreetly.
- Indiscreto*, adj. indiscreet.
- Indisculpable*, adj. culpable, void of an excuse.
- Indispensable*, adj. indispensable, not to be dispensed with.
- Indispensablemente*, adv. indispensably.
- Indisponer*, v. a. to indispose, to put out of order.
- Indisposicion*, s. f. indisposition, sickness.
- Indispuesto*, adj. indisposed, not well.
- Indisputable*, adj. indisputable.
- Indisputablemente*, adv. indisputably.
- Indisoluble*, adj. indissoluble, not to be dissolved.
- Indisolublemente*, adv. indissolubly.
- Indistintamente*, adv. undistinctly.
- Indistinto*, adj. undistinct.
- Indistribuido*, adj. undistributed.
- Individuacion*, s. f. the explanation of any thing with all its circumstances.
- Individual*, adj. individual.
- Individualidad*, s. f. vide *Individuacion*.
- Individualmente*, adv. individually.
- Individuar*, v. a. to treat of any thing in particular.
- Individuo*, s. m. an individual.
- Individuo*, adj. individual, that cannot be divided.
- Indivisible*, adj. that cannot be divided.
- Indiviso*, adj. undivided.
- Indocil*, adj. dull, hard to learn.
- Indocilidad*, s. f. unwillingness to learn.
- Indoctamente*, adv. unlearnedly.
- Indocto*, adj. unlearned.
- Indole*, s. f. disposition, genius, natural propensity.
- Indolencia*, s. f. indolence, carelessness, sloth, feeling no pain.
- Indolente*, adj. insensible of pain or affliction.
- Indomable*, adj. untameable.

**Indomablemēte**, adj. untamably.

**Indomitamēte**, adv. untamedly, sincerely.

**Indómito**, adj. untamed, fierce, wild.

**Indomesticable**, adj. that cannot be tamed.

**Indoméstico**, adj. fierce, intractable, untamed.

**Indotación**, s. f. want of dowry or portion.

**Indóto**, adj. vide *Indocto*.

**Indubitable**, adj. not to be doubted of, undoubted.

**Indubitamēte**, adv. undoubtedly.

**Indubitadamēte**, adv. idem.

**Indubitado**, adj. manifest, clear, undoubted, evident.

**Inducción**, s. f. induction, persuasion.

**Indúcia**, s. f. (obs.) a truce.

**Inducidór**, s. m. f. he that induces or persuades.

**Inducimēto**, s. m. inducement, persuasion.

**Inducir**, v. n. to induce, to persuade, to prevail upon.

**Inductivo**, adj. that has the power to persuade, or induce.

**Indulgēcia**, s. f. indulgence, pardon.

**Indulgēte**, adj. indulgent, favourable.

**Indulgētemēte**, adv. indulgently.

**Indultár**, v. a. to pardon.

**Indúlto**, p. p. suffered, pardoned.—*Indulto*, s. m. pardon granted by a superior; a grant, a duty or impost.

**Indumēto**, s. m. garment, vesture, apparel, attire.

**Indústria**, s. f. industry.—*Hacer una cosa de industria*, to do a thing on purpose or designedly.

**Industriál**, adj. belonging to industry.

**Industriár**, v. a. to instruct.

**Industriosamēte**, adv. industriously.

**Industrioso**, adj. industrious, diligent, laborious; also ingenious.

**Inebriár**, v. a. to intoxicate, to make drunk.—*Inebriarse*, v. r. to grow drunk, to be intoxicated; also to be affected by any violent commotion of the mind.

**Inedia**, s. f. hunger, lack of meat.

**Inefabilidad**, s. f. what cannot be expressed, ineffability, unspeakableness.

**Inefable**, adj. ineffable, unspeakable.

**Inefablemēte**, adv. ineffably, unspeakably.

**Ineficacia**, s. f. inefficacy, want of power.

**Ineficáz**, adj. wanting efficacy, of no force, or strength.

**Inegualdad**, s. f. (obs.) inequality.

**Inenarrable**, adj. not to be related.

**Inepcia**, s. f. unaptness, folly, impertinence.

**Ineptamēte**, adv. unaptly, foolishly, impertinently.

**Ineptitud**, s. f. unaptness.

**Inépto**, adj. unapt, foolish, impertinent.

**Inercia**, s. f. sloth, idleness.

**Inérme**, adj. unarmed.

**Inerrante**, adj. fixed, immoveable.

**Inérte**, adj. ignorant, wanting art, or skill; also slothful, dull, spiritless.

**Inescrutable**, } adj. unsearch-

**Inescrutáble**, } able, past finding out.

**Inesperadamēte**, adv. unexpectedly.

**Inesperado**, adj. unexpected.

**Inestimabilidad**, s. f. any thing that cannot be esteemed.

**Inestimáble**, adj. inestimable, too valuable to be rated, transcending all price.

**Inevitable**, adj. inevitable, not to be shunned.

**Inevitablemēte**, adv. inevitably.

**Inexcusable**, adj. excusable, not to be excused; also necessary, needful.

**Inexcusablemēte**, adv. excusably; also necessarily, indispensably.

**Exhausto**, adj. not exhausted, or not to be exhausted.

**Inexistēcia**, s. f. the existence of one thing which is united with another thing.

**Inexistēte**, adj. that exists united with another.

**Inexorable**, adj. inexorable, not to be won by prayer or entreaty.

**Inexperto**, adj. unexperienced.

**Inexpiable**, adj. that cannot be expiated, satisfied, or pardoned.

**Inexplicable**, adj. not to be explicated, or explained.

**Inexpugnable**, adj. impregnable.

**Extinguible**, adj. unquenchable.

**Inextricable**, adj. that cannot be extricated, cleared, or disengaged.

**Infacundo**, adj. not eloquent, rude of speech.

**Infalibilidad**, s. f. infallibility.

**Infalible**, adj. infallible, certain, incapable of mistake.

**Infaliblemēte**, adv. infallibly, certainly.

**Infamación**, s. f. defamation, abuse of any one's character.

**Infamador**, s. m. a defamer.

**Infamár**, v. a. to defame, to censure publicly.

**Infamativo**, adj. that can defame or detract.

**Infamatorio**, adj. defaming.

**Infame**, adj. infamous.

**Infamemēte**, adv. infamously.

**Infamia**, s. f. infamy.

**Infancia**, s. f. infancy.

**Infancino**, s. m. oil of green olives.

**Infando**, adj. so wicked, villainous, or profane, as not fit to be spoken.

**Infanta**, s. f. a king's daughter; they are called *infantas*, except the eldest, if she be heiress, who is called *princesa*, princess.

**Infantado**, } s. m. the title and  
**Infantazgo** } dignity of an *infante* or *infanta*.

**Infante**, s. m. the title by which all the king's sons are called, except the eldest, who is called *príncipe*, prince. It also signifies a foot-soldier, and formerly a child.

**Infanteria**, s. f. the infantry, the foot of an army.

**Infanticida**, s. m. one who kills infants.

**Infanticidio**, s. m. the murder of infants.

**Infanzón**, s. m. (obs.) a man of a great estate, a good family, and lord of manors.

**Infanzonado**, adj. belonging to *infanzón*.

**Infatigable**, adv. indefatigable, not to be tired.

**Infatigablemēte**, adv. indefatigably.

**Infatuar**, v. n. to grow foolish, simple.

**Infelizmente**, adv. unhappily.

**Infestado**, unfortunate, unhappy.

**Infección**, s. f. infection, contagion, mischief; by commutation.

**Infectár**, v. a. to infect.



infecto, adj. infected.  
 infecundidad, s. f. unfruitfulness.  
 infecundo, adj. unfruitful.  
 infelice, adj. unhappy.  
 infelicidad, s. f. unhappiness.  
 infeliz, adj. unhappy, unfortunate.  
 infelizmente, adv. unhappily.  
 inferencia, s. f. inference, consequence.  
 inferior, adj. inferior, lower, meaner.  
 inferioridad, s. f. inferiority.  
 inferiormente, adv. inferiorly.  
 inferir, v. a. to infer, to reduce a consequence.  
 infernáculo, s. m. a play among children so called.  
 infernado, adj. made hellish.  
 infernal, adj. infernal, hellish.  
 infernár, v. a. to cast in hell.  
 infestación, s. f. infesting, annoying.  
 infestar, v. a. to infest, to annoy.  
 infesto, adj. offensive, troublesome, annoying, hostile.  
 intubulación, s. f. a sewing or binding up a wound. Used by surgeons.  
 infección, s. f. (obs.) infection.  
 infectuar, v. a. to infect.  
 infidelidad, s. f. infidelity.  
 infiel, adj. unfaithful, infidel.  
 infielmente, adv. unfaithfully.  
 infierno, s. m. hell. In religious houses, where they do not eat meat, they call the chamber where servants or strangers eat it *inferno*.—*Infierno*, s. m. grave, sepulchre.  
 infimo, adj. lowest, meanest, basest.  
 infinitad, s. f. infinity, vast number or quantity.  
 infinitamente, adv. infinitely.  
 infinitivo, s. m. the infinitive mood among grammarians.  
 infinito, adv. infinitely.—*Infinito*, adj. infinite, without bounds, unmeasurable, numberless.  
 infinita, s. f. (obs.) a feint.  
 infinitosamente, adv. (obs.) with dissimulation.  
 infintoso, adj. (obs.) feigning, not acting truly.  
 infirmar, v. a. (obs.) to weaken, to enfeeble, to lessen an opinion of.  
 inflación, s. f. (obs.) swelling, puffing up.  
 inflamable, adj. that may be inflamed.  
 inflamación, s. f. inflammation.

inflamar, v. a. to inflame, to set on fire; to kindle desire, to fire with passion.  
 inflár, v. a. to blow up, to fill with wind; to puff up with pride.  
 inflexibilidad, s. f. inflexibility, stiffness, obstinacy.  
 inflexible, adj. inflexible, that will not bow.  
 inflexión, s. f. the act of bending or turning; also the modulation of the voice; in grammar, the variation of a noun or verb.  
 influencia, s. f. influence, persuasion, power of directing.  
 influir, v. a. to have an influence.  
 influjo, s. m. influence.  
 información, s. f. information, intelligence given, instruction; also strict examination.  
 informante, s. m. the informant, the deponent, he that gives an information.  
 informar, v. a. to inform; also to instruct, to acquaint.  
 informe, s. m. deformed, monstrous, misshapen.  
 informalidad, s. f. (obs.) deformity.  
 infortuna, s. f. (obs.) misfortune.  
 infortunadamente, adv. (obs.) unfortunately.  
 infortunado, adj. (obs.) unfortunate.  
 infortunio, s. m. misfortune.  
 infosura, s. f. repletion, surfeit, speaking of beasts.  
 infracción, s. f. a breaking any thing, breach, violation.  
 infractor, s. m. infringer.  
 infrascripto, adj. that is written beneath.  
 infracción, s. f. the rent which is paid to the lord of the manor.  
 infructífero, adj. unfruitful.  
 infructuosamente, adv. unfruitfully.  
 infructuoso, adj. unfruitful.  
 infulus, s. f. pl. an episcopal mitre, or a kind of covering for the head, which bishops and abbots of the Roman church wear on solemn occasions.  
 infundir, v. a. to infuse, to pour in; also to inspire into or with.  
 infusión, s. f. infusion.  
 infuso, adj. infused.  
 ingenerable, adj. that cannot be generated.  
 ingeniar, v. a. to contrive, to

design, to invent, to play the engineer.—*Ingeniarse*, v. r. to endeavour.  
 Ingeniería, s. f. a trap to catch birds.  
 Ingeniero, s. m. an engineer.  
 ingenio, s. m. wit, ingenuity; any manner of engine or invention; to perform that with ease, which before was difficult.—*Ingenio de azúcar*, a sugar-work; the mill and other necessities to get it from the cane.  
 Ingeniosamente, adv. ingeniously, wittily.  
 Ingeniosidad, s. f. ingeniousness, subtilty.  
 Ingenioso, adj. ingenious, witty.  
 ingenito, adj. unbegotten.  
 ingente, adj. vast, large, big.  
 ingenuamente, adv. ingenuously.  
 Ingenuidad, s. f. ingenuity; in law, natural liberty.  
 ingenuo, adj. real, sincere, ingenuous; in law, naturally free.  
 ingerir, v. a. vide *Inxerir*.  
 ingerirse, v. r. to intrude, to thrust one's self is.  
 ingle, s. f. the groin.  
 Inglete, s. m. a diagonal line.  
 inglosable, adj. that cannot be glossed or commented on.  
 ingobernable, adj. ungovernable.  
 Ingrataménte, adv. ungratefully.  
 Ingratitud, s. f. ingratitude.  
 Ingrato, adj. ungrateful.  
 ingrediente, s. m. an ingredient.  
 Ingresso, s. m. entering or going in, entrance.  
 ingumário, adj. (obs.) of, or belonging to the groin.  
 Ingustable, adj. (obs.) that has no taste.  
 inhabil, adj. unapt, unfit, incapable, unhandy.  
 inhabilidad, s. f. inability, unhandiness, incapacity.  
 inhabilitación, s. f. rendering unfit or incapable.  
 inhabilitar, v. a. to disable, to render unfit or incapable.  
 inhabitable, adv. not to be inhabited.  
 inhabitado, adj. not inhabited.  
 inherencia, s. f. the intimate reception of the accident into the substance.  
 inherente, adj. inherent.  
 inhibición, s. f. inhibition; prohibition.

**Inhibir, v. a.** to forbid, to prohibit; to inhibit.

**Inhibitorio, adj.** forbidden, withheld, stopped, stayed.

**Inhiesto, adj.** raised, reared up, standing upright, set up an end.

**Inhonestamente, adv.** basely, vilely, dishonestly, immodestly, indecently.

**Inhouesto, adj.** base, vile, dishonest, immodest, indecent.

**Inhospitable, adj.** inhospitable, harbourless, desert.

**Inhospital, adj.** inhospitable.

**Inhospitalidad, s. f.** inhospitality, rudeness to strangers, giving no entertainment.

**Inhumanamente, adv.** inhumanly, barbarously.

**Inhumanidad, s. f.** inhumanity, barbarity.

**Inhumano, adj.** inhuman, barbarous, cruel.

**Inicial, adj.** initial, beginning.

**Iniciár, v. a.** to initiate.

**Inimicicia, s. f.** enmity.

**Inimitable, adj.** that cannot be imitated.

**Inteligible, adj.** intelligible.

**Inteligible, adj.** unintelligible.

**Iniquamente, adv.** wickedly.

**Iniquidad, s. f.** iniquity, wickedness.

**Iníquo, adj.** wicked, unrighteous.

**Injúria, s. f.** injury, wrong; reproach, ill language.

**Injuriador, s. m.** one that injures, wrongs, or reproaches.

**Injuriar, v. a.** to injure, to wrong, to reproach.

**Injuriosamente, adv.** injuriously, wrongfully, reproachfully.

**Injurioso, adj.** injurious, wrongful, reproachful.

**Injustamente, adv.** unjustly.

**Injusticia, s. f.** injustice.

**Injusto, adj.** unjust.

**Inlegible, adj.** that cannot be read.

**Innacible, adj.** that cannot be borne.

**Innato, adj.** innate, unborn.

**Innavegable, adj.** that cannot be sailed on, innavigable.

**Innegable, adj.** that cannot be denied.

**Innoble, adj.** not noble.

**Innocencia, s. f.** innocence.

**Innocente, adj.** innocent.

**Innocentemente, adv.** innocently.

**Ignominado, adj.** that is not to be named.

**Innóto, adj.** not known.

**Innovación, s. f.** innovation.

**Innovador, s. f.** innovator.

**Innovár, v. a.** to innovate.

**Innumerable, adj.** that cannot be numbered, innumerable.

**Innúpto, adj.** unmarried.

**Inobediencia, s. f.** disobedience.

**Inobediénte, adj.** disobedience.

**Inobservancia, s. f.** the want of observat on, inadvertency.

**Inobservante, adj.** not observant.

**Inocencia, s. f.** innocence.

**Inocente, adj.** innocent, guiltless, harmless; also an infant, a fool.

**Inocentemente, adv.** innocently.

**Inoficioso, adj.** bequeathing more than the effects amount to; said of a will.

**Inope, adj.** poor.

**Inópia, s. f.** scarcity, want, poverty.

**Inopinable, adj.** unexpected, unawares, sudden, also that is not admitted as an opinion.

**Inopinadamente, adv.** unexpectedly.

**Inopinado, adj.** unexpected, not thought of.

**Inordenado, adj.** without order.

**Inórme, adj.** vide Enorme.

**Inormemente, adv.** heinously.

**Inquietación, s. f.** uneasiness, inquietude.

**Inquietador, s. m.** disturber.

**Inquietamente, adv.** unequely, turbulently.

**Inquietar, v. a.** to disquiet, to disturb.

**Inquieto, adj.** unquiet, restless, turbulent.

**Inquietud, s. f.** unquietness, restlessness.

**Inquilino, s. m.** a tenant of a house; one who is in possession of any thing in the name of another.

**Inquina, s. f.** corruption.

**Inquiridór, s. m.** an enquirer.

**Inquirir, v. a.** to enquire.

**Inquisición, s. f.** inquisition, search, enquiry.—*Hacer inquisición*, to burn useless papers or any other thing.

**Inquisidor, s. m.** an inquisitor, one that has an employment in the inquisition.—*Inquisidor general*, s. m. the inquisitor-general.

**Inquisitivo, adj.** inquisitive, searching, enquiring, active to pry into any thing.

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**Insaciabilidad, s. f.** insatiable-ness.

**Insaciable, adj.** insatiable.

**Insaciablenente, adv.** insatiably.

**Insanable, adj.** that cannot be cured, incurable, irremediable.

**Insania, s. f.** madness.

**Insano, adj.** mad.

**Inscribir, v. a.** to inscribe, to write upon; also to enroll, to register.

**Inscripción, s. f.** inscription, title written upon any thing; register.

**Inscripto, adj.** inscribed, writ upon; registered, enrolled.

**Insculpir, v. a.** to engrave.

**Insecable, adj.** that cannot be dried or drained.

**Insección, s. f.** incision.

**Insecto, s. m.** an insect.

**Insensato, adj.** senseless.

**Insensibilidad, s. f.** insensibility.

**Insensible, adj.** insensible.

**Insensiblemente, adv.** insensibly.

**Inseparable, adv.** inseparable.

**Inseparablemente, adj.** inseparably.

**Insépulto, adj.** unburied.

**Inserción, s. f.** insertion.

**Inserir, v. a.** to insert, to ingraft.

**Insertar, v. a.** to insert, to ingraft.

**Insérto, adj.** inserted.

**Insidia, s. f.** snare.

**Insidiar, v. n.** to lay snares.

**Insidiosamente, adv.** treacherously, craftily, deceitfully.

**Insidioso, adj.** full of wiles, deceit, crafty, subtle.

**Insigne, adj.** notable, famous, renowned.

**Insignemente, adv.** famously.

**Insignia, s. f.** sign, token, mark of honour; colours among soldiers; coats of arms among gentry; the robes or other distinctions of honour among magistrates.

**Insinuar, v. a.** to insinuate.—*Insinuar*, v. r. to insinuate one's self into.

**Insipidez, s. f.** want of relish.

**Insípido, adj.** insipid, unsavoury, without relish; foolish, void of sense.

**Insipiente, s. f.** ignorance, folly.



**Inspiente**, adj. foolish.

**Insistencia**, s. f. earnestness, urgency, importunity.

**Insistir**, v. n. to insist, to urge a matter, to stick to a thing, to press it home, to stand upon it.

**Insociable**, adj. unsociable.

**Insolar**, v. a. to insolate, to dry in the sun, to expose to the action of the sun.

**Insoldable**, adj. that cannot be cemented, not to be soldered.

**Insolencia**, s. f. insolence, impudence, petulance, contempt.

**Insolente**, adj. insolent.

**Insolentemente**, adv. insolently.

**Insolídum**, adv. wholly, entirely.

**Insólito**, adj. unusual.

**Insoluble**, adj. that cannot pay, insolvent; also insoluble, not to be resolved or separated.

**Insolvente**, adj. insolvent.

**Insómne**, adj. that cannot sleep.

**Insondable**, adj. that cannot be fathomed or sounded.

**Insónoro**, adj. untenable.

**Insoportable**, adj. insupportable, not to be borne.

**Inspección**, s. f. inspection, looking out.

**Inspector**, s. m. inspector.

**Inspiración**, s. f. inspiration.

**Inspirador**, s. m. who inspires.

**Inspirar**, v. a. to inspire.

**Instabilidad**, s. f. instability, unsteadiness.

**Instable**, adj. unstable, unsteady.

**Instalación**, s. f. instalment, installation.

**Instalar**, v. a. to instal.

**Instancia**, s. f. instance, earnestness, pressing, urging; also prosecution, process of a suit; also a pressing argument — *Primera instancia*, the first hearing of a cause.

**Instantáneamente**, adv. instantaneously, momentarily.

**Instantáneo**, adj. instantaneous, momentary.

**Instante**, s. f. adj. instant, pressing, urging; also an instant, a moment.

**Instantemente**, adv. pressingly.

**Instar**, v. a. to insist, to press, to urge.

**Instauración**, s. f. instauration, renewing, repairing.

**Instaurar**, v. a. to renew, to repair.

**Instaurativo**, adj. that may be established or renewed.

**Instigación**, s. f. instigation.

**Instigador**, s. m. one who instigates or prompts on.

**Instigar**, v. a. to instigate, to set on.

**Instilación**, s. f. instilling.

**Instilar**, v. a. to put or pour in by little and little; to instil drop by drop; also to insinuate any thing imperceptibly into the mind.

**Instinto**, s. m. natural instinct, desire or aversion; also impulse, instigation, incitement.

**Institor**, s. m. a merchant's factor, the foreman of a ship.

**Institución**, s. f. institution, instruction; also a decree, an ordinance.

**Instituidor**, s. m. one who institutes or establishes.

**Instituir**, v. a. to institute, to instruct, to decree, to ordain.

**Instituto**, s. m. institute, decree, ordinance. — *Instituto*, adj. instituted, decreed, ordained.

**Instridente**, adj. pressing together.

**Instrucción**, s. f. instruction. In architecture, the middle part of the work.

**Instruido**, adj. instructed.

**Instructor**, s. m. instructor.

**Instructor**, s. m. instructor, teacher.

**Instruir**, v. a. to instruct.

**Instrumental**, adj. instrumental. **Instrumentalmente**, adv. instrumentally.

**Instrumento**, s. m. instrument, tool; authentic writing.

**Insuave**, adj. unpleasant.

**Insustistente**, adj. that cannot subsist or endure.

**Insudar**, v. n. to sweat at a thing.

**Insuficiencia**, s. f. insufficiency, defect.

**Insuficiente**, adj. insufficient.

**Insufrible**, adj. insufferable.

**Insufriero**, adj. idem.

**Insufrido**, adj. impatient, that will not suffer any thing.

**Insula**, s. f. an island.

**Insulano**, s. m. an islander.

**Insular**, adj. belonging to an island.

**Insulilla**, s. f. a little island.

**Insulsamente**, adv. foolishly, dully, stupidly.

**Insulso**, adj. insipid, dull, void of wit.

**Insultar**, v. a. to insult.

**Insulto**, s. m. insult, villainous act, offence, wrong.

**Insúme**, adj. dear, costly.

**Insuperable**, adj. invincible.

**Intácto**, adj. untouched.

**Integerrimo**, adj. superl. very sincere, very true.

**Integral**, adj. of, or belonging to the whole.

**Integramente**, adv. intirely, wholly.

**Integridad**, s. f. integrity, uprightness, honesty; also purity, entireness.

**Integro**, adj. entire, whole; also righteous, upright.

**Intelección**, s. f. the understanding.

**Intelectivo**, intellective, having no power to understand.

**Intelecto**, s. m. intellect, understanding.

**Intelectual**, adj. intellectual.

**Intelectualdad**, s. f. the power or faculty of understanding.

**Intelectualmente**, adv. with understanding.

**Inteligencia**, s. f. intelligence, knowledge, understanding, skill; also a secret correspondence or friendship; also a spirit, an unbodied mind.

**Inteligente**, adj. intelligent, understanding, knowing.

**Inteligible**, adj. intelligible, that may be understood.

**Intemperancia**, s. f. intemperance.

**Intempérie**, s. f. intemperature, excess of some quality either in men or weather.

**Intempésta**, adj. unseasonable; applied by the poets to the night.

**Intempestivamente**, adv. unseasonably.

**Intempestivo**, adj. that is unseasonable.

**Intención**, s. f. intention, design, purpose. — *Hombre de intención*, a sly man.

**Intencionadamente**, adv. designedly, on purpose, with a good or bad intent.

**Intencionado**, adj. that has a design or intention. — *Dien ó malintencionado*, that has a good or ill intention.

**Intencional**, adj. that belongs to the intention or design.

**Intencionalmente**, adv. with design, on purpose.

**Intendencia**, s. f. care, administration; also the charge of an intendant.

**Intendente**, s. m. steward, superintendant; an intendant,

**an** officer of the highest class, who oversees any particular branch of the public business.

**Intensamente**, adv. intensely, efficaciously.

**Intensión**, s. f. a straining, or stretching; also activity, ardour, efficacy.

**Intensivo**, adj. intensive, that may be intended or stretched out.

**Intenso**, adj. intense, strained, stretched; set out to the full, vehement.

**Intentar**, v. a. to attempt, to intend, to design.

**Intento**, s. m. design, intention.

**Inténtona**, s. f. a great purpose, scheme, or design.

**Intercadencia**, s. f. the intermission or unequal beating of the pulse.

**Intercadente**, adj. changeable, various, intermitting.

**Intercalación**, s. f. clapping between.

**Intercalar**, v. a. to insert, to clap between.—*Intercalar*, adj. that is added, put between.

**Interceder**, v. n. to intercede, to pray for another.

**Interceptar**, v. a. to intercept.

**Intercesión**, s. f. intercession.

**Intercesor**, s. m. intercessor.

**Intercesoriamente**, adv. with intercession.

**Intercesorio**, adj. that intercedes or prays for another.

**Intercolumnio**, s. m. the space between columns or pillars.

**Intereostal**, adj. that belongs to the part between the ribs.

**Intercutáneo**, adj. that is between the skin and flesh.

**Interdecir**, v. a. to forbid, to interdict.

**Interdicción**, s. f. prohibition, forbiddance.

**Interés**, s. m. interest, profit, advantage; also the value of any thing.

**Interesable**, adj. profitable, that seeks his interest.

**Interesado**, adj. that has an interest or share in a thing; that seeks his interest.

**Interesal**, adj. that yields an interest or profit; that does all for his interest.

**Interesar**, v. n. to interest, to gain a part or interest in a thing.—*Interesarse, en una cosa*, to concern or interest one's self in a thing.

**Interese**, s. m. vide *Interes*.

**Interin**, adv. mean while.

**Interinário**, adj. that has a charge in commendam.

**Interino**, adj. idem.

**Interiór**, adj. inward.

**Interioridad**, s. f. inwardness.

**Interiormente**, adv. inwardly.

**Interlineal**, adj. interlineal.

**Interlocución**, s. f. interlocution, interposition of speech.

**Interlocutor**, s. m. interlocutor.

**Interlocutorio**, adj. that is inserted or clapped between.—*Interlocutorio sentencia*, a judge's opinion by the bye, not pronounced as judgment upon the bench.—*Interlocutorio auto*, an appeal.

**Interlunio**, s. m. the time when the moon is invisible.

**Intermedio**, s. m. the space between.

**Interminable**, adj. that cannot be done or finished.

**Intermisión**, s. f. intermission, intervenient time.

**Intermitencia**, s. f. discontinuation of the fever for a while.

**Intermitente**, adj. intermittent, discontinuing for a while.

**Intermitir**, v. a. to intermit, to discontinue, to cease at times, to interrupt.

**Internál**, adj. internal, inward.

**Internamente**, adv. inwardly.

**Internar**, v. n. to penetrate inwardly.

**Internección**, s. f. (obs.) a great slaughter, a carnage.

**Interno**, adj. inward.

**Internódio**, s. m. the space between two joints.

**Internuncio**, s. m. a messenger between parties.

**Interpelación**, s. f. summoning, calling upon.

**Interpelar**, v. a. to summon, to call upon.

**Interpresa**, s. f. surprise; act of taking any thing unawares.

**Interpolación**, s. f. new dressing.

**Interpolar**, v. a. to intermix.

**Interponer**, v. a. to interpose, to set between.

**Interposición**, s. f. interposition, placing between.

**Interprender**, v. a. to surprise, to take unawares.

**Interpretación**, s. f. interpretation, exposition.

**Interpretar**, v. a. to interpret, to explain, to translate, to decypher, to give a solution.

**Interpretativo**, adj. that can be interpreted.

**Interpréte**, s. m. interpreter, expounder, one that explains difficult matters, or puts them out of one language into another; a translator.

**Interpuésto**, p. p. interposed, placed between.

**Interregno**, s. m. an interregnum, the space between two reigns, when kings do not immediately succeed one another, but the throne is some time vacant.

**Interrogación**, s. f. interrogatory, question; the note of interrogation.

**Interrogante**, s. m. he who puts the question or interrogates; also the mark in writing that shows the asking of a question.

**Interrogar**, v. a. to interrogate, to question.

**Interrogativo**, adj. interrogative, denoting a question.

**Interrogatorio**, s. m. an interrogatory or question.—*Interrogatorio*, adj. of, or belonging to interrogation.

**Interromper**, v. a. to interrupt.

**Interrompimiento**, s. m. interruption.

**Interrompir**, v. a. to interrupt.—*Interrompir la posesión*, to put by the possession.

**Interrupción**, s. f. interruption.

**Interrupido**, p. p. interrupted.

**Intersección**, s. intersection of two lines in a point.

**Intersticio**, s. m. distance or space between; time between one act and another.

**Interválo**, s. m. interval, distance, space, pause in music.

**Intervención**, s. f. intervention, coming between.

**Intervenir**, v. n. to intervene, to come between, to mediate between two persons.

**Interviente**, adj. intervening, that comes between.

**Intestado**, adj. intestate, without leaving a will.

**Intestinal**, adj. intestine, belonging to the inward parts.

**Intestino**, adj. intestine, inward; subst. used, entrail, bowel.—*Guerra, intestinal*, an intestine or civil war.—*Intestinos*, s. m. pl. the bowels.

**Intima**, s. f. intimation, summon.

**Intimación**, s. f. intimation, notification.

**Intimamente**, adv. inwardly, affectionately, from the heart.



Intimar, v. a. to intimate, to notify, summon.—*Intimarse*, v. r. to insinuate one's self into the affection of another.  
 Intimidad, s. f. intimacy.  
 Intimidar, v. a. to make afraid.  
 Intimo, adj. intimate, inward, affectionate, fixed in the heart; also an intimate, a particular friend.  
 Intitular, v. a. to intitle.  
 Intitulata, s. f. title, inscription.  
 Intolerable, adj. intolerable, insufferable.  
 Intolerancia, s. f. impatience.  
 Intonso, adj. unshaved; also ignorant, foolish, unpolished.  
 Intransitable, adj. impassable.  
 Intratable, adj. intractable.  
 Intrepidamente, adv. undauntedly.  
 Intrepidez, s. f. intrepidity, fortitude, magnanimity, bravery.  
 Intrepido, adj. undaunted.  
 Intrincadamente, adv. intricately.  
 Intrincar, v. a. to intangle, to perplex, to fill full of difficulties.  
 Intrinsecamente, adv. inwardly.  
 Intrínseco, adj. inward; also familiar; also a reserved person.  
 Introducción, s. f. an introduction, also an innovation.  
 Introducidór, s. m. who introduces.  
 Introducir, v. a. to introduce.  
 Introdutor, s. m. he who introduces.  
 Introito, s. m. the introit or beginning of the mass; also the introduction or prologue.  
 Intrusión, s. f. intrusion.  
 Intruso, adj. intruded.  
 Intuición, s. f. a beholding or looking upon; a view; the clear knowledge of any thing.  
 Intuitivamente, adv. clearly, manifestly.  
 Intuitivo, adj. that belongs to the clear knowledge of a thing.  
 Inulto, adj. unrevenged.  
 Inundación, s. f. inundation, overflow.  
 Inundancia, s. f. (obs.) overflow.  
 Inundar, v. a. to overflow.  
 Inurbanidad, s. f. uncivility, clownishness, rusticity.  
 Inurbano, adj. uncourteous, uncivil, rustic, clownish.  
 Inusitadamente, adv. against custom.

Inusitado, adj. not used.  
 Inútil, adj. unprofitable, useless.  
 Inutilidad, s. f. unprofitableness.  
 Inutilizar, v. a. to render useless and unprofitable.  
 Inútilmente, adv. unprofitably.  
 Invadible, adj. that cannot be waded or forded over.  
 Invadir, v. a. to invade.  
 Invalidación, s. f. invalidity, want of strength or force.  
 Invalidamente, adv. of no force.  
 Invalidar, v. a. to invalidate, or weaken the force or power.  
 Inválido, adj. invalid, of no force.  
 Invariable, adj. invariable, unalterable, unchangeable.  
 Invariableniente, adv. unalterably.  
 Invariación, s. f. firmness, unchangeableness.  
 Invariadamente, adv. without any change.  
 Invariado, adj. unchangeable.  
 Invasión, s. f. an invasion.  
 Invasor, s. m. an invader.  
 Inectiva, s. f. an invective.  
 Invencible, adj. invincible.  
 Invenciblemente, adv. invincibly.  
 Invención, s. f. invention, device, contrivance; also a lie.—*Inven-ción de la cruz*, the feast of the Invention, or finding of the Holy Cross.  
 Invencionero, s. m. an inventor; also a liar.  
 Invendible, adj. that cannot be sold.  
 Inventar, v. a. to invent, to devise, to find out.  
 Inventariar, v. a. make an inventory of goods.  
 Inventario, s. m. an inventory of goods.  
 Inventivo, adj. that may be invented.  
 Invento, s. m. invention, the finding out of any thing new.  
 Inventor, s. m. inventor, contriver, framer.  
 Lavrecundo, adj. immodest, shameless.  
 Inverisimil, that has not the appearance of truth.  
 Inverisimilitud, s. f. the want of appearance of truth.  
 Invernada, s. f. the winter-season.  
 Invernadero, s. m. a wintering-place.  
 Invernár, v. n. to winter.

Invernieto, } adj. that has the  
 Invernizo, } qualities of winter.  
 Inverosimil, adj. vide Inverisimil.  
 Inversión, s. f. an inversion.  
 Inverso, p. p. of *invertir*.  
 Invertir, v. a. to invert.  
 Investido, adj. invested, as a town that is to be besieged or invested of a dignity; also attacked, set or fallen upon.  
 Investidura, s. f. the investiture of a dignity.  
 Investigable, adj. unsearchable.  
 Investigación, s. f. a search.  
 Investigador, s. m. a searcher.  
 Investigar, v. a. to search, to look out, to seek into.  
 Investigativa, s. f. the power of investigation.  
 Investir, v. a. to invest a town, to fall upon.  
 Inveteradamente, adv. inveterately.  
 Inveterado, adj. inveterate, grown old in wickedness.  
 Inveterarse, v. n. to grow old in wickedness.  
 Inviár, v. a. (obs.) to send.  
 Invicto, adj. unconquered.  
 Invidia, s. f. (obs.) envy.  
 Invidiar, v. a. (obs.) to envy.  
 Invidioso, adj. (obs.) envious.  
 Invierno, s. m. winter.  
 Invigilar, v. a. to watch diligently.  
 Invincible, adj. invincible.  
 Invenciblemente, adj. invincibly.  
 Inviolable, adj. inviolable.  
 Inviolablemente, adv. inviolably.  
 Inviolado, adj. unviolated.  
 Virtuoso, adj. (obs.) that wants virtue.  
 Invisibilidad, s. f. invisibility.—*En un invisible*, adv. (obs.) in a moment.  
 Invisible, adj. invisible.  
 Invisiblemente, adv. invisibly.  
 Invitatorio, s. m. the entrance or beginning of a psalm.  
 Invocación, s. f. invocation, calling upon.  
 Invocar, v. a. to invoke, to call upon.  
 Invocatorio, adj. that calls upon or invokes.  
 Involuntariamente, adv. involuntarily, without the concurrence of the will.  
 Involuntariedad, s. f. a doing things contrary to the will.  
 Involuntario, adj. not voluntary.  
 Invulnerable, adj. invulnerable.

**Inxerir**, v. a. to graft.  
**Inxertar**, v. a. idem.  
**Inxerto**, p. p. of *inxertar*.—  
*Inxerto*, s. m. a graft.  
**Inyección**, s. f. an injection.  
**Ipsó facto**, adv. directly.  
**Ipsó Jure**, adv. with or by right, or justice itself.  
**Ir**, v. n. to go.—*Ir a la parte*, to go a part, to go shares in any thing.—*Irle a una persona alguna cosa*, to concern.—*Ir a la mano*, to hinder, to obstruct, to withhold.—*Irse de boca*, to be lavish of one's tongue.—*Irse en la lumbre*, to boil over.—*Irse*, to die.—*Irse*, to leak.  
**Ira**, s. f. anger, wrath.  
**Irascúndia**, s. f. wrath, indignation.  
**Irácundo**, adj. passionate, hasty, wrathful, angry, raging, furious.  
**Irascencia**, s. f. anger, wrath.  
**Irascible**, adj. that can be provoked to anger, irascible.  
**Irenarcha**, s. m. a judge among the ancient Romans.  
**Írino**, s. m. the ointment of the flower de-lis.  
**Iris**, s. m. the rainbow; (metaph.) any thing of various colours, the iris of the eye, the circle round the pupil of the eye, also a plant so called.  
**Ironía**, s. f. irony, a figure in speaking, when one means a contrary thing to what he says.  
**Ironicamente**, adv. ironically.  
**Irónico**, adj. of, or belonging to irony, ironical, expressing one thing and meaning another.  
**Irracionable**, adj. irrational, void of reason.  
**Irracional**, adj. irrational, void of reason.  
**Irracionalmente**, adv. irrationally.  
**Irradiación**, s. f. illumination.  
**Irradiar**, v. n. to shine bright.  
**Irreconciliable**, adj. irreconciliable.  
**Irrecuperable**, adj. irrecoverable.  
**Irrecusable**, adj. inexcusable.  
**Irreducible**, adj. that cannot be tamed, not to be reduced.  
**Irrefragable**, adj. irresistible, not to be withstood; irrefragable, not to be confuted.

**Irrefragablemente**, adv. irresistibly, unquestionably.  
**Irregular**, adj. irregular.  
**Irregularidad**, s. f. irregularity.  
**Irregularmente**, adv. irregularly.  
**Irreligion**, s. f. irreligion, want of religion, contempt of religion, impiety.  
**Irreligiosamente**, adv. irreligiously.  
**Irreligiosidad**, s. f. want of religion.  
**Irreligioso**, adj. irreligious.  
**Irremediable**, adj. not to be remedied.  
**Irremediablemente**, adv. irremediably, without cure.  
**Irremisible**, adj. unpardonable.  
**Irremisiblemente**, adv. unpardonably.  
**Irreparable**, adj. irreparable.  
**Irreparablemente**, adv. irreparably.  
**Irreprehensible**, adj. unblamable.  
**Irresistible**, adj. irresistible.  
**Irresoluble**, adj. that cannot be resolved.  
**Irresolución**, s. f. want of resolution.  
**Irresoluto**, adj. irresolute, not determined, that wants resolution.  
**Irreverencia**, s. f. irreverence.  
**Irreverente**, adj. irreverent.  
**Irevocabilidad**, s. f. any thing that cannot be recalled.  
**Irrevocable**, adj. irrevocable, not to be recalled.  
**Irrevocablemente**, adv. irrevocably.  
**Irrisible**, adj. ridiculous.  
**Irrisión**, s. f. derision, scoffing.  
**Irrisório**, adj. scoffing, deriding.  
**Irritable**, adj. that may be irritated, or provoked.  
**Irritación**, s. f. provocation, exasperation.  
**Irritador**, s. m. provoker.  
**Irritamento**, adv. in vain, to no purpose, fruitless.  
**Irritar**, v. a. to irritate, to provoke, also to render fruitless, vain, or unsuccessful.  
**Írrito**, adj. vain, fruitless.  
**Irrupción**, s. f. eruption, breaking out.  
**Ísa**, s. f. a cant word for a harlot kept by ruffians.  
**Isagoge**, s. f. introduction.  
**Ischion**, s. m. the huckle-bone, the hip.

**Ísla**, s. f. an island.  
**Islado**, adj. made an island, or in the form of an island.  
**Islán**, s. m. a sort of veil laced round used by women.  
**Isléto**, s. m. an islander.  
**Isléo**, s. m. (obs.) a small island.  
**Isléta**, s. f. a little island.  
**Íslla**, s. m. a great rock or small island in the sea.  
**Íso**, adv. (in cant,) yea, yes.  
**Isogóno**, adj. of equal angles.  
**Isoprimetro**, adj. applied to figures that have the same circumference with those they are compared with.  
**Isopleuro**, s. m. a rectangle triangle.  
**Isosceles**, adj. in geometry, the appellative of a particular triangle.  
**Íspida**, s. f. a bird so called.  
**Ísthmo**, s. m. neck of land, narrow part of a country between two seas.  
**Istriar**, v. a. to flute, as columns or other works in structure are; that is, hollowed with half rounds from top to bottom.  
**Ítem**, adv. also, item; a word used when any article is added to the former.  
**Iterable**, adj. that may be repeated or reiterated.  
**Iteración**, s. f. repetition.  
**Iterar**, v. n. to repeat, to reiterate.  
**Itinerario**, s. m. a journal kept in travelling; an account or instruction to travel by, with the distances of places and directions how to go to them; also prayers for travellers.  
**Iva**, s. f. ground-pine, herb-ivy, or field-cypress.  
**Íxia**, s. f. an herb so called.  
**Íza**, interj. a term used by seamen when they are hailing at a rope.  
**Izága**, s. m. a place full of rushes.  
**Izár**, v. a. to hoise; that is, to hale up any thing aboard a ship.  
**Izquierda**, s. f. the left-hand.  
**Izquierdear**, v. n. to degenerate.  
**Izquierdo**, adj. left handed.



## J.

**J**, the tenth letter of the Spanish alphabet; it is a consonant, and gutturally aspirated before all the vowels.

Jabalí, s. m. a wild boar.

Jabalina, s. f. (obs.) a javelin; also the female of a wild boar.

Jabardear, v. n. to keep many bee-hives.

Jabardo, s. m. a small cluster of bees.

Jabón, s. m. vide Xabon.

Jáca, s. f. (obs.) vide Ha.

Jacarina, s. f. a coat of mail.

Jacinto, s. m. a precious stone called a hyacinth; also a flower of the same name.

Jáco, s. m. a coat of mail.

Jactancia, s. f. boasting, pride, vanity, haughtiness.

Jactancioso, adj. boasting of.

Jactarse, v. r. to boast of.

Jaculatoria, s. f. a short and ardent prayer.

Jáde, s. m. a sort of precious stone brought from America.

Jadeár, v. n. to pant, to be out of breath.

Jadéo, s. m. panting.

Jacéro, s. m. a maker of furnishings for horses, or of equipages.

Jaén, adj. a sort of grape.

Jaéz, s. m. a furniture for a horse, an equipage; also likeness; (and in cant.) cloaths. — *Jaéz da cama*, furniture for a bed. — *Cóas deste jaéz*, things of this sort.

Jaharrár, v. a. to plaster a wall.

Jaháro, s. m. plaster.

Jalbegár, v. a. to white wash with plaster.

Jalbégue, s. f. white-washing; the paint used by the women.

Jaldádo, adj. of a bright yellow colour.

Jálde, adj. yellow.

Jáldo, adj. vide Jaldado.

Jáldre, s. m. the general colour of birds.

Jaléa, s. f. jelly.

Jámas, adv. never.

Jámbas, s. f. pl. the jambs of a door, the two posts on the sides of it; so called by artists.

Jamerdána, s. f. a place where they throw the ordure of sheep.

Jamerdár, v. n. to throw the

ordure of sheep in a place destined to it.

Jamón, s. m. a gammon of bacon, a ham.

Jangáda, s. f. pieces of timber in a ship, so called, joined together to save the people in case of shipwreck.

Jangóma, s. f. a fruit in the East-Indies.

Janipába, s. m. a beautiful tree in Brasil.

Jáque, s. m. check, at the game of chess; (in cant) a ruffian, a bully. — *Jaques*, adj. an appellation given to some coins.

Jaquéca, s. f. vide Axaqueca.

Jaquel, s. m. a checker or chess board.

Jaquéta, s. f. a sort of jacket made close before, and open on the sides.

Jaquetilla, s. f. a little jacket.

Jaquimálla, s. f. a coat of mail.

Jar, v. n. (in cant) to make water.

Jára, s. f. vide Xara, an arrow, a shaft to shoot out of a cross-bow.

Jaramágo, s. m. vide Xaramago.

Jarandilla, s. f. vide Xarandilla.

Jararánda, s. m. an odoriferous tree in Brasil.

Jarave, s. f. vide Xarave.

Jardín, s. m. a garden; (in cant.) a shop or fair.

Jardinieria, s. f. gardening.

Jardinéro, s. m. a gardener.

Járes, s. m. pl. the small guts.

Jaréta, s. f. pl. vide Xareta.

Jaréte, s. m. vide Xarete.

Járo, adj. an appellation of a boar when it resembles a wild boar.

Jarócho, s. m. vide Xarocho.

Jarópe, s. m. vide Xarope.

Jarra, s. a pitcher, a pot with a great belly and two handles.

Jarrázo, s. m. a blow with a pot.

Jarreár, v. n. to drink often.

Jarretár, v. a. to hough, or ham-string.

Jarrête, s. m. the hough, or bending of the leg under the knees; or any defect, or blemish.

Jarretéra, s. f. a garter, the order of the Garter.

Jarrillo, s. m. a little pot.

Járro, s. m. a pot or pitcher. — *Dar besitos al járro*, to kiss the pot often, to drink. — *Echarse el járrro a péchos*, to lay the pitcher to one's mouth, and drink without measure. — *Dar pára tripas al járrro*, to give money to fetch wine. — *No dar un járrro de água*, not to give a pitcher of water; to be so covetous as not to give another water.

Járrén, s. m. a great pot or jar.

Jarroncillo, s. m. a small pot or an urn.

Járruma, s. f. an herb in the West Indies.

Jarzias, s. f. pl. vide Xarzias.

Jasadór, s. m. a sacrificer, one that slashes meat.

Jasadúra, s. f. sacrificing, slashing of meat.

Jasar, v. a. to sacrifice, to slash flesh.

Jasmin, s. m. vide Jazmin.

Jáspe, s. m. the jasper-stone.

Jaspeado, adj. speckled, or coloured like jasper, or adorned with jasper stone.

Jatância, s. f. boasting.

Jatancioso, adj. given to boasting.

Jatár, v. a. to boast, to brag.

Jaula, s. f. a cage or gaol.

Jauléro, s. m. a cage-maker.

Janilla, adj. diminutive of *jaula*, a small cage; also a small kind of net-cap so called.

Jaulón, s. m. a great cage; a gaol.

Javalena, s. f. a boar-spear. (Obs.)

Javalí, s. m. a wild boar.

Javéga, s. f. vide Xavega.

Javelín, s. m. a wild boar.

Javies; as *was javies*, a small sort of grapes like currants.

Jayán, s. m. a great raw-boned fellow; in cant a pimp of quality.

Jayanázo, s. m. a great raw-boned fellow.

Jazmin, s. m. jasmin.

Jéme, s. m. vide Xeme.

Jerepemonga, s. f. a sort of sea-snake in Brasil.

Jérgea, s. f. vide Xerga.

Jergón, s. m. vide Xergon.

Jerguenito, s. m. vide Xergue-rito.

**Jerigónza**, s. f. vide *Gerigonza*.

**Jeringa**, s. f. vide *Xeringa*.

**Jeringar**, v. n. vide *Xeringar*.

**Jesús-car**, v. n. to repeat many times the name of Jesus, as bigots do by way of interjection.

**Jigóte**, s. m. vide *Gigote*.

**Jimelga**, s. f. *Ximelga*.

**Jo**, the word carters, and such people use in Spain to their horses to make them stop.

**Jóa**, { s. f. a sailor's word; an  
**Jóba**, { addition made to certain timbers.

**Jocosamente**, adv. jocosely, waggishly, in jest, in game.

**Jocoserio**, adj. belonging to a merry and serious style mixed together.

**Jocoso**, adj. jocose, merry, waggish, given to jest.

**Jocundidad**, s. f. waggery, merriment.

**Jocundo**, adj. jocund, pleasant, airy, gay.

**Jofaina**, s. f. vide *Aljofaina*.

**Joglár**, s. m. (obs.) vide *Juglar*.

**Joglería**, s. f. (obs.) vide *Juglería*.

**Joliéz**, s. f. festivity, merriment, gaiety.

**Jolito**, s. m. rest, lying still without motion; a dead calm; a sea term.

**Johlóli**, s. m. a seed so called.

**Jordán**, s. m. any thing that grows young.

**Jorfe**, s. m. a wall of stone without mortar.

**Jorgina**, s. f. a witch.

**Jorgolino**, s. m. (in cant.) an assistant, or servant.

**Jornada**, s. f. a journey, a day's work, a battle; an act in a play.—*El salir de la posada es la mayor jornada*, ref. if you would make a good journey, you must dispose every thing well before you set out.

**Jornál**, s. m. day-wages; a day-book. Prov. *Jornál de obrero entra por la puerta, y sale por el humero*, a workman's day wages comes in at the door, and goes out at the chimney; it is so small that it is all spent in eating. Prov. *Jornál de eguadadéva, si del come, no cena*, a weeder's day's wages, if it affords her a supper, it will not afford a dinner; it is so small.

**Jornalero**, s. m. a day-labourer.

**Joróba**, s. f. a bump, a hump; also a vexatious solicitation.

**Jorobár**, v. a. to vex, to plague, to molest.

**Jorro**; as *Llevar la náve a jorro* to tow a ship along.

**Jostrádo**, adj. as *Viróte jostrádo*, a shaft that has a round head or plate at the end, like a foil.

**Joven**, { s. m. a youth.  
**Joveneto**, (obs.) }

**Jovencillo**, s. m. a boy.

**Jovenil**, adj. (obs.) vide *Juvenil*.

**Juventud**, s. f. (obs.) vide *Juventud*.

**Joviál**, adj. jovial, merry, pleasant.

**Jovialidad**, s. f. jovialness, gaiety, merriment.

**Jóya**, s. f. a jewel; any precious thing; the astragal of a column; a reward, a present.

—*Joyas*, s. f. pl. all the clothes and apparel belonging to a woman.

**Joyánte**, adj. as, *Seda joyánte*, very fine glossy silk.—*Pólcora joyánte*, the finest shining gunpowder.

**Joyél**, s. m. a jewel.

**Joyera**, s. f. a milliner, or woman that keeps a shop and sells gloves, ribbons, laces, and all womens' attire.

**Joyería**, s. f. the jeweller's street, or shop, or a toy-shop.

**Joyéro**, s. m. a jeweller.

**Jóyo**, s. m. cockle, darnel.—*Jóyo sylvestre*, wild darnel.

**Joyuela**, s. f. a small jewel.

**Juán**, s. m. (in cant.) a box in a church to put in alms.—

*Juán platéron* (in cant.) money or silver.—*Juán marchiz*, (in

cant) a large knife.—*Juán dorádo*, (in cant) gold coin.—*Juán diaz*, (in cant) a padlock.

—*Juán turáse*, (in cant) a dye.

—*Juán Pérez*, cold beef cut in bits, and heated with a little

water, onion, salt, pepper, clove, and coriander seed.—

*Juán Rábo*, John Fool, as we say Tom Fool.

**Juanéro**, s. m. (in cant) a thief that robs the boxes that are in churches to put alms in.

**Juanete**, s. m. the top-gallant-mast of a ship.—*Juanete*, is also the knuckle-bone of the thumbs and great toes when it sticks out more than ordinary, as it does in some ill-shaped hands and feet. Thence applied to signify any pro-

tuberant bone, or other excrescence.

**Jeaneúdo**, adj. that has corns in the toes; that is full of protuberances.

**Juárda**, s. f. a stain.

**Jubertár**, v. a. a sea term, to hoise the boat into the ship or galley.

**Jubeteria**, s. f. the street where the doublet-makers live; a shop where they sell doublets and other cloaths.

**Jubetéro**, s. m. a doublet-maker or seller.

**Jubilación**, s. f. festivity, joy.

**Jubiládo**, s. m. one that for his long services is exempted from the duties of his profession.

**Jubilár**, v. a. to exempt a man from the duties of his profession on account of his long service.

**Jubiléo**, s. m. jubilee.

**Júbilo**, s. m. joy, content, satisfaction.

**Jubón**, s. m. a doublet.—*Mas cerca esta de la carne, la camisa, que el jubon*, (ref.) the shirt is more near to the flesh than to the doublet; that is, one ought to have more regard for one's parents than for strangers.—*Jubón de azótes*, a whipping at the cart's tail. Prov. *Buen jubon me tengo en Francia*, I have a good doublet in France; this they say when a man boasts of having what he has not.

**Juboncillo**, s. m. a little doublet.

**Judaico**, adj. Jewish.

**Judaismo**, s. m. the Jewish nation or religion.

**Judaizar**, v. n. to play the Jew, to judaize, to conform to the Jews.

**Júdas**, s. m. a traitor.

**Judería**, s. the quarter where the Jews anciently lived in Spain.

**Judia**, s. f. kidney-bean, or French-bean.

**Judicación**, s. f. the act of judging.

**Judicante**, s. m. a judge.

**Judicar**, v. a. (obs.) to judge.

**Judicativo**, adj. belonging to a judge.

**Judicatúra**, s. f. judicature, judgment, the power of the judge; also the court of justice.

**Judicial**, adj. belonging to judge-



ment, or to a court of justice.  
**Judicialmente**, adv. judicially.  
**Judiciario**, s. m. an astrologer.  
**Judicioso**, adj. judicious, wise, prudent.  
**Judiciosamente**, adv. judiciously, skilfully, wisely.  
**Judicioso**, adj. judicious, wise, prudent.  
**Judiogo**, adj. belonging to a Jew, or to the Jews.  
**Judiuelo**, s. m. a little, or a pitiful Jew; (metaph.) a sneaking fellow; also a small sort of kidney-bean.  
**Judio**, s. m. a Jew; also an injurious and contemptuous name.—**Judio**, adj. relating to Jews.  
**Juogo**, s. m. play, sport, pastime, game.—**Juego de a xedrez**, the game of chess.—**Juego del abejon**, vide *Abejon*.—**Juego de cañas**, a sport used by gentlemen in the nature of a skirmish, casting canes or reeds at one another instead of darts.—**Juego de palabras**, jesting.—**Juego de sortija**, the sport of riding at the ring.—**Juego de táblas**, the games at tables.—**Juego de pelota**, tennis.—**Juego de los cienos**, the game of piquet at cards.—**Juego de manos**, juggling, slight of hand.—**Juego de manos**, es *juego de villanos*, playing with the hands is sport for clowns; all rude handling, though in jest, unfit for gentlemen.—**Hacer del juego maña**, to make the best of one's game; that is, to protract time, when a man knows he shall have the worst, or be cast in a suit.  
**Jueguillo**, s. m. dimin. of *juego*.  
**Jueves**, s. m. Thursday.—**Jueves de compadres**, the Thursday three weeks before Lent, when gossips meet to be merry.—**Jueves de comadres**, the Thursday fortnight before Lent, when gossips meet to be merry.—**Jueves para llos**, the Thursday immediately before Lent, when men and women meet together to be merry.  
**Juez**, s. m. a judge.—**Juez de alzada**, a judge of appeal.—**Juez del crimen**, or *juez criminal*, a judge in criminal causes.—**Juez de registro**, a judge, or officer appointed to examine

the entries ships make to and from the West Indies.—**Juez ordinario**, a judge that has the trying of common causes.—**Juez delegado**, a judge delegate.—**Juez metropolitano**, a supreme judge.—**Juez arbitro**, an arbitrator.—**Juez de bienes confiscados**, a peculiar judge appointed for goods forfeited to the king.—**Juez de puertos**, a judge to try causes in a sea-port town relating to sea affairs.—**Juez de mestos, y cañarias**, a country judge among shepherds and peasants to decide their quarrels about their sheep and inclosures.—**Juez de naipes**, he that is chosen to give judgment when a dispute arises at cards. Prov. *Juez cadañero, estrecho como sendero*, a judge for a year is very nice, because he must be accountable at the year's end.  
**Jugada**, s. f. the action of playing at cards.  
**Jugadera**, s. f. a weaver's shuttle.  
**Jugado**, adj. played away.—**Traher la vida jugada**, to go in danger of one's life.  
**Jugador**, s. m. a gamester.—**Jugador de naños**, a juggler.  
**Jugar**, v. n. to play.—**Jugar al bodóque**, to play at a certain game with bowls on the ground, which, with little boards fitted for that purpose with handles, they shove forward through a ring.—**Jugar la camisa**, to play away all even to one's shirt.—**Jugar de antubión**, to prevent one that designs to do a mischief.—**Jugar las armas**, to exercise one's weapon.—**Jugar de manos**, to juggle; also to have much action with the hands in talking.—**Jugar naipes, pelota**, &c. to play at cards, at tennis, &c.—**Jugar los kiries**, said of a clergyman, who plays away the alms that are given him for praying.—**Jugar de oreja**, to whisper into one's ear.—**Jugar de pica**, to toss a pike.—**Jugar el sol antes que salga**, to play away the sun before it rises; losing a day's wages before they are earned.  
**Jugarreta**, s. f. the act of playing without knowing any thing of the game.  
**Juglar**, s. m. a jester, a buffoon.  
**Juglarés**, s. f. a jesting merry woman.

**Juglería**, s. f. buffoonery.  
**Jugo**, s. m. the juice of any thing.  
**Jugoso**, adj. juicy, full of juice.  
**Juguete**, s. m. a child's plaything, a toy.  
**Juguetear**, v. n. to play, to jest.  
**Juguetón**, s. m. one that is always jesting or playing.  
**Juicio**, s. m. judgment; also prudence, wisdom.—**Juicio**, the sentence against a criminal.—**Estar en su juicio**, to be full of reason.—**Estar fuera de juicio**, to be mad.—**Pedir en juicio**, to go in law.—**Perder el juicio**, to grow mad.—**Quitar el juicio**, to enrage one.  
**Juiciosamente**, adv. judiciously.  
**Juicioso**, adj. prudent, wise, quiet.  
**Juñba**, s. f. vide *Azofeyfa*.  
**Julepe**, s. m. a julep; an extemporaneous form of medicine made of simple and compound water sweetened.  
**Júlio**, s. m. the month of July; and a Roman coin worth about sixpence.  
**Júlo**, s. m. a word used by carriers to quiet their beasts when they are unruly.  
**Jumelas**, s. f. pl. two pieces of wood or metal exactly alike.  
**Jumental**, adj. belonging to a beast of burthen.  
**Jumentillo**, s. m. diminutive of *jumento*.  
**Jumento**, s. m. any beast of burthen; more particularly an ass.  
**Juncada**, s. f. a medicine for horses that have a cold, made with the pith of rushes.  
**Juncal**, s. m. a place where rushes grow.  
**Juncia**, s. f. the plant called galinal; all sorts of rushes; the herb gentian.—**Vender juncia**, f. (metaph.) to boast.  
**Junciána**, s. f. boast, the act of boasting.  
**Junciéra**, s. f. a kind of earthen pot so called.  
**Júnco**, s. m. a rush, junk, a sort of boat in the East Indies.—**Júnco marino**, salt-marsh rush.—**Júnco oloroso**, galinal.—**Júnco amarzoide**, the plant called water-torch, or cat's tail.  
**Juncoso**, adj. full of rushes.  
**Júnio**, s. m. the month of June.  
**Junquillo**, s. m. a little rush; also the sweet rush called camels-meet.

**Júnta**, s. f. a meeting, an assembly. It is also the joining or putting together of any two things.—*Júnta de médicos*, a consultation of physicians.—*Júnta de tierra*, as much land as a yoke of oxen can plough in a day.

**Juntado**, adj. joined, assembled.

**Juntadúra**, s. f. vide *Juntura*.

**Juntaménte**, adv. jointly, together.

**Juntamiénte**, s. m. (obs.) vide *Junta*.

**Juntár**, v. a. to join, to assemble, to meet, to put together.—*Juntarse*, v. r. to meet together, to assemble; also to come near.—*Juntarse*, to copulate, to come together as different sexes do.—*Juntar meriendas*, to put money together for any purpose, speaking of several persons.

**Juntera**, s. f. the plane joiners use to shoot joints; that is, to shoot the edges of two boards true that are to be glued together, called a joiner.

**Juntillas**; as *a pies juntillas*, with the feet close together. It generally signifies positively, obstinately, unmovably.

**Junto**, p. p. of *juntar*, close to joined, put together, near, hard by.

**Juntura**, s. f. a joint, joining, putting together; also a carpenter's tool.

**Júra**, s. f. an oath.

**Juradería**, s. f. the office of a jurado.

**Jurado**, s. m. a magistrate not unlike an alderman.—*Jurado*, adj. sworn.

**Jurador**, s. m. a swearer.

**Juramentado**, adj. sworn, that has taken an oath.

**Juramentarse**, v. r. to take an oath.

**Juraménte**, s. m. an oath.

**Jurar**, v. n. to swear.

**Jurgina**, s. f. a witch.

**Juridicaménte**, adv. in course of law, legally, juridically.

**Juridico**, adj. juridick, according to course of law, legal; also a court day.

**Jurisconsulto**, s. m. a counsellor at law.

**Jurisdiccion**, s. f. jurisdiction; also a territory, a liberty.

**Jurispericia**, s. f. knowledge in the law, study of the law.

**Jurisperito**, s. m. one that is skilful in the law.

**Jurisprudéncia**, s. f. jurisprudence, knowledge of the laws.

**Jurista**, s. m. a lawyer by profession.

**Júro**, s. m. revenue; right.—*Júro de heredad*, a revenue of inheritance, or any annuity settled upon an estate.—*Ser de Júro*, to be according to right and custom.

**Jusáno**, adj. (obs.) inferior, lower, or below.

**Jusbárra**, s. f. kneeholm, butchers broom.

**Jusélló**, s. m. a kind of broth or mess so called.

**Jussión**, s. f. a command.

**Jústa**, s. f. a just, a tilt; (in cant) justice.

**Justador**, s. m. a tilter.

**Justaménte**, adv. justly, righteously.

**Jústa**, v. n. to tilt.

**Justedád**, s. f. justice.

**Justicia**; s. f. justice, right; also the officers of justice, and for the execution of it.—*El justicia*, a supreme magistrate.

—*Encontrár con la justicia*, to meet with the officers of justice.—*Hacer justicia de un ladrón*, to execute a thief.—*Tenéos a la justicia*, stand.

**Justiciár**, v. a. to execute according to sentence of the law.

**Justiciázgo**, s. m. the office or dignity of a judge or justice.

**Justiciéro**, adj. a severe judge, one that executes justice strictly.

**Justificacion**, s. f. justification.

**Justificadaménte**, adv. justifiably.

**Justificadór**, s. m. justifier.

**Justificar**, v. a. to justify.

**Justificativo**, adj. justifiable, defensible by law or reason.

**Justillo**, s. m. a small short waistcoat without sleeves.

**Jústo**, adj. just, righteous, upright; also exact, fit.—*Vestido jústo*, a fit garment, or a straight one.—*Cuenta jústa*, a just account.—*Pagar justos por pecadores*, the righteous to suffer for the ungodly.—*En jústo y en creénte*, immediately, with haste.—*En jústos ó en enjústos*, with reason or without it.

**Juvenil**, adj. youthful.

**Juventúd**, s. f. youth.

**Juzgado**, s. m. the court or judgment seat.—*Juzgado*, adj. adjudged.—*Pasar en cosa juzgada*, to be denied the privilege of appeal.

**Juzgadór**, s. m. (obs.) a judge.

**Juzgamúndos**, s. m. a back-biter, a censurer.

**Juzgár**, v. a. to judge; also to be of opinion.—*Juzgár mal de una cosa*, to have an ill opinion of a thing.—*Juzgár en derecho de su dedo*, to give judgment partially.

## K.

**KALE/NDÁ**, s. f. the calendars of every month, which were wont to be on the first day; also the time of paying use-money, whence Horace calls them *tristes* and *celeræ calendæ*.

**Kalendár**, v. a. to mark out the calendar, or rather to make an almanack.

**Kalandário**, s. m. a character or almanack.

**Kármes**, s. m. kermes, a small worm so called.

**Kynorrhodón**, s. m. the wild rose, or sweet briar rose; also the flower of the red lily.

**Kyriár**, v. n. to sing the responses in the church service.

**Kyrieleisár**, v. n. to sing the ky-

rieleisón, or Lord have mercy on us.

**Kyrieleisón**, s. m. Lord have mercy upon us; a form of prayer used in the liturgy, and taken out of the psalms.

**Kyries**, s. m. that part of the liturgy which contains the *kyrieleisón*, also repetition or abundance of any thing.



## L.

**L**, the twelfth letter of the Spanish alphabet. When double it is pronounced as in the words *llama*, *llaga*.

**La**, the article of the feminine gender.

**Labáre**, s. m. the labarum or Roman standard, on which the emperor Constantine embroidered the cross and name of Christ.

**Lábe**, s. m. a spot or blemish.

**Laberintho**, s. m. a labyrinth, a place so intricate, that there is no finding the way out without a clue.

**Lábía**, s. f. eloquent manner of speaking; the art of persuading; the art of influencing by expostulation.

**Labíal**, adj. belonging to the lips.

**Lábío**, s. m. a lip.—*Morderse los labios*, s. to bite one's own lips; that is to be full of rage.—*No morderse los labios*, f. to express any thing to another clearly.

**Labór**, s. f. work, womens work; as sewing, embroidering, or the like.—*Hacer labór*, to sew as women do.—*Ir a la labór*, to go to school, as girls do to sew, embroider, &c.—*Labór de campo*, tillage, husbandry. Prov. *Hacer la labór de la Judía, que trasnochaba la noche, y holgaba de día*, work like the Jewish woman, who sate up all night, and was idle all the day. To invert the right order.

**Laboránte**, s. m. a journeyman.

**Laboreár**, v. n. to labour.

**Laboratório**, s. m. laboratory, a chymist's work-room.

**Laborcica**, s. f. a small work.

**Labreár**, v. n. to work in the fields.

**Laborera**, s. f. the woman who works.

**Labório**, s. m. the work which is done in the fields, gardens, &c.

**Laborioso**, adj. laborious.

**Labrador**, s. m. a husbandman, a farmer.—*Al labrador descuidado ratónes le comen to sembrado*, the mice eat up what the careless husbandman sows,—

The vermin destroy his seed when he does not plough and harrow as he ought.

**Labradóra**, s. f. a country-woman.—*Labradóra*, (in cant) the hand.

**Labradoresco**, adj. belonging to a labourer.

**Labrandera**, s. f. a woman that works at her needle.

**Labrante**, s. m. a hewer of stone.

**Labrantín**, s. m. a small spot of ground cultivated by the owner of it.

**Labrántio**, adj. fit only for corn.

**Labránza**, s. f. tillage, husbandry; also a farm, or some tilled land.

**Labrar**, v. a. to work at any trade or employment; to till, to sow, to build.—*Labrar seda*, to keep silk worms to make silk.—*Labrar la bestia*, to mark a beast with an hot iron.—*Labrar casa*, to build a house.

**Labriego**, s. m. a husbandman, a labourer.

**Labrusca**, s. f. a wild vine.

**Láca**, s. f. lac.

**Lacargama**, s. f. the herb wild bugloss.

**Lacáyo**, s. m. a footman, lackey.

**Lacayuelo**, s. m. diminutive of lacayo.

**Lacéar**, v. a. to adorn with knots.

**Lacerado**, adj. ragged, poor, wretched, also a miser that will not allow himself necessities.

**Lacerár**, v. a. to rend, to tear in pieces, to mangle, to dismember.—*Lacerár*, v. n. (obs.) to live wretchedly.

**Lacería**, s. f. poverty, misery, want; also avarice, niggardliness.

**Lácio**, adj. lank, not stiff, fading.

**Laconicaménte**, adv. concisely, shortly.

**Lacónico**, adj. concise, short, compendious.

**Laconismo**, s. m. a short way of speaking.

**Láca**, s. f. (obs.) a deplorable thing or case; also a scar.

**Lacrár**, v. a. to be full of wounds or stripes.

**Láca**, s. f. (obs.) a deplorable thing or case; also a scar.

**Lacre**, s. m. sealing-wax.

**Lácrymóso**, adj. deplorable, full of tears.

**Lactancia**, s. f. the time that a child sucks.

**Lactéo**, adj. milky, like milk.

**Lacticinio**, s. m. any thing made of milk.

**Lactifero**, adj. milky, like milk, full of milk.

**Lactumén**, s. m. scabs that break out on children who surfeit themselves by sucking too much.

**Ladáno**, s. m. gum made of the fat dew that is gathered from the leaves of *álada*.

**Ladeado**, da, p. p. from Ladear.

**Ladeár**, v. n. to wave or move from side to side.

**Ladéra**, s. f. the side of a hill.

**Ladilla**, s. f. a crab-louse.

**Ladillo**, s. m. a little side.

**Ladinamente**, adv. versed in a language, fluently.

**Ladino**, adj. that speaks Spanish or any other tongue perfectly well; also sly, cunning, sagacious.

**Ládo**, s. m. side.—*Ir lado a lado con otro*, to walk cheek by jole with another.—*No apartarse del lado de otro*, to be always in the company of another.—*Hacerse a un lado*, to stand aside.—*Andar de lado*, to go side-ling.

**Ládra**, s. f. the barking of a dog.

**Ladrador**, s. m. a dog that barks much. Prov. *Perro ladrador poco mordedor*, a dog that barks much seldom bites.

**Ladrár**, v. a. to bark; to threaten.—*Ladrár el estómago*, is to be hungry, to crave meat.—*Ladreme el perro, y no me muerda*, ref. let the dog bark, but let him not bite me; that is, do not take notice of threats when they can do you no harm.

—*Sin padre ni madre, ni perro, que me ladre*, ref. without father, or mother, or dog that should bark at me; that is, a man is at liberty when he is not dependent.

**Ladrído**, s. m. the barking of a dog.

**Ladrillál**, s. m. a brick-kiln, a place where bricks are made.  
**Ladrillár**, v. a. to lay a floor with bricks or tiles, to tile the side of a wall.  
**Ladrillázo**, s. m. a stroke with a brick or tile.  
**Ladrilléjo**, s. m. a little brick, or tile of such as are used for floors or walls; trick of youth, which is, to hang a piece of brick or tile to a door with a line to it, which reaches to a place where one is hid, who pulling, knocks at the door in the night, and when the people look out, they can see no body, by which means they disturb them without being discovered.  
**Ladrilléro**, s. m. a brick-maker.  
**Ladillo**, s. m. a brick or tile, such as is laid in chimnies. In cant, a thief.  
**Ladrillóso**, adj. covered with bricks.  
**Ladrón**, s. m. a thief, a house-breaker.—*La ocasión hace ladrón*, ref. the opportunity makes a thief; that is, one ought to avoid the temptation.—*Ladrón*, a canal of water for mills; also a thief in a candle. Prov. *Piensa el ladrón que todos son de su condición*; the thief thinks that all men are like him; knaves are most apt to suspect others.  
**Ladroncillo**, s. m. a little thief.  
**Ladronera**, s. f. a place where thieves are concealed or entertained; also a trench to turn away the water from a mill.  
**Ladroneria**, } s. f. a thievery.  
**Ladronia**, }  
**Ladronicio**, s. m. a theft.  
**Lagaña**, s. f. a blear in the eye.—*Ojos hay, que de lagañas se enamoran*, ref. there are some people that fall in love with an ugly woman.  
**Lagañoso**, adj. blear-eyed.  
**Lagár**, s. m. the wine press, the place grapes are pressed in.  
**Lagarejo**, s. m. as, *hacerse lagarejo la uva*, it means the grape being bruised, in carrying, or the like; and because that makes wet and dirt, therefore the same word is used to signify any stopping of water, or any dirty wet place.  
**Lagaréta**, s. f. a vessel the wine runs into out of the press.  
**Lagartádo**, adj. like a lizard.  
**Lagartera**, s. f. the hole where the lizards hide themselves;

also among soldiers, a very old and weak castle or tower.  
**Lagartero**, adj. applied to the birds that catch the lizards.  
**Lagartézna**, } s. f. a lizard.  
**Lagartija**, }  
**Lagartijero**, adj. vide **Lagartero**.  
**Lagarto**, s. m. an alligator; sometimes taken for a lizard. (In cant) a robber who often changes his disguise. It is also used for the cross which is the badge of the order of the knighthood of Santiago.  
**Lágo**, s. m. a lake.  
**Lagofear**, v. n. to fawn, to flatter, to coax, to wheedle in order to deceive.  
**Lagotería**, s. f. flattery, fawning.  
**Lagotero**, s. m. a flatterer, one who fawns or wheedles; a sycophant.  
**Lágrima**, s. f. a tear. Thence the bleeding or propping of a vine when cut.—*Lágrimas de san esleban*, a cant word for good round stones.—*Lágrimas de david*, a plant whose seed is as hard as a stone.  
**Lágrymál**, s. m. the corner of the eye.  
**Lagrymár**, v. n. to weep, to shed tears; also the bleeding of a vine after it is cut.  
**Lagrymilla**, s. f. a little tear.  
**Lagrymóso**, adj. full of tears; also lamentable.  
**Lagúna**, s. f. a lake; a morass. In a book it signifies a chasm, or the interruption of the sense by leaving out some words; a blank.  
**Lagunájos**, s. m. pl. deep sloughs or pits in a piece of ground full of water.  
**Lagunár**, s. m. a timber-roof.  
**Lagunóso**, adj. full of ditches or holes, uneven, rugged, pitted.  
**Laiál**, adj. belonging to the laity.  
**Láico**, s. m. a layman.  
**Láma**, s. f. dirt, mire, ouze, or mud in rivers, or such places; also brocade or cloth of gold.  
**Lambicár**, v. a. to distil from a limbeck or still; to strain.—*Lambicár el célebro*, to strain one's brain.  
**Lambrija**, s. f. a worm; generally meaning that sort which infest children.  
**Lamedál**, s. m. a puddle, a slough, a dirty place.  
**Lamedór**, s. m. syrup; also one that licks.

**Lamedúra**, s. f. a licking.  
**Lamentáble**, adj. lamentable, deplorable.  
**Lamentación**, s. f. lamentation.  
**Lamentador**, s. m. one that bewails or laments.  
**Lamentár**, v. n. to lament, to bewail.—*Lamentarse*, v. r. to complain.  
**Lamento**, s. m. lamenting, mourning, bewailing.  
**Lamentóso**, adj. lamentable, mournful.  
**Lámer**, v. a. to lick.  
**Lámia**, s. f. a common whore.—*Lámia*, s. f. a fish called a break-net, being the biggest sort of dog-fish; used also by poets for a witch or hag.  
**Lamín**, s. m. (obs.) a dainty liquorish fellow.  
**Lamina**, s. f. a plate of any metal. It is also taken for any picture painted on copper.  
**Laminero**, s. m. the person who makes plates of any sort of metal.  
**Laminica**, s. f. a little plate.  
**Laminóso**, adj. (obs.) dainty, liquorish.  
**Lampacéar**, v. a. to caulk ships; that is, to drive oakum into the seams to stop the water.  
**Lampára**, s. f. a lamp; a spot of oil.  
**Lamparáda**, s. f. the quantity of oil that fills a lamp.  
**Lampavéro**, s. m. one that looks after the lamps.  
**Lamparilla**, s. f. a little lamp; also a very coarse woollen stuff they make summer-cloaks of.  
**Lamparin**, s. m. the case in which the glass lamp is fixed.  
**Lamparón**, s. m. pl. the distemper called the king's evil; also the farcy in a horse.  
**Lampázo**, s. m. any sort of dock; also the spots that come out in any part of the body.—*Paños de lampázo*, hangings that are wrought with herbage.  
**Lampiño**, adj. beardless, smooth.  
**Lampión**, s. m. a great lamp to hang in a great hall, porch, or the like place.  
**Lampréa**, s. f. a lamprey.  
**Lampreár**, v. a. to dress a certain dish.  
**Lampreguéla**, s. f. a little lamprey.  
**Lampasana**, s. f. corn-salad.  
**Lampuga**, s. f. a sort of fish.  
**Lána**, s. f. wool.—*Lána biéda*, coarse wool.—*Lána carmonáda*,



carded wool.—*Lana peynáda*, combed wool.—*Llevar a úno con cuerda de lana*, to draw a man with a twine thread.—*Vos lavareis la lana*, you shall wash the wool; that is, you shall do the hardest labour.—*A costa de lanas*, to spend of another man's purse.—*Lana de su monte*, wool in its natural colour. Prov. *Poca lana y ésa en rizas*, little wool, and that on the briers; that is, little good, and that so divided, that nothing can be made of it; a small stock, and that squandered. Prov. *Quién trata en lana bro muna*, they that deal in wool, flow in gold. The wool trade is rich and profitable. Prov. *Ir por lana, y beber*, trasquilado, to go for wool, and return shorn; to go about to get great matters, and lose what one has.

**Lanada**, s. f. the sponge for scouring the cannon after firing.

**Lanar**, adj. belonging to wool.

**Lance**, s. m. a cast of a net in fishing; or a draught of fish; a cast at dice, an accident.—*Comprar del lance*, to buy a cheap pennyworth by accident.—*Lance forziso*, an accident that is unavoidable. Prov. *El mejor lance de los dados es no jugarlos*, the best cast at dice is not to play.

**Lanceola**, s. f. an herb called plantane.

**Lancera**, s. f. a rack to lay spears on.

**Lancero**, s. m. one that makes or sells spears, or lances, or a soldier that fights with a lance.

**Lanceta**, s. f. a surgeon's lancet.

**Lancetada**, s. f. a puncture, or with a lancet.

**Lancetazo**, s. m. a puncture with a lancet.

**Lancha**, s. f. the pinnacle of a ship; also a broad flat stone.

**Lanchada**, s. f. a boat's full lading.

**Lanchazo**, s. m. a stroke with a great flat stone.

**Lancilla**, s. f. a little lance.

**Landre**, s. f. a pestilential sort of swelling, or glandules, rising sometimes in the groin, sometimes under the arm-pits, and sometimes in the throat, where they soon choke the patient. (In cant) it is money

tied in the corner of a handkerchief or such like place. Prov. *De hombre fúco y sin hambre guárdate del como de landre*, from a lean man without hunger guard yourself as against a plague. That is, a rich man with a meagre countenance, is a great sign of a covetous disposition.

**Landrecilla**, s. f. that part of the thigh called the pope's eye, any small boily swelling, scurfiness, scab, or leprosy.

**Laneria**, s. f. the shop where wool is sold.

**Lanero**, s. m. one that deals in wool.—**Lantro**, s. m. the house where the wool is kept.

**Langaruto**, s. m. a long slim fellow.

**Langosta**, s. f. a great grasshopper, a locust; also a lobster.

**Langostin**, s. f. a craw-fish, a little sea lobster.

**Langostón**, s. m. a great lobster.

**Languidez**, s. f. faintness.

**Languido**, adj. faint, languishing, weak, drooping.

**Lanificio**, s. m. working of wool, spinning, or carding.

**Lanilla**, s. f. a sort of stuff.

**Lantéja**, s. f. a lentil.

**Lantejuelas**, s. f. gold or silver spangles.

**Lanterna**, s. f. a lantern.—**Lanternas**, pl. (in cant) the eyes.

**Lanternero**, s. m. one that makes or sells lanterns.

**Lanudo**, adj. woolly.

**Lanza**, s. f. a lance, a long spear.—*Lanza de coche ó carro*, the pole of a coach or cart.—*Lanza*, a soldier anciently armed with a spear; also a meteor so called because it has the figure of a lance.—*Lanza gineta*, a light-horseman's spear.—*Lanza en ristre*, the lance in the rest.—*Echar la lanza*, to wound with a spear; also to oppose one; also to challenge one.—*Medir lanzas*, to be equal to another.—*Meter la lanza hasta el regatón*, to press a man very hard.—*Quebrar lanzas*, to begin to speak about any thing; to negotiate.

**Lanzada**, s. f. a wound of a spear or lance.—*Lanzada de moro zurdo*, great wound of a spear.

**Lanzadera**, s. f. a weaver's shuttle.

**Lanzamiento**, s. m. a launching or darting.—*Lanzamientos de un navio*, that part of the ship that hangs over, either at head or stern, beyond the length of the keel.

**Lanzar**, v. a. to launch, to dart, to cast as a lance; also to turn out, and to vomit.

**Lanzón**, s. m. a short thick lance, used by those that guard the vineyards or fields.

**Lanzuela**, s. f. a little lance.

**Laña**, s. f. a cramping iron to bind stones together in a building.

**Lañar**, v. a. to bind stones with cramping irons, to open fish to salt them.

**Lapa**, s. f. a shell-fish; also a hollow under a bank's side; also the purging wine.—*Lapa*, s. f. the scum of any thing.

**Lapachar**, s. m. a place where much shell fish is found; also a muddy place.

**Lapicero**, s. m. a pencil used to draw or paint with.

**Lápida**, s. f. a flat square stone, on which inscriptions are written.

**Lapidaria**, s. f. the art of a lapidary.

**Lapidario**, s. m. a lapidary, a cutter and polisher of precious stones.

**Lapido**, adj. belonging to a stone.

**Lapidoso**, adj. stony, full of stones.

**Lapis Lazuli**, s. f. a stone so called.

**Lapiz**, s. f. a black stone used for drawing.

**Lapizar**, s. m. a stony place.—*Lapizar*, v. a. to draw or delineate with a black stone.

**Lápsa**, s. m. a fall.

**Láque**, s. m. a running footman.

**Lardar**, v. a. to baste meat in roasting.

**Lardero**, adj. as, *Martes lardero*, Shrove Tuesday, because the kitchens are then fat, taking leave of flesh before Lent.

**Lardo**, s. m. lard, the fat of bacon.

**Lardón**, s. m. an explanation or annotation in the margin.

**Lardosillo**, adj. fat, greasy.

**Láres**, s. m. pl. the household gods of the heathens.

**Larga**, s. f. delay.—*Ir á la larga*, to go slowly on.

**Largamente**, adv. slowly; in length.

**Largár, v. a.** to let go, or loose, to let slip. In the sea-phrase, to ease a rope, or to veer out.

**Largaría, s. f.** length, longitude.

**Lárgo, adj.** long, large; also liberal.—*Hacerse, a lo largo*, to keep aloof off, to put out to sea.—*Hombre lárgo como pelo de hueco*, a covetous man, a miser.—*Lárgo de lengua*, foolish, impudent.—*Lárgo de manos*, a bully, a bravo.—*Lárgo de años*, a thief, a robber.—*Gastar lárgo y tendido*, to spend a great deal of money.—*Lárgo en razonar*, tedious in talk.—*Ese es cuánto lárgo*, that is a long tale.—*Darse tanto en ancho como en lárgo*, to give one another as good as they bring.

**Largomira, s. m.** a telescope, any sort of spying-glass.

**Largón, adj.** very long.

**Largór, s. m.** length.

**Largueado, adj.** that has passed by at nine pins without carrying; also striped as silk, or stuff.

**Largueár, v. n.** to pass by at nine pins without carrying.

**Largüeros, s. m. pl.** the two poles or boards that form the sides of a loom or any similar thing.

**Largüeza, s. f.** liberality.

**Larguillo, adj.** longish.

**Largura, s. f.** length.

**Laringe, s. f.** the throat, the top of the wind-pipe, by which we fetch breath and form the voice.

**Láro, s. m.** a sea-mew, cob, or gull.

**Lasána, s. f.** a kind of pancake or fritter.

**Lascivamente, adv.** lasciviously, incontinently.

**Lascivia, s. f.** lasciviousness, wantonness, lewdness, lust.

**Lascivo, adj.** lascivious, wanton, lewd, lustful.

**Lasamiénto, s. m.** weariness, fatigue.

**Lasitud, s. f.** fatigue, weariness.

**Láso, adj.** weary.

**Lastár, v. a.** to suffer, or endure for another, or for what is past.

**Lastima, s. f.** compassion, pity; also grief, misfortune.—*Llorar lastimas*, to complain of misfortunes.

**Lastimador, s. m.** one that moves to compassion, or that offends or hurts.

**Lastimár, v. a.** to hurt, to grieve, to wound, to affront.—*Lastimarse, v. r.* to hurt one's self, to take pity on.—*Me he lastimado el brazo*, I have hurt myself in the a.m.

**Lastimero, adj.** vide Lastimoso.

**Lastimosamente, adj.** compassionately, pitifully.

**Lastimoso, adj.** dismal, to be pitied, moving to compassion.

**Lásto, s. m.** the charge one is at in recovering the money paid for another.

**Lastrár, v. a.** to ballast a ship.

**Lastrones, s. m. pl.** the flat stones that come off the top of the quarry, which are not of much use for building.

**Láta, s. f.** the stick or latch, which is laid across the other two forked ones stuck upright in the ground in vineyards to support the vines.—*Lata, s. f.* tin, such as candlesticks and other things are made of.—*Oro de lata*, gold beaten into thin plates.

**Latamente, adv.** broadly, widely, extensively.

**Latéral, adj.** belonging to the side.

**Latido, s. m.** the beating of the heart, the pangs of any violent pain.

**Latigazo, s. m.** a lash with a whip.

**Latigo, s. m.** a lash of a whip.

**Latigueár, v. n.** to smack a whip.

**Latín, s. m.** Latinity.—*Prov. Con Latín, rocín, y florín, andarás el mundo*, Latin, a horse, and money, will carry you through the world.

**Latinájo, s. m.** dog Latin, or lawyer's Latin.

**Latinamente, adv.** in Latin.

**Latineár, v. a.** to make Latin.

**Latinidad, s. f.** the Latin tongue, the idiom of Latin.

**Latinismo, s. m.** Latinism.

**Latinizar, v. a.** to use words, or phrases borrowed from the Latin; to give names a Latin termination, to make them Latin.

**Latino, adj.** Latin.—*Velá latina*, a triangular sail.

**Latinoso, adj.** belonging to the Latin tongue.

**Latir, v. n.** beat as the heart does, to ach violently, to throb as in great pain.

**Latitár, v. n.** to lie hid.

**Latitud, s. f.** breadth, latitude.

**Láto, adj.** large, wide, broad, extensive, ample.

**Latón, s. m.** fine brass, latten.

**Latónero, s. m.** that works brass, a brazier.

**Látria, s. f.** the adoration, worship, honour, and servitude due to God alone.

**Látrina, s. f.** a necessary house.

**Latrocinio, s. m.** a theft.

**Laud, s. m.** a lute; (ironically,) a hunch-backed man.

**Laudable, adj.** laudable, worthy of praise.

**Laudáno, s. m.** the gum laudanum.

**Laudár, v. a.** to praise, to commend.

**Laudatória, s. f.** encomium, or commendation of any brave and noble exploit.

**Laudatório, adj.** praiseworthy, commendable, laudable.

**Laude, s. m.** a tomb-stone with an inscription on it.—*Láudes, pl.* praises, or the lauds; that part of the divine service which priests say in the morning next to the matins.

**Laudémio, s. m.** in law; a tax or money paid so called.

**Launár, s. f.** a lamina of metal.

**Lauréa, s. f.** a garland of laurel.

**Laureádo, s. m.** who takes a degree in the university.—*Laureado, s. m.* a poet laureat.

**Laureár, v. a.** to crown with laurel.—*Lawear, v. a.* to give a degree in the university, or receive one.

**Lauredál, s. m.** a grove of laurel or bay-trees.

**Laurel, s. m.** laurel, bay-tree.

**Laureola, s. f.** the herb laury.

**Laurino, adj.** belonging to laurel.

**Lauro, s. m.** a laurel-tree; a reward, or prize.

**Lavacias, s. f. pl.** suds, or water for washing of linen, or the like.

**Lavacro, s. m.** a bath, a washing-place, a font or baptistery.

**Lavadéro, s. m.** a washing-place.

**Lavadór, s. m.** a washer.

**Lavadura, s. f.** washing.

**Lavajál, s. m.** a puddle, a slough, a place full of mire.

**Lavájo, s. m.** idem.

**Lavamáños, s. m.** a little cistern of water to wash the hands.



Lavanco, s. m. a kind of wild duck.

Lavandera, s. f. laundress. — Prov. *La buena lavandera lava su camisa la primera*, the good laundress washes her own smock first.

Lavandería, s. f. the laundry.

Lavandero, s. m. a man-washer, or the laundress's husband.

Lavandula, s. f. lavender.

Lavar, v. a. to wash. — *Lavar las manos de una cosa*, to wash one's hands; that is, not to be consenting to a thing. — *No se lavará con cuánta agua lleva el río*, all the water in the river will not wash him clean; said when a man has committed a foul act.

Lavativa, s. f. a kind of clyster.

Lavatório, s. m. a laver to wash at, a bath; a cistern; also the action of washing.

Lavazas, s. f. pl. suds, the washings of linen.

Laxa, s. f. a broad stone for pavements; also a leash for dogs. *At sea*, a shoal.

Laxar, v. a. to loosen, slacken, untie.

Laxativo, adj. that can loosen, slacken, or untie; also laxative.

Laya, s. f. the genius, quality, or species of any thing.

Lazada, s. f. a slip-knot; also a snare; sometimes taken for a riddle.

Lazarato, s. m. the house or hospital where persons perform quarantine.

Lazarillo, s. m. the person who leads the blind man.

Lazáro, s. m. a poor beggar.

Lazdrado, adj. (obs.) torn, tattered.

Lázo, s. m. a knot, a snare; a flourish in writing. — *Armar lázo*, to lay a snare. — *Caér en el lázo*, to be caught, to fall into the snare. — *Tener el lázo a la garganta*, to have the rope about the neck; to be in imminent danger.

Le, an oblique case of the pronoun, which corresponds to the third person in the masculine gender in the singular, and in the plural *los* and *les*.

Leal, adj. loyal, faithful. — Prov. *No vive mas el leal de cuánto quiere el traidor*, a fair honest man lives no longer than a treacherous villain pleases;

because a treacherous person may at any time take an honest man, who suspects nothing, at a disadvantage.

Lealmente, adv. loyally, faithfully, honestly.

Lealtad, s. f. loyalty, fidelity, trustiness.

Lebeche, s. m. the south-west wind.

Lebrada, s. f. a particular way of dressing a hare.

Lebrastón, s. m. an old hare; a cunning subtle man.

Lebratillo, s. m. a leveret; a young hare.

Lebrél, s. m. a greyhound.

Lebrillo, s. m. an earthen pan.

Lebrillejo, s. m. a little earthen pan.

Lebrón, s. m. a great coward, a great hare.

Lebronazo, s. m. idem.

Lebruno, adj. belonging to a hare.

Lección, s. f. reading lecture, lesson, instruction.

Lechada, s. f. the wetting or moistening of lime. — *Lechada de trépas*, the matter of which paper is made; that is, the rags beaten in a mill till they are like a milky paste.

Lechal, adj. sucking; made of, or belonging to milk.

Lèche, s. f. milk. — *Lo que en la leche se mama, en la mortaja se derrama*, ref. the good or bad customs we acquire in our infancy remain with us to the grave. — *Tener la leche en los labios*, f. to have the milk yet on the lips; that is, to be very young, to want experience.

Lèche de gallina, a white field onion. — *Lèche de manteca*, buttermilk. — *Lèche de pez*, the milt, or soft row of a fish.

Lecheccillas, s. f. pl. the sweetbread of any beast.

Lechera, s. f. a milk-woman, or milk-maid.

Lechero, s. m. a milk-man. — *Lechero*, adj. milky, belonging to milk.

Lechetrezna, s. f. the herb spurge.

Lechiga, s. f. a bier to carry dead bodies on.

Lechigada, s. f. a litter of pigs; also a herd of ruffians.

Lechino, s. m. a match of lint used by surgeons.

Lécho, s. m. a bed. — *Un lecho de una cosa, y un lécho de otra*, a layer of one thing, and a

layer of another. — *Estár la mar en léche*, the sea to be very calm and smooth.

Lechón, s. m. properly a sucking pig; any hog. — *Lechón de viuda*, a widow's hog; that is, a pampered fellow.

Lechoneillo, s. m. a sucking pig.

Lechuga, s. f. a lettuce. — *Lechuga créspe*, curled, or ragged-leaved, or endive-leaved lettuce. — *Lechuga murciada*, the cabbage-lettuce. — *Lechuga parvada*, broad-leaved lettuce. — *Lechuga Romana*, the Roman lettuce.

Lechuguero, s. m. who sells lettuces.

Lechuguilla, s. f. a little lettuce; also the scolloping of a ruff. — *Múrgas de lechuguilla*, fine ruffled linen sleeves, worn by women. — *Cuello de lechuguilla*, a ruff-band.

Lechuguino, s. m. a young lettuce.

Lechúza, s. f. an owl.

Lechúzo, adj. that sucks; said of the mule before it is taken from the dam.

Lector, s. m. a reader; also one of the lesser orders of the church. — *Lector en teología*, a professor of divinity.

Lectoral, adj. applied to the canon whose office is to explain the holy scriptures.

Lectoria, s. f. the office, or dignity of a reader in the church.

Lectura, s. f. a lecture.

Ledamente, adv. (obs.) merrily joyfully.

Lédo, adj. (obs.) pleasant, merry.

Lédro, adj. (in cant.) mean, of small value, low. — *Braxio leдро*, (in cant.) the left hand.

Leedor, s. m. a reader.

Leer, v. a. to read; also to teach a science. — *Leer filosofía*, to teach philosophy. — *Leer a uno la cartilla*, to read a man his primer; that is, to tell him what he must trust to.

Legacia, s. f. an embassy.

Legado, s. m. an ambassador; now used only for the pope's legate.

Legajo, s. m. a bundle of papers.

Legal, adj. legal, belonging to the law.

Legalidad, s. f. lawfulness.

Legalización, s. f. a certificate.

Legalizar, v. a. to declare in form that the instrument is true, to certify.

- Legalmente**, adv. lawfully, legally.
- Legamente**, adv. layman-like.
- Legamo**, s. m. thick slime or mud.
- Legaña**, s. f. vide *Lagaña*.
- Lagañoso**, adj. vide *Lagañoso*.
- Legar**, v. a. to will, to bequeath by will, to send.
- Legatario**, s. m. one who has legacies left him.
- Legato**, s. m. a legacy.
- Légenda**, s. f. a legend.
- Legendario**, s. m. the book of legends.
- Legible**, adj. legible, that may be read.
- Legión**, s. f. a legion; any great number.
- Legionario**, s. m. a soldier belonging to a legion.
- Legislador**, s. m. legislator, lawgiver.
- Legislar**, v. n. to make or establish laws.
- Legisperito**, s. m. a person skilful in the law.
- Legista**, s. m. a lawyer.
- Legítima**, s. f. the son's share of the inheritance of his father's goods.
- Legitimación**, s. f. legitimation.
- Legítimamente**, adv. legally, lawfully.
- Legítimar**, v. a. to legitimate, to make legal or lawful.
- Legitimidad**, s. f. a legitimacy.
- Legítimo**, adj. lawful, legitimate.
- Légo**, s. m. a lay-brother.
- Legón**, s. m. a spade.
- Legoncillo**, s. m. a hoe to hoe gardens.
- Légra**, s. f. a surgeon's instrument with which he lays open the skull, to search whether it be sound.
- Legrar**, v. n. in surgery to lay open the skull to search whether it be sound.
- Légu**, s. f. a league, commonly three miles.—*Trágan leguas*, swallow leagues; so they call a horse that rides much.—Prov. *Por do quiera hay su légua de mal camino*, whatsoever way you go, there is a league of bad way; a business is cross and difficult every way.
- Legumbre**, s. f. pulse of all sorts; as peas, beans, vetches, &c.
- Legible**, adj. that can be read.
- Lejano**, adj. far off.
- Lejos**, adv. far.
- Lelies**, s. m. pl. the ories of the
- Moors when they join battle.
- Lélo**, adj. foolish, stupid.
- Lémina**, s. f. an argument or subject.
- Lenceria**, s. f. the linen-drapers street; also linen cloth made of flax.
- Lencero**, s. m. a linen-drafter.
- Lendrera**, s. f. a small toothed comb to take nits out of the hair.
- Lendrero**, s. m. a place full of nits.
- Lendroso**, adj. of full nits.
- Lengua**, s. f. tongue; language; also an interpreter; the little wire or tongue of the balance, which shows what way it inclines; also the clapper of a bell.—*Lengua del agua*, the edge of the water.—*Lengua de buely*, the herb bugloss.—*Lengua de ciervo*, hart-tongue, an herb.—*Lengua de cordero*, the herb lambs-tongue.—*Lengua de caballo*, the herb horse-tongue, or laurel of Alexandria.—*Lengua de perro*, the herb hounds-tongue.—*Lengua serpentina*, the herb adders-tongue.—*Poner lengua en algúno*, to talk ill of one.—*Irse de lengua*, to be lavish of one's tongue.—*Hacerse lenguas en un negocio*, to talk eagerly or zealously in an affair.—*Ventr con la lengua de un pájmo*, to come with the tongue hanging out a span; that is, in haste, panting, and the tongue hanging, as a dog when he runs.—Prov. *Quien lengua há, a Roma va*, he that has language may go to Rome.—Prov. *La lengua del mal amigo mas corta que el cuchillo*, a false friend's tongue is sharper than a knife.
- Lenguado**, s. m. a fish called a sole.
- Lenguaje**, s. m. language.
- Lenguaz**, adj. one who speaks many languages; also an ill tongue, a malicious, venomous tongue.
- Lenguáz**, adj. full of tongue, talkative.
- Lengüear**, v. a. to spy out, to be inquisitive.
- Lengüecilla**, s. f. a little tongue.
- Lengüeta**, s. f. a little tongue; the uvula in the throat; the iron point of an arrow; the beard of a fishing hook; the little iron at the end of goads; the little brass plates that fall upon some of the holes of an
- hautboy, and some other sorts of wind-music.
- Lengueta**, s. f. the action of licking with the tongue.
- Lenguezuela**, s. f. a little tongue.
- Lenidad**, s. f. lenity, mildness of temper.
- Leniente**, adj. that softens, assuages, or appeases.
- Lenitivo**, adj. that can soften, appease, or mitigate.
- Lenizar**, v. a. to soften, to assuage, mitigate, or appease.
- Lenocinio**, s. m. pimping, pandering.
- Lentamente**, adv. slowly.
- Lente**, s. f. a lens, a glass spherically convex on both sides.
- Lenteja**, s. f. the pulse called lentils.—*Lenteja de agua*, the herb duck-meat.
- Lenticular**, adj. that has the likeness of the lentils; doubly convex.
- Lentisco**, s. m. the lentisk or mastick-tree.
- Lentitud**, s. f. slowness.
- Lento**, adj. slow, negligent.
- Lentor**, s. m. slowness.
- Lenzuélo**, s. m. a little cloth, a handkerchief.
- Leña**, s. f. wood.—*Cargár de leña*, to cudgel one.—*Leña enligada*, twigs daubed with birdlime.—Prov. *Levar leña al monte*, to carry wood to the mountain; that is, to carry coals to Newcastle.
- Leñador**, s. m. a carrier or cleaver of wood.
- Leñero**, s. m. a dealer in wood, and the place where wood is sold.
- Leño**, s. m. a block, any large timber, a trunk of a tree; a blockhead; a ship, a boat.
- Leñoso**, adj. woody, having properties of wood.
- León**, s. m. a lion.—Prov. *No es tan bravo el león como le pinta*, the lion is not so fierce as he is painted.
- Leóna**, s. f. a lioness.—*Leónas*, pl. (in cant) hose stockings.
- Leonado**, adj. the colour we call murrey.
- Leoncillo**, s. m. a little lion, a lion's whelp.
- Leonera**, s. f. a cage or place to keep lions in.
- Leonero**, s. m. a keeper of lions; one that keeps a gaming-house.
- Leonino**, adj. that belongs to a lion.



Leopardo, s. m. a leopard:

Lepor, s. m. a grace, mirth, wit, drollery; pretty conceit, com-  
plaisance.

Lépra, the leprosy.

Lepróso, adj. a leazar, one that  
has the leprosy.

Lérdo, adj. slow, lazy, dull; (in  
cant) cowardly.

Lesión, s. f. damage, hurt.

Lésna, s. f. an awl.

Léso, adj. hurt, wounded.

Léste, s. m. east, east-wind.

Lefanía, s. f. litany.

Lethal, adj. deadly, mortal.

Lethárgo, s. m. a lethargy.

Leticia, s. f. joy, mirth, gladness.

Letificar, v. a. to make joyful  
or glad.

Letór, s. m. vide Lector.

Létra, s. f. a letter; also the  
hand in writing; also a stanza.

—Létra, a type with which  
books are printed; also the  
motto of a device.—Létra por

létra, punctually, exactly,  
without leaving a letter.—Lé-

tra de cambio, a bill of ex-  
change.—La létra con sangre

létra, the letter is imprinted  
with blood; that is, with labour

and pains; he that will learn  
must labour.—Hombre de letras,

a learned man.—Prov. Letras,

no embótan lanza, learning does  
not make a man the worse sol-  
dier.

Letrado, s. m. a learned man,  
or lawyer.

Letrero, s. m. an inscription.

Letrilla, s. f. diminutive of letra.

A poetical composition so  
called.

Letrina, s. f. a privy.

Letrones, s. m. pl. great letters;  
also the papers in great letters

set up at the gates of churches,  
to declare any person excom-  
municated.

Letuário, s. m. an electuary.

Letúra, s. f. reading.

Léva, s. f. raising of soldiers;  
also weighing anchor; some-  
times quarrel, dispute.—To-

cár a levá, to sound or beat the  
general to march.

Leváda, s. f. a bent, or turn at  
fencing; also the flourish

made with the foil before fen-  
cing.

Levadizo, to be lifted.—Puente  
levadizo, a draw-bridge.

Levadór, s. m. a crafty thief.

Levadúra, s. f. leaven for bread.

Levantadór, s. m. who raises or  
elevates.

Levantadúra, s. f. raising, lift-  
ing.

Levantamiénto, s. m. insurrec-  
tion, rebellion.

Levantár, v. a. to raise, to lift;  
also to build, to construct.—Le-

vantár, to make insurrections;  
also to impute, to accuse.—

Levantár, to defend, to protect;  
also to give elevation of rank

or fortune.—Levantár una cosa  
en álto, to raise a thing high.

—Levantár un peso, to lift a  
weight.—Levantár un edeficio,

to raise a structure.—Levantár  
la cáza, to rouse, start, or

spring game.—Levantár fál-  
so testimonio, to accuse falsely.

—Levantár gente de guerra, to  
raise soldiers.—Levantár el cerco,

to raise the siege.—Levantár la

tabla, to take away after din-  
ner.—Levantarse, v. r. to rise

up; also to recover; also to  
grow more or greater in any

respect.—Levantár a uno hacia

arriba to put a man in a great  
passion.—Levantár de cascos, to

inspire pride or vanity.—Le-

vantár el campo, to raise the  
camp.—Levantár el espíritu, to

encourage, to raise up the  
spirit.—Levantár la voz, el

grito, o el bramo, to make a  
great noise, to be in a passion,

or furious.—Levantár los ta-  
lones, to fly, to escape, run-  
ning away.—Levantarse a las

estrellas, to grow very haughty.

—Levantarse con algo, to take  
possession of any thing.—Le-

vantarse de la cama, to raise out  
of bed.—Levantarse a mayores,

to take upon one, to grow  
haughty.—Levantarse el pueblo,

to mutiny, to rebel.—Levan-  
tarse del juego, to give over

play.

Levante, s. m. the Levant, the  
East.—Estár de levante, to be

unsettled.—Levántico, adj. of,  
or belonging to the Levant.

Levár, v. a. to raise, to lift.—

Levár ferro, to weigh anchor.

—Levarse, v. r. (in cant) to  
remove, to be gone.

Léve, adj. light, of no moment.

Levedad, s. f. lightness.

Levéménte, adv. lightly.

Levita, s. m. a levite or priest  
according to the Mosaic or

Levitical law.

Levitico, s. m. the book of Levi-  
ticus.

Lexáno, adj. distant; that is far  
off.

Lexedumbre, s. m. (obs.) excre-  
ment, dung, filth, nastiness.

Léxia, s. f. lye to wash in.—

Prov. Perdida es la lexia en la

cabeza del asno, it is losing the

lye to wash an ass's head with  
it. There is no washing the

blackmoor white. Instructions  
are lost upon a dunce.

Lexicón, s. m. a lexicon, a dic-  
tionary.

Léxos, adv. far off.—Léxos, adj.

pl. in painting, are the figures  
that appear, small represent-

ing a distance.—Tenér buenos

léxos, to look better at a dis-  
tance than near at hand.

Lexúra, s. f. distance.

Léy, s. f. a law; also fidelity,  
honesty.—Léy del encáge, a

discretionary law.—Oro o plata

de ley, gold or silver that is  
standard.—Mercedería de ley,

a good legal commodity, in  
which there is no cheat.—

Tenér léy con su señor, to be

faithful to his master.—A ley

de bueno júro, by the faith of an

honest man; a kind of oath.

—Prov. Allí van léyes donde

quieren réyes, the laws go which

way kings please; that is, mo-  
narchs make the laws speak

what they please.—Prov. Por

tu léy, y por tu réy, y por tu

grey, you shall venture your

life for your religion, for your

king, and for your country.

Leyenda, s. f. the action of  
reading; also what is read.

Lia, s. f. a with of osier-twigs

to bind with.

Lias, s. f. pl. the dregs of wine,  
the lees.

Liáza, s. f. a bundle of osiers

Liadura, s. f. a binding.

Liár, v. a. to bind any thing  
with cords.

Libación, s. f. a sacrifice of-  
fered, or the tasting of what is

offered.

Libár, v. a. to offer in sacrifice;  
also to taste, to assay.

Libelár, v. a. to draw petitions,  
declarations; also to libel or

scandalize.

Libelático, adj. that denies his  
religion for fear of tortures.

Libelo, s. m. petition, memoi-  
rial, declaration.—Libelo, s. m.

a scandalous invective.

Liberál, adj. liberal, bountiful,  
free, generous; also quick,

active, diligent.—Artes libe-  
rál, the liberal arts or sci-  
ences.

**Liberalidad**, s. f. liberality, bounty, generosity.  
**Liberalmente**, adv. liberally, bountifully, generously.  
**Libérrimo**, adj. superl. very free.  
**Libertad**, s. f. liberty, freedom.  
**Libertador**, s. m. who makes or sets free.  
**Libertar**, v. a. to set free, to enfranchise.  
**Libertino**, s. m. the son of one that has been a slave and made free.  
**Liberto**, s. m. one that has been a slave and made free.  
**Libidine**, s. f. lust, desire.  
**Libidinoso**, adj. lustful, luxurious, unchaste.  
**Libra**, s. f. a pound weight; also the constellation called *Libra*.—*Libra carnicera*, the butchers pound, which is double the common pound.  
**Libración**, s. m. the motion of a body in its center, to put itself in equilibrium.  
**Librado**, adj. delivered, freed; also assigned and ordered, speaking of money.—*El mejor librado*, he that has escaped or fared best.  
**Librador**, s. m. a deliverer, a discharger; also he that gives bills or warrants to receive money.  
**Libramiento**, s. m. freeing, discharging.  
**Librancista**, s. m. the person who has bills, notes, or order to receive money.  
**Libranza**, s. f. a bill, note, warrant, or order, to receive money.  
**Librar**, v. a. to deliver, to set free, to give a bill, note, warrant, or order for money. In nunneries, to give a nun leave to talk at the grate.  
**Librazo**, s. m. a great book.  
**Libre**, adj. free, clear, bold.  
**Librea**, s. f. a livery.  
**Librear**, v. a. to sell any thing by pounds.  
**Libremente**, adv. freely.  
**Librería**, s. f. a library.  
**Librero**, s. m. a bookseller.  
**Libreta**, s. f. a little pound weight; also a loaf of one pound weight.  
**Librete**, s. m. a little book.  
**Librilla**, s. f. a little pound.  
**Librillo**, s. m. a little book; also a little earthen pan.  
**Libro**, s. m. a book.—*Libro de casa*, a shop-book, a merchant's book.—*Libro de memoria*, a

pocket-book, a note-book.—*Libro agujerado*, a file on which loose papers are kept.—*Libro de mano*, a manuscript book.—*Hacer libra nuevo*, to turn over a new leaf, to take new measures, to begin a new course of life.—*No haber estudiado mas que en el libro de su aldea*, not to know how to read in any book but his own.—Prov. *Libro cerrado no saca letrado*, a book that is shut makes no scholar.  
**Licencia**, s. f. licence, leave.  
**Licenciado**, s. m. a licentiate.  
**Licenciar**, v. a. to licence, to discharge, to give leave.  
**Licenciosamente**, adv. licentiously, lewdly.  
**Licencioso**, adj. licentious, lewd.  
**Licitamente**, adv. lawfully.  
**Licito**, adj. lawful.  
**Licor**, s. m. liquor.  
**Lid**, s. f. contention, strife, debate, combat.  
**Lidiador**, s. m. contender, debater, combatant.  
**Lidiar**, v. a. to contend, to debate, to strive, to combat.  
**Liebrastón**, s. m. a leveret, a young hare.  
**Lièvre**, s. f. a hare; a coward.—*Donde menos se piensa salta la liebre*, ref. the hare leaps out where one did not expect her; that is, some events happen when we least expect them.—*Liebre de mar*, a fish called a sea-hare.—*Tomar una liebre*, to take a hare, to fall down in the dirt.—Prov. *Levantar la liebre para que otro medre*, to start the hare that another may thrive; as we say, one man beats the bush, another runs away with the hare.—Prov. *Por mucho, que corra la liebre, mas corre el galgo pues la prende*, though the hare runs well, the greyhound runs better, since he takes her. None ought to boast of what they can do, where others outdo them.  
**Liendre**, s. f. a knit.  
**Liento**, adj. moist, damp, lank, pliant, slow.  
**Lienco**, s. m. linen cloth; also a picture.—*Lienco listado*, striped linen.—*Lienco de narices*, a handkerchief.—*Lienco de murralla*, a side of a wall, or a curtain of a wall.  
**Liga**, s. f. garter; also bird-lime; also an alliance; also alloying of metals.

**Ligadura**, s. f. a binding.  
**Ligamamba**, s. f. (obs.) a garter.  
**Ligallo**, s. m. a company of shepherds.  
**Ligamento**, s. m. a band, or binding.  
**Ligar**, v. a. to bind; to bewitch; to alloy metals.—*Ligarse v.* to be united, to be in league with others.  
**Ligazón**, s. m. binding, tying, union.—*Ligazón de un navio*, the ribs of a ship.  
**Ligeramente**, adv. lightly, nimbly, actively.  
**Ligereza**, s. f. lightness, nimbleness, activity.  
**Ligero**, adj. light, nimble, active.—*Caballos ligeros*, the light-horse.—*Creer de ligero*, to be credulous, to believe on light grounds.  
**Ligeruelo**, adj. lightish.—*Uvas ligeruelas*, a sort of early grapes that are first ripe.  
**Ligula**, s. f. a little tongue; also a latchet of a shoe, a shoe-tie, a tenon, the tongue of a pipe, a spoon, scummer, or ladle.  
**Ligustrino**, adj. of, or belonging to a tree called privet or prunella.  
**Ligüstro**, s. m. a flower so called.  
**Lila**, s. f. a thin woollen stuff of divers colours.  
**Lilac**, s. m. an African shrub so called.  
**Lilayla**, s. f. a thin woollen stuff.  
**Lilao**, s. m. a vain ostentation in words and actions.  
**Lima**, s. m. (in cant.) the shirt.—*Lima*, s. f. a citron, or citron-tree; also a file as smiths use; thence the correcting of any writing, as it were filing off it.  
**Limada**, s. f. a sort of dog-fish.  
**Limadamente**, adv. curiously, exquisitely.  
**Limado**, adj. filed, curious.  
**Limadura**, s. f. filing, pin-dust.  
**Limar**, v. a. to file; to correct, to refine.  
**Limaza**, s. f. a snail.  
**Limbo**, s. m. the place where the souls of the patriarchs were till the coming of Christ.  
**Limera**, s. f. citron, sweet lemon-tree.—*Limera*, s. f. a woman who sells lemons.  
**Limero**, s. m. the man who



sells lemons; also the lemon-tree.  
 Limeta, s. f. a bellied glass vial.  
 Limetilla, s. f. a small glass vial.  
 Limiste, s. m. superfine cloth.  
 Limitación, s. f. limitation, confinement.  
 Limitadamente, adv. circumscribedly, scantily.  
 Limitado, adj. scanty.—*Hombre limitado*, a narrow souled man.  
 Limitáneo, adj. bounding, circumscribing.  
 Limitar, v. a. to limit, to circumscribe, to bound.  
 Limite, s. m. limit, bound.  
 Lino, s. m. mad, dirt.  
 Limón, s. m. a lemon.—*Limón de cirro*, the pole that goes between the oxen in the wain.  
 Limonada, s. f. lemonade.  
 Limonado, adj. lemon colour.  
 Limonar, s. m. a lemon orchard.  
 Limoncillo, s. m. a little lemon.  
 Limóna, s. f. alms.—Prov. *El dar limóna nunca mengua la bolsa*, giving alms never empties the purse.  
 Limosnador, s. m. one that gives alms.  
 Limosnero, s. m. an almoner, one that gives much alms.  
 Limoso, adj. dirty, miry.  
 Limpia, s. f. the act of cleaning any thing.  
 Limpiadera, s. f. a brush.  
 Limpiadientes, s. m. a tooth-picker.  
 Limpiadero, adj. any thing to make clean with.  
 Limpiador, s. m. who cleans or purifies any thing.  
 Limpiadura, s. f. whatever is taken off in cleaning a thing.  
 Limpiamente, adv. cleanly, neatly.  
 Limpiar, v. a. to clean, to cleanse.—*Limpiarse*, v. r. to clear one's self of an accusation.—*Limpiar*, (metaph.) to vanish, to clear the town of thieves or vagabonds.  
 Limpiedumbre, } s. f. cleanliness, purity.—Prov. *Limpieza no en la bolsa*, cleanliness is not for the purse. When a purse is clean, it is a sign of emptiness.  
 Limpio, adj. clean, neat, pure, bright.—*Persóna limpia*, one that has no taint in his blood, as not descended from Moors

or Jews.—*No ser agua limbia*, to have some blemish.—*Limpio de polvo, y de paja*, no way defiled; without any incumbrance.  
 Limpión, s. m. one that cleanses privies, a gold finder.  
 Linaje, s. m. a lineage, flock, or family.—Prov. *No dices a; que deshonrarás tu linax*, do not say oh; for you will disgrace your family; that is do not cry out when in pain, because it is scandalous in a man.  
 Linagista, s. m. who writes lineages or descents of families.  
 Linajudo, s. m. that boasts much of his family.  
 Linaloe, s. m. lignum aloes.  
 Linar, s. m. a field of flax.  
 Linaria, s. f. an herb so called.  
 Linaza, s. f. the seeds of flax.  
 Lindamente, adv. finely, curiously.  
 Lindar, v. n. to limit, to bound.  
 Lindazo, s. m. a great beau.  
 Linde, } s. m. limit, bound.  
 Lindero, } dary.  
 Lindezár, s. f. fineness, curiousness, beauty.  
 Lindo, adj. fine, curious, dainty, beautiful. Spoken of a man without any addition, it signifies a beau, a fop.—*Lindo hombre*, a fine man.  
 Lnea, s. f. line extension, limit.—*Linea*, rank, birth; also kind.—*Tirar lineas*, to intend, to pretend something.—*Linea recta*, a straight line.  
 Lineal, adj. of or belonging to a line.  
 Lineamiento, s. m. lineament.  
 Lineár, v. n. to draw lines.  
 Linero, s. m. one that deals in flax.  
 Linguete, s. m. an iron bar so called used on board a ship.  
 Linimento, s. m. an ointment or liniment.  
 Lino, s. m. flax, or linen.  
 Intél, s. m. the piece that lies across the two jams of the door.  
 Linterna, s. f. a lantern.  
 Linternero, s. m. a maker of lanterns.  
 Liños, s. m. (*Caberos de la viña*) the rows or ranks in which vines are planted.  
 Lio, s. m. a bundle, a fardle, a pack.  
 Liguable, adj. that may be liquified.  
 Liguación, s. f. the melting or liquifying of any thing.

Liquár, v. a. to melt, or make liquid, to liquefy.  
 Liquecér, v. a. to melt.  
 Liquidación, s. f. melting, or making liquid; also cleaning.  
 Liquidambar, s. m. an odiferous medicinal liquor so called.  
 Liquidamente, adv. clearly, plainly; like a fluid.  
 Liquidar, v. a. to make liquid, to melt, to dissolve; also to clear any thing that is dubious or difficult.  
 Líquido, adj. liquid.  
 Líquor, s. m. (obs.) liquor.  
 Lira, s. f. a lyre, a harp; also the constellation of that name; it is also a poetical composition of five verses in a stanza; two long and three short, or broken.  
 Lírico, adj. lyric.—*Poeta lírico*, a lyric poet.—*Versos líricos*, lyric verses.  
 Lirio, s. m. a lily.—*Lirio cardeno*, the flower-de-luce.  
 Lirón, s. a dormouse.  
 Lironcillo, s. m. a little dormouse.  
 Lirondo, adj. that has no mixture or addition.  
 Lis, s. f. (*flor de lis*) a flower-de-luce.  
 Lisamente, adv. smoothly, plainly.  
 Lisiár, v. a. to hurt, to wound.  
 Liso, adj. smooth, plain. (In cant) satin.—*Hombre liso*, a plain dealer, a man without fraud.  
 Lisónja, s. f. flattery. There is also a sort of flower of this name.—*Lisónjas de oro* a sort of gold embroidery.  
 Lisonjeador, s. m. a flatterer.  
 Lisonjeár, v. a. to flatter.  
 Lisonjero, s. m. a flatterer.  
 Lista, s. f. a list of names, or of cloth; a ribband.  
 Listár, v. a. to strip.  
 Listo, adj. ready, quick, diligent.  
 Listón, s. m. a broad ribband.  
 Listoncillo, s. m. a little ribband.  
 Listonería, s. f. a bundle or knot of ribbands.  
 Lisura, s. f. smoothness; also ingenuity, sincerity.  
 Lite, s. f. strife, contention, a suit of law.  
 Litéra, s. f. a horse litter, a kind of vehicular bed carried by horses.  
 Literál, adj. literal.

**Literalista**, s. m. who understands the literal sense.

**Literalménte**, adv. literally.

**Literário**, adj. belonging to letters.

**Literáto**, adj. learned.

**Literátura**, s. f. learning, knowledge.

**Lithargýrio**, s. m. litharge.

**Lithócola**, s. f. cement, where-with stones are joined together; stone-glue.

**Litigár**, v. a. to go to law, to contend.

**Litigador**, s. m. a wrangler.

**Litigánte**, s. m. one that is at law.

**Litigio**, s. f. strife, contention.

**Litigioso**, adj. contentious, litigious.

**Litispéndencia**, s. f. a demur in law.

**Litúrgia**, s. f. the liturgy, the public form of divine service.

**Livianaménte**, adv. lightly.

**Liviandád**, s. f. lightness, a foolish action, impudence; also lewdness.

**Livianéza**, s. f. the same as *Liviandád*.

**Liviano**, adj. light, inconstant; also lewd, dissolute.—*Livianos*, s. m. pl. the lights of any creature.

**Livorádo**, adj. (obs.) marked black and blue by bruises.

**Lixa**, s. f. a sea-fish, the skin of which is used in polishing wood.

**Lixár**, v. a. to polish, to smooth.

**Lixo**, s. m. (obs.) mud.

**Lixoso**, (obs.) adj. maddy, dirty.

**Liza**, s. f. a sea fish.—*Liza*, the field of battle.—*Liza*, battle.

**Lizos**, s. m. pl. the threads with which the weavers divide the silk or worsted, in order that the shuttle might pass through.

**Ilága**, s. f. a wound, a sore.—Prov. *Sánan Ilágas, y no malas palabras*, wounds heal, but ill words do not.

**Ilagár**, v. a. to wound.

**Ilagoso**, adj. full of wounds or sores.

**Iláma**, s. f. a flame.

**Ilamáda**, s. f. a call; also the chamade or beat of a drum, which declares a surrender.—*Llamás*, s. f. a sort of cattle peculiar to the kingdom of Peru.

**Llamador**, s. m. one that calls; also the knocker or the ham-

mer which hangs at the door for strangers to strike.

**Llamamiento**, s. m. a call or calling; in physick, the drawing a humour to a place.

**Llamár**, v. n. to call; to knock at the door.—*Llamarse por tal número* to bear such a name.

**Llamaráda**, s. f. a blaze of fire.

**Llamativo**, adj. that calls; applied only when speaking of salt things, because they are apt to provoke, excite, or as it were, call persons to drink.

**Llana**, s. f. a mason's or plasterer's trowel; also a page of the leaf of a book.

**Llanáda**, s. f. an even piece of ground.

**Llanaménte**, adv. plainly.

**Llanéza**, s. f. plainness, sincerity, plain dealing, familiarity.

**Llano**, adj. plain, simple, sincere, honest, without difficulty.—*Hombre llano*, a downright honest man.—*Carnero llano*, a wether-mutton.

**Llánta**, s. f. a colowort; also the binding irons about the wheels of carts or coaches, called the streaks.

**Llanteár**, v. n. to bewail, to bemoan.

**Llantén**, s. m. the herb plain-tain.

**Llánto**, s. m. mourning, weeping.

**Llanúra**, s. f. plainness, a plain.

**Llarés**, s. m. (ollíres) pot-hangers.

**Llave**, s. a key.—Prov. *Llave en cinta hace buena a mi y a mi vecina*, the key in the girdle makes me and my neighbour good; that is, when things are locked up, the opportunity of stealing is taken away.

**Llavéro**, s. m. the key-hole; also a chain or string to hang keys at.—*Llavéro*, s. m. he who keeps the keys of a town, prison, or any other place.

**Lléco**, s. m. land that is not broken up.

**Llegáda**, s. f. the arrival, or coming to a place; also a gathering.

**Llegár**, v. a. to arrive, to come to a place; to gather; also to touch.—*Acábo de llegar*, I am just come.—*No llegues a esto*, do not touch this.

**Lléna**, s. f. a filling.—Prov. *A gran llena gran vacía*, great filling must have great emptying.

**Llenaménte**, adv. copiously, abundantly.

**Llenár**, v. a. to fill.—*Llenarse*, to eat and drink well; also to be angry.

**Lléno**, adj. full.—*Lleno*, s. m. plenty, abundance.—*Hombre lléno*, a very learned person.—*De lléno*, entirely.—*Dar de lléno*, to hit a thing full.

**Llenóra**, s. f. plenty, copiousness, abundance.

**Lleváda**, s. f. the action of carrying.

**Llevadero**, adj. supportable, to be borne.

**Llevador**, s. m. one that carries.

**Llevar**, v. a. to carry; also to produce, and to bear or suffer.—*Llevar*, to exceed; also to draw to one's opinion.—*Llevar*, to guide and to manage.—*Llevar a cuestas*, to carry on the back; also to suffer, to bear.—*Llevarse de la cólera*, to fall in a passion.—*Llevar adelante*, to go on constantly.—*Llevar con sigo*, to be in company, to go somewhere.—*Llevarse los ojos*, to draw the attention of all the people present.—*Llevar en buelo*, to carry away in passing by, or to carry hanging, or as a bird that seizes his prey and flies away with it.—*Llevar de la rienda*, to lead by the bridle.—*Llevar a jorro*, to tow, as vessels do one another on the water.—*Llevar (la tierra) trigo*, to bear wheat.—*No llevar (el estomago) alguna comida*, not to be at some sort of meat.—*Todo lo que tengo, conmigo lo llevo*, (ref.) I carry all I have about me.—*No llevarse bien con una persona*, not to agree well with some person.—*No llevar camino*, to be unlikely.—*Llevar ventaja*, to have an advantage.—*Llevar á otro tantos años*, to be so many years older than another.—*Llevar tanto de pena*, to be fined so much.

**Lleudár**, v. a. to put yeast in dough that it may ferment.

**Lloradéra**, s. f. a woman hired to cry at a funeral, a mourner.

**Lloradero**, adj. lamentable.

**Llorador**, s. m. a weeping fellow.

**Lloraduélos**, s. m. a snivelling person that cries at every turn.

**Llorár**, v. n. to cry, to weep.

**Llóra**, s. m. crying, weeping.

**Llorón**, s. m. a child that cries



much, or a great crying lubber.  
 Lloroso, adj. mournful, full of tears.  
 Llovedizo, adj. that falls in rain.  
 Llover, v. imp. to rain.—Prov. *Llover sobre mojado*, to rain upon the wet; to add sin to sin, affliction to affliction, pleasure to pleasure.—*Lleva paro mi, Abril y Mayo, y para titodo el año*, ref. let there be rain in the months of April and May for me and for thee all the year; that is, the rains of those months are the best for the harvest.  
 Llovido, s. m. a name given to those who go over to the West-Indies without leave as if they dropt out of the clouds.  
 Llovisno, adj. vide Lluvioso.  
 Llovina, s. f. a small mizzling rain.  
 Lloviznar, v. n. to mizzle, to rain very small.  
 Lluco, adj. broody, one that stands hollow, as if he was afraid of falling.  
 Lluvecita, s. f. a small mizzling rain.  
 Lluvia, s. f. rain.  
 Lluvioso, adj. rainy.  
 Lo, the article of the neuter gender.  
 Loa, s. f. praise, commendation.  
 Loable, adj. commendation, praiseworthy.  
 Loablemente, adv. commendably, praise-worthily.  
 Loador, s. m. who praises or commends.  
 Loar, v. a. to praise.  
 Loba, s. f. a she-wolf; a wide cassock without sleeves; a ridge between two furrows; a stock-lock for a door.—Prov. *Quieres ver loba paridi, casa tu hija*, would you see a she-wolf that has whelped, then marry your daughter. The she-wolf that has whelped is said to carry all she can get to her den for her whelps; when a woman has a child, she is like a she-wolf to her father, getting from him all that she can.  
 Lobado, s. m. a swelling about the jaws, or in other parts; in a horse the fashions.  
 Lobagante, s. m. in some parts they give this name to a lobster.

Lobanillo, s. m. a swelling called a carbuncle, a bite, a push.  
 Lobatón, (in cant) a sheep-stealer.  
 Lobera, s. f. a wolf's den; also a furred cassock.  
 Lobézno, }  
 Lobillo, } s. m. a wolf's whelp.  
 Lobismo, s. m. great hunger or greediness like a wolf's.  
 Lobito, s. m. a little wolf.  
 Lobo, s. m. a wolf; (in cant) a thief.—*Lobo marino*, a sea-calf.—*Encomendar las orejas al lobo*, f. (metaph.) to recommend the ewe to a wolf; that is, one ought not to trust any thing to suspected people.—*Ver la oreja el lobo* f. (metaph.) to see the wolf's ears; that is, to have been in great danger.—*Lobo*, (metaph.) drunkenness.—*Lobo cerbal*, the beast called an ounce.—Prov. *El lobo, y la vulpeja ambos son de una conseja*, the wolf and the fox are both of a gang; that is, both contrivers of mischief, and not to be trusted. Said of any two persons who are equally wicked.—Prov. *Dar voces al lobo*, to call out to the wolf; that is, to labour in vain, because the louder you call the wolf, the faster he runs away.—Prov. *Con un lobo no se mata otro*, one wolf is not to be killed with another; that is, you must not employ a knave against another knave.—Prov. *Comprar del lobo carne*, to buy flesh of a wolf; to buy dear.—Prov. *De lo conuido como el lobo*, the wolf eats of what is counted. Shepherds know how many sheep they have and yet the wolf steals them; that is, thieves will steal, though they know it will be missed; much more if they think it will not.—Prov. *El lobo pierde los dientes, mas no las mientes*, the wolf loses his teeth, but not his inclination. Wicked men in age lose the ability or power of doing ill, but not the will.—Prov. *El lobo, harto de carne se mete fragle*, the wolf, when full of meat, turns friar. When a wicked man can sin no more he pretends to be good.—Prov. *Lobo hambriento no tiene asiento*, a hungry wolf cannot be still in a place. Hunger or want make all creatures restless.—

Prov. *Quándo un lobo come a otro, no hay que comer en el otro*, when one wolf eats another, there is nothing else to eat in the wood. When sharpers prey upon one another, there is no game abroad.—Prov. *Un lobo no muerde a otro*, one wolf does not bite another. Knaves do not hurt one another.  
 Lobregado, adj. dark, dismal.  
 Lobreguez, s. f. darkness, dismalness.  
 Lobeno, adj. wolfish.  
 Local, adj. local, of place; as, *móvimiento local*, local motion.  
 Localidad, s. f. locality.  
 Locamente, adv. madly, immoderately.  
 Locarias, s. m. a fool.  
 Loco, adj. mad, subst. used, a madman.—*A palabras locas, orejas sordas*, ref. mad words, deaf ears; or do not take notice of a madman's words.—*El loco, por la pena es cuerdo*, ref. the punishment only makes a madman wise.—*Loco dirigido*, one that is mad by fits.—*Loco perennal*, one that is always mad.—*Casa de locos*, a mad house.—Prov. *Mas sabe el loco en su casa, que el cuerdo en la ajena*, the madman knows more in his own house, than a wise man in another's; that is, every man knows his own business best.—Prov. *Los unos y los otros, todos somos locos*, one and the other of us, we are all mad; that is, we have all our failings and our follies.  
 Locución, s. f. elocution, speech.  
 Locura, s. f. madness.—Prov. *Conocerás la locura en cantar, y jugar, y correr mala*, you'll perceive a man's madness by his singing, playing, and riding. These things ill-timed are sufficient proofs of an empty skull.—Prov. *Quien de locura enferma, tarde o nunca sana*, he that runs mad is cured late or never.—Prov. *Si la locura fuese dolores, en cada casa durian voces*, if madness were pain, they would cry out in every house.  
 Locutorio, s. m. the speaking room where nuns come to the grate to talk to their friends.  
 Lodazal, s. m. a place full of dirt and mire.  
 Lodo, s. m. mud, mire, dirt.—

*Sacar el pie de el lodo*, f. metaph. to draw one out of one danger, to help him into another.—*Poner un negocio en lodo*, to lay a business in the mire; to destroy it.—Prov. *Mas vale ganár lodo que perder en oro*, it is better to get dirt than to lose gold; better be dirty than neglect one's business which brings in money.

*Lodbo*, adj. muddy, miry, dirty.

*Logarithmico*, adj. belonging to logarithms.

*Logarithmos*, s. m. pl. logarithms or artificial numbers, which perform multiplication by addition, and division by subtraction.

*Lógica*, s. f. logic, the art of reasoning.

*Lógico*, s. m. a logician.

*Lógrar*, v. a. to get, to gain, to purchase, to get good of a thing, to attain its end:—*Lograrse*, v. r. to obtain one's desire.

*Logrear*, v. a. to lend money to use.

*Logrería*, s. f. usury.

*Logrero*, s. m. an usurer.

*Lógro*, s. m. usury, interest, gain; also the good success, or attaining the end of a thing.

*Lóma*, s. f. a ridge or top of a hill.

*Lomár*, v. a. (in cant) to give.

*Lombarda*, s. f. a cannon.

*Lombardada*, s. f. a shot of a cannon.

*Lombardar*, } v. a. to cannon-  
*Lombardear*, } ade.

*Lombardero*, s. m. a gunner.

*Lombriguera*, s. f. a plant so called.

*Lombriz*, s. f. a worm.

*Lomillo*, s. m. dim. of *lomo*.

*Lomihiesto*, adj. (obs.) long-backed and upright.

*Lómo*, s. m. the lóna, the ridge of the back; a ridge between two furrows; a loin of any meat.—*Bestia de buenos lomos*, a strong-backed beast.—*Jugar de lomo*, to be in good case.—*Traginar al lomo*, to carry burdens on beasts backs.

*Lóna*, s. f. sail-cloth.

*Lóna*, s. f. a note in music so called.

*Longanimidad*, s. f. long suffering or forbearance.

*Longánimo*, adj. that suffers long, forbearing; also generous, liberal.

*Longaniza*, s. f. a great sausage.—Prov. *Mas dias hay que longanizas*, there are more days than sausages; that is, we must live within compass, that we may not spend all too soon.

*Longanizero*, s. m. a sausage-maker or seller.

*Longares*, s. m. (in cant) a coward.

*Longimetria*, s. f. a part of geometry which treats of the mensuration of distances.

*Longinquo*, adj. far off, at a great distance; strange, long.

*Longitud*, s. f. length; the longitude.

*Longitudinal*, adj. that belongs or pertains to the longitude.

*Longitudinalmente*, adv. according to the longitude.

*Longuiso*, s. m. (in cant) a coward.

*Longura*, s. f. length.

*Lónja*, s. f. a long piece, a slice, a sliver, a good cut; also an exchange where merchants meet; any work like a cloister. In falconry, the lease or leach, being the slender long leather thong fastened to the jesses, and wound about the fingers, by which the hawk is held fast on the fist.

*Lonjero*, s. f. one who keeps a grocery shop, a grocer.

*Lonjista*, s. m. a merchant.

*Looch*, s. m. a lohoch, an electroary.

*Loor*, s. m. praise, commendation.

*Loquacidad*, s. f. talkativeness.

*Loquáz*, adj. talkative.

*Loquear*, v. n. to play the madman.

*Loquero*, s. m. he who takes care of, or keeps the mad people.

*Loquesca*, s. f. the behaviour of madmen, or mad people.

*Loquesco*, adj. maddish.

*Loquileo*, } s. m. a little mad-  
*Loquito*, } man.

*Loriga*, s. f. a coat of mail, cuirass.

*Lorigado*, adj. armed with a coat of mail or cuirass.

*Lorigón*, s. m. a strong coat of mail.

*Loriguilla*, s. f. a little coat of mail.

*Lóro*, adj. dun-coloured.—*Lóro*, s. m. a kind of parrot.

*Los*, the masculine article of the plural number.

*Lósa*, s. f. a flat stone, such as is used in pavements.

*Losánge*, s. m. flattery.

*Losár*, v. n. to pave with broad stones.

*Losilla*, s. f. idem.—*Coger a uno en losilla*, to ensnare, to put a trick upon a man, to cheat him.

*Lotería*, s. f. a lottery.

*Lóto*, s. m. the lote or nettletree.

*Lóza*, s. f. earthen ware.—*Ande la lóza*, let us be merry, let us make good cheer.

*Lozanear*, v. n. to be elegant, well bred.

*Lozanir*, s. f. the green and beauty of the plants; also elegance.

*Lozano*, adj. wanton, lusty, brisk, gay; also green, beautiful, handsome, (speaking of plants.)

*Lúa*, s. f. (obs.) a glove.

*Lubricán*, s. m. the dawning of the day; the twilight.

*Lubricamente*, adv. slippery.

*Lubricidad*, s. f. slipperiness.

*Lúbrico*, adj. slippery.

*Lúcas*, s. f. pl. (in cant) cards.

*Lucerna*, s. f. a candle, a lamp, any sort of light.—*Lucernas*, s. f. pl. (in cant) the eyes.

*Lucerno*, s. m. (in cant) a candlestick.

*Lucernula*, s. f. a kitchen-garden plant so called.

*Lucero*, s. m. the star called Venus, or any shining large stars.—*Luceros*, pl. (in cant) the eyes.

*Lúcha*, s. f. a wrestling.

*Luchador*, s. m. a wrestler.

*Luchúr*, v. a. to wrestle.

*Lucilamente*, adv. brightly, gloriously, gaily.

*Lúcido*, adj. bright, gay, glorious, handsome, fine.

*Luciente*, adj. bright, shining.

*Luciernaga*, s. f. a glow-worm.

*Lucifero*, adj. that brings light.

*Lucifugo*, adj. that flies from the light.

*Lucillo*, s. m. a tomb.

*Lucimiento*, s. m. splendour, gallantry.

*Lúcio*, adj. the fish called a pike.—*Lúcio*, adj. bright, shining, or transparent.—*Cáscas lucios*, an empty skull, as if it were transparent.

*Lucir*, v. n. to shine, to be gay, to appear handsomely or creditably.

*Lúco*, s. m. a grove of trees.



**Lucrativo**, adj. that gains or profits.

**Lúcro**, s. m. gain, profit.

**Luctuósa**, s. f. the fees paid to the church at a funeral.

**Luctuósa**, adj. mournful.

**Lucubración**, s. f. studying or working by candle light.

**Lucubrár**, v. n. to study, or do, or make any thing by candle-light.

**Lúda**, s. f. (in cant) a woman.

**Ludibrio**, s. m. a mock, a mocking stock or make-game; scorn, sport.

**Lúdio**, s. m. (in cant) a wicked man.—**Lúdios**, pl. (in cant) doits or farthings.

**Ludir**, v. n. to rub one thing against another.

**Luégo**, adv. presently, immediately, by and by; also then.

**Luengamente**, adv. longly, tediously.

**Luéngo**, adj. long, distant.—*De lenguas vias, lenguas mentiras*, ref. from distant countries, great lies; that is, we hear incredible stories from weak people that have been in foreign countries.

**Luéne**, adv. (obs.) distant, far off.

**Lugáno**, s. m. a sort of little sparrow.

**Lugar**, s. m. a peace; a town, a village; an employment; a citation or quotation.—*Lugar*, opportunity, time; also the place where one sits.—*Lugar común*, the little house where people ease themselves.—*En lugar*, instead; in the room of.

—*Hacer lugar*, to make way.

—*En lugar de otro*, instead of another.—*Dar lugar a una cosa*,

to give way to, to permit or suffer a thing.—*No ha lugar eso*, that cannot be done.—

*Hacer lugar*, to make room.

**Lugarillo**, } s. m. a little town

**Lugarito**, } or village.

**Lugarón**, s. m. a great place, a great village.

**Lugarteniente**, s. m. a lieutenant, a deputy.

**Lúgubre**, adj. mournful, lamentable.

**Luir**, v. n. to rub two things together so as to spoil them.

**Lupadéros**, s. m. (in cant) the teeth.

**Lumbaráda**, } s. f. excess of

**Lumbráda**, } light.

**Lumbrál**, s. m. vid. Umbrál.

**Lumbraria**, s. f. a lamp in country chapels.

**Lúmbre**, s. f. fire, light.—*Ser la lumbré de sus ojos*, f. (fam.) to be the light of one's eyes;

that is, to be their sweetheart.

—*Moverse a lumbré de prietas*, to do things without consideration, to turn with every wind.

**Lumbrecilla**, s. f. a little fire.

**Lumbrera**, s. f. a small window, a sky-light.

**Lumbróso**, adj. lightsome.

**Luminación**, s. f. colouring and gilding of prints, or making gold letters in books; illumination.

**Luminador**, s. m. one who illuminates or gives light.

**Luminár**, s. m. any star.

**Luminár**, v. a. to colour prints, or to make gold letters in books; also to illuminate.

**Luminiaria**, s. f. an illumination, as is used upon occasion of public joy; a bonfire. (In cant a window.)

**Luminóso**, adj. lightsome.

**Lúna**, s. f. the moon; silver in chemistry.—*Lúna llena*, the full moon.—*Lúna creciente*, the increase of the moon.—*Lúna menguante*, the decrease of the moon.—*Lúna con cuernos*, the new moon when its horns are sharp.—*Lúna de espejo*, a looking-glass.—*Está la luna sobre el horno*, a man is at the height of his madness.—Prov.

*A la luna el lobo al asno espigla*, the wolf picks the ass's fleas by moon-light; that is, preys upon him. At night sharpers prey upon their eulies.

**Lunación**, s. f. a crooking or bending like the moon; also the revolution of the moon.

**Lunada**, s. f. a gammon of bacon.

**Lunár**, s. m. a mole on the skin; also the moonlight; also the stone called *selenites*.—*Lunár*, adj. belonging to the moon.

**Lunária**, s. f. the herb moonwort.

**Lunário**, s. m. an almanack that shews the moon.

**Lunático**, adj. lunatick, mad at the full moon.

**Lúnes**, s. m. Monday.

**Luneta**, s. f. a small round or half-round window.—*Lunetas de pive*, the spots in a peacock's tail which look like eyes.

**Lunúla**, s. f. a little moon, a half moon, that the Roman

senators wore on their shoes like a C, to distinguish them from others.

**Lupanár**, s. m. a brothel, a bawdy-house.

**Lúpia**, s. f. a distemper in beasts with sore kernels.

**Lupino**, a. l. j. of, or belonging to a wolf.—*Lupino*, s. m. the bean called lupine.

**Luquète**, s. m. vid. Aluquete.

**Lustración**, s. f. lustration, purification by water.

**Lastrál**, adj. that has power to purify or make holy.

**Lastrár**, v. a. to expate or purify by sacrifice.

**Lústre**, s. m. lustre, brightness, the glittering or gloss of any thing; pomp, honour splendour.

**Lústro**, s. m. the space of five years, as used among the Romans.

**Lustrosamente**, adv. brightly.

**Lustróso**, adj. glossy, bright, shining.

**Lutádo**, adj. vid. Enlutado.

**Lutéo**, adj. made of clay or dirt.

**Lútico**, s. m. diminut. a little mourning.

**Lúto**, s. m. mourning.

**Lúxo**, s. m. riot, excess, profuseness, wastefulness.

**Luxuria**, s. f. riot, lewdness.

**Luxuriár**, v. n. to be riotous or lewd.

**Luxurosamente**, adj. riotously, lewdly.

**Luxurióso**, adj. riotous, lewd.

**Lúz**, s. f. light.—*Luces*, (pl. of luz) often used for candles.

—*Entre dos luces* in the twilight.

—*Dar luz en un negocio*, to give an insight into an affair.

—*Sacar a luz*, f. (metaph.) to publish any work or thing.

**Lúzo**, s. m. the fish called a pike.

**Lycéo**, s. m. the public school or university where sciences are taught.

**Lýmpha**, s. f. water.

**Lymphatico**, adj. belonging to water.

**Lýnce**, s. m. the lynx, a kind of wolf, very quick-sighted; one who sees readily; (in cant) the thief who is set upon the watch while the others act their villainies.

**Lyncúrio**, s. m. a precious stone so called.

**Lýra**, s. f. a harp.

**Lýrico**, adj. lyrick; as *verso lýrico*, *poesia lýrica*, lyrick verse, lyrick poetry.

## M.

**M**, the thirteenth letter of the Spanish alphabet, sometimes it stands for *merced*, and sometimes for *maestrad* and *maestro*.

**Máca**, s. f. damage done the fruit by a blow; any spot; any cheat or fraud.

**Macána**, s. f. a kind of wooden weapon so called.

**Macareño**, s. m. a bravado; a bragging boasting fellow.

**Macarróna**, s. f. a sort of arbitrary language.

**Macarrones**, s. m. a fine paste so called.

**Macarrónicos versos**, a sort of verses so called.

**Macarse**, v. r. to be corrupted or rotten by a bruise, as fruits, &c.

**Macear**, v. a. to beat with a club or beetle.—*Macear en una cisa*, to hammer at a thing.

**Macer**, s. m. a pant so called.

**Maceracón**, s. f. a steeping or soaking in liquor to soften.

**Macerar**, v. a. to soften or mollify by steeping or soaking in liquor; also to mortify, to harass with corporal hardships.

**Macerina**, s. f. a saucer for a chocolate dish.

**Macero**, s. m. a mace-bearer.

**Maceta**, s. f. a flower-pot to set flowers or young trees in; also the handle of any tool.

**Machaca**, s. m. a troublesome, restless, absurd, talkative, importunate fellow.

**Machacar**, v. a. to pound in a mortar, to bruise; to molest, to plague by solicitation.—*Creer en Dios á machamartillo*, f. to believe in God without examination.

**Machacón**, augment. of *machaca*.

**Machado**, s. m. a hatchet.

**Machar**, v. a. to pound or bruise in a mortar.

**Machamartillo**, adv. as, *hicho á machamartillo*, hammered out.

**Machetazo**, s. m. a blow or wound given with a *machete*.

**Machete**, s. m. a great knife peasants wore at their girdle; also a short sword.

**Machin**, s. m. clown, one working in the iron-mines.

**Machina**, s. f. (obs.) an engine; also a great quantity of any

thing, (as we say) a world of such a thing; also contrivance.

**Machinación**, s. f. (obs.) machination, artifice, contrivance, malicious scheme.

**Machinador**, s. m. (obs.) he who contrives or devises, taken in an ill sense.

**Machinar**, v. a. (obs.) to devise, contrive, imagine.

**Machinaria**, s. f. (obs.) mechanics.

**Machinète**, s. m. (obs.) an axe or hatchet.

**Machínica**, s. f. (obs.) mechanics.

**Machinista**, s. m. (obs.) an engineer.

**Mácho**, s. m. the male of any creature; particularly used for a he-goat and the male of mules.—*Mácho de harrero*, a smith's sledge or great hammer; also the log on which a smith's anvil is fixed.—*Mácho de silla*, a he-mule to ride on.—*Vino mácho*, strong wine.—*Mácho cargado de letras*, f. (metaph.) a very learned man, but useless for any other thing.—*Uienso mácho*, the best sort of frankincense.—*Máchos y hembra*, hooks and eyes; mortises and tenants; spigots and faussets, or any such thing as go within one another.

**Machón**, a kind of pillar so called.

**Machorra**, s. f. a barren ewe; and by extension a barren woman, or any other creature.

**Machota**, s. f. } a kind of beetle or mallet

**Machote**, s. m. } used to castrate bulis.

**Machucador**, s. m. one that bruises or batters.

**Machucadura**, s. m. a bruising or battering.

**Machucár**, v. a. to bruise, to batter.

**Machucho**, adj. ripe, judicious, reasonable, fit.

**Machuélo**, s. m. a little he-mule.

**Macias**, s. m. a nick-name given to any passionate lover.

**Maciento**, adj. lean, lank.

**Mácis**, s. f. the spice mace.

**Macizamente**, adv. firmly, solidly.

**Macizar**, v. a. to make solid or massy.

**Macizo**, adj. ripe, judicious, reasonable, fit.

**Mácula**, s. f. stain, spot, blemish.

**Macular**, v. a. to stain, spot, or blemish.

**Maculoso**, adj. full of stains, spots, or blemishes.

**Madama**, s. f. madam.

**Madamisela**, s. f. a woman affected and studied with overmuch care in her dress or manners.

**Madéja**, s. f. vide *Madexa*.

**Madera**, s. f. wood timber; also the parings of a horse's hoof; also fruit before it comes to any perfection.—*Descubrir la madera*, f. (metaph.) to show one's wit, or any secret passion.—*Pesar la madera*, f. metaph. to be very difficult.—*Madera del aire*, a horn of any beast.

**Maderada**, s. f. a great parcel of timber.

**Maderage** } s. m. the wood

**Maderamen** } and the wood-work of a building.

**Maderamiento**, s. m. covering with timber, planking; the timber-work of a house.

**Maderar**, v. a. to timber, to plank.

**Madereria**, s. f. the place where the wood is gathered or sold.

**Madereros**, m. a wood-monger.

**Maderillo**, s. m. diminutive of *madero*.

**Maderista**, s. m. who guides the float of timber.

**Madéro**, s. m. a piece of timber, a beam, a rafter, a quarter, a gibbet.

**Madéxa**, s. f. a skein of thread, twine, silk, worsted or the like.—*Madéxa de cabellos*, a lock of hairs.—*Madéxa sin cuenta*, a lazy slatternly person.—*Saber vender sus madéras*, to be sharp, to understand one's business.

**Madexita**, s. f. a little skein of thread, &c.

**Madexuela**, s. f. diminutive of *madéxa*.

**Macizo**, adj. massy, solid, heavy, weighty.

**Macó**, adj. (in cant) mischievous.

**Macócas**, s. f. pl. a sort of great figs.

**Macólla**, s. f. a bundle made of spikes of corn.

**Macula**, s. f. stain, spot, blemish.

**Macular**, v. a. to stain, spot, or blemish.

**Maculoso**, adj. full of stains, spots, or blemishes.

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Madóna, s. f. madam.

Madrástra, s. f. a stepmother. (In cant) a chain, a gaol.—*La madristra y entenida, siempre son en baraja*, the stepmothers and stepdaughters are always at variance.

Mádre, s. m. a mother.—*Mádre de río*, the channel of a river.—*Mádre*, the matrix, the womb.—*Mádre*, the common sewer in a street; the great drain or trench in the fields, into which the small ones run, which are therefore called *hijuelas*, or little daughters.—*Mádras*, so the founders call the moulds in which they cast any thing.—*Mádre de perlas*, mother of pearl.—*Mal de madre*, among women, the hysterical passion.—*Madre*, the lees and scum concentered upon liquors.—*Salir de madre*, to overflow.

Madrecilla, s. f. the womb of birds.

Madrepérla, s. f. mother of pearl.

Madresélva, s. f. the plant woodbine or honey-suckle.

Madrigádo Tóro, a town bull, that bulls all the cows.—*Madrigádos*, so they call men that are expert and secret in their affairs.

Madrigál, s. m. a madrigal, a sort of very irregular verses.

Madriguera, s. f. a coney-borough; a cellar or other such place, where many ordinary people are.

Madrina, s. f. a godmother; also the woman who protects any child.—*Madrina de la boda*, one of the witnesses at a wedding that attends the bride.

Mátriz, s. f. the matrix, the womb; also a metropolis.

Madroña, s. f. the mother who shows too much indulgence and fondness to her children.

Madroñal, s. m. } a place where

Madroñera, s. f. } *madreños* grow

Madroñero, s. m. vide Madroño.

Madroño, s. m. a sort of fruit like a strawberry.

Madrugáda, s. f. early in the morning.

Madrugador, s. m. an early riser.

Madrugár, v. n. to rise early in the morning.—Prov. *Madrugá y verás; trabaja, y habrás*, rise early and you will see; take pains and you will have

wealth.—Prov. *Por mucho madrugar no ananése mas aína*, early rising makes it not day the sooner; when a man is never the better for taking much pains.

Madrugón, s. m. an early rising.

Madrugéno, adj. that rises early in the morning.

Maduración, s. f. a making ripe, or bringing to perfection; also the supuration of excrementitious or extravasated juices into matter.

Maduraménte, adv. ripely, in due time, discreetly.

Madurar, v. a. to ripen.

Madurativo, s. m. a poultice or plaister to bring a sore to a head.

Maduréz, s. f. ripeness, discretion.

Maduro, adj. ripe, discreet.—Prov. *Quien come las maduras comi las duras*, let him that eats the ripe, eat the hard; that is, let him that has the profit, take the pains.

Maése, s. m. vide Maestro.

Maestra, s. f. a mistress that teaches.—*No hay mejor maestra, que necesidad, y pobreza*, there is no better mistress than poverty.

Maestral, s. m. the north west wind.—*Maestral*, adj. of, or pertaining to a master.

Maestralizar, v. n. a sea-term, to incline the needle of the compass to the west.

Maestraménte, adv. dextrously, masterly.

Maestrante, s. m. a breaker of horses.

Maestránza, s. f. all the several trades or handicrafts that belong to the building of ships as carpenters, caulkers, &c.

—*Capitan de maestránzas*, an officer that has the command of those workmen.—*Superintendente de maestránzas*, an overseer of them.

Maestrázgo, s. m. mastership, commonly used for the mastership of one of the military orders of knighthood.

Maestro, s. m. the great master of a military order.—*Maestre de campo*, a colonel of foot.—*Maestre escuela*, s. m. a school-master, a dignity in the church.—*Maestre coral*, s. m. a juggler.—*Maestre sala*, s. m. a gentleman sewer.

Maestreár, v. n. to play the master; the teacher; to prune trees; to adulterate any thing.

Maestredata, s. m. a notary, a recorder.

Maestría, s. f. mastership.

Maestro, s. m. a master.—*Maestro de capilla*, the master of the music, who beats time, and gives the musicians their parts in the church.—*Maestro de ceremonias*, a master of ceremonies either to the king, or in the church.—*Maestro de obras*, a master builder.—*Maestro de esgrima*, a fencing-master.—*Maestro de altas obras*, a master of high works, a nickname for an executioner or hangman.—*Maestro de fuegos artificiales*, an engineer for fire works.—*Maestro de guardia*, (obs.) a major.

Máza, s. f. an enchantress.

Magacén, s. m. a magazine, a storehouse, a warehouse.

Magána, s. f. the defect in the inside of the large guns when they are not well cast.

Magánte, adj. lean, poor in flesh; a lean, pale-faced, ill-looking fellow.

Magárza, s. f. the herb motherwort, feverfew.

Magéncia, s. f. a digging, or cut that is made in the vineyards.

Magencár, v. a. to dig the vineyards.

Magestád, s. f. majesty; also superiority, authority, dignity, grandeur, power.

Magestuosaménte, adv. majestically, stately.

Magestuosidad, s. f. magnificence, grandeur, majesty.

Magestuóso, adj. majestic, stately.

Magia, s. f. the magic art.

Mágica, s. f. art, magic.

Mágico, s. m. a magician.—*Mágico*, adj. magical.

Magistério, s. m. mastership, the dignity or post of a master; also gravity, seriousness. *Magisterio*, magistry; it is a term made use of by chymists to signify sometimes a very fine powder, and sometimes resins and resinous substances; or that preparation of body, wherein the whole or most part is by addition changed into a body of another kind.

Magistrádo, s. m. a magistrate.

Magistral, adj. belonging to the master.

Magistralmente, adv. dexterously, artfully.

Magnanimamente, adv. magnanimously.

Magnánimo, adj. magnanimous.

Magnaninidad, s. f. magnanimity.

Magnates, s. m. pl. great men, chief nobility, or persons in great employment.

Magnético, adj. belonging to the loadstone.

Magnetismo, s. m. the virtue or power of attraction, magnetism.

Magnificamente, adv. magnificently, nobly, bountifully.

Magnificar, v. a. to magnify.

Magnificencia, s. f. generosity, bounty, magnificence.

Magnífico, adj. magnificent, generous, bountiful.

Magnitud, s. f. magnitude.

Mágo, adj. great. Only used in speaking of great princes.

Mágo, s. m. a magician, a conjurer; a wise man, a philosopher.

Magrecer, v. n. to grow lean.

Magro, adj. lean.

Magrujo, adj. lean.

Maguér, adv. (obs.) although.

Magújo, s. m. a tool used on ship-board to drive the old caulking in the seams of the ship.

Magulladura, s. f. bruise.

Magullamiento, s. m. bruise, contusion.

Magullar, v. a. to bruise, to batter.

Maherimiento, s. m. pressing, taking up, or chusing of soldiers.

Maherir, v. a. to press, to take up, to make choice of men for soldiers.

Mahometismo, s. m. Mahometanism.

Maido, s. m. a mewing, as of cats.

Maimón, s. m. a kind of cake.

Maimóneta, s. f. a revel, a small piece of timber nailed to the inside of a ship, to which they belay the sheets and tacks.

Maimonètes, s. m. pl. timbers so called on board ships.

Mainel, s. m. a banister of a staircase.

Maitinante, s. m. one who rises to say the morning prayers after twelve at night.

Maitines, s. m. pl. the matins or morning-prayers.

Maiz, s. m. Indian wheat to make bread of.

Maizal, s. m. the place where the Indian wheat grows.

Majáda, s. f. a sheep-fold, a place for the sheep and shepherds to retire to at night.

Majadeár, v. n. to lie out all night.

Majadería, s. f. folly, a foolish saying or action.

Majadéro, s. m. a wooden pestle to pound with; also a coxcomb, a blockhead.

Majadernelo, s. m. a little wooden vessel to pound with; also a little coxcomb, or blockhead.

Majador, s. m. one that pounds, bruises or beats in a mortar; also the pestle to do it with.

Majadura, s. f. a pounding, bruising, or beating in a mortar.

Majagránzas, s. m. one that beats the dross of any thing, or the husk of corn; also a silly foolish fellow.

Majamiento, s. m. bruising, pounding; also weariness.

Majano, s. m. a heap of stones.

Majar, v. a. to pound, to bruise, to beat in a mortar; also to vex, to plague, to importune.

Majarrana, s. f. fresh pork.

Májo, s. m. a boaster, a bragger, a coxcomb.

Majolar, v. a. to put things to the shoes to tie them with, or straps to buckle them.

Majuéla, s. f. hawthorn-berry.

Majuélo, a leather point, or thong, or strap.—*Majuélo*, s. m. a vineyard newly planted.

Mal, adv. ill; as, *mal hecho*, ill done.—*Mál*, s. m. sickness, harm, hurt.—*Mál de costido*, pleurisy.—*Mál casido*, the falling sickness.—*Mál de hida*, a pain in the side.—*Mál criado*, ill-bred.—*Adestrar un caballo*, to manage a horse. Prov. *Del mal el menos*, of two evils chuse the least. Prov. *Quien canta sus males espanta*, he that sings frights his misfortunes; that is, eases and diverts them.

Mála, s. f. the postman's bundle, a mail.—*La mala de Francia*, the French mail.—*Bien venga mal, si vienes solo*, ref. let the misfortune be welcome if it comes alone.—*Malas*, adv.

as *andar a malas*, to be fallen out.

Malagorar, v. a. to foretell or forebode some evil.

Malamente, adv. evilly.

Malandrín, s. m. a knave, a robber, a base fellow.

Malatia, s. f. sickness.

Maláto, adj. sick, unhealthy.

Malavenido, adj. contentious, full of strife.

Malaventurado, adj. unfortunate, unlucky; also a miser.

Malbaratador, s. m. who sells or buys ill, who makes a bad market.

Malbaratár, v. a. to sell or buy ill, to make an ill market; to spoil, to decompose, to disorder.

Malcasado, adj. discontented with matrimony.

Malcaso, s. m. ill step, bad proceeding, treason.

Malgocinado, p. p. ill dressed in cookery. Thence applied to signify a place where they sell boiled puddings and offal of meat.

Malcocinar, v. a. to dress meat scurvily.

Malcomido, adj. hungry.

Malcontento, s. m. a malecontent, a dissatisfied person who is always complaining without cause.

Malcriado, adj. ill-bred, unmannerly.

Maldad, s. f. wickedness, lewdness, mischief.

Maldadosamente, adv. wickedly, lewdly, mischievously.

Maldadoso, adj. wicked, lewd, mischievous.

Maldecimiento, s. m. slanderous speech, detraction, ill report, slander.

Maldecir, v. a. to curse.

Maldiciente, s. m. a curser, one that has an ill tongue.

Maldición, s. f. a curse.

Maldito, adj. accursed.

Maléante, s. m. a mocker, a scorner.

Maléar, v. a. to bring forth before time; also to do ill, to spoil, to bear ill-will.

Malecón, s. m. a kind of dyke against water.

Maledicencia, s. f. slander, detraction, ill report.

Maleficiár, v. a. to corrupt, to vitiate, to adulterate; also to bewitch, to injure by witchcraft.

Maleficio, s. m. an ill action, a crime; also witchcraft.



**Maléfico**, s. m. an evil doer, an offender, a criminal; also a wizard.

**Malêta**, s. f. a mail, a cloak-bag, a portmanteau. (In cant) a whore.

**Maletêro**, s. m. one that makes cloak bags, or sells them.

**Maletón**, s. m. a great mail, a cloak-bag or portmanteau.

**Malevolência**, s. f. ill-will.

**Malévolo**, adj. ill-affected, that bears ill-will.

**Malêza**, s. f. a thicket, a place full of briars.

**Malfeitria**, s. f. (obs.) an ill action, ill usage of a landlord to his tenants.

**Malgastár**, v. a. to lavish, to mispend.

**Malhadado**, adj. unlucky, unfortunate.

**Malhêcho**, s. m. an ill action; adject. used, ill-done.

**Malhechor**, s. m. a malefactor.

**Malherido**, adj. dangerously wounded.

**Malhójo**, s. m. chats, small sticks, leaves or sprigs that fall from trees; all things that be of no value or estimation, riff-raff.

**Malicia**, s. f. malice.—*Aunque malicia escurezca verdad, no la puede apagar*, though malice darkens truth it cannot put it out.

**Maliciár**, v. a. to corrupt, to vitiate, to adulterate.—*Maliciár*, v. n. to suspect.

**Maliciosamente**, adv. maliciously.

**Malicioso**, adj. malicious.

**Malignamente**, adv. spitefully, maliciously, enviously.

**Malígnate**, adj. envious, spiteful, malicious.

**Malignidad**, s. f. malignity, ill disposition or inclination, perverseness.

**Maligno**, adj. ill inclined, perverse.

**Malilla**, s. f. at the game of *hombre* is the second best card; also is the deuce of the black suits when trumps, and the seven of the red.

**Malla**, s. f. armour of mail.—*Milla de red*, the mesh of the net.

**Mallar**, v. a. to dress in armour.

**Mallêro**, s. m. an armourer or smith that forges armour.

**Mallo**, s. m. a great hammer.

**Malmaridada**, s. f. a woman

that is ill-married, that has a bad husband.

**Malmeter**, v. a. to cause enmity between people, to spoil, to waste.

**Malmirado**, adv. unadvised, inconsiderate, rash.

**Málo**, adj. naught, wicked, bad; also sick.—*Ser málo*, to be wicked.—*Estár málo*, to be sick.

**Malográr**, v. a. to spoil, to consume, to waste.—*Malograrse*, v. r. to come to an ill end, or to no good, not to attain the intended end, to miscarry, to fall out crossly.

**Malógro**, s. m. disappointment, coming to an ill end, or to no good, miscarrying, failing of the designed end.

**Malparado**, adj. in a bad case, ill-conditioned, misused.

**Malparár**, v. a. to misuse.

**Malparir**, v. n. to miscarry as women do.

**Malparto**, s. m. miscarriage.

**Malquerér**, v. a. to bear an ill will.

**Malquência**, s. f. ill will.

**Malquerido**, da, p. p. from *Malquerer*.

**Malqueriente**, s. m. one that bears an ill will.

**Malquistado**, da, p. p. from *Malquistar*.

**Malquistár**, v. a. to persuade one to bear an ill will with another.—*Malquistarse*, v. r. to be troublesome or insupportable.

**Malquisto**, adj. ill beloved.

**Malrotár**, v. a. to destroy, demolish, lay waste, ruin or overthrow.

**Malsin**, s. m. an informer, a tale carrier, a pick-thank.

**Malsinar**, v. a. to inform, to carry tales, to play the informer.

**Malsindad**, } s. f. an informa-  
**Malsineria**, } tion, a tale, or lie.

**Maltallado**, adj. mishapen, ill proportioned.

**Maltratar**, v. a. to ill use, to abuse, to misuse.

**Maltratado**, adj. ill appraised.

**Maltratamiento**, s. m. an abuse, ill usage.

**Maltratar**, v. a. to misuse.

**Maltrato**, s. m. ill usage, abuse.

**Málva**, s. f. the herb mallows.

**Malvadamente**, adv. wickedly.

**Malvado**, adj. wicked.

**Malvár**, s. m. a place where mallows grow.

**Malvasia**, s. f. the wine called malunsey.

**Malváisco**, s. m. marsh-mallows.—*Malváisco salenge*, jagged marsh-mallows.

**Mama**, s. f. a dug, a pap, a teat; or, as children say, mammy to their mother.

**Mamáta**, s. f. the time which a child sucks.

**Mamadêra**, s. f. a nipple glass used to women's breasts.

**Mamador**, s. m. one who sucks.

**Mamalúco**, s. m. a fool, a block-head, a dummy, a booby.

**Mamante**, s. m. (obs.) a sucking babe.—*No quedar i mamante ni pinte*, there shall not be left so much as a chicken, or a sucking babe; to signify that all living creatures shall be destroyed.

**Mamantón**, adj. applied to all beasts that suck.—*Mamantónes*, s. m. pl. young sucking lambs or kids that have never grazed.

**Mamar**, v. a. to suck.—*Mama callos*, s. m. a stupid fellow.

**Mamário**, adj. that belongs to the breast.

**Mamarrácho**, s. m. a scurvy figure, a base piece of painting, an ill image, a maulkin; also a Jack-pudding.

**Mamelúcos**, s. m. pl. a kind of soldiers in Egypt.

**Mamila**, s. f. a little breast or teat.

**Mamilár**, adj. belonging to the breast.

**Mamóla**, s. f. a chuck under the chin.—*Hacer la mamóla*, to cheat, to deceive.

**Mamón**, s. m. a milk-sop, an over-grown sucking looby; also a young sucking beast, as a kid, lamb, &c.

**Mamóna**, s. f. a pinch given on the face with all our fingers and the thumb.

**Mamóso**, adj. that sucks much.

**Mamotrêto**, s. m. a great volume of frivolous matters.

**Mampára**, s. f. a screen or fence of boards, &c. to keep out the wind; a rail before a door.

**Mamparár**, v. a. to fence off, to parry with the hand; to protect, to defend.

**Mampáro**, s. m. a parrying with the hand.—*Mampáros*, s.

m. pl. the divisions of the cabins in a ship.

Mampesáda, } s. f. the night-  
Mampesadilla, } mare; also  
weighing by the hand.

Mampirán, s. m. a wooden  
step or stair.

Mamporro, s. m. a blow given  
with the hand or a stick, but  
without hurting.

Mampostería, s. f. work made  
with stones and mortar.

Mampostero, s. m. a workman  
in stone and mortar.

Mampuesto, s. m. stone and  
mortar.

Mamujár, } v. a. to suck with-  
Mamular, } out, inclination;  
also to speak hastily, so as not  
to be understood.

Man, s. m. (for *máno*) a hand.  
—Buena *mán derecha*, good  
luck, success.

Mána, s. f. manna, which the  
Israelites fed on in the desert.

Manáda, s. f. flock, herd, drove  
of cattle.

Manadero, s. m. a stream, a  
place where water flows; also  
a shepherd.

Manantial, s. m. a spring, a  
fountain. — *Agua manantial*,  
running water.

Manár, v. a. to flow, to run as  
water does.

Manatí, } s. m. a fish in the  
Manáte, } West Indies.

Mancádo, da, p. p. from *Man-  
car*.

Mancár, v. a. to maim.

Manceba, s. f. a young girl; a  
wench; also taken in an ill  
sense for a kept wench.

Mancelbia, s. f. a youth; but  
not always taken in a bad  
sense for a bawdy-house.

Mancebito, s. m. youth or  
lad.

Mancebo, s. m. a youth, a  
young man; also a bachel-  
lor.

Mancera, s. f. the plough-tail  
that is held in the hand.

Mancerina, s. f. vide *Mace-  
rina*.

Mancha, s. f. a spot; a stain, a  
blot, a blemish. — *No temas  
mancha, que sale con agua*, ref.  
do not fear the spot that goes  
off with water; that is, do not  
fear any misfortunes that can  
be easily remedied.

Manchado, da, p. p. from *Man-  
char*.

Manchar, v. a. to spot, to stain,  
to blemish.

Manchéga, s. f. a garter made  
of worsted of various colours.

Mancilla, s. f. spot or blemish;  
also pity, compassion.

Mancilladero, adj. that stains  
or spots, or casts a blemish.

Mancillamiento, s. m. the spot  
or blemish on the reputation.

Mancillar, v. a. to spot, to  
stain, to blemish.

Manciparse, v. r. to give up his  
right and title to a thing.

Manco, adj. lame of an hand or  
arm; also deficient.

Mancomún, adv. jointly.

Mancomunarse, v. r. to be  
united, to be joined, to exe-  
cute any thing with others.

Mancomunidad, s. f. union,  
communion, conjunction.

Manda, s. f. a legacy.

Mandadera, s. f. vide *Deman-  
dadera*.

Mandadera, s. f. (obs.) an em-  
bassy, a message.

Mandadero, s. m. (obs.) an em-  
bassador, a messenger; used  
now for a porter.

Mandado, s. m. a command;  
also an errand, a message.  
— *Hacer los mandados*, to go  
on errands or messages; to  
subject to one.

Mandador, s. m. a command-  
er.

Mandamiento, s. m. command-  
ment. — *Los diez mandamientos*,  
the ten commandments.

Mandár, v. a. to command;  
also to bequeath. — *Munda y  
descuida, no se hará cosa ninguna*,  
ref. command without care  
and you will see nothing will be  
done. — *Mandar al timonero*, to  
cock; that is, to stand upon  
deck a ship-board and direct  
the man at the helm how to  
steer. Prov. *Mand' d y haced,  
y serás bien servido*, command  
and do, and you'll be well  
served. — *Mandarse*, v. r. to  
execute with expedition, to  
perform quickly.

Mandarria, s. f. a heavy iron  
hammer used by ship carpen-  
ters to drive iron pins.

Mandatario, s. m. the person  
to whom any thing is be-  
queathed.

Mandato, s. m. a command;  
this name is given to the  
maundy, or washing of the  
feet on Maundy-Thursaday.

Mandercha, s. f. the right  
hand.

Mandil, s. m. an apron; also

an hair cloth to rub down  
horses; also (in cant) a pimp  
or pander.

Mandiláda, s. f. a company of  
mean people that wear aprons.  
(In cant) a company of ruffi-  
ans or bullies.

Mandilándin, s. m. (in cant) v.  
Mandil.

Mandilejo, s. m. a ragged apron.

Mandilète, s. m. a pimp, a pan-  
der.

Mandilón, s. m. idem; also a  
coward.

Mádo, s. m. command, autho-  
rity, power; (in cant) banish-  
ment, exportation.

Mandoble, s. m. a two-handed  
blow; also a severe reprehension.

Mandón, s. m. a person that is  
always commanding.

Mándra, s. f. a sheep-fold; any  
place for sheep and shepherds  
to take shelter in.

Mandrachero, s. m. one that  
keeps a gaming-house.

Mandrácho, s. m. a gaming-  
house.

Mandragóra, s. f. the herb and  
root mandrake.

Mandrágula, s. f. idem; also  
any thing that hangs dang-  
ling.

Mandria, s. m. a pitiful fellow,  
a coward, an unpolished per-  
son; (in cant) a fool, a block-  
head.

Mandrón, s. m. the stroke a  
stone or ball gives thrown out  
of the hand; also an under-  
hand cast.

Manducár, v. a. to eat.

Manéa, s. f. the fetlock of a  
horse.

Mancár, v. a. to fetter a beast.

Manecillas, s. f. pl. clasps of a  
book. — *Manecillas de cabrito*,  
kid's feet.

Manejable, adj. that can be ma-  
naged.

Manejamiento, s. m. handling,  
managing.

Manejar, v. a. to handle, to  
manage. — *Manejarse*, v. r. to  
move one self, to bestir.

Manejo, s. m. handling, ma-  
naging.

Maneótas, s. f. pl. fetters for a  
horse.

Manera, s. f. manner, way,  
form; also a sleeve or cut in  
a garment to put the hand  
through.

Manero, adj. that is fit or pro-  
per to be carried in hand.



**Manernéio**, adj. diminut. of *mínero*.

**Mahezuéla**, s. f. a little hand.

**Mánfla**, s. f. (in cant) a bawdy house, or the whore.

**Manflóta**, s. f. idem.

**Manflotéscó**, s. m. (in cant) a rogue that frequents bawdy-houses.

**Mánga**, s. f. a sleeve; also a portuanteau; also a deep net wide at top and narrow at bottom; a bag of the same shape to strain any thing through.

—*Mínga de cruz*, a case of silk that hangs under a crucifix, which can be pulled over to keep it clean.—*Mánga de pica*, the spear of a pike.—*Mánga de broquel*, the handle of a buckler.—*Mínga perdida*, a hanging sleeve.—*Mánga de arcabuceros*, a small body of musqueteers, a division; a platoon.—*Mínga de navio*, the breadth of a ship taken in the widest part upon the first deck in the clear, from starboard to larboard.—*Ir de manga*, or *hacer un negocio de manga*, to take br. bes.—*Aunque me cortáron las faldas me dexáron las mangas*, though they have cut off my skirts, they left me the sleeves; used upon occasion of losses.—*Mínga ó homba marina*, the sea pump; meteor appearing like a column, very high and dangerous for ships.

**Mangajárro**, s. m. a sleeve without shape, so long that it covers the hands.

**Manganilla**, s. f. a juggling trick.

**Mángo**, s. f. an haft, helve, or handle.—*Tener la sarten del mango*, f. (metaph.) to hold the fryingpan by the handle; that is, to be at the head of any business, to be the chief person.—*Mángo*, s. m. the mango, a kind of cucumber used in pickle.

**Mangonáda**, s. f. a bob, a thrust with the arm, a flap with a sleeve.

**Mangoncár**, v. n. to wander, to stroll idly about.

**Mangrérero**, adj. common in every hand.—*Cuchillo mangrérero*, a knife that has a bad haft.

**Mangóte**, s. m. a great haft or handle.

**Manguéra de la bomba**, the pump-dale, aboard a ship, being as it were a trough, in

which the water runs along the deck, and out at the skupper-holes.

**Manguéro**, s. m. the chief commander of any detachment.

**Manguéta**, s. f. a little sleeve, a clyster.

**Manguilla**, s. a little sleeve.

**Manguillo**, s. m. a muff.

**Manguitéro**, s. m. one who makes muffs.

**Manguito**, s. m. a muff.

**Mania**, s. f. madness, fury, rage.

**Maniaco**, adj. mad, furious, outrageous; also unhandy, awkwardly.

**Maniático**, adj. that is mad, or raging, or furious.

**Manjár**, s. m. food, any meat.

—*Manjár blanco*, blamanger, or blancmanger.—*Manjár de los nuyes*, a suit of cards, as clubs, spades, &c. So, *los quatro manjares*, the four suits.

**Maniatar**, v. a. to handbind.

**Manibláx**, s. m. (in cant) a servant to a whore or bully.

**Manicórdio**, s. m. v. Monachordio.

**Manidia**, s. f. lodgings, dwelling-house, place of residence, abode.

**Manifáceró**, adj. turbulent, quarrelsome, that meddles with other people's matters.

**Manifactúra**, s. f. manufacture.

**Manifestación**, s. f. manifestation, making known.

**Manifestadór**, s. m. who makes plain or manifest.

**Manifestiaméto**, s. m. manifestation, declaration.

**Manifestár**, v. a. to manifest, to make known.

**Manifestaménte**, adv. manifestly.

**Manifiesto**, adj. manifest, known, evident.

**Manifiéstó**, s. m. a manifesto, a public protestation before publishing the war against any crown.

**Manija**, s. f. the place where the hand is fixed to any instrument in working it; also the fetlocks' of a horse.—*Manija*, s. f. a great iron ring to fasten any thing to.

**Manilla**, s. f. a bracelet.

**Manióbra**, s. f. any work done with the hands particularly.

**Manióta**, s. f. the rope with which the fore legs of the beasts are tied.

**Manipulo**, s. m. a band or small company of men; a handful,

a small parcel; also the maniple which the priest puts on his left arm when he goes to say mass; also a wheat-sheaf.

**Maniqué**, s. m. a layman, a moveable artificial figure turned into several postures at the will of the artificer; made use of by painters, &c.

**Manir**, v. a. to keep meat till it grows tender.

**Maniróto**, adj. liberal, bountiful; also prodigal.

**Manirotúra**, s. f. prodigality, liberality.

**Maniváció**, adj. empty-handed.

**Manizquierda**, s. f. the left hand.

**Manjolar**, v. a. to carry birds of prey in a cage or in the hand without fluttering.

**Manliève**, s. m. a law word, the fraud or cheat put upon persons, leaving them some chest or box locked up, as if there were something of great value in it, whereas there is nothing but rubbish.

**Máno**, s. f. a hand. Also a hand in writing.—*Máno de bestia*, the fore foot of a beast.—*Máno de relor*, the hand of a clock or watch that shews the hours.—*Máno de mortéro*, a wooden pestle.—*Máno de almirez*, an iron pestle for a mortar.—*Máno de papel*, a quire of paper.—*Máno de certera*, a sure hand at throwing.—*Máno de carneros*, sheeps trotters.—*Libro de mano*, a manuscript book.—*Ir á la mano*, to hinder.

*Tomir la mano*, to be beforehand with another.—*Venir a las manos*, to come to handy blows.—*Estár máno sobre mano*, to be idle.—*Trahér la máno blinda*, to carry a gentle hand.

—*Téner mano*, to have an interest in, or influence over one.

—*Está en mi mano*, it is in my power.—*Ser á uno manos y pies*, to be as necessary to one as hands and feet.—*Lacar sus manos*, to wash one's hands, to have no share in a business.—*Alzár la mano de una cosa*, to desist.—*Dar de mano*, to put by, to leave off.—*Tenér la cosa a mano*, to have a thing at hand.—*No saber qual es su máno derecha*, not to know which is one's right hand.—*Assentar á uno la mano*, to strike one.—*Dar la mano*, to assist; also to give precedence.—*Darse la*

*manos*, to shake hands.—*Estarse con las manos en el seno*, to be idle.—*Comerse las manos tras una cosa*, to like a thing so well as to be ready to eat one's fingers after it; to be very eager after a thing.—*Ganir por la mano*, to be beforehand.—*Traher entre manos*, to be about a thing.—*Poner la mano á alguno* to strike one.—*Echar mano*, to draw one's sword.—*Echar mano de un hombre*, to lay hold of a man.—*Una mano lava la otra, y ambas la cara*, ref. one hand washes the other, and both the face; that is, reciprocal assistance is necessary in this world.—*Meter la mano*, f. (metaph.) to appease one quarrel.—*Dar una mano de coques*, to kick one.—*Meter la mano en el fuego*, I would venture to put my hand into the fire upon the truth of what I assert.—*Venir con mano armada*, to come with an armed force.—*Volverse con las manos en la cabeza*, to go away with a broken head.—*Darse manos á trabajar*, to work with great application.—*Quedarse soplando las manos*, to be left empty handed.—*Ir mano á mano*, to go hand in hand.—*Darle una buena mano*, to give a good lecture.—*De mano á boca*, from hand to mouth.—*Manos al labio*, fall to work.—*Rebolverse á una mano*, to turn one way.—*Venir á la mano*, to come to the lure.—*Irse de entre las manos*, to slip away from betwixt one's hands, to escape.—*Dar á manos llenas*, to give bountifully.—*Azar las manos á Dios*, to lift up one's hands to God, to beg something.—*Hablar por la mano*, to talk by the hand, forming letters with the fingers, by which they understand one another. Prov. *Quien á mano ajena espera, mal yanta y peor cena*, he who expects it from another hand, dines ill, and sups worse. **Manobre**, s. m. the person who works the chalk with his hands. **Manójo**, s. m. a bunch, a little bundle, a handful. **Manópla**, s. f. a gauntlet. **Manosear**, v. a. to handle. **Manoseo**, s. m. the act of handling any thing. **Manotada**, s. f. a blow with the hand, a stroke with the fore foot of a beast,

**Manotear**, s. a. to strike with the hand. **Manotéo**, s. a blow with the hand. **Manquear**, v. n. to feign being maimed, to act the cripple. **Manquera**, s. f. lameness. **Maquillo**, s. f. a little lame person. **Mansaménte**, adv. tamely, gently, meekly. **Mansedád**, s. f. meekness. **Mansedumbre**, s. f. meekness, gentleness, tameness. **Mansión**, s. f. a mansion, a resting place, a place of abode. **Mánsu**, adj. tame, gentle, meek, mild.—*Mansa*, s. m. the bell wether that leads the flock. **Mansueto**, adj. mild, tame, of a peaceable disposition. **Manta**, s. f. a blanket, a horse cloth. In a military sense, a gallery or passage made across the ditch of a town, to secure the mines from the enemies fire, or any such covering against an enemy.—*Mantas*, pl. in falconry, are the principal feathers in the hawk's wing called sarcel feathers. **Manteador**, s. m. he that tosses in a blanket. **Manteamiento**, s. m. a tossing in a blanket. **Manteár**, y. a. to toss in a blanket. **Manteca**, s. f. butter.—*Manteca de puérco*, hog's lard. **Mantecada**, s. fra slice of bread and butter. **Mantecado**, s. m. a cake made of honey, meal, and oil; a wafer. **Mantecón**, s. m. a nice dainty fellow, a milk sop. **Mantecoso**, adj. fat, greasy, buttery. **Manteista**, s. m. one clothed as a scholar. **Mantéles**, s. m. pl. a tablecloth. In old Spanish it was also a robe of state. **Mantelería**, s. f. a parcel of table cloths and napkins. **Mantelero**, s. m. one that makes or sells table-cloths. **Mantelote**, s. m. a short rocket worn by cardinals. **Mantelillo**, s. m. a little tablecloth. **Mantellina**, s. f. a mantle. **Mantenedor**, s. m. maintainer, supporter; in tilting and such exercises, the principal actor

or challenger who is to run against all others. **Mantenencia**, s. f. defence, support. **Mantener**, v. a. to maintain, to support, to feed, to sustain.—*Mantener su palabra*, to keep one's word.—*Mantener jista á tornéo*, to be the chief man or challenger at a tilting.—*Mantener tela*, to take upon one to answer all doubts that shall be proposed in company. **Manteniente**, s. m. a downright stroke with both hands. **Mantenimiento**, s. m. nourishment, all necessary food. **Mantéo**, s. m. a woman's under petticoat.—*Mantéo*, s. m. a garment worn upon a gown, the habit or hood that graduates wear in the universities. *Manteco de armas*, the painted coat which heralds wear. **Mantequera**, s. f. a churn to make butter in. **Mantequero**, s. m. the person who sells butter. **Mantequilla**, s. f. a little cake of butter. **Mantera**, s. f. one that makes or sells women's veils, &c. **Mantilla**, s. f. a mantle.—*Mantilla*, s. f. a little cloak women wear on their heads.—*Mantillas*, s. f. pl. a child's blankets for dressing an infant.—*Conocer a uno desde las mantillas*, to know a man from his blankets, that is, from his cradle. **Mantillo**, s. f. a little veil.—*Mantillo de niño*, a child's mantle. **Manto**, s. m. a veil women wear covering their head and upper part of their body, and hanging down; it was anciently man's cloak, whence the name has remained to those worn by knights of all military orders in Spain upon solemn occasions, which we call mantles.—*Mantones*, s. m. pl. the small feathers in a hawk's wing, after the six great ones called the sarcel feathers, and the four next to them called the flags. **Manuál**, adj. handy, that can easily be carried in the hand or is fit to be used with the hand.—*Hombre manual*, a man that is easily led any way.—*Libro manual*, a manual, a book fit to carry in the hand. **Manúbrio**, s. m. the hauling



of any instrument; also the place for the hand.

Mamucodiáta, s. f. a bird so called.

Manuela, s. f. craftiness, subtily; also a wooden lever.

Manuella, s. f. a timber so called on board a ship.

Manumisión, s. f. manumission, giving liberty to a slave.

Manumiso, p. p. of manumitir.

Manumisor, s. m. one who gives liberty to the slave.

Manumitir, v. a. to manumit, to give a slave his liberty; to discharge, to dismiss.

Manuschristi, s. m. an electuary and a plaster so named.

Manuscrito, adj. that is written, subst. used, a manuscript.

Manutención, s. f. protection, support.

Manutenér, v. a. to maintain, to protect, to support.

Manutisa, s. m. a small flower like a pink.

Manzana, s. f. an apple.—*La manzana podrida, pierde á su compañía*, ref. one rotten apple corrupts all the others; it is applied also to those that keep bad company.—*Manzana de vaca*, a cow's udder.

Manzanál, } s. m. an apple or-  
Manzanár, } chard.

Mauzanéro, s. m. a fruiterer.

Manzanilla, s. m. a little apple; also a knob, such as are on chairs, beds, and such things; it is also the herb chamomile.—*Manzanilla bastarda*, the herb maudlin.—*Manzanilla loca*, the herb ox-eye, or May-weed.

Manzano, s. m. an apple-tree.

Manzér, s. m. the child of a whore that no man has fathered.

Maña, s. f. handiness, dexterity; also a habit or custom; also cunning, cheat, stratagem.—*A todo hay maña sino a la muerte*, there is a remedy for all things but death. Prov. *Quién malas mañas tiene en cuna á las pierde tarde ó nunca*, he who gets ill habits in the cradle, loses them late or never.

Mañana, s. f. the morning; also to-morrow.

Mañanear, v. n. (obs.) vid. Madrugar.

Mañanica, } s. f. the morning  
Mañanita, } early.

Mañear, v. n. to be handy or crafty.

Mañego, s. m. a sort of little basket.

Mañera, s. f. a barren woman.

Mañero, adj. dextrous, tractable.

Mañosamente, adv. handily; also cunningly, craftily.

Mañoso, adj. handy; also cunning, crafty.

Mañeruélo, s. m. a little horse, a small nag or pad.

Mañuela, s. f. a crafty trick.—*Mañuelas*, s. m. a sly cunning fellow.

Maóna, s. f. a sort of large heavy ship.

Mápa, s. f. a map on which the world or any part thereof is described.

Mapalia, s. f. a cottage; also a sheep pen.

Maquila, s. f. the portion of corn or meal that a miller takes for grinding.—*Hacienda de maquilas*, an estate gathered out of small matters.

Maquilandero, s. m. the vessel with which the miller measures his portion of the corn or meal that is due for grinding.

Maquilár, v. a. to measure the portion of corn or meal due to the miller for grinding.

Maquilero, s. m. the person who measures at the mills.

Maquilón, s. m. he that measures at the mill.

Maquina, s. f. a machine, or any mechanical work in which one part contributes to the motion of the other; an engine; also complicated workmanship: (metaph.) abundance; also machination, artifice, contrivance, malicious schemes.

Maquinár, v. a. to machineate, to plan, to contrive.

Maquinación, s. f. machination.

Maquinador, Machinuta, or Ingeniero, s. m. a mechanic; a constructor of engines or machines.

Mar, s. m. and f. the sea.—*Ir de mar á mar*, to go in great state, to be very fine.

Maragúto, s. m. a small triangular sail in a galley.

Marána, s. f. a skein of silk so entangled that it cannot be wound off. The plot in a play, or any confused knavish contrivance; any intricacy.—*Maraña*, s. f. (in cant) a whore.

Marañador, s. m. an entangler.

Marañar, v. a. to entangle, to perplex.

Maravedí, s. m. a small coin so called.

Maravilla, s. f. a wonder; also an herb so called.—*Hacer una cosa á maravillas*, to perform any thing prodigiously well.—*Por maravilla se ve eso*, that is rarely seen.

Maravillar, t. n. to astonish, to cause admiration.

Maravillosamente, adv. wonderfully, marvellously.

Maravilloso, adj. wonderful.

Marbete, s. m. a piece of paper or ticket to mark cloth with.

Márca, s. f. (in cant) a whore.

Márca, s. f. a mark, a note; also a territory; also the measure or size of some things.—*Espada de marca*, a sword of due size, measured and marked by authority.—*Paño de marca*, a cloth that has its due length and breadth.—*Papel de marca mayor*, the larger sort of paper.

Marcadón, s. m. (in cant) a thief, that changes good things for bad.

Marcador, s. m. a marker.

Marcár, v. a. to mark; also taking notice of a suspected person.

Marcéar, v. a. to shear sheep.

Márcha, s. f. a march, a journey of soldiers; also the signal with the drum to march.—*Sobre la marcha*, hastily, suddenly.

Marchál, s. m. any plain or meadow overflowed.

Marchamár, v. a. to mark any thing, especially goods in the custom-house.

Marchamero, s. m. one who marks the things in the custom-house.

Marchámo, s. f. the mark put upon goods or any merchandise in the custom-house.

Marchár, v. n. to march.

Marchazo, s. m. a bully, a braggadocio.

Marchitable, adj. fading, that will fade or wither.

Marchitár, v. n. to fade, to wither.

Marchito, adj. withered, faded.

Marchitúra, s. f. withering, fading.

Marcial, adj. mortal; warlike.

Márcos, s. m. a frame.—*Márcos*

*de plata, o de oro*, a mark of gold or silver.—*Mirco de zapatéro*, the instrument shoemakers make use of, to take the measure of one's foot.

*Maréa*, s. f. the tide; also a gentle breeze blowing from the sea.

*Maréado*, adj. sea-sick; damaged by sea water; puzzled, wearied with impertinence.

*Maréado*, *Maréada*, p. p. from *marearse*.—*Navio mal mareado*, a foul ship; a ship that is ill stowed, which makes her not sail steady.

*Mareador*, s. m. a troublesome fellow, that troubles one's head with impertinences; (in cant) a cheat that cogs the dice.

*Mareamiento*, s. m. sea-sickness.

*Mareantes*, s. m. pl. (in cant) sailors.

*Marear*, v. a. to turmoil and trouble one with impertinence; also to guide a ship.—*Marearse*, v. r. to cloy, to become sea-sick.

*Maréo*, s. m. sea-sickness.

*Maréro*, adj. of, or belonging to the sea.

*Maréta*, s. f. a violent strong tide; also a wind that rises by degrees and blows violently; also swimming or dizziness in the head.

*Marfil*, s. m. ivory.

*Marfúz*, s. m. a false deceitful person.

*Márga*, s. f. mourning, coarse hempen-cloth, coarse canvass.

*Margarita*, s. f. a pearl, a jewel.

*Margén*, s. m. the margin in a book; the extreme part of any thing.—*Margen*, brink or border.—*Andarse por las margenes*, f. (metaph.) to go out of the way.

*Margenár*, } v. a. to note in the  
*Marginár*, } margin.

*Marginal*, adj. belonging to the margin.

*Margómár*, v. a. to embroider, to weave with divers colours.

*Marhojado*, adj. that has moss on it.

*Marhojadór*, s. m. a gatherer of moss.

*Marhójo*, s. m. vide *Malhojo*.

*Mañál*, adj. belonging to the blessed virgin Mary.

*Marjál*, s. m. vide *Marchal*.

*Mariáno*, adj. belonging to the blessed virgin Mary.

*Márica*, s. f. a magpye.

*Maricón*, s. m. an effeminate fellow, a coward.

*Maridáb'e*, adj. marriageable.

*Maridáge*, s. m. marriage, matrimony; also the union of any thing.

*Maridár*, v. a. to marry.

*Maridillo*, s. m. a little husband, or a pitiful fellow of a husband; also a little pan to keep fire in, used by women to keep their hands warm.

*Marido*, s. m. an husband.

*Marimácho*, s. m. a masculine woman, a Tom-boy.

*Marinanta*, s. m. a hobgoblin.

*Marimárica*, s. m. an effeminate fellow, a coward.

*Marimoréna*, s. f. quarrel, contention, broil.

*Marina*, s. f. the sea-shore.

*Marináge*, s. m. the art of a mariner, or of sea affairs.

*Marineria*, s. f. a marinership, sea affairs.

*Marinéro*, s. m. a sailor, a mariner, a seaman.

*Marinésco*, adj. belonging to mariners.

*Marino*, belonging to the sea.

*Marion*, s. m. a fish so called.

*Maripósa*, s. f. a butterfly.

*Mariposilla*, s. f. a little butterfly.

*Mariscál*, s. m. a marshal; also a farrier, a shoer of horses.—*Mariscal de campo*, a field-marshal.

*Mariscalia*, s. f. the dignity or authority of a marshal.

*Mariscar*, v. a. to gather shell-fish, as poor people do on the sea-shore; to scrape, to pick up a poor living. (In cant) to beg, to steal, or to play the knave.

*Marisco*, s. m. all sort of shell-fish. (In cant) any thing that is stolen.

*Marisma*, s. f. a lake made by the water of the sea.—*Marisma*, s. f. sometimes, but seldom used for the sea-shore; but rather a sort of weed that grows on the shore.

*Marital*, adj. belonging to an husband.

*Marítimo*, adj. maritime, of the sea, or near the sea.

*Marlota*, s. f. a sort of loose coat.

*Marlotár*, v. a. vide *Malrotar*.

*Marmita*, s. f. a kettle or pot.

*Marmitón*, s. m. a scullion.

*Marmól*, s. m. marble.

*Marmoléjo*, s. m. a small marble pillar.

*Marmolénio*, adj. of marble.

*Marmolería*, s. f. work, structure, or building of marble.

*Marmoréo*, adj. of marble.

*Marmóta*, s. f. the marmot or marmotto.

*Maróma*, s. m. a cable.—*Andár sobre la maróma*, to walk or dance upon the rope.

*Marqués*, s. m. a marquis.

*Marquésa*, s. f. a marchioness.

*Marquesádo*, s. m. a marquise.

*Marquesita*, s. f. a stone found in the copper mines, called *marcasile*.—*Marquesita de plomo*, the herb leadwort, good to cure horses backs that have been wrung by the saddle.

*Marquesón*, s. m. a huffing fellow that looks big.

*Marquesóta*, s. f. lead ore; also a large high feather, such as formerly they wore sticking in their caps.

*Marquartife*, s. f. (in cant) bread.

*Marquida*, } s. f. (in cant) a  
*Marquisa*, } wench, a whore.

*Marrága*, s. f. a kind of cloth woven with flax and goat's hair to make rugs.

*Marrájo*, s. m. a sly fellow; also a sort of sea fish.

*Marrána*, s. f. a sow or fresh pork.

*Marráno*, s. m. a porker, a hog of a year old. By this name they also called the Jews, or such of them that pretend to be converted, and are only counterfeits.

*Marrár*, v. a. (obs.) to want, to miss, to err; to geld swine.

*Marrás*, adv. in time past, lately, some time since.

*Marregón*, s. m. a straw-bed.

*Marrón*, s. m. a coit.

*Marroqui*, s. m. Turkey-leather.

*Marrotár*, v. a. vide *Malrotar*.

*Marrúbio*, the herb horehound.—*Marrúbio negro*, black horehound.

*Marrulleria*, s. f. craft, subtlety, cunning, guile, fraud, deceit.

*Marrulléro*, adj. crafty, knavish, cunning, deceitful, fraudulent, subtle.

*Marsópa*, s. f. a fish so called.

*Márta*, s. f. the beast that bears the rich sable fur; and thence the fur itself.



**Martagón**, s. m. a kind of lily; also a sly cunning man.

**Márte**, s. m. Mars, the God of war, and the planet; also the bird called a marten.

**Marteládo**, adj. vide *Armarte-lado*.

**Martél**, s. m. a horseman's mace.

**Martelo**, s. m. love, affection.

**Martés**, s. m. Tuesday.

**Martilláda**, s. f. a blow with a hammer. Prov. *Dormir a las martilladas*, y despertar a las dentelladas, to sleep with the noise of hammering, and awake at the noise of the teeth; taken from the smith's dog, who sleeps while they hammer in the shop, and wakes when there is eating; thence applied to one that shuns labour, and is diligent at eating.

**Martilládo**, s. m. (in cant) the highway.

**Martilládor**, s. m. one that works with a hammer.

**Martillar**, v. a. to hammer; (in cant) to go, to walk.

**Martillejo**, s. m. a small hammer.

**Martillo**, s. m. a hammer; (in cant) the way.—*Martillo de orejas*, the hammer with two fangs to draw nails.

**Martina**, s. f. a fish in the sea of Valencia, pleasant to eat; but not wholesome.

**Martinete**, s. m. a high standing feather in the hat; also the jack that strikes the string in the virginal; also a small bird like a heron.

**Martingala**, s. f. a martingal for a horse.

**Martiniéga**, s. f. a poll-tax paid at Martinmass.

**Martír**, s. m. a martyr.

**Martýrio**, s. m. martyrdom.

**Martýrizar**, v. a. to put to martyrdom, to torment.

**Martyrológio**, s. m. martyrology, a catalogue of saints and martyrs.

**Marzáda**, s. f. a tribute paid in March.

**Marzál**, adj. of, or belonging to the month of March.

**Mas**, adv. more, but, moreover. —*Mas hare que no hagais*, lo que yo hago, I'll undertake you shall not do what I do.—*Mas que se caiga la casa*, let the house fall.—*De mas desto*, besides this.—*Lo demas*, the rest, the remainder.—*A la mas*, at

most.—*A mas andar*, with all speed.

**Masa**, s. f. dough, paste; also a mass, a lump.—*Masa de oro u otro metal*, a rude mass of gold or other metal.—*Masa de cal*, mortar.—*Masa de hacienda*, the whole mass or gross of what a man is worth.—*Traher las manos en la masa*, to have one's hand in the dough, to be engaged in an affair.

**Masár**, v. a. to make bread, to make the dough.

**Mascábado**, adj. applied to the coarsest sort of sugar.

**Mascádo**, s. f. a chewing.

**Mascadára**, s. f. a chewing.

**Mascár**, v. a. to chew.—*Mascar a dos carillos*, to chew with both jaws; to play Jack on both sides; to run with the hare and hold with the hound.

**Máscara**, s. f. a mask for the face; also a masquerade.—*Quitarse la máscara*, to lay aside the mask; to discover what was before concealed.

**Mascarádo**, adj. masqued.

**Mascarilla**, s. f. a mask.

**Mascarón**, s. m. a mask with a frightful face; or those deformed faces we see on the walls, serving for spouts, or the like.

**Mascaroncillo**, s. m. a little ugly mask or face.

**Masculinidad**, s. f. the quality that constitutes the male.

**Masculino**, adj. masculine.

**Másculo**, s. m. the male of any species.

**Maselucas**, s. f. (in cant) cards.

**Maséra**, s. f. the cloth to cover bread when carried to the bake house.

**Masmorra**, s. f. prison, dungeon.

**Masmorrilla**, s. m. dimin. of *masmorra*.

**Mastelero**, s. m. the top-mast of a ship.

**Masticar**, s. f. v. a. (obs.) to chew.

**Mastigár**, s. f. v. a. (obs.) to chew.

**Mástil**, s. m. the mast of a ship.—*Mástil de gabia*, the top-mast.

**Mastillejo**, s. m. a little mast.

**Mastín**, s. m. a mastiff, a shepherd's dog, a mongrel.—*Mastín*, (in cant) a bailiff.

**Mastina**, s. f. a mastiff bitch.

**Másto**, s. m. the tree on which another is grafted.

**Mastránzo**, s. m. the herb wild mint.

**Mastuézzo**, s. m. the herb garden cresses.

**Máta**, s. f. a bush, a shrub.—*Seguir a uno hasta la máta*, to follow one to the bush; that is, till you can follow no longer; as the hare is lost in the bushes.—*Todo lo veo mátas y por rozár*, I find it all bushes, and not trod down; that is, the business is all difficulties, and no way made into it.—*Saltár de la mata*, to leap out of the bush, to appear on a sudden, when concealed before.

**Matacán**, s. m. a kind of hare; also a venomous composition to kill dogs.

**Matacandélas**, s. f. an extinguisher to put out candles; also a great sort of moth that flies into the candle.

**Matacandil**, s. m. a water insect so called.

**Matachín**, s. m. a merry-andrew or harlequin.—*Matachín*, s. m. a sword dancer.—*Danza de matachines*, a dance with swords.

**Matadéro**, s. m. a slaughter-house, the place where they kill cattle.—*Verse al matadero*, to run into the mouths of one's enemies; to run into the hands of justice after committing some offence.

**Matador**, s. m. a murderer. At the game of *hombre*, one of the three chief cards, spadille, manille, and basto.

**Matadúra**, s. f. a gall on a horse's back, or the like.—*Darle en las mataúras*, to touch in the part that is galled.

**Mataluégos**, s. m. a fire-man.

**Matalahúga**, s. f. vide *Auis*.

**Matalón**, s. f. adj. lean, weak, *Matalóte*, s. f. that paces ill.—Said of horses and mules.

**Matalotage**, s. m. the victuals put on board of a ship.

**Matalóbos**, s. m. the herb wolfbane.

**Matánza**, s. f. a slaughter.

**Matár**, v. a. to kill; to put out a candle; to gall or wring a horse's back; to tire a man, to kill him with importunity or impertinence.

**Mataráta**, s. f. a game at cards so called.

**Matasános**, s. m. a quack.

**Mataséte**, s. m. a roaring bully, a boasting liar.

**Máte**, s. m. a mate at chess.—*Dar mate*, to give mate.

**Matearse**, v. r. to bring forth sprigs, shoots, or shrubs; to spring up in stalks.

**Matéria**, s. f. matter, substance; an affair; the matter, or filth of a sore; a copy to write by; a theme, a subject to discourse on.

**Material**, adj. material, substantial.—*Hombre material*, a dull fellow.—*Materiales*, s. m. pl. materials, necessities for building, or any other work.

**Materialidad**, s. f. materiality. **Materialmente**, adv. materially.

**Maternal**, adj. motherly, belonging to the mother.

**Maternidad**, s. f. the dignity or title of a mother.

**Materno**, adj. vide Maternal.

**Matemática**, s. f. the mathematics.

**Matemáticamente**, adv. mathematically.

**Matemático**, s. m. a mathematician.

**Matiguélo**, s. m. a little doll stuffed with straw.

**Matiz**, s. m. a mixture of many colours.

**Matizar**, v. a. to colour, to give a thing several colours.

**Matón**, s. m. assassin, murderer, ruffian, bravo, cut-throat.

**Matorral**, s. m. a place full of bushes or shrubs.

**Matoso**, adj. full of shrubs or bushes.

**Matraca**, s. f. a wooden rattle as children make a noise with, and in some places they are used to call people together.—*Dar matraca*, to banter, to scoff, to jeer one.

**Matraquear**, v. a. to jeer, to scoff, to banter, to hiss at.

**Matraquero**, } s. m. one that  
**Matraquista**, } is good at  
bantering, or reflecting upon another.

**Matrero**, adj. sagacious, penetrating, judicious; also sly, or crafty, or subtle.

**Matricaria**, s. f. the herb feverfew.

**Matricida**, s. m. one that murders his mother.

**Matricidio**, s. m. murdering of one's mother.

**Matricula**, s. f. a roll of names, a list.

**Matriculado**, adj. enrolled, entered upon the list.

**Matricular**, v. a. to matriculate, to enroll, to enter upon

the list, to register one's name in an university.

**Matrimonial**, adj. matrimonial, belonging to wedlock.

**Matrimoniar**, v. a. to contract matrimony.

**Matrimonio**, s. m. matrimony, wedlock. Prov. *Matrimonio, ni señorío, no quiere furia, ni brio*, neither matrimony nor government require hastiness.

**Matriz**, s. f. the matrix; also the mother church.

**Matrona**, s. f. matron, a grave modest woman; also a midwife, a woman who assists women in child-birth.

**Matronal**, adj. belonging to a matron.

**Matúte**, s. m. a cheat or fraud in the customs.

**Matutear**, v. a. to introduce a fraud in the customs.

**Matutero**, s. m. a smuggler, one who defrauds the customs.

**Matutinal**, adj. belonging to the morning.

**Mán**, s. m. the noise a cat makes.

**Maña**, s. f. sharpening cheating trick, an imposition, a cheat.

**Mauleria**, s. f. a shop, where remnants of silk, &c. are sold; also the art of tricking or cheating.

**Malnéro**, s. m. a piece broker, that sells remnants of silk, cloth, &c. as also linen cloths and all small wares for tailors; a sharpening, tricking, or cheating fellow.

**Mullador**, s. m. a mewling cat.

**Mullar**, v. n. to mew like a cat.

**Maullido**, } s. m. the mewling  
**Maúllo**, } of a cat.

**Mausoleo**, s. m. a mausoleum, a sumptuous or stately monument, or sepulchre.

**Maxilla**, s. f. (obs.) the cheekbone or jaw-bone; also the cheek.

**Maxima**, s. f. a general principle; a particular opinion.

**Maximamente**, adv. chiefly.

**Maxima**, adj. greatest.

**Maxmordón**, s. m. a mean, dull, heavy fellow, who knows not how to do his own business without troubling others.

**Máya**, s. f. queen of May.

**Mayar**, v. n. to mew like a cat.

**Máyo**, s. m. the month of May; also a May-pole.—*Largo como un Mayo*, as tall as a May-

pole.—*Hasta pasado Mayo, no té quites el sayo*, do not leave off your coat till May be past.

**Mayór**, adj. bigger, greater; also elder.—*Al hombre mayor, darle honor*, ref. you must respect all persons above you.—*Mayor general*, a major-general.

**Mayoral**, s. m. the chief herdsman or shepherd; (in cant) the chief justice.

**Mayorana**, s. f. the herb marjoram.

**Mayorazgo**, s. m. the heir to an estate; also the estate of an inheritance.

**Mayordomazgo**, s. m. vide Mayordomía.

**Mayordomear**, v. a. to do the office of a steward.

**Mayordomía**, s. f. stewardship.

**Mayordomo**, s. m. a steward.

—*Mayordomo del rey*, steward of the household.

**Mayoría**, s. f. chiefness, principality, greatness, above another.

**Mayorista**, s. m. the boy who is in the highest class at a grammar school.

**Mayorménte**, adv. chiefly.

**Mayúscula**, s. f. a capital letter.

**Máza**, s. f. a mace, a club, a beetle; (in cant) a bad woman.

**Mazacóte**, s. m. a kind of mortar to plaster houses.

**Mazada**, s. f. a blow given with a mace; also an ill malicious word.—*Dar una mazada*, to hurt one.

**Mazamorra**, s. f. rotten biscuit; also the soup given to the galley slaves.

**Mazapán**, s. m. a kind of sweet paste made with sugar and almonds.

**Mazari**, s. m. a tile of that sort as are used in chimnies and floors.

**Mazmorra**, s. f. a dungeon, a prison.

**Mazmorilla**, s. f. a leather thong.

**Maznar**, v. a. to bruise, press, or squeeze with the fingers or hands.

**Mázo**, s. m. a hammer, a mallet; (metaph.) a clown or rustic person.—*Mázo de cintas*, a bundle of ribbands.—*Mázo de orillos*, a bundle of lists.

**Mazonado**, adj. (in blazonry) representing walls, towers, &c.



**Mazonería**, s. f. masons' art of work.  
**Mazorca**, s. f. as much flax as is put upon the distaff at once; also an ear of corn.  
**Mazorrál**, adj. aukward, rude, unpolished.  
**Me**, an irregular case of the pronoun *yo*, and serves for the dative and accusative, placed sometimes before the verb, and sometimes after.  
**Méa**, s. f. a word which children use when they want to make water.  
**Meados**, s. m. pl. urine.  
**Meaja**, s. f. the tread in an egg; also the smallest sort of coin formerly in Spain.  
**Meajal**, adj. belonging to *meaja*.  
**Meaúca**, s. f. a kind of duck.  
**Mecedero**, s. m. a cradle.  
**Mecedór**, s. m. a stirrer; also one that rocks another in a cradle.  
**Mecedura**, s. f. a mixing, or stirring together; also rocking in a cradle.  
**Mecenas**, s. m. a favourer of learning.  
**Mecer**, v. a. to mix or stir together, to rock in a cradle.—*Mecer el ojo*, to wrinkle with the eyes.  
**Mécha**, s. f. a tent for a wound; the wick for a candle; a soldier's match; a bit of bacon to lard with.—*Mécha de candil*, a wick for a lamp.  
**Mechánica**, s. f. the mechanic art; also a mean base action.  
**Mechanicamente**, adv. mechanically.  
**Mechánico**, s. m. a mechanic.—*Mechánico*, adj. mechanic.  
**Mechaniquéz**, s. f. mechanicalness; also meanness.  
**Mechera**, v. a. to lard fowls or other meat.  
**Mechera**, s. f. the needle or skewer with which fowls are larded.  
**Mechero**, s. m. the nozzle of a lamp in which the wickburns  
**Mechinales**, s. m. pl. the holes left in a wall as it is building for fixing the scaffold against it, called the puddock-holes.  
**Mechón**, s. m. a great tuft of hair, or wick of a lamp, or the like.

**Mechoncillo**, s. m. a little tuft of hair, or wick of a lamp.  
**Mechúsa**, s. f. (in cant) the head.  
**Méa**, s. f. a stack of wood or corn, a rick of hay, or the like.  
**Medalla**, s. f. a medal.  
**Medallón**, s. m. a great medal.  
**Medár**, v. a. to pile, to heap, to put up things confusedly; to grow wealthy.  
**Medero**, s. m. a stack of wood, a rick of hay, or the like.  
**Medía**, s. f. a stocking.  
**Mediación**, s. m. mediation or distance between any two objects; also a reconciliation between two persons.  
**Mediador**, s. m. Medianero.  
**Mediana**, s. f. the flesh that is near the neck of the animal.  
**Medianamente**, adv. indifferently, meanly.  
**Medianería**, s. f. intercession, mediation.  
**Medianero**, s. m. a mediator, one that interposes to adjust differences.  
**Medianía**, s. f. mediocrity.  
**Medianista**, s. m. the student who is in one of the middle classes.  
**Mediano**, adj. indifferent, in a mean betwixt two; also ordinary household bread, neither quite white, nor very brown.—*Mediños*, s. m. a game of cards among sharpers.  
**Mediante**, adv. by means of.  
**Mediár**, v. a. to mediate, to interpose.  
**Mediatamente**, adv. immediately, forthwith.  
**Medáto**, adj. that is not immediate, as the son is to the father, but that has something between, as the grandson and the grandfather, the father of the son being between.  
**Mediador**, s. m. a mediator.  
**Medicáble**, adj. that can be cured or healed.  
**Medicamento**, s. m. a medicine.  
**Medicár**, v. a. to apply medicines.  
**Med cástro**, s. m. a quack.  
**Medicina**, s. m. medicine, physic.  
**Medicinal**, adj. medicinal.  
**Medicinár**, v. a. to cure, to apply medicines.  
**Medico**, adj. that belongs to

physic.—*Medico*, s. m. a physician.  
**Medida**, s. m. measure.—*Hallar la medida de su zapato*, to meet with one's match.—*Henchirle a uno las medidas*, to give a man his belly full, to tell him more than he desires to hear.  
**Medido**, adj. moderate.  
**Medidor**, s. m. a measurer.  
**Mediéro**, s. m. the person who sells stockings.  
**Medio**, adj. belonging to the middle.—*Medio*, s. m. a mean; the middle; the half.—*Medialuna*, a half moon, in fortification.—*Medio cañón*, a demi-cannon.—*Medio día*, noon-day.—*Hallar un medio*, to find a mean or method, or the means to do a thing.—*Entrir de por medio*, to part a fray, to accommodate a difference, to interpose.  
**Mediocre**, adj. moderate, indifferent, mean.  
**Mediocridad**, s. f. mediocrity.  
**Medir**, v. a. to measure.—*Medir la pica con el enemigo*, to come to fight with the enemy.—*Medirse*, v. r. to moderate one's self; to weigh one's words and actions.  
**Meditación**, s. m. meditation.  
**Meditar**, v. n. to meditate.  
**Mediterráneo**, adj. in the middle of the land; and so it is said *mar Mediterraneo*, the sea Mediterranean, because it is between two lands.  
**Médra**, s. f. thriving.  
**Medrár**, v. n. to thrive.  
**Medrosamente**, adv. fearfully.  
**Medrosia**, s. f. fearfulness, timidity.  
**Medrosillo**, adj. somewhat fearful, timorous.  
**Medroso**, adj. fearful.  
**Medúla**, s. f. marrow.  
**Medulár**, adj. belonging to marrow.  
**Meduloso**, adj. full of marrow.  
**Megido**, adj. mixed with water and sugar.  
**Mégo**, adj. tame, courteous, civil, gentle.—*Corderilla mega*, to tame sheep.  
**Mejór**, adj. comp. better.  
**Mejora**, s. f. improvement, growing better.  
**Mejoramiento**, s. m. bettering, mending.  
**Mejorana**, s. f. vide *Mayorana*.  
**Mejorar**, v. n. to mend, to grow better.—*Mejorarle*, v. r. to put

one's self in a better station or degree.  
**Mejoria**, s. f. mending, growing better.  
**Melada**, s. f. a toast and honey.  
**Melado**, adj. of a honey colour; daubed with honey.  
**Meladúcha**, s. f. a kind of bastard apple so called.  
**Melancholia**, s. f. melancholy.  
**Melancholicamente**, adv. melancholy.  
**Melancholizar**, v. a. to make melancholy.  
**Melapia**, s. f. a kind of apple, or apple-pear.  
**Melár**, v. a. to boil sugar a second time.  
**Melaza**, s. f. the molasses or dregs of sugar or honey.  
**Melcocha**, s. f. a cake made with honey for children.  
**Melcochada**, adj. of a colour like honey, or rather like a cake made with honey, between white and yellow.  
**Melcochero**, s. m. one that makes or sells cakes made with honey for children.  
**Melecina**, s. f. (low) a medicine; also a clyster.  
**Meleciniamento**, s. m. (low) medicine, physick.  
**Melecinár**, v. a. (low) to heal, cure, or help by medicines.  
**Melena**, s. f. a great head of hair or periwig.—*Tráher de la melena*, f. to oblige one to do any thing.  
**Melenudo**, adj. that has much hair.  
**Melero**, s. m. one who sells honey; also the place where honey is kept.  
**Melgacho**, s. m. a seal-fish, the skin whereof is used for polishing wood.  
**Melifero**, adj. that has the taste and colour of honey.  
**Melíficamente**, adv. mellifluously, sweetly.  
**Melifluidad**, s. f. sweetness.  
**Melífero**, adj. mellifluous, sweet; that affects sweet words, that has a sweet tongue.  
**Melioto**, s. m. the herb melilot.  
**Melindre**, s. m. a sort of dainty little fritters made with honey; squeamishness, daintiness, niceness, coyness.  
**Melindrear**, v. n. to be coy, precise, squeamish, nice, dainty.  
**Melindrero**, s. m. nice, precise, coy, dainty.  
**Melindrillo**, s. m. a kind of thin face so called.

**Melindrizar**, v. n. to be coy, precise, squeamish, nice, dainty.  
**Melindroso**, adj. nice, precise, coy, dainty.  
**Mélla**, s. f. a gap, a notch in a knife, sword, or other thing; a flaw; a gap of a tooth that is wanting in the mouth.  
**Mellár**, v. a. to gap, notch, or flaw; to beat out a tooth before.  
**Melliza**, s. f. a sort of cake made with honey and flour.  
**Mellizo**, s. f. a twin.  
**Mellón**, s. m. a great heap of straw.  
**Melocoton**, s. m. the melocoton peach.—*Melocoton*, a yellow quince, or the quince tree in which the peach is grafted.  
**Melodia**, s. f. melody, sweet music.  
**Melodrama**, s. m. a dialogue in music.  
**Melója**, s. f. metheglin; a wine boiled till the third part is consumed, which makes it very rich.  
**Melón**, s. m. a melon.  
**Melonár**, s. m. the ground where melons grow.  
**Meloncete**, s. m. a musk melon.  
**Melonero**, s. m. one who sells melons.  
**Melosidad**, s. f. sweetness.  
**Meloso**, adj. honeyed, sweet; that gives sweet words.  
**Melote**, s. m. the conserve made with honey.  
**Mélsa**, s. f. the melt; a phlegmatic man.  
**Membradas**, s. f. (in blasonry) the claws of eagles and other birds.  
**Membrana**, s. f. parchment; a membrane or thin skin or film.  
**Membranoso**, adj. full of membranes, or thin skins or films.  
**Membranza**, s. f. (obs.) remembrance.  
**Membrarse**, v. r. (obs.) to remember.  
**Membrète**, a little scroll or leaf of paper, a bill, a schedule.  
**Membrilla**, s. f. a green quince.  
**Membrillar**, s. m. an orchard of quince-trees.  
**Membrillo**, s. m. a quince, or the tree.  
**Membrudamente**, adv. strongly, manfully, stoutly.  
**Membrudo**, adj. large limbed, strong made, raw-boned.  
**Meméntos**, s. m. pl. certain parts of the mass so called.

**Mémo**, adj. ignorant, foolish, simple, dull.—*Hacerse mé mo*, to feign one's self ignorant or dull of apprehension, when any thing is spoken that one is unwilling to answer or understand.  
**Memorable**, adj. memorable worth remembrance.  
**Memoranda**, adj. that is to be remembered.  
**Memorar**, v. a. to remember.  
**Memória**, s. f. the memory. Also a token to remember by.—*Memória*, fame, glory; also a monumental record.—*Memória*, a bill of costs or expenses; also a memorandum.—*Memórias*, compliments, expressions of civility.—*Memória de gallo ó de grillo*, a bad memory.—*De memoria*, by heart.—*Libro de memoria*, a pocket-book to take memorandums.  
**Memorial**, s. m. a memorial, a petition, a remembrance.  
**Memoriön**, s. m. a great memory.  
**Memoriöso**, one that has a good memory.  
**Ména**, s. f. a little fish so called.  
**Menador**, s. m. one that turns the wheel to wind up the silk.  
**Menage**, s. m. the moveables or furniture of a house.  
**Menár**, v. a. to wind the silk in the wheel.  
**Mención**, s. f. mento n.  
**Memcionar**, v. a. to mention.  
**Mendicación**, s. f. beggary.  
**Mendicante**, s. a beggar; a mendicant friar.  
**Mendicidad**, s. f. beggary.  
**Mendigár**, v. a. to beg.  
**Méndigo**, s. m. a beggar.  
**Mendiguéz**, s. f. beggary.  
**Mendosamente**, adv. falsely, by lying.  
**Mendöso**, adj. false, lying.  
**Mendruço**, s. m. piece of broken bread.  
**Mendrugillo**, s. m. a little piece of bread.  
**Menear**, v. a. to stir, to wag, to move, to wield; also to manage, to govern, to conduct.—*Menearse*, v. r. to do any thing in a hurry.  
**Menéo**, s. m. motion, stirring, wagging.  
**Menester**, s. m. want, need; also office, business, employment.—*Menesteres*, pl. the na-



tural necessities; also the tools of a workman.—*Es menester*, it is necessary.—*No he menester de ti*, I want thee not, I need not thy help.

*Menestroso*, adj. needy.

*Menestra*, s. f. spoon-meat.

*Menestral*, s. f. a handicraftsman.

*Mengajo*, s. m. a rag.

*Mengua*, s. f. defect, decrease, what is wanting of a thing; shame, disgrace.

*Menguadamente*, adv. ignominiously, without honour or credit.

*Menguado*, s. m. a fool, a silly fellow.—*Hambre menguado*, a madman, that is impaired in his understanding.—*Menguante de la luna*, the wane, or decrease of the moon after the full.—*Menguante de la mar*, the ebbing of the sea.

*Menguár*, v. n. to diminish, to decrease.

*Menino*, s. m. a page at court so called.

*Menjai*, s. m. a gum or resin distilling from a tree in India.

*Menjúrge*, s. m. stops, washes, any daubs women use to their faces.

*Menológico*, s. m. the calendar of the months.

*Menonía*, s. f. a bird so called.

*Menór*, adj. comp. less than another; also under age.—*Al*

*Menoréte*, adv. at the least, at least.

*Menoria*, s. f. minority, non-age.

*Menorista*, s. m. a young student; a student of the third class.

*Ménos*, adj. less.

*Ménos*, adv. except; and so it is said, *todo menos eso*, all except, or but that.—*Nimas ni menos*, mod. adv. just so; exactly.—*Poco mas ó menos*, mod. adv. thereabout.

*Menoscabador*, s. m. he who makes any thing less.

*Menoscabár*, v. a. to diminish, to impair, to lessen.

*Menoscábo*, s. m. diminution, impairing, lessening.

*Menospreciador*, s. m. one who despises, contemns, or undervalues.

*Menospreciár*, v. a. to despise, to contemn, to undervalue.

*Menosprécio*, s. m. contempt, undervaluing, spurn.—*Vender*

*á menosprécio*, to sell under the value.

*Mensaje*, s. m. message, errand.

*Mensageria*, s. f. embassy, message.

*Mensajero*, s. m. messenger.

*Menstruación*, s. f. the monthly courses of a woman.

*Menstrual*, adj. menstrual, monthly.

*Menstrualmente*, adv. monthly, as women's courses are.

*Menstruár*, v. n. to have the monthly courses.

*Ménstruo*, s. m. women's monthly courses; also all liquors are called *menstrua*, which are used as dissolvents, or to extract the virtues of ingredients by infusion or decoction.—*Menstruo*, adj. menstrual, monthly, happening once a month.

*Menstruoso*, adj. with the monthly courses.

*Mensual*, adj. of or belonging to a month.

*Mensualmente*, adv. monthly.

*Mensura*, s. f. measure.

*Mensurable*, adj. that may be measured.

*Mensurador*, s. m. the person who measures.

*Mensurár*, v. a. to measure.

*Ménta*, s. f. the herb mint.

*Mental*, adj. mental, of the mind.—*Oracion mental*, mental prayer.

*Mentalmente*, adv. mentally.

*Mentar*, v. a. to mention.

*Ménte*, s. f. the mind; it is also the addition to most adjectives, which makes them adverbs.

*Mentecateria*, s. f. folly, ignorance, inattention.

*Mentecato*, s. m. a fool, a madman.

*Méntha*, s. f. mint.

*Mentidéro*, s. m. a place where many people meet, and discoursing together are apt to tell many lies.

*Mentir*, v. a. to lie; also to differ one thing from another.—*Quien siempre miente, nunca me engañara*, ref. who lies always, never will cheat me.—*Mentir sin suelo*, to tell great lies.

*Mentira*, s. f. a lie.

*Mentirilla*, s. f. a little lie.

*Mentirosamente*, adv. lyingly, falsely.

*Mentirso*, adj. a liar.

*Menucéles*, s. m. pl. trifles.

*Menudamente*, adj. particular-

ly; often; by little and little.

*Menudear*, v. a. to repeat strokes very thick; also to walk quick, taking short steps.

*Menudencias*, s. f. pl. small matters.

*Menúdico*, adj. very little or small.

*Menudillos*, s. m. pl. the gibles of a fowl.

*Menúdo*, adj. small, little.—*A menúdo*, often.—*Menúdos de bestia*, the pluck of any beast.—*Menúdos*, small brass money.—*Hombre menúdo*, a man that looks into every little thing, one that splits a hair.

*Meñique*, adj. little; said of the little finger.

*Meollada*, s. f. fried brains.

*Meollo*, s. m. the crumb or soft of bread; the kernel of a nut; the pith of any thing: the brain; no longer used in this last sense.

*Mequetrefe*, s. m. busy body.

*Meramente*, adv. purely.

*Merár*, v. a. to mix one liquor with another.

*Mercachife*, s. m. the person who carries all his goods; a pedlar.

*Mercadante*, s. m. a merchant.

*Mercadear*, v. n. to buy, to market, to play the merchant.

*Mercader*, s. m. a merchant; also a shopkeeper.—*Mercader*, (in cant) the thief who frequents the places where merchandize goods are.

*Mercaderia*, s. f. merchandize, goods, ware.

*Mercado*, s. m. a market.

*Mercaduria*, s. f. merchandize, goods, ware.

*Mercancia*, s. f. trade, traffic; also goods, merchandize, commodities.

*Mercante*, s. m. a merchant, a trader.

*Mercantil*, s. trading.—*Navio mercantil*, a trading ship.

*Mercár*, v. a. to buy.

*Mercéd*, s. f. courtesy, favour, kindness, reward.—*La mercéd de Dios*, is properly God's mercy. Waggishly they give this name to bacon and eggs, because they are commonly to be had when every thing else to eat is wanting.—*Mercéd*, is a term of civility used in Spain to every polite person; as *signoria* is in Italy.—*Mercéd*, a religious order so called, insti-

tuted for the redemption of captives like the Trinitarians.  
*—Darse en merced*, to surrender at discretion, at the enemy's mercy.—*Servir a un señor a merced*, to serve a great man without any salary, and to be rewarded at his pleasure.  
**Mercenario**, s. m. an hireling; also a friar of the order *de la merced*.  
**Merceria**, s. f. mercery, grocery.  
**Mercero**, s. m. a mercer, so they call those in the country, who sell all sorts of goods.  
**Merchán**, } s. m. (obs.) a  
**Merchante**, } merchant.  
**Merculino**, adj. belonging to Wednesday.  
**Mercurial**, s. m. the herb mercury; also belonging to mercury, full of mercury; that is, active, lively, cunning.  
**Mercúrio**, s. m. one of the planets' names.  
**Merdellón**, adj. filthy, nasty.  
**Merdoso**, adj. beshit.  
**Méte**, adv. merely.  
**Merecedór**, s. m. who deserves.  
**Merecér**, v. a. to deserve, to merit.  
**Mereciénte**, adj. deserving.  
**Merecidamente**, adv. deservedly, meritoriously.  
**Mereciniénte**, s. m. merit. See Merito.  
**Merendár**, v. n. to eat an afternoon's luncheon, betwixt dinner and supper.  
**Merendéro**, adj. applied to the crows who devour the seed on ploughed land.  
**Merendóna**, s. f. an afternoon's luncheon.  
**Meretricio**, adj. of or belonging to a whore.  
**Meretriz**, s. f. a whore.  
**Mergansár**, s. m. a kind of very fierce goose.  
**Mérgo**, s. m. a bird called a puffin.  
**Meridiano**, s. m. the circle called the meridian, in which the sun makes its course.  
**Meridional**, adj. belonging to the meridian.  
**Meriépda**, s. f. an afternoon's luncheon.  
**Merindad**, s. f. the place where the *merino* has his authority.  
**Merino**, s. m. a governor of a small province; also he who has the care of the pasture of the cattle.

**Meritamente**, adv. deservedly.  
**Meritár**, v. a. to merit.  
**Meritísimo**, adv. superl. very deserving.  
**Mérito**, s. m. merit.  
**Meritoriamente**, adv. meritoriously.  
**Meritorio**, adj. meritorious.  
**Mérta**, s. f. a black bird.  
**Merlúza**, s. f. a cod-fish.  
**Mërma**, s. f. the portion of any thing consumed.  
**Mermádo**, *da*, p. p. from *Mer-mar*.  
**Mermár**, v. n. to diminish, to consume.  
**Mermeláda**, s. f. marmalade, the pulp of quinces boiled into a consistence with sugar.  
**Méro**, s. m. a fish so called.—*Méro*, adj. pure, genuine.  
**Mes**, s. m. a month.  
**Mésa**, s. f. a table.—*Mésa franca*, an open table, where all persons are welcome.—*Venirse a mésa puesta*, to sit down to table without taking pains to earn one's meat.—*Poner la mésa*, to lay the cloth for dinner.—*Mesa de cambio*, a banker's shop or counter.—*Alzár la mésa*, to take away after dinner.—Prov. *Buena mésa, mal testamento*, a good table, a bad will; too much expence in eating and drinking impoverishes a man, so that he makes a poor will when he dies.  
**Mesáda**, s. f. the portion of money paid monthly for goods, work, or maintenance.  
**Mesaraicas véna**, veins that ascend from the abdomen to the liver.  
**Mesentério**, s. m. mesentery.  
**Meséro**, s. m. one who, after having served his apprenticeship, is paid so much monthly.  
**Mesilla**, s. f. a little table.  
**Mésmo**, pron. vide Mismo.  
**Mesnada**, s. f. (obs.) the guards upon duty; a company, a family; a mess; the old laws of Spain say, they are men that may promise for themselves, but not be bound for others.  
**Mesnadéro**, s. m. the chief of the king's guards.  
**Mesnadéros**, s. m. (obs.) signifies the inferior gentry; sometimes the king's guards, and all that receive pay or wages of him.

**Mesón**, s. m. an inn.—*Estar la casa como un meson*, f. the house full of people; out of order.—*Por un ladrón, pierden ciento en un meson*, ref. an hundred persons suffer and are ruined in an inn.—*El mesón de la estrella*, the star-inn; (metaph.) the open air, where a man lies under the canopy of heaven.  
**Mesonáge**, s. m. a place or street where there are many inns.  
**Mesonera**, s. f. an hostess.  
**Mesonéro**, s. m. an inn-keeper.—Prov. *Nadie sería mesonero, si no fuese por dinero*, no man would be an inn-keeper, but for money. Profit makes men undertake any thing.  
**Mesonista**, s. m. the person who assists in the inn.  
**Mesadura**, s. f. the act of plucking or tearing off the hair.  
**Mesana**, s. f. the mizen-mast.  
**Mesár**, v. a. to pluck or tear off the hair.  
**Meseguéro**, s. f. an harvestman; one that keeps corn.  
**Mesías**, s. m. the Messiah.  
**Mesiázgo**, s. m. the dignity of the Messiah.  
**Mésta**, s. f. a monthly fair among herdsmen; also the laws to be observed by all that keep or deal in cattle.  
**Mestál**, s. m. uncultivated ground.  
**Mestéño**, adj. belonging to a monthly fair.  
**Mestizo**, s. m. a mongrel, a man born of Indian and Spanish parents.  
**Mésto**, s. m. a sort of oak.  
**Mestúra**, s. f. vide *Mistura*.  
**Mesturar**, v. a. vide *Misturar*.  
**Mesturéro**, s. m. the person who discovers a secret that he was entrusted to conceal.  
**Mesúra**, s. f. modesty, composed behaviour; also a bow, courtesy, or obeisance one person makes to another.—Prov. *Quién no tiene mesura toda la villa es suya*, he who has no modesty, has all the town for his own; that is, an impudent fellow intrudes every where.  
**Mesuradamente**, adv. modestly, courteously.  
**Mesurado**, adj. modest, grave, courteous.  
**Mesurar**, v. a. to make one



behave modestly.—*Mesurarse*, v. r. to behave modestly.

**Méta**, s. f. limit, bound.

**Metacárho**, s. m. the palm of the hand.

**Metagóge**, s. f. a figure in rhetoric so called.

**Metál**, s. m. metal.—*Metál*, the sound of the human voice.—*Metál*, the quality of any thing.

*Metál campanil*, bell-metal.

*Metál rico*, rich metal; rich ore.—*Metál pobre*, poor metal, poor ore.

**Metálarío**, s. m. the artificer that works in the metals.

**Metalépsis**, s. f. a figure in rhetoric, whereby a word is changed from its natural signification.

**Metálico**, adj. of, or belonging to the metal.

**Metálla**, s. f. the bits of gold that fill up the vacancies that the gilder has left.

**Metamorphósis**, s. f. metamorphosis, s. f. metamorphosis, transmutation, changing of one thing into another.

**Metanáa**, s. f. a figure in rhetoric, when a man recalls what he has said, and turns it another way.

**Metáphora**, s. f. a metaphor; the application of a word to an use, to which in its original import it cannot be put.

**Metaphoricamente**, adv. not literally.

**Metaphórico**, adj. metaphoric.

**Metaphýsica**, s. f. metaphysics.

**Metaphýsico**, adj. belonging to metaphysics.

**Metathésis**, s. f. a transposition.

**Metedór**, s. m. he who incorporates one thing with another; also a smuggler.—*Metedór*, a clout to turn a child dry.

**Meteduria**, s. f. the act of incorporating one thing with another; also introducing contraband goods.

**Metempsychósis**, s. f. transmigration of souls from one body to another.

**Metemuertos**, s. m. the person who carries on the stage the things that are used in the play.

**Metéoro**, s. m. the meteor; bodies in the air or sky that

are of a flux and transitory nature.

**Meteorológico**, adj. pertaining or relating to the meteors.

**Metér**, v. a. to put in; also to smuggle. (In cant) to eat.—*Meter paz*, to part a fray.—*Meter zizaña*, to sow discord.—*Meter en barato*, to brawl, to endeavour to carry a thing by noise.—*Meter agüja*, y sacar reja, to put in a needle and take out a quill; that is, to steal a goose and leave a feather.—*No me meto en nada*, f. I do not trouble myself on another's business.—*Metérse en lo que no le toca*, to meddle in what does not concern one.—*Metérse donde no le llaman*, to go where one is not called, to meddle in other men's business.—*Metérse en la parte*, to join with orders in trade or the like.—*Metérse en su contrario*, to gain ground upon one's adversary.

**Methodicamente**, adv. methodically, orderly.

**Methodico**, adj. methodical, orderly, regular.

**Método**, s. m. method, regularity, order.

**Meticuloso**, adj. fearful, timorous.

**Metiniénto**, s. m. the act of fixing, grafting, or including or shutting one thing in another.

**Metonimia**, s. f. a figure in rhetoric, when we name the cause instead of the effect, the subject for the adjunct, the thing containing for the thing contained.

**Metópa**, s. f. a term in architecture; the empty space in the frieze betwixt the triglyphs.

**Metrálla**, s. f. pieces of iron and nails, &c. with which they charge the large gun.

**Metresa**, s. f. a sweetheart, a young girl in love with a youth.

**Metreta**, s. f. a vessel or measure containing about twelve gallons, a kilderkin, firkin, or rundlet.

**Metricamente**, adv. metrically, according to metre.

**Metrico**, adj. metrical, according to metre, keeping time and measure.

**Metrificadór**, s. m. who makes or composes.

**Metrificár**, v. r. to make metre, to versify.

**Metrista**, s. m. vide *Metrificador*.

**Métro**, s. m. metre, rhyme, verse, measure.

**Metrópoli**, s. f. a metropolis, a chief city.

**Metropolitano**, s. m. a metropolitan.—*Metropolitano*, adj. of, or belonging to the metropolis.

**Mexilla**, s. f. the cheek.

**Mezcla**, s. f. mixture, the art of mixing.

**Mezcladamente**, adv. jointly, in conjunction.

**Mezcladór**, s. f. mingler, one who mixes; also an entangler.

**Mezcladura**, s. f. vide *Mezcla*.

**Mezclamento**, s. f. vide *Mezcla*.

**Mezclar**, v. a. to mix, to mingle; also to broil, to entangle.

**Mezquinamente**, adv. with misery, covetously.

**Mezquidad**, s. f. misery, covetousness.

**Mezquino**, s. f. a miser, a covetous person.

**Mezquita**, s. f. a mosque or Mahometan church.

**Mi**, **Mía**, **Mío**, mine; used as in English, my, or mine; thus, *mi casa*, my house; *mi muger*, my wife. But when the question is asked, whose is this; the answer is, *mío*, or *mía*, mine.

**Miája**, s. m. a crumb, a little piece.

**Míca**, s. f. a she monkey; an ugly woman.

**Micho**, s. m. a cat; an endearing name for a cat.

**Míco**, s. m. an ape.

**Microcósmo**, s. m. microcosm, little world, man.

**Microscópio**, s. m. a microscope.

**Miedo**, s. m. fear.—*Vivir bien destierra miedo*, good living banishes fear.—*Miedo guarda villa*, ref. the fear of being punished guards or saves the vine.

**Miel**, s. m. honey.—*Miel virgen*, virgin honey.—*Miel rosada*, honey of roses.—*Miel sobre hojuelas*, honey upon pancakes; (metaph.) one good luck upon the back of another.—Prov. *Hacéis miel, y comémosla* han moscas turn honey,

and the flies will eat you; that is, if you are too sweet-tempered, people will insult you.

Mielga, s. f. the cuttle-fish.—

Mielga, s. f. a rake to rake ground with.—*Mielgas*, s. f. pl. the herb trefoil.

Miembrecito, s. m. a small limb or member.

Miembro, s. m. a limb, a member.

Mientes, s. m. pl. an old word, signifying the mind or reflections.—*Panár mientes*, to take notice of, to reflect on any thing.

Mientras, adv. whilst.

Miera, s. f. oil of juniper.

Miércoles, s. m. Wednesday.—*Miércoles corvilo*, A-h-Wednesday.—*Miércoles de ceniza*, idem.

Mierda, s. f. filth, dung, ordure.

Mierla, s. f. vide Merla.

Miés, s. m. harvest.

Miga, s. f. a crumb.

Migas, a dish so called.—*Hacer buenas migas*, f. (metaph.) to agree with any one.

Migaja, s. f. a bit, a crumb; a small portion or share of any great thing that is to be divided.

Migajada, s. f. a small bit.

Migajón, s. m. a great piece of the crumb of bread without crust.

Migajuéla, a little bit.

Migar, v. a. to crumble bread.

Migratorio, adj. passing, moving from one place to another.

Mijo, s. m. the grain called millet.—*Mijo del sol*, the herb groundsel.

Mil, s. m. a thousand.—*Mil veces*, a thousand times.

Milagroso, s. m. the person who easily believes miracles.

Milagro, s. m. a miracle.—Prov. *Hágase el milagro, y hágalo el diablo*, so the miracle be wrought, no matter if the devil do it.

Milagrosamente, adv. miraculously.

Milagroso, adj. miraculous.

Milanes, s. m. (in cant) a pistol.

Milano, s. m. a kite.—*Milinos*, pl. so children call the flowers of thistles which fly about when blown upon.

Milenta, s. f. a thousand. Vulgar.

Milero, s. m. a bird called a tit-mouse.

Milesimo, adj. thousandth.

Milicia, s. f. warfare; also the militia.

Miliciano, adj. of, or belonging to the militia.

Militar, v. n. to serve as a soldier.

Militar, adj. of, or belonging to soldiery or warfare.

Militante, adj. militant, serving as a soldier.—*Iglesia militante*, church militant, the church of God upon earth that fights under his banner.

Militarménte, adv. according to military discipline.

Milite, s. m. a soldier.

Milla, s. m. a mile, a thousand paces.

Millar, s. m. a thousand; also between three and four pounds of cocoa.

Millarada, s. f. the quantity of one thousand of any thing.

Millón, s. m. a million, ten hundred thousand.

Mimar, v. a. to coax, to flatter, to wheedle.

Mimbral, s. m. a place where oziars grow.

Mimbre, s. m. ozier.

Mimbrear, v. n. to work with oziars.

Mimbrera, s. f. the place in which oziars grow.

Mimbrerál, s. m. the stock on which oziars grow, or the place where they grow.

Mimbróso, adj. that is built with oziars.

Mimo, s. m. a jester, a mimick.

Mimóso, adj. coy, affected, mimick.

Mina, s. f. a mine dug under ground, either to undermine a place, or to dig out metal.—*Mina mayor*, (in cant) gold.—*Mina menor*, (in cant) silver.—*Mina ladia*, (in cant) copper.

Minador, s. m. a miner.

Minar, v. a. to undermine.—*Minarse*, v. r. (in cant) to be gone.

Minera, s. f. } the vein of  
Minero, s. m. } metal in the mine.

Mineral, s. m. mineral dug out of a mine.—*Minero*, a miner.

Miniatura, s. f. miniature, painting on a small scale.

Minimo, adj. the least.—*Minimo*, s. m. a friar of the religious order of the Minimés who never eat meat.

Minio, s. m. vermilion.

Ministerio, s. m. ministry, service, discharge of duty.

Ministrar, v. a. to serve, to attend.

Ministril, s. m. a minstrel, a musician.

Ministro, s. m. a minister, an officer, a servant.

Minorar, v. a. to lessen.

Minorativo, adj. that shortens or lessens any thing.

Minoridad, s. f. minority.

Minotauro, s. m. a minotaur, feigned by poets to be half man and half bull.

Mintróso, adj. (obs.) that tells lies.

Minúcias, s. f. pl. a sort of small tithes of fruit; trifles.

Minúscula, s. f. small letter.

Minúta, s. f. a minute in writing; also a pocket-book or memorandum, a minute-book.

Minutar, v. a. to make minutes of any thing.

Minúto, s. m. a minute.

Minúto, adj. minute, small, very little.

Minarse, v. r. (in cant) to go away, to remove.

Mio, pron. poss. mine.—Prov. *Lo mio, mio, y lo tuyo de entranças*, what is mine is my own, and what is yours is for both of us.

Mira, s. f. the aim of a gun; also intention, design.—*Miras de proa*, a sea term, the chase-guns; two guns in the fore-part of the ship fired upon those that are pursued.—*Estár a la mira*, to be in sight or looking on, to observe with particular care.—*Poner la mira*, to aim at one thing, to endeavour to get it.

Mirabel, s. m. a sort of yellow honey-suckle.

Mirable, adj. wonderful, admirable.

Mirabolano, s. m. the mirabolán, a medicinal fruit so called.

Miraculosamente, adv. miraculously, wonderfully.

Miraculoso, adj. wonderful, miraculous.

Mirada, s. f. a look, a view, a cast of the eyes over a thing.

Miradero, s. m. a place to look out at.

Mirado, adj. also considerate. *Hombre mirado*, a man that considers what he does.



- Miradór**, s. m. the leads, or a turret on the top of a house; a balcony to look about.
- Miradúra**, s. f. the action of looking.
- Miráglo**, s. m. (obs.) vid. *Milagro*.
- Miramamolín**, s. m. the title given by the Moors to their great emperors.
- Miramiento**, s. m. regard, consideration, reflection.
- Mirar**, v. a. to look, to behold, to regard, to observe, to consider. — *Mirar al través*, to squint, to cast a side look. — *Mirar por encima*, to look at any thing without attention. — *Mirarse a los pies*, is for one to know his defects. — *Mirarse en alguno*, to love one, to cherish him. — *Mirar sobre hombro*, to look with contempt or anger. — *Mirar de hito en hito*, to look directly and stedfastly on a thing. Prov. *¿Quien adelante no mira atrás se halla*, he who does not look before him, finds himself behind; that is, if a man has not a forecast he will fail in his business, and be behind hand.
- Mirasól**, s. m. the sun-flower.
- Mirínague**, s. m. moveable goods of small value.
- Mirla**, s. f. a black-bird; (in cant) it is used for an ear.
- Mirlado**, adj. precise, formal.
- Mirlamiento**, s. m. gravity, formality, preciseness.
- Mirlarse**, v. r. to draw up the mouth, to be formal, to play the hypocrite, to be grave. — *Mirlarse*, v. r. to affect gravity in words or actions.
- Mirlo**, s. m. gravity and affectation in the face; also a black-bird.
- Miron**, s. m. a looker on, especially used for lookers on at play.
- Mirraúste**, s. m. a sort of sauce made of pounded almonds for boiled fowl.
- Miruedanos**, s. m. pl. strawberries.
- Misa**, s. f. the mass, the service in the Roman church. — *Misa resaca*, a private mass. — *Misa mayor*, high mass. — *Misa del gallo*, the mass said at midnight on Christmas Day. — *Misa del alba*, the mass said at break of day. Prov. *Van a misa los zapateros, ruegan a Dios que mueran carneros*, the shoemakers go to mass and pray to God that sheep may die, that so leather may be cheap; every man prays to God for his own advantage, though it be to the detriment of another. Prov. *Buena es misa misar, y casa guardar*, it is good to go to mass, and to keep house; that is, it is good to serve God, but not to neglect the care of the family upon pretence of being at church all day. Prov. *No entra en misa la campana y aridos llama*, the bell does not go to mass, and yet it calls others; some preach much sanctity and practise none. Prov. *Oye misa, y dar cebada, no impide jornada*, to hear mass, and give a horse oats, does not hinder a journey. Prov. *No saber de la misa la media*, not to know half the mass; that is, to be very ignorant.
- Misacantano**, s. m. a priest that says his first mass; (in cant) a cock.
- Misal**, s. m. a missal, a mass book.
- Misario**, s. m. a boy that serves at mass.
- Miscelanéa**, s. f. a miscellany.
- Miserable**, adj. miserable, covetous, wretched.
- Miserablemente**, adv. miserably, covetously, wretchedly.
- Miseramente**, adv. wretchedly, miserably.
- Miserere**, s. m. the procession in which is sung the psalm *Miserere mei*.
- Miseria**, s. f. misery, wretchedness, covetousness.
- Misericórdia**, s. f. mercy, pity, compassion.
- Misericordiosamente**, adv. mercifully.
- Misericordioso**, adj. merciful.
- Misero**, adj. miserable, wretched, covetous, poor, distressed.
- Miserrimo**, super. very wretched, miserable.
- Misión**, s. f. a mission, commonly of priests to preach and teach.
- Misionero**, } s. m. a missionary.  
**Misionário**, } -ry, one sent to propagate religion.
- Misivo**, adj. missive, sent, to be sent.
- Misiva**, s. f. a letter.
- Mismo**, prep. personal, the same.
- Mistela**, s. f. a cordial water.
- Misterio**, s. m. mystery; secret; a concealed thing.
- Misteriosamente**, adv. enigmatically, obscurely, mysteriously. — *Hablar de misterio*, f. to speak enigmatically; to affect mystery. — *No es sin misterio*, f. it is mysterious, or doubtful.
- Misterioso**, sa, adj. mysterious, dark, above the common understanding.
- Mística**, s. f. mystic.
- Misticamente**, adv. mystically; by some secret meaning.
- Místico**, ca, adj. mystical.
- Mitad**, s. f. the moiety, the half.
- Mitán**, s. m. a slight sort of Holland.
- Mithridático**, adj. belonging to mithridate.
- Mithridato**, s. m. mithridate, an antidote so called.
- Mitigación**, s. f. mitigation, moderation.
- Mitigador**, s. m. assuager, pacifier.
- Mitigar**, v. a. to mitigate, to assuage, to pacify.
- Mitigativo**, adj. that will mitigate or assuage.
- Mitote**, s. m. an Indian dance so called.
- Mitra**, s. f. a bishop's mitre; it is also waggishly applied to signify a sort of cap made of pasteboard, which they put on the heads of bawds convicted, when led to punishment by the Inquisition.
- Mitrado**, adj. wearing a mitre; said of certain privileged abbots.
- Mixtífori** s. m. a crime which the secular or ecclesiastical tribunal can chastise.
- Mixtilíneo**, adj. in geometry, applied to a figure that describes a straight line and a curve on one side.
- Mixtión**, s. f. mixture.
- Mixto**, adj. mixed, mingled.
- Mixtura**, s. f. mixture; also bread made of several kinds of corn.
- Mixturar**, v. a. to mix, to mingle.
- Miz**, a word used to call cats.
- Mizo**, Mizo, s. m. a cat. — *Mizo*, s. m. (in cant) one wanting one of his limbs, or one that is left-handed.
- Móa**, s. f. (in cant) money.
- Mobil**, adj. moveable, *Primera*.

*mobil*, the *primum mobile* of the heavens.  
**Mobilidad**, s. f. mobility.  
**Móble**, adj. & v. movable.  
**Mocadéro**, s. m. an old name for a handkerchief.  
**Mocador**, s. m. a handkerchief.  
**Mocante**, s. m. (in cant.) a handkerchief.  
**Mocear**, v. a. to act like young people.  
**Mocedad**, s. f. youth; an unlucky trick of youth.  
**Mocetón**, s. m. a lusty young fellow.  
**Mocetona**, s. f. a lusty young wench.  
**Mocháda**, s. f. a blow given with the head.  
**Mochár**, v. a. to cut smooth, to cut off the horns, or the like.  
**Mochazo**, s. m. the blow given with the butt end of a musket.  
**Móche**, adv. used in the phrase, *a tréche móche*, without consideration, rashly, hand over head.  
**Mocháta**, s. f. a term in architecture; the edge of any work, particularly the columns.  
**Mochéte**, s. m. the tassel of a sparrow-hawk.  
**Mochil**, s. m. a boy that follows the camp.  
**Mochila**, s. f. a scrip, a budget, a wallet, a false cover of a saddle, a portmanteau. — *Mochilo de grano*, the husk of a seed in fruit.  
**Mochilero**, s. m. a boy or servant, that carries the wallet or budget, a boy that follows the camp.  
**Mochin**, s. m. the executioner or hang-man.  
**Mócho**, adj. bare, smooth. — *Carnero mócho*, a sheep that has no horns, that has the horns cut. — *Árbol mócho*, a tree without branches. — *Mócho de acarbuz*, the butt end of a musket. — *Pase mócha por cornuda*, let a beast without horns go for one with horns. If we cannot have what we will, we must take what we can.  
**Mochuelo**, s. m. a horn owl.  
**Moción**, s. f. motion; also tendency of the mind; also an inspiration.  
**Mocito**, s. m. a little young lad.  
**Móco**, s. m. snout. — *Mócos de*

*herrero*, the large flakes that fly off when the smith hammers iron. — *Móco de candil*, the knob that grows on the top of the snuff of a lamp or candle for want of snuffing. — *Escogido a móco de candil*, chosen by candle light; that is, carefully examined.  
**Móda**, s. f. use, custom, fashion.  
**Modál**, adj. belonging to use, custom, or fashion.  
**Modelo**, s. m. a model to build or do any thing by, a pattern.  
**Moderación**, s. f. moderation.  
**Modestamente**, adv. moderately.  
**Modérado**, adj. moderate.  
**Modrador**, s. m. a moderator.  
**Modérar**, v. a. to moderate.  
**Modératio**, adj. which can moderate or bring into order.  
**Modernamente**, adv. newly, of latter times.  
**Modérno**, adj. modern, of the latter times.  
**Modestamente**, adv. modestly, decently, composedly.  
**Modestia**, s. f. modesty.  
**Modesto**, adj. modest, decent, composed.  
**Modificación**, s. f. bringing into measure, modification.  
**Modificador**, s. m. the person who brings into measure or compass.  
**Modificar**, v. a. to bring into measure or compass.  
**Modillo**, s. m. a particular manner.  
**Modillon**, s. m. a modillion; in architecture, a certain support or moulding.  
**Módio**, s. m. a bushel.  
**Modista**, s. m. the person who observes and follows the new fashions.  
**Módo**, s. m. the mean or manner; also used for decency, behaviour.  
**Modorra**, s. f. lethargy; also the dead of night when all are asleep. — *Quarto de la modorra*, the second watch in the night, being the dead of night when all people are asleep.  
**Modorrar**, v. n. to be drowsy, sleepy, or lethargick. — *Modorrarse*, v. r. to grow flabby and ready to rot; said of fruits.  
**Modorrilla**, s. f. a disease among the sheep; also the third watch of the night.

**Modorro**, s. m. one that has a lethargy; a slow, heavy, foolish fellow.  
**Modrego**, s. m. a dunce, a blockhead, a dull fellow.  
**Modulación**, s. f. sweetness, an agreeable harmony in the voice or instrument.  
**Modular**, v. n. to sing with harmony.  
**Módulo**, s. m. a module, a term in architecture, signifying a part or quantity by which to calculate, adjust, and compose the rest of the members of an order.  
**Modurria**, s. f. folly, ignorance.  
**Moéda**, s. f. an old grove of oaks, a forest.  
**Mófa**, s. f. scoff, jeer, mock, mockery.  
**Mofador**, a scoffing jeering person.  
**Mofadura**, s. f. a mocking or jeering.  
**Mofar**, v. a. to scoff, to mock, to jeer.  
**Mofletes**, s. m. pl. puffed up cheeks.  
**Móga**, s. f. (in cant.) money.  
**Mogate**, s. m. a coarse sort of glazing upon earthen ware. — *Hacer una cosa de medio mogate*, to do a thing by halves; taken from the pans which are glazed only within, and not without, which they call *medio mogato*, or half glazing.  
**Mogato**, s. m. vid. *Mogigato*.  
**Móge**, s. m. broth of any kind.  
**Mogéles**, s. f. pl. on board ships, certain boxes so called.  
**Mogicón**, s. m. a fist clenched; a box on the ear.  
**Mogiganga**, s. f. a public feast; any ridiculous person or feast.  
**Mogigato**, s. m. a sly knave, like a cat, who, when you speak lovingly to her, cringes, and, when you least think of it, claws you.  
**Mogollón**, s. m. a lump, a clod, a shapeless piece; also a sponger, an interloper. — *Comer de mogollón*, to sponge upon others.  
**Mogotes**, s. m. pl. the horns of a young deer sprouting out.  
**Mogróllo**, s. m. who eats and drinks at the expense of others, *adject. used*, unpolite, uncivil.  
**Moháda**, s. f. mossiness, mouldiness.



**Moharráche**, ? s. m. one who  
**Moharrácho**, { is disguised in a  
 ridiculous dress, and under  
 that figure goes about joking  
 upon every body, and telling  
 them their faults.

**Mohátra**, s. f. is a cheating  
 way of selling goods upon trust  
 for much more than the value;  
 and having one ready to buy  
 them again much under the  
 real value; any extortion in  
 usury; it is also pawn-bro-  
 king.—*No te alabes, antes que*  
*mohalres*, ref. do not praise  
 yourself before you have done  
 the trick.

**Mohatrár**, v. a. to sell above  
 price and buy under; to use  
 extortion; to take pawns.

**Mohatréro**, s. m. an extortion-  
 er that buys and sells; a pawn-  
 broker.

**Mohecer**, v. n. to grow mouldy,  
 to be covered with moss.

**Mohina**, s. f. a mule that has  
 all the face and muzzle black,  
 and has jadish tricks; also  
 fretfulness, peevishness, an-  
 ger, disgust.

**Mohinidád**, s. f. peevishness,  
 fretfulness, anger.

**Mohinillo**, adj. somewhat pee-  
 vish or fretful.

**Mohino**, adj. peevish, fretful,  
 out of humour; with a black  
 face and muzzle.

**Móho**, s. m. mouldiness, rust  
 of iron or any other metal;  
 also moss that grows upon trees,  
 rocks, walls, or the like.

**Mohoso**, adj. mouldy, covered  
 with moss; also rusty.

**Mojada**, s. f. the act of wetting  
 or soaking.

**Mojadura**, s. f. a wetting.

**Mojáma**, s. f. the flesh of the  
 tunney-fish salted and dried.

**Mojár**, v. a. to wet, to dip into.  
 —*Mojár en la salsa*, to dip in  
 the sauce.

**Mojarrilla**, s. m. the person who  
 is always jesting and in a good  
 humour.

**Mojón**, s. m. a land-mark. *I-*  
*ronically*, a fancy, a guess.

**Mojóna**, s. f. a tribute or tax  
 paid by the measure which is  
 called *majona*, from whence it  
 takes its name. — *Mojóna*, a  
 measure in Castile, used both  
 for liquids and dry things.

**Mojonar**, v. a. to set land-  
 marks.

**Mojonéra**, s. f. the place where  
 the land-mark stands.

**Mojonéro**, s. m. a sort of an  
 exciseman or custom-house  
 officer.

**Móla**, s. f. a fleshy, and some-  
 times a spongy substance,  
 without bones or bowels; of-  
 ten black like concrete blood,  
 and sometimes hard, natural-  
 ly brought into the world in-  
 stead of a *fetus*.

**Moláda**, s. f. the quantity of  
 colours ground at one time.

**Molomatrix**, s. f. vide *Mola*.

**Molár**, adj. of, or belonging to a  
 mill-stone.

**Moldár**, { v. a. to cast in a  
**Moldeár**, { mould.

**Mólde**, s. m. a mould to cast  
 any figure in.—*Libro de mólde*,  
 a printed book.—*Venir de mól-*  
*de*, to fit as if it had been cast  
 in a mould.

**Moldeár**, v. a. vide *Moldar*.

**Moldúras**, s. f. pl. joiners or  
 masons work.

**Móle**, s. f. a mass, a lump, a  
 confused heap.

**Móle**, adj. soft, smooth.

**Molebúto**, s. f. the fish called a  
 lump.

**Moledór**, s. m. a grinder; a  
 troublesome person.

**Moledúra**, s. f. a grinding.

**Molendéro**, s. m. a grinder; the  
 man who makes chocolate or  
 grinds the cocoa.

**Molér**, v. a. to grind; also to  
 chew.—*Molér*, to molest, to  
 trouble with long speeches.—  
*Molér en almiréz*, to pound in  
 a mortar.—*Molér a úno*, to  
 beat a man till his bones are  
 bruised, to tire and plague a  
 man with impertinence.

**Molestador**, s. m. a troublesome  
 person.

**Molestaménte**, adv. trouble-  
 somely.

**Molestár**, v. a. to molest, to  
 trouble.

**Molestía**, s. f. trouble, disquiet,  
 pain, grief.

**Molésto**, adj. troublesome.

**Moléta**, s. f. a stone to grind  
 colours on.

**Molicie**, s. f. softness; effemi-  
 nacy.

**Moliénda**, s. f. grist, any thing  
 to be ground.—*Moliente y cor-*  
*riente*, said of a mill that is in  
 good case to grind, the water  
 running, the sails going; in  
 good order, and no way defect-  
 ive.

**Molificar**, v. a. to mollify, to  
 soften.

**Moliniento**, s. m. grinding,  
 pounding; weariness.

**Molinéjo**, s. m. a little mill.

**Molinéra**, s. f. a miller's wife.

**Molinéro**, s. m. a miller.

**Molinéte**, s. m. the capstan of  
 a ship, which serves principal-  
 ly to hoist anchor.—*Molinéte*,  
 s. m. a little mill, a coffee-  
 mill, &c.

**Molinillo**, s. m. a little mill, a  
 chocolate-mill.

**Molino**, s. m. a mill.—*Molino*,  
 (in cant) torment.—*Molino*  
*de viento*, a wind mill.—*Molino*  
*de sangre*, the mill moved by  
 men or beasts.

**Mólla**, s. f. the crumb of bread.

**Mollár**, adj. soft tender; easy  
 to be deceived.

**Molleár**, v. a. y. n. to grow  
 soft, to desist, to give over.

**Mollédo**, s. m. the crumb or  
 soft part of the bread; also any  
 brawny fleshy part.—*Mollédo*  
*del brazo*, the brawn of the  
 arm.

**Molléja**, s. f. the sweet-bread  
 of a beast; also the gizzard of  
 a fowl.

**Mollejón**, s. m. augm. of *molléja*,  
 a fat lazy fellow.

**Mollejuéla**, s. f. a little kernel  
 in the flesh.

**Mollentár**, v. a. to soften.

**Molléra**, s. f. the mould of the  
 head, the part between the  
 forehead, temples, and crown.  
 —*Poner sal en la molléra*, to  
 correct any one's folly or sim-  
 plicity, as to bring him to a  
 sense of his duty.—*Ser duro de*  
*molléra*, to be strong-headed,  
 obstinate, stubborn.—*Tener*  
*yá dura la molléra*, to be too  
 old to be taught.

**Mollerón**, s. m. (in cant) a  
 head-piece.

**Mollétas**, s. f. pl. a pair of  
 snuffers, nippers used to snuff  
 lamps.

**Molléte**, s. m. manchet, fine  
 small white bread; fat cheeks.

**Molléza**, s. f. softness; effemi-  
 nacy.

**Mollicio**, adj. soft, tender.

**Mollina**, s. m. a mizzle, a soft  
 shower of rain.

**Molliznár**, { v. n. to rain softly  
**Mollizneár**, { and small.

**Molóndro**, { s. m. a dull hea-  
**Molóndrón**, { vy fellow, good  
 for nothing.

**Molósso**, s. m. a foot in Latín  
 poetry consisting of three long  
 syllables.

Moltúra, s. f. vide Maquila.

Momarráche, s. m. he who is disguised in a ridiculous or hideous habit, goes about joking upon every body, and telling them their faults. See Moharracho.

Momentaneamente, adv. every moment.

Momentáneo, adj. momentary, that lasts but a moment.

Momento, s. m. moment, instant of time; also consequence, importance, weight, value. — *Momento*, force, impulsive weight,

Momeria, s. f. mumming, in masquerade; also mummery, entertainment in which maskers play frolics.

Mómio, adj. as, *carne mómia*, mummy, human flesh dried up; thence taken for any lump of lean flesh.

Mómo, s. m. an antick, a ridiculous gesticulation, a comical trick. — *Hucirse momo*, to hold all stakes. — *Ser momo*, to act as if one was above all.

Monperáda, adj. fine, shining, well calendered; said of a particular sort of linen.

Móna, s. f. a she monkey. — *Móna triste*, or *móna alegre*, a merry, or a sad monkey; so they call a man that is merry or sad when in drink, because some monkeys are so upon like occasions. Prov. *Aunque la móna se vista de seda, móna se queda*, though a monkey put on silk clothes, she is still a monkey. A hog in armour is still but a hog.

Monáchal, adj. belonging to a monk.

Monachato, s. m. the institution of monks.

Monachismo, s. m. the profession or order of a monk; monachism, the state of monks, the monastick life.

Monachordio, s. m. a musical instrument that has but one string.

Monacillo, s. m. an acolyte, a boy kept to serve at the altar; a boy bred by monks, a little monk.

Monáda, s. f. a foolish gesture, a ridiculous action.

Monágo, s. m. a monk.

Monaguillo, s. m. diminutive of monágo; the same as monacillo.

Monarca, s. m. a monarch.

Monarquía, s. f. a monarchy.

Monárquico, adj. belonging to a monarch or monarchy.

Monasterio, s. m. a monastery, a house of religious people, whether men or women.

Monástico, adj. monastick belonging to monks or to a monastery.

Mónda, s. f. the bits of twigs that are cut off in pruning.

Mondadientes, s. m. a tooth-picker.

Mondaduras, s. f. pl. pickings, parings, cleanings.

Mondarejas, s. f. an ear-picker.

Mondár, v. a. to pick, to cull, to pare, to cleanse.

Mondéja, s. m. a sort of forced-meat made of the paunch of a hog or sheep.

Móndo, adj. clean, peeled, pared, naked, bare.

Mondonga, s. f. a name given to the servants of the queen's ladies.

Mondongo, s. m. hogs puddings.

Mondongonizar, v. a. to make hogs puddings.

Mondonguero, s. m. a man that makes or sells hogs puddings.

Mondonguil, adj. of, or belonging to hogs puddings.

Monéda, s. f. money, coin of any sort. — *Monéda foréda*, a duty, or tax paid every seven years as an acknowledgement of the king's regal authority. — *Monéda de bellón*, brass money, small change. — *Monéda negra*, a base sort of coin they had formerly with much mixture of brass among the silver. — *Monéda blanca*, silver coin. — *Monéda corriente*, current coin. — *Monéda falsa*, false money.

Monedár, } v. a. to coin or

Monedear, } mint money.

Monedero, s. m. a coiner of money.

Monería, s. f. a monkey trick.

Monésco, adj. of, or belonging, or like to a monkey.

Monetario, s. m. a place where all the ancient coins are kept.

Monfies, s. m. pl. robbers on the hills or mountains.

Mónge, s. m. a monk.

Mongia, s. f. a monastery.

Mongil, s. m. a sort of mourning-weed for a woman; also the habit of any nun. — *Mon-*

*gil*, s. m. the estate or condition of a nun. — *Mongilatabaxa*,

a woman's long gown or garment all of a piece.

Mongio, s. m. the state and condition of nuns.

Mónja, s. f. a nun.

Monición, s. f. advice; ban or publication of matrimony.

Mónje, s. m. vide Monje.

Monigote, s. m. a name given to the lay friars by the common people.

Monillo, s. m. a little monkey. — *Monillo*, a kind of woman's doublet without sleeves or lap-pets.

Monipodio, s. m. conspiracy, plot.

Monipolio, s. m. monopoly, the ingrossing of a commodity to sell out as one pleases.

Monís, s. f. a kind of paste made of eggs and sugar as the biscuits are done; also any nice little thing.

Monito, s. m. a little paste.

Monitor, s. m. a monitor who admonishes.

Monitoria, s. f. a letter of admonition.

Monitorio, adj. advising, calling.

Móno, s. m. an he-ape. — *Méno*, adj. polite, refined, delicate.

Monocórte, s. m. a beast like a horse of a red colour; some take it for an unicorn.

Monóculo, adj. that has but one eye.

Monomáchia, s. f. a single combat.

Monopastos, s. f. a pulley with one wheel in it.

Monopolio, s. m. monopolizing; also an agreement among merchants for selling any commodity at a high rate.

Monostróphe, s. f. a song containing but one stanza.

Monosylábo, adj. monosyllable, having only one syllable.

Monseñor, s. m. a title of honour given to prelates, as cardinals, bishops, nuncios, in Italy and France.

Monsieur, s. m. sir.

Monstrúo, s. m. a monster.

Monstruosamente, adv. monstrously.

Monstruosidad, s. f. monstrousness.

Monstruoso, adj. monstrous.

Mónta, s. f. amount in reckoning. — *Mónta*, the intrinsic value of any thing.



Montadéro, } s. m. the person  
Montador, } who mounts a  
horse. — *Montador*, s. m. a  
horse-block.

Montadúra, s. f. the necessary  
preparation for the cavalry.

Montáges, s. m. pl. gun car-  
riages.

Montaña s. f. a mountain. —  
*Montaña, de pínos*, (in cant) a  
bawdy-house.

Montanera, s. f. a small acorn,  
such as hogs feed on.

Montañero, } s. m. a mountain-  
Montañes, } eer; a man or  
any other thing of the moun-  
tain; an highlander. — *Mon-  
tañes*, adj. mountainous, wild.

—Prov. *El montañes por defen-  
der, una necesidad dice tres*, the  
mountaineer to defend one  
foolish saying says three more.

Montañeta, s. f. a little moun-  
tain.

Montaño, adj. hilly, mountain-  
ous, full of mountains.

Montañoso, adj. mountainous,  
hilly.

Montantada, s. f. boast, brag;  
also a multitude.

Montante, s. m. a two-handed  
sword.

Montatear, v. n. to govern or  
manage the two-handed sword;  
also to play the bully, to  
boast.

Montatéro, s. m. the person  
armed with the two-handed  
sword.

Montañuela, s. f. a hill, a lit-  
tle mountain.

Montar, v. a. to amount in  
reckoning; also to mount an  
horse. — *Montar la punta*, to  
weather the cape; a sea term.  
— *Montar la guardia*, or *la trin-  
chera*, to mount the guard or  
the trenches, a military term.  
—Prov. *Tanto monta cortar,  
como desatir*, cutting is as good  
as untying.

Montaráz, adj. mountaineer,  
that lives on the mountains;  
that belongs to the mountains,  
wild.

Montás, adv. (low) indeed.

Montazgar, v. n. to pay the  
duty to the king for the pass-  
ing of the flocks of cattle from  
one place to another.

Montágo, s. m. a duty paid to  
the king for the passing of the  
flocks of cattle.

Mónte, s. m. a hill, a moun-  
tain, a wood. — *Hombre de mon-  
te y ribera*, a man fit for any

thing. — *Andar de monte*, to  
live like an out-law abscond-  
ing on the mountains. Prov.  
*De monte malo, si quiera un pala-*

of an ill wood, take, though it  
be but one stick; that is, get  
what you can though ever so  
little, of an ill man or a miser.

— *Monte de piedad*, so they call  
a charitable institution, where  
they lend money to those that  
are in want, without any inter-  
est, only leaving a pawn to the  
value.

Montea, s. f. the draught or  
sketch an architect makes on  
paper of the structure he is to  
build; the cutting of stones in  
order to make an arch.

Montear, v. a. to hunt wild  
beasts on the mountains; to  
make a draught or sketch of  
any structure.

Montecillo, s. m. a little moun-  
tain.

Montera, s. f. a cap, such as  
hunters or countrymen wear.

Monterero, s. m. one who makes  
the hunters oaps.

Monterey, s. m. a kind of pie so  
called.

Monteria, s. f. hunting of noble  
game, as wild boars, stags, &c.

Montero, s. m. a huntsman. —  
*Monteros de Espinosa*, a par-  
ticular guard the king of Spain

has, all of one family, or ra-  
ther family of gentlemen, who  
have the honour to be about  
his person, and to lie in the  
next room to him, on account  
that one of their predecessors,  
who was the king's huntsman,  
and born in the town of Espi-  
nosa, saved the king's life.

Móntes, adj. living in the moun-  
tains. — *Gato móntes*, a wild  
cat.

Montesa, adj. fem. the appel-  
lative of a certain order of  
knights.

Montesino, adj. of, or belong-  
ing to the mountain.

Mónto, s. m. vide Mónica.

Montón, s. m. a heap, a pile.  
— *Montón de leña*, a wood-pile.

— *Montón de heno*, a stack of  
hay. — Prov. *Que montón de trigo,  
si no estuviese comido*! what

a heap of corn, if it were not  
eaten! When a man looks  
back upon what he might have  
had, if he had not wasted it.

Montoncillo, s. m. a little heap.

Montuoso, adj. hilly, mountain-  
ous.

Montura, s. f. the allotting or  
chusing such horses or mules  
as are to go post.

Monumento, s. m. a monu-  
ment, a tomb; particularly  
used for the sepulchre set up  
in churches on Maunday-  
Thursday, in memory of our  
Saviour's sepulchre.

Monzón, s. m. a sea term, the  
trade-winds, which at one sea-  
son of the year blow constant-  
ly one way.

Móna, s. f. the articial figure  
of a woman representing the  
fashions; sadness, anger, dis-  
pleasure; (vulg.) drunkenness.

Móno, s. m. the knot that binds  
up the hair of a woman; also  
the crest of any bird. — *Móno*,  
an ornament of false hair  
women wore formerly on their  
heads, sticking out on both  
sides the face; whence *pata de  
móno*, one of those sticking  
out wings of it.

Moñudo, adj. that has the *moña*.

Moquear, v. n. to blow the  
nose.

Moquero, s. m. the handker-  
chief with which the nose is  
wiped.

Moquète, s. m. a blow with the  
fist upon the nose.

Moquetear, v. a. to blow the  
nose. — *Moquetear*, to strike  
in the face with the fist.

Moquetero, adj. snotty.

Moquillo, s. m. diminutive of  
*moco*; also the pip in poultry.

Moquita, s. f. the drop that  
hangs at the nose in winter.

Moquita, s. m. a little snot.

Móra, s. f. a mulberry; also  
delay. — *Móra*, the herb night-  
shade, or death's herb.

Morabito, s. m. a Moorish ere-  
mite or anchorite, or religious  
man.

Morácho, adj. blush, violet-co-  
loured.

Morada, s. f. a dwelling-place.

Moradilla, s. f. a little dwelling-  
place.

Morado, adj. purple.

Morador, s. m. a dweller, an  
inhabitant.

Morál, s. m. a mulberry-tree.

Morál, adj. moral.

Moraleja, s. f. a moral doc-  
trine, or instruction, taken from  
a fable.

Moralidad, s. f. morality.

Moralista, s. m. a professor of  
morality.

Moralizar, v. n. to moralize.

**Moralmente**, adv. morally.  
**Moranza**, s. f. (obs.) vide *Morada*.  
**Morar**, v. n. to dwell, to inhabit.  
**Moratoria**, s. f. a protracting, prolonging, or delaying of sentence by the king, &c.  
**Morbidez**, s. f. softness.  
**Mórbido**, adj. weak, infirm, sickly.  
**Mórbo**, s. m. disease, sickness.—*Mórbo caduco*, the falling-sickness.—*Mórbo Gallico*, the pox, the French disease.  
**Morboso**, adj. sick, infirm.  
**Morcélla**, s. f. a spark of fire from the candle.  
**Morcilla**, s. f. a hog's pudding.  
**Morcillero**, s. m. a man that makes or sells black puddings.  
**Morcillo**, s. m. the brawny part of a man's arm or leg.—*Morcillo caballo*, a black horse.  
**Morcón**, s. m. a great pudding made of the large gut that is close at one end; any misshapen great lump, or a great fat unwieldy fellow.  
**Mordacidad**, s. f. mordacity, biting language.  
**Mordante**, s. m. a tool used in printing.  
**Mordáz**, adj. corrosive, acrimonious; rough to the palate; mordacious biting in words, satirical.  
**Mordáza**, s. f. a gag for the mouth.  
**Mordazmente**, adv. railingly, sharply.  
**Moredór**, s. m. a biter.  
**Moredura**, s. f. the bite of a dog or other creature.  
**Morder**, v. a. to bite.—*Morderse la lengua*, f. (metaph.) to bite one's own tongue.—*Hacer a uno morder en el ojo*, to make a man bite the garlick; to fret, vex, or perplex one.  
**Mordicación**, s. f. the pricking or pain arising from a bite.  
**Mordicar**, v. a. to bite, to nibble.  
**Mordientes**, s. f. pl. (in cant.) scissors.  
**Mordihuf**, s. m. a small insect so called.  
**Mordimiento**, s. m. a bite of a dog or any other creature.  
**Mordiscar**, v. a. to nibble as fish do at a bait.  
**Mordisco**, s. m. a biting or nibbling of a bait, as fish do.  
**Mordiscoén**, s. m. the same.

**Moréi**, adj. a dark brown colour.  
**Moréna**, s. f. a brown loaf.—*Moreno*, in *Don Quixote* I think it means a sword that Moors are killed with.  
**Morenillo**, } adj. of a brown  
**Morenito**, } colour.  
**Moréno**, adj. brown, of a dark colour.  
**Moréra**, s. f. a mulberry tree.  
**Morería**, s. f. the Moors quarter, where formerly the Moors lived.  
**Morfex**, s. m. cornorant (water-fowl).  
**Morbundo**, adj. ready to die.  
**Morigeración**, s. f. moderation in living.  
**Morigerar**, v. a. to give good breeding, to make submissive to humour.  
**Morillo**, s. m. a little Moor; also an iron for a chimney.  
**Morir**, v. n. to die.  
**Morisco**, s. m. a man descended from Moors, or converted from them.  
**Morisma**, s. f. a multitude of Moors; the Moorish religion.  
**Moresqueta**, s. a fraud, a trick, a deceit.  
**Moráco**, adj. that affects folly and ignorance.  
**Morlés**, s. m. a sort of linen so called.  
**Morlón**, adj. vide *Morlaco*.  
**Mormullo**, s. m. a murmuring noise, the noise of many people talking, or of water running.  
**Mormurar**, v. n. vide *Murmurar*.  
**Moro**, s. m. a Moor, a native of Africa.—*Moro*, adj. that has no water in it; said of wine.  
**Morocáda**, s. f. a blow given by the sheep with the head.  
**Morón**, s. m. a little illock.  
**Morondanga**, s. f. an heap of rubbish or useless things.  
**Morondo**, adj. bald or bare, as a man without hair, and a tree without leaves.  
**Moronia**, s. f. vide *Alboronia*.  
**Morsamente**, adv. slowly, heavily.  
**Morosidad**, s. f. moroseness; also slowness.  
**Moroso**, adj. slow, heavy, dull; also morose, or ill-natured.  
**Morquéra**, s. f. the herb thyme.  
**Morra**, s. f. the upper part of the head.—*Morra*, s. f. a game made with the fingers,

what the Romans called *micare digitis*.  
**Morráda**, s. f. a blow on the head.  
**Morrál**, s. m. a little sack or bag tied to the horse's head, out of which he eats his corn; also a muzzel.  
**Morralla**, s. f. a heap of rubbish.  
**Morrillo**, s. m. a round small stone, or any little round thing.  
**Morriña**, s. f. mortality among cattle; also melancholy.  
**Morrión**, s. m. a head-piece, or morrion.  
**Mórro**, s. m. a round body; a blubber lip; adj. that mews or purrs like a cat.—*Jugar al mórro con alguno*, f. (metaph.) to deceive.—*Mórro*, s. m. a great rock in the sea; also the poll of the head.—*Baxar el mórro*, to bow down one's head; (metaph.) to submit, or to consider.  
**Morrón**, s. m. a great rock.  
**Morróncho**, adj. tame, tractable.  
**Morrúdo**, adj. that has a snout.  
**Mortaja**, s. f. a shroud for a dead body.—*Prov. A los muertos la mortaja, a los vivos la hogaza*, the shroud for the dead, and the loaf for the living.  
**Mortal**, adj. subject to death; mortal, deadly, at death's door.  
**Mortalidad**, s. f. mortality, being subject to death.  
**Mortalmente**, adv. deadly, mortally.  
**Mortandad**, s. f. a great slaughter in battle or destruction of people by sickness; also a plague.  
**Mortecino**, adj. that dies of itself.—*Hacer el mortecino*, f. to dissemble, to feign to be dead.  
**Morteráda**, s. f. a sauce so called.  
**Mortérte**, s. m. a very small sort of cannon.  
**Mortero**, s. m. a stone mortar to pound any thing in; a mortar used in war to cast bombs.  
**Morterueto**, s. m. a small sort of instrument like a mortar, with a hand or pestle, which boys use to play upon to make a noise.—*Morterueto* a hog's liver dissolved with hog's lard, salt, pepper, cloves, and coriander-seed; then baked till it consolidates.  
**Morticino**, s. m. carrion, a dead carcass.



**Mortífero**, adj. deadly, mortal, that causes death.

**Mortificación**, s. f. mortification; also the act of subduing the body by hardships and maceration; any vexation or trouble.

**Mortificar**, v. a. to mortify.

**Mortuorio**, s. m. a burial, a funeral.

**Moruéco**, s. m. a ram that serves the whole flock.

**Morula**, s. f. dimin. of *mora*, a little delay.

**Morula**, s. f. money. Burlesque.

**Mosáico**, adj. Mosaic. — *Mosico*, belonging to Moses.

**Mosca**, s. f. a fly. — *Mosca de burro* a stupid lumpish person.

— *Estár con mosca*, to be in trouble and pain. — *Mosca en leche*, a fly in the milk; so they call a brown complexioned woman in a white dress. —

*Mosca muerta*, an humble cunning fellow. — *Moscas blancas*, snow. — *Andár como moscas a la miel*, to flock like flies about honey; that is, to attend or be diligent for one's profit.

**Moscada**, s. f. a nutmeg.

**Moscarda**, s. f. a horse-fly, a wasp.

**Moscardon**, s. m. augment of *moscarda*.

**Moscaréta**, s. f. a small bird who lives upon flies.

**Moscatel**, adj. muscadine; as, *vino moscatel*, muscadine wine; *was moscateles*, muscadine grapes.

**Moscélla**, s. f. a spark of fire; (a word little used.)

**Moschino**, } adj. of, or belong-  
**Moschil**, } ing to a fly.

**Moscón**, s. m. a great fly.

**Mosqueador**, s. m. a flap to kill flies.

**Mosquear**, v. n. to drive away flies with fly-flap. — *Mosquear las espaldas*, f. (metaph.) to whip or flog any one. — *Mosquearse* v. r. to drive away one's embarrassments, to keep others from giving us trouble.

**Mosquero**, s. m. a driving away of flies; also a whipping by the minister of justice.

**Mosquero**, s. m. a bough or any thing hanged for the flies to settle on.

**Mosqueruela**, s. f. a kind of sweet scented pear.

**Mosqueta**, s. m. a musk-flower, a rose. — *Maquetadi chellina*, a musk gilliflower.

**Mosquetazo**, s. m. a musquet-shot.

**Mosquete**, s. m. a musquet, a match-lock.

**Mosquetería**, s. f. the body of musqueteers.

**Musqueteril**, adj. belonging to the musqueteers.

**Mosquetero**, s. m. a musqueteer. — *Mosquetero*, he who stands in the pit for the want of a seat.

**Moquitéro**, s. m. a covering for a bed made of some thin stuff to keep off the gnats.

**Mosquito**, s. m. a gnat.

**Mosta**, s. f. vide *Almosta*.

**Mostacho**, s. m. whisker, the beard grown long on the upper lip.

**Mostachón**, s. m. a sort of diet-bread.

**Mostachoso**, adj. adorned with mustachoes or whiskers.

**Mostájo**, s. m. a little tree like a laurel.

**Mostáza**, s. f. mustard; also a very small kind of shot. — *Hacer la mostáza*, among boys, to fight till the blood runs out of the nose. — *Subirse la mostáza a las narices*, to fall in a great fury.

**Mostázo**, s. m. the mustard-seed plant.

**Mostear**, v. n. to distil, to make new wine.

**Mostela**, s. f. a bundle of vine-twigs.

**Mostelera**, s. f. the place where the bundles of vine-twigs are put.

**Mostillo**, s. m. a sort of cake made with must and spice.

**Mosto**, s. m. must, new wine. — *Mosto torcido*, new wine from the press, when hard squeezed. — *Mosto de tintin*, wine that runs from the grapes with light pressing.

**Mostrable**, adj. that may be shewn.

**Mostrador**, s. m. a counter of a shop; the hand of a clock; one that shows.

**Mostranza**, s. f. vide *Muestra*.

**Mostrar**, v. a. to show. — *Mostrarse*, v. r. to show one's self.

**Mostréno**, s. m. a stray, any beast that is strayed, which if no owner appears in a year after crying, falls to the king or the lord of the manor; they give this name to a man that has no certain place of abode. It is also a misshapen man, beast, or other thing.

**Mota**, s. f. a mote, a little tuft, such as they pick out of cloth.

**Motacila**, s. f. the bird called a water-wagtail.

**Motár**, v. a. (in cant) to steal.

**Motazén**, s. m. the clerk of the market, who is to see that none but good provisions be sold; also an officer to see that the streets be kept clean.

**Môte**, s. m. a motto; also reflection.

**Moteár**, v. a. to spot with various colours.

**Motejador**, s. m. one that jeers, scoffs, or reflects upon another.

**Motjár**, v. a. to jeer, scoff, to reflect upon.

**Motéte**, s. m. a motet, a song made for the church upon some hymn or anthem.

**Motilár**, v. a. to shear, to poll, to crop the hair.

**Motilón**, s. m. a lay-brother of a religious order.

**Motin**, s. m. mutiny, uproar, insurrection.

**Motivar**, v. a. to give occasion, or to be a motive of doing any thing.

**Motivo**, s. m. motive, end, design.

**Motolita**, s. f. vide *Aguzanieve*.

**Motolito**, adj. easy to be deceived or beguiled.

**Motónes**, s. m. pl. the pulleys in a ship, in which all the ropes do run.

**Motór**, s. m. a mover.

**Motril**, s. m. vide *Mochil*.

**Motriz**, s. f. who moves.

**Motuproprio**, s. m. of his own will, by his own motion.

**Movedizo**, adj. moveable, unstable, also untimely born.

**Movedór**, s. m. a mover.

**Movedúra**, s. f. a miscarriage, or bringing forth before time; also a moving.

**Mover**, v. r. to move, to stir; also to m-scarry.

**Movable**, adj. moveable, that may be moved. — *Firstas movibles*, the moveable feasts, that do not fall every year upon the same day of the month.

**Movimiento**, s. m. motion.

**Moyana**, s. f. a small sort of culverin, or ordnance.

**Moyana**, s. f. and fam. a lie; also bread made of bran or meal for dogs.

**Moyo**, s. m. (obs.) a bushel.

**Moyuelo**, s. m. a miffing sort of bread betwixt the best and the worst.

Móza, s. f. a tool used by washer-women to beat linen in washing.

Móza, s. f. a young woman.

Mozalbête, } s. m. a young

Mozalbillo, } man; an old

man who affects to be young.

Mozallón, s. m. a robust, strong, young man.

Mozarábes, s. m. pl. Christians that lived among the Moors

after Spain was conquered.—*Oficio y misa mozarábe*, office and mass celebrated in a particular manner.

Mozcórra, s. f. a whore.

Mozándo, adj. (in blazonry) applied to the lion that has neither teeth, tongue, nor claws.

Móxo, adj. young; substantively used, servant, boy, bachelor.—*Mozo bueno, mozo malo*, quinze dias despues de un año, ref. you cannot know your servants until they have served you one year and fifteen days.

—*Al cabo de un año, tiene el mozo, las mañas del amo*, ref. at the end of one year the servant has the tricks of his master; the same as, tell me your company, and I will tell you what you are.—*Móxo*, s. m. (in cant.) a hook.

Mozón, s. m. augm. a robust young man.

Mozuelo, adj. quite young.

Mu, s. f. an expression used to quiet children; also the lowing of an ox or cow.

Mucéta, s. f. a rocket.

Muchácha, s. f. a girl.

Muchacháda, s. f. childhood.

Muchacheár, v. n. to act in a childish or boyish manner.

Muchachería, s. f. boyishness.

Muchachéz, s. f. childhood.

Muchácho, s. m. a boy.

Muchelúmbre, s. f. a multitude, a great number.

Múcho, adj. much.

Mucilago, s. m. a kind of viscid liquor made by apothecaries.

Múda, s. f. the moulting of birds.—*Múda*, s. f. an ointment used to beautify women's faces.—*Múda*, s. f. the action of moving or changing.

Mudáble, adj. mutable, changeable.

Mudablemente, adv. changeably.

Mudado, adj. removed from one house to another.

Mudamente, adv. silently, secretly.

Mudamiénto, s. m. change, removal from one house to another.

Mudanza, s. f. change; a particular step or motion in dancing.

Mudar, v. a. to change.—*Mudar el semblante, ó color*, f. fam. to change one's circumstances.

—*Mudarse*, v. r. to remove house.

Mudéz, s. f. dumbness.

Múdo, adj. dumb.

Múe, s. m. vide Muer.

Mueble, adj. moveables.—*Muebles*, s. m. pl. goods, moveables.—Prov. *Al mueble sin raíces presto se le quiebra la cerviz*, a moveable without a root soon breaks its neck; that is, money or goods, without an estate real, or some way to improve them, are not lasting.

Múeca, s. f. a scoff.

Muéla, s. f. a mill-stone, a grind-stone.—*Muéla*, one of the teeth called the grinders.

—*Muéla cordal*, an eye-tooth.

—*Muéla de mano*, a hand mill.

—*Muéla de galla*, cocks grinders. So they call a man that has no teeth.—Prov. *A quien dueña la muéla, que la óche fuéra*, let him that has the tooth-ach pull it out; that is, let every man bear the inconveniences which are for his own advantage.—Prov. *Entre dos muélas muléres, nunca metas tus pulgares*, never put your thumbs betwixt two grinders.—Prov. *Pedir muélas al gallo*, to ask the cock for teeth.

Muelle, adj. soft.—*Muelle*, s. m. a mole built in the sea to make a harbour, or defend it from being choked up by the sand, or to secure it from any particular wind.—*Muelle*, s. m. is also that little iron in a lock which falls upon the bolt and holds it fast, either shut or open, but rises when the key turns to let the bolt slip forwards or backwards; it is called the ketch of the spring.

Muellemente, adv. softly.

Múer, s. f. a kind of silken stuff so called.

Muerdago, s. m. a green shrub called misletoe.

Muérmo, s. m. a cold in any beast, which makes them breathe hard and snort; the snuffling and snorting of a dog.

Muerméso, adj. troubled with a cold, snuffling or snorting.

Muerte, s. f. death; murder.—Prov. *A la muerte no hay cosa fuerte*, nothing is strong against death; no remedy against death.—Prov. *Quién da lo que tiene antes de la muerte, mercede que le den con un mazo en frente*, he who gives away what he has before his death, deserves to be knocked on the head with a mallet.—Prov. *Mas vale dexar en la muerte a enemigo, que pedir en la vida a amigo*, it is better at one's death to leave an enemy, than in one's life to ask of a friend.—*Hasta la muerte*, mod. adv. till death.

Muerto, p. p. of morir.—*Muerto*, s. m. a dead man.—*Quedarse muerto*, f. (metaph. and fam.) to be surprised.

Muésca, s. f. a notch, a dent.

Múeso, s. m. the bit that is put into the horse's mouth.—*Múeso*, s. m. vulgar. What is our own.

Muestra, s. f. show, muster of soldiers; pattern; a rough draught, the dial-plate of a watch.—*Perro de muestra*, blood hound; a sitting-dog.

Músla, s. f. a concave thing like half a bowl, which serves to cover the refiner's furnace, having a hollow tunnel or neck to it, through which the crucibles are put down into the furnace to assay silver or gold.

Mufir, v. a. (in cant.) to eat.

Múga, s. f. (the same as Mochon) a boundary, a limit.

Múger, s. f. a woman, a wife.—*A la muger casada el marido le basta*, ref. a good wife ought to be satisfied with her husband.—*A la muger mala, poco le aprovecha guardia*, ref. any guard or caution is useless to a bad wife.—*Dexa á tu muger que mande en casa, pero no la dexes que te mande á ti*, ref. let your wife command at home, but do not let her command you.—*Múger de su casa*, a housewife.—*Múger de gusto*, a lady of pleasure.—*Múger de panto*, a woman that stands upon her honour.

Mugercilla, s. f. a little woman; commonly used in an ill sense for an ill woman.

Mugeriégas, adv. as Cabelgóna



*mugerías*, to ride sideways like a woman.  
*Mugerío*, adj. womanish, belonging to a woman; always among women; substantively used, the women of a place.  
*Mugeril*, adj. womanish, belonging to a woman.—*Hombre mugeril*, an effeminate man.  
*Mugerilmente*, adv. womanishly.  
*Mugido*, s. m. the lowing of an ox, cow, &c.  
*Mugil*, s. m. a fish called a mullet.  
*Mugir*, v. n. to low like a cow.  
*Múgre*, s. f. greasiness, nastiness.  
*Mugriento*, adj. greasy, nasty.  
*Mugrón*, s. m. a shoot or sprout of a vine.  
*Muharra*, s. f. the point of any thing and in particular the extremity or point of the standard which the ensign bears.  
*Muir*, v. a. vide *Ordenar*.  
*Múla*, s. f. a she-mule; also a sort of country shoes with thick soles.—*Múla de madera*, a wooden carriage for a gun, or the like.  
*Muladar*, s. m. a dunghill.—Prov. *Oyó cantar, y no sabe en que muladar*, he heard crowing, and knows not on whose dunghill. Said to men that have a confused notion of things, heard something, but know not where, or from whom.  
*Mulár*, adj. belonging to a mule.  
*Mulára*, s. f. the daughter of a black and a white.  
*Mulatero*, s. m. a mulateer.  
*Muláto*, s. m. a mulatto, the son of a black and a white.  
*Muléro*, s. m. the servant who takes care of the mules.  
*Muléta*, s. f. a crutch for a lame person; also a little mule; also a support to any thing.—*Tener mulétas*, to be old.  
*Muletáda*, s. f. a herd of mules.  
*Muléto*, s. m. a little he-mule, a mule-colt.—*Cerrado como muléto*, so they call a miser; also a very silent person.  
*Mulilla*, s. f. a little mule.—*Mulilla*, s. f. a sort of shoes with thick soles and of a red colour.  
*Múlla*, s. f. a digging or turning up the vineyards.  
*Mullidór*, s. m. the person who turns up the vineyards.  
*Mullir*, v. a. to make soft.—*Mullir la tierra*, to up the

earth that it may lie light and soft.—*Mullir la cama*, to beat a bed to make it soft.  
*Múlo*, s. m. a mule.—Prov. *Mulo cogo, e hijo, bobo lo sifre todo*, a lame mule, and a foolish son endure any thing; they are not so vicious and unlucky as those that are not so.  
*Múta*, s. f. a mulet, a fine.  
*Múltar*, v. a. to fine, to amerce.  
*Multifórme*, adj. that has many shapes or forms.  
*Multilátero*, adj. that has many sides.  
*Multiplicable*, adj. that can be multiplied.  
*Multiplicación*, s. f. multiplication.  
*Multiplicadór*, s. m. who multiplies.  
*Multiplicár*, v. a. to multiply.  
*Multiplice*, adj. manifold.  
*Multiplicidad*, s. f. multiplicity.  
*Multiplico*, s. m. the effects of multiplying.  
*Multidád*, s. f. multitude.  
*Mundanál*, adj. of, or belonging to the world.  
*Mundáno*, } adj. worldly.  
*Mundiál*, }  
*Mundificar*, v. a. to cleanse.  
*Mundificativo*, adj. cleansing, absterging.  
*Mundillo*, s. m. a kind of wagon used to warm a bed.  
*Mundinóvi*, } s. m. a box  
*Mundinuévo*, } carried about by Savoyards with a shew of many representations in it.  
*Múndo*, s. m. the world.—*Un mundo de gente*, a world of people, a great number.—*Echarse al mundo*, to appear in the world, to make a figure in it, to be very fine.—*Dejar el mundo*, to leave the world, to betake one's self to a religious life.—*Echar del mundo*, to persecute a man so that he cannot live in the world.—*Nuevo Mundo*, the New World, commonly meant of America.  
*Prov. Tras este mundo vendrá otro*, after this world, another will come; that is, the times will change.—Prov. *Este mundo es gólo redondo y quien no sabe nadar váse a lo hondo*, this world is a round sea or gulph, and he that cannot swim, goes to the bottom; that is, the world is difficult to live in, and if a man has not skill or art, he sinks or is lost.

*Munición*, s. f. ammunition.—*Municiones de boca*, all sorts of victuals.—*Atenciones de guerra*, all sorts of arms offensive and defensive.—*Munición*, the charge of a gun.—*De nanicion*, adv. hastily.  
*Municionár*, v. a. to provide, to stock with ammunition.  
*Municipál*, adj. municipal, concerning the freedoms, franchises, or liberties.  
*Munícipe*, s. m. one of the towns whose inhabitants are free, and has a right to the privileges and officers here.  
*Municipio*, s. m. any city or town corporate, that has some privileges and liberties.  
*Munificencia*, s. f. munificence, generosity.  
*Munífico*, adj. liberal, generous, munificent.  
*Munitória*, s. f. the art of fortifying a place.  
*Muñeca*, s. f. a doll for children to play with.—*Muñeca de la mano*, the hand-wrist.—*Menear las muñecas*, to be hard at work.  
*Muñeco*, s. m. a little figure with a man's shape; also a beau, a sparkish man, or a short bodied man.  
*Muñequear*, v. n. to play the wrist, as in fencing.  
*Muñequero*, s. m. one that makes or sells dolls.  
*Muñequera*, s. f. any ornament put on the wrist.  
*Muñequería*, s. f. a studied affectation in dress.  
*Musidór*, s. m. the beadle of a company.  
*Muñir*, v. a. to warn an assembly.  
*Muñiones*, s. m. pl. the brawny part of a man's arm next to the wrist; also the trunnions of a gun.  
*Muquición*, s. f. (in cant) a dinner.  
*Muquir*, v. a. (in cant) to dine, to eat.  
*Múr*, s. m. a mouse.—Prov. *El mur que no sabe mas de un horido presto le coge el gato*, the cat soon catches a mouse that knows but one hole, Men that have but one shift, are soon left in the lurch.  
*Múndal*, s. f. vide *Muladar*.  
*Murál*, adj. one term; belonging to a wall.  
*Muralla*, s. f. a solid great wall, as that of a town, castle, or

the like; a common wall is *pared*.

Murár, v. a. to wall in, to build walls about a place.

Murcéo, s. m. (in cant) bacon.

Murciar, v. a. (in cant) to steal.

Murciogato, } s. m. a bat, a  
Murciélago, } rere-mouse.

Murcigalléro, } (in cant) an

Murcióléro, } house-breaker.

Múrcio, s. m. (in cant) a thief.

Murecillo, s. m. a sinew, a muscle; also a little wall.

Muréná, s. f. a sea-fish like an eel.

Murice, s. m. a shell-fish so called.

Murmugéar, v. n. to mutter, to speak low.

Murmúllo, s. m. murmur, noise.

Murmuración, s. f. murmuring, railing at others.

Murmurador, s. m. the person who rails at, or censures another.

Murmurar, v. n. to murmur, to censure, to find fault with.

Murmúrio, s. m. vide Murmullo.

Múro; s. m. a wall, always taken for a great wall; slight walls being called *parades*; figuratively a shield.

Murria, s. f. a sort of hypochondriac humour, a heaviness in the head.

Murrio, adj. melancholy, heavy, dull.

Múrta, s. f. myrtle; (in cant) an olive.

Murtónes, s. m. pl. the fruit of the myrtle.

Músa, s. f. a muse.—*Entender la músa a uno*, to discover the malice of one.

Musaráña, s. f. a venomous small creature, shaped between a mouse and a spider, very dangerous to cattle, and

called a shrew.—*Musaráñas*, pl. are also strange things people fancy they see in the air.—*Pensar en las musaráñas*, f. (metaph.) to be distracted.

Muscicapa, s. f. a bird who lives upon flies.

Múscó, s. m. a little creature like a mouse, whose skin smells like musk.—*Múscó*, s. m. moss which grows upon trees, walls, rocks, by the seaside, and the brink of rivers.

Músculo, s. m. a muscle in the body.

Musculoso, adj. of, or belonging to muscles.

Muséo, s. m. the place dedicated to learning, a study, a library.

Múserola, s. f. a muzzle for a horse, dog, or other beast.

Muscáno, s. m. a small kind of mice who live in the fields; also a short-legged and black spider.

Músgo, s. m. the moss of trees.

Músgo, s. m. a sort of motion of the snout and ears made by unlucky beasts when they design mischief.

Música, s. f. music.—*Con buena música se viene!* f. (metaph.) he comes to me with a very good pretension indeed!—*Música de toda*, all sorts of music played by the fingers striking the claves or keys, as organs, harpsichords, &c.—*Música elemental*, elementary music, teaches to know the quality and quantity of notes.

*Música syntáctica*, syntactical music, treats of sounds, concords, and discords, and of every thing serving for the producing of harmony.

Musical, adj. one term, musical, belonging to music.

Músico, s. m. a musician.—

*Músico*, adj. of, or belonging to music.

Musillo, s. m. a little thigh.

Músto, s. m. the thigh.

Musmón, s. m. an animal generated by a sheep and a she-goat.

Mustar, v. n. to mutter between one's teeth.

Mustela, s. f. a sea-lamprey.

Mustiaménte, adv. peevishly, doggedly, angrily.

Mústio, adv. peevish, out of humour.

Mutabilidad, s. f. mutability.

Mutación, s. f. change.

Mutación, s. f. cutting off, dismembering.

Mutilar, v. a. to dismember, to cut off.

Mutual, adj. mutual.

Mutuaménte, adv. mutually.

Mútuó, adj. mutual.

Múy, a particle joined to a possessive noun, which makes it a superlative; as, *muy grande*, very big.

Myrabolános, s. m. pl. a kind of plums.

Mýrrha, s. f. myrrh.

Mýrrhádo, adj. that belongs to, or is mixed with myrrh.

Mýrto, s. m. a myrtle-tree.

Mystério, s. m. a mystery.

Mysteriosaménte, adv. mysteriously.

Mysteriose, adj. mysterious, obscure.

Mýstica, s. f. the rule that teaches us to contemplate the divine perfections.

Mysticaménte, s. f. mystically, obscurely.

Mýstico, adj. mystical.

Mysticón, s. m. one who affects sanctity, an hypocrite.

Mythologia, s. f. mythology, an explication of fables.

Mythológico, adj. that belongs to mythology.

## N.

**N**, The fourteenth letter of the Spanish alphabet. It is pronounced as in English, but when there is a little mark upon it as (*ñ*), then it is pronounced as the two letters *gn* in French, in the words *Espagne, cognac, &c.*

Nába, s. f. a turnip.

Nabál, s. m. a field of turnips.

Nabál, adj. belonging to a turnip.

Nabár, s. m. a turnip-field.

Nabáto, s. m. (in cant) the back-bone.

Naberia, s. f. many turnips

together, also stewed turnips.

Nabille, s. m. a little turnip.

Nabina, s. f. turnip-seed.

Nabiza, s. f. a little turnip that is growing with a large one.

Nábla, s. f. a psaltery, a musical instrument with strings played on with both hands.



Nabo, s. m. a turnip.

Nacar, s. m. mother of pearl.

Nacára, s. f. a sea-cockle.

Nacarado, adj. of the colour of mother of pearl.

Nacardina, s. f. an electuary supposed good to strengthen the memory.

Nacela, s. f. a small skiff, or boat. In architecture, a small round with a square to it at the bottom of the capital of a pillar.

Nacência, s. f. (obs.) vide Nacimiento.

Nacer, v. n. to be born, to spring up, to sprout out.—*Nacer*, to rise, said of the sun. Prov. *No con quien nices, sino con quien paces*, mind not whom you were born with, but with whom you feed; that is, those are the best kindred who maintain you; or, that is your best country where you get your bread.—Prov. *Desn'ido nací, desn'ido me hallo, ni pierdo ni gano*, naked I was born, and naked I am; I am neither winner nor loser. A comfort to be contented in affliction.

Nacido, adj. born, sprung up, sprouted out; also proper, apt, fit.—*No le pesa de haber nacido*, f. (metaph.) he is not sorry he is born.—*Bien ó mal nacido*, f. well or ill born.—Prov. *Aun no es nacido y ya estornida* ? he is not born yet, and does he sneeze already? applied to those who fret and vex for things they only conceit, or rejoice at their own faucies.

Nacimíento, s. m. birth, springing up, sprouting out.—*Ugo de nacimiento*, blind from his birth.

Nación, s. f. nation, birth, nativity, springing out.

Nacional, adj. national, belonging to a nation.

Nacionalidad, s. f. the properties of a nation.

Nacionalmente, adv. nationally.

Nada, s. f. nothing, no, not.—*Nada menos*, mod. adv. nothing less.—*Mas, vale algo que nada*, something is better than nothing.—*Cómo quien no dice nada*, a phrase used to exaggerate any thing.—*Un no nada*, as much as nothing, next to nothing.—Prov. *De la nada te guarda, y de la*

*buena no fies nada*, take heed of a bad woman, and never trust a good one.—Prov. *A quien no tiene nada, nada le espanta*, he that has nothing, is frightened at nothing.

Nadaderas, s. f. pl. corks or bladders to learn to swim with.

Nadadero, s. m. a swimming-place.

Nadador, s. m. a swimmer.

Nadadura, s. f. a swimming.

Nadal, s. m. the Nativity of Christ.

Nadar, v. a. to swim.—*Nadir a lo somorgujo*, to dive under water.—*Nadir, nadir y a la orilla abogar*, to swim well, and be drowned at the shore; to work through the greatest difficulties, and fail in the conclusion of any business.

Naderia, s. f. a trifle.

Nadie, s. m. nobody.—Prov. *Quien vive bien a nadie ha menester*, he that lives well, stands in need of nobody.—Prov. *No diga nadie buñolero*, let no man call another fritter-maker; that is

let no man give another an ill name, for he knows not what may be said of him.—Prov. *Nadie diga desta agua no beberé*, let no man say, I will not drink of this water; that is, let no man say, he will not do this or that for no man knows what he may come to.

Nadir, s. m. the point in the heavens opposite to the zenith, being that which is perpendicularly under our feet.—*A nada*, adv. swimming.—*Salir á nada*, f. (metaph.) to go out a swimming; that is, to get out of danger with great difficulty.

Nafa, s. f. orange-flower water.

Naguas, s. f. a petticoat with a long train.

Naguela, s. f. a poor thatched cottage.

Naic, s. m. a coarse unpolished diamond.

Naipes, s. m. pl. playing cards.

Naire, s. m. the person who takes care of, and teaches the elephants.

Nalga, s. f. a buttock.—*Nalga de losino*, s. m. a gammon of bacon.

Nalgada, s. f. a blow on the buttocks, a thrust with the buttocks; also the flesh about the buttocks.

Nalgatório, s. m. the hinder part of the thigh.

Nalgudo, adj. that has great buttocks.

Nalguear, v. n. to beat the buttocks.

Nantar, v. n. (obs.) to augment, to increase.

Nao, s. f. a ship.—*Carga la nao trasero, si quieres que ande a la vela*, load your ship ast if you would have her sail well.

Nauchero, s. m. (obs.) a sailor or master of a ship.

Napas, s. f. pl. (in cant.) the buttocks.

Napess, s. f. nymphs of the woods.

Napelo, s. m. vide Anapelo.

Naphta, s. f. the naphta, a mineral fluid.

Naqueragóza, s. f. a sort of song or dance, very ancient.

Naranja, s. f. an orange.

Naranjada, s. f. a conserve made with oranges.

Naranjado, adj. orange-colour.

Naranjal, s. m. an orange-garden.

Naranjero, adj. of, or belonging to an orange; s. m. he who sells oranges.

Naranjazo, s. m. a blow with an orange.

Naranjilla, s. f. a little orange.

Narajo, s. m. an orange-tree.

Narciso, s. m. the daffodil-flower; also a beau; also a precious stone of the colour of the daffodil-flower.

Narcótico, adj. that quiets, causes rest, stupifies, and makes senseless.

Nardino, adj. made of spikenard and other ingredients.

Nardo, s. m. spikenard.—*Nardo rustico*, the herb sole-foot.

Nares, s. f. the nostrils.

Narices, s. f. pl. the nostrils, called also, *Las ventanas de las narices*.

Naricisimo, adj. superl. that has a very great nose.

Narigá, s. m. the nose.

Narigante, adj. that has a great nose.

Narigón, s. m. a great nose.

Narigudo, adj. that has a great long nose.

Narigúta, } s. f. a little short  
Nariguilla, } nose.

Nariz, s. f. the nose.—*Nariz roma*, a flat nose with the end turning up.—*Nariz de puente*, the sharp point of the piles

of a bridge, which cuts the water.—*Desahacerse las narices*, to break one's nose.—*Subirse el humo a la mostaza a las narices*, to take pet, to be angry, or as we say, to take snuff.—Prov. *Tapar la nariz y comer la perdiz*, stop your nose, and eat the partridge; that is, a partridge must be kept till it smells strong.—*Dexar á uno, con un palmo de narices*, f. (metaph.) to vex any one; to deceive him under the pretension he believed you.

Narizado, adj. that has a great long nose.

Narración, s. f. a narration, a relation.

Narrar, v. a. to tell, to recount, to relate.

Narrativa, s. f. narrative, relation.

Narrativo, adj. that belongs to a narration.

Narria, s. f. a rake to rake the ground.—*Nárria*, s. f. a sledge drawn by horses without wheels.

Narvál, s. m. a sea unicorn.

Naso, s. m. the nose. Burlesque.

Nasa, s. f. a bow-net, or wicker-wheel, to catch fish in; also a pannier, or basket to carry corn in.

Nasón, s. m. an augment. of Nasa.

Nastúrcio, s. m. a kind of garden-cresses.—*Nastúrcio montés*, wild cresses.

Nata, s. f. cream.—*Nátas*, pl. enstard, milk thickened with yolks of eggs and a little flour, and sweetened with sugar; some add orange-flower water.

Natal, s. m. the birth or nativity.—*Natal*, adj. belonging to the birth-day.

Natalicio, adj. that belongs to the birth-day.

Natátil, adj. that swims or floats on the water.

Naterón, s. m. cream-cheese.—*Naterón*, s. m. curds.

Natillas, dim. of vid. Natas.

Nát'o, adj. native, natural

Natividad, s. f. nativity, birth; used only in expressing of festivals; as *la Natividad de Nuestra Señora*, the nativity of our Lady.—*A natisilale*, adv. from the day that one was born.

Nativo, adj. native.

Natura, s. f. (roused) nature;

the privy parts of a woman.

Natural, subst. m. the natural disposition or inclination.—

*Natural*, adj. natural.—*Natural de tal parte*, born in such a place.—*Hijo natural*, a natural son, a bastard.—Prov. *Por mas que desmienta cada qual, siempre vultor, al natural*, let a man dissemble ever so much, nature will always prevail.

Naturaléza, f. f. nature; also a man's natural disposition, and his native country.

Naturalidad, s. f. a naturalization.

Naturalista, s. m. a naturalist, or who searches into the nature of things.

Naturalizaeión, s. f. a naturalization.

Naturalizar, v. n. to naturalize. *Naturalizarse*, v. r. to accustom one's self to any thing.

Naturalmente, adv. naturally.

Nauchel, } s. m. a pilot or

Nauclero, } master of a ship.

Naufragar, v. a. to be shipwrecked.

Naufragio, s. m. a ship-wreck.

Naufrago, adj. ship-wrecked.

Naumachia, s. f. a sea-fight.

Nausea, s. f. loathing of meat.

Nausear, v. a. to loath, to nauseate.

Naúta, s. m. a sailor.

Naútica, s. f. navigation.

Naútico, adj. belonging to a sailor or navigation.

Náva, s. f. a plain.

Navaja, s. f. a razor.—*Navajás del puercó*, a boar's tusks.

Navajada, s. f. a cut with a razor.

Navajero, s. m. the case for razors; also a rag to clean the razor in shaving.

Navajilla, } s. f. a little razor.

Navajuela, }

Navajo, s. m. a piece of flat ground where the rain gathers.

Navajón, s. m. a sort of dagger shaped like a razor.

Navál, adj. naval, belonging to ships.—*Batalla naval*, a sea-fight.

Navarro, s. m. (in cant) a young goose.

Navázo, s. m. a piece of flat ground where the rain gathers.

Nave, s. f. a ship.—*Nave tufurá*, a ferry-boat, a ship for transporting horses.—*Nave de iglesia*, the isle of a church.

Naveica, } s. f. a small ship;

Naveilla, } a small isle of a

Navecita, } church.

Navagable, adj. navigable, that may be sailed in.

Navegación, s. f. navigation, sailing.

Navegador, } s. m. a sailor.

Navegante, }

Navegar, v. n. to sail.—*Navegar con poco viento*, to make little sail.—*Navegar con viento en popa*, to sail before the wind.

Navéta, s. f. a little ship; also a drawer in a cabinet, or the like; as also a vessel the frankincense is carried in for the censor in the church, commonly made in the shape of a boat.

Navichuelo, s. m. a little ship.

Navdád, s. f. Christmas, the Nativity of Christ.

Navidénio, adj. what is belonging to the birth or nativity.

Navio, s. m. (in cant) the body.—*Navio*, s. m. a ship.—

*Navio planido*, a flat-bottomed vessel.—*Navio de alto bordo*, a three-decked ship.—

*Navio de pozo*, a two-decked ship.—

*Navio latino*, a ship that has triangular or shoulder-of-mutton sails.—

*Navio de dos rodas*, a ship that has the head and stern alike.—

*Navio río*, a ship that has tow sides.—

*Navio de guerra*, a man of war.

*Navio mercante*, or *mercantil*, a merchant ship.—

*Navio mal macedo*, a ship that is foul.—

*Navio velero*, a ship that is a good sailer.—

*Navio de gábia*, a ship that has a round-top at the mast.—

Prov. *Quién no tuviere que hacer arme navio* & *lome mujer*, he that has nothing to do, may fit out a ship or take a wife; that is, either a ship or a wife will find a man work enough.

Navo, s. m. vid. Nabo.

Nayádes, s. f. the nymphs of the springs and rivers.

Nazaréno, adj. of Nazareth, Nazarene, a sort of people among the Jews.

Nazaréo, adj. idem.

Nazóra, s. f. (obs.) cream.

Nazúla, s. f. (obs.) cheese.

Nebéda, s. f. the herb nep, or calamint.

Nebli, s. m. the hawk called a gos-hawk, the kite.

Neblina, s. f. a mist.

Nebrina, s. f. the fruit of the juniper-tree.



Nebuloso, adj. misty, cloudy, foggy.

Necer, v. n. to play the fool.

Necedád, folly, a foolish say. ng. or act. on.

Necesaria, s. f. a necessary house, privy.

Necesariamente, adv. necessarily, of necessity.

Necesario, adj. necessary.

Necesidad, s. f. necessity.—Prov. *Hacer de la necesidad virtud*, to make a virtue of necessity.—Prov. *La necesidad carée de ley*, necessity has no law.

Necesitar, v. a. to necessitate, to force, to oblige.

Neciaménte, adv. foolishly.

Necio, s. f. a fool.—Prov. *Más sabe el necio en su casa, que el cuerdo en la ajena*, a fool knows more in his own house, than a wise man in another's; that is, every man understands his own business best.—Prov. *A cada necio agrada su porrida*, every fool is pleased with his own blunder.—Prov. *Necios, y porfiados hacen ricos los letrados*, fools and obstinate men make lawyers rich.—Prov. *Si el necio no fuese al mercado, no se venderia lo malo*, if the fool did not go to market, what is naught would not be sold.—Prov. *Más vale ser necio que porfiado*, it is better to be thought a fool than to be obstinate.

Nectar, s. m. the liquor the poets feign the gods drink; any pleasant drink.

Nefa, s. f. a sweet water they sprinkle in the air to spread a perfume.

Nefandamente, adv. heinously, abominably, detestably, unutterably.

Nefando, adj. heinous, abominable, detestable, not to be named.

Nefariamente, adv. wickedly, villainously.

Nefario, adj. wicked, villainous.

Nefas, s. m. wickedness, villainy.

Nefasto, adj. belonging to certain inauspicious days.

Negación, s. f. denial.

Negado, da, p. p. from *Negar*.

Negado, adj. incapable, unfit for any thing.

Negador, s. m. the person who denies.

Negamiento, s. m. a denial.

Negar, v. a. to deny, to refuse.

*Negar á p'és jantillos*, to stand stinily in the negative.—

*Negarse*, v. r. to excuse one's self.

Negativa, s. f. negative.

Negativamente, adv. negatively.

Negativo, adj. negative, still denying.

Negligencia, s. f. negligence, carelessness.

Negligente, adv. negligent, careless.

Negligentemente, adv. negligently, carelessly.

Negociación, s. f. negotiation, management of business; trade.

Negociador, s. m. one that negotiates, or manages.

Negociante, s. m. a merchant or dealer.

Negociar, v. a. to negotiate, to do business; to trade.

Negócio, s. m. affair, business, trade.—*Hombre de negocios*, a merchant.

Negocioso, adj. diligent in doing business.

Negozuelo, s. m. a little business.

Negra, s. f. a black woman; (in cant) a kettle.—*Callar como negra en baño*, to be as silent as a black in a bath.

Negrear, v. n. to grow black, to look black.

Negrecer, v. n. to black, to grow black.

Negregar, v. n. to grow black, or to look blackish, to cast a black.

Negregura, s. f. blackness.

Negrêta, s. f. a blackish sort of wild duck.

Negrilla, s. f. a kind of black sea-fish.

Negrillo, s. m. a little black boy; adjunct. used blackish.—

*Negrillo*, s. m. a kind of black elm-tree.

Negrito, adj. blackish.

Negro, adj. black.—*Negro*, s. m. a black man; (in cant) a sharper.—*Negra ventura*, bad luck.—*No se si es blanco ni negro*, I know not whether he is white or black; that is, I know nothing of him.—Prov. *Aunque negros, somos gente*, though we are blacks, we are men. We must not despise any body, though ever so mean.

Negromancia, s. f. necromancy, the black art.

Negromántico, s. m. necromancer, a conjurer.

Negrór, s. m. blackness.

Negrúra, s. f. blackness.

Negrúzco, adj. dun-coloured.

Negujón, s. m. the worm in the teeth, which rots them, and turns them black.

Neguilla, s. f. the plant *nigella*, or gith; most used for the weed cockle, growing amongst corn; also a denial of any fact.

Nema, s. f. the seal upon a letter.

Neimesis, s. f. the name of the goddess of punishment.

Nemine Discrepante, adverbially spoken, signifies unanimity general consent, when all concur in one opinion.

Nemón, s. m. the gnomon of a sun-dial, so corruptly pronounced and written.

Nemoroso, adj. of, or belonging to a wood.

Nene, s. m. a little infant, a childish word.

Nenufar, s. m. the water-lily.

Neumenia, s. f. the festival of the Jews at the beginning of every month.

Neophyto, s. m. a neophyte, a new convert.

Nephritico, adj. a physical term, signifying the pain of the stone in the kidney, or gravel; also a kind of jasper stone.

Nepôte, s. m. a nephew, the son of a brother or a sister, principally used to mean a relation to the pope when his minister of state.

Nequaquam, adv. by no means, in no manner.

Nereids, s. f. sea-nymphs.

Nervecio, s. m. a little sinew.

Nerviar, v. a. to bind by strings, nerves, or sinews.

Nervino, adj. made of sinews.

Nervio, s. m. sinew, nerve.

Nerviosidad, vide Nervosidad.

Nervioso, adj. vid. Nervoso.

Nervosamente, adv. with efficacy, vigorously, effectually, with activity.

Nervosidad, s. f. fulness of strength of sinews.

Nervoso, adj. full of sinews or nerves, sinewy.

Nervúdo, adj. full of sinews, or that has great sinews, sinewy.

Nesciència, s. f. ignorance, want of knowledge.

Nesciente, adj. ignorant, not knowing.

Nésaga, s. f. a gore, as is put into a garment or a woman's smock.

Néspéra, s. f. vide Nispero.

Netezuelo, s. m. a little grandson; diminutive of *nieto*.

Neto, s. m. the pedestal of any column. — *Neto*, adj. neat, clean, pure; used only by traders to express so much of a commodity exclusive of the tare.

Neúma, s. f. a figure in rhetoric, by which any one expresses himself rather by actions than words.

Neutrál, adj. neuter, of neither side.

Neutralidad, s. f. neutrality.

Neutro, adj. neuter, of the neuter gender, that stands neuter.

Nevada, s. f. a fall of snow.

Nevár, v. n. to snow.

Nevasca, s. f. a fall of snow.

Nevatilla, s. f. the bird called a wagtail.

Nevéra, s. f. a fall of snow.

Neyería, s. f. the place where the ice is sold.

Nevéro, s. m. the person who sells the ice.

Nevisca, s. f. a fall of snow.

Nevoso, adj. snowy, full of snow.

Nexo, s. m. s knot, a tying, joining, or binding together. —

Nézo, adv. (in cant) no.

Ní, conj. neither.

Niara, s. f. a chaff-house.

Nicerobino, adj. the appellation of a precious ointment used by the ancients.

Nicho, s. m. a niche, or hollow made in a wall.

Nciána, s. f. the herb tobacco.

Nidáa, s. f. nest-full.

Nidal, s. m. the nest-egg, or other things belonging to the nest.

Nidificar, v. n. to build nests.

Nidillo, s. m. a little nest.

Nido, s. m. (In cant) a house. — Prov. *En los nidos de antaño no hay páxaros ogaño*, there are no birds this year in last year's nests; that is, things are changed, the case is altered since last year. Prov. *No hallar nidos donde se piensa hallar páxaros*, all hopes of obtaining the thing we looked after, are vain and fruitless.

Niébla, s. f. a mist, a fog. —

Niébla, (in cant) the morning.

Niego, s. m. a term in falconry; a young hawk newly taken out of the airy; a brancher.

Niel, s. m., plate chased or engraved; any turned or embossed work.

Nielár, v. a. to frost, or make frost-work on metal.

Nervecito, s. m. dimin. a little nerve.

Niespér, s. f. vid. Nispero.

Nieta, s. f. a grand-daughter.

Nietecica, } s. f. a little grand-

Nietecilla, } daughter.

Nietecita, } s. m. a little

Nietecillo, } grand-son.

Nietecito, }

Nieto, s. m. a grand-son. — *Vino nieto*, the third pressing of the grape.

Nietro, s. m. a measure of liquids.

Niéve, s. f. snow.

Nigromancia, s. f. necromancy; the art of revealing future events by communication with the dead.

Nigromante, s. m. who exercises necromancy.

Nigromántico, s. m. a necromancer; one who by charms can converse with the ghosts of the dead.

Nigua, s. f. a sort of small worm.

Nimiaménte, adv. too much.

Nimiedad, s. f. excess.

Nimiedad, (fam.) smallness, of no value.

Nimio, adj. too much, superfluous.

Nin, conj. (obs. for *nin*).

Ninfa or Nynpha, nymph; also a young lady.

Ningún, } adj. none, no

Ninguno, } dy.

Ninánana, s. f. any foolish unmeaning thing; hum, the humming of a tune.

Niña, s. f. a little girl, a female infant. — *Niña del ojo*, the sight of the eye.

Nináda, s. f. a childish action.

Nináto, s. m. a calf taken out of the belly of a cow.

Ninár, v. n. to play the child.

Nisfería, s. f. a childish thing; a trifle.

Niñero, s. m. he that is fond of children, or that delights in puerilities.

Nineta, s. f. a little girl, or the sight of the eye.

Niñita, s. f. a little girl.

Niñito, s. m. a little infant.

Niñico, } s. m. a little male

Niñito, } infant, a little boy.

Niñez, s. f. infancy, childhood.

Niño, s. m. an infant, a male

child. — *Niño de la piedra*, a

foundling, a child that has been exposed by its parents.

— *Diegan los niños en el solear*, lo que oyen á sus padres en el ho-

gar, ref. children tell in the street what they hear at home.

— *Los niños de pequeños que no*

*hay castigo despues para ellos*, ref.

you must correct your sons

when young, when they

are grown up it will be too

late.

Niño, s. m. the dog-fish.

Nipés, s. m. pl. (in cant) money.

Niquescio, s. m. a trifle, a useful thing.

Nispero, s. m. a medlar, or a

medlar-tree.

Nitido, adj. neat, shining.

Nitos, s. m. pl. a word used

when one asks, what do you

eat? the other answers *nitos*;

as if he was eating something so

called, which word having no

meaning, makes the questioner

understand that he is not to

know it.

Nitrál, s. m. the place where

nitre is dug out.

Nitreria, s. f. the place where

the nitre is found.

Nitro, s. m. nitre, salt-petre.

Nitróso, adj. of, or belonging to

nitre.

Nivel, s. m. a carpenter's level

to lay his work level by.

Nivelár, v. a. to level.

No, adv. no. — *No nada*, nothing,

next to nothing. — *No sino*, an

expression denoting a surety or

certainty of the thing treated

of. — *No solo*, not only.

Nobiliarió, s. m. the book in

which all the noblemen's titles

and privileges are written.

Nobilísimo, adj. very noble, very

famous.

Noble, adj. noble.

Noblecé, v. a. (obs.) to make

noble, to grow noble.

Noblemente, adv. nobly.

Nobléza, s. f. nobility.

Nocharniégo, adj. vide Noctur-

no.

Nóche, s. m. night; (in cant)

the sentence of death. — *Boca*

*de nóche*, night-fall. — *Nóche bu-*

*ena*, Christmas night; that is,

the night between the eve and



Christmas-day.—*Noche buena*, a rich cake, such as they make to eat on Christmas-night.—*Próxima noche*, the close of the evening.—*Media noche*, midnight.—*Noche Tolédana*, a Toledo night; a night when a man cannot sleep a wink.—*Hacer noche una cosa* to hide a thing, that it cannot be seen.—*Hacer noche en un lugar*, to pass the night in a place.—*Quedarse a buenas noches*, to be left in the dark; to be disappointed.—*La noche es capa de pecadores*, night is a cloak for sinners; it hides ill actions.—*Prov. De noche todos los gatos son pardos*, at night all cats are grey.—*Lo que de noche se hace, a la mañana parece*, ref. what is done in the night appears in the morning.

Nochielo, adj. an in-dyed black colour.

Nochizo, s. m. the wild nuts.

Nocible, adj. that may hurt.

Nocimiento, s. m. a hurt.

Noción, s. f. notion, idea.

Nocional, adj. belonging to an idea or notion.

Noceir, v. a. (obs.) to hurt, to injure.

Nocivo, adj. hurtful.

Noctiluga, s. f. a glow-worm.

Noctivago, adj. that wanders in the night.

Nocturnal, adj. belonging to night.

Nocturno, adj. of or belonging to night.

Nodación, s. f. knotiness.

Nodo, s. m. a knot.

Nodriz, s. f. a nurse.

Noema, s. f. a figure in rhetoric, when one thing is meant, and another spoken.

Nogada, s. f. a sauce made with pounded walnuts, bread, garlic, salt and oil, all incorporated like paste, to eat poor Jack with.

Nogál, s. m. a walnut-tree.

Noguera, s. f. a walnut-tree; not so much used as *nogál*, and more properly an orchard of walnut-trees.

Noguerrado, adj. of a walnut colour.

Nogheral, s. m. the place where the walnut-trees grow.

Nolito, s. m. freight or passage-money in a ship or ferry-boat.

Nombradamente, adv. namely, by name; famously, remarkably.

Nombradía, s. f. renown.

Nombrado, adj. famous, renowned.

Numbramiento, s. m. a naming.

Nombrar, v. a. to name, to mention.

Nómbre, s. m. a name; fame, renown. Among soldiers, the word, the parole.—*Dar el nómbre*, to give the watch-word.

Nomenclator, s. m. one that knows the name of things or men, and calls them by them.

Nomenclatura, s. f. nomenclature.

Nómina, s. f. a catalogue of names of men or things; also a spell or charm in letters or characters.

Nominación, s. f. nomination, naming.

Nominador, s. m. one who nominates or appoints.

Nominal, adj. that belongs to a name.

Nominar, v. a. to name.

Nominativo, s. m. the nominative case.

Nómino, s. m. the person who is capable of any honourable employment in the republic.

Non, for no; also odd, that is an odd thing. Vide Nones.

Nóna, s. f. the ninth, particular the hour of none in the divine office, because it was to be said at three in the afternoon, which, according to the reckoning of the ancients, was the ninth hour.

Nonada, s. f. that is next to nothing.

Nonadilla, s. f. dimin. of Nonada.

Nónes, s. m. pl. odd, a number that is not even, as 3, 5, 7, 9, &c. (in cant) *nónes* is no.—*Páres ó nónes*, even or odd.—*Andor de nónes*, to have an employment, office, or calling.

Nonagenario, adj. that is ninety years old.

Nonagésimo, adj. ninetyeth.

Nonagonal, adj. belonging to the number nine.

Nonagóna, s. m. a figure in geometry consisting of nine angles.

Nonnato, adj. applied to the child cut of the mother's womb.

Nóno, adj. ninth.

Non Plus Ultra, s. m. the extremity, the utmost pitch, the full extent.

Non Obstante, notwithstanding.

Nóque, s. m. a tan-p-t.

Noquero, s. m. a tanner.

Norabuena, or Noramala, for *en hora buena*, or *en hora mala*, in a good or bad hour; *dar la hora buena*, to congratulate; a social courteous way of approving or consenting; as when one asks, shall I have, or shall I do this, or the like, the other answers, *en hora buena*, in a good hour. *Dar la noramala*, is just the contrary.

Nord, s. m. the north.

Nordete, s. m. north-east.

Nord-steer, v. a. to vary towards the north-east.

Nória, s. f. a well.

Norjal, adj. belonging to a well.

Nórma, s. f. a rule, a direction, a level.

Nordeste, s. m. the north-north-east.

Norte, s. m. the north-star.

Nortear, v. n. to observe the north for directions of the voyage.

Nos, pron. we. The stile used by the king, speaking of himself.

Nosomántica, s. f. the art of curing by incantment.

Nosotros, pron. we.

Nóta, s. f. a note, a mark, infamy.

Notable, adj. notable, remarkable.

Notablemente, adv. notably.

Notación, s. f. noting, marking.

Notado, adj. scandalous, infamous.

Notar, v. a. to note, to mark.—*Notar cartas*, to indite letters.

Notaría, s. f. the profession or practice of clerkship.

Notario, s. m. a notary.—*Entre dos amigos, un notario, y dos testigos*, ref. between two friends, one notary or attorney, and two witnesses.

Notecilla, s. f. a little note.

Nótho, s. m. a bastard, an illegitimate child.

Noticia, s. f. notice, knowledge.

Noticiar, v. a. to give notice, to declare.

Noticioso, adj. that has notice or knowledge; also learned.

Notificación, s. f. a notification, or making known.

Notificar, v. a. to notify, to make known; also to acquaint, to give intelligence.

Nóto, adj. noted, known, notorious.—*Nóto*, s. m. the south wind.

Notoriamente, adv. notoriously.  
 Notoriédad, s. f. notoriousness.  
 Notório, adj. publickly, known, notorious.  
 Notúrno, of, or belonging to the night.  
 Novación, s. f. innovation, a law word.  
 Novál, adj. applied to new cultivated ground; and also to the fruit it produces.  
 Novár, v. a. to renew any contract or obligation.  
 Nováto, s. m. so they call in the universities the scholar that is but entered.  
 Novátor, s. m. the inventor of any new thing or sect.  
 Novecientos, adj. nine hundred.  
 Novedád, s. f. novelty.  
 Novél, adj. new, without experience. — *Caballero novél*, a knight without device.  
 Novéla, s. f. a novel; uncertain or false intelligence.  
 Novelador, s. m. who writes novels.  
 Novelería, s. f. a narration of fables or novels.  
 Noveléro, adj. that likes to hear news; also inconstant, changing; (in cant) the servant of a pimp.  
 Novéno, s. f. a devotion of nine days; also nine days' prayers for the dead.  
 Novenário, s. m.  
 Novéno, adj. the ninth.  
 Novénta, s. m. ninety.  
 Novénténo, adj. ninetyeth.  
 Novezuélo, adj. dimin. of *nuevo*.  
 Nóvia, s. f. a bride.  
 Nóvio, s. m. bridegroom.  
 Noviciádo, s. m. novice, the time spent in a religious house by way of trial; the house or apartment in a monastery for novices.  
 Novicio, s. m. a novice, one that is in his year of trial to be received to a religious life.  
 Novicióte, s. m. a stout novice.  
 Noviembre, s. m. the month of November.  
 Novilla, s. f. a young heifer.  
 Novilláda, s. f. a drove of heifers and bullocks.  
 Novilléja, s. m. a young heifer.  
 Novilléro, s. m. the place where the heifers are put; also heifer-keeper. — *Novillero*, a child who runs away.  
 Novillo, s. m. a steer, a young ox or bullock; also a cuckold. — *Irse a novillos*, said of any

young fellow that is gone as it were to seek his fortune in the world, and returns very soon, as if he had only gone to the next fair to see a bull-feast.  
 Novilúnio, s. f. the new-moon.  
 Nôvio, s. m. a bridegroom.  
 Novisimos, s. m. pl. the four last things that happen to man; which are death, judgment, hell, and heaven.  
 Nóxá, s. f. injury, hurt, damage.  
 Nubáda, s. f. a sudden plash of rain that falls as a cloud is passing.  
 Nubádo, adj. applied in pointing to a representation of clouds; also watered as camblets are.  
 Nubádos, pl. watered camblets.  
 Nubarráda, s. f. vid. Nubada.  
 Nubarrádo, adj. vide Nubado.  
 Nubarrón, s. m. a large cloud that is separate from the other clouds.  
 Nube, s. f. a cloud. It is also a cloud or film in the eye. — *Andar, or estar el mar por las nubes*, f. the sea to be above the clouds; that is, when the sea is very stormy and tempestuous. — *Poner, ó levantar sobre las nubes*, f. (metaph.) to extol, to magnify to excess. — *Nube*, (in cant) a cloak.  
 Nubeilla, s. f. a little cloud.  
 Nubióso, adj. cloudy.  
 Nubláda, s. f. a sudden great shower of rain that falls as a cloud is passing.  
 Nubládo, adj. cloudy, overcast. — *Nublado*, s. m. a cloud; an impending misfortune. (In cant) a cloak. — *Nublarse*, v. r. to overcast, to grow cloudy.  
 Núblo, adj. cloudy, cloudiness. — *Núblo en el pan, or trigo*, a blight in corn.  
 Nubióso, adj. cloudy.  
 Núca, s. f. the nape of the neck.  
 Nucid, v. a. (obs.) to damage, to hurt, to injure.  
 Núcleo, s. m. the kernel of a nut, or any other fruit.  
 Nudamente, adv. nakedly.  
 Nudillo, s. m. dimin. of *nuda*.  
 Núdo, s. m. a knot; a knotty question. — *Núdo de la mano*, a knuckle. — *Núdo ciego*, a blind or intricate knot that is hard to untie. — *Núdos en árboles*, knots in trees.  
 Núdo, adj. naked.  
 Nudoso, adj. knotty, full of knots.

Nudrescedór, s. m. (obs.) the person who nourishes.  
 Nudrescér, v. a. (obs.) to nourish.  
 Nudriménto, s. m. (obs.) nourishment.  
 Nudrir, v. a. (obs.) to nourish, to bring up.  
 Nuegádos, s. m. a sweet pasty, made with honey and nuts, or else with almonds, small nuts, pine-apple kernels, and toasted hemp-seed.  
 Nuéra, s. f. a daughter-in-law, a son's wife.  
 Nûcs, curs. A churlish way of speaking.  
 Nuéso, adj. v. Nuestro.  
 Nuestrámo, for *Nuestro amo*; our master; (in cant) a clerk, or a notary that goes with the *alguaciles*, and writes down the crimes of those that are apprehended.  
 Nuéstro, adj. our.  
 Nuôva, s. f. news. — *Las malas nuevas, siempre son ciertas*, ref. bad news is always true; that is, human nature is more exposed to misfortune than fortunate.  
 Nuevamente, adv. newly, lately.  
 Nuève, s. m. nine. — *Las nuève*, nine of the clock.  
 Nuévo, adj. new.  
 Núez, s. f. a nut. — *Nuez de la garganta*, the nut or knot in the throat. — *Nuez de ballista*, the put of the cross-bow. — *Nuez de especie*, the well-known spice called nutmeg.  
 Nuéza, s. f. herb bryony.  
 Nugatário, adj. vain, trifling, of no force, slight, impertinent, nugatory.  
 Nulamente, adv. in no wise, by no means.  
 Nulidad, s. f. nullity; also any vice or defect of a person.  
 Nûlo, adj. none; without force, of no account or moment.  
 Numén, s. f. a deity.  
 Numerable, adj. that can be numbered.  
 Numeración, s. f. numeration, a numbering.  
 Numerador, s. m. one who numbers, a numerator.  
 Numeral, adj. numeral, belonging to numbers.  
 Numerár, v. a. to number, to reckon, to tell.  
 Numerário, adj. that is of the number, belonging to the number.



Numericamente, adv. numerically.

Númerico, adj. numerical.

Número, s. m. a number.

Numerosamente, adv. numerously.

Numerosidad, s. f. number, a great number.

Numeroso, adj. numerous; also harmonious.

Numisma, s. m. money.

Númo, s. m. an ancient coin so called.

Numalario, s. m. who trafficks with money.

Núnca, adv. never.

Nunciatura, s. f. the dignity of a nuncio or legate.

Núncio, s. m. the pope's nuncio, equivalent to an ambassador, only distinguished by this name, from those of other princes.—*Ulsa del núncio*, an hospital at Toledo for mad people.

Nuncupativo, } adj. nuncupative,  
Nuncupatório, }  
Nuncupatory, verbally pronounced.

Nupcial, adj. belonging to a marriage, nuptial.

Núpcias, s. f. pl. marriage, wedding.

Núscu, adv. with us.—*Con núscu*, for *con nosotros*, with us.

Nútria, s. f. an otter.

Nutricio, adj. that affords nourishment.

Nutrición, s. f. nutrition, food.

Nutritual, adj. that belongs to nourishment, or that can nourish.

Nutrimiento, s. m. nutriment, nourishment.

Nutrir, v. a. to nourish.

Nutritivo, adj. nourishing.

Nutriz, s. f. a wet-nurse.

Nýmpha, s. f. a nymph; a pretty young lady.

Nýmpho, s. m. an effeminate man.

Nagáza, s. f. v. *Añagaza*.

Náque, s. m. a heap of rubbish; any useless things.

Niquináque, s. m. a word of contempt for any trifling thing.

Nóculos, s. m. a sort of biscuit, made of flower, sugar, butter, eggs, wine and annise-seed, made in the shape of a walnut.

Nóua, adj. old, in the second infancy.

Nóra, s. f. (obs.) a well.

Nublado, adj. (obs.) cloudy.

Nublár, v. n. (obs.) to grow cloudy.

Núblo, s. m. (obs.) v. *Nublo*.

Nudillo, s. m. a little knot.

Núdo, s. m. a knot.

Nudoso, adj. full of knots.

## O.

O, the fourth of the vowels.

O, a particle, or adverb of admiration.—*O que hermosa criatura!*

O what a beautiful creature!—*O*, a particle of indignation; as, *O vellaco!*

O thou knave!—*O*, a particle of desire; as, *O si llegase el día!*

O that the day would come!—*O*, a particle of grief; as, *O que gran lástima!*

O what a pity!—*O*, a particle of exclamation; as, *O gran Dios!*

O great God!—*O* is used ironically; as, *O que linda!*

O fine!—*O*, a conjunction, as, *O rico o pobre*, either rich or poor.

Obedecido, da, p. p. from *obedecer*.

Obedecido, adj. blinded.

Obduración, s. f. stubbornness, inflexibility.

Obedecer, v. a. to obey.—*Hacerse obedecer*, v. f. to make one's self be obeyed.

Obedecido, da, p. p. from *obedecer*.

Obedecimiento, s. m. } obedience.  
Obediencia, s. f. }  
ence.

*A la obediencia*, a phrase used in taking leave, your most obedient.

Obediencial, adj. obedient, that obeys.

Obediente, adj. obedient.

Obedientemente, adv. obediently.

Obejarúco, s. m. vide Abejeruco.

Obelisco, s. m. an obelisk; also a mark or note in a book in the form of a cross.

Obelo, s. m. the same as *obelisco*.

Obénques, s. m. } the shrouds  
Obencadura, s. f. } of a ship.

Obesidad, s. f. morbid fatness, used by physicians.

Obeso, adj. obese, loaden with flesh, very fat.

O'bice, s. hindrance, impediment, obstruction.

Obispado, s. m. bishoprick, episcopal dignity.

Obispal, adj. belonging to a bishop.

Obispalia, s. f. certain towns belonging to the bishop; also the bishop's palace.

Obispár, v. n. to make a bishop; ironically, to be exposed to public shame, which is done by riding on an ass, with a paper cap like a mitre on the head, answerable to our carting.

Obispillo, s. m. a mock bishop made among scholars at their breaking up, as we chuse a king at Christmas.—*Obispillo de puerco*, a great sausage made of swine's flesh.—*Obispillo de ave*, the rump of a bird.

Obispo, s. m. a bishop.—*Obispo de anillo*, a titular bishop.

O'bito, s. m. the decease or death of a person.

Objección, s. f. an objection.

Objetar, v. n. to object.

Objetivo, adj. objective.

Objeto, s. m. an object.

Oblación, s. f. oblation, sacrifice, offering.

Oblada, s. f. an offering of bread laid on the graves of the dead. Prov. *Quien lleva las obladas que tañu los campanas*, let him that has the offering ring the bells; they that have the profits take the pains.

Oblata, s. f. an offering of money made to a church; also the wafer when consecrated.

Oblén, s. f. a wafer.

Obligación, s. f. obligation; duty; a bond.

Obligado, da, p. p. from *obligar*.

Obligár, v. a. to oblige, to force, to constrain.

Obligativo, adj. that obliges.

Obligatorio, adj. obligatory.

Obliquamente, adv. obliquely, not directly.

Obliquár, v. a. to make oblique.

Obliquidad, s. f. obliquity, deviation from rectitude.

Obliquo, adj. oblique.

Oblongo, adj. oblong, longer than broad.

**Obnécio**, adj. exposed to any danger, subject, liable.

**O'bolo**, s. m. an obole, a weight consisting of the sixth part of a drachm.

**O'bra**, s. f. work. — *Obra prima*, curious work. — *Obra de los leguas*, about two leagues. — *Obra*, action, deed. — *Obra romana*, a perfect work. — *Obra son amores, que no buenas razones*, ref. let me know by your actions that you love me, and not by words.

— *Obras*, the writings of an author; also any building or repairing. — *Obras muertas, ó vivas de un navio*, all that part of a ship that is in the water. — *La obra del estorjal*, long work. Prov. *Obra de común, obra de ningún*, every body's business is no body's business. **Obráda**, s. f. a day's work; also an acre of land.

**Obrador**, s. m. a workman; also a place to work in.

**Obráge**, s. m. a work; workmanship; also the workhouse.

**Obragéro**, s. m. an overseer of workmen.

**Obrár**, v. a. to work; also to act, to produce. — *Obrár*, to go to stool.

**Obreceia**, } s. f. little work.  
**Obreceilla**, }  
**Obreceita**, }  
**Obrepticio**, } adj. obreptitious.  
**Obreificio**, } underhand dealing.

**Obrería**, s. f. a workshop.

**Obrero**, s. m. a workman. — Prov. *Gran obrero, gran romero*, a great workman is a great pilgrim; because he is sent for from all parts. Prov. *Obreros no ven, dineros a perder*, not to see workmen is to lose one's money; because they neglect their work.

**Obrilla**, s. f. diminutive of *obra*.

**Obrýso**, adj. pure, said of gold.

**Obscenamente**, adv. obscenely, in an impure and unchaste manner.

**Obscenedad**, s. f. obscenity, impurity of thoughts, actions, or language.

**Obsceno**, adj. obscene, impure, unchaste, immodest.

**Obscuramente**, adv. obscurely, darkly.

**Obscurar**, } v. n. to darken,  
**Obscurecer**, } to grow dark.

— *Obscurecer*, v. a. to darken, to make dark.

**Obscurecimiento**, s. m. } obs-  
**Obscuridad** s. f. } curi-  
ty, darkness.

**Obscuro**, adj. obscure, dark.

**Obsequente**, adj. obsequious.

**Obsequiár**, v. a. to court, to flatter, to be obsequious.

**Obsequias**, s. f. obsequies, funeral rights.

**Ob-équio**, s. m. obedience, compliance, obsequiousness.

**Obsequiosamente**, adv. obsequiously, with obedience.

**Obsequioso**, adj. compliant, obsequious, obedience.

**Observacion**, s. f. observation.

**Observador**, s. m. one that observes, an observer.

**Observancia**, s. f. observance, respect, ceremonial, reverence. — *Observancia*, religious rite, attentive practice, careful obedience.

**Observantes**, s. m. pl. the strictest order of the Franciscan friars.

**Observár**, v. a. to observe, to keep, to regard, to take heed.

**Observatório**, s. m. an observatory, a place built for astronomical observations.

**Obsesión**, s. f. the obsession of devils, antecedent to possession.

**Obseso**, adj. molested by the devils.

**Obsidiána**, s. f. an ancient precious stone so called.

**Obsidional**, adj. obsidional, belonging to a siege.

**Obsoleto**, adj. obsolete, out of use.

**Obstáculo**, s. m. obstacle, hindrance.

**Obstánc**, adj. which hinders. — *Non obstante*, adv. notwithstanding.

**Obstraf**, v. a. to obstruct, to hinder.

**Obstinación**, s. f. obstinacy.

**Obstinadamente**, adv. obstinately.

**Obstinado**, adj. obstinate, stubborn.

**Obstinarse**, v. r. to grow obstinate.

**Obstrucción**, s. f. obstruction.

**Obstrutivo**, adj. obstructive.

**Obstruir**, v. a. to obstruct, to shut up.

**Obtemperancia**, s. f. obedience.

**Obtemperár**, v. a. to obey.

**Obtener**, v. a. to obtain, to get.

**Obtenido**, da. p. p. from *obtener*.

**Obtento**, s. m. ecclesiastical revenue.

**Obtención**, s. f. menace; a protest against one.

**Obtusangulo**, adj. in geometry, that of the three angles one is obtuse.

**Obtuso**, obtuse, blunt, dull.

**Obviar**, v. a. to obviate, to prevent, to hinder.

**O'bvio**, adj. obvious, met in one's way.

**Obyecto**, s. m. (obs.) an objection or reply.

**O'ca**, s. f. a goose.

**Ocal**, adj. an appellative given to a particular kind of pear.

**Ocasión**, s. f. occasion, opportunity, convenience, an accidental cause. — *Asir la ocasión por la melena, ó por los cabellos*, f. fam. to make use of the opportunity. — *La ocasión haze ladrón*, ref. the opportunity of stealing makes a thief. — *No perder la ocasión*, f. not to lose the opportunity.

**Ocasionalmente**, adv. occasionally.

**Ocasiónar**, v. a. to cause, to give occasion.

**Ocaso**, s. m. sun-set.

**Ocaso**, death; also any planet that bears a relation to the sun. Poet.

**Occidental**, adj. occidental, western.

**Occidente**, s. m. the occident, the west.

**Occipital**, adj. occipital, belonging to the hind part of the head.

**Occisión**, s. f. murdering, killing.

**Occiso**, adj. killed.

**Ocurréncia**, s. f. occurrence, incident, accidental event.

**Océano**, s. m. the ocean; any immense expanse.

**Ocháza**, s. f. an eighth part, a drachm in weight.

**Ochavado**, adj. that has eight sides or angles.

**Ochavár**, v. a. to make an octagon or a figure consisting of eight sides and angles.

**Ochavár**, v. a. to make an octagon or a figure consisting of eight sides angles.

**Ochavario**, s. m. the eighth part.

**Ochavo**, s. m. a small coin so called, the eighth part of any thing.

**Ochenta**, adj. eighty.

**Ochental**, } adj. eighty years  
**Ochentaón**, } old.



**Ocho**, adj. eight.  
**Ochocientos**, adj. eight hundred.  
**Ociár**, v. a. to entertain one that he may not do what he is about.  
**O'cio**, s. m. leisure; idleness, sloth.  
**Ociosamente**, adv. idly, lazily.  
**Ociosidad**, s. f. idleness. — *La ociosidad es madre de los vicios*, ref. idleness is the mother of vice.  
**Ocióso**, adj. idle, at leisure.  
**Ocozál**, s. m. a serpent so called.  
**Ocozól**, s. m. a tree so called.  
**Ocre**, s. ochre, a kind of earth.  
**Ocroto**, s. m. vide *Oncrotalo*.  
**Octaedro**, s. m. a body having the figure of eight equilateral triangles.  
**Octágono**, s. m. an octagon.  
**Octáva**, s. f. an octave or the eighth day, when a festival is kept the second time, or the eight days the festivity lasts. An octave in music — *Octavas*, s. f. in poetry, stanzas of eight lines.  
**Octavár**, v. n. to form octaves. A musical word.  
**Octavario**, s. m. an ecclesiastical feast that lasts eight days.  
**Octavo**, adj. the eighth.  
**Octosilábico**, { adj. consisting  
**Otosilábico**, { of eight syllables.  
**Octubre**, s. m. the month of October.  
**Ocular**, adj. ocular, of the eye, evident.  
**Ocularmente**, adv. ocularly, evidently.  
**Oculista**, s. m. an oculist, one who professes to cure distempers in the eyes.  
**Ocultación**, s. f. concealing, hiding.  
**Ocultamente**, adv. occultly, privily, secretly.  
**Ocultar**, v. a. to conceal, to hide.  
**Oculto**, adj. occult, hidden, concealed, secret, privy.  
**Ocupación**, s. f. business, employment, possession.  
**Ocupador**, s. m. occupier.  
**Ocupár**, v. a. to busy, to employ; also to fill a place, to take up room.  
**Ocurrir**, v. a. to occur, to happen.  
**Oda**, s. f. an ode in poetry.  
**Odiár**, v. a. to hate. — *Odiarse*, v. r. to hate each other.  
**O'dio**, s. m. hatred.  
**Odiosamente**, adv. odiously, hatefully.

**Odióso**, adj. odious, hateful.  
**Odorífero**, adj. odoriferous; fragrant, sweet scented.  
**Odre**, s. m. a hog's or goat's skin dressed with the hair inward with pitch and rosin to carry wine, oil, or the like. — *Hincar un odre*, to blow a goat's skin full of wind, to try whether it is tight to hold liquor.  
**Odreçillo**, s. m. diminut. of *odre*.  
**Odrería**, s. f. the place where they make and sell the skins to carry wine.  
**Odrero**, s. m. he that makes the skins to carry wine in.  
**Odrina**, s. f. an ox's hide turned into an *odre*.  
**Oedieneno**, s. m. a sort of water-fowl which hunts rats at night.  
**Oenáthe**, s. f. a small bird a little bigger than a sparrow.  
**Oénas**, s. f. a sort of wild pigeon.  
**Oesnorvéste**, s. m. west-north-west.  
**Oesuduéste**, s. m. west-south-west.  
**Oéste**, s. m. west.  
**Oéste-suéste**, s. m. idem.  
**Ofendedor**, s. m. v. *Ofensor*.  
**Ofendér**, v. a. to offend, to injure, to make angry. — *Ofender a Dios*, to offend the laws of God. — *Ofenderse*, v. r. to resent an offence, to take offence.  
**Ofensa**, s. f. offence.  
**Ofensár**, v. a. vid. *Ofender*.  
**Ofensión**, s. f. hurt, trouble, mischief, offence.  
**Ofensivo**, adj. offensive.  
**Ofensor**, s. m. an offender.  
**Ofiérta**, s. f. an offer.  
**Ofiérto**, p. p. of *ofrecer*.  
**Ofertorio**, s. m. the offertory, that part in the mass where the priest offers up the sacrifice.  
**Oficial**, s. m. a handicraftsman, a tradesman, a workman, a journeyman; also an officer. *Oficial eclesiástico*, the person to whom the cognizance of causes is committed by such as have ecclesiastical jurisdiction.  
**Oficialázo**, s. m. an able workman.  
**Oficialéjo**, s. m. a little or a pitiful officer or workman.  
**Oficialia**, s. f. officialty, the charge or post of an official.  
**Oficiár**, v. a. to officiate. — *Oficiár una misa*, to officiate, to help to sing mass.  
**Oficina**, s. f. a shop or work-house.

**Oficio**, s. m. an office, a trade, an employment. Also the office of the church, or the divine office.  
**Oficiosidad**, s. f. officiousness, diligence and application to work.  
**Oficióso**, adj. officious; kind; doing good offices.  
**Ofrecedór**, s. m. he who makes offers.  
**Ofrecér**, v. a. to offer, to profess — *Ofrecerse*, v. r. to occur.  
**Ofrecimiento**, s. m. offer, an offering.  
**Ofrendár**, v. a. to make an offering.  
**Ofuscación**, s. f. } dimness  
**Ofusamiento**, s. m. } of sight, ofuscation.  
**Ofusár**, v. a. to ofuscate, to darken, to dim.  
**Ogáno**, adv. (obs.) this year, vide *Hogaño*.  
**Oible**, adj. audible, that may be heard.  
**Oído**, s. m. the sense of the hearing; also the drum of the ear. — *Hacer oídos de mercader*, not to give attention.  
**Oído**, s. m. one who hears; also a magistrate so called.  
**Oidoría**, s. f. the charge or post of *oidor*.  
**De Oídas**, adv. as it is reported.  
**Oír**, v. a. to hear; to give attention. — *Oír ver y callar*, to hear, to see and to be silent.  
**Ojal**, s. m. a button-hole, a loop.  
**Ojaladéra**, s. f. she that makes button-holes.  
**Ojaladura**, s. f. the whole range of button holes in a suit of cloaths.  
**Ojalár**, v. n. to make button-holes.  
**Ojáncó**, s. m. that has but one eye.  
**Ojár**, v. a. (obs.) to look attentively.  
**Ojázo**, s. m. a great eye.  
**Ojeada**, s. f. the cast of an eye upon any thing.  
**Ojeár**, v. a. to eye, to cast an eye upon any thing; also to wink.  
**Ojeó**, s. m. a cast of an eye; among sportsmen, the act of looking out sharp for their game.  
**Ojera**, s. f. pl. the deep streaks or furrows under the eye, caused by sickness, want of sleep, or the like.  
**Ojeriza**, s. f. ill-will, a grudge, malice.

**Ojerudo**, adj. that has wrinkles or furrows under his eyes.

**Ojete**, s. m. an eyelet-hole.

**Ojetear**, v. n. to make eyelet-holes.

**Ojetera**, s. f. a piece of cloth put to give greater strength to some part of a garment.

**Ojalégre**, adj. gay-eyed.

**Ojinegro**, adj. black-eyed.

**Oj zaino**, adj. squint-eyed.

**Ojizarco**, adj. blue-eyed.

**Ojo**, s. m. the eye; also the sight.

**Ojo!** an interj. beware, take care.—*Ojo de aguja*, the eye of a needle.—*Ojo de buey*, the herb ox-eye, may-weed.—*Ojo de chivo*, a sort of fish.—*Ojo de puente*, the arch of a bridge.—*Ojo de red*, the mesh of a net.—*Ojo de molino*, the channel or passage, that conveys the water to the mill-wheel.

**Tener sobre el ojo**, to keep a strict eye upon, also to envy.—**Tener sangre en el ojo**, to stand upon one's reputation, to be nice in points of honour.

**Poner los ojos en alérgo**, to take a kindness to a man.—**Dar de ojos**, to fall upon one's face.

**Comprar a ojo**, to buy by the eye.—**Abrir el ojo**, to open the eye; that is, to be upon one's guard, to observe, to watch.

**Tener ojo en una cosa**, to have an eye upon a thing, to take care of it.—**Valer un ojo**, to be worth an eye; to be excessive dear.—**Mirar de mal ojo**, to look upon with an ill eye, to have no kindness.

**Cerrar el ojo**, to die.—**En un abrir y cerrar de ojos**, in the twinkling of an eye.—**Hasta los ojos**, up to the eyes; plunged in as deep as he can.—**No me digo**, negro has el ojo, he did not say, black is your eye; that is, he spoke not a word to me.—**Prov. Ojos que no ven**, corazón no quebranta, eyes that do not see, do not break the heart; what the eyes do not see the heart does not rue.—**Prov. Ojos hai que de lagañas se enmarcan**, there are eyes that fall in love with blairs; one man is fond of what others loath.—**Prov. El ojo limpiale con el codo**, rub your eye with your elbow; that is, not at all.—**Prov. Lo que con el ojo se ve**, con el d. do se advierte, what the eye sees, the finger

can divine; that is, things visible, plain, or easy, need no divination or conjuring, or making a mystery of them, as some people do.—**Prov. De quien pone los ojos en el suelo**, no fies tu dinero do not trust your money to one who always looks upon the ground; do not trust those who make much outward show of sanctity.—**Prov. Lo que ojos no ven**, corazón no desea, what the eye does not see, the heart does not covet.—**Prov. Ojos que ven no envejecen**, eyes that see, do not grow old; that is, seeing and diverting one's self, keeps off old age.—**Quen levas de ojos**, tan levas de corazón, as far from the eyes, so far from the heart. Out of sight, out of mind.—**Prov. Quien quiere ojo sano**, ose la mano, he that will have a sound eye, must tie up his hand; that is, must not handle it.—**Prov. Mas ven quatro ojos que no dos**, four eyes see more than two. Two heads are better than one.

**Ojota**, s. f. a sort of shoes used by women in America, made of wool or rushes.

**Ojito**, s. m. a nickname for a wife.

**Ojudo**, great-eyed.

**Ojuelo**, s. m. a little eye.—**Ojuelo**, pl. spectacles.

**Ola!** an interjection, vid. *Hola!*

**Ola!** s. f. a wave.

**Oleada**, s. f. a great wave.—**Oleadas**, the motions of the mind.

**Oleaginosidad**, s. f. oiliness.

**Oleaginoso**, adj. full of oil.

**Olear**, v. a. to oil, to anoint with oil, to give the sacrament of extreme unction to a dying person; also to wave or move as the waves do.

**Oleario**, adj. full of oil, oily.

**Oleaza**, s. f. the water remaining after the oil is pressed out.

**Ocranón**, s. m. a prominent bone in the elbow.

**Oledero**, adj. giving scent.

**Oledor**, s. m. a sneller.

**Oleo**, s. m. (obs.) oil.

**Oleomié**, s. m. an oil oozing out of a tree in Syria mentioned by Pliny.

**Oleoso**, adj. oily, unctuous.

**Olér**, v. a. to smell.—**Olér**, to be like, to resemble, to appear; also to suspect any thing se-

cret.—**Olér**, to peep, to observe curiously.

**Oleata**, s. m. the smell, the sense of smelling.

**Oligarchia**, s. f. oligarchy, a commonwealth governed by a few.

**Oligárichico**, adj. oligarchic, belonging to an oligarchy.

**Olio**, s. m. oil; only used to signify the sacrament of extreme unction, or any holy oil.

**Oliscar**, v. a. to smell about as a dog does; also to make an enquiry or examination; also to begin to stink. (Metaph.) to inquire to endeavour to know any thing.

**Oliva**, s. f. an olive, so called in some parts.

**Olivar**, s. f. an olive garden.—**Olivar**, v. r. to raise in bubbles; said of bread that so rises in the oven when the dough has cooled too much.

**Olivera**, s. f. the place where the olive-trees grow.

**Oivo**, s. m. an olive-tree.

**Olla**, s. f. a pot to boil meat in; the meat boiled in the pot; also the stomach.—**Ollas de fuego**, fire pots used in war to throw to the enemies.—**Olla podrida**, a dish so called, which consists of beef and many other things boiled together.—**Olla de la garganta**, the month of the stomach.—**Prov. Cada día olla**, amarga el caldo, every day boiled meat makes the broth taste bitter. Too much of one thing is good for nothing.

**Ollaza**, s. f. a great pot.

**Ollazo**, s. m. a blow given with a pot.

**Olléjo**, s. m. v. *Hollejo*.

**Oleria**, s. f. the potters street, or shop.

**Ollero**, s. m. a potter.

**Ollica**, } s. f. dimin. of olla.

**Ollilla**, }

**Olluella**, }

**Olmeda**, s. f. a grove of elm-trees.

**Olmiello**, s. m. a little elm.

**Olmo**, s. m. an elm-tree.

**Olór**, s. m. smell.

**Olorcillo**, s. m. diminutive of olor.

**Oloroso**, that has a scent; always taken for a good one, unless ironically spoken.

**Olvidadero**, } adj. forgetful.

**Olvidadizo**, }

**Olvidar**, v. to forget.—**Ol-**



*vidérse*, v. r. to forget one's self.

*Olvido*, s. m. forgetfulness.

*Olympíada*, s. f. an olympiad, the space of four years, at the end of which were the olympick games in Greece.

*Olympico*, adj. olympick.

*Olympo*, s. m. the top or summit of any thing.

*Ombígo*, s. m. the navel; also the middle of any thing.—*Ombígo de Venus*, the herb pennywort.

*Ombiguéro*, s. m. a little band they put upon the new-born children's navel.

*Ombiguillo*, s. m. a little navel.

*Oméga*, s. f. the end of any thing.

*Omental*, adj. belonging to the midriff.

*Oménto*, s. m. midriff.

*Omicrón*, s. m. the name of the letter *O* in Greek.

*Ominár*, v. a. to ominate, to foretoken.

*Ominoso*, adj. ominous, inauspicious.

*Omisión*, s. f. an omission.

*Omitir*, v. a. to omit.

*Omiso*, adj. omitted: also uncaredful, negligent.

*Omninodo*, adj. general.

*Omnipotencia*, s. f. almighty power, omnipotence.

*Omnipotente*, adj. omnipotent, almighty.

*Omnipotentemente*, adv. omnipotently.

*Omoplátos*, s. m. the omoplate, the shoulder blade.

*Omphacino*, adj. *Azule omphacino*, oil of green olives.

*Omphacomeli*, s. m. a sort of wine made of green grapes and good honey; it is good to strengthen the stomach.

*Onagra*, s. m. a plant or shrub so called.

*Onagro*, s. m. a wild ass.

*Once*, eleven.—*Once mil*, eleven thousand; also (in cant) a coat of mail.

*Onceár*, v. a. to weigh or give by ounces.

*Oncejera*, s. f. a sort of snare used to catch small birds.

*Onceno*, adj. eleventh.

*Onda*, s. f. a wave.

*Onde*, adv. (obs.) wherefore.

*Ondear*, v. a. to wave as the sea does.

*Ondoso*, adj. full of waves.

*Oneroso*, adj. onerous, burdensome, oppressive.

*Onobríche*, s. f. a plant so called.

*Onocrotálo*, s. m. a bird so called.

*Onomancia*, s. f. the art of divining by the names of persons.

*Onomástico*, adj. belonging to the art of divining by means of persons names.

*Onomatopéia*, s. f. a figure in rhetoric, when a name is given to a thing from the sound it makes.

*Onósma*, s. f. a plant so called.

*Onústo*, adj. charged, loaded.

*Onýche*, s. f. a gem called onyx

*Onza*, s. f. an ounce; also a fierce beast, called a panther or ounce.

*Opacamente*, adv. obscurely, darkly.

*Opacidad*, s. f. shade, shadiness.

*Opáco*, adj. opaque, dark, obscure.

*Opálo*, s. m. a precious stone of various colours.

*Opción*, s. f. option, choice, election.

*Ópera*, s. f. an intricate and tedious work.—*Ópera*, an opera.

*Operación*, s. f. operation.

*Operár*, v. a. to work.

*Operár o*, s. m. a workman.

*Operativo*, adj. operative.

*Operoso*, adj. what costs much labour.

*Ophthálmia*, s. f. an inflammation on the eye.

*Ophthálmico*, adj. inflammatory.

*Opíata*, s. f. opiate, a medicine that causes sleep.

*Opilación*, s. f. an obstruction, the green-sickness.

*Opilár*, v. a. to cause obstruction.

*Opimo*, adj. rich, fertile, abundant.

*Opínable*, adj. that may be thought or supposed.

*Opinar*, v. n. to be of opinion.

*Opinático*, adj. opinionated, conceited, fond of his opinion, positive opinion.

*Opinión*, s. f. opinion.

*Opinioncita*, s. f. dimin of *opinion*.

*Ópio*, s. m. the well-known soporifick, called opium.

*Opipáro*, adj. splendid, copious, said of a banquet.

*Opitulación*, s. f. (obs.) help, succour, assistance.

*Opobalsámo* s. m. the balsam that is made by boiling the

leaves and bark of the trees, which distill the balsam, not so valuable as that which distills by incision.

*oponer*, v. a. to oppose, to set against, to contradict, to argue against.—*Oponérse a una cátedra o beneficio*, to vie with another for a professorship or a benefice.

*Opoponáco*, s. m. the juice of the herb called *panar Heraclei*.

*Oportunamente*, adv. opportunely, conveniently, seasonably.

*Oportunidad*, s. f. opportunity.

*Oportúno*, adj. opportune, convenient, seasonable.

*Oposición*, s. f. opposition.

*Opósito*, adj. opposite.

*Opósitor*, s. m. an opposer.

*Opresión*, s. f. oppression.

*Opreso*, adj. oppressed.

*Opresór*, s. m. an oppressor.

*Oprimir*, v. a. to oppress.

*Opróbrio*, s. m. a reproach.

*Opár*, v. a. to choose, to select.

*Optativo*, s. m. the optative in grammar.

*Óptica*, s. f. the science of opticks.

*Óptico*, adj. optick, belonging to opticks.—*Ópticos nervios*, the optick nerves, which are the instruments of sight.

*Optimamente*, adv. very well.

*Óptimo*, adj. very good.

*Opuestamente*, adv. with opposition.

*Opuesto*, p. p. opposite, or opposed.—*Opuesto*, s. m. the opposite, the contrary, a competitor.

*Opugnación*, s. f. an oppugning or opposing.

*Opugnado*, da, p. p. from *Opugnar*.

*Opugnador*, s. m. an oppugner, or opposer.

*Opugnar*, v. a. to oppugn, or opposer.

*Opulencia*, s. f. wealth, plenty, abundance. *Latin*.

*Opulentamente*, adv. wealthy, plentifully.

*Opulento*, adj. wealthy, rich, plentifully.

*Opusculó*, s. m. a little work.

*Opúsculo*, s. m. a short compendious writing, or composition.

*Opymácho*, s. m. a small bird who fights against serpents.

*Oquedad*, s. f. hollowiness, concavity.—*Oquedal*, s. m. a hill covered with high trees.

**Oguera**, s. f. a fault or knot in the thread.

**Oración**, s. f. prayer, oration, speech.—*Prov.* *Oración de perro no va al cielo*, a dog's prayer does not go to heaven. The prayers of the wicked do not prevail.—*La oración breve, sube al cielo*, a short prayer ascends to heaven.

**Oracional**, s. m. a prayer-book.

**Oráculo**, s. m. an oracle.

**Orada**, s. f. a fish so-called.

**Orador**, s. m. an orator.

**Orar**, v. n. to pray; also to make a speech.

**Orate**, s. m. a fool.

**Oratoria**, s. f. oratory, rhetoric.

**Oratoriamente**, adj. in a rhetorical style.

**Oratorio**, s. m. an oratory, a little chapel or private place of prayer.

**Orbayar**, v. n. to fall as the dew does.

**Órbe**, s. m. the world; a sphere; or circle; a planet; a sort of fish.

**Orbedad**, s. f. privation of parents.

**Orbicular**, adj. orbicular, circular.

**Órbita**, s. f. the orbit of a planet.

**Órca**, s. f. a vast fabulous fish.

**Orchestra**, s. f. orchestra, the place where the musicians sit at a public shew.

**Oreo**, s. m. the same as *area*.

**Orden**, s. m. order, method, row, rank, dignity, religious order.—*Dar orden*, to order, to direct.—*Estar en orden*, to be ready, to be in order.—*Guardar orden*, to obey orders.—*Ir en orden*, to march in order.—*Orden de religión*, a religious order of friars, monks, or other persons dedicated to the service of God.—*Orden militar*, a military order, order of knighthood.—*Ordenes*, s. m. holy orders, as. priesthood, deaconship, &c.

**Ordenadamente**, adv. orderly.

**Ordenador**, s. m. an orderer.

**Ordenamiento**, s. m. an ordering, or an ordinance; also the title of a volume of the laws of Spain.

**Ordenanza**, s. f. an ordinance, or decree; also the militia.

**Ordenar**, v. a. to order, to ordain, to institute, to appoint; also to give ecclesiastical orders.

**Ordenar**, v. a. to milk; (metaph.) to enjoy any thing by degrees.

**Ordenado**, adj. milked.—*Azeyting ordenado*, an olive that has been pressed.

**Ordenador**, s. m. he who milks the cows.

**Ordidura**, s. f. vid. *Urdidura*.

**Ordienbre**, s. m. vide *Urdienbre*.

**Ordinal**, adj. ordinal, following in order.

**Ordinariamente**, adv. commonly, frequently, regularly.

**Ordinario**, adj. ordinary, usual.—*Ordinario*, s. m. the daily expence; also ordinary of a place in spirituals.

**Ordir**, v. a. vide *Urdir*.

**Oreade**, s. f. nymph of the mountains.

**Oreár**, v. a. to air.

**Oreer**, v. a. to turn into gold.

**Oregano**, s. m. the herb origanum, a sort of wild marjoram.

**Oreja**, s. f. an ear.—*Oreja de ratón*, the herb called mouse-ear.—*Oreja de abad*, the herb kidney wort; a pan-cake.—*Oreja de escudilla*, the ear or handle of a porringer.—*Dar orejas*, to hearken, to listen, to give ear.—*Baxar las orejas*, f. (metaph.) to be humble.—*Haber visto las orejas al lobo*, f. to have been in danger.—*Mojor la oreja*, f. (metaph.) to conquer.—*Cerrar las orejas*, to refuse to give ear.—*Hacer orejas de mercader*, to take no notice of what is said.—*No vale sus orejas llenas de agua*, it is good for nothing.—*Prov.* *Consejo de oreja no vale una oreja*, counsel whispered in the ear is not worth a pea.

**Oreja**, v. r. to wag the ears.

**Orejeras**, s. f. pl. something to screen the ears from cold.

**Orejón**, s. m. a great ear, or one that has great ears; a pull on the ear; also a peach or melocoton dried in slices.

*Orjón de baluarte*, an orillon, a mass of earth faced with wall, advancing beyond the shoulder of a bastion.

**Orejudo**, adj. that has great ears.

**Oreja**, s. m. an airing. the pleasant temperate air.

**Oreja**, s. m. (obs.) a goldsmith.

**Orejiveria**, s. m. the goldsmith's work or trade.

**Organero**, s. m. one that makes sells organs.

**Organico**, adj. belonging to the organs.

**Organico**, } s. m. a small organ.  
**Organillo**, } gan.

**Organito**, s. m. a small organ.

**Organista**, s. m. an organist, one that plays on the organs, or that makes them.

**Organización**, s. f. organization; construction in which the parts are so disposed as to be subservient to each other.

**Organizar**, v. a. to tune the organ to a voice; to organize, to proportion, to place in parts and proportion.

**Órgano**, s. m. an organ; the organs of the body.

**Orgulleza**, s. f. (obs.) } haughtiness.  
**Orgullo**, s. m. } tiness, pride, arrogance.

**Orgullosamente**, adv. haughtily, proudly, arrogantly.

**Orgulloso**, adj. haughty, proud; arrogant.

**O'ri**, (in cant) a call; as, boy, hey, (or the like.)

**Oricalco**, s. m. a fine mixture of metals, orichalc, brass.

**Oriental**, adj. oriental, of the east, eastern.—*Perla oriental*, an oriental pearl, a bright, fair, beautiful pearl.

**Oriente**, s. m. the east.

**Orificio**, s. m. (obs.) a goldsmith's office, s. m. orifice, any opening or perforation.

**Origen**, s. m. the origin, rise, original, beginning of any thing.

**Original**, adj. original, subst. used, an original.—*Pecado original*, original sin.—*Procedo original*, the original proceedings in a law-suit.

**Originalmente**, adv. originally.

**Originar**, v. a. to cause, to affect.—*Originarse*, v. r. to take its origin from.

**Originario**, adj. originary, productive, primitive.

**Orilla**, s. f. a brink, edge, border of a thing; skirt, the sea shore, the bank of a river, a bed's side.—*Orilla*, a cold bleak wind.—*Prov.* *Nadar, nadar, y a la orilla ahogar*, to swim and swim, and be drowned at the bank side; to go through all difficulties, and be disappointed in the conclusion.

**Orillar**, v. n. to draw to the sides, brinks, or edges; and only when they clear any place



- where there is a multitude of people, and they make them retire to the sides.
- Orillo**, s. m. the list of cloth.
- Orin**, s. m. rust.
- Orina**, s. f. urine.
- Orinal**, s. m. an urinal or chamber-pot.
- Orinar**, v. n. to make water.
- Orinar**, v. n. to grow rusty.
- Oriniento**, adj. rusty.
- Orinque**, s. m. the anchor cable in a ship.
- Oriol**, s. m. a little bird so called.
- Orion**, s. m. a celestial northern constellation.
- O'ria**, s. f. a skirt, a border, an edging. In heraldry, an orle or border about a coat.
- Orlador**, s. m. one that borders or edges.
- Orladura**, s. f. border, edge, hem.
- Orlár**, v. a. to border, to edge.
- O'rlo**, s. m. a musical wind instrument like a shepherd's crook.
- Ormesi**, s. m. the thin silk we call sarsnet.
- Ornadamente**, adj. with ornament, in an adorned manner.
- Ornamento**, s. m. ornament.
- Ornar**, v. a. to adorn.
- Ornato**, s. m. ornament.
- O'ro**, s. m. gold.—*Oro potable*, potable gold, a chemical preparation so called.—*Oro obrizo*, the purest gold.—*Oro de vita*, such gold as leather is gilt with, or the like.—*Oro guaní*, base low gold, that has an alloy of silver.—*Oro de riol*, gold in ingots.—*Oro en polvo*, gold dust, as it is found in the rivers.—*Oró en pasta*, gold in bars or ingots.—*Prometer montes de oro*, to promise mountains of gold; to promise much, and perform nothing.—*Prov. No es todo oro lo que reluce*, all is not gold that glitters.—*P'go de oro*, fam. a learned person; or eloquent speaker.
- Orobias**, s. m. pl. a sort of incense, or gum.
- Órbes**, s. m. gold or silver lace.
- Orondado**, adj. having the appearance of waves.
- Orondadura**, s. f. diversity of colours in the form of waves.
- Orondo**, adj. haughty, full of pride.
- Óropel**, s. m. tinsel.—*Gastar mucho oropel*, i' (metaph.) to boast of any thing that you have not.
- Orópéndola**, s. f. the bird called a witwall.
- Orópimente**, s. m. orpiment.
- Óros**, s. pl. the suit of diamonds in cards.
- Oroziz**, s. f. liquorice.
- Orphandad**, s. f. privation of father and mother, orphanism.
- Órphano**, s. m. the young one who has neither father or mother, an orphan.
- Órphano**, adj. fatherless and motherless.
- Órtiga**, s. f. a kind of quail.
- Órtica**, s. f. vide *Hortera*.
- Orthodoxo**, adj. orthodox, sound in opinion or doctrine, not heretical.
- Orthogonio**, s. m. an orthogon, a rectangle figure.
- Orthographia**, s. f. orthography, that part of grammar that teaches how words should be spelled.
- Orthográfico**, adj. orthographical, relating to orthography.
- Orthographo**, s. m. an orthographer, one who spells according to the rules of grammar.
- Ortiga**, s. f. a nettle; also a sort of fish.—*Ser como unas ortigas*, f. to be as severe as a nettle.—*Es mas aspero que una ortiga*, f. fam. he is sharper than a nettle.
- Órtivo**, adj. ortive; said of the rising of stars.
- O'rto**, s. m. the ascension or rising of any planet.
- Óruga**, s. f. an herb called rocket; also a caterpillar; also a sort of worm growing upon herbs in gardens.
- Órulo**, s. m. the husk of the grapes after the wine is pressed out of them.
- O'za**, s. f. a sort of earthen ware.—*Ir a óza*, to tack about to sail against the wind.
- Orzár**, v. n. to sail against the wind.
- Orzuelo**, s. m. a pimple growing upon the eye-lid; also a snare to catch birds with.
- Os**, [for *vos*] you; as, *Yo os digo*, I tell you.
- O'sa**, s. f. a she-bear.
- Osadamente**, adv. boldly.
- Osadía**, adv. *A osadías*, purposefully, designedly; also boldly.
- Osadia**, s. f. boldness, courage.
- Ósado**, adj. bold, courageous.
- Osaménta**, s. f. the whole frame of the bones of a body.
- Osár**, v. n. to dare.
- Osario**, s. m. the charnel, the place where the bones are kept.
- Oscilación**, s. f. oscillation; the act of moving forwards and backwards.
- Oscilancia**, s. f. carelessness.
- O'sculo**, s. m. a kiss.
- Oséra**, s. f. a bear-garden, a place to keep bears; a bear's den.
- Oséro**, s. m. a bear-herd.
- Osésno**, s. m. the bear's cub.
- Osifriga**, s. f. a kind of eagle so called.
- O'silla**, s. f. a little she-bear.
- Osillo**, s. m. a little he-bear or cub.
- Osina**, s. f. a bird so called.
- O'so**, s. m. a bear.
- Ostensión**, s. f. shew.
- Ostensivo**, adj. that may be shewn, ostensive.
- Ostentación**, s. f. ostentation.
- Ostentado**, adj. proud, haughtily.
- Ostentár**, v. n. to carry one's self proudly or haughtily.
- Ostento**, s. m. (obs.) any thing that happens contrary to the ordinary course of nature, and is supposed to foreshew something to come, either bad or good.
- Ostentoso**, adj. sumptuous, magnificent, of great appearance or show.
- Osteología**, s. f. osteology, the art of knowing the bones.
- Ostíario**, s. m. a box to keep the wafers in that are to be consecrated.
- Ostiatim**, adv. from door to door.
- O'stra**, s. f. an oyster.
- Ostracismo**, s. m. the ostracism, a law the Athenians had.
- Ostrera**, s. f. an oyster-bed.
- O'stra**, s. m. the south wind.
- Ostúgo**, s. m. hole, corner, nook or cranny.
- Ósúdo**, adj. bony, big-boned.
- O'stride**, s. f. a plant so called.
- Otacusta**, s. m. a spy, a mischief-maker, a make-bate.
- Otañes**, s. m. a lady's footman.
- Otar**, v. a. vide *Otear*.
- Oteado**, da, p. p. from *otear*.
- Oteador**, s. m. a spy, an observer, a watcher.
- Oteár**, v. a. to spy; to observe, to watch from a high place.
- Otero**, s. m. a hill.—*Prov. Si*

*na en el otéro a Mahoma, vája Mahima al otéro*, if the mountain will not go to Mahomet, let Mahomet go to the mountain; if we cannot do as we would, we must do as we can.  
**Othóna**, s. f. a plant so called.  
**O'to**, s. m. a bird so called.  
**Otonaría**, s. f. harvest, harvest time; autumn time, vintage time.  
**Otoñal**, adj. of, or belonging to autumn.  
**Otoñar**, v. a. to work at the harvest or vintage, as is done in autumn.  
**Otoñero**, adj. of, or belonging to harvest, vintage, or autumn.  
**Otoño**, s. m. autumn.  
**Otorgada**, s. f. a maid that is promised by her friends to the friends of him she is to marry.  
**Otorgados**, s. m. pl. two that are promised in marriage.  
**Otorgamiento**, s. m. a grant.  
**Otorgante**, s. m. he that grants.  
**Otorgar**, v. a. to grant.  
**Otraménte**, adv. (obs.) otherwise.  
**Otravéz**, adv. another time; again.  
**O'tro**, adj. another.  
**Otrosí**, adv. item, also.—*Otros tantos*, as much more.—*Otros tantos*, as many more.—*Otro día*, another day.  
**O'va**, s. f. a weed.  
**Ovación**, s. f. ovation.  
**Ovado**, } ad. oval.—*O váleme*  
**Oval**, } *Díos! O God help me!*  
**Ováo**, s. m. in geometry, the oval figure.  
**Ovâr**, v. n. to lay eggs.  
**Ovário**, s. m. in architecture, an ornament resembling eggs.  
**Ovecilla**, }  
**Ovecica**, } s. f. a little sheep.

**Ovecico**, s. m. (diminut. of *huevo*) a small egg.  
**Oveja**, s. f. a sheep, an ewe.—*Oveja meriña*, a sheep that has fine wool.—*Oveja burdalla*, a sheep that has coarse wool.—*Oveja colorá*, a sheep of little value, that will not pass in sale.—*Oveja lanpina*, a shorn sheep.—Prov. *Oveja que hála, bocádo pierde*, the sheep that bleats, loses a mouthful; too much talk is a loss of time.—Prov. *Entregar las ovejas al lobo*, to put the sheep into the hands of the wolf; that is, to put a person or business into such hands as shall endeavour its destruction.—Prov. *Oveja de muchos, libros se la comen*, the sheep that belongs to many is devoured by wolves; every body's business is no body's business.—Prov. *Cada oveja con su pareja*, every sheep with its match; that is, every one to his equal.  
**Ovejero**, s. m. a shepherd.  
**Ovejita**, } s. f. a little sheep.  
**Ovejuelo**, } —Prov. *Ovejuela de Dios, el diablo te trasquile*, little sheep of God, the devil shear you; meant of hypocrites.  
**Ovejuno**, adj. of, or belonging to sheep, sheepish.  
**Ovéra**, s. f. the knots of eggs in a hen's belly; in falconry, the feathers under a hawk's tail next the way she lays her egg.  
**Ovéro**, adj. of the colour eggs; substantively used, a cream-coloured horse.  
**Ovést**, s. m. the westerly wind.  
**Ovíl**, s. m. (in cant) a bed.—*Ovíl*, adj. belonging to a sheep or to a sheep-fold.

**Ovillar**, v. a. to wind up thread or the like into a bottom.  
**Ovillajo**, s. m. a dimin. of *ovillo*. Also, a sort of poetical composition so called.  
**Ovillo**, s. m. a bottom of thread, yarn, &c.—*Hacerse un ovillo*, to ruck up, to draw one's self up all together, like a ball or bottom of thread.  
**Ovipáro**, adj. oviparous, bringing forth eggs.  
**Ovispyllo**, s. m. the rump of a bird.  
**O'volo**, s. m. a term in architecture, the fourth member of the cornice, being a round moulding.  
**Ovoso**, adj. that has eggs.  
**Ox**, a word or sound used to drive away birds, or the like; as in English shue, shue.  
**Oxalá**, would to God.  
**Oxálme**, s. m. a sort of brine or pickle.  
**Oxeár**, v. n. to drive away birds.  
**Oxéo**, s. m. a frightening, scaring, or driving away birds or the like.  
**Oximáco**, s. m. a bird so called.  
**O'xe**, an exclamation upon any sudden pain or surprize.—*O'xe pito!* O whoreson! an exclamation, not only used in scorn, or to affront, but sometimes only by way of admiration.  
**Oxyacántha**, v. f. a shrub so called.  
**Oxymél**, s. m. a mixture of vinegar and honey.  
**Oxysácre**, s. m. a sauce made with milk, honey, and sugar.  
**Oxyente**, s. m. by-stander.  
**Oy**, adv. to-day; now.—*Oy día*, now a days.

## P.

**P** one of the consonants called mutes, pronounced in Spanish as in English.  
**Pabellón**, s. m. a pavilion, a tent; also a tent-bed.—*Pabellón*, the royal flag; also an harbour, a bower.  
**Pábilo**, s. m. the match of a candle.  
**Pablár**, v. a. to talk.

**Pábulo**, s. m. aliment, food.  
**Páca**, s. f. a bundle, a ball, a parcel packed up.—*Paca*, s. f. a small beast in Brasil, like a pig.  
**Pacádo**, }  
**Pacáto**, } adj. pacified, quieted.  
**Pacción**, s. f. v. Pacto,  
**Paccionár**, v. a. Pactar.  
**Pacedéro**, adj. that affords pas-

ture to animals. Said of a field.  
**Pacedúra**, s. f. pasture.  
**Pacér**, v. n. to feed, to grace.—Prov. *Con quien paces y no con quien naces*, love or respect those that maintain and feed you, those that are your true friends; not those among whom you were born.



Páces, pl. of paz.

Pachón, s. m. a heavy lumpyish man; also a hunting dog.

Pachorra, s. f. heaviness in men, slowness, sluggishness.

Paciencia, s. f. patience.

Paciente, adj. patient; subst. used, a patient or sick man; also one that is to suffer, or is to be executed. *In an ill sense, a bardash; ironically, a cuckold.*

Pacientemente, adv. patiently.

Pacificación, s. f. pacification.

Pacificador, s. m. pacifier, a peace-maker.

Pacificamente, adv. peaceably.

Pacificar, v. a. to pacify, to appease.

Pacífico, adj. peaceable.

Paco, s. m. an American animal so called.

Pactar, } v. a. to make a compact.

Pactear, } pact or agreement.

Pácto, s. m. contract, agreement.

Padecer, v. a. to suffer, to endure.

Padecimiento, s. m. suffering, enduring.

Padilla, s. f. a little frying-pan; also a sort of shovel like a baker's peel.

Padrastro, } s. m. a stepfather;

Padrastro, } a rising ground that overlooks a town or fortress, whence it may be battered.

—*Padrastro*, a soreness on the finger by the nail caused by the breaking of the skin.

Padre, s. m. a father. (In cant.) a cloak.—*Padres*, in the plural number, is always used for father and mother.—*Entre padres, y hermanos*, no metas tus narices, ref. intermingle not in the quarrels of relations.

Padrear, v. n. to resemble one's father, applied to the act of generation amongst cattle.

Padrino, s. m. a godfather.—*Padrino en desafío*, a second in a challenge, or in solemn challenges, he that conducts the combatant into the lists.—*Padrino de boda*, he that gives a woman in marriage.—*Padrinos*, pl. gossips.

Padrón, s. m. pattern, example.

Padron, s. m. a register, a roll of names; also a post or pillar on which they hang a proclamation, or engrave an inscription, as discoverers used to do in those countries they newly discovered.

Padronazgo, s. m. (obs.) v.

Patronato.

Padronero, s. m. (obs.) vide Patron.

Paga, s. f. pay, payment.

Pagador, s. m. the place of payment.—*Pagadero*, adj. payable, easy to pay.

Pagado, adj. satisfied, contented.

Pagador, s. m. a paymaster.—

Prov. *Al buen pagador no le duelen prendas*, a good paymaster is not in pain for his pawn.—Prov. *Del mal pagador si quiere una paja*, get what you can of an ill pay-master, though it be but a straw.

Pagaduría, s. f. a public place where money is paid.

Pagaménto, s. m. payment.

Paganismo, s. m. paganism.

Pagano, s. m. pagan; also a peasant.

Pagar, v. a. to pay.—*Pagar de contado*, f. to pay ready money.

Prov. *Paga lo que debes, y sabrás lo que tienes*, pay what you owe, and you'll know what you are worth.

Páge, s. m. a page; a boy.

Pagécico, } s. m. a little page.

Pagécillo, } s. m. a little page.

Pagécito, } s. m. a little page.

Pagel, s. m. a rocket-fish.

Pagezuélo, s. m. a little page.

Página, s. f. a page or side of a leaf in a book.

Págo, s. m. a farm rented by two or three persons.—*Págo*, s. m. payment; also a township.—*Pago de viñas*, a territory that is all vineyards.—*Carta de págo*, a receipt, an acquittance.

Pagote, s. m. a servant to a pimp or whore.

Paguro, s. m. a sort of little crab.

Paila, s. f. (obs.) a great bowl, pail, or such like vessel.

Pailón, s. m. (obs.) such large vessel.

Pairar, v. n. to stand still with the canvass spread; said of ships.

Pais, s. m. a region, a country; also a landscape.

Paisaje, s. m. a landscape.

Paisana, s. f. a sort of dance.

Paisanaje, s. m. the inhabitants of a country.

Paisano, adj. from the same country.

Pája, s. f. a straw.—*Ver la paja en el ojo ajeno, y no, ver la viga en el propio*, f. fam. to see the

straw in another's eye, and not the beam in thine own.—

*Paja triguera*, s. f. wheat straw.—*No dormirse en las pajas*, not to neglect business.—*Tomar la paja con el cogite*, to fall down backwards.—*En quitame allá esas pajas*, in a moment, in the turn of a hand.—*A lumbre de pajas*, slightly.—*No monta una paja*, it does not signify a straw.—Prov. *No paga o de heno, el jergon lleno*, the bed whether of hay or straw, so it be filled, no matter with what; a man must fill his belly if he has not dainties, with cold meat.

Pájada, s. f. chopt hay boiled in water with bran for horses that have a cold.

Pájado, adj. of a straw-colour.

Pajar, s. m. a straw-loft, a place to keep straw in.—Prov. *Pajar viejo presto enciende*, an old straw-loft soon takes fire; old men are soon angry.—Prov. *Deshacer crices en un pajar*, to part all straws that they may not lie across in a straw-loft; to be impudently nice and scrupulous; to seek a needle in a rick of hay.—Prov. *Pajar viejo quando se enciende, peor es de apagar que el verde*, an old straw-loft is worse to quench when it takes fire than that which is green.—Prov. *Viejo pajar malo de encender, peor es de apagar*, an old straw-loft is bad to take fire, and worse to be quenched; old age is not so fiery as youth, but once provoked, cannot be appeased.

Pajaril, s. m. a sea-term; our seamen call it large, when a ship goes neither by a wind, nor before a wind; but as it were betwixt both.

Pájaza, s. f. the coarse straw that is left by the horse or mule in eating.

Pajizo, adj. covered or made of straw; also straw-colour.

Pajuéla, s. f. a match to light a fire or candle with.

Pájaz, s. m. stubble, chaff.

Pala, s. f. a spade, a shovel, a scoop, a peel to set bread into the oven; (in cant.) a sharper.

*Pala de remo*, the blade of an oar.—*Pala de dientes*, a row of teeth that are scarce divided, but look as if they were all one entire bone.

**Palábra**, s. f. a word.—*Palabras mayores*, the worst of language, as calling a man rogue, thief, or the like; high words.—*Tomarle a uno la palabra*, to take a man at his word.—*Passar la palabra*, to give the word about, as sergeants do in the ring when the adjutant gives orders.—*Vender palabras*, to put one off with fair words.—*Dar palabra*, to give one's word, to promise.—*Quebrar su palabra*, to break one's word.—*Tener malas palabras con otro*, to be at hard words with another.—*Esto es mas que palabras*, this is more than bare words.—Prov. *No hay palabra mal dicha, si no fuere mal entendida*, no word is ill spoken, if it were not ill understood. For the most part words are worse taken, than they were meant.—Prov. *Al buen entendedor pocas palabras*, a word to the wise.—Prov. *Palabras, y plumas el viento las lleva*, words and feathers are carried away by the wind; that is, words are but wind.—Prov. *Palabras de santo y uñas de gato*, a saint's word, and a cat's claws. Said of hypocrites.—Prov. *No son palabras para mitia, que aun de las obras no se fia*, my aunt is not to be taken with words; for she scarce trusts to actions. To express that one is not to be deceived with fair words.—Prov. *A dos palabras tres porridas*, two words, and three blunders; said to those who talk much nonsense.—Prov. *A palabras locas, orejas sordas*, for mad words, deaf ears; that is, when people talk madly, they are not to be minded.—Prov. *Palabras señaladas no quieren testigos*, remarkable words require no witnesses; ill language will be remembered.—Prov. *Mas hiera mala palabra que espada a filada*, an ill word makes a worse wound than a cutting sword. Ill language is never forgiven.—Prov. *Mas apaga buena palabra, que caldera de agua*, a good word quenches more than a kettle of water; it allays anger.—Prov. *No habria palabra mala, si no fuere mal tomada*, there would be no ill word, if it were not taken ill.

**Palabrada**, s. f. ill language.

**Palabrero**, adj. talkative.

**Palabrilla**, s. f. a little word, an ill word, a word of no account.

**Palabrimuger**, s. m. a man that values his word no more than a woman.

**Palabrista**, s. m. a talkative man.

**Palabrita**, s. m. dimin. of *palabra*.

**Palaciano**, } s. m. a courtier.

**Palaciego**, }

**Palacio**, s. m. a palace. In some parts they call the hall of any house by this name.—*Señor hombre de palacio*, to be civil, well-behaved.—*Saber poco de palacio*, to be soon out of countenance.—*Echar una cosa a palacio*, to make no account of a thing.—*Hacer palacio*, to lay open, to discover what was concealed.

**Palácra**, } s. f. a bit of pure gold found in the bottom of mines.

**Paláda**, s. f. as much earth as one can take in a spade.

**Paladar**, s. m. the palate of the mouth; the sense of tasting.

*A medida, or a sabor de su paladar*, mod. adv. to his own taste; as you like.—*Pegarse la lengua al paladar*, f. to be very thirsty; (metaph.) to want words to explain one's self; to remain silent in conversation.—*Palidares*, s. m. a disease in the mouths of beasts.

**Paladear**, v. a. to taste or relish a thing.

**Paladeo**, s. m. the act of tasting or relishing.

**Paladin**, s. m. a paladine, a great soldier, a brave man.

**Paladinamente**, adv. (obs.) boldly, openly, bare-facedly.

**Paladino**, adj. parent, in the sight of all.

**Palafren**, s. m. a palfrey, a fine pad.

**Palafrenero**, s. m. a groom.

**Palamallo**, s. m. the hammer with which they used to strike the ball at the sport of pall-mall.

**Palamenta**, s. f. all the oars of a galley.—*Estar baxo de la palamenta*, f. (metaph.) to be under the power of another.

**Palanca**, s. f. a lever, a pole.—*Los de la palanca*, porters that carry burdens.

**Palancada**, s. f. a blow given with a pole.

**Palanciano**, s. m. (obs.) a courtier.

**Palangana**, s. f. a sort of oblong basin.

**Palanquera**, s. f. an enclosure, **Palanquero**, s. m. a porter that carries burthens.

**Palanqueta**, s. f. shot called cross bar, being a round ball, with an iron bar striking across the middle of it, and coming out about six or eight inches on both sides, fired at sea for spoiling of ropes, sails, yards, and masts.

**Palanquin**, s. m. a porter that carries burthens on a cowl-staff; a sort of chair or litter used in the eastern countries, and carried on men's shoulders; (in cant) a thief.

**Palatina**, s. f. a kind of neck-cloth made of furs, feathers, or the like, wore by ladies.

**Palatino**, s. m. a palatine, a lord that has a palatinate, or supreme jurisdiction.

**Palazo**, s. m. a blow with a shovel, or a shovelful of any thing.

**Palazón**, s. m. all the masts and yards of a ship.

**Palco**, s. m. a small scaffold.

**Paleador**, s. m. one who works with a spade.

**Palénque**, s. m. the lists to fight in, or any such place railed in; also a roller or lever to roll or lift any thing.

**Palénte**, adj. (obs.) pale.

**Paléro**, s. m. a ditcher, digger, delver.

**Paléstra**, s. f. a place for wrestling or other exercises.

**Paléta**, s. f. a tack to play at billiards; also a little piece of board with a handle to it, to play with a bowl on the ground, and drive it through a ring.—*Cabe de paléta*, the lying of the balls so near, that there is but just room to put the tack between th in.

*Paléta de espada*, the blade-bone of the shoulder.—*Paléta de estómago*, the mouth of the stomach.

**Palétero**, s. m. a rogue that banters or keeps in play one, while another robs him or picks his pocket.

**Paletilla**, s. f. a little billiard-tack, a little shovel; also the shoulder-bone.—*Levantarle a*



*uno lá paletilla*, f. (metaph.) to give great uneasiness.  
*Palétó*, s. m. a young deer with large horns.  
*Paletóque*, s. m. a jerkin with short skirts.  
*Pália*, s. f. a silk veil the priest puts about his shoulders on festivals.  
*Paliación*, s. f. palliation.  
*Paliadamente*, adv. with a palliation, in a palliated manner.  
*Paliár*, v. a. to palliate, to cloak, to disguise.  
*Paliativo*, } adj. palliative, that  
*Paliatório*, } disguises, that covers,  
*Palidéz*, s. f. paleness.  
*Pálido*, adj. pale, wan.  
*Palillero*, s. m. he that makes or sells toothpicks.  
*Palillo*, s. m. a little stick; also a bobbin to make lace with.—*Obra de palillo*, bobbin-work; also slight work of no strength, as if it were made of little sticks.—*Palillo*, a tooth-picker.  
*Palinodia*, s. f. a public retraction.  
*Pálio*, s. m. a canopy, a bishop's pall; also the goal at running. *Correr el pálio*, to run a race.  
*Palitóque*, s. m. a stick ill-cut, ill-formed, and small.  
*Paliza*, s. f. a drubbing, a cudgelling.  
*Palizada*, s. f. a palisade; a great wooden stake used in fortification; also the place palisaded, or the lists to fight in, or such like place.  
*Pálma*, s. f. the palm of the hand, the palm-tree; victory, glory, honour.—*Pálma Christi*, a plant so called.—*Pálma de áncra*, the muscle or sinew of the hip-joint.—*Pálma del caballo*, the quick sole of a horse's foot.—*Traher a uno en palmas*, to carry one on the palms of the hands; to take great care of him.—Prov. *Su alma en su palma*, his soul in the palm of his hand; a man may dispose of himself at will.  
*Palmada*, s. f. a stroke with the palm of the hand.  
*Palmadica*, } s. f. diminut. of  
*Palmadilla*, } *palmada*.  
*Palmár*, s. m. a grove of date trees.—*Palmár*, adj. that is a span long.  
*Palmatoria*, s. f. a ferule, such as they use at school to strike boys on the hands.

*Palmeár*, v. n. to clap with the hands; (in cant) to whip.  
*Palménta*, s. f. (in cant) a letter.  
*Palmentéro*, s. m. (in cant) a letter-carrier.  
*Palmero*, s. m. (obs.) a pilgrim.  
*Palméta*, s. f. a ferule to chastise children with.  
*Palmilla*, s. f. a sort of coarse cloth.  
*Palmíto*, s. m. the branch of the palm-tree.—*Estár vestido como un palmíto*, to have many clothes on.  
*Pálmo*, s. m. a span.—*A maravedí el pálmo*, very cheap.—*Jugar al pálmo*, to play at span-farthing.—*Tenér una tierra medida a palmos*, to know every foot of a country.  
*Palmoteár*, v. a. vid. *Palmear*.  
*Pálo*, s. m. stick, cudgel, staff, a piece of timber or of wood; also a stroke with a stick or cudgel.—*Pálo de soto*, a hedge-stake.—*Pálo de respeto*, a jury-mast, being commonly a main or fore-yard, set up instead of a mast lost in storm or fight, to get the ship to port.—*Dár de pálos*, to cudgel.—*Estár puesto en quítro pálos*, to be set upon four poles; that is, to be hanged and quartered.  
*Paloma*, s. f. a female dove.—*Paloma zurrina*, s. f. a wild pigeon.—*Paloma torcaz*, s. f. a ring-dove.  
*Palomár*, s. m. a dove-house.—Prov. *Anda la gata en el palomár*, the cat is in the dove-house; a man is got among the women.  
*Palomaleza*, } s. f. a poor little  
*Palomariégua*, } pigeon.  
*Palomera*, s. f. an open place exposed to all wind and weather.  
*Palomeria*, s. f. the sport of killing doves.  
*Palomero*, adj. applied to a dart with which they kill wild pigeons.  
*Palomilla*, s. m. the herb fumitory; also a little dove. "In horses and mules, is what we called hog-backed; that is, a rising on the back."  
*Palomina*, s. f. idem; also pigeon's dung.  
*Palomino*, s. m. a young pigeon.  
*Palomita*, s. f. }  
*Palomito*, s. m. } a little pigeon.  
*Palómo*, s. m. a male dove; (in cant) a dunce.—*Palómo*

*calzado*, a rough-footed pigeon.  
*Palóm*, s. m. (in blasonry) a streamer.  
*Palotada*, s. f. a stroke on a drum.  
*Palóte*, s. m. (in cant) a clumsy clownish fellow.—*Palotes*, s. m. pl. short small sticks, like drum-sticks.—*Perico el de los palótes*, a fool that used to go about drumming with two little drum-sticks.  
*Palpáble*, adj. palpable, to be felt; clear, evident, patent.  
*Palpablemente*, adv. palpably.  
*Palpadura*, s. f. } the act of  
*Palmiénto*, s. m. } feeling.  
*Palpár*, v. a. to feel; also to know evidently.  
*Pálpebra*, s. f. the eye-lid.  
*Palpitación*, s. f. palpitation, beating of the heart.  
*Palpitár*, v. n. to beat as the heart or the pulse does; to pant as one out of breath.  
*Pálta*, s. f. a fruit like a pear, so called.  
*Páto*, s. m. a kind of pear-tree, so called.  
*Palúde*, s. f. a marsh, a morass.  
*Paludoso*, adj. marshy, boggy.  
*Palumbario*, adj. an epithet applied to the hawk that catches wild pigeons.  
*Palurdo*, adj. rustic, clownish, uncouth.  
*Palústre*, idem.  
*Pampána*, s. f. a vine-leaf.—*Zurrar la pampána*, f. fam. to beat any one.  
*Pampanada*, s. f. the juice or sap pressed out of the young shoots of vines; those same shoots dressed and eaten like asparagus.  
*Pampauage*, s. m. abundance of vine-leaves or tendrils.  
*Pampanár*, s. m. vid. *Empañada*.  
*Pampanilla*, s. f. a dress used by the Americans.  
*Pampanillo*, s. m. a little vine-branch.  
*Pámpano*, s. m. a tendril, a vine-branch.  
*Pampanoso*, adj. full of vine-branches.  
*Pamphilo*, s. m. they give this name to a handsome fellow that is somewhat foolish.  
*Pamprolada*, s. f. a sauce so called.  
*Pamplilla*, s. f. a plant so called.  
*Pamplina*, s. f. a plant so called.

Pamposádo, adj. (obs.) lazy, idle, unwilling to stir.

Pampringáda, s. f. a sop in the pan.

Pan, s. m. bread, corn, a loaf, pl. *panes*, which means the corn in the field, and also loaves. See Panes.—*Pan de leche*, manchet bread.—*Pan granzoso*, coarse bread with the bran in it.—*Pan leonado*, leavened bread.—*Pan candéal*, or *candial*, white bread.—*Pan de sômas*, household bread.—*Pan reciente*, new bread.—*Pan de póya*, bread made of several sorts of dough.—*Pan hîzo*, brown bread.—*Pan cencéño*, unleavened bread.—*Pan de acemite*, the finest white bread.—*Pan de borôna*, bread made of a small sort of grain, and eaten only by the poorest people.—*Pan esponjoso*, light spongy bread.—*Pan de especiâs*, gingerbread.—*Pan deolo*, a cake made of the finest flour, sugar, eggs, and orange-flower water, well beaten together.—*Pan cuchillo*, the herb wild purslain.—*Pan y quesillo*, an herb so called.—*Pan porcino*, the herb called sow-bread.—*Pan de higos*, a mass of figs and almonds pressed together in the form of a loaf.

*Pan floreado*, bread of the finest flour.—*Pan de azúcar*, a sugar-loaf.—*Pan de rosas*, a cake of roses.—*Pan de xabón*, a cake or great piece of hard soap.—*Pan de oro*, a mass of solid gold.—*Pan mal cocido*, ill-baked bread; (metaph.) an ungrateful man.—*Pan perdido*, lost bread; an idle fellow.—*A pan y cuchillo*, at bed and board.—*No se le cueze el pan*, his bread does not digest; he is restless and unquiet.—*Del pan y del palo*, a bit and a knock.—*No comer el pan de valde*, to earn one's bread.—*Comer el pan de los niños*, to eat the children's bread; that is, to rob one's ward.—*Con su pan se lo coma*, let him eat it with his bread; that is, let him take it for his pains; much good may it do him; said when a man does any thing amiss, and we will not concern ourselves with it.—*Pan por pan, y vino por vino*, to speak plain.—Prov. *A rita de pan buenas son tortas*,

cake is good for want of bread. A hard shift to eat pie-crust instead of bread.—Prov. *Aun dura el pan de la boda*, the wedding-loaf lasts still; that is, it is honey-moon still.—Prov. *El pan comido, la compañía, deshêcha*, as soon as the bread is eaten, the company is broke up. No longer pipe, no longer dance.—Prov. *Al enhornar se hâcen los panes, tuertos*, the loaves are made awry when they are put into the oven.—Man is corrupted in his youth. Prov. *Váya con Diós que un pan me lleve*, fare him well, he carries away a loaf of mine. So they say when a creditor dies or runs away; or when a man has cheated another.—Prov. *Por mucho pan nunca mal año*, much corn never makes a bad year. Plenty is God's blessing.—Prov. *A pan duro diénte agudo*, a sharp tooth to hard bread. Diamond must cut diamond.—Prov. *A poco pan tomar primero*, where there is little bread, cut first. It is good to be before-hand at short commons.—Prov. *A quien no le sobra pan, no crêcan*, he that has no bread to spare must not keep a dog.—Prov. *Ara bien hondo, cogerás pan en abôndo*, plough deep, and you will reap abundance of corn; that is, take pains and you will thrive.

Panáce, s. f. a plant so called.

Panacea, s. f. an universal remedy.

Panadeár, v. a. to make bread to sell.

Panadera, s. f. a woman baker. *Panadera erades antes, aunque ahora traeis guantes*, ref. notwithstanding you now wear gloves, you was nothing but a woman baker; it is applied to those who are in high station, and forget their humble birth.

Panaderia, s. f. the bakers street, a baker's shop.

Panadéro, s. m. a baker.

Panadizo, s. m. a whitlow in a finger.

Panál, s. m. a honey-comb.

Panarizo, s. m. a fellow, or whitlow on a finger.

Panárra, s. m. a dullart, a dolt, a stupid lazy fellow.

Pancáda, s. f. a kick, a blow with the foot.

Pancárcpia, s. f. a garden made of all sorts of flowers.

Pancêra, s. f. the armour for the belly.

Páucho, s. m. (jocoso) the belly.

Pancrático, adj. relating to the pancreas.

Pancréas, s. m. the pancreas, situated between the bottom of the stomach and the vertebrae of the loins; it weighs commonly four or five ounces.

Pandarse, v. r. (obs.) to bow one's self.

Pandecta, s. f. among merchants, the repertory or book where the name of all the correspondents is found, as well as the folio wherein is their account in the great book.—*Pandectas*, s. f. pl. a collection, or volume of the civil law, containing the whole body of it.

Pandéo, s. m. a flexure in the middle of any thing.

Panderázo, s. m. a blow given with the pandero.

Panderete, s. m. dim. of *pandéro*. (In cant.) a cheat at cards.

Panderetear, v. n. to play upon the tabor merrily.

Panderetéo, s. m. the act of playing merrily upon a tabor.

Panderetéro, s. m. one that plays on the *pandéro*, or that sells or makes them.

Pandéro, s. m. an instrument like a little drum, a tabor.—Prov. *No todo es véro lo que suena el pandéro*, all is not true that the timbrel sounds; we must not believe all we hear.—*En manos esta el pandero, que le sabran bien tocar*, ref. the instrument or tabor is in such hands who will play it well; that is, your affairs are in such hands as will manage them well.—*En buenas manos esta el pandero*, f. fam. and iron; the transaction is in good hands indeed.

Pandilla, s. f. a combination of some to cheat others.

Pandillista, s. m. a cheat, one that confederates with others in order to cheat. A factious fellow, one that is loud in a faction.

Pandillador, s. m. a cheat at cards.

Pándo, adj. inclined, crooked; also heavy, lumpish.



Pandórga, s. f. a mad confused noise of many instruments made designedly for sport; also a fat lazy woman.

Pandurria, s. f. a musical instrument.

Panecillo, } s. m. a small loaf.

Panecito, }

Panegyrico, s. m. a panegyric, an oration made in praise of any person.—*Panegyrico*, adj. relating to a panegyric, or elogy.

Panegyrista, s. f. a panegyrist.

Panélas, s. m. pl. plates in heraldry; silver rounds in the escutcheon.

Panéra, s. f. a bin, a basket, or other thing to keep or carry bread or corn.

Pánes, s. m. pl. the corn on the ground; also the loaves.

*Pánes en bérza*, green corn.—*No se ira a los pánes*, he shall not go into the corn; said when a man or beast is secured.

Panetela, s. f. panado, bread boiled with water, sugar, honey, or other ingredients.

Panetería, s. f. the place where bread is distributed at court.

Paniaguado, s. m. a servant in a family, allowed bread and water, meat and drink.

Pánico, adj. panic, with fear, without cause.

Paniculo, s. m. the skin that covers the skull.

Paniégo, adj. bread-eater.—*Tierra paniéga*, good corn land.

Panificar, v. a. to bring forth corn.

Panilla, s. f. a certain measure of oil.

Panizo, s. m. Indian wheat, or the place where it is sowed.

Panója, s. f. a stalk of any thing that grows, by some called a *catkin*, by others a *palm*.

Pantalla, s. m. a skreen, any thing used to exclude light.

Pantano, s. m. a pool, a morass; also a great obstacle or hindrance.

Pantanoso, adj. boggy, marshy.

Panthera, s. f. the wild beast called a panther.

Pantómetra, s. f. a compass of proportion.

Pantomimo, s. m. one that imitates the gestures of all men.

Pantorilla, s. f. the calf of the leg.

Pantorillera, s. f. a kind of

stockings that make the calves of the legs appear greater than they are.

Pantorilludo, adj. one that has great calves of the legs.

Pantufazo, s. m. a blow with a slipper.

Pantúfo, s. f. a slipper.

Panza, s. f. the paunch, the belly.

Panzada, s. f. a blow on the belly; also a belly full of any food.

Panzúdo, adj. having a great belly.

Pañal, s. m. a clout to turn a child dry; the end of a man's shirt that hangs out at his breeches.

Pañalón, s. m. a great clout; a slovenly fellow, whose shirt hangs out at his breeches.

Pañero, a woollen-drapeer.

Pañetes, s. m. pl. a sort of open breeches or drawers worn by fishermen and others.

Pañito, s. m. a bit of cloth or linen.

Pañizuélo, s. m. a handkerchief.

Paño, s. m. cloth. In architecture, the curtain of a wall.

*Paño de narizes*, a handkerchief.—*Paño bázo*, coarse cloth.—*Paño de cára*, idem.—*Paño de manos*, a towel.—*Paños rosegados*, (obs.) a grave garment.—*Paño de lino*, linen cloth.—*Paño de lana*, woollen cloth.—*Paño en el rostro*, a scurf on the face.—*Paño en el ojo*, a blemish in the eye.—*Paños de pared*, hangings.

Pañol, s. m. the bread-room and powder-room in a ship.

Pañoso, adj. scurfy.

Pañuelo, s. m. a little cloth, a handkerchief.

Papa, s. m. the pope.—*Papa*, s. f. the pap for children.

Papada, s. f. a great double chin, a great hanging fleshy chin, a dewlap.

Papadilla, s. f. dimin. of *papada*.

Papado, s. m. the popedom.

Papafigo, s. m. a small bird so called.

Papagayado, adj. of the colour of, or like a parrot.

Papagayo, s. m. the general name for all parrots.—*Papagayo*, a fish like a tench; (in cant) a spy or informer; also a kind of tulip.—*Papagayo de las Indias*, an herb

called popingay.—*Hablar como papigayo*, to talk like a parrot; to talk very much, to talk nothing to the purpose.

Papahigo, s. m. a sort of riding-hood for foul weather, or a hat or cap made to pull down about one in cold or foul weather. At sea, it is the main-sail without a bonnet.—*Papahigo*, s. m. a little bird that feeds on figs and grapes; a fig-pecker.

Papal, adj. of, or belonging to the pope.

Papalina, s. f. a sort of cap with points that covers the ears.

Papalmento, adv. with the pope's authority.

Papanatas, s. m. a dunce, a person easy to be deceived.

Papanjudo, adj. loose, soft.

Papár, v. n. to eat; to eat any thing that is soft; also to neglect any thing.—*Papár moscas d viento*, to have the mouth open like a fool.

Páparo, a clown, a fellow that gazes and is amazed at all he sees.

Paparrábias, s. m. a man easily put in a passion.

Paparrasólla, s. f. a hobgoblin; a Robin-good-fellow; or as we say to the children, the bull-beggar, the bug-bear.

Papasál, s. m. a sort of sport among children; noisy proceedings in law, which are nothing to the purpose; a foolish fellow, a blockhead.

Papáz, s. m. a name given on the coast of Africa to the Christian priests.

Papázgo, s. m. the popedom, the papal dignity, the pontificate.

Papel, s. m. paper.—*Papel de farsante*, the part of an actor, the cue.—*Papel de estraza*, brown paper.—*Papeles*, s. m. is used for writings.—*Tener buenos papeles*, f. to have good recommendations, good testimonials.—*Tener los papeles mojados*, f. (metaph.) to be ill informed.

Papeleár, v. a. to turn over papers in search of something written in them.

Papelera, s. f. a writing-desk.

Papelería, s. f. an heap of useless papers.

Papeléro, s. m. a man that sells paper.

**Papeleta**, s. f. a little bit of paper to annote something upon; also a corner of paper.

**Papélico**, } s. m. a little pa-  
**Papelillo**, } per.

**Papelina**, s. f. a sort of earthen vessel so called; also a sort of fine silk stuff.

**Papelista**, s. m. a man that is always busy among papers or writings.

**Papelito**, s. m. a little paper.

**Papelón**, s. m. large paper, old waste paper; also paste-board.

**Papelonado**, adj. in blasonry, scaly, in the form of scales.

**Papéra**, s. f. a swelling in the throat.

**Papéro**, s. m. the pipk'n used to make the pap for children.

**Papialbillo**, s. m. a kind of weasel.

**Papigórdo**, s. m. one that is fat about the throat.

**Papilla**, s. f. pap for children.—*No pienses dárme papilla*, do not think to give me pap; that is, to make a child of me, to impose upon me.

**Papillo**, s. m. dimin. of *papo*.

**Papirotada**, s. f. a fillip, or a blow on the neck or face.

**Papiróte**, s. m. a fillip.

**Papita**, s. f. pap for children.

**Papista**, s. m. a papist, a name given by the protestants to the Roman catholics.

**Pápo**, s. m. the throat; a great fat hanging chin; the dewlap of a beast, the maw of a bird; the puff that grows on the thistle; an old-fashioned sort of head-dress; (metaph.) pride, stateliness; also used for that part of a woman called Venus mount.—*Hablar de papo*, to talk in the throat, affecting greatness.—*Hablar papo apapo*, to speak plain, and face to face.—*Hacer papo como mona*, to fill the chups like a monkey.—*Una en papo, y otra en saco*; one in the mouth, the other in the pouch; that is, to eat, and carry away.—*Estar en papo de buytre*, to be in the vulture's maw; that is, to be absolutely lost, past recovery.

**Papón**, s. m. a great eater, a great maw; also a sort of melon.

**Papúdo**, adj. that has a great maw or dewlap.

**Papujado**, adj. having much flesh about the neck.

**Papula**, s. f. a small tumour under the chin.

**Papýro**, s. m. a plant wherewith the ancients made a kind of paper to write upon.

**Paquebót**, s. m. the small vessel that serves to carry the mails of letters or expresses.

**Paquete**, s. m. a small pack; a packet of letters.

**Par**, s. m. a pair; a couple; also a peer; as, *un par de Inglaterra*, a peer of England. *A par de una cosa*, just by, or even with a thing.—*Sin par*, not to be paralleled, or equalled.—*A la par*, equally.—*De par en par*; as *la puerta esta abierta de par en par*; the door stands wide open.

**Páres**, pl. of *par*, vid. **Páres**.

**Pára**, adv. for, to.—*Para mucho*, good for much, of great value. *Pára poco*, good for little, of small capacity.—*Para que*? for what? or, to what purpose? *Para que*, to the end that.—*Para siempre*, for ever.—*Para con él no vale nada*, in his opinion it is worth nothing.

**Parabién**, s. m. congratulation. *Dar un parabien*, to give joy, to congratulate.

**Parabiénro**, s. m. one who gives or wishes joy.

**Parábola**, s. f. a parable; in geometry, parabola; a conic section arising from a cone's being cut by a plane parallel to one of its sides, or parallel to a plane that touches one side of the cone.

**Parabolano**, s. m. one who uses parables.

**Parabólico**, adj. parabolical, expressed by parable.

**Parachronismo**, s. m. a wrong computation of times.

**Paracéto**, } s. m. a holy mes-  
**Paracéto**, } senger.

**Paráda**, s. f. a stop, a place to stay or stop at; the parade where soldiers assemble to do their duty.

**Paradéra**, s. f. a mill-dam.

**Paradéro**, s. m. a stopping place; also the end of any thing.

**Paradiema**, s. m. an example.

**Paradilla**, s. f. a little stop.

**Paradislro**, s. m. the sportsman that waits for game without stirring from his place. Also a news-monger.

**Paradór**, s. m. a carrier's inn.

**Paradóxa**, s. m. a paradox, a strange proposition or opinion, different from the general opinion of the world.

**Paradójico**, adj. paradoxical, including an apparent impossibility.

**Paradóxo**, adj. strange, uncommon.

**Paráge**, s. m. a place; as, *En tal parage*, in such a place.—*Hombre de parage*, a gentleman.

**Paragón**, s. m. vide **Parangón**.

**Paragonár**, v. a. vide **Parangonar**.

**Parágrapho**, s. m. vide **Parafo**.

**Paraiso**, s. m. paradise, any place of felicity.

**Paraláctico**, adj. parallaxic, belonging to a parallax.

**Paraláxe**, } s. f. a parallax;  
**Paraláxis**, } the distance between the true and apparent place of any star viewed from the earth.

**Paralelopípédo**, s. m. a parallelopipedon; a solid figure contained under six parallelograms, the opposite of which are equal and parallel.

**Paralelismo**, s. m. a parallelism; the state of being parallel.

**Paralélo**, s. m. parallel, a line that runs equidistant from another, a parallel line; also any comparison made.

**Paralelográmo**, s. m. a parallelogram; in geometry, a right-lined quadrilateral figure, whose opposite sides are parallel and equal.

**Parálio**, s. m. a plant.

**Paralipómenoi**, s. m. books in the Bible, commonly called the Chronicles.

**Paralogismo**, s. m. deceitful conclusion, or captious way of reasoning or arguing.

**Paralogizár**, v. n. to argue in a false manner.

**Paralyticado**, adj. touched with the palsy.

**Paralítico**, adj. paralytic, troubled with the palsy.

**Paramentár**, v. a. to hang as a room, to trap as a horse, or to dress as a man or woman.

**Paraménto**, s. m. all hanging ornaments.

**Parámo**, s. m. a desert, or open empty place.

**Parancéro**, s. m. a bird-catcher.

**Parangón**, s. m. an equal, or even match; also the print called great primer.



**Parangóna**, s. f. a type in printing so called.  
**Parangonar**, v. a. to equal, to compare; to match.  
**Paranympo**, s. m. a paronymy, briderman; also one who brings good news.  
**Paranza**, s. f. a kind of artificial hut made by sportsmen to conceal themselves, and wait for the passage of game.  
**Parapeto**, s. m. a parapet or breastwork to cover men that they may stand behind to defend a place, out of shot.  
**Parafrasear**, v. a. to explain.  
**Parafráste**, s. m. an interpreter.  
**Parafraisi**, s. f. a paraphrase, an exposition of a thing in other words.  
**Parar**, v. a. to stop. — *Parar mientes*, to consider, to observe. — *Parar en el juego*, to bet one's money at play. — *Jugo del parar*, the game at hazard. — *Parar de tenazón*, to stop short in the career. — *Parar en mal*, f. to come to a bad end.  
**Parasito**, s. m. a parasite, a flatterer.  
**Parasól**, s. m. an umbrella.  
**Parasýsmo**, s. m. paroxism.  
**Paratítla**, s. f. a summary, an abridgment.  
**Párgas**, s. f. pl. the destinies Clotho, Lachesis, Atropus, and Death.  
**Paraciénete**, adv. scarcely.  
**Parchazo**, s. m. a large patch.  
**Párche**, s. m. a patch; also a drum.  
**Parcial**, adj. partial.  
**Parcialidad**, s. f. partiality; also a party or faction.  
**Parcializar**, s. f. to be partial, to favour one more than another.  
**Parcialmente**, adv. partially.  
**Parciád**, s. f. parsimony.  
**Paraguero**, s. m. a partner, or partaker.  
**Parcir**, v. a. (obs.) to pardon.  
**Párco**, adj. frugal; sober.  
**Pardál**, s. m. a sparrow. — *Pardál*, a tiger or leopard; also a sort of camel, called cameleopard. — *Pardál*, adj. clownish, from the country; also cunning, crafty.  
**Pardeño**, adj. dark brown.  
**Pardear**, v. n. to appear dark or brown.  
**Pardiez**, an interj. signifying, by teh, instead of *por Dios*, by God.

**Pardillo**, s. m. the bird called *Pardis o*, } a linnet. — *Pardillo*, adj. of a greyish colour.  
**Párdo**, adj. grey. — *De noche todos los gatos son pardos*, ref. no one can distinguish colours in the night; that is, bad people cannot be distinguished from the good in the night. — *Párdo*, s. m. a leopard.  
**Pardusco**, adj. brownish.  
**Paréar**, v. a. to pair, to match.  
**Parécbasis**, s. f. figure in rhetoric; digression; transition.  
**Parécér**, v. n. to seem to appear, to be like, to resemble.  
*Parécér en juicio*, to appear in court. — *Parécér una cosa*, to be found, as it were to appear. — *Parécér bien ó mal*, to look well or ill. — *Parécér de lejos*, to appear at a distance. — *Parécérse á otro*, to be like another. — *Parécér que es así*, to think, to be of opinion it is so. — *Prov. Bien haya quien a los suyos se parece*, good luck betide him, that is like his friends. Used seriously, when a man follows the good example of his parents; and ironically when he copies their vices. — *Prov. Quién no parecér peréce*, he that does not appear, perishes; that is, if a man does not look to his business and appear in it himself, it will never be well done; or if he has not confidence to intrude as others do, he may starve.  
**Parécér**, s. m. opinion, judgment; also the presence, mien, and countenance. — *Prov. No hay quien yerre, sino el que su parecér quiere*, no man errs but he that is fond of his own judgment. Positive mén comit most mistakes.  
**Paréd**, s. m. a wall of a house. — *Paréd de cal y canto*, a solid wall of lime and stone. — *Paréd maestra*, the main wall. — *Paréd diplomada*, a wall that is not perpendicular. — *Paréd en medio*, the next house, that has only a wall between. — *Paréd de piedra seca*, a dry wall of stones laid one upon another without mortar. — *No dexar estica en paréd*, to take away all that is in a house, without leaving so much as a pin in a wall. — *Darse de cabezadas en las parédes*, to knock one's head against the walls; to be out-

rageous, not value what mischievous one does one's self. — *Dar con algo en la paréd*, to dash a thing against the wall. — *Poner piés en paréd*, to set one's feet against the wall; that is, to stand stiffly to what one says. — *Pegar la boca a la paréd*, to cling one's mouth to the wall; that is, to endure one's wants without complaining. — *Estár entre, quatro paredes*, to live very retired; to be in prison. — *Saltar parédes*, to run away over houses and walls. — *Prov. Parédes tienen oydos*, the walls have ears. — *Prov. Trás paréd, ni trás sêto, no digas tu secreto*, do not tell your secret behind a wall or a hedge, least another be on the other side and hear it. — *Prov. Quién en la paréd, pone môte, viento tiéne en el cogote*, he that writes sentences on the wall, has wind in his pole; that is, has an empty skull; is a fool.  
**Paredaño**, adj. parted only by a wall.  
**Paredillo**, s. f. a little wall; also a trammel-net.  
**Paredón**, s. m. an old wall of some ruined structure.  
**Paréja**, s. f. a couple, a pair.  
**Paréjo**, adj. equal, alike. — *Andir a paréjas*, to go alike. — *Correr paréjas*, to run or ride equal, as it were hand in hand; (metaph.) to be alike in any other thing. — *Tenér paréjas en naipes*, to be equal at cards, as to have equal points at piquet.  
**Paréjura**, s. f. equality, likeness.  
**Parénésis**, s. f. an admonition, an exhortation.  
**Parénético**, adj. monitory, exhortatory.  
**Parentación**, s. f. solemn exequies for our kindred.  
**Parentál**, adj. belonging to parents or kindred.  
**Parentela**, s. f. kindred; affinity or consanguinity with any person.  
**Paréntesis**, s. f. a parenthesis; interposition of some words in the middle of a sentence, which may be left out, and yet the sense remain perfect.  
**Paréo**, s. f. the act of matching two things.  
**Parés**, s. m. pl. even, pairs, any even number. — *Parés*

*mónes*, even and odd.---*Páres de Francia*, peers of France.---*Páres de mugér*, the secundine, or after birth.

*Parescér*, v. a. vid. *Parecer*.

*Parergón*, s. m. addition made to a thing to beautify it.

*Pargamino*, s. m. vide *Pergamino*.

*Parhelia*, s. m. a parhelion; the image of the sun that appears in the clouds.

*Parías*, s. f. pl. an acknowledgment or tribute one prince pays to another.

*Parición*, s. f. the act of lying in, of bringing forth.

*Parida*, s. f. a lying-in woman, a woman delivered of a child. *Esta parida la gata?* Has the cat kittened? This question they ask when there are more lights than needful.

*Paridad*, s. f. parity, equality.

*Paridéra*, s. f. a good breeder.

*Paridéro*, s. m. the place where cattle bring forth their young.

*Parido*, adj. delivered, brought to bed, brought forth, born; used for all beasts as well as human creatures.

*Pariénta*, s. f. a kinswoman.

*Pariénte*, s. m. a kinsman.---*No hay pariente pobre*, no relation is poor; people in prosperity will not own they have any poor kindred.---Prov. *A son de parientes busca que meriendes*, when you have made a noise of your kindred, look for something to eat for your afternoon's luncheon; that is, though you can boast ever so much of your great and rich kindred, yet get your own bread, and trust not to them.---Prov. *Tener parientes en la cocina*, to have kindred in the kitchen; to have friends at court.

*Parietaria*, s. f. the herb pellitory.

*Parificár*, v. a. to prove by an example.

*Parimíento*, s. m. (obs.) a previous agreement.

*Parir*, v. a. to be delivered of a child, to bring forth young.

*Parla*, s. f. prating, chatting.

*Parladillo*, s. m. an affected phrase.

*Parladór*, s. m. a prating person.

*Parlamentár*, v. a. to parley, to treat, to article.

*Parlaménto*, s. m. a speech,

an oration; also a parliament.

*Parlar*, v. n. to chat.

*Parlatório*, s. m. a parlour in monasteries of nuns.

*Parleria*, s. f. prating, chatting.

*Parléro*, s. m. a prating or talkative fellow; also one that carries tales, that tells all he sees or knows.

*Parléta*, s. f. a conversation.

*Parlón*, adj. loquacious.

*Parloteár*, v. n. to keep a long conversation.

*Páro*, s. m. a very small bird, living upon insects.

*Paróla*, s. f. a word; also loquacity.

*Paronichia*, s. f. the herb whitloe-grass.

*Parotidas*, s. f. pl. swellings behind the ears.

*Paroxismo*, s. m. a paroxysm, a fit.

*Parpacér*, v. n. to twinkle with the eyes.

*Parpádo*, s. m. the eye-lid.

*Parpalla*, } s. f. a small cop-  
*Parpalóta*, } per coin so called.

*Parpár*, s. m. the cry of a duck

*Parque*, s. m. a park.

*Parquedad*, s. f. parsimony, niggardliness, frugality.

*Párra*, s. f. a vine that runs up against a wall.

*Parrál*, s. m. the wall against which the vine runs up.

*Parrápho*, s. m. a paragraph.

*Parrár*, v. n. to extend or spread the branches.

*Parricida*, s. m. a parricide, one who murders his father, mother, or relation.

*Parricidio*, s. m. the crime of murdering one's father or mother.

*Parrilla*, s. f. a gridiron.

*Parriza*, s. f. a wild vine.

*Párro*, s. m. a goose.

*Parróchia*, s. f. a parish.

*Parrochial*, adj. belonging to a parish.

*Parrochiáno*, s. m. a parishioner; also a customer to a shop.

*Párroco*, s. m. a curate of a parish.

*Parsimonia*, s. f. parsimony, niggardliness, frugality.

*Parte*, s. m. part of any thing. *En tal parte*, in such a place.---*Parte*, s. m. a paper signed by the post-master, specifying what day and hour a messenger sets out from such a place, to know whether he

travels as fast as he ought, or loiters by the way; so called, because it begins with these words, *parte a tal hora*.---*Parte por parte*, distinctly.---*No soy parte para eso*, I have no power to do that.---*No tengo parte en eso*, I have no hand in that.---*No me han dado parte*, they have not acquainted me.---*Llamár a parte*, to call aside.---*Partes en pleito*, the parties in a law-suit, the plaintiff and defendant.---Prov. *Quién desparte lleva la peor parte*, he who parts a fray gets the worst.

*Parteár*, v. a. to play the midwife.

*Partecilla*, }  
*Partecica*, } s. f. a little part.  
*Partecita*, }

*Parténcia*, s. f. departure, setting out.

*Partéra*, s. f. a midwife.

*Parteria*, s. f. midwifery.

*Partesana*, s. f. a partisan, such as lieutenants of foot marched with.

*Partible*, adj. partible, divisible, separable.

*Partición*, s. f. partition, dividend.

*Participación*, s. f. participation, taking part with.

*Participár*, v. a. to participate, to have share with.

*Particepe*, s. m. a partaker.

*Participio*, s. m. a participle.

*Particula*, s. f. a particle, a small part.

*Particular*, adj. particular.

*Particularidad*, s. f. particular.

*Particularizar*, v. a. to particularize.

*Particularménte*, adv. particularly.

*Partida*, s. f. departure; part; parcel; a part of a country. *Ley de la partida*, vide *Leyes*.

*Partidaménte*, adv. by parts.

*Partido*, p. p. departed; also divided or parted.

*Partido*, subst. m. a condition, a contract, a capitulation, an agreement; also a party or faction; a territory.---*Tómar partido*, f. to resolve, to determine.---*Mugér de partido*, a common strumpet.

*Partidór*, s. m. a divider; in arithmetic, the divisor; a bodkin with which women part their hair; he that cuts at cards.



Partija, s. f. a part, or partition.  
Partimiento, s. m. parting or dividing.

Partir, v. a. to divide, to depart.

Parto, s. m. a birth.—*Estár de parto*, to be in labour.

*Partos y pospartos*, a country term, the early and later young cattle.—Prov. *Parto largo hija al cabo*, a long labour, and a daughter at last; a disappointment after much pains taking.

Partura, s. f. (obs.) a contract; a wager.

Parturiénte, s. f. the woman that has lain in, or lays in.

Párva, s. f. a heap of corn new thrashed before it is winnowed.—Prov. *Estiérca y es cárdá, y cogéras buena párva*, dung and rake, or weed, and you will have a good heap of corn at harvest.

Parvedad, } s. f. smallness,  
Parvidad, } paucity.

Párvo, adj. small, little.

Parvuléz, s. f. smallness, littleness.

Párvulo, adj. small, little.

Pása, s. f. a raisin.—*Pásas del sol*, raisins of the sun.—*Pásas de lexia*, raisins dried with ashes.—*Pásas de corintio*, currants.—*Esto pása*, this is the news, this is the posture of affairs, this is the truth.—*Juego de pása pása*, juggling tricks.

Pasáda, s. f. a pace.

Pasadéra, s. f. any thing that passes or goes through another.

Pasadéro, adj. passable, tolerable.

Pasadia, s. f. vide Pasada.

Pasadizo, s. m. a passage, an entry.

Pasado, adj. run through.—*Pasado con la espada*, run through with a sword.

Paśador, s. m. a bolt of a lock, the loose bolt of a door; a shaft, an arrow.—*Paśador*, a sea-term, an iron pin called a fid.

Pasadorsico, } s. m. a little  
Pasadoreillo, } bolt, or such  
Pasadoreito, } like thing that  
slips backwards and forwards.

Paśage, s. passage.

Pasagero, s. m. a traveller, a passenger.

Pasagonzálo, s. m. a flirt, a stroke, a swing.

Pasajuégo, s. m. a term used in playing at ball.

Pasamanéro, s. m. a laceman,  
Pasamáno, s. m. a lace of gold, silver, or silk for clothes.—*Pasamáno*, the piece on the rails of the stairs on which we lay our hand as we go up or down.  
Pasamiénte, s. m. passage, transit.

Pasánte, s. m. one that passes by. In the university, a bachelor, who looks back in order to take his degree of licentiate.

Pasapása, s. f. the art of juggling.

Pasapórté, s. m. a pass for a traveller to prevent his being stopped.

Pasár, v. a. to pass, to strike through.—*Pasár por el pensamiento*, to enter into one's thoughts.—*Pasár de párté a párté* to run through.—*Pasár a nado*, to swim over.—*Pasár entre renglones*, to omit, to pass over, to let slip.—*Pasár higos ó úvas*, to dry figs or grapes.—*Pasár por pópa*, to go aft, a sea term; that is, to go towards the stern of the ship.—*Pasarse el papel*, to sink, said of ink on paper.—*Pasarse al vando contrario*, to go over to the enemy.—*Pasarse delárgo*, to pass by without stopping.

Pasatiémpo, s. m. pastime, diversion, sport.  
Pasavolánte, s. m. a man hired by cheating officers to pass muster; a cheating fellow.  
Pasavoléo, s. m. a term used in playing at ball.  
Pascasio, s. m. a scholar at the university, who lives so near in the country, that he goes home upon all great holidays.

Páseo, s. m. (obs.) pasture, food, meal.  
Páscua, s. f. the common name of the three festivals of the year.—*Páscua de Espiritu Santo*, Whitsuntide, Pentecost.—*Páscua de Natividad*, Christmas.—*Páscua de Resurrección*, Easter.—*Páscua de Flores*, or *Páscua Florida*, idem.—Prov. *Buéná Páscua de Diós a Pedro, que nunca me dixo mélo, ni bueno*, God give Peter a good festival, for he never said good nor bad to me; a woman's prayer for her husband, who lets her have her will in all things; applied to all those who let others un-

der them do their will without controul.—Prov. *Déspués de páscua de resurrecion, ni pásar, ni higos, predicacion*, after Easter no raisins, nor figs, nor sermon. Applied to signify any thing that comes out of season.

Pascual, adj. of. or belonging to Easter.

Páse, s. m. the permission signed to a paper that it may have its effect.

Paseadéro, s. m. a walk, a walking-place.

Paseador, s. m. a walker, one that walks much.

Pascár, v. n. to walk.

Paséo, s. m. a walk, or walking-place.

Pasibilidad, s. f. passability.

Passible, adj. passable, susceptible of sufferance.

Pasico, } s. m. a little step, a  
Pasillo, } little passage or en-  
Pasito, } try; adverbially  
used, softly, gently.

Pasion, s. f. any passion of the mind. Generally used to express the passion or sufferings of our Saviour.—*Tomár pasion de algúna cosa* to be concerned or troubled at any thing.

Pasionaria, s. f. a plant so called.

Pasionário, s. m. the book in churches, which they use to sing the passion in the Holy Week.

Pasionéros, s. m. pl. those that sing the passion in the Holy Week.

Pasito, s. m. vide Pasico.

Pasivamente, adv. passively.

Passivo, adj. passive.

Pasamádo, adj. astonished, stupefied.—*Via pasmada*, a vine made fast to a prop.

Pasmár, v. a. to astonish, to stupefy.

Pásmo, s. m. astonishment, stupefaction.

Pasmosaménte, adv. in an astonishing or surprising manner.

Pasmóso, adj. astonishing, wonderful.

Páso, s. m. a step, a pace; also a passage, an entry.—*Paso*, adv. softly, gently.—*Paso de escalera*, a step of the stairs.—*Páso de garganta*, s. m. a note in singing.—*Páso ante paso* fair and softly.—*Vino páso*, the droppings of the tap.—*Dar páso*, to make way.—*Al páso del buéy*, slowly.—*A páso*

*tirado*, at a good round rate.—*Andar en malos pasos*, to follow low courses.—*Por el paso en que estoy*, upon the word of a dying man.—*Paso no áyamos*, hush, no more of it.—*Paso de asno*, the herb called horsefoot.—*Prov. Después de comer dormir, y de cenar pasos mil*, after dinner sleep a while, after supper walk a mile.—*Prov. Quien tropieza y no cae, a su paso añade*, he who stumbles and does not fall, adds to his step or his pace. After stumbling we see a man take a long larger stride, or more. It signifies, that if a man commits a mistake, provided it be not such as overthrows his business, he goes on better afterwards, as being forewarned.—*Prov. No da paso seguro, quien corre por el muro*, he goes not a step safe who runs along the top of a wall. Men raised too high are ever in danger.—*Prov. Paso a paso van lejos*, fair and softly goes far.

*Paspie*, s. m. a dance so called.

*Pásqua*, s. f. vide *Pascua*.

*Pasquin*, s. m. } a pasquin,  
*Pasquinada*, s. f. } a libel.

*Pasta*, s. f. paste.—*Hombre de buena pasta*, a man of a good disposition.—*Oro en pasta*, gold in ingots.

*Pastár*, v. a. to feed sheep.

*Pastéca*, s. f. a pulley or block in a ship.

*Pastel*, s. m. a pasty; also an herb which gives a blue dye.—*Pastel, embate* a pasty of forced meat.

*Pastelería*, s. f. a pastry-cook's shop, or the pastry-cook's street.

*Pastelero*, s. m. a pastry-cook.

*Pastellito*, } s. m. a little pie  
*Pastelito*, } or pasty.  
*Pastellito*, }

*Pastilla*, s. f. a pastile, a little cake of perfume.—*Pastilla de boca*, a pastile to eat, a perfumed lozenge.—*Pastilla de chocolate*, a little cake of chocolate.

*Pastináca*, s. f. a parsnip; also a fish like a thornback.

*Pásto*, s. m. pasture, food for man or beast.—*Comer el pásto*, to eat by way of ordinary; to board in a house.

*Pastór*, s. m. a shepherd.—*Prov. Abulla pastar, las espaldas al sol*, shepherd, turn the

sheep's backs towards the sun.

*Pastóra*, s. f. a shepherdess.

*Pastoral*, adj. pastoral, belonging to shepherds.

*Pastoralmente*, adv. shepherd-like, pastorally.

*Pastorcillo*, } s. m. a little  
*Pastorcito*, } shepherd.  
*Pastorcico*, }

*Pastorear*, v. n. to play the shepherd, to keep sheep.

*Pastorela*, s. f. a musical composition sung, played, or danced.

*Pastoría*, s. f. the state of a shepherd; a company of shepherds.

*Pastorcio*, } adj. belonging to  
*Pastoril*, } shepherds.  
*Pastorilmente*, adv. like a shepherd.

*Pastoso*, adv. doughy; full.

*Pastura*, s. f. pasture.

*Pasturage*, s. m. pasturage.

*Páta*, s. f. a paw, a foot; also a goose.—*Páta de león*, the herb lion's foot.—*Páta apártada*,—a cloven foot.—*Pátas arriba*, with the feet up in the air, *Páta es la traviessa*, a term at cards, the hands are alike, draw game.—*Prov. La relimpia de Horrajo, que lavaba las patas al asno*, the over-cleanly woman of Horrajo, who washes the asses feet. Said when any body is clean where it is needless so to be.

*Pátaca*, s. f. a piece of money so called.

*Pátache*, s. m. a small ship so called.

*Pátaco*, m. a peasant, a clown.

*Patacón*, s. m. a patacón, a piece of eight.

*Patáda*, s. f. a kick.

*Patagón*, s. m. a man that has large feet.

*Patagorriño*, s. m. minced liver.

*Pataleár*, v. n. to move one's feet very nimbly; to be in a great passion.

*Pataléo*, s. m. the noise made with the feet in dancing, or when in a passion.

*Pataléta*, s. f. a ridiculous endeavour.

*Pataletilla*, s. f. a kind of dance.

*Patán*, s. m. a clown, a lubber.

*Patanería*, s. f. simplicity, foolishness; ignorance.

*Pataráta*, s. f. improbable story, tale, or relation.—*No diga pataráta*, don't tell stories, or things improbable.

*Pataratéro*, s. m. one that tells improbable tales; a liar.

*Patarraés*, s. m. a cable in a ship so called.

*Patáta*, s. f. the root called a potatoe.

*Patatal*, s. m. a field of potatoes.

*Pateador*, adj. that paws or beats the ground with his feet; said of a horse.

*Pateadura*, s. f. the act of pawing or kicking.

*Patear*, v. n. to paw, to kick, to trample upon.

*Paténa*, s. f. a flat piece of plate; the paten or little plate that covers the chalice.

*Paténte*, adj. manifest, plain; substantively used, a patent or a commission.—*Letras patentes*, letters patent.

*Patentemente*, adv. manifestly, plainly.

*Patérnal*, adj. fatherly.

*Paternalmente*, adv. in a fatherly manner.

*Paternidad*, s. f. paternity.

*Patérno*, adj. fatherly, of or belonging to a father.

*Patéta*, s. m. a nickname given to tame people.

*Pathético*, adj. pathetick, that moves the passions.

*Pathología*, s. f. pathology, that part of medicine which relates to the distempers, with differences, causes, and effects incident to the human body.

*Patibierto*, adj. that has the legs opened.

*Patibulo*, s. m. the gallows.

*Pática*, s. f. a little paw, or foot of any beast.—*Poner de patitas en la calle*, to turn one out of doors.

*Pático*, s. m. a gosling.

*Paticójo*, adj. lame.

*Pathendido*, adj. cloven-footed.

*Patilla*, s. f. a little paw or foot.

*Patimuléño*, adj. that has a foot like a mule; said of a horse.

*Patin*, s. m. a gosling; also a little court-yard.

*Patinéjo*, } s. m. a little court-  
*Patinico*, } yard.  
*Patió*, s. m. a court-yard.

*Patitico*, adj. that is numbed with standing in the cold, and cannot go.

*Patituerto*, adj. splay-footed.

*Patizambo*, adj. crook-legged.

*Páto*, s. m. a gander; a goose.—*Anlojadizo cómo páto ciego*, as fanciful as a blind goose.—*Prov. Páto gánsu y anarán tres*



*elcas suenan y en son*, three names sound like three several things, and yet are but one; said when a man talks the same thing over and over again, or uses abundance of words where a few would serve.

*Páto*, s. m. (for *pácto*) a contract, a bargain, an agreement.

*Patocháda*, s. f. a blunder in speaking.

*Páton*, s. m. that has large paws or feet.

*Patraña*, s. f. a fiction, a fable, a story, a cheating trick.

*Patrañero*, s. m. the person who tells a fiction or fable.

*Pátria*, s. f. a man's native country.

*Patriarca*, s. m. a patriarch, a chief bishop.

*Patriarcado*, s. m. patriarchship.

*Patriarchál*, adj. patriarchal.

*Patricio*, s. m. a patrician, of the senatorian rank.

*Patrimonial*, adj. patrimonial, belonging to the patrimony.

—*Beneficio patrimonial*, a benefice inappropriate.

*Património*, s. m. patrimony, estate, inheritance.

*Pátrio*, adj. of one's country, or of one's father.

*Patrióta*, s. m. born in the same country, a compatriot.

*Patriotismo*, s. m. patriotism, love of one's country.

*Patrocinador*, s. m. who protects.

*Patronár*, v. a. to patronize, to protect, to defend.

*Patrocinio*, s. m. patronage, protection, defence.

*Patrón*, s. m. a patron; a defender, a master; also a master of a ship; also a pattern, a sample.—*Patrón*, the master of the house where one is lodged; also one who has the donation of ecclesiastical preferment.

*Patróna*, s. f. the wife of the house where a soldier is lodged.

*Patrónato*, s. m. the right of conferring a benefice, also the foundation of a benefice.

*Patronazgo*, s. m. patronship.

*Patronímico*, s. m. surname taken from the father's Christian name.

*Patróno*, s. m. vide *Patron*.

*Patrulla*, s. f. the patrol, or soldiers who go about in the night to keep peace.

*Patrullár*, v. n. to patrol, to go the rounds in a camp, or garrison.

*Patúdo*, adj. that has great paws or feet.—*Ángel patúdo*, the devil.

*Patullár*, v. n. to walk in the dirt; to be very busy.

*Paulár*, s. m. a marshy ground.

*Paulina*, s. f. a decree of excommunication; ill language.

*Paupérismo*, adj. superl. most miserably poor.

*Paúsa*, } s. f. a pause, a  
*Pausada*, } stop, a rest.

*Pausadamente*, adv. leisurely, deliberately, slowly.

*Pausán*, s. m. vide *Bausan*.

*Pausár*, v. n. to pause, to stop, to stay, to rest.

*Paúta*, s. f. a board with cat-gut stretched upon it at the distance that the lines may be writ, which the boys lay under their paper, and pressing it a little, it leaves all the lines marked on the paper for them to write straight.

*Pautár*, v. n. to mark the paper with the *paúta*.

*Páya*, s. f. a pea-hen.

*Paváda*, s. f. a large and fat hen.

*Pavána*, s. f. a pavin, a dance so called.

*Paveilón*, s. m. a pavillion or tent, a pavilion over a field-bed, or any thing used in that nature; also a butterfly.

*Pavés*, s. m. a great shield that covers all the body.

*Pavésa*, s. f. the white light ashes we see in the fire, especially wood fire, which will easily blow away with the least breath.

*Pavesáda*, s. f. a battle of targetiers, or a dance representing such a battle; at sea, it is what our seamen call the fights, being cloths which hang round about the ship to hinder men from being seen in fight.

*Pávido*, adj. timorous, fearful.

*Pavimento*, s. m. pavement, floor.

*Pavióta*, s. f. the sea-fowl called a gull.

*Pavito*, s. m. a young turkey-cock.

*Páyo*, s. m. a turkey-cock.—*Páyo real*, a peacock.

*Pavón*, s. m. a peacock.—*Pavón agreste*, s. m. the moor-cock.

*Pavonáda*, s. f. a strutting or showing one's self, playing the fop or beau as the peacock shows his fine feathers.

*Pavonar*, v. a. to sanguine, as they do sword-hilts, or the like.

*Pavonázo*, s. m. an azure colour, so called.

*Pavoneillo*, s. m. a young turkey-cock.

*Pavoneár*, v. n. to play the fop or beau, to strut and show one's self about as the peacock does his feathers.

*Pavór*, s. m. fear, dread.

*Pavorde*, s. m. a dignity in cathedral churches.

*Pavordia*, s. f. the dignity of *pavorde*.

*Pavorosamente*, adv. fearfully, timorously.

*Pavoroso*, adj. timorous, fearful.

*Pávura*, s. f. vide *Pavor*.

*Paxára*, s. f. a female bird.

*Paxareár*, v. n. to go a bird-catching; also to loiter, to be idle.

*Paxarél*, s. m. a kind of finch.

*Paxarera*, s. f. the cage, or the place where birds breed.

*Paxarero*, s. m. a bird-catcher.

*Paxarico*, s. m. a little bird.

*Paxarilla*, s. f. the unit of any creature, but more particularly of a swine.—*Hacer temblar la paxarilla*, to put a man into fear, to make him quake.

*Paxarilla*, s. f. a little bird.—Prov. *A chico paxarillo, chico nidillo*, a little bird must have a little nest. Mean people must have mean things.—Prov. *Al paxarillo que se ha de perder, ablas le han de nacer*, the little bird that is to be lost must have little wings grow; that is, inconsiderate persons, when they grow vain and haughty, will be cast down.

*Paxarito*, s. m. a little bird.—Prov. *A cada qual se llevan los paxaritos en el muladar*, the little birds on the dunghill pay equal honour to all men; that is, silly mean persons pay equal honour to all men.

*Páxaro*, s. m. a bird; (metaph.) sharp, cunning.—Prov. *Matár dos páxaros de un tiro*, to kill two birds with one shot, with one stone.—Prov. *Mar vale páxaro en mano que buytre volando*, a bird in the hand is bet-

ter than a vulture flying; one bird in hand is worth two in the bush.—Prov. *Páxaro durmiente, tarde le entra cèbo en el vientre*, a sleeping bird gets meat into his belly late; that is, lazy people are long earning their bread.

Paxárola, } s. f. a false re-  
Paxarotada, } port.

Paxarráco, } s. m. a large bird,  
Paxarrúco, } whose name we know not.

Páyo, s. m. a shepherd, or clown.—*Vestirse a lo páyo*, to be clad like a country fellow.

Paz, s. m. peace.—*La paz*, is the pax that covers the chalice at mass, and is sometimes given to the people to kiss.—*Tomar la paz de la iglesia*, to kiss the pax.—*Poner paz*, or *meter paz*, to part those that quarrel.—*La paz de Judas*, treachery, kissing a man to betray him.—Prov. *Quanto sabes no dirás, quanto ves no juzgarás*, si quieres vivir en paz, you must not say all you know, nor judge all you see, if you will live in peace.—*Paz, paciencia, y muérte con penitencia*, peace and patience, and a penitent death.—Prov. *Poco y en paz mucho se me haz*, a little in peace seems to me a great deal.

Pazguato, adj. foolish, stupid, that admires every thing.

Peage, s. m. toll, money paid for passing over bridges, or the like.

Peagéro, s. m. a toll gatherer.

Peál, s. m. a sock, or that part of the stocking that covers the foot.

Peaña, s. f. a pedestal for a figure, or any such thing, to stand on.

Peaña, s. f. a pedestal; a sort of inflammation in a horse's tongue.

Peápa, s. f. the spelling of letters, a sort of horn-book.—*Desízalo a uno de peapá*, to tell a man the whole from the beginning to the end, to tell all one knows, to tell a thing very plain, as if every word were spelt.

Pebéte, s. m. perfume made in long sticks, like sticks of sealing-wax, to burn and perfume the house.

Pebetéro, s. m. the candlestick,

in which the pebetes are set to burn.

Pebrada, s. f. a sort of sauce for a hare, or rabbit.

Pèbre, a sort of sauce made with pepper, vinegar, saffron, cloves, and other ingredients, used to eat kid with.

Péca, s. f. a freckle on the face.

Pecable, adj. susceptible of sin.

Pecadillo, s. m. a little sin.

Péca, s. m. a sin, an offence.

—*Quien quita la ocasion, quita el pecado*, ref. who avoids the occasion, avoids the sin; that is, we ought to avoid the opportunity of doing wrong.

Pecador, s. m. a sinner.

Pecadora, s. m. a woman sinner.

Pecaminoso, adj. sinful.

Pecante, adj. peccant.

Pecar, v. n. to sin, to offend.—Prov. *Málo es pecar, y remálo perseverar*, it is bad to sin, and devilish to persist in sin.

Pèce, s. m. a fish.—*El pece para quien lo merece*, ref. the fish ought to be given to those who deserve it; that is, the reward ought to be given to those who deserve it.

Pececico, }  
Pecegillo, } s. m. a little fish.

Pececito, }

Pacéño, adj. of a pitch-colour.

Pécha, s. f. corruptly for pécho.

Péchar, v. n. to pay a tax or duty.—*Pechardino de manga*, (in cant) a cheat, between an inn-keeper and a rogue that makes a guest pay double for what he has.

Péchazo, s. m. a great breast.

Péchera, s. f. a piece of linen or cloth to cover the breast.

Pecheria, s. f. the share of the tribute we are to pay; a poll-tax.

Pechéro, s. m. one that is liable to pay all taxes.

Pechina, s. f. a sort of cockleshell the pilgrims wear in their hats.

Pécho, s. m. the breast, a woman's breast; also tribute or tax.—*Hombre de pécho*, a man of courage and valour.—*Pécho por tierra*, humbly, prostrate on the ground.—*Descubrir su pécho*, to discover one's thought.—*Echárse un cántaro a péchos*, to lift up a pitcher, to drink unreasonably.—*To-*

*már una cosa a pechos*, to interest one's self in an affair.—*Hombre de buen pécho*, a well-meaning man.

Péchuga, s. f. the breast or brawny part of a bird.

Pechuguera, s. f. the whole breast; a pain in the breast; a cold settled in it.

Pecilgar, v. a. (obs.) vide Pelliczar.

Pecilgo, s. m. vide Pellizco.

Pecina, s. f. a fish-pond.

Pécora, s. f. a sly cunning man; anciently cattle.

Pecorea, s. f. pillaging of soldiers.

Pecoso, adj. freckly.

Pectoral, adj. pectoral, good for the breast; substantively used, the cross bishops wear on their breast; also armour, any defence for the breast.

Peculado, s. m. peculate, robbery of the public money.

Peculiar, adj. one term, peculiar.

Peculiarmente, adv. peculiarly.

Pecúlio, s. m. that which is peculiarly a man's own, particularly that which a father allows a son, or a master a slave to call his own.

Pecunia, s. f. money.

Pecuniario, adj. pecuniary.

Pecunioso, adj. wealthy.

Pedacico, s. m. a little piece.

Pedacito, s. m. idem.

Pedáge, s. m. vide Peage.

Pedágo, s. m. a pedagogue, a schoolmaster, a tutor.

Pedanéo, adj. that has a limited jurisdiction. Said of a petty judge.

Pedante, s. m. a pedant.

Pedanteria, s. f. pedantry, awkward ostentation of needless learning.

Pedantésco, adj. pedantic, pedantical.

Pedantismo, s. m. the ignorance or herd of pedants.

Pedázo, s. m. a bit, a piece, a fragment.—*Morirse por sus pedazos*, f. fam. to die for love.—*Estar hecho pedazos*, f. (metaph.) to be weary.—*Pedázo de pan*, a bit of bread.

Pedernál, s. m. a flint.

Pedestál, s. m. a pedestal for a statue, or other thing, to stand upon.

Pedestre, adj. that goes on foot.



Pedicox, s. m. a hop, a jump upon one foot.

Pedidór, } s. m. one that asks.

Pedigón, }  
Pediguéio, adj. one that is always asking or begging.

Pediménto, s. m. a request.

Pedir, v. a. to beg, to demand.—*Pedir raciones*, to beg.—*Prov. Pedir péras al álmo*, to ask for pears of the elm-tree. To ask impossibilities.

Pédo, s. m. a breaking wind backwards.

Pedorrera, s. f. close trunk-breeches.

Pedórro, s. m. an insignificant fellow.

Pedráda, s. f. a stroke of a stone; at play, it signifies a counter, or one in reckoning.—*Prov. Eso cae como pedráda en tijo de boticário*, that is as fit as a thump with a stone in an apothecary's eye. To express a thing is very fit, or proper, as if apothecaries deserved to be stoned.

Pedreá, s. f. the act of flinging many stones at.

Pedrecica, }  
Pedrecilla, } s. f. a little stone.  
Pedrecita, }  
Pedrêga, } s. m. any stony  
Pedregál, } place.

Pedregoso, adj. stony, full of stones.

Pedreñál, s. m. a firelock.

Pedreira, s. f. a quarry where stone is dug out.

Pederria, s. f. a parcel of precious stones.

Pedrêro, s. m. a mason.—*Pedrêro*, s. m. a small piece of artillery so called.

Pedrezuela, s. f. a little stone.

Pedrisco, s. m. large hail.

Pédro, s. m. (in cant) a hairy kind of coat; also a bolt.

Pedroso, adj. stony.

Peér, v. n. to break wind backwards.

Pêga, s. f. the pitching of a skin to make it hold liquor; also a composition to daub the cows' teats, that the calves may not suck.—*Pêga*, s. f. a magpie.

—*Saber a la pëga*, to taste of the pitch and rosin, as wine does that has been in the skins.—*Dáme pëga sin mancha, dárte môza sin tacha*, shew me a magpie all of a colour, and I will shew you a maid without a fault; neither is to be found.

Pegadillo, s. m. a small plaster.

Pegadizo, adj. clammy, that will stick to any thing.

Pegadura, s. f. sticking together, or the place or joint where two things stick together; also pitching and rosinning of skins.

Pegajoso, adj. that is apt to stick to every thing, clammy, sticking.—*Mal pegajoso*, an infectious or contagious distemper.

Pegamiêto, s. m. sticking, clinging; daubing with pitch.

Pegár, v. a. to stick, to cling, to daub with pitch; also to infect.—*Pegár*, to beat, to bang, to cudgel.—*Pegár fuego*, to set on fire.—*Pegársela a algúno*, to cheat any body.

Pegáso, s. m. the horse Pegasus, that poets feigned.

Pegáta, s. f. a trick played to one.

Pegôte, s. m. any sticking clammy thing.

Pegujál, s. m. a stock of goods, cattle, or the like, given to a son or a servant for his own use; what such a one gets by his own industry; a man's own property.

Peinada, s. f. combing, dressing of hair.

Peinado, s. m. a womanish man; the curling and dressing of hair.

Peinador, s. m. an hair-dresser; also the linen put on in combing.

Peinadura, s. m. combing; also the hairs falling in the comb.

Peinar, v. a. to comb, to dress.

Peinazo, s. m. a large comb.

Peine, s. m. a comb; also the upper part of the foot.

Peinería, s. f. the shop where they sell or make combs.

Peinero, s. m. one who sells combs, or makes them.

Pel, s. f. vide Piel.

Pêla, s. f. a boy richly dressed.

Peláda, s. f. the sheep-skin.

Peladêra, s. f. a disease so called, that makes all the hair fall.

Peladilla, s. f. a large, smooth comb; also a disease that makes the hair fall off.—*Peladilla de arroyo*, a pebble-stone.

Peládo, adj. bald, pulled, that has the hair pulled off; bare.

Peladór, s. m. one that pulls off the hair, or makes bald.

Peladura, s. f. a pilling or pulling off the hair, also fruit.

Pelafustán, s. m. an ivadage-bond.

Peláge, s. m. the head of hair, its colour or beauty.

Pelaire, s. m. a cloth-worker, a fuller, or one that teazes cloth with a teazel.

Pelámbrê, s. m. pilling or pulling off hair, baldness.

Pelambrêra, s. f. a tan-pit to take the hair off the skins.

Pelamêsa, s. f. pulling or tearing off hair.

Pelár, v. a. to pull off the hair, to make bald, to pull a fowl.

Peláza, s. f. a scuffle, a fray, properly among women that tear the hair.

Pelêa, s. f. fight, battle, combat.

Peledór, s. m. a fighter.

Pelêar, v. n. to fight.—*No ser hombre de pelea*, f. (metaph.) not a man fit for fighting.—*Pelêar de fuêra*, to cannonade at a distance, as ships do.

Pelechár, v. n. to breed new hair; to stock, to enrich, to give a new fleece.

Pelendêgues, s. m. pl. knots of ribbands women wore on their heads about their ears.

Peliagúdo, adj. sharp-haired; so they call the kid, calf, and rabbit; also intricate, entangled.—*Hombre peliagúdo*, a very sly man.

Pelibrádo, adj. that has very soft hairs.

Pelicáno, adj. grey-haired.—*Pelicáno*, s. m. a pelican.

Pelico, a jerkin shepherds wear, made of sheep-skins with the wool on.

Pelicórtio, adj. short-haired.

Pelilárgo, adj. long-haired.

Pelifóra, s. f. a whore, a prostitute, a strumpet.

Peligrár, v. n. to be in danger.

Peligro, s. m. danger.

Peligrosamente, adv. dangerously.

Peligróso, adj. dangerous.

Pelillo, s. m. a little hair.—*Echár pelillos a la mar*, to forget what is past.—*Pelinêgro*, adj. black-haired.

Peliquêro, s. m. a skinner, a leather-dresser or seller.

Peliteádo, adj. shadowed, drawn with a pencil or coal.

Pelitre, s. m. the herb pellitory.

Pêlla, s. f. a pellet, a ball, a mass of any thing.—*Pella de nieve*, a snow-ball.—*Pella de*

*manteca*, a print or a lump of butter.—Prov. *Si esta pella á la pared no pega, á lo ménos dexará seral*, if this ball does not stick to the wall, yet it will leave its mark; that is, if you abuse any man very much, though all be not believed, yet some impression it will make; in a better sense, though what one labourer or, has not all the intended effect, yet will be of some help.

*Pellada*, s. f. a blow with a snow-ball, or the like; also a trowelful of mortar.—*No dar pellada, en la obra*, not to work a stroke, not to lay one trowel of mortar on the work.

*Pelleja*, s. f. a skin or hide; but properly that which has wool or hair on it. (Metaph.) a strumpet.

*Pellejería*, s. f. the place where skins or hides are sold; a great quantity of skins or hides.

*Pellejero*, s. m. a skinner, a leather-seller or dresser, a currier.

*Pellejo*, s. m. a skin or hide; also a skin to carry wine or other liquor in.—*Mudar el pellejo*, to change one's skin, as the snake does; to alter one's condition.—*Dexar el pellejo en la demanda*, to die in the cause.—*No caber en el pellejo*, s. fam. to be very fat.—*No tener mas que el pellejo*, f. to be very lean.—*Quitar el pellejo*, f. (metaph.) to rob another of his fortune, also to flay any one.—*Si yo estuviera en su pellejo*, f. if I was in his skin, that is, if I were in his situation.

*Pellica*, s. f. a quilt made of fine furs.

*Pellicero*, s. m. vide *Pellejero*.

*Pellico*, s. m. the skin wore by shepherds.

*Pellizcador*, s. m. the person who pinches.

*Pellicar*, v. a. to pinch; also to steal.

*Pellizco*, s. m. a pinch.—*Dar un pellizco*, to give a pinch.

*Pellón*, s. m. an ancient garment that was so called.

*Pelma*, s. f. } any thing heavy, and looking as if trodden on.

*Pelo*, s. m. hair.—*Pelo malo*, bad hair; a bad state or condition, ill circumstances.—

*Pelo de camello*, camelot.—*Pelo arriba*, against the hair or grain.—*Pelo abajo*, with the hair or grain.—*Pelo de cofre*, red hair.—*Ira pelo*, to go with the hair, or with the grain; said when business goes well.

—*Hacer que venga a pelo*, to make a thing fit.—*Ir a pospelo*, to go against the hair or grain.—*Estar en pelo*, to be naked.—*Dar la bestia en pelo*, to give a beast without a saddle.—Prov. *De tal pelo ni gáto ni perro*, neither dog nor cat red-haired.—Prov. *El pelo muda la raposa, mas el natural no despoja*, the fox changes hair, but not his nature.—*Tercio-pelo*, s. m. velvet.—*Pelos á la mar*, a sport among children.

*Pelón*, s. m. a paltry fellow, a scoundrel; a bald man.

*Pelóna*, s. f. a disease that makes the hair fall off.

*Pelonería*, s. f. poverty, meanness, baseness.

*Pelosa*, s. f. (in cant) a blanket or covering.

*Peloso*, adj. hairy.

*Pelota*, s. f. a ball, a bullet; a wild wench.—*Jugar a la pelota*, to play at ball.—*Pelota de viento*, a ball filled with wind like our foot-ball.—*Estar en pelota*, to be naked.—*Pelota*, a sort of garment used formerly.

*Pelotazo*, s. m. a blow with a ball.

*Pelote*, s. m. goat-hair used to stuff chairs and other things.

*Pelotear*, v. n. to play at ball, to play at tennis.—*Pelotarse*, v. r. to quarrel, to fight.

*Pelotería*, s. f. a heap of balls.

*Pelotero*, s. m. one that sells or makes balls, or that delivers balls at the tennis-court; also a fray or scuffle, in which they pull one another by the hair; also a little insect that grabs in fith.

*Pelotilla*, s. f. a little ball or bullet, a pellet or little bottom of yarn, thread, or the like.

*Pelotón*, s. m. a large ball, knot crew.

*Pelta*, s. f. a kind of shield used by the ancients.

*Peltraba*, s. f. a cant word for a wallet.

*Peltre*, s. m. pewter.

*Peltrero*, s. m. pewterer.

*Pelúca*, s. f. a peruke or perriwig.

*Pelucón*, s. m. a large wig; also one who wears such wig.

*Pelúdo*, adj. hairy.

*Peluquería*, s. f. a shop where they make and sell wigs.

*Peluquero*, s. m. a perriwig maker or dresser.

*Peluquina*, s. m. a bag-wig.

*Pelúsa*, s. f. fur, a lining of a garment of furs; also wealth.

*Péna*, s. f. pain, trouble, sorrow; punishment, a fine.—*So péna de la vida*, upon pain of life.—*Pénas*, pl (in cant) the galleys.—*Pénas de cámara*, fines to the king.—*As pénas*, hardly, scarcely, with much ado.

*Penácho*, s. m. the crest of a helmet, a plume of feathers, or other such topping on the head.—*Penacho de circo*, a deer's attire, or horns.

*Penadaménte*, adv. vide *Penosamente*.

*Penadillo*, adj. that affords drink with difficulty.

*Penál*, adj. penal, afflicting, troublesome.

*Penalidás*, s. f. pain, trouble, affliction.

*Penár*, v. n. to punish, to fine; also to be in pain, sorrow, anguish.—*Penarse*, v. r. to be grieved, to be in affliction.

*Penátes*, s. m. those gods that were worshipped at home; the household gods.

*Pénca*, s. f. the stalk of a lettuce, cole-wort, thistle, or the like; also a broad piece of sole leather, with which the hangmen whip malefactors.

*Pencár*, v. a. to whip at the cart's tail.

*Pencázo*, s. m. a stroke with a *pénca*.

*Penceicarda*, s. f. as, *tomár de penceicarda*, (in cant) to make a fray in a tavern in order to get off scotfree.

*Pencúria*, s. f. (in cant) a whore.

*Pendanga*, s. f. a strumpet, a harlot.

*Pendéjo*, s. m. a coward.—*Es un pendéjo*, he is a coward.

*Pendéncia*, s. f. a quarrel, a fray, a controversy.

*Pendenciár*, v. n. to raise a quarrel or fray.

*Pendenciéro*, s. m. a quarrelsome person.

*Pender*, v. n. to depend.



**Pendiente**, adj. hanging, depending.—*Pendiente de un hilo*, f. (fam.) hanging by one thread; that is, to be in great danger.

**Pendója**, s. f. (obs.) a writing-pen.

**Péndola**, s. f. a pen; also the pendulum of a clock or watch.

**Pendolero**, adj. hanging, that hangs.

**Pendolista**, s. m. a quick writer.

**Pendón**, s. m. a cornet, a pennon, a standard, a streamer in a ship.—*Pendón de taberna*, a tavern-bush.—*Acudir a pendón herido*, to come in to assist where there is great need, as where a standard is in great danger of being taken by the enemy.

**Pendoncillo**, s. m. a little banner, pennon streamer.

**Péndulo**, adj. hanging, that hangs.

**Penedéncia**, s. f. (obs.) vide *Penitencia*.

**Penitenciál**, s. m. a religious person that does penance.

**Penédo**, s. m. (obs.) a rock.

**Penetrabilidad**, s. f. penetrability, susceptibility of penetration.

**Penetráble**, adj. penetrable, that can be entered or penetrated.

**Penetración**, s. f. penetration, piercing through.

**Penetrár**, v. a. to pierce through, to penetrate.

**Penetrativo**, adj. piercing.

**Penguin**, s. m. a bird found about the Straits of Magellan, and other southern countries.

**Península**, s. f. a peninsula, a place encompassed by the sea, except on one part where it joins to the continent.

**Penitencia**, s. f. penance, penitence, repentance.

**Penitenciado**, adj. penanced, that has a penance imposed on him; said of one that has been in the inquisition, and comes out with an obligation of performing a certain penance for his offence.

**Penitenciál**, adj. penitential.

**Penitenciár**, v. to impose a penance.

**Penitenciária**, s. f. an office at Rome so called, from whence the bulls, pardons, indulgences, &c. are sent.

**Penitenciário**, s. m. a peniten-

tiary, one that imposes penances.

**Penitente**, s. m. a penitent,

**Pénosamente**, adv. painfully.

**Penóso**, adj. painful.

**Pensado**, adj. thought on, considered, weighed.

**Pensamiento**, s. m. a thought; (in cant) an eating-house.—*En un pensamiento*, quickly.—*No me passa por el pensamiento*, I have no thought of it.

**Pensár**, v. a. to think; to give cattle their allowance.—*Pensár no es saber*, to think is not knowledge. To say, I thought, shows ignorance.

**Pensativo**, adj. thoughtful.

**Penséque**, a vulgar word, that means, I thought that.

**Pensiér**, s. m. the herb sneeze-weed; also the herb knapweed or matfellow.

**Pensil**, s. m. a garden in the air; any beautiful garden.

**Pensión**, s. f. a pension; (metaph.) an incumbrance, a trouble.

**Pensionár**, v. a. to impose any troublesome obligation.

**Pensionário**, s. m. he that pays the pension; he that receives it.

**Pensionista**, s. m. a pensioner.

**Pensóso**, adj. thoughtful.

**Pentágono**, s. m. a pentagon, a figure with five angles.

**Pentaméto**, s. m. a pentameter, a Latin verse of five feet.

**Pentateúco**, s. m. the pentateuch, the five first books of Moses.

**Penúltimo**, adj. the last but one.

**Penúmbra**, s. f. an imperfect shadow.

**Penúria**, s. f. penury, want.

**Peña**, s. f. a rock, a stony hill, or piece of a mountain.—*Peñas veras, y peñas grises*, names of ancient rich garments, at present unknown.

**Peñaschál**, s. m. a rocky place.

**Peñasco**, s. m. a great or massive stone; also a sort of silk stuff wore by women in summer.

**Peñascóso**, adj. rocky.

**Peñáta**, adj. rocky.

**Peñáta**, s. f. the bird called a fieldfare.

**Peñíscola**, s. f. a peninsula, or a small place, more than a rock and less than an island.

**Peño**, s. m. (obs.) a pledge.

**Peñol**, s. m. a great rock; also the end of the ship's yard.

**Peñóla**, s. f. vide *Penola*.

**Peñón**, s. m. a great rock.

**Peñóso**, adj. rocky.

**Peón**, s. m. a foot-soldier, a day-labourer; a pawn at chess; a top, such as boys whip.—*Peón de albañil*, a day-labourer.—*Peonada*, s. f. a job for a labourer, a day's work.

**Peonage**, s. m. a company of men on foot.

**Peoneria**, s. f. as much ground as may be tilled in one day.

**Peonero**, s. m. a pioneer in an army.

**Peonia**, s. f. a plant so called.

**Peónza**, s. f. a top, such as boys whip; also a very short man.

**Peór**, comp. of *malo*, worse.—*Ir de mal en peor*, to grow worse and worse.—*Peór está, que estaba*, it is worse than it was before.

**Peoría**, s. f. growing worse.

**Pepián**, s. m. kid or lamb cut in small pieces and stewed.

**Pepinár**, s. m. the cucumber-ground.

**Pepinazo**, s. m. a blow with a cucumber.

**Pepinillo**, s. m. a little cucumber.

**Pepino**, s. m. a cucumber.—*No case'e un pepino*, s. he does not care a pin.—*Pepinos rellenos*, stuffed cucumbers, or with a pudding in them.

**Pepión**, s. m. an ancient gold coin.

**Pepita**, s. f. the pip in a hen; a kernel or seed of an apple, orange, melon, cucumber, or the like.—*No tener pepita*, to talk all that comes uppermost, to have no reserve, but tell all one knows.

**Pepitória**, s. f. the gibles of a goose or other fowl; also a mixing of any thing.

**Pepón**, s. m. a pompion.

**Pequeñez**, s. f. smallness, littleness.

**Pequeñico**, } adj. very little.

**Pequeñito**, }

**Pequeño**, adj. little, small.

**Pequenuelo**, adj. very little.—*Dar para peras*, s. (metaph. and fam.) to threaten.

**Pera**, s. f. a pear.—*Pera abogada*, a choking pear.—*Pera bergamota*, a bergamot pear.

Peráda, s. f. conserve of pears.  
 Peraile, s. m. vide *Pelaire*.  
 Perál, s. m. a pear-tree.—*Perál sylvestre*, a wild pear-tree.  
 Perálada, s. f. a grove or orchard of pear-trees.  
 Perantón, s. m. a plant so called.  
 Peráza, s. f. a great pear.  
 Percances, s. m. perquisites, vails, profits.  
 Percatár, v. n. to think, to consider; to be careful.  
 Percebimiénto, s. m. prevention; preparation.  
 Percebir, v. a. to perceive.  
 Percepción, s. f. perception.  
 Perceptible, adj. perceptible, that can be perceived.  
 Pércha, s. f. a pole, a perch, a rafter of a house, a prop of a vine.—*Percha de la ála*, among sailors, a broom, a long pole to spread out the clew of the studding-sail.—*Pérchas*, suares to catch partridges or other birds.—*Oficiales de la pércha*, traders or workmen belonging to the wool or woollen manufacture.  
 Perchádo, s. m. a prop, a perch.  
 Percibir, v. a. to receive; also to perceive, to know.  
 Percudir, v. a. to spoil, to disturb, to break.  
 Percusión, s. f. percussion, stroke.  
 Percusór, s. m. he who strikes or wounds.  
 Perdér, v. a. to lose, to miss, to ruin any one; also to bet a wager; and so it is said, *quiere vmd. perder algo?* will you bet a wager?—*Perdersé*, v. r. to lose one's self.—*Perdersé el camino*, to lose one's way.—*Perdersé*, to expose one's self to danger.  
 Perdición, s. f. perdition, loss, destruction.  
 Perdida, s. f. loss, damage.—*Ir a pérdida y ganancia*, to share with another at loss or gain.  
 Perdicamente, adv. desperately, villainously.  
 Perdidillo, s. m. a little wicked fellow.  
 Perdidozo, adj. apt to be lost; often lost.  
 Perdidó, s. m. a wicked person past reclaiming.  
 Perdidoso, adj. that loses.  
 Perdigádo, s. m. a person that has been punished by the Inquisition.

Perdigár, v. a. to broil on the coals.  
 Perdigón, s. m. a young partridge.—*Perdigones*, pl. shot to kill birds with.  
 Perdiguero, s. m. a setting-dog.  
 Perdimiénto, s. m. loss, destruction; also lewdness, baseness.  
 Perdiz, s. f. a partridge.—*Perdiz chocha*, a wood-cock.—*Prov. La perdiz esta perdida, si caliente no es comida*, a partridge is spoiled, if not eaten hot.—*Prov. Con la perdiz, la mano en la nariz*, the partridge is most eatable when tainted.  
 Perdón, s. m. pardon, forgiveness.  
 Perdonable, adj. pardonable.  
 Perdonador, s. m. pardoner.  
 Perdonanza, s. f. (obs.) vide *Perdon*.  
 Perdonár, v. a. to pardon, to forgive.  
 Perdonavidas, s. m. a bully, a hector.  
 Perdulário, s. m. a lewd man.  
 Perdurable, adj. everlasting.  
 Perdurablemente, adv. perpetually.  
 Perecár, v. n. to be idle or lazy in doing any thing.  
 Perecedero, adj. perishable, that will perish.  
 Perecér, v. n. to perish.  
 Perecimiénto, s. m. perishing.  
 Peregil, s. m. parsley.—*Peregil de mar*, samphire.—*Peregil Macedónico*, the herb *alisan*ders.  
 Peregrinación, s. m. peregrination, a pilgrimage.  
 Peregrinaje, s. m. pilgrimage.  
 Peregrinamente, adv. in a fine manner.  
 Peregrinár, v. n. to travel, to go a pilgrimage.  
 Peregrino, s. m. a pilgrim, a stranger.—*Peregrino*, adj. rare, seldom seen, eminently fine or beautiful.  
 Peremptoriamente, adv. peremptorily.  
 Peremptório, adj. peremptory.  
 Perendéja, s. f. a street-walker.  
 Perendengues, s. m. pl. vide *Pelendengues*.  
 Perennál, adj. perpetual, continual.—*Fuente perennál*, a running spring that is never dry.—*Loco perennál*, one that is continually mad, without any lucid intervals.

Perennalménte, adv. perpetually, continually.  
 Perénne, adj. perpetual, continual.—*Un loco perénne*, a madman without intervals.  
 Perenneménte, adv. incessantly, without discontinuity.  
 Perennidad, s. f. continuity, incessant motion forwards, perpetuity.  
 Perentório, adj. vide *Peremptorio*.  
 Perexil, s. m. parsley.  
 Péreza, s. f. sloth, laziness.—*Prov. Péreza llave de pobreza*, sloth is the key to poverty; the way to grow poor.  
 Perezosamente, adv. slothfully, lazily.  
 Perezoso, adj. slothful, lazy.  
 Perfección, s. f. perfection.  
 Perfeccionár, v. a. vide *Perficionar*.  
 Perfectamente, adv. perfectly.  
 Perfecto, adj. perfect.  
 Perficionár, v. a. to finish, to bring to perfection.  
 Perfidia, s. f. perfidiousness, falsehood, treachery.  
 Perfidio, adj. perfidious, false, treacherous.  
 Perfil, s. m. the outline of a picture or draught; in architecture, the side perspective of a structure.—*Rostro de medio perfil*, a side face in painting.  
 Perfiládo, s. m. a grave formal person.  
 Perfiladura, s. f. the drawing the fine lines of a picture.  
 Perfilár, v. a. to draw the first lines of a picture; also to make any work about the edges of a thing.  
 Perfumador, s. m. a perfumer.  
 Perfumar, v. a. to perfume.  
 Perfume, s. m. perfume, sweet scent.  
 Perfumería, s. f. a perfumer's shop.  
 Perfumero, s. m. a perfumer; a pan to burn perfumes in.  
 Pergamino, s. m. parchment.  
 Pergeñar, v. a. to dispose, to execute any thing with ability.  
 Pergéño, s. m. disposition, dexterity, ability.  
 Pericia, s. f. skill.  
 Perico, s. m. a sort of green parrot, and little bigger than a thrush.  
 Pericranéo, } s. m. the pericranium, a membrane that is about the skull.



**Perifólio**, s. m. an herb called chervil.—*Perifolios*, ribbands and other ornaments used by women in dressing.

**Perigállos**, s. m. the cock's gills; the thin flaps of skin that hang under the chin of very old or lean persons.

**Perilla**, s. f. a little pear.

**Perillán**, s. m. a wandering idle fellow; a rogue, a sharper.

**Perillos**, s. m. a kind of sweet paste.

**Perinola**, s. f. a totum, a little piece of stick or ivory, which boys twirl about with their fingers, and make it spin like a top.

**Periódico**, adj. periodical.

**Periódó**, s. m. a period, a full stop; also the end of duration.

**Peripatético**, s. m. a Peripatetic; one of Aristotle's disciples.

**Periphéria**, s. f. periphery, circumference.

**Periphraseár**, v. a. to periphrase, to express one word by many.

**Periphrásis**, s. f. a periphrasis; a circumlocution, use of many words to express the sense of one.

**Periquillos**, s. m. pl. a kind of sweetmeat.

**Perito**, adj. skilful.

**Peritonéo**, s. m. the peritoneum; it is a thin and soft membrane which encloses all the bowels, and lies immediately under the muscles of the lower belly.

**Perjuiciar**, v. a. to prejudice, to damage, to hurt, to wrong.

**Perjudicial**, adj. prejudicial, hurtful.

**Perjuicio**, s. m. prejudice, damage, wrong, hurt.

**Perjurador**, s. m. a perjured person, one that will forswear himself.

**Perjurár**, v. n. to forswear, or swear false.

**Perjuro**, s. m. perjury.

**Perjuro**, s. m. a forsworn person, a perjured man.

**Périla**, s. f. a pearl.

**Perlado**, s. m. (corruptly for *prelado*) a prelate.

**Perlático**, adj. troubled with the palsy.

**Perlesia**, s. f. the palsy.

**Perlica**, } s. f. a little pearl.

**Perlita**, }

**Perlongár**, v. a. to sail along the coast.

**Permanecer**, v. n. to remain, to continue, to last.

**Permanencia**, s. f. stay; durability, duration.

**Permanente**, adj. permanent, lasting, durable.

**Permisión**, s. f. permission, sufferance.

**Permisivo**, adj. permissible, what may be permitted.

**Permiso**, s. m. leave, licence allowance, grant.—*Permiso*, p. p. of *permitir*.

**Permisór**, s. m. one who gives licence or permits.

**Permitido**, adj. lawful.

**Permitidór**, s. m. who permits,

**Permitir**, v. a. to permit, to suffer, to allow.

**Permixción**, s. f. permixtion; the act of mixing.

**Permuta**, s. f. changing of ecclesiastical benefices.

**Permutación**, s. f. change, alteration.

**Permutár**, v. n. to permute, to exchange.

**Pernáda**, s. f. a fling with the leg, a kick.

**Perneár**, v. n. to kick, to shake the legs, as a man does when he is hanged.—*Perneár en la bórea*, to be hanged.

**Perniabierto**, adj. open-legged.

**Perniciosamente**, adv. perniciously.

**Pernicioso**, adj. pernicious, destructive.

**Pernil**, s. m. the leg, the gammon.—*Pernil de tocino*, a gammon of bacon, a ham.

**Perníos**, s. m. pl. hinges for doors or windows, or the like.

**Perniquebrár**, v. a. to break the legs.

**Pernós**, s. m. pl. iron pins or great nails, such as are used in shipping, or to fasten timbers together.

**Pernoctár**, v. n. to pass the night in a place; to set up all the night.

**Péro**, adv. but, yet.

**Péro**, s. m. a pear-tree; also a sort of apple like a pear.

**Perogrulláda**, s. f. an evident truth.

**Peról**, s. m. a copper pan, such as the confectioners use to make their sweetmeats in.

**Peroración**, s. f. peroration, the conclusion of an oration.

**Perorár**, v. n. to conclude an oration, or speech: also to ask with importunity.

**Perpendicular**, adj. perpendicular, upright.

**Perpendicularmente**, adv. perpendicularly.

**Perpetración**, s. f. perpetration, fact.

**Perpetrador**, s. m. he that perpetrates or commits.

**Perpetrár**, v. a. to perpetrate, to commit, to do.

**Perpétua**, s. f. a flower so called.

**Perpetuamente**, adv. perpetually.

**Perpetuana**, s. f. a sort of serge.

**Perpetuár**, v. a. to perpetuate, to continue.

**Perpetuidad**, s. f. perpetuity, continuance.

**Perpétuo**, adj. perpetual, continual, lasting.

**Perpiñós**, s. m. pl. the great stones that reach quite through a wall.

**Perplexamente**, adv. perplexly.

**Perplexidad**, s. f. perplexity, trouble, anxiety.

**Perpléxo**, adj. perplexed, troubled.

**Perpunte**, s. m. armour of silk quilted with some chains or pieces of iron stitched in it; a doublet.

**Pérque**, s. m. a lampoon or scandalous libel.

**Perquirir**, v. a. to search.

**Perra**, s. f. a bitch.—*Perra salida*, s. f. a proud bitch.

**Perráda**, s. f. many dogs together.

**Perramente**, adv. wickedly, in a very bad manner.

**Perrázo**, s. m. a great dog.

**Perrénque**, s. m. one that grows easily angry.

**Perrera**, s. f. a dog-kennel.

**Perreria**, s. f. a place where they keep dogs.—*Decir perrerias a alguno*, to call one names.

**Perréro**, s. m. a dog-keeper, one that whips the dogs out of great churches.—*Perréro*, adj.

fit for the dogs.—*Máta perrera*, a poor jade of a mule that is fit for the dogs.

**Perrézno**, s. m. a puppy.

**Perico**, } s. m. a little dog.—

**Perillo**, } *Perillo de falda*, or *fal*

*déro*, a little lap-dog.—*Perillo de muchas bédas*, a John

among the maids; one that thrusts himself into all feasts.

**Perrito**, s. m. a little dog.—*Perrito faldéro*, s. m. a lap-dog.

**Pérro**, s. m. a dog.—*Pérro de rastro*, a blood-bound.—*Pérro*

de muestra, a setting-dog.—  
**Pérru lánudo**, a shock-dog, a water-spaniel.—**Pérru**, de ayuda, a fierce dog that will keep the house and defend his master.—**Pérru sabueso**, a large hound.—**Pérru con centéro**, a dog with a bell; a servant that has a wife.—**Dar pérru**, to cheat, to deceive.—**Ponerse como un pérru**, to fall in a passion.—Prov. *A perro viejo nunca tus*, tus; no catching old birds with chaff.—Prov. *Pérru ladrador, nunca buen cazador*, a barking dog never bites.—Prov. *A todo perro con ese hueso*, throw that bone to another dog; put that trick upon another, it will not take with me.—Prov. *Quien con perros se echa, con pulgas se levanta*, he who lies down with dogs, rises with fleas; lie with beggars, and you will be lousy.  
**Perróchia**, s. f. (obs.) vide Parrochia.  
**Perrúno**, adj. doggish, of or belonging to a dog.  
**Persecución**, s. f. persecution.  
**Perseguidor**, s. m. persecutor.  
**Perseguiimiento**, s. m. persecuting.  
**Perseguir**, v. a. to persecute.  
**Persevánte**, s. m. a pursuivant at arms.  
**Perseverancia**, s. f. perseverance.—Prov. *La pers-vera cía toda cosa alcanza*, perseverance obtains all things.  
**Perseverar**, v. n. to persevere.  
**Persiana**, s. f. a kind of silk stuff so called.  
**Persicaria**, s. f. the herb lake-weed.  
**Persiguárese**, v. r. to make the sign of the cross upon one's self with one's hand.  
**Pérsigo**, s. m. a peach; also the fish called a peach.  
**Persistencia**, s. f. persistence, continuance.  
**Persistir**, v. n. to persist, to continue, to stand in any thing.  
**Persóna**, s. f. a person.—Prov. *De persona callada arriétra tu morada*, remove your dwelling at a distance from a silent person. They who talk least, generally observe most; and therefore take heed of them.—Prov. *Con mala persona el remedio mucha tierra en medio*, the remedy against an ill person is much land between; that is, to keep at a great dis-

tance from such people.—  
 Prov. *De persona bouda no fies tu bolsa*, do not trust your purse with a drunken person.  
**Personage**, s. m. a personage, a considerable person, a man or woman of eminence.  
**Personal**, adj. personal.  
**Personalidad**, s. f. personality.  
**Personalmente**, adv. personally, in person.  
**Personero**, s. m. (obs.) one that represents the person of another; an attorney.  
**Perspectiva**, } s. f. perspective,  
**Perspetiva**, } the art of drawing things so that they appear to the sight at their proper distances and in due proportions.  
**Perspicacia**, s. f. sharpness of sight or understanding.  
**Perspicaz**, adj. sharp-sighted.  
**Perspicuidad**, s. f. perspicuity.  
**Perspicuo**, adj. plain, easy to be discerned or understood.  
**Persuadir**, v. a. to persuade.—  
**Persuadirse**, v. r. to persuade one's self.  
**Persuasible**, adj. that may be persuaded.  
**Persuasión**, s. f. persuasion.  
**Persuasivo**, adj. persuasive.  
**Pertenecer**, v. n. to belong, or appertain.  
**Pertenencia**, s. f. what belongs or appertains to any one.  
**Pértica**, s. f. a perch, a pole to measure with, a cross beam or piece of timber.  
**Pértiga**, s. f. the pole of a cart that runs betwixt the two oxen or horses that draw.  
**Pertiguero**, s. m. a verger of a church.—*Pertiguero mayor*, formerly chief standard bearer; a chief justice.  
**Pertinacia**, s. f. obstinacy, stubbornness, perverseness.  
**Pertinaz**, adj. obstinate, stubborn, positive, perverse.  
**Pertinente**, adj. proper, pertinent.  
**Pertinentemente**, adv. pertinently, to the purpose.  
**Pertrechár**, v. a. to furnish, to provide, to store; also to mend or repair.  
**Petréchos**, s. m. pl. furniture, stores, necessaries.  
**Perturbación**, s. f. perturbation, trouble, vexation.  
**Perturbador**, s. m. the person who disturbs or perplexes.  
**Perturbár**, v. a. to trouble, to disturb, to disquiet, to vex.

**Perversamente**, adv. perversely.  
**Perversidad**, s. f. perverseness.  
**Perverse**, adj. perverse, incorrigible, untoward.  
**Pervertidor**, s. m. a perverter.  
**Pervertir**, v. a. to pervert.  
**Peructano**, s. m. a choak pear, a wild pear, or the tree that bears it.—**Perulero**, s. m. a native of Peru; any person that comes rich from thence.—*Rico como un Perulero*, as rich as a Peruvian.  
**Pésa**, s. f. a weight to weigh with.  
**Pesada**, s. f. (obs.) vide Pesadilla.  
**Pesadamente**, adv. heavily, sorrowfully.  
**Pesadéz**, s. f. heaviness, fatness in person; pain, grief, trouble.  
**Pesadilla**, s. f. the night-mare; also a heaviness or drowsiness.  
**Pesado**, adj. weighty, heavy, troublesome, sorrowful.  
**Pesador**, s. m. a weigher.  
**Pesadumbre**, s. m. trouble, grief, sorrow.  
**Pesáme**, it grieves me.—*Dar el pesame*, to console with.  
**Pesár**, v. a. to weigh.—**Pesar**, v. n. to have a value for.—**Pesar**, v. n. to be sorry for.—**Pesar**, s. m. grief, sorrow, trouble, depression of spirits.  
**Pesaroso**, adj. sorrowful, troubled, grieved.  
**Pésca**, s. f. fishing or fishery; and all sorts of fish in general.  
**Pescada**, s. f. a large sort of fish, not unlike fresh cod.—*Pescada en rillo*, salt cod.  
**Pescadería**, s. f. the fish-market.  
**Pescadéro**, s. m. a fish-monster.  
**Pescadillo**, s. m. a little fish.  
**Pescado**, s. m. fish.  
**Pescador**, s. m. a fisherman.—Prov. *Pescador de caña mas come que gana*, an angler eats more than he gains; that is, angling cannot get enough to maintain his family.—Prov. *Pescador de anzuelo, a su casa va con duelo*, an angler goes home with sorrow, because he cannot get enough to maintain his family.  
**Pescar**, v. a. to fish.  
**Peseozón**, s. m. a blow on the neck.



Pescúda, s. f. a question, an enquiry.

Pescudar, v. n. to ask, to question, to enquire.

Pescuézo, s. m. the neck.

Pesèbre, s. m. a manger.

Pesebrera, s. m. the manger-range.

Pesebrón, s. m. the coach-box.

Pesèta, s. f. a silver coin about the value of a shilling.

Pèsga, s. f. vide Pesa, and Pèso.

Pèsi á Tal! an interj. odds my life!

Pèso, s. m. weight; also a pair of scales.—*Pèso*, a silver coin worth about four shillings and six pence.—*Pèso fullo*, light weight.—*Contra pèso*, a counterpoise.—*Hòmbre de pèso*, a sober grave man.—*Traer en pèso*, to support, to maintain; also to have power over.—Prov. *El pèso y la medida sacan al hombre de porfia*, weight and measure ease a man from controversy.

Pesóles, s. m. pl. (obs.) French beans.

Pèspita, s. f. } the bird call.

Pèspitálo, s. m. } ed a wag-tail.

Pespuntár, v. a. to stitch, as they do fine caps, waistcoats, or the like.

Pespúnte, s. m. fine stitching, back-stitch.

Pesquéra, s. f. a fishing-place, a wear in a river.

Pesquería, s. f. a fishery.

Pesquerír, v. a. (obs.) vide Perquirir.

Pesquisa, s. f. search, enquiry, examination.

Pesquisár, v. a. to search, to enquire, to examine.

Pesquisidór, s. m. an examiner, one appointed to examine or enquire into any matter.—*Juèz pesquisidór*, a judge that has commission to enquire into some particular offences.

Pesimamènte, adv. in a very bad manner.

Pésimo, adj. the worst, very bad.

Pestañas, s. f. pl. the eyelashes, the hair on the eyelids; also an edging or welt on a garment.

Pestañear, v. a. to move the eye-lids.—*No pestañear*, to look so earnestly that the eye-lids do not move; (metaph.) to stand quite still.

Pèste, s. f. plague, pestilence.

Pestífero, adj. pestiferous, pestilent, contagious, plagues.

Pestilència, s. f. pestilence, the plague.

Pestilenciál, adj. pestilential, contagious.

Pestilènte, adj. pestilent, plaguey.

Pestillo, s. m. the bolt of a door; a pestle to a mortar—

*Pestillo de gólpe*, the bolt of a spring-lock.

Pestorèjo, s. m. a great brawny neck.

Pestorejón, s. m. a blow on the neck.

Pesúña, s. f. a foot or claw of a beast; also a disease in a horse called the fashions.

Petàca, s. f. a hamper, a great basket.

Petardeár, v. a. to blow up gates or barriers with petards; also to ask money lent with design of cheating.

Petardéro, s. m. he that makes or applies a petard.—*Petardéro*, (in cant) a knight of the industry, a borrower.

Petárdo, s. m. a military engine of mischief so called.

Petate, s. m. a liar, a cheat.

Petición, s. f. petition, request.

Petillo, s. m. a stomacher.

Petimètre, s. m. a beau, a fop.

Petis, s. m. a name given to a little dog.

Pèto, s. m. a breast-plate.

Petrál, s. m. a breast-plate for a horse.

Petrificación, s. f. petrification.

Petrificár, v. a. to petrify, to make hard as stone.

Petril, s. m. a rail to lean the breast on.

Petrina, s. f. a broad girdle worn under the breast.

Petrolèo, s. m. a liquid bitumen, black, floating on the water of springs.

Petulància, s. f. insolence, sauciness, impudence.

Petulànte, adj. petulant, saucy, impudent, perverse.

Pèxe, s. m. fish; also a sly cunning fellow.

Pèz, s. f. or m. pitch; also a fish.—*Pèz espáda*, the sword-fish.—*Pèz volador*, the flying-fish.—Prov. *Quién pèces quiere mojarse tiene*, he that will catch fish, must wet himself; nothing to be got without trouble.

Pezón, s. m. a nipple.

Pezpita, s. f. } vide Pèspi-

Pèzpítálo, s. m. } ta.

Phalänge, s. f. the Macedonian phalanx, a body of foot

drawn up square.

Phalángio, s. m. an insect, and a plant so called.

Phalaris, s. f. a kind of duck so called.

Phaleúco, s. m. a kind of Latin verse.

Phantaseár, v. n. to fancy, to imagine.

Phantasia, s. f. fancy, image, conception, thought; also pride, haughtiness.—*Phantasia*, caprice, humour, whim; also frolick, idle scheme.

Phantastick, adj. fantastick, capricious, humorous.

Phantásma, s. f. a phantom, a false apparition or vision; a proud person.

Phantesmón, s. m. a proud strutting fellow.

Phantasticamènte, adv. fantastically.

Phantástico, adv. fantastical, haughty, proud.

Pharisáico, relating to Pharisees.

Pharisáismo, s. m. the sect of the Pharisees.

Pharisèo, s. m. a Pharisee; a wicked person.

Pharmacéutico, adj. pharmaceutical, relating to pharmacy.

Pharmácia, s. f. pharmacy, the art or trade of making medicines.

Phármaco, s. m. a medicine.

Pharmacopèa, s. m. a pharmacopœia, a dispensatory, a book with rules how to make medicines.

Pharmacópola, s. m. a pharmacopolist, an apothecary.

Phasés, s. f. phasis, appearance exhibited by any body, as the changes of the moon.

Phebèo, adj. belonging to the sun.

Phebò, s. m. a poetical name for the sun.

Phenicoptéro, s. m. a phenicopter, a kind of bird.

Phenión, s. m. the anemone, the wind-flower.

Phénix, s. m. the phoenix, that fabulous bird supposed to exist single, and to rise again from its own ashes.

Phenomèno, s. m. a phenomenon, a wonderful appearance.

Philanthrópo, s. m. an hero so called.

**Philáucia**, s. f. self-love.  
**Philología**, s. f. philology, criticism.  
**Philológico**, adj. philological.  
**Philólogo**, s. m. a philologer.  
**Philoména**, s. m. philomel, the nightingale.  
**Philosophál**, adj. philosophical.  
 — *Piedra philosophál*, the philosopher's stone.  
**Philosophár**, v. n. to philosophize, to play the philosopher.  
**Philosophía**, s. f. philosophy.  
**Philosophicaménte**, adv. philosophically.  
**Philosóphico**, adj. philosophical.  
**Philosópho**, s. m. a philosopher.  
**Philtro**, s. m. a philter, beverage given to cause love.  
**Phóca**, s. f. a sea-calf.  
**Phosphóro**, s. m. phosphor, phosphorus, the morning-star; also a chemical substance which exposed to the air takes fire.  
**Phrase**, s. f. phrase, idiom, a mode of speech.  
**Physica**, s. f. physic, the science that treats of nature.  
**Physicaménte**, adv. physical, naturally.  
**Phísico**, adj. physically, relating to natural philosophy; also existent.  
**Physionomia**, s. f. the face, the cast of the look; also the art of discovering the temper by the features of the face.  
**Physonómo**, s. m. a physiognomist.  
**Pia**, s. f. a pied horse, a pie-ball, or pie-ball'd horse.  
**Piada**, s. f. the chirp of a bird.  
**Piadór**, s. m. one that cries like a chicken; (in cant) a great drinker.  
**Piadosaménte**, adv. piously, mercifully, compassionately.  
**Piadoso**, adj. merciful, compassionate.  
**Piaménte**, adv. piously.  
**Pianpiano**, softly, without hurry.  
**Par**, v. n. to pip as chickens do, (in cant) to drink. — *No dexar pinte ni mamante*, to leave no living creature, chick nor child.  
**Piara**, s. f. a herd of swine.  
**Parcón**, s. m. (in cant) a great drinker.  
**Pica**, s. f. a soldier's pike; also a fish called a pike. — *Pica seca*, a pikeman that never serves with a musket; neither is paid. — *Pasar por las picas*, to

pass the pikes, to run through much danger; to be run through with pikes.  
**Picácho**, s. m. the sharp point of any thing.  
**Picáda**, s. f. a prick with any sharp point; a stroke of a bird's beak.  
**Picadero**, s. m. the place where they manage horses.  
**Picadillo**, s. m. minced meat.  
**Picádo**, adj. pricked, pinked like cloth, minced like meat; nettled, provoked, offended.  
**Picador**, s. m. a jockey, one that breaks or manages horses.  
**Picamú'o**, s. m. (in cant) a carrier, carter, or mule-driver.  
**Picaño**, s. f. a ragged fellow; also a knavish person; a patch on a shoe.  
**Picante**, adj. biting, hot of pepper; sharp, biting, satirical.  
**Picapedréro**, s. m. a stone-cutter.  
**Picapleitos**, s. m. a wrangler, a pettifogger, that sets folks at variance.  
**Picaporte**, s. m. the latch of a door.  
**Picár**, v. a. to prick; to peck as birds do; to bite at a bait as a fish; to sting as a bee or the like; to mince meat: (in cant) to run away. — *Picar la amirra*, a sea term, to slip the cable. — *Picár un caballo*, to spur; but generally, to manage a horse. — *Picarse*, v. r. to take offence, to be concerned, to be nettled. — *Picarse en el juego*, to play in anger, hoping to win back what one has lost. — *Picarse de valiente*, to value one's self upon one's courage.  
**Picaraménte**, adv. in a roguish or bantering manner.  
**Picarazo**, s. m. augment of *picaro*.  
**Picaráda**, s. f. a gang of knaves, a knavish trick.  
**Picardear**, v. n. to play the knave.  
**Picardía**, s. f. knavery, malice; a lewd action.  
**Picarésca**, s. f. the rascality, the rabble; a parcel of scoundrels.  
**Picarisco**, } adj. roguish, kna-  
**Picarl**, } vish, bantering.  
**Picarillo**, } s. m. a little  
**Picarito**, } rogue.  
**Picaro**, s. m. a rogue, a base fellow, a malicious, mischievous, cunning, or arch man. — *Picero de cocina*, a scullion,

**Picaro**, adj. merry, gay.  
**Picarón**, } s. m. a great  
**Picaronazo**, } rogue.  
**Picarote**, s. m. a rogue.  
**Picatostes**, s. m. pl. slices of bread fried with rashers of bacon.  
**Picaviento**, s. m. a contrary wind that a ship is forced to take, and lie close to.  
**Picaza**, s. f. a magpye.  
**Picazo**, s. m. a blow with a pike.  
**Picazon**, s. m. itching; also anger.  
**Picéa**, s. f. a sort of bastard deal or firwood.  
**Pichel**, s. m. a mug, a drinking-pot.  
**Pichelète**, s. m. a little mug, or drinking-pot.  
**Pichón**, s. m. a pigeon.  
**Pichoncillo**, } s. m. a little pi-  
**Pichoncico**, } geon.  
**Pichoncfo**, }  
**Pico**, s. m. a bird's bill or beak; a pick-axe; the spout of an ewer or such vessel to pour out liquor; any thing resembling a bird's bill; (metaphorically) prating, much talk, talkativeness. — *Pico de cigüeña*, an herb called stork's-bill. — *Pico de grulla*, the herb cranesbill. — *Pico de arroz*, a measure of rice. — *Pico de jirro*, the spout of a pot for the liquor to be poured out. — *Pico de oro*, a sort of herb; also an eloquent person. Prov. *Quién té hizo rico? quién te sustentó el pico*, who made you rich? he that fed you; if it were not for the belly, the back might wear gold.  
**Picó'a**, s. f. (in cant) a pot.  
**Picó'l**, adj. (in cant) little.  
**Picó**, s. a sharp biting jest; properly a jest put upon another by counterfeiting the contrary. It also signifies a jockey; and (in cant) a spy upon thieves. — *Picón*, small-coal; (in cant) a louse.  
**Picór**, s. m. smart, the smarting that one feels.  
**Picósa**, s. f. (in cant) straw.  
**Picóso**, adj. pitted with the small pox.  
**Picóta**, s. f. a pillow; also a gallows built with stone on the top of a mountain or tower.  
**Picotada**, s. f. } a wound  
**Picotazo**, s. m. } made by a bird's bill.  
**Picóte**, s. m. a kind of cloth so called.  
**Picotear**, v. a. to hurt with the



bills as birds do; also to prate.

Picotera, s. f. a prating talking woman.

Pictima, s. f. vide Epythyma.

Pictórico, adj. relating to pictures.

Picudo, adj. that has a bill or beak; substant. used, a prating boy.

Pido, s. m. the act of begging.

Pidón, adj. that begs.

Pié, s. m. a foot.—*Pié de bestia*, the hind foot of a beast.—*Pié de amigo*, a clog made fast to the foot of slaves, a fetter in a gaol; the bilboes in a ship.—*Pié de anade*, the herb called duck's foot.—*Pié de cuervo*, the herb crow's foot.—*Pié de gallina*, the herb bastard parsley.—*Pié de gallo*, a term at chase.—*Pié de gibio*, (obs.) a sort of dance.—*Pié de león*, the herb lion's foot or lady's mantle.—*Pié de liebre*, the herb hare's foot.—*Pié de hórca*, the foot of the gallows.—*Pié de mesa*, *ó de banco*, the foot of a table or bench.—*Andar a pié*, to walk on foot.—*Ir con piés de plomo*, to proceed with deliberation.—*Hacer pié en el agua*, to keep above water.—*De piés, or en pié*, standing upon one's feet.—*A pié enjuto*, dry-shod.—*A pié llanto*, plainly, without stumbling; easy, without difficulty.—*Entrar con pié derecho*, to begin luckily.—*Nacer de piés*, to be born with the feet foremost, to be lucky.—*Sacar piés*, to give ground, to retire.—*Buscar cinco piés al gato*, to seek for five feet in a cat; to be sophistical.—*Al villano dale el pié, y tomarse ha la mano*, ref. Give the foot to the peasant, and he will take the hand; that is give a rustic an inch and he will take a span.—*Dar el pié*, f. to help; to protect to assist.—*Dar por el pié*, f. to destroy.

Piececito, }  
Piececillo, } s. m. dimin. of pié.  
Piecuelo, }  
Piedad, s. f. piety, pity, compassion, mercy.  
Piedra, s. f. a stone; from the Latin *petra*. It also signifies hail, especially when it is large and does mischief.—*Piedra aguzadera*, a grindstone.—*Piedra arenisca*, a sort of mouldering stone.—*Piedra del águila*,

the eagle-stone.—*Piedra de bexiga*, the stone in the bladder.—*Piedra azufre*, brimstone.

*Piedra de leche*, a stone good for women's milk.—*Piedra pómez*, the pumice-stone.—*Piedra de riñón*, the stone in the kidneys.—*Piedra de toque*, the touchstone to try metals.—*Piedra imán*, the loadstone.—*Piedra infernal*, the infernal stone.—*Piedra filosóphal*, the philosopher's stone.—*Piedra preciosa*, any precious stone.—*Hallar la piedra filosóphal*, to find the philosopher's stone; that is to find out the way of growing rich.—*Tirar piedras*, to be mad.—*Piedras*, s. f. in gaming; the winnings.—*Piedras ciegos*, precious stones that are not transparent, as jasper, agate, onyx, &c.—*No dexar piedra con piedra*, not to leave one stone upon another, to destroy utterly.—*Tira piedras a mi texado*, he throws stones at my tiles; that is, he rails at me, or endeavours to do me harm.—*Prov. Piedra movediza no la cubre moho*, a rolling stone never gathers moss.—*Prov. Tirar la piedra, y esconder la mano*, to throw the stone and hide the hand. To do mischief and not to be seen in it.—*Prov. Matar dos páxaros con una piedra*, to kill two birds with one stone.

Piedrecica, }  
Piedrecilla, } s. f. a little stone.  
Piedrecita, }

Piel, s. m. skin, leather hides. *Prov. De piel ajena, larga la correa*, of another man's leather a long strap; that is, we are always free of what is not our own.

Pielago, s. m. the ocean, the main sea, the deep. (Metaph.) an intricate affair.

Pienso, s. m. the common allowance given to a beast.—*Prov. El mejor pienso del caballo es el ojo de su amo*, the horse's best allowance is his master's eye.—The master's eye makes the horse fat.

Pierna, s. f. a leg.—*Pierna de nuez*, a quarter of a walnut.—*Pierna de savana*, a breadth of a sheet.—*Dar de piernas*, to spur a horse, to run away.—*Echar piernas* to strut, to walk stately.—*Andar en piernas*, to go barelegged.—*Prov. Cada*

*uno estiende la pierna como tiene la cubierta*, every one stretches his legs according to the length of his covering; every one cuts his coat according to his cloth.—*Poner piernas a un caballo*, to spur one's horse.—*Dormir a pierna tendida*, to sleep at leisure.—*Cortar las piernas*, f. to threaten, to menace.

Piernezuéla, s. f. a little leg.

Piernabierto, adj. open legged.

Piernica, }

Piernilla, } s. f. a little leg.

Piernita, }

Pieza, s. f. a piece, a fragment; also a coin.—*Pieza*, a room or chamber.—*Pieza*, a space, a while; also a performance.—*Pieza de artillería*, a single great gun, a cannon.—*Pieza de rey*, a flatterer.—*Buena pieza*, a mischievous crafty fellow.—*Hacer piezas*, to pull in pieces.—*Jugar una pieza*, to play a trick, to mock one.—*Quedarse de una pieza*, to be much astonished.

Piézo, s. m. the foot of a skin, in which they carry wine, and at which they fill and empty it; thence applied to signify the mouth of a bottle or the like.

Pifano, s. m. a fife; either the instrument or the man that plays on it.

Pifar, v. a. (in cant) to spur a horse.

Pifaro, s. m. idem.

Pifla, s. f. (in cant) a bawdy-house.

Pifo, s. m. (in cant) a cloak.

Pigmeo, s. m. a pigmy, a dwarf.

Pigre, adj. idle, slothful, lazy, negligent.

Pigricia, s. f. idleness, sloth, negligence, laziness.

Pigro, adv. vid. Pigre.

Piguélas, } s. f. pl. hawks jes-  
Pihuélas, } ses, short straps of leather fastened to their legs.

*Estar en piguélas*, to lie in gaol with irons.

Pijóta, s. f. a sea-fish of the cod-kind.

Pijote, s. m. a small cannon managed by a swivel.

Pila, s. f. a font in a church, a stone cistern, a holy-water-pot; also a heap, a pile.—*Tantas pilas de bautismo*, so many parishes.—*Pila y torijé*, the two dies for coining of mo-

*ney*.—*Sacér à uno de pila*, to be godfather to one.—*Irse por su pié a la pila*, to be christened when grown up.

*Piláda*, s. f. that portion of mortar made at one bout.

*Pilár*, s. m. a pillar, a column.—*Pilar de agua*, a great cistern of water.

*Pilaréjo*, s. m. a small pillar.

*Pilástra*, s. f. a pilaster, a flat pillar.

*Pilastrilla*, s. m. dimin. of *pilastra*.

*Pilastrón*, s. m. augment. of *pilastra*.

*Pildóra*, s. f. a pill; (metaph.) grief, trouble, bad news.—*Pildora dorada*, a gilt pill, (metaph.) any thing that has a fair outside, but is all bitterness within.—*Si la pildora bien supiera*, no la doráram, por de fuera, if the pill were well tasted, they would not gild the outside of it. Said to him who extols or commends what he knows is not good at bottom.

*Piléo*, s. m. a hat.

*Pilica*, s. f. a little font, holy-water pot, or cistern.

*Pilla*, s. f. } plundering, pil-

*Pillage*, s. m. } lage.

*Pillár*, v. a. to plunder.

*Pilón*, s. m. a sugar-loaf; also

a great cistern.

*Pilonéro*, adj. vulgar, common, known to every body.

*Pilónço*, adj. dry; applied to chesnuts and persons.

*Pilotage*, the pilot's knowledge

*Pilot*, s. m. a pilot of a ship; also a great drinker.—*Piloto*, (in cant) a guide of thieves.

*Piltra*, s. f. (in cant) a bed.

*Piltraca*, } s. f. poor wretched

*Piltráfa*, } meat, that is nothing but skin and bone.

*Piltro*, s. m. a room, in a chamber, (in cant) and a pimp's servant.

*Pimentál*, s. m. a place full of Guinea pepper.

*Pimentéro*, s. m. a pepper-box or caster.

*Pimentón*, s. m. Guinea pepper, which grows in long green pods, and when dry turns red.

*Pimienta*, s. f. pepper.—*Tener una cosa pimienta*, to have pepper; that is, to be very dear.

—*Ser una pimienta*, to be all fire, hot, restless, stirring.

*Pimiento*, s. m. vide *pimentón*.

—*Pimiento de ráto*, a small sort of Guinea pepper.

*Pimpido*, s. m. a sea-fish so called.

*Pimpinela*, s. f. the herb pimpinell.

*Pimpollár*, s. m. m. a nursery of plants.

*Pimpóllo*, s. m. a sprout of a tree or plant, a sucker; also the bud of a rose.—*Pimpóllo*,

an accomplished youth; any thing perfect.

*Piná*, s. f. any stone, stake, or other thing shaped like a sugar loaf.—*Pinas de rueda*, the

pieces of the circumference of coach-wheels.

*Pinabete*, s. m. the fine pine-tree that is free from knots.

*Pináculo*, s. m. the pinnacle of a steeple, or the like.

*Pinál*, } s. m. a grove of pine-

*Pinar*, } trees.

*Pinarriego*, adj. belonging to the pine.

*Pináza*, s. f. a pinnace, a boat belonging to a ship of war.

*Pincel*, s. m. a pencil, such as painters use.

*Pincelada*, s. f. a stroke of a pencil.

*Pincérna*, s. f. one who tastes liquors.

*Pinchadura*, s. f. the action of wounding with a sharp instrument.

*Pinchar*, v. a. to prick, to pierce, to wound with a sharp instrument.

*Pinchávas*, s. m. a contemptible person.

*Pinco*, s. m. vide *Flibote*.

*Pineda*, s. f. a sort of garters made of thread and worsted.

*Pingajo*, s. m. a hanging rag.

*Pinganello*, s. m. vide *Calamoco*.

*Pingorongo*, s. m. a sort of children so called.

*Pingrotudo*, adj. high, elevated.

*Pingue*, s. m. a pink, a vessel with a round stern like a fly-boat.—*Pingüe*, adj. fat; also

abundant, copious, fertile.

*Pinguedinco*, adj. fat.

*Pinguedo*, s. f. fatness.

*Panjantes*, s. m. pl. jewels hanging to a woman's head-dress.

*Pinjár*, v. a. to hang.—*O rico, o pinjado*, either rich, or hanged.

*Pinicós*, s. m. pl. little steps, such as children take when

they begin to walk.

*Pinillo*, s. m. the herb called

spigmel, or mew.—*Pinillo cloroso*, wild dill.

*Pino*, s. m. a pine-tree.—*Pino negro*, the pitch-tree.—*Pino alvar*, the garden-pine.

*Pinóle*, s. m. a kind of sweet powder brought from America

mixed with the chocolate; it is also called *polvos de coconusco*.

*Pinoso*, adj. full of pine-trees.

*Pinia*, s. f. a spot; also the spotted fever; among gamblers, a pip in a card or dye; also a streak or mark in a card.

*Pintacilgo*, } s. m. the bird so

*Pintadillo*, } called.

*Pintár*, v. a. to paint; to describe.—*Haré mi placer como el mas pintado*, I'll do my will as well as the best of them; (metaph.) to feign, to dissemble, to magnify.

*Pintarrajar*, v. a. vide *Pintorrear*.

*Pintarrojo*, s. m. a bird so called.

*Pintiparado*, adj. exactly alike.

*Pintiparar*, v. a. to compare a thing to another.

*Pinto*, adj. (obs.) painted, coloured.

*Pintójo*, adj. spotted.

*Pintór*, s. m. a painter.

*Pintoresco*, adj. picturesque.

*Pintorreár*, v. a. to stain with various colours.

*Pintóra*, s. f. a picture; a description of any thing; resemblance, representation.

*Pinúlas*, s. f. pl. the pinules, the sights of an astrolabe.

*Pinzas*, s. f. pl. pincers, nippers.

*Pinzón*, s. m. a bird called a chaffinch.

*Pinzóte*, s. m. the helm in a ship.

*Piná*, s. f. a pine-apple; the fruit of the pine-tree.

*Pinarse*, v. r. (in cant) to run away.

*Pináta*, s. f. an earthen pot.

*Pinón*, s. m. the kernel of a pine-apple.—*Pinones*, s. m. pl. in falconry, the pinions of the wings of a bird.

*Pinónata*, s. f. preserved pine-apple kernels.

*Pinónate*, s. f. a paste made of the kernels of pine-apples and sugar.

*Pinuéla*, s. f. a silk-stuff so called.

*Pio*, adj. pious, godly, merciful; this word they use to call



- the hens and chickens together.—*Pia madre*, *ô mater*, the pia mater, or the thin membrane which lies under the dura mater, and covers immediately the substance of the brain.
- Piojêra, s. f. a place full of lice, or where they breed.
- Piojênta, s. f. louse-bane, or staves-acre.
- Piojênto, adj. lousy.
- Piojêria, s. f. lousiness; (metaph.) an inconsiderable matter.
- Piojó, s. m. a louse.—*Ser como piojó*, to be eaten up with lice, to be reduced to extreme misery.
- Piojoso, adj. lousy; (metaph.) avaricious.
- Piojuêlo, s. m. dimin. of *piojo*.
- Piôla, s. f. a small cable.
- Piôlar, v. n. to cry as chickens do, or chirp like a sparrow.
- Piôrno, adj. (in cant) drunk.
- Pipa, s. f. a pipe, two hog's-heads; also a tobacco-pipe.
- Pipár, v. n. to smoke tobacco.
- Pipi, s. m. a sort of bird in Africa.
- Pipân, s. m. a dish made after the American manner, a ragoo full of pepper.
- Pipiâr, v. n. to chirp as birds do.
- Pipiripáo, s. m. a splendid banquet.
- Pipo, s. m. a kind of small bird who lives upon flies.
- Pipôte, s. m. a small cask or vessel.
- Pipotillo, s. m. a very little cask.
- Pique, s. m. a term at the game at piquet; also a pickaxe, or such like pointed instrument.—*Pique*, an offence.—*Echar a pique un navio*, to sink a ship, to send her to the bottom.—*Estar a pique*, to be upon the point, or just ready to have something happen.—*Irae a pique*, to sink as a vessel does at sea, to founder.—*El fondo es a pique*, a shore upright, and not shelving off, so that there is as much water near the bank as farther off.
- Piquêra, s. f. the little hole in the bee-hives, the passage for bees.
- Piqueria, s. f. a body of pikemen.
- Piquêro, s. m. a pikeman.
- Piquêta, a kind of pick-axe.
- Piquête, s. m. the game at piquet; also a pick-axe, or such like pointed instrument; also a number of soldiers ready for action.
- Piquillo, s. m. a little bill, or beak.
- Piragua, s. f. a sort of large boat used in the West-Indies.
- Piramidál, adj. made in the form of a pyramid.
- Pirâmide, s. f. a pyramid.
- Piráta, s. m. a pirate, a sea-robber.
- Pirateár, v. n. and a. to play the pirate.
- Pirateria, s. f. piracy, the trade of pirates.
- Pirático, adj. piratical.
- Piráuáta, s. f. an insect.
- Pirotecnia, s. f. the art of inventing fire-arms.
- Piróto, s. m. a precious stone.
- Pisa, s. f. the act of treading.
- Pisacórto, s. m. one that takes short steps.
- Pisáda, s. f. a foot-step.
- Pisadór, s. m. he who treads.
- Pisantes, s. m. pl. (in cant) the shoes and the feet.
- Pisár, v. a. to tread.—*Pisár úvas en el lagar*, to tread grapes in the vat where the wine is made.—*Pisár en sol*, to tread upon the sun, to slander a man wrongfully.—*Seguir las pisadas de otro*, f. (metaph.) to follow another's example, to imitate.
- Pisavêrde, s. m. a nice fop that walks as if he was afraid to touch the ground.
- Pisca, s. f. a bit, a little crumb.
- Piscatór, s. m. a kind of almanack so called.
- Piscatório, adj. piscatory.
- Piscina, s. f. a fish-pond, or other pond or lake.
- Piscis, s. m. one of the twelve signs.
- Pisón, s. m. a rammer, such as paviours use to ram the earth, or the like.
- Pisoteár, v. a. to tread repeatedly.
- Pista, s. f. the foot-step left by animals.
- Pistár, v. a. to beat or pound in a mortar.
- Pisto, s. m. the gravy, juice, or substance of a fowl pounded in a mortar, and squeezed out in a press, to give to sick persons who cannot eat.
- Pistóla, s. f. a pistol.
- Pistoletazo, s. m. the shot of a pistol, or the wound it makes.
- Pistolête, s. m. a pistol.
- Pistráge, } s. m. bad or insipid  
Pistráque, } broth.
- Pita, s. f. an herb in the Indies, of which they make fine thread, as we do of flax.
- Pitáño, s. m. (in cant) a jug, a pitcher.
- Pitanceria, s. f. the place where alms are given out.
- Pitancêro, s. m. he that has the distributing of allowances, or of alms.
- Pitáuza, s. f. a pittance, an allowance of meat or drink; an alms.
- Pitânia, s. f. vid. *Pitarra*.
- Pitañoso, adv. vid. *Pitarroso*.
- Pitár, v. n. to whistle; also to pay.
- Pitárra, s. f. blear-eyedness.
- Pitarróso, adj. blear-eyed, that has weak and gummy eyes.
- Pitipie, s. m. a little foot; so they call a short measure which carpenters and masons carry in their pockets.
- Pito, s. m. a whistle; also the bird called a woodpecker; also the herb they say this bird makes use of to stop his nest.
- Pitón, s. m. the horn of any animal; also the bud of any tree.—*Pitônes*, s. m. pl. bones or stones children play with.
- Pituíta, s. f. pituite, phlegm.
- Pituitoso, adj. pituitous, full of phlegm.
- Pizárra, s. f. a pebble-stone; also a slate to cover houses.
- Pizarrál, s. m. a place full of slates.
- Pizarrêro, s. m. a slater; one who covers houses with slates.
- Pizea, s. f. a small particle of any thing.
- Pizeár, v. a. to pinch.
- Pizeco, s. m. a pinch.
- Pizperêto, adj. active, industrious, said of a woman.
- Pizpinigáña, s. f. a sort of play among children.
- Pláca, s. f. an ancient piece of money, about the value of a penny.
- Placabilidad, s. f. placability, placableness.
- Placáble, adj. placable.
- Placación, s. f. appeasing.
- Placarte, s. m. placard, edict, proclamation, ordinance.
- Placeár, v. a. to publish, to proclaim.

**Placéme**, s. m. congratulation, giving joy.

**Placenta**, s. f. in anatomy, the placenta.

**Placenteramente**, adv. joyfully.

**Placentero**, adj. pleasant, pleasing, diverting.

**Placér**, s. m. joy, pleasure.—**Placér**, v. imp. to please.

**Placéra**, s. f. a common strumpet.

**Placeramente**, adv. in a public manner, openly, in the face of the world.

**Placéro**, adj. common, public, or relating to a market-place.

**Placeta**, s. f. a little market-place.

**Placible**, adj. gentle, quiet, kind.

**Plácido**, adj. placid, soft, mild.

**Plága**, s. f. (obs.) a wound, a sore.

**Plagar**, v. a. to plague, to torment; both words little used.

**Plan**, s. m. the plan of any thing.—**Plan**, the breadth of a ship in the bottom of the hold, or the breadth whereon she rests when aground, called floor, bilge, or bulge.

**Plána**, s. f. a page of a book, or side of a sheet of paper; also a mason's or bricklayer's trowel.

**Pláncha**, s. f. a plate of metal; also an iron to dress linen with.

**Planchado**, *da*, p. p. from *planchar*.

**Plancheado**, *da*, p. p. from *planchar*.

**Plancheár**, v. n. to plate, or cover with plates.

**Planchón**, s. m. a great plank or board; a great plate of metal.

**Planchuela**, s. f. dimin. of *plancha*.

**Pláno**, s. m. vid. *Planga*.

**Planétay**, s. m. a planet.

**Plángo**, s. m. a kind of eagle so called.

**Pláno**, s. m. plain, smooth, level.—**Declarár de pláno**, to declare plainly, without reserve.—**Dar un golpe de pláno**, to strike with the flat side of a thing.

**Planta**, s. f. a plant.—**Plinta**, s. f. in architecture, the plan or ground-plot of any structure.—**Plinta del pié**, the sole of the foot.—**Plinta vergonzosa**, the sensitive plant.

**Plantación**, s. f. a plantation.

**Plantador**, s. m. a planter.

**Plantár**, v. a. to plant; (metaph.) to fix any thing; to beat, to stick to any one; also to settle in any place; to cheat, to impose by fair promises.

**Plantear**, v. n. to mourn, to bewail.

**Plantél**, s. m. a nursery of young trees or plants.

**Plantica**, s. f. a little plant.

**Plantilla**, s. f. a little plant.

**Plántio**, s. m. planting; also a nursery of young trees.

**Plantista**, s. m. a bully, an hector.

**Pláto**, s. m. lamentation, mourning.

**Plantón**, s. m. a stock to graft; also a sentinel.

**Plantosa**, s. f. (in cant) a cup to drink out of.

**Plaúidéxas**, s. f. pl. the women

paid anciently to mourn and lament in funerals.

**Plaúido**, s. m. expression of sorrow, lamentation.

**Plaúir**, v. a. to lament, to bewail.

**Plasma**, s. f. a plaster; also a green stone not so fine as an emerald.

**Plasmador**, s. m. creator, maker, former.

**Plasmár**, v. a. to make, to shape; to form; also to plaister.

**Plasta**, s. f. any sort of soft paste or plaister; as mortar, clay, or the like.

**Pláta**, s. f. silver.—**Pláta virgen**, virgin silver, that is, fine, pure, and without any alloy.

**Pláta de márca**, standard silver.—**Pláta de martillo**, s. f.

solid plate.—**En plata**, mod. adv. without preamble, clear,

openly.

**Plataforma**, s. f., a platform in fortification, being a battery to place cannon on; also a draught or plan of a work.

**Platáno**, s. m. the plantain, a tree.

**Plátazo**, s. m. a great dish.

**Plateár**, v. a. to silver, to cover or do over with silver.

**Platél**, s. m. a platter or dish.

**Plateria**, s. f. the silversmiths' street.

**Plátéro**, s. f. a silver-smith.

**Plática**, s. f. a discourse, a speech; also practice.

**Platicable**, adj. practicable, feasible.

**Platicante**, s. m. practitioner in physic or surgery.

**Platicár**, v. a. to discourse, to talk; also to practise.

**Plático**, adj. experienced.

**Platillas**, s. f. pl. a sort of linen so called.

**Platillo**, s. m. a little dish, plate, or saucer; also slander, or defamation.

**Pláto**, s. m. a dish.—**Hacér plátó**, to boast.—**Hacér plátó franco**, to keep open house; to make a show; to discover secrets.

**Platón**, s. m. a great dish.

**Platonicamente**, adv. in a platonic manner.

**Platónico**, adj. platonic, honest and chaste, said of love.

**Plausibilidad**, s. f. plausibility.

**Plausible**, adj. plausible, worthy of praise.

**Plausiblemente**, adv. plausibly.

**Plaúso**, s. m. (obs.) applause.

**Plaústro**, s. m. a cart.

**Pláya**, s. f. the shore, the sea-coast.

**Playázo**, s. f. a great shore.

**Playéro**, s. m. a fisherman that brings fish from the sea-coast.

**Playón**, s. m. augmentative of *playa*.

**Pláza**, s. f. a market; a fortified place; a square.—

**Plíza**, an employment, or office.—**Sentar pláza**, to enlist for a soldier.—**Pasar pláza**, to have a name.—**Plázade armas**, a place of arms.—

**Pláza**, *pláza*, make way; used by the guards when the king goes out of some place.—

**Hombre de plaza**, a person invested with any dignity.—

**Sacar d pláza**, to publish any thing intended to be kept secret.

**Plázo**, s. m. a term or time allowed to do any thing, or to appear in a court of justice.

**Plazuéla**, s. f. a little square.

**Plébe**, s. the common people.

**Plebéyo**, adj. vulgar, belonging to common people.

**Plebezuéla**, s. f. rabble, vile rabble.

**Pléca**, s. f. among printers, a sort of a dash, many of which form a line of separation.

**Pléctro**, s. m. a quill used to play upon the strings of a harp or such instrument;



- figuratively, the instrument itself.
- Plegable, adj. that may be folded.
- Plegadaménte, adv. intricately, confusedly.
- Plegadéra, s. f. a folding-tool.
- Plegadór, s. m. the person who gathers or plaits.
- Plegadúra, s. f. the gathering of a garment, the plaiting.
- Plegár, v. a. to gather a garment, to plait.—*Plegar*, used for *llegár*, (obs.) to arrive.
- Plegaría, s. f. a prayer, particularly a public prayer in time of calamity.
- Pleita, s. f. a mat of rushes.
- Pleiteadór, s. m. a man actually litigating; a litigious person.
- Pleiteamiénte, s. m. v. de Pleito.
- Pleiteár, v. n. to contend in a court of justice.
- Pleitesia, s. f. an agreement, a covenant.
- Pleitista, adj. belonging to a cause or law-suit.
- Pleito, s. m. a cause, a law-suit, a dispute.—*Mas vale mal quite que buen pleito*, ref. a bad agreement is better than a good case in law.—*Poner á pleyto*, f. (metaph.) to go to law without reason.—*Tener mal pleyto*, f. to have a bad cause.—*Ver el pleyto mal parado*, f. (metaph.) to see the process in a bad situation.
- Plenamiénte, adv. fully.
- Plenaria, adj. fem. as, *Indulgencia plenaria*, a full indulgence.
- Plenariaménte, adv. in a plenary manner.
- Plenilunio, s. m. the full moon.
- Plenipotenciário, s. m. plenipotentiary, one that has full power and authority to transact business.
- Plenitud, s. f. fulness.
- Pleuresia, s. f. the distemper called the pleurisy.
- Pliego, s. m. a sheet of paper, a packet of letters, a fold in a garment.
- Pliegue, s. m. a plait, a fold in a garment.
- Plinto, s. m. the plinth in architecture, which is the first and lowest member of the base.—*Plinto*, s. m. in heraldry, a billet.
- Plomada, s. f. a plummet; a perpendicular line; a black lead pencil.
- Plomár, v. a. to lead or cover with lead; to put a leaden seal to any thing.
- Plomazón, s. m. a kind of cushion, on which gilders cut the gold leaves.
- Plomizo, adj. leadish, like lead.
- Plómo, s. m. lead; also a plummet.—*Plómo de albañil*, a bricklayer's plummet.—*Plómas*, the leads on the top of a house.
- Plomoso, adj. leadish, like lead.
- Plúma, s. f. a feather, a pen, a quill. (In cant) an oar.—*Buena pluma*, a good writer.—*Dar plúmas*, to roll one in feathers after rubbing the body with tar, or such like stinking matter.
- Plumada, s. f. a stroke of a pen.
- Plumado, adj. feathered, that has feathers.
- Plumage, s. m. a plume of feathers.
- Plumagear, v. n. to move as if it wore a feather.
- Plumageria, s. f. feather-work; a quantity of feathers; a feather-shop.
- Plumagéro, s. m. one that deals in feathers.
- Plumbéo, adj. leaden.
- Pluméo, adj. having feathers.
- Pluméro, s. m. a feather-bed.
- Plumica, }  
Plumilla, } s. f. a little feather.  
Plumita, }
- Plumones, s. m. pl. the down of birds; also a feather-bed.
- Plumoso, s. m. adj. feathery, full of feathers.
- Plural, adj. plural.
- Pluralménte, adv. plurally.
- Pluralidad, s. f. plurality.
- Pluvia, s. f. vid. Lluvia.
- Pluvial, s. m. a cope, a cloak of rich silk down to the feet, worn by priests when they officiate at the altar upon great solemnities.
- Pluvioso, adj. rainy.
- Pneumático, adj. relating to wind, moved by wind, pneumatic.—*Instrumentos pneumáticos*, pneumatic instruments.
- Póas, s. f. pl. ropes used about the sails.
- Pobeda, s. f. a place where poplars grow.
- Poblacho, s. m. the mob, the multitude; also a great village, or small town.
- Población, s. f. a town; populousness.
- Poblado, adj. thick, full.
- Poblador, s. m. a peopler of a town or country.
- Poblár, v. a. to people, to inhabit.
- Poblázo, s. m. the mob, the multitude.
- Poblazón, a town; also populousness.
- Póbo, s. m. a poplar tree.
- Pobre, adj. poor; or a poor man.—Prov. *Site da el pobre, es porque mas toma*, if the poor man gives, it is to receive more.
- Pobrecillo, } adj. dimin. o  
Pobrecito, } *pobre*.
- Pobredad, s. f. (obs.) poverty.
- Pobreduría, s. f. (obs.) vid. Pobreria.
- Pobreménte, adv. poorly.
- Pobreria, s. f. a gang of poor people.
- Pobréta, s. f. a strumpet or harlot.
- Pobréte, s. m. a poor fellow.
- Pobretón, s. m. a beggar.
- Pobréza, s. f. poverty.
- Pobrismo, s. m. the aggregate of beggars.
- Pócas Véces, adv. seldom.
- Pocéro, s. m. a well-digger.
- Pocilga, s. f. a hog-stye.
- Pocimá, s. f. a portion, the same as.
- Poción, s. f. a draught, or rather a physical draught.
- Póco, adj. little.—*Póco ántes*, a little before, not long since.—*Póco mas ó ménos*, little more or less.—*Póco a póco*, by degrees, by little and little; also softly.—*Tenér a uno en póco*, to have little esteem for a man, to value him but little.—*Dársele póco de una cosa*, to be little concerned, to care little for a thing.
- Póculo, s. m. (obs.) drink.
- Póda, s. f. the pruning season.
- Podadera, s. f. pruning hook.
- Podador, s. m. a pruner.
- Podagra, s. f. the gout in the feet.
- Podár, v. a. to prune.
- Podatário, s. m. one empowered by another, or commissioned.
- Podazón, s. f. pruning, the season for pruning.
- Podenco, s. m. a setting-dog; also any spaniel.
- Podér, s. m. power, ability, a commission to act.—*Dárse batalla de poder a poder*, to come to a pitched battle.

Podér, v. n. to be able.—*He podado*, I have been able.  
 Poderío, s. m. power, authority.  
 Podéro, s. m. vide Podador.  
 Poderosamente, adv. powerfully.  
 Poderoso, adj. powerful.  
 Podón, s. m. any pruning knife.  
 Pódre, s. f. rottenness, filth, corruption.  
 Podreciente, adj. rotting, corrupted.  
 Podrecér, v. n. to rot.  
 Podrecimiento, s. m. rotting.  
 Podredumbre, s. f. rottenness.  
 Podrición, s. f. rotting.  
 Podrimiento, s. m. } rotting;  
 Podridura, s. f. } (metaph.)  
 vexing, fretting.  
 Podrir, v. n. to rot, to corrupt;  
 (metaph.) to vex, to fret.—  
*Podríse*, v. r. to rot.  
 Poéma, s. m. a poem.  
 Poesia, s. f. poetry.  
 Poeta, s. m. a poet.  
 Poética, s. f. the art of poetry.  
 Poeticamente, adv. poetically.  
 Poético, adj. poetical.  
 Poetisa, s. f. a woman that makes verses, a poetess.  
 Poetizar, v. n. to play the poet.  
 Poetón, s. m. a burlesque, augmen. of *poeta*.  
 Poinos, s. m. pl. timbers that support casks.  
 Poláca, s. f. the upper part of a shoe.  
 Poláca, } s. f. a small sort of  
 Polácras, } vessel used in the  
 Levant.  
 Polainas, s. f. pl. hose without feet which fall over the tops of the shoes.  
 Polár, adj. polar, of the pole.—  
*Estrella polar*, the north star.  
*Circulo polar*, the polar-circle.  
 Poléa, s. f. a block or pulley, such as the ropes run through in ships, or are used ashore for hoisting of weights.  
 Poleáda, a. f. pap for children, hasty-pudding.  
 Poleadilla, s. f. diminut. of *poleáda*.  
 Polemica, s. f. the art of offending and defending a fortified place.  
 Polénta, s. f. a pudding made of the meal of Turkey corn.  
 Poléo, s. m. the herb penny-royal; also a sharper.  
 Polevi, s. m. a kind of very high heels formerly used by women in their shoes.  
 Poléta, s. f. a duty or custom paid to the king of France by

all the officers of justice.  
 Pólice, s. m. the thumb.  
 Poliche, s. m. (in cant) a gaming house.  
 Policia, s. f. politeness, civility, courtly behaviour or carriage.  
*Consejo de policia*, a council, or number of people appointed to look to the decent government of a town.  
 Polidéz, }  
 Polidéza, } s. f. neatness.  
 Polidillo, s. m. a little spruce fellow.  
 Polido, s. f. a neat person, or a nice one.  
 Polidór, s. m. a polisher.  
 Polilla, s. f. a moth.  
 Polinche, s. m. (in cant) a receiver of stolen goods.  
 Polir, v. a. to polish.  
 Política, s. f. policy, or the art of government.  
 Politicamente, adv. politically.  
 Político, adj. politic; civil or courteous.  
 Poliza, s. f. an order given to pay any sum of money.—  
*Poliza de seguro*, a policy of insurance.  
 Pólla, a pullet; also a pretty young girl.  
 Pollástra, s. m. a great chicken.  
 Pollazón, s. f. the hatching of chickens.  
 Pollera, s. f. a large petticoat which women wear over their fardingal; also a coop for a fowl.  
 Polleria, s. f. poultry; a poulterer's shop.  
 Poliero, s. m. a poulterer.  
 Pollico, }  
 Pollito, } s. m. a little chicken.  
 Polino, s. m. an ass.  
 Pólo, s. m. a chicken.  
 Polluelo, s. m. a little chicken.  
 Pólo, s. m. a pole in the heavens, as the north or south. It is also a sort of white coral.—*Pólo ártico*, the north pole.—*Pólo antártico*, the south pole.  
 Poltrón, adj. lazy, idle.—*Silla poltróna*, an elbow chair.  
 Poltronazo, s. m. a great lazy fellow.  
 Poltronería, s. f. laziness.  
 Poltronizarse, v. r. to grow idle, lazy.  
 Polvaréda, s. f. vide Polvoreda.  
 Polución, s. f. pollution, a defiling.  
 Polvillos, s. m. pl. a sweet powder for the hair.  
 Polvito, s. m. small dust.

Pólvo, s. m. dust; also a pinch of snuff.—*Hécho pólvoo*, powdered, reduced to powder.  
*Sacudir a uno el pólvoo*, to shake the dust off one, to thrash his coat; to rattle one with sharp words; also to beat, to stick to any one.—Prov. *Con éas polvos se hicieron éas lódos*, that dust made this dirt; that is, those causes produce these effects; such are the ill consequences of such actions.  
 Polvora, s. f. gunpowder.—  
*Polvora del dique*, a sort of confits made with sugar, cinnamon, and cloves.  
 Polvoreamiento, s. m. a dusting, or stirring with dust.  
 Polvorear, v. a. to dust.—  
*Polvorearse*, v. r. to powder one's self.  
 Polvoriénto, adj. dusty.  
 Polvorín, s. m. the primer for a musket.  
 Polvorista, s. m. he that makes or sells powders; a maker of fire-works.  
 Polvorizar, v. a. to powder, or reduce to powder.  
 Polvoroso, adj. dusty, full of powder.  
 Polyarchia, s. f. the form of government that places the supreme power in many persons.  
 Polyárchico, relating to such government.  
 Polygámia, s. f. polygamy, plurality of wives.  
 Polygamo, s. m. a polygamist, one that is married with more than one wife at a time.  
 Polyglóta, s. f. the Bible translated in many languages.  
 Polyglóno, s. m. a polygon, a figure of many angles.  
 Polygráphia, s. f. polygraphy, the art of writing in several unusual manners or cyphers.  
 Pólipo, s. m. a polypus, any thing in general with many roots or feet; also an animal with many feet.  
 Polypódio, s. m. polypody, a plant.  
 Polysílabo, adj. of many syllables.  
 Póma, s. f. a little small box full of holes to carry perfumes in, to smell to; also a pomander; a little head-land or point of land; also a sort of bellied bottle.—*Póma de baluarte*, a round platform on a bulwark to plant cannon on.



Pomáda, s. f. pomatum.

Pemár, s. m. an apple orchard.

Poméz, adj. the pumice-stone.

Pomífero, adj. bearing apples.

Pómo, s. m. the pommel of a sword; also a glass bottle, and a vessel they set over the fire with sweets, to perfume a room; also the globe the king holds in his hand at the coronation.

Pómpa, s. f. pomp, state, grandeur.

Pompear, v. n. to strut, to look big.

Pomposamente, adv. pompously, stately.

Pompóso, adj. pompous, stately.

Poncéla, s. f. (obs.) a maid, a virgin, a girl.

Pónche, s. m. punch, a liquor made by mixing brandy with water, sugar, and lemon-juice.

Póncho, adj. lazy, idle.

Poncil, s. m. a sort of lemon, which looks like a maiden's breast, whence it takes its name.

Ponderable, adj. ponderable; also important, worthy of regard.

Ponderación, s. f. consideration, weighing; also extolling, magnifying.

Ponderador, s. m. one that ponders, weighs, considers, or that extols or magnifies.

Ponderár, v. a. to ponder, to weigh, to consider; also to extol, to magnify.

Ponderativo, adj. exaggerative.

Ponderosamente, adv. with great care and caution.

Ponderosidad, s. f. (obs.) heaviness.

Ponderoso, adj. ponderous, heavy; cautious, circumspect, that proceeds with prudence.

Ponedéro, adj. that lays eggs; applied to the hen.

Ponedór, s. m. the crier in a sale, or he that manages and sets the price, bidder.

Poner, v. a. to put, to set, to lay.—*Poner la mesa*, to lay the cloth, to cover the table.—*Poner fin*, to make an end.—*Poner la lengua en algúno*, to talk ill of one, to give him ill language.—*Poner en depósito*, to deposit.—*Poner deseo*, to raise a desire in one.—*Poner arboles*, to plant herbs or trees.—*Poner cuernos*, to cuckold.—*Poner huevos*, to lay eggs.—

*Poner en cóbro*, to lay up safe.

*Poner pies en polvoró*, to venture out upon any undertaking; also to fly, to run away.—*Poner en dicción*, to put in danger.—*Poner precio*, to set a price.—*Poner tienda*, to set up a shop.—*Poner casa*, to set up house-keeping.—

*Quinto: pónen de aquí al lugar*, how far do they reckon it from hence to the town.—*Poner campo*, to pitch the camp, to settle.—*Ponerse en ostentación*, to take state upon one.—

*Ponerse el sol*, to set.—*Ponerse en cóbro*, to put one's self in safety.

Poniente, s. m. the west.

Pontáge, s. m. the duty or toll paid for passing a bridge.

Pontezuela, s. f. a small bridge.

Pontificado, s. m. a pontificate, the reign of a pope or bishop.

Pontifical, adj. pontifical, belonging to the pope or bishop.

Pontificalmente, adv. pontifically.

Pontífice, s. m. pontiff, the pope.

Pontificio, adj. belonging to the pope.

Pontón, s. m. a ponton or floating bridge to pass over a river.

Pontonero, s. m. one who guides the floating bridge.

Ponzóna, s. f. poison.

Ponzoñar, v. a. to poison.

Ponzoñoso, adj. poisonous, venomous.

Pópa, s. f. the poop or stern of a ship.—*Andir conviento en pópa*, to sail before wind; to be successful in one's affairs.

*Cámara de pópa*, the great cabin of a ship; (in cant) the mouth.

Popár, v. a. to dally with, to slight, to make slight of.—

*Prov. Quién a su enemigo pópa*, a sus malos muere, he that dallies with his enemies, dies by his hands. He that undervalues an enemy, will suffer by it.

Populácho, s. m. the low rabble, Popular, adj. popular.

Popularmente, adv. popularly.

Populoso, adj. populous, full of people.

Poquedad, s. f. smallness, littleness, a small inconsiderable matter; meanness of spirit.

Poquillo, adj. very little.

Poquisimo, adj. superl. the least that may be.

Poquito, adj. very little.

Por, a prep. which governs the ablative by, through, for, from.—*Por tal*, so that.—*Por acá* or *por allí*, here or there.—

*Por lo qual*, for which reason.

*Porventura*, adv. peradventure.

Porcel, s. m. a small pig.

Porcelana, s. f. fine earthenware, China-ware; also a porringer.—*Porcelana*, white colour mixed with azure colour.

Porcino, s. m. a young pig.

Porción, s. f. a portion, a share.

Porcionár, v. a. to divide out in portion.

Porcionista, s. m. he who has a right to one of the shares.

Pórco, s. m. (obs.) vide *Puerco*.

Porcuno, adj. of, or belonging to swine.

Pordemás, adv. in vain, to no purpose.

Pordicha, adv. perchance, peradvent.

Pordiosear, v. a. to beg.

Pordioseria, s. f. beggary, begging.

Pordiosero, s. m. a beggar.

Porfia, s. f. contention, strife, obstinacy; also perseverance, constancy.—*Prov. Porfia mata la casa*, perseverance kills the game; that is, it carries a man through all difficulties.—

*Prov. En porfias bravas, desquicianse las palabras*, in hot disputes words are put out of joint. When men grow eager and passionate, they know not what they say.—*Prov. Porfia méu venado, que no balletero cansado*, it is perseverance kills the deer, and not the tired huntsman. Perseverance proves successful.

Porfiadamente, adv. positively, obstinately.

Porfiado, adj. obstinate, positive.—*Necios, y porfiados, hazen ricos a los letrados*, ref. foolish and obstinate people make the lawyers rich.

Porfiador, s. m. one that disputes, contends, or resists with great obstinacy.

Porfiar, v. a. to stand obstinately in a thing, to contend positively.

Porfido, s. m. porphyry-stone.

Porosidad, s. f. porousness.

Póro, s. m. a pore of the body.

Poro, s. m. a white substance.

growing in the sea like white coral.  
**Poroso**, adj. porous, full of pores.  
**Porque**, adv. because, why, wherefore.  
**Porquera**, s. f. the place of resort in a mountain where wild boars meet.  
**Porqueria**, s. f. nastiness, swinishness, dirt.  
**Porquerizo**, } s. m. a swine-  
**Porquero**, } herd.  
**Porquerón**, s. f. catch-pole, a serjeant that apprehends debtors or criminals.  
**Porquezuelo**, s. m. a little swine.  
**Porra**, s. f. a club; also pride, vanity; also a dunce, a fool.—*Porra*, (in cant) the face.—*Hacer porra*, to stop in the way.  
**Porrada**, s. f. a blow with a club.—*Decir porradas*, to make bulls and blunders in talking, to talk foolishly.  
**Porráe**, s. m. a festival kept at certain churches without the walls of a city, where a brotherhood meet and dine after divine service.  
**Porrázo**, s. m. a blow with a club; any blow or stroke with any instrument, or with the hand.  
**Porreria**, s. f. folly, foolery, stupidity.  
**Porréta**, s. f. a young leek.  
**Porrilla**, s. f. a little club.  
**Porrina**, s. f. the state of corn-fields when still green.  
**Porrino**, s. m. a spot of ground sowed with leeks.  
**Porro**, s. m. a leek; a dunce, a block-head.  
**Pórta**, s. f. (obs.) vide *Puerta*.  
**Portacartas**, s. f. a letter-case, or a letter-carrier.  
**Portada**, s. f. the door frame and all the work about it, which is ornamental to the house.—*Buena portada de persona*, a good presence of a man.  
**Portador**, s. m. a bearer of a letter or the like.  
**Portáge**, s. m. the same as *portazgo*.  
**Portal**, s. m. a portal or porch of the house before the entrance.  
**Portalázo**, s. m. a great portal or porch.  
**Portaleña**, s. f. a sort of board or plank sawed out on purpose

for doors; a term used by sawyers and carpenters.  
**Portalero**, s. m. an officer at the avenues of a town to receive the duties upon goods entered, or to take notice of them.  
**Portálo**, s. m. a sort of little door there is in some ships on the side, to take in goods; a hole in a fire-ship to go out at, when they have set fire to her.  
**Portamantéu**, s. m. a portmantau, a cloak-bag.  
**Portanario**, s. m. the gut that passes from the stomach to the belly.  
**Portañola**, s. f. the port-hole or loop-hole.  
**Portante**, s. m. ambling.—*Andar de portante*, to amble.  
**Portapaz**, s. m. a corporal case, a square case made of stiffened silk for the altar, into which they put the linen cloth called the corporal.  
**Portar**, v. a. to carry.—*Portarse*, v. r. to behave well.  
**Portatil**, adj. that may be carried.  
**Portazgo**, s. m. custom or toll paid at those they call *puertos secos*, which are passes on the mountains.  
**Potazguero**, s. m. a gatherer of a toll or duty.  
**Portázo**, s. m. a blow given by the door.  
**Párte**, s. m. the postage of a letter, the burden of a ship, the hire for carrying; good behaviour; also the good or bad disposition.  
**Portar**, v. a. to carry for hire.  
**Portento**, s. m. a prodigy.  
**Portentosamente**, adv. prodigiously, wonderfully.  
**Portentoso**, adj. prodigious, strange, wonderful.  
**Porteréjo**, s. m. dimin. of *portero*.  
**Porteria**, s. f. the porter's lodge or office.  
**Porterillo**, s. m. vid. *Porteréjo*.  
**Portero**, s. m. a porter, a door-keeper.—*Portero de cadena*, a porter at the king's or prince's gate, where there are chains across to keep out coaches and horses.  
**Portezuelá**, s. f. a little door, a wicket.  
**Pórtico**, s. m. a portico, a porch, a stately walking-place, a place under cover

supported by pillars or arches.  
**Portillo**, s. m. a breach in a wall; also a stile or gap in a hedge.  
**Pórtu**, s. m. vid. *Puerto*.  
**Portón**, s. m. a gate.  
**Pos**, adv. vid. *Empos*.  
**Pósa**, s. f. a rest, a stop, a stay; also a buttock.—*Posar*, s. f. pl. the peals rung for the dead.  
**Posada**, s. f. a lodging, a public house; also a knife, fork, and spoon.  
**Posaderas**, s. f. pl. the buttocks.  
**Posadero**, s. m. a resting place, a seat or place to lean against. A rest for a musket, or the like. An inn-keeper.  
**Posador**, s. m. vide *Posadero*.  
**Posar**, v. n. to lodge; also to rest, and to lay down one's burden.—*Posarse a la tabla*, (obs.) to sit down to dinner.  
**Posavérgas**, s. f. pl. a sort of yards used anciently in ships.  
**Posdata**, s. f. the postscript of a letter, the paragraphs added to the end of a letter.  
**Poseedor**, s. m. f. a possessor.  
**Poseer**, v. a. to possess.  
**Posesión**, s. f. possession.  
**Posesional**, adj. relating to, or including possession.  
**Posivo**, adj. possessive.  
**Poseso**, p. p. of *poseer*.  
**Poseor**, s. m. vide *Poseedor*.  
**Posesorio**, adj. possessory.  
**Posibilidad**, s. f. possibility; also the stock of any person.  
**Posibilitar**, v. a. to make a difficult thing possible; to facilitate any difficulty; to make easy what appears difficult.  
**Posible**, adj. possible; also the stock of any person.  
**Posiblemente**, adv. possibly.  
**Posición**, s. f. a position, a thing propounded.  
**Positivamente**, adv. positively.  
**Positivo**, adj. positive.  
**Pósito**, s. m. a public granary.  
**Positúra**, s. f. vid. *Postura*.  
**Póso**, s. m. rest.—*Buen poso aya*, God rest his soul.  
**Pospélo**, adv. against the hair or grain.  
**Pospierna**, s. f. the thigh of any animal.  
**Posponér**, v. n. to postpone, to set behind.  
**Pospuésto**, p. p. of *posponer*.  
**Pósta**, s. f. a post that carries letters; a post-horse; a post



for a centinel or for a corps-de-guard; a post to be defended; at gaming, that which is set or played for; also a slice of any thing.—*Hacer una cosa a posta*, to do any thing on purpose, or designedly.—*Tener posesion de iglesia a su posta*, to have a church living.  
**Postar**, v. a. to post any one; to expose a person.  
**Póste**, s. m. properly the jamb of a door; a post or small pillar.—*Oler de póste*, to suspect any cheat or fraud.  
**Postear**, v. n. to post, to ride post, to travel with speed.  
**Postema**, s. f. vide *Apostema*.  
**Postemero**, s. m. a surgeon's instrument to open aposthumes.  
**Postegar**, v. a. to leave something behind.  
**Posteridad**, s. f. posterity.  
**Posterior**, adj. posterior.—*Posterióres*, s. m. pl. the posteriors, the backside.  
**Posteriormente**, adv. posteriorly.  
**Posthúmo**, adj. posthumous, born after the father's death.  
**Postigo**, s. m. a back door, a wicket in a gate.  
**Postiguillo**, s. m. a little back door or wicket.  
**Postila**, s. f. a comment or marginal note.  
**Postilacion**, s. f. the art of making marginal notes.  
**Postilar**, v. a. to make marginal notes.  
**Postilla**, s. f. a scab.  
**Postillón**, s. f. a postilion, the guide that goes with one that rides post.  
**Postilloso**, adj. scabby.  
**Postizo**, adj. that is put on counterfeit, not natural.—*Cabellos postizos*, s. m. false hair.—*Niño postizo*, s. m. a changeling child.  
**Postliminio**, s. m. a law for restoring what was unlawfully taken away; the return of one that was thought to be dead.  
**Prostración**, s. f. prostration, a lying down; humiliation.  
**Prostrador**, s. m. he who prostrates another.  
**Prostrar**, v. a. to prostrate, to throw down flat on the face, to overthrow, to destroy.—*Prostrarse*, v. r. to prostrate oneself.  
**Póstre**, s. m. the dessert at table

after dinner, the last or latter part.  
**Postreramente**, adv. finally, lastly.  
**Postrero**, adj. last.  
**Postreramente**, adv. lastly.  
**Postrimeria**, s. f. the end of a man, death, the last thing.  
**Postrimero**, adj. vide *Postrero*.  
**Postulacion**, s. f. an enquiring.  
**Postulante**, s. m. one that asks any thing.  
**Postular**, v. a. to ask, or require.  
**Postura**, s. f. a posture; laying down of a thing; a wager; the rate or price set upon a thing.—*Posturas*, s. f. pl. young trees transplanted.  
**Potable**, adj. that can be drunk; as *oro potable*, potable gold.  
**Potage**, s. m. potage; (metaph.) a mixture of various things.  
**Potár**, v. a. (in cant) to drink.  
**Póte**, s. m. a pot, generally taken for an apothecary's shop.  
**Potencia**, s. f. power.  
**Potencial**, adj. potential.  
**Potencialmente**, adv. powerfully.  
**Potentído**, s. m. a despot.  
**Potente**, adj. powerful, vigorous.  
**Potentemente**, adv. powerfully.  
**Potentísimo**, *ma*, super. from *potente*, very powerful.  
**Potestád**, s. f. power.  
**Potisimo**, adj. sup. principal, chief, special.  
**Pótra**, s. f. a rupture.  
**Potranca**, s. f. a young mare.  
**Potrero**, s. m. one that cures ruptures.  
**Potrico**, } s. m. a little colt.  
**Potrillo**, }  
**Potrilla**, s. f. a burlesque appellation of an old man that will play the pretty fellow.  
**Pótro**, s. m. a colt; also an engine to rack malefactors; also baboes.—*¡Pótro cerril*, a wild colt that never was backed.—*Prov. El pótro dexale domár a ótro*, let another break the colt; that is, let another man take the trouble and danger upon him that is fond of it.—*Prov. Ni cabalgues el pótro, ni tu mugér alibes a ótro*, do you neither ride a colt, nor praise your wife to another.—*Prov. De pótro carnoso, buen caballo hermoso*, of a scabby

colt, a good beautiful horse; foul in the cradle, fair in the saddle.  
**Potroso**, adj. bursten, broken bellied.  
**Póya**, s. f. the quantity of dough due to the baker for making of bread.  
**Poyál**, s. m. a cloth to lay on a bench or hollow in a wall, or the hollow itself.  
**Poyáta**, s. f. a cupboard, or hollow in a wall to set things on.  
**Póyo**, s. m. a hollow in a wall, to sit down on, or to lay things out of the way. Among architects, it is also the first part of the wall above the foundation.  
**Póza**, s. f. a puddle of water.  
**Pozál**, s. m. a pail.  
**Pózo**, s. m. a well.  
**Pozueta**, s. f. dimin. of *poza*; a small puddle.  
**Práctica**, s. f. practice, use, dexterity, acquired by use; also method or art.  
**Practicable**, adj. practicable, performable, feasible.  
**Practicamente**, adv. practically.  
**Practicante**, s. m. v. *Platicante*.  
**Practicar**, v. a. to practise, to do habitually.  
**Práctico**, adj. practice, experienced, sly, artful.  
**Practicón**, s. m. one capable more by practice than study.  
**Pradál**,  
**Pradecico**, } s. m. vide *Pradecillo*.  
**Pradecillo**, }  
**Pradecito**, }  
**Pradera**, s. f. a meadow.  
**Praderia**, s. f. meadow ground.  
**Pradezueto**, } s. m. a little meadow.  
**Pradillo**, }  
**Prádo**, s. m. a meadow or lawn.—*Prov. Guárda prádo, y hárta ras ganado*, keep a meadow, and you will fill cattle.—*Prov. Ni duermas en prádo, ni pases vado*, do not sleep in a meadow, nor pass a ford.  
**Pragmática**, s. f. a royal edict or proclamation.  
**Prásio**, s. m. a coarse sort of emerald.  
**Pravedad**, s. f. pravity, wickedness, perverseness, untowardness.  
**Právo**, adj. wicked, corrupt, perverse, untoward.  
**Pre**, s. m. a soldier's daily pay.  
**Prealegado**, adj. before alleged.

**Précambulo**, s. m. preamble, introduction, preface.

**Prebenda**, s. f. a prebend or canonry in a cathedral or collegiate church.

**Prebendado**, s. m. a prebend or canon of a church.

**Preboste**, s. m. vide *Prevoste*.

**Precario**, adj. precarious, held by courtesy, uncertain, depending on the will of another.

**Precaución**, s. f. precaution, preservative caution.

**Precautelar**, v. a. to precaution, to warn before hand.

**Precaver**, v. a. to prevent any danger.

**Precavido**, *da*, p. p. from *preca-ver*.

**Precedencia**, s. f. precedence. *Latin.*

**Precedente**, adj. antecedent, going before.

**Preceder**, v. a. to precede.

**Precedido**, *da*, p. p. from *prece-der*.

**Preceleste**, adj. excellent.

**Preceptista**, s. m. one who gives precepts.

**Preceptivo**, adj. preceptive, containing or giving precepts.

**Precepto**, s. m. precept, mandate.

**Preceptor**, s. m. tutor, preceptor.

**Precés**, s. f. pl. prayers. A churchman's word.

**Preciadór**, s. m. who prizes, values, or esteems.

**Preciár**, v. a. to prize, to value, to esteem.—*Preciarse*, v. r. to boast, to brag of, to value one's self upon.

**Precio**, s. m. price, value, worth.

—*Prov. Engañame en el precio, y no en lo que mércó*, cheat me in price but not in the goods I buy.

**Preciosamente**, adv. preciously.

**Precioso**, adj. precious; also merry, festive, gay, witty.

**Precipicio**, s. m. a precipice.

**Precipitación**, s. f. a precipitation.

**Precipitado**, adj. rash, inconsiderate.

**Precipitar**, v. a. to cast down headlong.—*Precipitarse*, v. r. to cast one's self down headlong; to talk rashly, to let one's tongue run before one's wit.

**Precipite**, { adj. steep, up-  
**Precipitoso**, { right, headlong,  
ready to fall.

**Preceptuo**, adj. chief, principal.

**Precisamente**, adv. of necessity.

**Precisár**, v. a. to oblige, to force.

**Precisión**, s. f. exactness, certainty, preciseness, necessity.

**Preciso**, adj. absolutely, necessary.

**Precito**, adj. predestinated, always, understood of the damned souls.

**Preclaro**, adj. famous.

**Precocidad**, s. f. precocity, ripeness before time.

**Preconización**, s. f. commendation, praise.

**Preconizar**, v. a. to publish or proclaim any thing; also to praise, to commend.

**Preconocedor**, s. m. f. one who knows before.

**Preconocer**, v. a. to foresee.

**Precóz**, adj. ripe before time.

**Precursor**, s. m. one who runs before, a forerunner.

**Predecesór**, s. m. a predecessor.

**Predecir**, v. a. (*obs.*) to foretell.

**Predefinir**, v. a. to determine beforehand.

**Predestinación**, s. f. predestination.

**Predestinar**, v. a. to predestinate.

**Predefinir**, v. a. to predefine, to determine before hand.

**Predial**, adj. belonging to a farm, to a country tenement.

**Predica**, s. f. a sermon.

**Predicable**, adj. that may be discoursed or preached upon.

**Prédicación**, s. f. preaching a sermon.

**Predicador**, s. m. a preacher.

**Predicamento**, s. m. a predicament; in logick, what is affirmed of any thing.—*Esta en buen predicamento, ó mal predicamento*, he is in good or bad reputation.

**Predicante**, s. m. any preacher of a false doctrine.

**Predicár**, v. a. to preach.—*Predicár en desierto*, to preach in a desert; that is, to labour in vain.—*Prov. Bien predica quien bien vive*, he preaches well who lives well; a good example the best sermon.

**Predicatorio**, s. m. a pulpit.

**Predicción**, s. f. prediction.

**Predillección**, s. f. predilection, preference, election of one thing rather than another.

**Predilecto**, adj. preferred.

**Prédio**, s. m. a farm, a piece of ground in the fields.

**Predominante**, p. act. predominant.

**Predominár**, v. a. to predominate, to have power over, to be above another.

**Predominio**, s. m. predominancy, power over.

**Preeminencia**, s. f. pre-eminence, being above or before another.

**Preeminente**, adj. pre-eminent, above or before another.

**Preexcelso**, *su*, adj. sublime.

**Prefacio**, s. m. the preface in the mass, which is immediately before the canon to dispose the assembly to attention and devotion.

**Prefación**, s. f. a preface.

**Prefacioncilla**, s. f. a pretty little preface.

**Prefecto**, s. m. a prefect. This title some religious orders give to their superiors, and in colleges there is a prefect of the studies, who looks to the scholars to see they mind their business.

**Prefectura**, s. f. the dignity of a superior.

**Preferencia**, s. f. preference.

**Preferido**, *da*, p. p. from *preferir*.

**Preferir**, v. a. to prefer one thing or person to another.

**Preferir**, v. a. to prefer, to set before.

**Prefigurár**, v. a. to represent with an anticipation the form or figure of any thing.

**Prefinido**, *da*, p. p. from *prefinir*.

**Prefinir**, v. a. to point out the time for doing any thing.

**Prefixo**, adj. prefixed.

**Pregon**, s. m. proclamation made by a cryer; the cryer himself.

**Pregouár**, v. a. to proclaim by a cryer.

**Pregonero**, s. m. a cryer.

**Pregunta**, s. f. a question.

*Prov. Qual pergunta harás, tal resposta habrás*, such a question as you ask, such an answer you will have.—*Prov. Quien pregunta no yerra, si la pregunta no es necia*, he that asks does not err, if the question be not a foolish one.

**Preguntador**, s. m. one that asks many questions.

**Preguntár**, v. a. to ask a question.

**Preguntón**, s. m. a teasing asker of questions.



**Prejudicial**, adv. in law, forestalling of a judgment.  
**Prelacia**, s. f. prelacy, the dignity of a prelate.  
**Prelación**, s. f. preference, before another.  
**Prelado**, s. m. prelate.  
**Preliminar**, adj. preliminary.—  
*Preliminares*, pl. the preliminary or preparatory measures.  
**Preludio**, s. m. a prelude.  
**Premática**, s. f. a royal proclamation, a particular law.  
**Premeditación**, s. f. premeditation, forethought.  
**Premeditar**, v. a. premeditate.  
**Premia**, s. f. force, compulsion.  
**Premiador**, s. m. a rewarder.  
**Premiar**, v. a. to reward.  
**Premideras**, s. f. that part of the weaver's loom which drives the web close.  
**Premio**, s. m. a reward.  
**Premisas**, s. f. pl. the premises, what went before.  
**Premura**, s. f. the state of being pressed.  
**Prenda**, s. f. a pledge, a pawn; also a qualification or endowment.—*Hombre de buenas prendas*, a man of good parts, of worth.—*Prov. Prenda que come, ninguno la tome*, let no man take a pawn that eats; that is, a horse or the like, because it may eat itself out, or die.—*Prov. Mas vale prenda, en el ánca, que fiador en la plaza*, a pawn in the chest is better than a security in the marketplace.  
**Prendado**, adj. bribed; taken or gained by a man's good parts, or by his courtesy or obligation.  
**Prendar**, v. a. to give or take a pawn; to oblige or win a man with good words, behaviour, or kindness.  
**Prendedero**, s. m. a little iron, with two or three hooks, which the country women in Spain used instead of pins to hold their coats when they tucked them up.  
**Prender**, v. a. to take hold on, to imprison, to take, to seize, to arrest.—*Prender*, to take root; said of plants.  
**Prendería**, s. f. the place where things pledged are exposed to sale.  
**Prendimiento**, s. m. seizing, taking, arresting, imprisoning; also pinning; the apprehending of our Saviour in the garden.

**Preñada**, s. f. a woman with child, or other creature big with young.—*Palabras preñadas*, words that import more than appears at first sight.—*Paréd preñada*, a wall that bellies and threatens to fall.  
**Preñado**, adj. big-bellied, with child, or with young.  
**Preñez**, s. f. pregnancy.  
**Prénsa**, s. f. any sort of press.  
*Dar á la prensa*, f. to publish any work.—*Meter en prensa*, f. (metaph.) to solicit one to do any thing.  
**Prensador**, s. m. a presser.  
**Prensar**, v. a. to press.  
**Preunciado**, da, p. p. from *preunciar*, v. a. to foretel any event.  
**Preuncio**, s. m. foretel.  
**Preocupar**, v. a. to prepossess, to prevent.  
**Preparación**, s. f. preparation.  
**Preparar**, v. a. to prepare.—  
*Prepararse*, v. r. to prepare one's self.  
**Preparativo**, adj. preparatory.  
**Preponderar**, v. n. to outweigh, to preponderate.  
**Preponer**, v. n. to put, or set before.  
**Preposición**, s. f. a preposition or setting before.  
**Preposito**, s. m. an overseer, one placed over others.  
**Prepucio**, s. m. the prepuce, foreskin.  
**Prepuésto**, p. p. of *preponer*.  
**Prerogativo**, s. f. prerogative.  
**Presá**, s. f. prey, booty; a handle of a thing; a flood-gate.—  
*Presá de molino*, a mill dam.—  
*Presá de caldo*, the juice, gravy, or substance of flesh pressed out in broth for sick folks.—  
*Presá y pinta*, a trick taken at cards, and one reckoned for advantage.—  
*Cárne salpresa*, powdered meat.  
**Presá**, s. f. capture, prize; pillage.—  
*Presá*, a flood-gate; a bit of any food.  
**Presas**, s. f. pl. the talons of a bird of prey.  
**Presado**, adj. green like a leek.—  
*Presado*, adj. taken, made a prey of.  
**Preságio**, s. m. a presage.  
**Preságo**, s. m. a fortune-teller, a foreboder; adjectively used, ominous, foreboding.  
**Presbítero**, s. m. a priest.  
**Presciencia**, s. f. foreknowledge.  
**Prescindir**, v. a. to prescind, to cut off.

**Prescribir**, v. a. to prescribe, to command.  
**Prescripción**, s. f. prescription, example, rule.  
**Prescripto**, adj. prescribed, ordered.  
**Preséa**, s. f. a jewel, a rich ornament.  
**Preséncia**, s. f. presence; also port, air, mien.  
**Presencial**, adj. relating to presence.  
**Presencialmente**, adv. in presence, in one's own person.  
**Presentación**, s. f. presenting or setting in sight; a presentation to a benefice; the feast of the presentation of our Lady in the Temple.  
**Presentado**, s. m. a person presented for preferment.  
**Presentar**, v. a. to present, to tender, to produce in court.—  
*Presentarse*, v. r. to present one's self.  
**Presente**, adj. present, subst. used, a gift, a present.  
**Presentemente**, adv. immediately.  
**Presentero**, s. m. he who presents to an ecclesiastical living, or the like.  
**Presentillo**, s. m. a small gift, a little present.  
**Presentimiento**, s. m. a fore-judging.  
**Presentir**, v. a. to fore-judge.  
**Preservación**, s. f. preservation.  
**Preservador**, s. m. a preserver.  
**Preservar**, v. a. to preserve, to keep, to secure.  
**Preservativo**, s. m. a preservative.  
**Presidencia**, s. f. presidency, the honour of presiding.  
**Presidente**, s. m. a president.  
**Presidiar**, v. a. to garrison, to place soldiers in a town or castle.  
**Presidiario**, s. m. one banished to any strong place in Africa.  
**Presidio**, s. m. a garrison; a safeguard.  
**Presidir**, v. a. to preside, to be present as chief in the assembly.  
**Presilla**, s. f. a silk lace; also a sort of linen.  
**Presión**, s. f. pressure.  
**Prêse**, s. m. one apprehended, taken into custody, imprisoned, arrested; pinned, tacked to; a prisoner.  
**Prêso**, p. p. of *prender*.  
**Presura**, s. f. oppression, vexation, trouble; also haste.

- Presurosamente**, adv. diligently.
- Presuróso**, adj. diligent.
- Préstá, s. f.** mint, an herb so called.
- Prestadizo**, adj. that may be lent, or is used to be lent.
- Prestádo, p. p.** lent.—*Tomár prestádo*, to borrow.
- Prestadór, s. m.** the lender.
- Prestaménte**, adv. readily, quickly.
- Prestaméro, s. m.** one that has an ecclesiastical revenue in commendam.
- Prestámo, s. m.** a loan; worth, value; an ecclesiastical revenue given to a person in commendam.
- Prestár, v. a.** to lend; to be of use, to excel.
- Présté, s. m.** a priest.—*Présté*, a sort of snake, whose bite causes any creature to swell till it bursts.—*Présté Juan*, Prester John, which some will have to be the emperor of Ethiopia; others, a great prince in Asia.
- Prestéza, s. f.** quickness, nimbleness.
- Prestido, s. m.** the thing lent.
- Preslito, s. m.** a term used in the Spanish universities, when the beadle or messenger of the university notifies any order the chancellor or other superior, which he that has the notification is to perform, *sub poena prestili juramenti*, under penalty of breaking his oath.
- Préstó, adj.** ready, quick.—*Préstó*, adv. presently, quickly.
- Presumidamente**, adv. presumptuously.
- Presumido, adj.** proud, conceited.
- Presumir, v. a.** to presume, to suppose, to guess, to fancy; also to be proud or conceited.
- Presunción, s. f.** presumption, guess, an imagination; also pride, arrogance, conceitedness.
- Presuntuosamente**, adv. presumptuously, haughtily, conceitedly.
- Presuntuóso**, adj. presumptuous, arrogant, saucy, proud.
- Presuponer, v. a.** to presuppose, to give a thing for granted.
- Presuposición, s. f.** presupposition.
- Presupuesto, p. p.** presupposed, given for granted.
- Pretál, s. m.** a breast-plate for a horse.
- Pretensión, s. f.** pretence, pretension, the suing for an employment.
- Pretendér, v. a.** to pretend a right to sue for an employment.
- Pretendiente, s. m.** he who pretends.
- Pretensór, s. m.** a pretender, one that pretends a right, or sues for an employment.
- Pretérito, adj. past**, preterite, gone.
- Pretermittir, v. n.** to pretermitt, to pass by.
- Pretermisión, s. f.** pretermis-sion, passing by.
- Pretéxta, s. f.** the sort of garment anciently worn by the Roman youths from fourteen to eighteen years of age.
- Pretéxtár, v. n.** to find a pretext or excuse.
- Pretéxtó, s. m.** a pretence.
- Pretextuár, v. n. v.** Pretextar.
- Pretíl, s. m.** a rail to lean the breast on.
- Pretina, s. f.** a girdle, also a waist belt.
- Pretór, s. m.** a magistrate among the Romans, like a judge.
- Pretoríal, adj.** of, or belonging to a pretor.
- Pretório, s. m.** a court of justice, where the pretor used to sit.
- Pretúra, s. f.** the dignity or office of a pretor.
- Prevalecer, v. a.** to prevail.
- Prevaricación, s. f.** prevarication, collusion, false or double dealing.
- Prevaricadór, s. m.** a prevaricator, a false double dealer.
- Prevaricár, v. n.** to prevaricate, to be worse than one's word, to betray one's trust, to quibble, not to speak fairly to the purpose.
- Prevención, s. f.** prevention; also preparation, making ready.
- Prevenir, v. a.** to prevent; also to prepare, to make ready.
- Prevér, v. t.** to foresee.
- Prevertir, v. a.** to pervert.
- Previco, s. m.** (obs.) a sorcerer.
- Privilegiár, v. a.** vide Privilegiar.
- Privilegio, s. m.** vide Privilegio.
- Previsto, adj.** foreseen.
- Previo, adj.** previous, antecedent, going before.
- Previsión, s. f.** prescience, foreknowledge.
- Prevóste, s. m.** a provost, a provost-marshal, an officer in the army to secure and punish all offenders.—*Prevóste, s. m.* the head of a community of clergymen.
- Prez, s. m.** price, value.
- Priapismo, s. m.** priapism, a preternatural tension.
- Priego, s. m.** (obs.) a nail.
- Pirésa, s. f.** haste, speed.
- Prieto, adj.** black.—*Prieto, s. m.* formerly a coin so called.
- Prima, s. f.** a she-cousin; in music, the smallest string of an instrument; in falconry, the female hawk of any kind; in the divine office, the hour of prime, which follows lauds; (in cant) a shirt.—*Obra prima*, curious work.—*Zapatéro de obra prima*, a shoemaker that makes only neat shoes.
- Primacia, s. f.** primacy, the first in rank.
- Primádo, s. m.** a primate, a metropolitan, a chief bishop; also the first or prime place.
- Primál, s. m.** a lamb that is one of the first yearned in the year.
- Primamente**, adv. prettily.
- Primariamente**, adv. in the first place.
- Primario, adj.** first, principal, chief, primary.
- Primavera, s. f.** the spring; a sort of silk vell or fine web, that is full of flowers resembling the spring.
- Primázgo, s. m.** cousinship, kindred.
- Primér, adj.** (for *priméro*), the first, used only in the masculine, and when it is placed before the substantive; *as el primér hombre*, the first man.
- Primera, s. f.** a game at cards.—*Ponerse a primera*, to expose one's self to danger.
- Primeramente**, adv. in the first place.
- Primería, s. f.** precedency, in the first place.
- Primeriza, s. f.** a woman with child or delivered of her first child.
- Primerilla, s. f.** vide Primera.
- Primerizo, adj.** that which comes first.
- Priméro, adv.** first, before.—*Priméro, adj.* the first, the foremost.
- Primévo, adj.** original, primitive, of the first age.



**Primicério**, s. m. in the universities, the eldest in any faculty.  
**Primicias**, s. f. pl. the first-fruits.

**Primitivo**, adj. primitive, of the first institution.

**Primo**, s. m. a cou-in; also the first, the best, the chiefest; also delicate, curious.—*Primo hermano*, a cousin german.

**Primogénito**, adj. the first begotten, the eldest.

**Primogenitura**, s. f. primogeniture, the right of the first born.

**Primor**, s. m. excellence, delicacy, curiosity, neatness.

**Primorosamente**, adv. excellently, delicately.

**Primoroso**, adj. nice, curious, delicate.

**Princesa**, s. f. a princess.

**Principado**, s. m. principality, sovereignty.

**Principal**, adj. principal, chief.

**Principalmente**, adv. principally, chiefly.

**Príncipe**, s. m. a prince.

**Principiante**, s. m. a beginner.

**Principiar**, v. a. to begin.

**Principio**, s. m. a beginning.—*Principios*, pl. principal rudiments; first rules of any art or science.—*Prov. Buen principio la mitad es hecho*, a good beginning is half the work done.

**Pringáda**, s. f. a slice of bread pressed upon fat bacon boiled soft, so that the bacon sticks to it; or a sop in the pan; or slice of fat bacon to eat, moulding it with bread.

**Pringar**, v. a. to baste meat that is roasting; also to eat fat bacon boiled soft, squeezing or moulding it with bread.—*Pringar un esclavo*, a punishment some masters have used to wicked slaves, dropping scalding fat on their bare skin, as if they were basted to be roasted.

**Pringue**, s. m. the dripping of fat bacon or the like.

**Prior**, s. m. a prior, the head in some monasteries and in some collegiate churches.

**Priorato**, s. m. a priory or monastery governed by a prior; also the dignity of a prior.

**Priorazgo**, s. m. the dignity of a prior.

**Prioridad**, s. f. priority.

**Prioste**, s. m. the steward of a brother-hood.

**Priscál**, s. f. } vide *Aprisco*.—

**Prisco**, s. m. } *Prisco*, a peach.

**Prisión**, s. f. a prison; also imprisonment. In falconry, the hawk's seizing his prey.—*Prisiones*, pl. irons, fetters, shackles.

**Prisionero**, s. m. a prisoner; properly, a prisoner of war, for other prisoners are generally called *presos*.

**Priste**, s. m. a small whale, a fish of the whale kind.

**Pristino**, adj. former, first in antiquity.

**Privación**, s. f. privation, depriving or being void of any thing.—*La privación, es causa del apetito*, ref. privation is the cause of desire.

**Privada**, s. f. privy, necessary house.

**Privadamente**, adv. privily.

**Privadéro**, adj. that may be deprived.

**Privadillo**, s. m. a little favourite.

**Privado**, s. m. a favourite.—*Privado*, adj. deprived.

**Privanza**, s. f. favour, great intimacy.

**Privar**, v. a. to deprive; but generally, to be in favour, to be very intimate.—*Privarse*, v. r. to deprive one's self.—*Privarse de juicio*, to turn mad.—*Privarse de razón*, to be drunk.

**Privativo**, adj. that can be deprived.

**Privilegiar**, v. a. to give liberty or privilege.

**Privilegio**, s. m. privilege, liberty, immunity.

**Pro**, s. m. *Buen pro os haga*, much good may it do you.—*Pro y contra*, adv. pro and con, for and against.—*El pro*; (in cant) the breech.

**Proa**, s. f. the prow or head of a ship.

**Probabilidad**, s. f. probability.

**Probabilista**, s. m. a casuist that follows the most probable opinion.

**Probable**, adj. probable, likely.

**Probablemente**, adv. probably.

**Probación**, s. f. probation, trial.

**Probanza**, s. f. proof.

**Probar**, v. a. to prove, to try, to taste.—*Muger probada*, a woman that has been proved a whore.

**Problema**, s. m. a problem, a proposition having an interrogation annexed.

**Problemático**, adj. belonging to a problem.

**Problemático**, ea. adj. doubtful.

**Procacidad**, s. f. impudence, boldness, insolence.

**Procáz**, adj. impudent, bold, insolent.

**Proceder**, v. a. to proceed, to go on.

**Proceder**, s. m. behaviour.

**Procedido**, da, p. p. from *proceder*.

**Procedimiento**, s. m. proceeding.

**Proceloso**, adj. stormy.

**Prócer**, } s. m. a grandee, a  
**Prócero**, } great lord.

**Proceridad**, s. f. eminence, elevation.

**Procesal**, adj. relating to a suit in law.

**Procesar**, v. a. to judge a criminal or malefactor, to try him.

**Procesión**, s. f. a procession, the proceeding or going forward of many people in order, upon solemn occasions.

**Procesionalmente**, adv. in manner of a procession.

**Procesionario**, s. m. a church book containing the ceremonies and music for processions.

**Proceso**, s. m. a process or trial at law.

**Procinto**, s. m. a jutting-out stone or the like in the middle part of a wall or structure; also nearly the time of action.

**Proclama**, or } s. f. a pro-  
**Proclamación**, } clamation.

**Proclamar**, v. r. to proclaim, to publish.

**Proclive**, adj. tending to, inclined.

**Préco**, s. m. he who solicits a woman.

**Proconsul**, s. m. a proconsul.

**Proconsulado**, s. m. the proconsulship, or dignity of a proconsul.

**Procreación**, s. f. procreation, engendering.

**Procreador**, s. m. he that begets, procreates, or engenders.

**Procrear**, v. a. to procreate, beget, or engender.

**Procúra**, s. f. a letter of attorney.

**Procuración**, s. f. soliciting, endeavouring, procuring; also procuratorship, the office of a procurator, steward or attorney.

**Procurador**, s. m. an attorney.—*Procurador fiscal*, s. m. the king's attorney.—*Procurador*

- dor de córtes*, a representative of some town in the *córtes* or parliament.
- Procurár**, v. a. to procure, to endeavour, to obtain, to look to, to solicit.
- Prodición**, s. f. treachery.
- Prodigalidad**, s. f. prodigality, wastefulness, extravagance.
- Prodigamente**, adv. prodigally, wastefully, extravagantly.
- Prodigio**, s. m. a prod'gy, a wonderful thing.
- Prodigiosamente**, adv. prodigiously, wonderfully.
- Prodigioso**, adj. prodigious, wonderful.
- Pródigo**, adj. prodigal, extravagant, wasteful.
- Proditório**, *ria*, adj. a treacherous deed.
- Producción**, s. f. production, producing, bringing forth.
- Producir**, v. a. to produce, to bring forth.
- Producto**, s. m. in arithmetick, the product.
- Proejár**, v. n. to row against wind or stream, to stem the current, or bear up against the wind; also to resist, to bear any thing with fortitude.
- Proél**, s. m. a cabin-boy in a ship.
- Proemial**, adj. introductory.
- Proémio**, s. m. introduction, preface.
- Proeza**, s. f. prowess, valour.
- Profanación**, s. f. profanation.
- Profanador**, s. m. a profaner.
- Profanamente**, adv. profanely.
- Profanar**, v. a. to profane, to pollute a holy thing.
- Profanidad**, s. f. profaneeness.
- Profano**, adj. profane, ungodly, wicked; that is not holy.
- Profazador**, s. m. (obs.) a tale bearer.
- Profazamiento**, s. m. (obs.) the act of sowing discord.
- Profazár**, v. a. (obs.) to sow discord.
- Profazo**, s. m. v. **Profazamiento**.
- Profecía**, s. f. a prophecy.
- Profeta**, s. m. a prophet.
- Profético**, *ca*, adj. prophetick.
- Profetizado**, *da*, p. p. from *profetizar*, to foretell; to prophecy.
- Profetisa**, s. f. a prophetess; a woman that foretells future events.
- Profeticamente**, adv. prophetically.
- Proferimiento**, s. m. an utterance, a bringing forth.
- Proferir**, v. a. to utter, to bring forth, to speak.
- Profesar**, v. a. to profess any art or science; also to profess in a religious order; that is, to take the vows of the order.
- Profesión**, s. f. a profession, an acknowledgment; also a calling, and a professing in a religious order.
- Profeso**, s. m. one that professed in a religious order.
- Profesor**, s. m. a professor.
- Proficiente**, s. m. a proficient, one that advances in learning or any thing else.
- Proficuo**, adj. profitable.
- Profigar**, v. a. to overcome, to destroy.
- Profugo**, adj. that wanders like a fugitive.
- Profundamente**, adv. profoundly, deeply, lowly, humbly.
- Profundidad**, s. f. profundity, depth.
- Profundo**, adv. profound, deep.
- Profusamente**, adv. profusely.
- Profusión**, s. m. profusion, waste.
- Progenie**, s. f. offspring, race, generation.
- Progenitor**, s. m. a progenitor; a fore-father.
- Progenitura**, s. f. vide **Progenie**.
- Progresión**, s. f. progression, a proceeding or advancing.
- Progresivo**, adj. progressive, going forward, advancing.
- Progreso**, s. m. progress, proceeding, advancing.
- Prohibición**, s. f. a prohibition, forbidding.
- Prohibir**, v. a. to prohibit, to forbid.
- Prohidia**, s. f. (a clownish word for *porfia*) a contentious insisting upon a point; positiveness.
- Prohidiar**, v. n. clownish, (for *porfiar*) to contend, to be positive, to persist obstinately.
- Prohijamiento**, s. m. adoption.
- Prohijar**, v. a. to adopt for a son.
- Próle**, s. f. issue, offspring, a child.
- Prolífico**, adj. prolific, that gets children.
- Prolixamente**, adv. prolixly, tediously.
- Prolixidad**, s. f. prolixness, tediousness, length.
- Prolixo**, adj. prolix, tedious, long.
- Prologo**, s. m. prologue, preface, introduction.
- Prolongación**, s. f. prolonging, delaying, stretching out in length.
- Prolongar**, v. a. to prolong, to delay, to stretch out at length, to protract.
- Proloquio**, s. m. a short and witty sentence.
- Promediár**, v. a. to divide any thing into two equal parts; also to be an arb'ter judge between two parties.
- Promedio**, r. m. the place into which any thing is divided.
- Promesa**, s. f. a promise.
- Prometedor**, s. m. one that promises.
- Prometer**, v. a. to promise.—*Prometérse*, v. r. to hope, to to flatter one's self.
- Prometimiento**, s. m. a promise.
- Promiscuamente**, adv. with confused mixture, promiscuously, indiscriminately.
- Promiscuo**, adj. promiscuous, mingled, confused.
- Promisión**, s. f. promise; but seldom used, unless in speaking of the land of promise, called *tierra de promisión*.
- Promisório**, adj. promissory.
- Promoción**, s. f. promotion, preferment.
- Promontório**, s. m. a cape or promontory a point of land running out into the sea.
- Promotor**, s. m. a promoter; **Promovedór**, s. m. a promoter; but in the *córtes*, where *promovedóres*, are particular persons appointed to make promotions to the house.
- Promover**, v. a. to promote, to prefer.
- Promulgación**, s. f. a publication.
- Pomulgador**, s. m. a crier, a publisher, a proclaimer.
- Promulgár**, v. a. to promulge, to publish, to proclaim, to make public.
- Próno**, adj. prone, inclined.
- Pronómbre**, s. m. a pronoun.
- Pronosticación**, s. f. prognostication, prediction.
- Pronosticador**, s. m. a fortune-teller.
- Pronosticar**, v. n. to prognosticate, to foretell.
- Pronóstico**, s. m. a sign or token of a thing that is to come; a foretelling, or prognostication; so they call the *almanack*, *almanaque*. y *pronóstico nuevo*, because it pretends to foretell the weather.



Prontaménte, adv. promptly, readily.  
 Prontéza, } s. f. promptness,  
 Prontitud, } readiness.  
 Pronto, adj. prompt, ready.  
 Prontuario, s. m. a book so contrived and digested, that a man may readily find what he seeks in it.  
 Prónuba, s. f. a woman that presides at a wedding.  
 Pronunciación, s. f. pronunciation, utterance.  
 Pronunciár, v. a. to pronounce.  
 Propagación, s. f. propagation. increase.  
 Propagador, s. m. who propagates.  
 Propagár, v. a. to propagate.  
 Propagativo, adj. that which propagates.  
 Propalár, v. a. to publish.  
 Propasár, v. n. to pass further than one ought.  
 Propensaménte, v. with tendency, or propension.  
 Propensión, s. f. propension, inclination.  
 Propénso, adj. inclined.  
 Prophécia, s. f. prophecy.  
 Prophéta, s. m. prophet.  
 Prophetal, adj. applied to the books written by the prophets.  
 Prophetar, v. a. (obs.) v. Prophetizar.  
 Propeticaménte, adv. prophetically.  
 Prophético, adj. prophetick.  
 Prophetisa, s. f. a prophetess.  
 Prophetizar, v. a. to prophecy, to foretel.  
 Propiciación, s. f. propitiation.  
 Propiciatorio, s. m. that has the virtue of propitiation.  
 Propicio, adj. propitious, favourable.  
 Propina, s. f. a fee or due, which doctors, who take their degree, pay to those who have taken it before them. It was formerly a collation or treat; but now they give it in money. Also wages or pay.  
 Propinquo, adj. near of kin, a kinsman.  
 Própio, fit for any thing.  
 Proponedór, s. m. who proposes.  
 Proponér, v. a. to propose.  
 Proporción, s. f. proportion; standard.  
 Proporcionable, } adj. propor-  
 Proporcional, } tionable.  
 Proporcionalménte, adv. proportionably.  
 Proporcionar, v. a. to proportion.

Proposición, s. f. a proposition; also the speech the king makes at the opening of the *córtes* or parliament; so called, because in it he proposes the cause that moved him to call them.  
 Propósito, s. m. purpose, design, intention, resolution.—*Tenér propósito de hacer una cosa*, to design, to do a thing.—*Hacer propósito*, to make a purpose or resolution.—*Sér fuera de propósito*, to be nothing to the purpose.—*Hacer una cosa de propósito*, to do a thing purposely.—*Venir á propósito*, to be put to the purpose.—*Juégó de propósito*, the sport of cross purposes.  
 Propriaménte, adv. properly.  
 Propriedád, s. f. property.  
 Proprietario, s. m. a proprietor.  
 Própio, s. m. proper, peculiar, a man's own.  
 Propuesto, p. p. proposed; also purposed, resolved.  
 Próra, s. f. vide Proa.  
 Proráta, s. f. proportion.  
 Proróga, } s. f. a proroga-  
 Prorogación, } tion or putting off; the proroguing of the *córtes* or parliament; adjournment.  
 Prorogár, v. a. to prorogue, to put off.  
 Prorumpir, v. n. to rush out with violence, to burst out.  
 Prósa, s. f. prose, what is not verse.  
 Prosador, s. m. one that writes in prose.  
 Prosaico, adj. prosaick.  
 Prosápia, s. f. race, generation.  
 Proscribir v. a. to proscribe, to outlaw.  
 Proscripción, s. f. proscription, outlawing.  
 Proscrito, p. p. proscribed, outlawed.  
 Prosecución, s. f. prosecution.  
 Proseguimientó, s. m. prosecuting, following.  
 Proseguir, v. a. to prosecute, to follow.  
 Prosélito, s. m. a proselyte, a convert.  
 Prosísta, s. m. a writer in prose, a man that speaks too much.  
 Prosodia, s. f. the art of true accenting of words, and giving them their sound with their proper lengths.  
 Prosopopeia, s. f. the feigning of any creature or thing to

speak, representing of persons. A figure in rhetoric.  
 Prosperaménte, adv. prosperously.  
 Prosperar, v. a. to prosper, to give good success.  
 Prosperidad, s. f. prosperity.  
 Próspero, adj. prosperous, successful.—*Viento prospéro*, a fair wind.  
 Prostitución, s. f. prostitution, exposing to common use.  
 Prostituir, v. a. to prostitute, to expose to common use.  
 Prostituto, ta, p. p. from *prostituir*.  
 Protección, s. f. protection.  
 Protector, s. m. a protector.  
 Protectora, } s. f. protectress.  
 Protectriz, }  
 Protegr, v. a. to protect.  
 Protervaménte, adv. haughtily, obstinately, perversely.  
 Protérvia, s. untowardness, perverseness, pride, obstinacy.  
 Protérvo, adj. perverse, untoward, proud, obstinate, sullen.  
 Protésta, s. f. a protest, a solemn declaration of opinion against any thing.  
 Protestación, s. f. a protestation.  
 Protestánte, s. m. a protestant.  
 Protestar, v. a. to protest, to affirm, to protest a bill of exchange upon non-payment; also to threaten.  
 Protéstó, s. m. a protestation; also a protest of a bill of exchange or the like.  
 Próto, s. m. the first in his line.  
 Protócolo, s. m. register kept by a notary, or such officer, of sales, contracts, &c.  
 Protomédico, s. m. the first physician.  
 Protonotario, s. m. a chief notary.  
 Prototýpo, s. m. a prototype or model.  
 Provécho, s. f. profit, advantage, gain.—*Buén provécho os haga*, much good may it do you.  
 Provechosaménte, adv. profitably, advantageously.  
 Provechoso, adj. profitable, advantageous.  
 Provechuélo, s. m. a little profit or advantage.  
 Proveedór, s. m. a commissary of provisions in an army, a purveyor.  
 Proveér, v. a. to provide, to take heed, to foresee.—*Proveérse*, v. r. to ease one's body; to do what another cannot do for one.

Proveído, adj. that has got a place of preferment.

Proveimiento, s. m. providing, storing, foreseeing.

Provéna, s. f. a young branch of a vine.

Provenir, v. a. to come to, arrive at.

Proverbiador, s. m. one that speaks proverbs.

Proverbial, adj. proverbial, belonging to a proverb.

Proverbialmente, adv. proverbially.

Proverbio, s. m. a proverb.

Providamente, adv. providently.

Providencia, s. f. providence, foresight.

Providente, adj. provident.

Próvido, adj. provident.

Provincia, adj. a province.

Provincial, adj. provincial, of, or belonging to a province; that is, superior over a whole province, as among religious orders.

Provisión, s. f. provision. It is also a result or determination of the king and council, an order, a grant of a place or preferment to any person.

Provisor, s. m. a provisor, one that provides for a community; also a bishop's vicar-general.

Provisorio, adj. belonging to the provisor or provisorship.

Provisto, p. p. of *proveer*.

Provocación, s. f. provocation.

Provocador, s. m. a provoker.

Provocar, v. a. to provoke.

Provocativo, adj. provocative, exciting.

Proximamente, adv. nearly; also lately.

Proximidad, s. f. proximity, nearness, kindred.

Próximo, s. m. a neighbour in the Christian sense.

Proyectar, v. a. to scheme, to form in the mind, to contrive.

Proyeto, adj. extended, dilated. — *Proyeto*, s. m. a scheme, a project, a contrivance.

Prudencia, s. f. prudence.

Prudencal, adj. prudential.

Prudencialmente, adv. prudentially.

Prudente, adj. prudent, discreet.

Prudentemente, adv. prudently, discreetly.

Pueba, s. f. a proof, a trial, a taste.

Puina, s. f. the hoary-frost.

Prana, s. f. a prime, a plum.

Psalmar, v. a. vide *Psalmodi*.

Psalmista, s. m. a writer of psalms, a psalmist. — *Decir á uno en psalmo*, to give one a lecture.

Psalmodia, s. f. singing of psalms.

Psalmodiario, v. n. to sing psalms.

Psalterio, s. m. the psalter or book of psalms; also a musical instrument called a psalter.

Pseudo, adj. false.

Ptinge, s. m. the name of a kind of nocturnal hawk.

Ptisana, s. f. ptisan, a medical drink made of barley decocted with raisins and liquorice.

Ptisica, s. f. hectick, consumption, an hectick fever.

Ptisico, adj. hectick, hectical, in consumption.

Ptisís, s. f. vide *Ptisica*.

Pu, s. f. the excrements of a child, *Pu* used when it stinks.

Púa, s. f. a point, the tooth of a comb, or any sharp point sticking out; also a stock to graft on; in fortifications *púas*, are what we call fraises; that is palisades or stakes. — *Púas de puercos espin*, the quills or long points that grow on the back of a porcupine.

Pubertad, s. f. puberty, the age of fourteen in youth, and of twelve in girls.

Publicación, s. f. publication, publishing.

Publicador, s. m. a publisher.

Publicamente, adv. publicly.

Publicano, s. m. a publican, often mentioned in the gospel; they were only farmers of the revenues paid to the Romans.

Publicar, v. a. to publish, to divulge, to make public.

Publicidad, s. f. publicness.

Público, adj. public, known to all. — *Escribirlo publico*, a public notary. — *Casa publica*, a bawdy-house.

Puellana, s. f. a sort of very glutinous clay almost in the nature of a bitumen.

Púchas, s. f. pl. } a sort of pap;

Púches, s. m. pl. } made with grated bread, oil, water, and other ingredients.

Pucherías, s. f. trifles, things of no value; used also as *puchericos*.

Pucherica, } s. m. a little pipkin.

Puchetillo, } — *Hacer pucherico*, to whimper,

Pucherío, } to whimper,

to begin to cry, to make such faces as children do when they cry.

Puchero, s. m. a pipkin. — *Puchero*, the mess or spoon-meat generally eaten first at dinner.

— *Tiene usted puchero?* have you any dinner to give us?

A question asked by travellers at the inns. — *Hacer pucherico* or *pucherico*, to bubble, to cry as children do. — *Comer su puchero*, to be satisfied with little.

Púches, s. m. pl. vide *Puchas*.

Pudicicia, s. f. modesty, chastity.

Pudór, s. m. modesty, shame, facedness.

Pudrición, s. f. } corrup-

Pudrimento, s. m. } tion, rottenness.

Pudrir, v. a. to rot. — *Pudrirse*, v. r. putrify, to become corrupted; also to be vexed, to be rotted with vexation.

Puebla, s. f. a town or village.

Pueblezuño, s. m. a little town; also the mean sort of people, the mob.

Pueblo, s. m. the populace, the people; also a town.

Puente, s. f. a bridge. — *Hacer la puente de platá*, f. (metaph.) to smooth difficulties. — *Puente de crinejas y paja*, a bridge of hurdles, and straw over them, bound with ropes cross a river, used in the West Indies. — *Puente levadiza*, a draw-bridge.

— *Puente de rabel*, the bridge a fiddle. — *Ojo de puente*, the arch of a bridge, ironically, the podex.

Puentecica, } s. f. diminutives

Puentecilla, } of *puente*.

Puentecita, }

Puentezuela, }

Puerea, s. f. a sow. Also a hog-house; also the nut of a screw. — *Puerea de husillo*, the spindle of a distaff. — *Puercas*, s. f. pl. kernels growing in the throat or other parts of the body; also ridges in plowed land or gardens.

Pueramente, adv. nastily, dirtily.

Puerco, adj. nasty, dirty, filthy.

— *Al mas ruin puercos*, la mejor bellota, ref. the best employment and rewards are sometimes given to the most undeserving. — *Puercos*, s. m. hog, boar; also pork, or swine's flesh. (Metaph.) a nasty, dirty person. — *Puercos cebados*, a fattened



**Log.** — *Puerco espin*, a porcupine. — *Puerco montés*, a wild boar.  
**Puericia**, s. f. boyish years, betwixt children and youth.  
**Puerit**, adj. boyish, childish.  
**Puerilidad**, s. f. s. f. boyishness.  
**Puerilmente**, adv. boyishly.  
**Puerqueico**, } s. m. a little sow or  
**Puerquecillo**, } hog; also a  
**Puerquecito**, } little nut of  
**Puerquezuélo**, } a screw; also a little nasty, or dirty person.  
**Puérro**, s. m. a leak.  
**Puerta**, s. f. a door, a gate, a port-hole. — *Puerta principal*, fore-door, great gate. — *Puerta trasera*, *puerta falsa*, back door. — *Estar á la puerta*, to be at the door; that is, to be ready at hand. — *Abrir puerta*, to facilitate, to make way. — *A esotra puerta*, tell that story to another. A way of turning one away, as they do a beggar, bidding him go to the next door. *Echar por puertas*, to spoil, to destroy it. — *Andar de puerta en puerta*, to beg from door to door. — *Prov. A puerta cerrada, el diablo se buélve*, when the devil finds the door shut, he goes his way; that is, the devil does not prevail when a man sets his resolution against him; when a house is well secured, thieves are disappointed. — *Prov. Dónde una puerta se cierra, otra se abre*, where one door is shut, another is opened; that is, when one fails, another hits. — *Poner puertas al campo*, to put gates to the fields.  
**Puertecica**, } s. f. a little  
**Puertecilla**, } door.  
**Puertecita**, }  
**Puertezuéla**, }  
**Puerto**, s. m. a port, a harbour, a haven; also shelter, protection. — *Puerto rico*, a pass on mountains; a frontier town, where goods pay a duty. — *Puerto de arrebita capas*, any place that is much exposed to winds, which are always fluttering about a man's cloak.  
**Pués**, adv. then, since.  
**Puésque**, adv. since that.  
**Puéstá**, s. f. a slice, a cut, a piece, a portion, an allowance.  
**Puesto**, adj. put, placed, set, standing. — *Después del sol puesto*, after sun-set. — *Puesto*, s. m. a place, a post, an employ-

ment; also a stand in a market, or other place, where goods are sold, not in a shop.  
*Puesto que*, adv. notwithstanding, although.  
**Púa**, s. (obs.) vide Pua.  
**Pugil**, s. m. a boxer.  
**Pugna**, s. f. a battle, opposition.  
**Pugnar**, v. n. to strive, to contend, to fight. — *Pugnáz*, adj. warlike.  
**Puja**, s. f. bidding above another in a sale. — *Sacar de la puja*, to be better than another.  
**Pujamiento**, s. m. bidding in a sale or auction; also thrusting or pushing. — *Pujamiento de sangre*, an overflowing of the blood.  
**Pujante**, adj. strong, powerful, prevalent.  
**Pujanza**, s. f. puissance, power, might.  
**Pujar**, v. n. to bid one above another, as they do in an auction; also to push, to thrust.  
**Pujavante**, s. m. a farrier's buttress to pare horses' hoofs.  
**Pújo**, s. m. a distemper in the fundament, sometimes caused by the flux; also a desire to go stool, but in vain.  
**Pulcritud**, s. f. beauty; grace, handsomeness.  
**Púlcero**, adj. beau, sparkish, womanish.  
**Púlga**, s. f. a flea. — *Mala púlga*, a troublesome fellow that disturbs every body. — *Prov. Echarle la púlga detrás de la oreja*, to send one away with a flea in his ear.  
**Pulgada**, s. f. an inch, the breadth of a thumb.  
**Pulgár**, s. m. the thumb; also the great toe. — *Mencar los pulgáres*, to play at cards, to deal them out. — *Hilado por éstos pulgáres*, the women that spin, and value themselves upon that housewifery, say this when they shew their work; that is, it was spun with these thumbs.  
**Pulgaráda**, s. f. a motion of the thumb; also a thumb's breadth, an inch.  
**Pulgón**, s. m. a worm that eats the vines.  
**Pulguera**, s. f. a place where there are many fleas; also an herb so called.  
**Pulguilla**, s. f. diminut. of pulga.  
**Pulicia**, s. f. neatness, civility, courtesy, good behaviour.

**Pulidamente**, adv. neatly, politely.  
**Pulidero**, s. m. a cloth women hold in their hands when they wind thread to make it smooth.  
**Pulidez**, } s. f. politeness.  
**Pulidéza**, }  
**Pulidillo**, s. m. a little nice fellow.  
**Pulido**, adj. neat, spruce, tight.  
**Pulidór**, s. m. he who polishes; also any instrument to polish with.  
**Pulimento**, s. m. polishing, sprucing, making neat. — *Dar pulimento*, among statuaries, to finish, to give the last strokes to a figure.  
**Pulir**, v. a. to polish, to make fine or curious.  
**Púlla**, s. f. joke, jest, banter.  
**Pulmón**, s. m. the lungs. — *Pulmón marino*, a bright froth in the sea that shines.  
**Pulmonaria**, s. f. the herb lungwort or pulmonary.  
**Pulmonia**, s. f. an inflammation in the lungs.  
**Púlpá**, s. f. pulp, the flesh of any fruit or the like; also any soft mass. — *Carne de púlpá* flesh without bones.  
**Pulpéjo**, s. m. the brawny flesh of arms, legs and fingers.  
**Pulperia**, s. f. in the West-Indies, the shops where they sell wine, brandy, and other spirits, and many other wares.  
**Pulpero**, s. m. a retailer, one that keeps one of the shops called *pulperia*.  
**Pulpito**, s. m. a pulpit.  
**Púlpo**, s. m. a fish called many-feet, or pourcentrel, which has no bones.  
**Pulposo**, adj. pulposus, having flesh, without bones.  
**Púlque**, s. m. the juice of a tree called *maguey*, in New-Spain, mixed with other ingredients.  
**Pulquería**, s. f. the place where they sell the liquor called *pulque*.  
**Pulsación**, s. f. the feeling of the pulse.  
**Pulsáda**, s. f. the beating of the pulse.  
**Pulsár**, v. a. to touch; also to feel one's pulse; also to pulse, to beat as the pulse.  
**Púlso**, s. m. the pulse. — *Tomar el púlso a un negocio*, to sound a business. — *Quedar sin púlso*, to be so surprised, or astounded, that the blood stagnates

and the pulse ceases to beat.

Pullular, v. n. to bud out.

Pundonor, s. m. point of honour, a nicety in honour.

Pundonoroso, adj. nice in points of honour.

Pungimiento, s. m. a pricking.

Pungir, v. a. to punch; to prick.

(Metaph.) to vex, to nettle.

Punición, s. f. punishment.

Punir, v. to punish.

Punta, s. f. the point of any sharp thing.

—*Punta de agrio*, a touch of sharpness or sourness.

—*Tener punta el vino*, is for wine to be pricked.

—*Jugar a punta y cabeza*, children's play at heads and points.

—*Doblar la punta*, to double a point of land at sea; that is, to get about it.

—*Hacer punta*, to oppose, to contradict.

—*Herir de punta*, to thrust or wound with the point of a weapon.

—*Hacer punta el halcón*, to fly off from his game; said of the hawk.

—*Ofrecer algo por la punta de la espada*, to offer a thing by the point of a sword.

—*Armado en punta y blanco*, armed cap-a-pee.

—*Tener una sus puntas y collar*, to have point and collar; that is to be haughty.

—Prov. *Chica es la punta de la espina*, mas a quien duele no la olvida, the point of a fish-bone is small, but he who is hurt by it does not forget it; that is a small hurt or wrong in the eyes of another is not forgotten by him that feels it.

—*Puntas*, pl. lace; so called because they were formerly pointed.

—*Puntos de trama*, a particular sort of lace used formerly.

Puntación, s. f. pointing upon letters.

Puntada, s. f. a stitch.

—*Dar una puntada en un negocio*, to put a word in, to move a point in a business.

Puntal, s. m. a prop; a shore for a house or the like; among sailors the depth of a ship from the deck to the bottom of the hold.

Puntapié, s. m. a kick, a spurn.

Puntar, v. a. to point, to sharpen.

Puntear, v. n. to play upon any stringed instrument by pricking the strings; also to prick, to point and to stitch.

Puntera, s. f. the herb house-leek.

Puntería, s. f. upon the level,

shooting point blank at a mark; also a chisel to pare stones with.

Puntéro, s. m. a fescue children use when they learn to read.

Puntiagudo, adj. sharp-pointed.

—*Puntillas*, s. f. pl. dimin. of *puntas*, also the tips of the toes.

—*Andir de puntillas*, to walk on tip-toe.

—*Afirmar una cosa a pies puntillas*, to affirm a thing positively, as if a man stood on tip-toe for eagerness.

Puntillazo, s. m. a kick, a spurn.

Puntillo, s. m. a little point.

Puntillón, s. m. vide *Puntillazo*.

Punto, s. m. a point, a moment, a stitch, the size of a shoe, the ace at cards or dice.

Also a note in music.—*Pon un punto entre esas palabras*, make a point, or a punctum between those words.

—*Vendré en un punto*, I will come in a moment.

—*Zapato de tantos puntos*, a shoe of such a size.

—*Punto y rey*, the ace and king at cards.

—*Punta de escopeta*, the sight to take aim by in a gun.

—*Hombre de punto*, a man of honour.

—*Punto en boca*, silence.

—*Dar punto*, to give over; also to give a hint.

—*Al punto*, adv. immediately.

—*Estar en su punto*, to be just as it ought to be.

—*Ir al punto del negocio*, to come to the point.

—*Llegir a punto*, to come in the nick of time.

—*Sin discrepar un punto*, without varying or differing a jot.

—*Puntó por letra*, a term among musicians in short compositions, when there is but one note allowed to every syllable.

—*En buen punto* or *en mal punto*, in a lucky or an unlucky minute.

—*A punto curodo*, a day after the fair.

—*Curar de punto*, to cure a wound, stitching it up.

—*Puntos*, the plural of *Punto*.

—*Puntos de teología*, points in divinity.

—*Dar término por puntos*, to give very short respites.

—*Ganir por puntos*, to reckon more pips at cards.

—*Poner los puntos en la vista*, to take aim with a gun bringing the sights of the piece to the eye.

Puntoso, adj. having many points; also punctilious.

Puntuación, s. f. pointing, in writing.

Punctual, adj. punctual.

Puntualidad, s. f. exactness.

Puntualmente, adv. punctually.

Puntuar, v. a. to point in writing.

Puntura, s. f. pointing, pricking.

Punzada, s. f. a punch, a thrust, a prick; also grief, trouble.

Punzadura, s. f. idem.

Punzar, v. a. to punch, to thrust, to prick; also to trouble.

Punzón, s. m. a bodkin.

Punzoncico, s. m. a little bodkin.

Puñada, s. f. a blow with a fist; also a handful.

—Prov. *A puñadas entran las buenas hadas*, good luck comes in by cuffing; that is, a man must struggle and take pains to be fortunate.

—Prov. *Dar una puñada en el cielo*, to strike at heaven; to aim at impossibilities; to be very wicked and fly in the face of heaven; to contend with or offend those, who are so much above us that we cannot reach them.

Puñado, s. m. a handful, a gripe, as much as a man can grasp in his fist.

Puñal, s. m. a dagger, a poniard.

Puñalada, s. f. a stab with dagger.

Puñar, v. a. vide *Pugnar*.

Puñete, s. m. a blow with the fist.

—*Puñetes*, s. m. pl. ruffles such as we wear at the wrists.

Puño, s. m. a fist; the handle of a sword, dagger, or other such thing; sometimes a handful; among sailors the clue, which is the lower corner of the sail, that reaches down to the place where the tacks and sheets are made fast to the sail.

—*Puños*, s. m. ruffles or cuffs for the wrists; and, in sea-terms, the clues for the sails.

Púpa, s. f. the pustule of a pimple.

Pupilaje, s. m. a house where they keep young scholars as boarders, a boarding-school.

Pupilero, s. m. he that keeps a boarding-school, or a house for young scholars to board in.

Pupilo, s. m. a pupil, a fatherless child, or one that is under the tuition of another; or, that is at a boarding school, or under a tutor.



Puposo, adj. pimpled, soabby.  
 Puramente, adv. purely, sincerely.  
 Pureza, s. f. purity.  
 Purga, s. f. a purge.  
 Purgación, s. f. purging, cleansing, clearing; women's courses.  
 Purgar, v. a. to purge, to cleanse, to clear.  
 Purgativo, adj. purging.  
 Purgatorio, s. m. purgatory, a place of cleansing.  
 Puridad, s. f. purity. It was also used for secrecy.—Prov. *A quien dices tu puridad, a ese das tu libertad*, to him you tell your secret, to him you resign your liberty; that is, when you have trusted a man with your secret, he keeps you in awe.—Prov. *Puridad de dos, puridad de Dios*; *puridad de tres de todos es*, a secret between two is God's secret, a secret between three is everybody's; that is, two may keep a secret, but when three have it, every body has it.—Prov. *Quien guarda puridad, escusa mucho mal*, he that keeps a secret, prevents much mischief.  
 The revealing of a secret often does much harm.  
 Purificación, s. f. purification, cleansing.—*La Purificación de nuestra Señora*, the feast of the Purification of our Lady; Candlemas-day.  
 Purificador, s. m. one that cleanses or purities; also a little cloth with which the priest wipes the chalice after receiving the sacrament.  
 Purificar, v. a. to purify, to cleanse.  
 Puro, adj. pure, clean, without mixture, untainted, unspotted, undefiled.  
 Púrpura, s. f. purple.  
 Purpurar, v. a. to dye anything of a purple colour, to colour with purple; also to dress with purple.

Purpurar, v. n. to be of a purple colour.  
 Purpureo, adj. of a purple colour.  
 Purriela, s. f. a low kind of wine.  
 Purulento, adj. full of pus.  
 Pus, s. m. pus, the matter of a well digested sore.  
 Pusilánime, adj. pusillanimous, faint-hearted.  
 Pusilanimidad, s. f. pusillanimity, faint-heartedness.  
 Pústula, s. f. a pustule.  
 Púta, s. f. a whore, a harlot, drab.—*Púta harbacanera*, a whore that plies among soldiers about the walls of a town; a camp whore.—*Púta caracera*, s. f. a whore; one that haunts church-yards.—*Púta matrera*, s. f. a cunning whore.—Prov. *Ayer putas oy comadres*, yesterday whores, and to day gossips; said of those mean scolding women, who revile one another one hour, and are friends the next.—Prov. *Putas, dados, y cominos de odre, matan al hombre*, whores, dice, and wine kill and destroy a man.—Prov. *A la puta y al jugador, á la vejez le viene mal*, a whore and a buffoon fare ill in their old age.—Prov. *A la puta y a la trucha, do na catáes la busca*, look for a whore and a trout where you least expect to find them. You may light of them in very unlikely places.—Prov. *Guárdate de puta, que dera la bolsa enjuta*, take heed of a whore who leaves thy purse empty.—Prov. *La puta y la corneta, mas se lava mas negra*, a whore and a daw, the more they wash the blacker they look.—Prov. *Putas y alcabuctas, todas son tretas*, whores and bawds are all made up of tricks.  
 Putaismo, s. m. vid. Putanismo.  
 Putañear, v. n. to follow whores.

Putañero, s. m. a whore-master.  
 Putanismo, s. m. the tribe or race of whores.  
 Putativo, adj. reputed, supposed to be.  
 Puteal, s. m. a pitcher.  
 Putear, v. n. to play the whore; to follow whores.  
 Puteria, s. f. a bawdy-house; also whoredom.—Prov. *Puteria ni karto, nunca se encubre mucho*, whoredom and theft are never long concealed.  
 Putescamente, adv. whorishly.  
 Putéseo, adj. whorish.  
 Putico, } s. m. a bardash.  
 Púto, }  
 Putrefacción, s. f. putrefaction, corruption, rottenness.  
 Putrido, adj. rotten, corrupted by putrefaction.  
 Puzol, s. m. a kind of sand so called.  
 Pygargo, s. m. a kind of wild goat; also a kind of eagle or hawk.  
 Pýra, s. f. a pile to burn dead bodies.  
 Pyramidál, adj. pyramidal, having the form of a pyramid.  
 Pyramidalmente, adv. pyramidally, in form of a pyramid.  
 Pirámide, s. f. pyramid, in geometry, is a solid figure, whose base is a polygon, and whose sides are plain triangles, their several points meeting in one.—*Pyramides*, pl. (in cant) the legs.  
 Pyromancia, s. f. pyromancy, divination by fire.  
 Pyromántico, s. m. one supposed to divine by fire.  
 Pyropo, s. m. a carbuncle, a jewel so called.  
 Pyxide, s. f. a little box; also the pit or box in which the Roman priests keep the holy host.

Q.

Q, there is always an *u* after this letter.  
 Quaderna, s. f. the garnet; a tackle, wherewith they hoist casks and goods into ships.

Quadernario, adj. made of four parts.  
 Qardernillo, s. m. a small pocket-book; also five sheets of paper.

Quadérno, s. m. a sheet of paper folded in four. Among printers, as much as goes under one letter in a signature, —*Quadérno*, a little book.

made of some sheets of paper; also a suit of cards to play with.

**Quádra**, s. f. a room, or chamber in a house; also the square plot the house stands on; that part of the ship called the quarter; in architecture, that square that contains an inscription; in horsemanship, the chest of a horse. — *Caballo áncho de quádra*, a full-chested horse.

**Quadráda**, s. f. (in cant) a purse.

**Quadrádo**, s. m. the gusset in a shirt, the square piece under the arm; and the clock in a stocking.

**Quadragesário**, adj. forty years old.

**Quadragesima**, s. f. lent.

**Quadragesimal**, adj. belonging to lent.

**Quadragesima**, adj. the fortieth.

**Quadrangulár**, adj. quadrangular, square.

**Quadrángulo**, s. m. a quadrangle, a square.

**Quadránte**, s. m. a quadrant, a mathematical instrument so called.

**Quadrár**, v. a. to square; (metaph.) to snit with one's humour or inclination; also to agree, to please.

**Quadratura**, s. f. squaring or fitting.

**Quadréte**, s. m. a little square banner.

**Quadríenál**, adj. of four years.

**Quadríga**, s. f. a coach or cart with four horses.

**Quadril**, s. m. the hip.

**Quadrilátero**, adj. quadrilateral, having four sides.

**Quadrilla**, s. f. a troop or company of men; a gang.

**Quadrillero**, s. m. an officer or trooper of what they call the holy brotherhood, an institution for the apprehending and punishing robbers on the highway.

**Quadrillo**, s. m. a little square court, or square bed in a garden.

**Quadrímestre**, adj. the space of four months.

**Quadrín**, s. m. a small coin like a farthing.

**Quádruple**, adj. quadruple, made with four.

**Quadrísílabo**, adj. quadrisyllable.

**Quadrívio**, s. m. a place having four ways meeting in a point.

**Quadrivista**, s. m. one who uses four measures in an affair.

**Quádro**, s. m. a square; also a picture. — *Quádro*, a square bed in a garden. — *Quádro*, any frame, also a dagger, (in cant.) — *Quádro*, pl. (in cant) dice.

**Quadrúpedo**, s. m. four-footed beast.

**Quádrupla**, s. f. quadruple, proportion in music.

**Quádruplár**, v. a. to quadruple.

**Quadruplicación**, s. f. a quadruplication.

**Quadruplicár**, v. a. to quadruplicate, to double twice.

**Quádruplo**, adj. fourfold.

**Quajáda**, s. f. milk hardened with rennet.

**Quajadilla**, s. f. diminutive of *quajáda*.

**Quajaléche**, s. f. the herb cheesewort; so called, because it turns milk.

**Quajamiento**, s. m. curdling, congealing.

**Quajár**, v. a. to curd, to congeal, to thicken. — *Quajár*, s. m. the paunch, or entrails of any creature.

**Quajaréjo**, s. m. a little paunch or entrails.

**Quajo**, s. m. rennet to make cheese.

**Qual**, pron. which. — *Qual y qual*, here and there one, a very few.

**Quale**, quíer, ó **Qualesquiera**, pron. whichever.

**Qualidad**, s. f. vide *Calidad*.

**Qualquíer**, } pron. any.

**Qualquiera**, }

**Quamáño** ? how big ?

**Quañdo**, adv. when. — *Cada y quando*, whensoever, at any time. — *Quañdo quiera*, whensoever, at any time.

**Quantidad**, s. f. quantity, abundance.

**Quantioso**, adj. in great quantity, abundance; also rich. — *Caballero quantioso*, a gentleman obliged to keep horse and arms; a wealthy gentleman; one of a considerable estate.

**Quánto** ? adj. how much ? — *Quántos* ? how many ? — *Quánto mas* ? how much more ? — *Quánto media legua*, about half a league. — *Quánto quiera*, as much soever.

**Quáringo**, s. m. the tree that produces the Jesuit's bark.

**Quarénta**, adj. forty.

**Quaréntena**, s. f. a quarantine; the forty days of Lent; also the forty days persons, coming from places supposed to be infected with the plague, are obliged to stay in the pest-house.

**Quaréntesmo**, adj. belonging to forty.

**Quarésma**, s. f. Lent.

**Quaresmál**, adj. of or belonging to the time of Lent.

**Quárta**, s. f. a quarter of a yard, a quarter of an ounce.

**Quartágo**, s. m. a nag, a small horse.

**Quartál**, s. m. a quarter, a fourth part of any measure.

**Quartána**, s. f. the quartan ague. — *Prov. Por quartána, nunca se tañe campina*, a bell was never rung for a quartan ague; that is, people do not die of it.

**Quartanário**, s. m. one that has a quartan ague.

**Quartár**, v. a. to turn the land with a plough for the fourth time.

**Quarteár**, v. a. to quarter, to divide into quarters.

**Quartél**, s. m. quarters for soldiers; a fourth part of a galley; also a grass plot or square bed in a garden; also the word quarter, used among soldiers when they ask their life of an enemy.

**Quarteládo**, adj. in blazonry, divided into four parts, as a coat of arms.

**Quarterón**, s. m. a quarter, a quarter of any thing, of any weight or measure. — *Quarterón*, s. m. the son of a black man and a Spanish woman.

**Quartétes**, s. m. a sort of poetry, each stanza consisting of four verses.

**Quartilla**, s. f. a little quartern; also the pasterns of a horse or other beast.

**Quartillo**, s. m. the fourth part of the liquid measure, called an *axámbre*; a fourth part of any other thing; a small copper coin so called.

**Quárto**, s. m. a small brass coin; a quarter of mutton, or other meat; also an apartment in a house. — *Quárto del álvá*, the third watch; that is, break-of-day watch. — *Quárto de modorra*, the drowsy watch;



that next the morning when people are found asleep.

Quartón, s. m. a quarter, or the fourth part of a large piece of timber sawed into four length-ways.

Quatralbo, adj. that has four white feet.—*Quatralbo*, s. m. a commodore of four galleys.

Quatrero, s. m. a horse-stealer.

Quatridiano, adj. of four days standing.

Quatrin, s. m. vide *Quadrin*.

Quatro, s. m. four.—*Quatro cientos*, four hundred.—*Quatro mil*, four thousand.—*Quatro tanto*, four times as much.—*Quatro temporadas*, the four Ember-weeks.—*Quatro de menor*, (in cant) an ass.

Quatropéa, s. f. (in cant) a four-footed beast.

Que, pron. what; also that, to the end that.—*Para que haces eso?* to what purpose, or why do you do that?—*Para que venga bien*, that, or to the end that it may fit.—*Dice que voyas*, he says that you go, or he bids you go.—*No hay para que*, there is no occasion.—*Que hora es*, what hour is it?—*Que dice usted?* what do you say?

Quebrada, s. f. break; unevenness, breach; in falconry, a fault.—*Coger de quebrada*, it is said when a hawk brings down a partridge at the second flight.—*Ondas quebradas*, broken billows at sea.

Quebradero de cabeza, a piece of impertinence, or any tedious troublesome thing that troubles one's head.

Quebradizo, adj. that is apt to break.

Quebrado, s. in poetry, a short verse inserted in every stanza of verses of a longer sort.—*Andar de pie quebrado*, f. to take bad steps to preserve one's health, riches, reputation, &c.—*Quebrados*, fractions in arithmetic, broken numbers.

Quebrador, s. m. one that breaks.

Quebradura, s. f. a breaking, a rupture.

Quebramiento, s. m. a bankruptcy; used only in this sense.

Quebrantable, adj. frangible.

Quebrantador, s. m. a breaker, a bruiser.

Quebrantahuésos, s. m. a sort of eagle.

Quebrantamiento, s. m. breaking; also tiring and weariness; soreness; a bruising.

Quebrantar, v. a. to break, to bruise, to weaken, to tire.

Quebranto, s. m. sorrow, pity, compassion, trouble, weakness.

Quebrar, v. a. to break.—*Quebrar el ojo al diablo*, to make merry.—*Quebrar como mercader*, to break as tradesmen do.—*Quebrarse*, v. r. to get a rupture, or broken belly.—*Quebrar el corazon*, f. to break one's heart.—*Quebrar la cabeza*, f. to break one's head; (metaph) to tire.

Queda, s. f. the nine o'clock bell, when all should be at home, and after which the watch secures suspicious persons, or such as are found with unlawful weapons.

Quedada, s. f. a staying.

Quedar, v. y. to stay, to remain.—*Quedarse en el vermon*, to be out or at a stand in a sermon.

Quedito, adv. softly, gently.

Quedo, adj. quiet, still; adv. used softly, gently.

Queja, s. f. a complaint.—*Dar queja*, to make a complaint, to bring an action into court for a wrong received.—*Batir de su queja*, to let fall a suit commenced.

Quejarse, v. r. to complain.—*Quejarse de vicio*, f. to complain without real cause or reason.

Quejicóro, adj. one who is always complaining.

Quejido, s. m. complaint, lament.

Quejoso, adj. one who complains of another.

Quélra, s. f. a cellar or vault under ground; a word only used by soldiers.

Quema, } s. f. a burning or

Quemada, } blasting.

*Huir de la quema*, f. (metaph.) to avoid danger.—*A quema rasca*, mod. adv. very near.

Quemadero, s. m. the place where malefactors are burnt.

Quemador, s. m. he who burns.

Quemadura, s. f. a burn or burning; also a blast or blasting.

Quemar, v. a. to burn; also to blast.—*Quemar la hacienda*, to

destroy, to waste an estate.—*Quemarse*, v. r. to burn one's self.—*Quemarse*, (metaph.) to be vexed.

Quemazón, s. f. heart-burning; vexation.

Quenta, s. f. vide *Cuenta*.

Querella, s. f. a complaint; a quarrel.

Querellador, s. m. one who complains; one who quarrels.

Querellar, v. n. to complain; to quarrel.

Querelloso, adj. complaining; quarrelsome.

Querencia, s. f. love, liking; also the place any beast generally resorts to, as a hare to her form, a fox to her kennel, &c.

Querer, v. a. to will, to have a will or desire, to desire, to love.—*Prov. Quien todo lo quiere, todo lo pierde*, all covet, all lose.—*Querer*, s. m. love, will, inclination.

Queridillo, s. m. a little favourite.

Querido, s. m. one beloved.—*Mi querido*, my dear.

Quesada, s. f. a cheese-cake.

Quesadilla, s. f. a little cheese-cake.

Quesera, s. f. a woman that makes or sells cheese.

Quesería, s. f. a cheesemonger's shop, or dairy where cheese is made.

Quesero, s. m. a cheesemonger.

Quesillo, s. m. a small cheese.

Queso, s. m. cheese.—*Tanto queso como pan*, make the bread and cheese even.—*Armar con queso*, to bait a trap with cheese; to endeavour to ensnare a man with some trifle.

Quêsta, s. f. a lawful begging, a begging by brief.

Question, s. f. a question; a controversy, a debate, a quarrel.—*Question de tormento*, an examination of an offender upon the rack.

Questionar, v. a. to question, to examine.

Questioncilla, s. f. a little controversy, contest, or quarrel.

Questor, s. m. a questor, a great magistrate in Rome, who had charge of the public treasure.—*Questor de orden religiosa*, a friar that begs for his order.

Quexigal, s. m. a grove of wild ash-trees.

**Quexigo**, s. m. a wild ash-tree.

**Quic'al**, s. m. the place on which the hinges of the door are made fast.

**Quicio**, s. m. a hinge. — *Sacar de su quicio*, to unhinge, to force a thing from its natural place; (metaph.) to fret a man out of his wits.

**Quiébra**, s. f. a breach, a tradesman breaking; heart-breaking, sorrow. — *Quiébra de peñas*, a cleft in a rock, a broken precipice. — *Quiébras*, pl. in music, those we call breaks.

**Quién**, pron. who. — *¿Quién es?* the question when one knocks at the door, who is it? who is there?

**Quienquier**, } pron. whatso-  
**Quienquiera**, } ever.

**Quietamente**, adv. quietly, peaceably.

**Quiétar**, v. a. to quiet, to still, to hush, to appease, to pacify; also to be quiet, to rest.

**Quiète**, s. m. the hours religious persons are obliged to be hushed and quiet.

**Quieto**, s. m. quiet, still.

**Quietud**, s. f. quietness, stillness, rest, ease.

**Quilador**, s. m. a refiner of gold and silver.

**Quilatar**, v. a. to try as gold, to refine, to bring to perfection.

**Quilate**, s. m. a carat of gold; the fineness or touch of gold; the perfection of any thing. — *De báros quilates*, of base alloy, worth little. — *De muchos quilates*, of great value.

**Quilla**, s. f. the keel of a ship, which is the first timber laid, and the basis to which all the rest are fastened.

**Quillótro**, s. m. disturbance, trouble.

**Quilma**, s. f. a bag, a pouch.

**Quina**, } s. f. the Jesuit's  
**Quinaquina**, } bark.

**Quíno**, among the students, the running down of one, that is, when at arguing one has to confute the other, that he has nothing to answer.

**Quinas**, s. f. pl. the arms of Portugal; so called because

they are five escutcheons; and each of them five bezants. — *Quinas*, on the dice, two fives; (in cant) money.

**Quince**, s. m. fifteen.

**Quincéno**, adj. fifteenth.

**Quincurión**, s. m. the chief, or leader of five soldiers.

**Quindénio**, s. m. the space of fifteen years.

**Quiñientos**, adj. five hundred.

**Quiñiétos**, s. m. a sort of woolen stuff so called.

**Quínolas**, s. f. pl. a game at cards.

**Quinquagésimo**, adj. fiftieth.

**Quinquillérias**, s. f. pl. all sorts of small iron-ware.

**Quinta**, s. f. a country-house, a farm-house, a farm. — *Quinta*, s. f. in music, the fifth, or a diapente. — *Ponerse en quintas*, to oppose one another.

**Quintál**, s. m. an hundred weight.

**Quinticuydádos**, s. m. a pleasant person that diverts sorrow.

**Quintar**, v. to take the fifth. — *Tercio quintado*, a regiment made up by taking every fifth man out of some other numbers.

**Quintería**, s. f. a farm that pays the fifth of its product to the landlord.

**Quintérno**, s. m. the number of leaves the signature runs through in printing.

**Quintéro**, s. m. a farmer.

**Quintillas**, s. f. pl. a sort of poetry, that has five verses in every stanza.

**Quinto**, adj. the fifth.

**Quintuplo**, adj. five-fold.

**Quinón**, s. m. a part, a portion, a share, also the fifth part of a ploughed land.

**Quinquionéro**, s. m. one that divides lands, or that has a share in the land.

**Quiquiriqui**, s. m. the children's play at hide and seek.

**Quirite**, s. m. an ancient Roman gentleman.

**Quiscósa**, s. f. a riddle.

**Quistión**, s. f. vide *Question*.

**Quisto**, p. p. of *querer*. — *Bien*

*quisto*, well beloved; *mal quisto*, ill beloved.

**Quitación**, s. f. servants wages.

**Quitacuydádos**, s. m. a merry fellow that drives away sorrow.

**Quitador**, s. m. who takes away or removes.

**Quitamiento**, s. m. the taking away, removing; also quitting. — *Quitamiento de casidos*, a divorce.

**Quitanza**, s. f. an acquittance, a discharge, receipt in full.

**Quitapelillos**, s. m. a flatterer, a pick-thank.

**Quitapesáres**, s. m. a pleasant man that diverts sorrow.

**Quitár**, v. a. to take away, to remove, to quit. — *Quitarse los casidos*, to be divorced. — *Vender al quitár*, to sell, reserving a right of redemption.

**Quitasól**, s. m. an umbrella used to keep off the sun.

**Quitáte de aí**, stand away, get out of the way, remove thence.

**Quite**, quit; a word most used among gamblers.

**Quixáda**, s. f. a jaw.

**Quixál**, } s. m. the grinder or  
**Quixár**, } hinder-tooth; also the jaw-bone.

**Quixéro**, s. m. the side of an artificial canal.

**Quíxo**, s. m. the ore of any silver or golden mine.

**Quixónes**, s. m. pl. bastard parsley.

**Quikotáda**, s. f. any ridiculous action committed seriously.

**Quixótes**, s. m. pl. armour for the thighs; also any foolish serious persons.

**Quíza**, } adv. perhaps.  
**Quízas**, }

**Quociénte**, s. m. the quotient in arithmetic.

**Quóta**, s. f. an aliquot part; also a quota, or one person's share or part; a quotation, or a marginal note.

**Quotidianamente**, adv. daily.

**Quotidiáno**, adj. daily, that happens every day.

**Quotídie**, adv. vide *Quotidianamente*.



## R.

**R,** Is pronounced as in English.

**Rabadán, s. m.** a chief among the shepherds.

**Rabadilla, s. f.** the rump of a bird.

**Rabadoquin, s. m.** a sort of long gun.

**Rabanál, s. m.** a spot of ground where radishes grow.

**Rabanero, adj.** short, said of a garment.

**Rabanillo, s. m.** a little radish; also the taste of wine that begins to be pricked.

**Rabaniza, s. f.** the seed of radishes.

**Rábano, s. m.** a radish.—*Tomar el rabano por las hojas, f.* (metaph.) to invert, or change the order of things.

**Rabeár, v. n.** to wag the tail.

**Rabél, s. m.** a rebeck, a little sort of a fiddle with only three strings, used by shepherds.

**Rabelejo, } s. m.** a little rebeck  
**Rabelillo, } or fiddle.**

**Rabera, s. f.** the hind part of any thing.

**Rábia, s. f.** fury, rage, madness; (metaph.) violent anger; vehemence of mind.

**Rabiár, v. n.** to rage, to be furious or mad; to run mad.

**Raibcáno, s. m.** a horse or other creature with a grey tail.

**Rabicorto, adj.** short tailed; or that wears short clothes or a short tail.

**Rabieta, s. f.** fretting.

**Rabillo, s. m.** a little tail.

**Rabinismo, s. m.** the doctrine of the rabbies or masters among the Jews.

**Rabino, a rabbi, a master** among the Jews.

**Rabiosamente, adv.** outrageous-ly, furiously, madly, like a mad dog.

**Rabiós, adj.** outrageous, furious, mad, a mad dog.

**Rabirúbio, s. m.** a bird with a red tail; there is also a fish of this name.

**Rabiseico, adj.** dry-tailed; poor, lean, starveling; that answers short and snappish.

**Rabiza, s. f.** the tip of a fishing-rod; (in cant) a drab, a trull, a whore.

**Rábo, s. m.** the tail, the fundament.—*Rabo de vestidura, the tail of a garment.—Rabo de mula, the herb horse-tail.*—

*Rabo de junco, the herb called a wag-tail.*—*Rabo de puerco, the herb called the maiden-weed.*—*Ir con el rabo entre piernas, to go away with his tail betwixt his legs.*—*Aun está el rabo por desollar, the tail is not yet flead; there is yet some difficulty.*—Prov.

*De rabo de puerco, nunca buen viróte, you can never make a good shaft of a pig's tail.* There is no making a silk purse of a sow's ear.

**Rabón, s. m.** any thing that has a short tail.

**Rabosear, v. a.** to bespatter, to stain lightly.

**Raboso, adj.** that has many tails; also daggled, that has a daggled tail.

**Rabúdo, adj.** that has a tail.

**Racaménto, s. m.** the pavel which goes about the mast in a ship, and holds the yard to the mast.

**Racimillo, s. m.** a little bunch of grapes.

**Racimo, s. m.** a bunch, a cluster.

**Raciocinación, s. f.** } reasoning.  
**Raciocinio, s. m.** }

**Raciocinar, v. n.** to reason.

**Ración, s. f.** a ration, a portion or allowance; also board, wages.

**Racional, adj.** rational.

**Racionalidad, s. f.** rationality, the power of reasoning.

**Racionalmente, adv.** rationally, reasonably, according to reason.

**Racionero, s. m.** a petty canon of a church.

**Ráda, s. f.** a bay, a harbour, a road.

**Radiante, adj.** radiant, bright, effulgent.

**Radicación, s. f.** radication.

**Radicado, da, p. p.** from radicar.

**Radical, adj.** radical.—*Humor radical, radical moisture.*

**Radicalmente, adv.** radically.

**Radicar, v. n.** to cast roots.

**Rádío, s. m.** sometimes taken for the needle in a sea-compass, the radius of an arch.

**Radioso, adj.** splendid, glittering, shining.

**Raedera, s. f.** a scraper; a scraping tool.

**Raedizo, vide Raedura.**

**Raedura, s. f.** the act of scraping, or the thing scraped or rasp-

ed off; also razing of writing.

**Raer, v. a.** to scrape, to rasp, to raze.—*Raer con rastro, to rake.*

**Ráfa, s. f.** a buttress, or small piece of brick like a pillar, set at a distance in mud walls to strengthen them.

**Rafaga, s. f.** a gust or wind.

**Raféz, } adj. (obs.) low, mean.**

**Rahezarse, v. r. (obs.)** to demean one's self.

**Raible, adj.** that may be razed.

**Raicilla, s. f.** a small root.

**Raido, da, p. p.** from raer.

**Raido, s. m.** (metaph.) bold, impudent.

**Raigal, adj.** relating to a root.

**Raigambre, s. f.** all the roots of a plant or tree.

**Raigár, v. n.** vide Arraigarse.

**Raigón, s. m.** a very large old root.

**Raíz, s. f.** a root; also the bottom or lower part of any thing.—*Raíz, the original, the first cause.*

**Rája, s. f.** a chip, a lath; also cloth rash.—*Hacerse rájas, to take much pains, to toil much; also to beat, or hack one another to pieces.*

**Rajadillo, s. m.** a kind of sweetmeat.

**Rajar, v. a.** to hew, to cleave, to split; (metaph.) to tell many boasting lies; to crack.

**Rajeta, s. f.** a kind of cloth so called.

**Rajueta, s. f.** a little chip.

**Raléa, s. f.** a race, stock, kind, or breed.

**Raleár, v. a.** to make thin, to grow thin.

**Raléza, s. f.** thinness.

**Ralladura, s. f.** grating.

**Rallar, v. a.** to grate; also to vex, to trouble.

**Rálo, s. m.** a grater.

**Rálo, adj.** thin.

**Rama, s. f.** a twig, a small bough of a tree.—*Asirse a las ramas, to lay hold of the twigs, to catch at straws.*

**Ramada, s. f.** an arbour, a hut made of boughs.

**Ramadán, s. m.** a fast kept by the Mahometans.

**Ramál, s. m.** the end of a cord untwisted.

**Ramalazo, s. m.** a blow with the ramal.

- Rámbla**, s. f. a gravelly or sandy place.
- Raméra**, s. f. a harlot, a common whore.
- Ramería**, s. f. a bawdy-house.
- Raméro**, s. m. in falconry, a young hawk taken out of a nest, that can hop from bough to bough, called in English, a brancher.
- Ramernela**, s. f. a poor distressed whore.
- Ramificación**, s. f. a shooting out of branches, as trees do.
- Ramificar**, v. n. to shoot out branches as trees do.
- Ramillete**, s. m. a nosegay.
- Ramillero**, s. m. one who makes nosegays.
- Ramillo**, } s. m. a little bough,  
**Ramito**, } twig, or branch.
- Ramo**, s. m. a bough, a branch.
- Ramo de taberna**, a tavern bush.—*Domingo de ramos*, Palm Sunday.
- Ramón**, s. m. a small bough or twig, such as shepherds break from trees in winter to give their sheep.
- Ramonear**, v. n. to gather or cut small twigs for sheep.
- Ramoso**, adj. full of boughs.
- Rampa**, s. f. the cramp.
- Rampante**, adj. rampant, a term in heraldry.
- Ramplón**, s. m. a ramping fellow; also a caulkin for a horse shoe.—*Herrar de ramplón*, to shoe a horse with caulkins.
- Ramploncillo**, s. m. a little caulk for a horse-shoe.
- Ramponjos**, s. m. the stalk where the grapes did hang.
- Rana**, s. f. a frog.—*Rana zarzal*, s. f. a land frog.—Prov. *Canta la rana, y no tiene pelo ni lana*, the frog sings, and yet she has neither hair nor wool; content may abide with poverty.
- Ranacajó**, s. m. a little frog.
- Rancar**, v. a. the same as *Arancar*, to root up.
- Ranchería**, s. f. a row of huts or tents, quarters, lodging.
- Rancho**, s. m. a quarter among soldiers, their quarters; also a mess on board a ship.—*Rancho de santa bárbara*, the gun-room in a ship.
- Rancio**, adj. rusty, rank, stale.
- Rancioso**, adj. rusty, rank, stale.
- Rancor**, s. m. rancour, malice.
- Randa**, s. f. lace.
- Ranilla**, s. m. a little frog; also the pastern of a horse.—*Ranillas*, pl. the scratches in a horse's heels.
- Ranúnculo**, s. m. a flower so called.
- Rapacejo**, s. m. a little boy; also a shagged end of a cloth or of any thing.
- Rapacería**, s. f. a boyish trick; also a gang of boys.
- Rapacidad**, s. f. rapaciousness, ravenousness, avarice, greediness.
- Rapacilla**, s. f. a pretty young girl.
- Rapadura**, s. f. the act of scraping or shaving, or the state of being scraped or shaved.
- Rapagón**, s. m. a great, lusty lad, neither boy nor man.
- Rapar**, v. a. to shave, to trim, to clip, to pare, to peel. In an obsolete sense, to take away by force.
- Rapaz**, s. m. a boy.—*Rapaz*, adj. rapacious, given to snatching, stealing, or taking away by force.—Prov. *Cuida bien de lo que haces, no te fies de rapaces*, take heed what you do, and do not trust boys.
- Rapazada**, s. f. a boy's trick.
- Rapidamente**, adv. swiftly, with rapidity.
- Rapidez**, s. f. rapidity.
- Rápido**, adj. rapid, swift, that carries all before it like a river.
- Rapiña**, s. f. rapine, taking by violence.—*Ave de rapiña*, a bird of prey.
- Rapiñar**, v. a. to commit rapine, to plunder.
- Rapista**, s. m. a barber; a burlesque word.
- Raposa**, s. f. a fox.—Prov. *Quien la raposa ha de engañar, necesita madrugar*, he that will cheat the fox, must rise betimes.—Prov. *Raposa que mucho tarda, caza aguarde*, the fox that stays long, waits for game.
- Raposera**, s. f. a fox's kennel.—*Raposería*, s. f. craftiness.
- Raposo**, s. m. a he fox.
- Raposuno**, adj. foxish, subtle, crafty.
- Rápto**, adj. taken, or snatched away, substantively used, a rape.
- Raptór**, s. m. a ravisher, a plunderer, a robber.
- Raqueta**, s. f. a racket to play at tennis.
- Raramente**, adv. rarely, seldom.
- Rarefacción**, s. f. rarefaction.
- Rarefacerse**, v. r. to rarefy.
- Rarefacto**, p. p. rarefied.
- Raréza**, } s. f. rarity.  
**Raridad**, }
- Ráro**, adj. rare.
- Ras con Ras**, adv. level, touching one another.
- Rasadura**, s. f. the act of smoothing the corn measure.
- Rasamente**, adv. clearly, openly, publicly, without concealment.
- Rasar**, v. a. to strike the corn measure and make it smooth; also to rub one body with another lightly.
- Rasador**, s. m. who strikes the measure of corn to make it even.
- Rascacaballos**, s. m. a groom, an ostler; thence any mean fellow.
- Rascador**, s. m. a scratcher.
- Rascadura**, s. f. a scratching, a scratch.
- Rascar**, v. a. to scratch, to scrape, to curry.
- Rasco**, s. m. vide *Rascadura*.
- Rascuñar**, v. a. to scratch.
- Rascuño**, s. m. a scratch; also a sketch or rough draught in drawing.
- Rasés**, s. m. pl. the narrow parts of the ship towards head and stern, distant about half way from the widest in the hold, and sharpening away, that the water may run the faster to the rudder.
- Rasero**, s. m. a pole to strike corn or the like in measuring.
- Rasgadura**, s. f. a rending, tearing.
- Rasgar**, v. a. to tear, to rend.—*Ojos rasgados*, large eyes, full eyes.
- Rasgo**, s. m. a dash of a pen, a stroke, a scratch, a rough draught, a glimpse of a thing.
- Rasgón**, s. m. a rent in a garment.
- Rasguñar**, v. a. to tear, to scratch.
- Rasguño**, s. m. a rent; also a scratch.
- Rasión**, s. f. erosion.
- Ráso**, s. m. the silk called satin.
- Ráso**, adj. plain, smooth.—*Tiempo ráso*, fair weather.
- Ráspa**, s. f. a rasp; the beard; an awn of an ear of corn; a shoe-maker's cutting knife;



a spark of fire; (in cant) a cheat at cards.  
**Raspador**, s. m. the person who scrapes.  
**Raspadura**, s. f. a scraping.  
**Raspár**, v. n. to scrape; also to be tough or hard to the taste or feeling. — *Vino raspado*, a small liquor made by putting water to the grapes after the wine is pressed out, and pressing them over again, otherwise called *aguapié*.  
**Rastilla**, s. f. vide **Rastillo**.  
**Rastillar**, v. a. to rake; also to comb, or card flax, wool, &c.  
**Rastillero**, s. m. a shop-lifter; one that snatches hats and swords, and runs away with them.  
**Rastillo**, s. m. a rake; also a card, or comb for wool, flax, or the like; also the portcullis of a gate.  
**Rástra**, s. f. a drag-net; also a sled.  
**Rastrar**, v. a. vide **Arrastrar**.  
**Rastréar**, v. a. to track, to trace, to follow by the footsteps.  
**Rastrero**, s. m. one that tracks, or traces, or follows the track.  
**Rastrillador**, s. m. the person who harrows or rakes.  
**Rastrillar**, v. a. to harrow, to rake, to card.  
**Rastrillo**, s. m. a harrow, a rake, a card, a portcullis of a gate.  
**Rástro**, s. m. the track any thing leaves behind it, a market of cattle, or the place where they slaughter the cattle, a harrow, a rake. — *Caér en el rástro*, to find the track, to hit upon the scent. — *Alcalde del rástro*, the same as *alcalde del crimen*, a judge in criminal cases.  
**Rastrojo**, s. m. stubble of corn.  
**Rasuras**, s. f. pl. parings, shavings, dross, dregs, lees of wine, tartar.  
**Ráta**, s. a share, part, portion, every man's share or quota, a proportion. — *Ráta por cantidad*, quantity for quantity, or in proportion to the quantity. — *Ráta*, s. f. a rat.  
**Ratáña**, s. f. *ratana*, a liquor prepared from the kernels of apricots and spirits.  
**Ratear**, v. a. to diminish in proportions.  
**Rateo**, s. m. proportional distribution.

**Rateria**, s. f. petty larceny.  
**Ratéro**, adj. mean, vile, base, mean-spirited fellow; (in cant) a pick-pocket.  
**Raternelo**, s. m. a little pitiful fellow, a little pick-pocket.  
**Ratificación**, s. f. ratification.  
**Ratificar**, v. a. to ratify, to confirm.  
**Ratico**, } s. m. a little while.  
**Ratillo**, }  
**Ratina**, s. f. a kind of cloth so called.  
**Ráto**, s. m. a while. — *A ráto*, sometimes, by fits.  
**Ráto**, adj. ratified, firm.  
**Ratón**, s. m. a mouse, a rat. — *Ratones*, s. m. pl. sharp stones or rocks in the sea, which wear the cable of anchors.  
**Ratonar**, v. a. to mouse-eat, to gnaw, to nibble.  
**Ratonico**, }  
**Ratoneillo**, } s. m. a little mouse.  
**Ratoncito**, }  
**Ratonera**, s. f. a mouse-trap; also a mouse-hole.  
**Raudal**, s. m. a swift stream of water; the channel of the river.  
**Raúdo**, adj. violent, impetuous, fierce, rapid.  
**Raúta**, s. f. road.  
**Ráya**, s. f. a line, a streak; the grain of wood; the borders of a country; the fish called a thornback. — *Estar a ráya*, to keep within bounds. — *Pasar la ráya*, to exceed.  
**Rayar**, v. a. to rule, to line, to streak, to mark out.  
**Ráyo**, s. m. a flash of lightning, that kills or does harm; a thunderbolt; a beam of the sun; the spoke of the wheel; the radius or line drawn from the centre to the extremity of an arch.  
**Rayuela**, s. dimin. of *raya*.  
**Raza**, s. f. a race, breed.  
**Razago**, s. m. a coarse sort of linen.  
**Razón**, s. f. reason. — *Tener razón*, to be in the right. — *Hombre de buenas razones*, a well-spoken man. — *Razón de pie de banco*, nonsense, an answer nothing to the purpose. — *Razón de estado*, politics, reason of state. — *Hacer razón*, to pledge in drinking. — *Tomar la razón*, to take account. — *En razón de esto*, on this account, for this reason. *Razón de carta rota*, nonsense. Prov. *Obras son amores que no*

*buenas razones*, actions are love, and not fair words; that is, love is shewn by kind actions, and not by fair speeches.  
**Razonable**, adj. reasonable.  
**Razonablemente**, adv. reasonably.  
**Razonamiento**, s. m. a discourse.  
**Razonar**, v. n. to discourse, to reason, to talk.  
**Re**, a particle in composition, which signifies repetition.  
**Re**, s. f. the second note in music.  
**Reacción**, s. f. re-action.  
**Reacio**, adj. obstinate, positive, difficult.  
**Real**, s. m. a royal, a piece of money worth sixpence. — *Real de vellón*, a royal brass, not worth above a groat. — *Alzarse con el real y truco*, to sweep all clear away; to run away with all.  
**Real**, adj. royal, kingly, real. — *Real*, s. m. a camp. — *Asentar el real*, to encamp; (metaph.) to set up house-keeping.  
**Reálce**, s. m. increase, addition of value, beauty, or the like.  
**Realéjo**, s. m. a small organ to be carried about.  
**Realengo**, adj. belonging to the king.  
**Realiza**, s. f. royal magnificence, great liberality, great pomp.  
**Realidad**, s. f. reality, the truth of the matter.  
**Realmente**, adv. really.  
**Realzár**, v. a. to raise, to extol any thing more than it was before; also to dignify, to elevate.  
**Reasumir**, v. a. to reassume, to take again.  
**Reasunción**, s. f. the action of taking again.  
**Reata**, s. f. the fore mule that draws in a cart, which goes single before two that go double, but sometimes they are two, and both called *reitas*. — *Mula de realá*, a carrier's mule.  
**Reatadura**, s. f. binding or tying again.  
**Reatar**, v. n. to bind or tie again.  
**Reato**, s. m. guilt.  
**Rebalsa**, s. f. a puddle.  
**Rebalsar**, v. n. to settle in a puddle.  
**Rebanada**, s. f. a slice.

- Reconocer**, v. a. to acknowledge, to own; also to view.  
**Reconocido**, *da*, p. p. from *reconocer*.  
**Reconocido**, *da*, adj. (mas. and fem.) thankful.  
**Reconocimiento**, s. m. acknowledgement, owning; also viewing.  
**Recontar**, v. a. to recount, to tell, to relate.  
**Reconvalecer**, v. n. to recover health again.  
**Reconvención**, s. f. retorting, recriminating; when the defendant or party accused, accuses the prosecutor.  
**Reconvenido**, *da*, p. p. from *reconvenir*.  
**Reconvenir**, v. a. to retort, to recriminate, for the criminal or defendant to accuse the prosecutor.  
**Recopilación**, s. f. compiling; collecting, or gathering out of books.  
**Recopilar**, v. a. to compile, collect or gather.  
**Recodquin**, s. m. a short fat fellow.  
**Recordación**, s. f. } remem-  
**Recordamiento**, s. m. } brance;  
 calling to mind.  
**Recordar**, v. a. to remember, to call to mind; to put in mind; to awake.  
**Recorrer**, v. a. to run back, to look back, to have recourse to.  
**Recorrido**, *da*, p. p. from *recorrer* — *Recorrer la memoria*, to call to mind.  
**Recortar**, v. a. to shorten by cutting.  
**Recoser**, v. a. to sow again.  
**Recosido**, *da*, p. p. from *recoser*.  
**Recostar**, v. n. to lie down, or to lean.  
**Recuya**, s. f. the buying about in villages what one intends to sell again. Also a pack of hounds.  
**Recovero**, s. m. the man who buys here and there in order to sell again.  
**Recreación**, s. f. recreation.  
**Recrear**, v. a. to recreate, to refresh, to divert.  
**Recrecer**, v. n. to increase, to grow again.  
**Recrecido**, *da*, p. p. from *recrecer*.  
**Recrecimiento**, s. m. from increase, growing again.  
**Recreo**, s. m. recreation, diversion.  
**Rectamente**, adv. uprightly.
- Rectángulo**, adj. rectangular, right-angled. — **Rectángulo**, s. m. a rectangle.  
**Rectificación**, s. f. rectification, the act of setting right what is wrong.  
**Rectificar**, v. a. to rectify, to make right.  
**Rectilíneo**, adj. rectilinear, rectilinear, consisting of right lines.  
**Rectitud**, s. f. righteousness, uprightness, justice.  
**Recto**, adj. right, just, true, equitable.  
**Rectór**, s. m. a rector.  
**Rectorado**, s. m. rectorship.  
**Rectorát**, adj. belonging to a rector.  
**Rectorár**, v. n. to be elected a rector.  
**Rectoria**, s. f. vide Rectorado.  
**Recúa**, s. f. a drove or gang of carriers' horses or mules.  
**Recuage**, s. m. carrying or carriage of goods by the carriers; the cost for carrying; also a great number of carriers' mules or horses.  
**Recudida**, s. f. the rebound of a thing; also the product or profit it yields.  
**Recudimiento**, s. m. a rebound, the profit a thing yields, rent of land; also an order to receive rent.  
**Recudir**, v. a. to rebound; to yield profit or benefit.  
**Recuento**, s. m. an inventory.  
**Recuerdo**, s. f. the act of putting in mind.  
**Recuero**, s. m. a carrier that drives pack-horses or mules. — Prov. *Los recuerdos de nuestro lugar, hoy enalbardan, mañana se van*, the carriers of our town put on the pack-saddles to day, and go away to-morrow. Said of loiterers and procrastinators.  
**Recuesto**, s. m. a rising ground.  
**Regular**, v. n. to fall back, to give ground backward.  
**Réculo**, adj. without a tail, applied to poultry.  
**Recuperable**, adj. recoverable.  
**Recuperación**, s. recovery.  
**Recuperador**, s. m. the person who recovers.  
**Recuperar**, v. a. to recover.  
**Recura**, s. f. a tool used in making combs.  
**Recurrir**, v. a. to have recourse.  
**Recurso**, s. m. recourse, relief, redress.  
**Recusación**, s. f. refusal.
- Recusar**, v. a. to refuse, to except against. — *Recusar un juez*, to except against a judge.  
**Red**, s. f. a net; a grate or lattice; a place where they sell or deliver out any thing through a grate, to keep off the crowd; the speaking room of a monastery of nuns; fine net-work women make for curtains and other such uses. — *Red barradera*, a drag-net, that sweeps all the fish before it. — *Red de payo*, (in cant) a coarse cloth, a great coat. — *Red de telaréjo*, the wool in weaving, or thread in the shuttle. — *Red tumbadera*, a toil or snare to catch wild beasts. — *Red en que nace la criatura*, a caul in which some children are born. — *Echar sus redes*, to cast one's net; (metaph.) to use all one's endeavours. — *Caer en la red*, to be ensnared.  
**Redada**, s. f. a net-full, a draught of a net.  
**Redaño**, s. m. the caul in which the bowels lie; so called, because it is like a net.  
**Redár**, v. n. to cast the net.  
**Redarguición**, s. f. reproof; also disproving.  
**Redarguido**, *da*, p. p. from *redarguir*.  
**Redarguir**, v. a. to reprove; also to disprove.  
**Redecilla**, s. f. a small net.  
**Redecir**, v. a. to repeat, to say again.  
**Rededor**, adv. round about. — *Andar al rededor*, f. to go round about.  
**Redejón**, s. m. a net on a hoop open at the top and ending in a point at bottom; (in cant) a night-cap.  
**Redeles**, s. m. pl. vide *Raseles*.  
**Redemir**, v. a. to redeem, to ransom.  
**Redención**, s. f. redemption, ransoming.  
**Redentór**, s. m. a redeemer, a ransom: — *Redentóres*, pl. so they call the religious men that go over among infidels to redeem captives.  
**Redero**, s. m. a net-maker.  
**Redición**, s. f. repetition of what has been said.  
**Rediezmo**, s. m. a re-tithing, or taking a tithe over again, or the tithe of the tithe.  
**Redil**, s. m. hurdles to fold sheep in.  
**Redilla**, s. f. dianin. of red



Redimidor, s. m. a redeemer.

Redimir, v. a. to redeem, to ransom.

Rédito, s. m. revenue.

Redituable, or Reditual, adj. productive.

Redituado, *da*, p. p. from Redituár.

Redituár, v. a. to produce certain revenues.

Redoblado, adj. thick and short; said of a man.

Redobladora, s. f. a redoubling.

Redoblár, v. a. to redouble. In music, to repeat the same notes striking the same string.

Redoble, adj. twice, double.

Redoblón, s. m. a fold or crease made in cards to know them by.

Redoma, s. f. a glass vial.—*Redoma*, among the peasants, the gift every man bestows upon a new-married couple on a wedding-day.

Redomada, adj. subtle, crafty, sly.

Redomazo, s. m. a blow over the face with a vial. A practice formerly used by villains in spite or revenge, which is to throw a very thin vial full of ink into a man's face, which breaking, cuts, and the ink flies all about, which cuts are very hard to be cured, so so as not to leave a scar.

Redomilla, s. f. a little vial.

Redonda, s. f. (in cant) a petticoat.—*A la redonda*, adv. round about.

Redondamente, adv. roundly; also clearly, with boldness.

Redondear, v. a. to round, to make round.

Redondete, s. m. a little round thing, a little plump child, a squat fat man.

Redondéz, s. f. roundness.

Redondillas, s. f. pl. roundelays, a sort of poetical composition.

Redondo, adj. round.

Redór, s. m. a round mat, such as we lay under tables, or the like.

A Redro, adv. behind.—*A redro* *vayas enemigo mío*, go behind me satan; from the Latin *retro*.

Redrojo, s. m. a small bunch of grapes, such as are left behind, because not seen by those that gather in the vintage; (metaph.) a little sneaking boy that does not thrive.

Redropelo, adj. against the hair or grain.

Redruña, s. f. the left side. A hunting term.

Reducción, s. f. reduction.

Reducible, adj. reducible.

Reducimiento, s. m. reducing, convincing, reclaiming, bringing back.

Reducir, v. a. to reduce, to convince, to reclaim, to bring back.

Reducirse, v. r. to regulate one's self according to circumstances; also to be obliged to do any thing.

Redundancia, s. f. redundancy, superabundance.

Redundante, p. a. from *redundar*.

Redundár, v. r. to happen to any one good or bad.

Redundár, v. r. to rebound.

Reduto, s. m. a redoubt, a small fort.

Reduplicación, s. f. repetition of the same thing.

Reduplicado, *da*, p. p. from *reduplicar*; v. a. to say the same thing again.

Reedificación, s. f. rebuilding.

Reedificador, s. m. the person who rebuilds.

Reedificar, v. a. to rebuild.

Reembarcar, v. a. to re-embark, to ship again.

Reencaxar, v. a. to set again a bone that was dislocated.

Reencaxadura, s. f. a setting again a bone that was dislocated.

Reengendrár, v. n. to regenerate.

Refación, s. f. refectation, a repast.

Refalsado, adj. cunning, malicious.

Refeción, s. f. refectation, a repast.

Referendar, v. a. Referendar.

Referimiento, s. m. a referring.

Referir, v. a. to repeat, to refer, to relate, to declare, to tell.

Referirse, v. a. to refer one thing with another.

Refetório, s. m. vide Refitorio.

Refinador, s. m. a refiner.

Refinar, v. a. to refine.

Refino, s. m. a refining; also any thing that is very fine.

Refitolero, s. m. he that has the care of a refectory, or dining-room in a monastery, where the religious dine and sup.

Reflexion, s. f. reflection.

Reflexionar, v. a. to reflect, to consider attentively.

Reflexivamente, adv. with reflection.

Reflexivo, adj. reflective.

Reflexo, s. m. reflection.—*Reflexo*, adj. reflected.

Reflorear, v. n. to flourish again.

Refluxo, s. m. the ebb of the tide.

Refocilar, v. a. to cherish, to comfort.—*Refocilarse*, v. r. to regale one's self.

Refocilo, s. m. cherishing, comfort.

Refórma, } s. f. reforma-

Reformación, } tion.

Reformador, s. m. a reformer.

Reformar, v. a. to reform.

Reformarse, v. r. to correct one's self.

Reforzár, v. a. to strengthen, to reinforce.

Refoseto, s. m. the curvette in fortification, a deeper trench cut along the middle of a dry ditch, and generally carried down till there be water to fill it.

Refracción, s. f. refraction.

Refractario, adj. refractory, that will not stand to his bargain.

Refrán, s. f. a proverb.

Refrancillo, s. m. a little proverb.

Refregamiento, s. m. the act of rubbing.

Refregar, v. a. to rub.—*Refregarse con las mugeres*, to be familiar with women.

Refregón, s. m. a rub against any thing.

Refrenamiento, s. m. the act of checking or stopping with the bridle.

Refrenar, v. a. to curb, bridle, or hold in.

Refrendar, v. a. to countersign, to sign as the secretary does in the king's orders.

Refrendario, s. m. an officer in the state so called.

Refrendata, s. the manual sign of the *refrendario* affixed to a petition or other thing.

Refrescadór, s. m. who refreshes.

Refrescadura, s. f. refreshing, cooling.

Refrescar, v. a. to cool, to refresh.

Refrescar, to renew any grief, pain, or the like; to take the air; also to fall into the same vice or faults.

Refrésco, s. m. refreshment, repast.

Refríega, s. f. a fray, a skirmish.

Refrigerár, v. a. to refresh.

Refrigerativo, adj. refreshing.

Refrigeratório, adj. that has the power or quality of refreshing.

Refrigério, s. m. refreshment.

Refugiado, s. m. refreshment.

Refugiár, v. a. to refuge, to shelter, to protect. — *Refugiarse*, v. r. to fly, to shelter, or protect.

Refúgio, s. m. refuge.

Refulgência, s. f. adj. brightness, refulgence.

Refulgente, adj. bright, shining.

Refundir, v. a. to cast over again.

Refunfuñadúra, s. f. muttering, grumbling.

Refunfuñar, v. n. to grumble, to mutter.

Refunfuño, s. m. vide *Refunfuñadúra*.

Refutación, s. f. refutation.

Refutar, v. a. to refute.

Regadera, s. f. a watering-pot.

Regadio, s. m. watering; a place that is watered.

Regadizo, adj. that may be watered.

Regador, s. m. a waterer.

Regadura, s. f. watering.

Regajal, s. m. a watery, slabby, dirty place; any place that is full of litter and dity.

Regájo, s. m. a puddle.

Regaladamente, adv. daintily.

Regalado, adj. dainty or nice.

Regalador, s. m. one that loves to make much of others.

Regalamiento, s. m. making much of others.

Regolar, v. a. to make much of, to treat daintily; also to melt.

Regalia, s. f. the prerogative of a king.

Regalicia, s. f. the root liquorice.

Regalillo, } s. m. a muff; also

Regalito, } a little present.

Regaliza, s. f. liquorice.

Regalo, s. m. a dainty, or choice bit; kind entertainment; a muff; a present.

Regalón, s. m. a wanton, a dainty person that loves to feed nicely.

Regalona, s. f. a nice, dainty woman.

Regañár, v. n. to snarl, to growl, as a dog does, to grumble, to mutter. — *Regañar los dientes*, to gnash the teeth.

Regaño, s. m. f. grumbling, muttering, snarling, growling.

Regañón, s. m. f. a snarling growling dog; a grumbling fellow; also the north-east wind. — *Pera regañona*, a harsh pear that grates against the knife as it cuts.

Regar, v. a. to water.

Regata, s. f. a small trench to convey the water to a garden.

Regate, s. m. quick and irregular motion.

Regatear, v. n. to haggle in buying, to beat down the price, to bargain hard.

Regatón, s. m. a huckster, a retailer, a retailer of small wares; also one that haggles hard; also the but-end of a spear, staff, &c.

Regatonear, v. n. to play the huckster; also to haggle in buying.

Regatonería, } s. f. huckster-

Regatonía, } ing; also haggling in buying.

Regazar, v. n. vide *Arregazar*.

Regazo, s. m. the lap of a woman; the tucking up of her cloaths; also the bosom.

Regência, s. f. regency, the office or dignity of a regent.

Regeneración, s. f. regeneration.

Regenear, v. n. to regenerate.

Regentar, v. n. to rule as a regent.

Regente, s. m. a regent; a president of a council; in an university, a triennial professor.

Regiamente, adv. royally, magnificently.

Regibado, adj. crooked-backed.

Regicida, s. m. a regicide, a king-killer.

Regicidio, s. m. the act of a regicide.

Regido, da, p. p. from *regir*.

Regidor, s. m. a ruler, a governor, an alderman of a city.

Regimén, s. m. rule, government.

Regimiento, s. m. government; also a regiment of soldiers.

Régio, adj. regal, kingly.

Región, s. f. a region, a coun-

try. In architecture, the prospect a house has on all sides.

Regir, v. a. to rule, to govern; to steer a ship.

Registrador, s. m. one that registers or enters in a book, a keeper of rolls.

Registrar, v. a. to register; to enter upon a book; also to search, to look into, to examine; to search goods at the custom-house.

Registro, s. m. a register; the entry of goods at the custom house; the entry-book of the custom-house; the cocket given there for goods that are passed; also the register put into books, being strings fastened to a roll, which serve for marks in a book; a man that is prying into every body's business. — *Registros*, pl. the stops in the organ.

Regla, s. f. a rule. — *No hay regla sin excepcion*, f. there is no rule without an exception. — *Regla de la muger*, a woman's courses. — *Regla de enfermo*, the rule prescribed a sick person by the physician.

Reglamente, adv. orderly, according to rule.

Reglado, adj. orderly, regular.

Reglamiento, s. m. a ruling, or ordering.

Reglar, v. a. to rule, to govern, to order.

Regnicola, adj. belonging to a kingdom.

Regocijadamente, adv. joyfully, merrily.

Regocijar, v. n. to rejoice, to make merry. — *Regocijarse*, v. r. to be glad, to rejoice at.

Regocio, s. m. joy, mirth.

Regodear, v. n. to be merry, to sport, to wanton.

Regodeo, s. m. merry-making, sporting, playing the wanton, bantering.

Regójo, s. m. a bit of broken bread, a scrap; a little small fellow.

Regoldar, v. n. to belch.

Regolfar, v. n. to turn round like a whirl-pool.

Rególfo, s. f. a whirl-pool.

Regordido, adj. full, fat, puffed up with fat.

Regresado, da, p. p. from *regresar*, v. a. to re-say any thing to another; (metaph.) to submit with humiliation to another man's will.



**Regresión, s. f.** the same as *regreso*.  
**Regreso, s. m.** a going back.  
**Reguardar, v. a.** (obs.) to look to, to mind.  
**Regueldo, s. m.** a belch; (metaph.) pride, boasting.  
**Reguera, s. f.** a channel betwixt two beds in a garden, to water garden or fields.  
**Reguero, s. m.** a little running water; also the track that remains of the running water.  
**Regulación, s. f.** regulation.  
**Regular, v. a.** to regulate; to make the scrutiny, and see how many votes each candidate has.  
**Regular, adj.** regular, orderly.  
 —**Regular, s. m.** a religious man of some order.  
**Regularidad, s. f.** regularity.  
**Regularmente, adv.** regularly.  
**Régulo, s. m.** any petty sovereign; also a basilisk, —*Régulo*, regulus, the finer and most weighty part of metals.  
**Regurgitar, v. n.** to regurgitate, to run over.  
**Rehabilitación, s. f.** a re-enabling.  
**Rehabilitar, v. a.** to re-enable.  
**Rehacer, v. a.** to do again, to make anew, to renew. —*Rehacerse*, v. r. to recover strength; also to rally after disorder; said of troops.  
**Rehacimiento, s. m.** a doing again; recovery; rallying of broken troops.  
**Rehacio, s. m.** vide *Reacio*.  
**Rehecho, adj.** done again, made anew; rallied; strong, well-set.  
**Rehen, s. m.** an hostage, a pledge.  
**Rehénchir, v. a.** to fill or to stuff again. —*Rehénchir la silla*, to stuff a saddle anew.  
**Rehilar, v. a.** a sea-term, to strain the cables, to make them work.  
**Rehilete, s. m.** a shuttle-cock.  
**Rehollar, v. a.** to trample under foot again.  
**Rehuir, v. n.** to fly; to run away again; or back.  
**Rehundir, v. a.** to sink or drown again.  
**Rehusar, v. a.** to refuse.  
**Reible, adj.** risible.  
**Reina, s. f.** the queen.  
**Reinado, s. m.** the reign of a king, the time he governs.  
**Reinamiento, s. m.** (obs.) idem.  
**Reinar, v. n.** to reign; also to prevail, to be predominant.

**Reincidencia, s. f.** falling in again.  
**Reincidir, v. n.** to fall in again.  
**Reino, s. m.** any kingdom, any dominions having a king.  
**Reintegración, s. f.** renewing, making whole again.  
**Reintegrar, v. a.** to renew, to make whole again.  
**Reir, v. n.** to laugh; also to be pleasant. —*Reirse*, v. r. to mock, to ridicule, to laugh at.  
**Reiteración, s. f.** reiteration, repetition.  
**Reiterar, v. a.** to reiterate, to repeat.  
**Reja, s. f.** the plow-share, the coulter of a plow; an iron grate; the iron grates of a window.  
**Rejado, s. m.** a grated window, a grated gate.  
**Rejalgár, s. m.** arsenick.  
**Rejo, s. m.** an iron point, as the prick of a goad, or the like; the clownish people use it for *recoio*, strong, lusty, stiff, hard. —*Rejo de hevilla*, the tongue of a buckle. —*Rejo*, is also an iron plate, round, with a hole in the middle, they play at coits with instead of a horse-shoe.  
**Rejón, s. m.** an iron bar ending in a sharp point; also a sort of spear used in the bull-feasts to wound the bulls. —*Rejón*, a dagger, a poniard.  
**Rejonazo, s. m.** a blow given with a *rejón*.  
**Rejonear, v. a.** to wound the bulls with the spear called *rejón*.  
**Rejuela, s. f.** a little bar, or grate of a window; also a little fire-pan.  
**Rejuvenecer, v. n.** to grow young again.  
**Relación, s. f.** a relation, an account of any thing.  
**Relacionar, v. a.** to relate.  
**Relacionero, s. m.** one who sells songs and several accounts in the streets.  
**Relamér, v. a.** to lick over again. —*Relamérse*, v. r. to lick one's chops savourily after eating something that is pleasant; to deck or dress one's self up curiously.  
**Relamido, s. m.** an hypocrite, a precise formal fellow.  
**Relampago, s. m.** a flash of lightning.  
**Relampaguear, v. n.** to lighten, to give flashes like lightning.  
**Relampaguzar, v. n.** (obs.) to

glitter, to give a glittering light, like the sudden flashes of lightning. —*Ojos relampagueantes*, glittering eyes like a cat in the dark, or as drunken men's eyes twinkle. Often used in this signification.  
**Relance, s. m.** chance, accident.  
**Relápsó, adj.** relapsed, fallen again.  
**Relatar, v. a.** to relate, to make a declaration.  
**Relativo, adj.** that bears a relation to.  
**Relatór, s. m.** a relater, a reporter, he that relates or gives an account; an officer in courts who acquaints the court with what has been told of the case or cause to be tried.  
**Relavár, v. a.** to wash over again.  
**Relaxación, s. f.** relaxation, releasing, setting loose at liberty; relaxation of manners; also a looseness in the body.  
**Relaxado, s. m.** a loose liver.  
**Relaxamiento, s. m.** a relaxation, releasing; letting loose; looseness of any kind.  
**Relaxár, v. a.** to release, to set loose, to take to a loose life, to be loose in the body.  
**Relénte, s. m.** the softness caused by the dew that has fallen on a thing.  
**Relentecer, v. n.** to grow weak, to relent, to yield, to become supple.  
**Relevación, s. f.** a raising, a lifting up.  
**Relevante, adj.** great, excellent.  
**Relevar, v. a.** to raise, to lift up, to ease, to relieve.  
**Relaxes, s. m. pl.** knobs or bunches in a table or other smooth thing; also ruts of coach or cart wheels: among architects, *reléx* or *reléves*, is that part of the wall which sticks out; also the landing-place of a flight of stairs.  
**Relicario, s. m.** a case, a place to keep relics in.  
**Relieves, s. m. pl.** fragments, scraps, broken meat; embossing in silver or gold; raised work in embroidery; embossed figures on walls in architecture.  
**Religár, v. a.** to bind again.  
**Religión, s. f.** religion.  
**Religionario, s. m.** a Calvinist  
**Religionista, s. m.** or Reformed, as they call themselves.

**Religiosamente**, adv. religiously.

**Religiosidad**, s. f. piety.

**Religioso**, adj. religious.

**Relinchár**, v. n. to neigh as a horse does.

**Relinchido**, } s. m. the neighing  
of a horse.

**Reliquias**, s. f. pl. relics, the remains of holy things.

**Rellaná**, v. a. to plain, to smooth again.—*Rellánarse*, v. r. to sit stretched out in a chair, leaning back with the legs out at full ease.

**Rellenár**, v. a. to fill, to stuff, to cram; commonly to fill a fowl, hare, or the like, with forced meat, or with a pudding in the belly.

**Relleno**, adj. filled, stuffed, crammed; substantively used, a fowl, &c. stuffed with forced meat, or a pudding in the belly.

**Relóx**, s. m. a clock, a watch.—*Relóx de sol*, a sun-dial.—*Relóx de arena*, a sand hour-glass.—*Relóx de agua*, a water hour-glass.—*El relóx dá*, the clock strikes.—*Relóx de fabricación*, a watch.

**Reloxero**, s. m. a clock maker or watch maker.

**Reluchár**, v. n. to oppose one thing against another.

**Reluciénte**, adj. bright, shining, glittering.

**Relucir**, v. n. to shine, to glitter.

**Relumbrádo**, adj. that has a brassy taste.

**Relumbránte**, adj. bright, glittering, shining.

**Relumbrár**, v. n. to shine, to glitter.

**Relumbrón**, s. m. the dazzling of the eyes by a sudden glare of light.

**Remachár**, v. a. to rivet, to clench a nail, to beat flat or smooth, to make fast an end of a thread, or the like.

**Remador**, s. m. a rower.

**Remadura**, s. f. a rower.

**Remanecer**, v. n. to appear where not expected, to break out like the dawning of the day.

**Remanente**, s. m. the remainder.

**Remangár**, v. a. vide *Arremangar*.

**Remánso**, s. m. the calm or still water of a river, which, after

it has run with a swift current, comes into a plain, and runs slow and gently.

**Remár**, v. n. to row; (metaph.) to work continually with great labour.

**Remadataménte**, adv. absolutely, past redress, desperately.

**Rematádo**, adj. quite lost, ruined, desperate.—*Lico rematado*, one that is quite mad, past retrieving.

**Rematár**, v. a. to clench a nail, to rivet, to close or finish an account, to strike up a bargain, to knock at a sale, to fasten the thread in sewing, or the like.

**Rematarse**, v. r. to loose any thing, to be destroyed.

**Remate**, s. m. the end, the conclusion, the sum of an account; either end of a stick, rope, or other thing; the conclusion of a bargain; the fastening of the end in sewing, clenching of a nail, rivetting.—*Perdido a remate*, lost to all intents and purposes, utterly ruined; also excessive lewd.

**Remecer**, v. a. to stir again.

**Remedamiento**, s. m. mocking, imitating.

**Remedar**, v. a. to mock, to imitate.

**Remediador**, s. m. one that remedies.

**Remediár**, v. a. to remedy, to cure.

**Remedio**, s. m. remedy, cure, help.—*No tener remedio*, f. to be obliged to do any thing against one's will; also to have no remedy.

**Remedó**, s. m. mock, imitation.

**Remembranza**, s. f. (obs.) a remembrance.

**Remembrár**, v. a. (obs.) to remember.

**Remendár**, v. a. to mend, to patch.—*Caballo remendado*, a piebald horse.

**Remendón**, s. m. a butcher, a cobler.

**Remero**, s. m. a rower, one that rows.

**Remesa**, s. f. a remittance of money.—*Remesa*, s. f. a coach-house.

**Remesar**, v. a. to pull by the hair, to tear the hair.

**Remeson**, s. m. a pull by the hair; the hair that is torn off the head; a short stop in rid-

ing, when the rider stops his horse short in the middle of the career.

**Remeter**, v. a. to put in again.

**Remiendo**, s. m. a patch, a boteh.

**Remilgarse**, v. r. to make pretty faces, as affected ladies do.

**Reminicéncia**, s. f. a remembrance.

**Remirár**, v. a. to look again, to view well, to see thoroughly into a thing, or consider maturely.

**Remisamente**, adv. slowly, with weakness, without vigour or briskness.

**Remisible**, adj. pardonable, that may be remitted.

**Remisión**, s. f. remission, pardon, forgiveness.

**Remiso**, adj. remiss, slack, loose, negligent, lewd.

**Remitir**, v. a. to remit, to forgive, to pardon; also to refer; also to defer any thing to another time.

**Remitirse**, v. r. to refer any thing to arbitration.—*Pleito remitido*, a suit or trial at law returned to the same court from whence it was removed by appeal.

**Rémo**, s. m. an oar.—*Echár al rémo*, to send to the galleys.

**Remojár**, v. a. to soak, to steep, to water.

**Remójo**, s. m. soaking, steeping, watering.

**Remolacha**, s. f. beet-root.

**Remoládo**, adj. battered, rugged, craggy.

**Remolár**, v. a. (in cant) to load a die.

**Remolcár**, v. a. to tow along with a boat; also to shove back with the oars.

**Remolinarse**, v. r. to turn about like a whirl-pool or spiral line.

**Remolino**, s. m. a whirl-pool, a whirl-wind, an eddy of wind or water; the turn of the hair on the top of the head; a spiral line.

**Remollar**, v. a. (in cant) to line.

**Remollerón**, s. m. (in cant) a head-piece; the head itself.

**Remolón**, na, adj. idle, slothful, indolent.

**Remólque**, s. m. towing.—*Llevar al remólque*, to tow along,



**Remondár, v. a.** to clean, to peel again.

**Remonta, s. f.** the act of giving new horses to soldiers.

**Remontár, v. a.** among sportsmen, to frighten animals, to drive them away with noise; also to give new horses to soldiers.—*Remontár, v. a.* to remount, to be high and lofty, to use lofty expressions.

**Remoquete, s. m.** a check, a fump, a sharp word; also a bang, a stroke, a flirt.

**Remora, s. f.** a small fish, which they say, sticking to a ship's side, will stop her when sailing. (Metaph.) any stop, stay, or delay.

**Remordér, v. n.** to have a remorse, to have a touch of conscience.

**Remordimiento, v. n.** a remorse, a touch of conscience.

**Remostár, v. n.** to put must or new wine into old, in order to quicken it.

**Remostecerse, to work and grow sweet again like new wine.**

**Remoto, adj.** remote, distant.

**Remover, v. a.** to remove, to stir.

**Removimiento, s. m.** removing, stirring.—*Removimiento de estómago*, rising in the stomach, nausea, inclination to vomit.

**Remozár, v. n.** to grow young; to endeavour to appear young.

**Rempujár, v. a.** to push, to thrust, to jostle.

**Rempujón, s. m.** a push, a thrust, a jostle.

**Remudar, v. a.** to change.

**Remugar, v. n.** v. Rumiar.

**Remuneración, s. f.** reward, recompense.

**Remunerador, s. m.** a rewarder, a recompenser.

**Remunerár, v. a.** to reward, to recompense.

**Remusgár, v. a.** to suspect.

**Ren, s. m.** the kidney, the reins of the back.

**Renacér, v. n.** to be born again, to spring or to bud out again.

**Renacimiento, s. m.** being born again, sprouting, springing, or budding again.

**Renacuajo, s. m.** the spawn of frogs, a small frog.

**Renquilla, s. f.** quarrel, dispute.

**Rençilloso, adj.** quarrelsome, contending.

**Rénco, s. m.** one that is loose, or lame in the hips.

**Rencór, s. m.** rancour, hatred, malice.

**Rendájo, s. m.** a jay.

**Rendición, s. f.** rendition, giving up.

**Rendidamente, adv.** humbly.

**Rendimiento, s. m.** yielding, surrendering, submission, and surrender.

**Rendir, v. a.** to yield, to submit, to surrender, to overcome, to subdue.

**Rendón, a word of no signification by itself, but it is used adverbially for abruptly or rudely**—*Entrarse de rendón*, to intrude, to thrust into a place, without saying by your leave; in a rude manner.

**Renegado, s. m.** a renegade, an apostate, one that has renounced his faith.

**Renegar, v. a.** to renounce one's faith.

**Renglera, s. f.** a row or rank.

**Renglón, s. m.** a line in writing.

**Réngo, adj.** that has got a hurt in the loins or the back.—*Dar con la de rengó*, f. to cheat, to deceive with promises.—*Hazer la de rengó*, f. to feign sickness, to make idle excuses.

**Reniego, s. m.** a blasphemous renouncing of God or of holy things.

**Renitencia, s. f.** reluctance, repugnancy.

**Renitente, adj.** reluctant, repugnant.

**Renombrado, adj.** renowned, famous.

**Renombre, s. m.** renown.

**Renovación, s. f.** a renewing.

**Renovador, s. m.** a renewer.

**Renovar, v. a.** to renew.

**Renóvero, s. m.** an usurer.—*Renóvero de árbol*, a young shoot of a tree.

**Renqueár, v. n.** to go lame in the hips; that is, wringing one's body from side to side.

**Rénta, s. f.** revenue, rent, yearly income.—Prov. *El que lleva la renta que adóbe la venta*, let him that receives the rent repair the inn; he that has the profit should be at the expense.

**Rentár, v. n.** to yield rent or revenue.

**Rentéro, s. f.** a farmer.

**Rentilla, s. f.** a small rent or revenue; also a game at cards so called.

**Renuévo, s. m.** renewing; also increase, usury; a young shoot or sprout of a tree, or the like.

**Renúncia, s. f.** vide *Renunciación*.

**Renunciáble, adj.** that may be renounced, given up.

**Renunciación, s. f.** renunciation, quitting one's right or claim, resignation.

**Renunciár, v. a.** to renounce, resign, or quit claim.

**Reñir, v. n.** to chide, to rebuke, to reprimand, to quarrel, to fight.—*Guerra reñida*, bloody war.

**Réo, s. m.** a criminal, a guilty person, one accused of a crime. Also a sort of fish so called.

**Repájo, s. m.** vide *Repaxo*.

**Repantigado, da, p. p.** from *repantigarse*.

**Repantigarse, v. r.** to sit leaning back and stretched out at one's full ease.

**Repapilado, s. m.** a curious feeder or epicure, one that is curiously fed or filled up to the throat.

**Repapilarse, v. r.** to epicurize, to feed daintily, to feed till one is full to the throat.

**Reparáble, adj.** than can be repaired; remarkable, observable.

**Reparación, s. f.** reparation.

**Reparador, s. m.** a repairer.

**Reparamiento, s. m.** vide *Reparo*.

**Reparár, v. a.** to repair; also to parry in fencing, to ward off a blow; to stop, to make a stand; to observe, to take notice.

**Reparo, s. m.** repair, reparation; in fortification, a defence, any part of the works that flanks another; any work or intrenchment.—*Reparo*, s. m. regard, notice, observation.—*Reparo*, doubt; inconvenience; difficulty.

**Repartición, s. f.** division, partition sharing.

**Repartidor, s. m.** a divider, a distributor.—*Repartidor, de pleitos, y negocios*, s. m. an of-

flee in some courts of Spain, who appoints every man his business, and calls on the several causes in their course.

Repartimiento, s. m. division, distribution.

Repartir, v. a. to divide, to distribute.

Repasar, s. m. reading, or studying over again.

Repasadera, s. f. a tool used by carpenters, a kind of plane.

Repasar, v. a. to look over again; as—*Repasar un libro*, to read a book over again.—*Repasar lecciones a niños*, to hear children read their lessons.

Repastar, v. n. to feed.

Repasto, s. m. food, pasture.

Repatriar, v. n. to return to one's own country.

Repáxo, s. m. a thicket of young trees; a place for cattle to graze.

Repécho, s. m. a breast-work; a rail to lean the breast against; also the side of a mill.

Repelar, v. a. to pull off the hair; to pull by the hair; in a military sense, to charge often in parties or in the rear.

Repelar, v. a. to drive off, to pull back.

Repelo, s. m. pulling by the hair; also the skin that grows over the nails; (metaph.) any thing that is not to the purpose.

Repelón, s. m. a tug by the hair.

Repeloso, adj. a touchy quarrelsome man.—*Madera repelosa*, wood that has an ill grain, and works rough every way.

Repensar, v. a. to think over again, to consider seriously.

Repente, adv. suddenly, unexpectedly.

Repentinamente, adv. suddenly.

Repentino, adj. sudden.

Repentón, s. m. a sudden event, a sudden motion, a great and unforeseen accident.

Repercusión, s. f. repercussion, striking back.

Repercusivo, adj. that may be struck back.

Repercutir, v. a. to beat back, to drive back.

Repertorio, s. m. a repertory.

Reposar, v. a. to verify the weight of any thing; to weigh again.

Repeso, s. m. weighing again; also the place where an officer in Spain stands in the market to verify the weight of bread, meat, &c.

Repetición, s. f. repetition.

Repetidamente, adv. repeatedly.

Repetidor, s. m. a repeater.

Repetir, v. a. to repeat.

Repicádo, s. m. a curious nice bean.

Repicapunto, adv. *De repicapunto*, nicely, precisely.

Repicar, v. a. to ring the bells out.—Prov. *En silencio está el que repica*, he is safe that rings the bell; because, when it is an alarm bell, he is in the steeple out of harm's way.

Repique, s. m. a ringing of bells; also a repique at the game of piquet at cards.

Repiguete, s. m. a little noise or clattering of bells, or any such noisy thing; thence applied to signify a clattering of tongues.

Repiso, adj. penitent.

Repizcar, v. a. to pinch.

Repizco, s. m. a pinch, the act of pinching with the fingers.

Repleción, s. f. repletion, fullness.

Repléto, adj. full, crammed full. In architecture, it is the mortar and small stone, rubbish, or the like, with which masons fill up the middle of thick walls.

Replica, s. f. an answer, a reply.

Replicación, s. f. idem.

Replicar, v. a. to answer, to reply.

Replicón, s. m. he that will give an answer, though he had better hold his tongue.

Repóllo, s. m. a hard cabbage.

Repollado, adj. round thick truss, like a hard cabbage, a short squat man.

Reponer, v. a. to replace.

Reportado, adj. deliberate, stayed, grave.

Reportarse, v. r. to be pacified, to curb one's passion, to settle, to be appeased.

Reportorio, adj. an almanack, a calendar, a memorial, a summary, a brief account of things.

Reposadamente, adv. quietly, calmly and gravely.

Reposado, adj. sedate, of a quiet temper.

Reposar, v. a. to rest, to settle, to be still.

Repóso, s. m. rest, quiet, ease.

Repostería, s. f. a buttery.

Repostero, s. m. a butler, a sumpture cloth; also a carpet or a piece of tapestry hangings.

Repregunta, s. f. question upon question.

Repreguntar, v. a. to question over and over again.

Reprehender, v. a. to reprehend, to reprimand, to rebuke, to chide.

Reprehensible, adj. blameworthy, blameable.

Reprehensión, s. f. reproof.

Reprehensor, s. m. a reprover, a chider.

Representación, s. f. representation, a play, a comedy.

Representador, s. m. a representative, a player, an actor.

Representante, s. idem.

Representar, v. a. to represent, to act a play.

Represa, s. f. a mill-dam, a flood gate.

Represar, v. a. to hold up by water by means of a dam or flood gate.

Reprimenda, s. f. a reprimand.

Reprimir, v. a. to repress, to crush, to keep under.

Reprobación, s. f. reproving.

Reprobar, v. a. to reprove.

Réprobo, s. m. he who is to be damned.

Reprochar, v. a. to reproach, to tell one of his faults, to upbraid.

Reprócho, s. m. reproach, upbraiding.

Reproducción, s. f. reproduction, the act of producing anew.

Reproducir, v. a. to reproduce, to produce again.

Reptar, v. a. to challenge, to defy.

Reptil, adj. reptile.

República, s. f. a republic, a commonwealth.

Republicano, s. m. a republican.

Republico, s. m. a republican.

Repudiación, s. f. repudiation, divorce, rejection.

Repudiár, v. a. to divorce, to put away, to reject.

Repudio, s. m. divorce.

Repuesto, p. of *reponer*.—*Repuesto*, s. m. a repository, a storehouse.



Repugnância, s. f. repugnancy, reluctance.

Repugnante, adj. opposite, contrary to.

Repugnár, v. a. to oppose, to have a reluctance.

Repulgar, v. a. to hem.

Repúlgo, s. m. a hem in a garment.—*El repúlgo de la empuñada*, the edge of a pie.

Repúllo, s. m. a violent shake or jump.

Repúlsa, s. f. a repulse.

Repulsár, v. a. to repel, to give a repulse.

Repúnta, s. f. a reply, a breaking out, the appearing of any thing.

Repuntár, v. a. to reply; also to break out, to appear.

Repuntár, v. a. to purge or clean over again.

Reputación, s. f. reputation.

Reputár, v. a. to repute, to value any thing.

Requebrador, s. m. one that courts, wooes, makes love to, or uses fine amorous expressions.

Requebrár, v. a. to court, to woo, to make love, to use fine amorous expressions.

Requémado, adj. austere, choleric.

Requemár, v. a. to burn again.

Requerimiento, s. m. intimation, and requiring notification.

Requerir, v. a. to require, to make intimation, to notify; also to seek after, to court, to search.—*Requerir de amores*, to court, to make love.

Requesón, s. f. curds.

Requêsta, f. f. a request.

Requestár, v. a. to request.

Requiebro, s. m. amorous expression, or any pretty soft alluring word.

Requisito, adj. requisite.—*Requisito*, s. m. a circumstance, a part that is requisite.

Requisitoria, s. f. a warrant from a judge requiring obedience.

Rés, s. f. a head of cattle, sometimes a flock or herd.

Resabér, v. n. to be loquacious.

Resabiár, v. a. to use, to practise any ill customs or habits; also to have an ill taste or savour.

Resabido, s. m. a crafty subtle

knave; also a talkative troublesome fellow that pretends to know much.

Resábido, s. m. an ill habit or custom; a jadish trick in a horse; an ill taste or savour.

Resaca, s. f. the breaking of the billows on the shore, the eddy.

Resalir, v. n. to go out, to appear out.

Resaltár, v. n. to stand, to stick, or to jut out in a building or in a picture.

Resálte, s. m. the jutting out part in a building, and that which represents it in painting.

Resálto, s. m. the repercussion of a body, or rebound.

Resaludár, v. a. to resalute, to return the salutation of one.

Resalutación, s. m. resaluting, returning the greeting to one.

Resarcir, v. a. to make amends for, to make good, to repair.

Resbaladero, s. m. vid. Resvaladero.

Resbaladizo, adj. v. Resvaladizo.

Resbolár, v. n. vide Resvalar.

Rescaldár, v. a. to heat again.

Rescatár, v. a. to ransom.

Rescáte, s. m. ransom.

Rescóllo, s. m. hot embers or a fire of small coal.

Rescribir, v. a. to write back.

Rescripto, s. m. a rescript, an answer of a prince to any petition.

Rescúentros, s. m. a compensation.

Resellár, v. a. to seal again.

Resello, s. m. sealing again.

Resembrár, v. a. to sow again.

Reséña, s. f. a muster or review.

Resentimiento, s. m. resentment, the act of resenting.

Resentir, v. a. to resent.

Resérva, s. f. a reserve.

Reservación, s. f. a reservation.

Reservár, v. a. to reserve.

Resés, s. f. pl. of res.

Resfriado, adj. that has taken or got a cold.

Resfriamento, s. m. a cold that one gets.

Resfriár, v. a. to cool.—*Resfriarse*, v. r. to get a cold.

Resguardár, v. a. to preserve, to defend.—*Resguardarse*, v. r. to be cautious, to take care of one's self.

one's self.

Resguardo, s. m. security taken for what a man does, a counter security when a man is bound for another; also a reserve.

Residencia, s. f. residence, residing in a place.—*Pedir residencia*, to call to an account.—*Residencia*, the trial a governor or magistrate is to undergo when he resigns his employment, a judge being appointed to hear all complaints against him.—*Tomar residencia*, to take an account.

Residenciár, v. a. to make the trial of a person in public offices, to hear all complaints against him.

Residente, s. m. resident, a minister of a prince inferior to an envoy.

Residir, v. a. to reside, to remain in a place.

Residuo, adj. what remains.—

*Residuo*, s. m. the remainder.

Resigna, s. f. resigna-

Resignación, s. f. tion.

Resignár, v. a. to resign.

Resina, s. f. a resin, a fat oily liquor distilling from a tree.

Resinoso, adj. full of resin.

Resistencia, s. f. resistance, opposition.

Resistéro, s. m. the reflection on or violent

heat of the sun, the heat of the day from noon till two or three when the sun seems to scorch.

Resistir, v. a. to resist, to oppose, to withstand.

Resina, s. f. a ream of paper.

Resól, s. m. the reverberation of the sun.

Resolano, s. m. a warm sunny place, where the wind does not blow.

Resollár, v. n. to breathe.

Resolución, s. f. resolution; also spirit, courage.

Resolver, v. n. to resolve.

Resuelto, p. p. from resolver.

Resolutamente, adv. resolutely.

Resoluto, adj. resolute.

Resonancia, s. f. a sound, or resounding.

Resonante, adj. resounding, or that resounds.

Resonar, v. a. to resound.

Resoplar, v. a. to blow again.

Resoplado, s. m. a blowing a gain.

Resoplo, s. m. a gain.

Respaldár, s. m. vide Espal-

Respaldo, s. dar.

Respectivamente, adv. respectively, relatively.

Respectivo, adj. respective, relative.

Respecto, s. m. consideration, motive.—*Respecto de*, adv. because.

Respetable, adj. that deserves respect.

Respetar, v. a. to respect.

Respeto, s. m. respect; (in cant) the sword.—*De respeto*, prepared.—*Estar de respeto*, to be in ceremony.

Respetosamente, adj. respectfully.

Respetoso, adj. respectful.

Respetuosamente, adv. respectfully.

Respetuoso, adj. respectful.

Respigadéra, s. f. a gleaner.

Respigador, s. m. a gleaner.

Respigar, v. n. to glean, to gather after the gatherers.

Respigón, s. m. the skin that grows over the nails, or rather those little skins that break and fly up about the nails, and are very sore. It is also a sty upon the eye.

Respingar, v. n. to kick out of wantonness; to rebel by being pampered; also to skip, to leap, to give short and peevish answers.

Respingo, s. m. a skip, a leap, a kick of wantonness; a pert peevish answer.

Respiración, s. f. the breath of the body.

Respiradero, s. m. a breathing-place, a hole to let in the air.

Respirar, v. a. to breathe, to take breath, to take comfort, to be eased, to rest.

Resplandecencia, s. f. effulgence, splendor.

Resplandecer, v. n. to shine, to glitter.

Resplandeciente, p. p. bright, shining.

Resplandor, s. m. brightness.—*Cintas de resplandor*, ribbons wrought with silver.

Respondér, v. n. to answer.

Respondiente, s. m. who answers.

Respondón, s. m. f. a grumbling person, one that has always an answer.

Responsable, adj. responsible.

Respónso, s. m. an answer; but generally taken for singing of psalms for the dead, two

choirs alternatively answering one another.

Responsório, s. m. a responsory after reading the lessons in the mattins.

Respuésta, s. f. an answer; also the report of a gun.

Respondido, p. p. of *respondér*.

Resquebradura, vide *Resquebrajo*.

Resquebrajadúra, s. f. a crack, a chop, a slit, a cleft; also a nibbling or breaking about the edges.

Resquebrajar, v. a. to crack, to chop, to slit, to cleave; also to nibble or break about the edges.

Resquebrájo, s. m. vide *Resquebrajadúra*.

Resquí o, s. m. a chink, a cleft, a cranny.

Résta, s. f. the rest, the remainder.

Restablecér, v. a. to re-establish.—*Restablecerse*, v. a. to recover one's health.

Restablecimiento, s. m. a re-establishment.

Restallar, v. n. to fly, to flaw, to flake as stones do with the fire, or the like.

Restañar, v. n. to stand, to stop, particularly the blood.

Restáño, s. m. a gold or silver stuff; also a pool, a pond.

Resánte, s. m. what remains.

Restár, v. a. to rest, to remain, to subtract in arithmetick.

Restauración, s. f. restoration, restoring, repairing.

Restaurador, s. m. who restores.

Restaurár, v. a. to restore, to repair.

Restituído, *da*, p. p. from *restituir*, v. a. to return any thing to its proper owner; also to re-establish any thing.

Résto, s. m. the rest, the remainder, the residue; also a stake at play. In arithmetic, subtraction.—*Jugar a résto abierto*, to play or throw against all that is set.—*Echar el résto*, to set one's last stake.

Restricción, s. f. restriction, confinement.

Restricto, adj. restrained, kept within certain bounds.

Restringir, v. a. to restrain; also to bound in the body.

Restriñir, v. a. to restrain, to bind in the body.

Resvaladero, s. m. a slippery

place, or a thing that is apt to slip.

Resvaladizo, adj. slippery.

Resvalár, v. b. to slip, to slide.

Resvaloso, adj. slippery.

Resucitador, s. m. one that revives.

Resucitár, v. n. to revive.

Resudár, v. n. to sweat, to perspire.

Resuéllo, s. m. the breath of the body.—*Tenga vmd. resuello*, f. (fam.) stop a little.

Resuélto, p. p. resolute, or resolved.

Resúta, s. f. the result of any business.

Resultár, v. n. to result, to rebound.

Resumén, s. m. result, conclusion.

Resumir, v. a. to re-assume, to commence again; also to reduce.

Resurgir, v. n. (obs.) to rise from the dead.

Resurrección, s. f. resurrection.

Resurtir, v. n. to rebound.

Retáblo, s. m. a puppet-show in the nature of the raree-show carried about the streets.—*Retáblo*, an altar-piece; also a picture.

Retacár, v. n. to strike the ball twice at billiards.

Retáco, s. m. a small gun.

Retador, s. m. a challenger, a defier.

Retaguarda, } s. f. the rear of  
Retaguardia, } an army or of  
any body of men.

Retahíla, s. m. the aggregate of many things set in due order.

Retajár, v. a. to chop, to cut short, to circumsise.

Retál, s. m. a remnant.

Retallar, v. n. to sprout again.

Retállo, s. m. a new sprout.

Retáma, s. f. furze, whins, heath, goss.

Retamál, s. m. a ground that bears furze, whins, heath, or goss.

Retár, v. a. to defy, to challenge, to charge a man with treason or other heinous crime, and undertake to make it good in combat.

Retardación, s. f. delay.

Retardár, v. n. to retard, to delay.

Retejár, v. a. to tile again, to new tile, to repair the tiling of



a house; (metaph.) to mend cloaths.

Retén, s. m. (in cant.) the keeping back a card to cheat with.

Retención, s. f. retaining, detaining.

Retenedor, s. m. who stops, or retains.

Retenér, v. a. to retain, to detain; to with-hold.

Retenimiento, s. m. the act of detaining.

Retenir, v. a. to dye again.

Retentár, v. a. to try, to tempt, to attempt again.

Retentiva, s. f. consideration, to consider before one speaks.

Retentivo, adj. retentive.

Retesamiento, s. m. coagulation, a congealing, curdling, or turning into curds.

Retesar, v. n. to coagulate, congeal, curd, or curdle, to turn into curds.

Reticencia, s. f. reticence, a rhetorical figure so called.

Reticulado, adj. made in the form of a net.

Retinir, v. a. to dye over again; also to tinkle, to sound like a bell.

Retinte, s. m. dying over again; also a tinkling noise.

Retintido, s. m. a tinkling noise, a jangling of small bells, the noise of a shrill loud voice.

Retintín, s. m. the noise of a shrill loud voice.

Retirada, s. f. a retreat; also a retrenchment within another work to retire to, when beaten out of the first.

Retiradamente, adv. in retirement.

Retirar, v. n. to retire, to withdraw.—*Tocar a retirar*, to sound a retreat.—*Retirar al enemigo*, to make the enemy retire.—*Retirarse*, v. r. to retire, to retreat.

Retiro, s. m. retirement.

Reto, s. m. challenge, defiance, charging a man with treason or any other crime, and offering to make it good in combat.

Retocár, v. a. to touch again, to finish, to complete, to correct, to revise.

Retonar, v. n. to sprout out again, like a plant that has been cut.

Retonecer, v. a. vide Retonar.

Retonso, s. m. a young shoot or sprout of a tree or plant.

Retoque, s. m. correcting, finishing.

Retorcér, v. a. to twist, to wreath.

Retorcédura, s. f. twisting, wreathing.

Retorcijón, s. m. a twist.—*Retorcijón de tripas*, a fit of the gripes, the twisting of the guts.

Retorcimiento, s. m. a twisting, wreathing.

Retórica, s. f. (obs.) rhetoric, the art of speaking.

Reticamente, adv. (obs.) rhetorically.

Retórico, adj. (obs.) rhetorical.

—*Retórico*, s. m. (obs.) rhetorician.

Retornár, v. a. to return.

Retorno, s. m. a return of kindness.—*Mulas, ó caballos de retorno*, mules or horses that have been a journey, and return home empty or unloaded.

Retortero, adv. *Andar al retortero*, to twirl about like the little dish the women put upon their spindle, when it is light, to give it weight, which they call *tortera*. (Metaph.) to be tossed and tumbled about, to be turmoiled.

Retortijár, v. a. to twist, to wreath.

Retortijón, s. m. twisting, wreathing.—*Retortijón de tripas*, twisting of the guts, gripes.

Retozador, s. m. one who plays the wanton.

Retozár, v. n. to play the wanton, to rejoice, to dally, to exchange caresses, to fondle.—*Retozar con el verde*, to sport, to play, to frolic.—*Retozar la risa*, to burst with laughing.

Retoso, s. m. wantonness, dallying, caressing lasciviously.

Retozón, adj. lewd, impudent, lascivious.

Retrabár, v. a. to set people by the ears.

Retracción, s. f. retraction.

Retractación, s. f. recanting, drawing back.

Retraher, v. a. to withdraw, to draw back, to retire.

Retrahimiento, s. m. retirement, drawing back, withdrawing.

Retránca, s. m. a crupper for a beast of burden.

Retratador, s. m. a painter that draws by the life.

Retratár, v. a. to draw by the life.

Retratarse, v. r. to recant, to unsay what one had said.

Retrato, s. m. a picture drawn by the life.

Retréta, s. f. the tattoo which gives the signal to the soldiers to retire to their quarters at night.

Retretillo, s. m. a little closet.

Retrete, s. a closet, a private room.

Retribución, s. f. retribution.

Retribuir, v. a. to return, or make a return.

Retrocédér, v. n. to go back, to give way.

Retrocesión, s. f. going back, giving back.

Retrogradación, s. f. drawing or going back.

Retrogradár, v. n. to go back.

Retrogrado, adj. retrograde, going back.

Retronár, v. n. to-thunder again, to sound again like thunder.

Retrucár, v. n. to strike one ball against the other at billiards.

Retruécáno, s. m. a rechange, or changing again what was changed before.

Retuerto, adj. very crooked.

Retulár, v. a. to write an inscription or title on a thing.

Retulo, s. m. an inscription.

Retumbár, v. n. to resound, to make a hollow or rumbling noise.

Retúmbo, s. m. a rumbling, a hollow noise.

Retundir, v. a. to beat back.

Retusár, v. a. to shave, to clip or cut again.

Revalidación, s. f. revalidating, making valid again.

Revalidár, v. a. to revalidate, to make valid again.

Revelación, s. f. a revelation, the revealing of a secret.

Revelár, v. a. to reveal.

Revendedor, s. m. a retailer, a huckster.

Revender, v. a. to retail, to sell again.

Revenir, v. n. to return, to come again.—*Revenirse*, v. r. to decay, to grow stale, to take damp, as sweetmeats, or such things do that are ill kept.

Revénta, s. f. retailing.

Reventadero, s. m. a painful work; also any bad place in a road.

Reventár, v. n. to burst; also to work hard.

Reventar, to plague, to molest; also to spring.—*Reventar*, to long for any time.

Reventón, s. m. bursting; also a great difficulty, or any hard work.

Rever, v. a. to review, to revise.

Reverberación, s. f. reverberation, repercussion, beating back, reflection.

Reverberar, v. a. to reverberate, to reflect, to beat back.

Reverdecer, v. n. to grow green again.—*Reverdecer*, to break out again.

Reverencia, s. f. reverence, respect; the title given to priests and religious persons.

Reverenciador, s. m. he who pays reverence.

Reverencial, adj. reverential, respectful.

Reverenciár, v. a. to reverence, to respect, to honour.

Reverendas, s. f. pl. letters from one prelate to another, recommending a person to be ordained, or the like.

Reverendo, adj. reverend.

Reverente, adj. reverent.

Reversión, s. f. reversion.

Reverso, adj. the reverse or backside of a medal or coin.

Revertir, v. a. to revert.

Revés, s. m. the wrong side of any thing; a back stroke; also, any misfortune.—*Al revés*, adv. the wrong way, the wrong side outwards.

Revesa, s. f. (in cant,) the act of one that betrays his trust.

Revesado, adj. difficult, hard, stubborn, peevish.—*Parto revesado*, a woman's hard delivery.

Revesar, v. n. to vomit.

Revestir, v. a. to cloath; to put one garment over another.—*Revestirse el sacerdote*, for the priest to vest himself to officiate at the altar.

Revestirse, v. r. (metaph.) to grow proud.

Revezar, v. to take turns.

Reverso, adv. awkward, untoward.

Revisión, s. f. a revising, or looking over an account.

Revisor, s. m. the person who revises or looks over.

Revista, s. f. a review.—*Revista de pleito*, the rehearsing of a cause.

Revisar, v. a. in law, to revise a cause.

Revisto, p. p. of *rever*.

Revivir, v. n. to revive, to live again.

Revocable, adj. revocable.

Revocación, s. f. revocation, repeal, recalling, or revoking.

Revocar, v. a. to revoke, to recall, to repeal.

Revoco, s. m. the polish given to a wall.

Revolar, v. n. to fly again; (in cant) to make his escape through a window or the top of the house.

Revoladero, s. m. the place where dogs or other animals roll or wallow.—*Revolcarse*, v. r. to tumble, to roll, to wallow.

—*Revolcarse en su sangre*, to wallow in one's blood.

Revolcar, v. n. to fly swiftly, and in a round.

Revoletéo, s. m. a quick motion of birds in flying.

Revolotear, v. n. vide *Revolcar*.

Revoltillo, s. m. a heap of several things put together.

Revolton, s. m. a sort of worm feeding upon leaves.

Revoltozo, adj. turbulent, seditious.

Revolución, s. f. a revolution.

Revolvedor, s. m. one who sets at variance.

Revolvér, v. a. to wrap, to roll up, to turn round, to stir about, to set at variance.

Revólque, s. m. vide *Revoco*.

Revuelto, p. p. of *Revoler*.

Révuelo, s. m. flying back; also confusion.—*De revuelo*, adv. quickly.

Revulsivo, } adj. that causes

Revulsorio, } or can cause a revulsion.

Reuma, s. f. a rheum, a defluxion.

Reunión, s. f. re-union.

Reunir, v. a. to re-unite.

Reupónico, the herb centaury.

Réy, s. m. a king.—*Rey católico*, the catholic king, the king of Spain.—*Rey de armas*, a king at arms.—*El rey don Alonso*, the name of a Spanish dance.

—*Aquí del rey*, a cry, demanding assistance in the king's name.—*Prov. Viva el rey y dádca la capa*, God save the king, and give me your cloak.

Applied to those, who under colour of serving the king or executing justice, rob the people.

—*Prov. Nuevo rey, nueva ley*; new kings, new laws.—*Reyes*, kings, in the plural number is often used to signify the king

and queen.—*Fiesta de reyes*, the Epiphany or Twelfth-day.—*Día de reyes*, idem.

Reyerta, s. f. a quarrel, a fray, wrangling, strife.

Reyccillo, s. m. a petty king; also a sort of venomous serpent, so called, because it has something like a crown on the head.

Reyezuelo, s. m. a wren, a bird so called.

Reyna, s. f. a queen.

Reynado, s. m. reign.

Reynar, v. a. to reign.

Reyno, s. m. kingdom.

Rezaga, s. f. rear-guard. —

—*Rezagarse*, v. r. to fall behind, to lag behind.

Rezago, s. m. the state of remaining behind, what remains behind, the residuum of any thing.

Rezar, v. to pray, to recite, to say without singing.

Rezelador, s. m. the horse that serves to make the mares hot before they receive the stallion.

Rezelar, v. a. to fear, to suspect, to mistrust.

Rezelo, s. m. fear, mistrust, suspicion.

Rezeloso, adj. fearful, suspicious, mistrustful.

Rézno, s. m. a trick, such as torment dogs, sheep, &c.

Rézo, s. m. a prayer.

Rezonar, } v. n. to mutter, to

Rezonear, } grumble.

Rezonón, s. m. a grumbling muttering fellow.

Rezumarse, v. r. to transpire.

Rezuár, s. f. vide *Reciura*.

Rhachítico, adj. diseased, by the rickets.

Rhachitis, s. f. the rickets, a disease in children so called.

Rhetórica, s. f. rhetoric.—*Rhetóricas*, pl. excuses, pretexts.

Rhetórico, adj. rhetorical.

Rheuma, s. f. rheum.

Rheumático, adj. rheumatic.

Rheumatismo, s. m. rheumatism.

Rhinoceronte, s. m. a beast called rhinoceros, with a horn in his front.

Rhómbon, s. m. a rhomb, a parallelogram.

Rhomboides, s. m. a rhomboid.

Ría, s. f. the mouth of a great river, a great inlet of the sea like the mouth of a river, fit for ships to anchor in.



Riachuelo, s. m. a little river, a brook.  
 Riachuelo, } s. m. a brook, a ri-  
 Riachuelo, } vulet.  
 Riba, s. f. the sea-shore.  
 Ribazo, s. m. the ridge of a hill; also a high bank.  
 Ribera, s. f. the shore, the side of a river or of the sea, the banks.—*Hombre de monte y ribera*, a man good at any thing, that can turn his hand to any thing.  
 Ribereño, adj. belonging to a river.  
 Ribete, s. m. a fillet about any thing, the hem of a garment, or any small lace or ornament about it.  
 Ribetear, v. a. to edge, to border, to fillet.  
 Ricacho, s. m. vide Ricazo.  
 Ricamente, adv. richly.  
 Ricazo, s. m. a wealthy rich man.  
 Ricial, adj. that produces a second time after the cutting down of corn. Said of a field.  
 Rico, s. m. rich. Formerly it signified noble as well as rich.—*Ricos hombres*, the nobility, the barons of the realm.—Prov. *O rico o pinjado*, either rich or hanged; neck or nothing.—Prov. *El rico cómo quándo quiere, y el pobre quándo tiene*, the rich man eats when he pleases, and the poor man when he has it.—Prov. *Ni a rico debas, ni a pobre prometas*, do not run in debt with a rich man, nor promise any thing to a poor one.  
 Ridiculamente, adv. ridiculously.  
 Ridiculéz, s. f. a ridiculousness.  
 Ridículo, } adj. ridiculous.  
 Ridicúloso, }  
 Riég, s. m. watering.  
 Riél, s. m. gold or silver that has been melted, and being spilt, is run into a broad flat plate; also an ingot, or a mould to cast ingots in.  
 Rienda, s. f. the rein of a bridle.—*A rienda suelta*, a round gallop.—*A media rienda*, a half speed.—*A toda rienda*, full speed.—*Bolber las riendas*, to come about.—*Poner rienda en la lengua*, to curb one's tongue.—*Soltar la rienda*, s. (metaph.) to give up to all sorts of vices.  
 Riesgo, s. m. danger, peril, hazard.

Rifa, s. f. strife, contention, a quarrel; also raffle, or lottery.  
 Rifár, v. a. to strive, to contend, to quarrel; also to raffle at play.  
 Rifarse, s. m. a slight quarrel.  
 Rigidéz, s. f. a harshness, severity.  
 Rígido, adj. rigid, austere, stern, severe.  
 Rígér, s. m. rigor, harshness, severity.—*Llevar una cosa por todo rigor*, to use the utmost extremities.  
 Riguridád, s. f. (obs.) vide Rigor.  
 Rigurosamente, s. f. rigorously, rigidly.  
 Rigurosidad, s. f. rigorousness, rigidness.  
 Riguroso, adj. rigorous, rigid.  
 Riña, s. f. a running sore in the corner of the eye, a *fistula-lachrymalis*.  
 Ríma, s. f. a rhyme in poetry; also a heap, a stack, a pile.  
 Rimár, v. n. to rhyme.  
 Rimbombár, v. n. to resound, to echo.  
 Rimbombo, s. m. resound, echoing.  
 Riméro, s. m. a heap, a pile, a stack.  
 Rincón, s. m. a corner.—*El rincón de las siete semanas*, a very retired place.—*Al rincón con la almohadilla*, into the corner with the cushion. This they say to young maids, bidding them retire into a corner with their work.  
 Rinconada, s. f. the corner formed by two houses, streets, or roads.  
 Rinconcillo, s. m. a little corner.  
 Ringla, } s. f. a row of  
 Ringlera, } houses.  
 Ringorango, s. m. a flourishing stroke of the pen made in writing.  
 Ríña, s. f. a quarrel.  
 Riñón, s. m. a kidney.—*Riñones* pl. the reins of the back.  
 Riñonada, s. f. the fat about the kidneys.  
 Río, s. m. a river.—Prov.—*A río rebello ganancia de pescadores*, good fishing in troubled waters.—Prov. *Do va mas boudo el río, hace menos ruido*, the deepest waters make least noise.—Prov. *El río pasado, el santo olvidado*, when the river is passed, the saint is forgotten.—Prov. *En el río do no hay*

*peces, por demás es echar redes*, it is in vain to cast nets into a river where there is no fish.—Prov. *En río quedo no metas tu dedo*, do not put your finger into a still river; that is, do not have any thing to do with demure still people.—Prov. *Lo que el río allega, el río lo lleva*, what the river gathers, the river carries away. What is got over the devil's back, is spent under his belly.—Prov. *Quando el río no hace ruido, ó no lleva agua, ó va muy crecido* when the river makes no noise, either it has no water, or is very full.  
 Rióstra, s. f. a prop or shore to prop up a wall till it can be otherwise repaired.  
 Rípiá, s. f. a shingle, such as they use to cover houses with, a chip, a lath.  
 Rípiár, v. a. to cover a house with shingle; also to lath.  
 Rípio, s. m. the small bits of stone that fly in the working of stones by the masons; other small stones and rubbish.—*No perder rípio*, f. (metaph.) not to miss the opportunity.—*Meter mucho rípio*, to talk much, and little to the purpose.—*Dar rípio a lamano*, to furnish matter.  
 Riqueza, s. f. wealth, riches.  
 Riquísimo, adj. superl. most wealthy or rich.  
 Risa, s. f. laughter.  
 Risada, s. f. a fit of laughter.  
 Risco, s. m. a rock, a cleft, a crag; risque, danger, hazard.  
 Risibilidad, s. f. risibility, the power of laughing.  
 Risible, adj. that can laugh.  
 Ristra, s. f. a rope of onions, garlicks, or the like.  
 Ristre, s. m. the rest, an iron to rest the but-end of the lance. *Lanza en ristre*, the lance in the rest; that is, against the breast, in order to run against the adversary.  
 Risueño, adj. pleasing, smiling, pleasant.  
 Ríthmo, s. m. rhyme, metre.  
 Rito, s. m. rite, custom, manner.  
 Ritual, s. m. ritual, the book that contains the rites and ceremonies of the church.  
 Rival, s. m. a rival.  
 Rivera, s. f. a rivulet, a brook.  
 Rixa, s. f. a quarrel, a dispute.  
 Rixador, adj. quarrelsome.

**Rizo**, *s. m.* inclination to sensuality.  
**Rizoso**, *adj.* troublesome, quarrelsome; also sensual, inclined to sensuality.  
**Riza**, *s. f.* the root of the green barley given to horses; also havoc, destruction, a great slaughter.  
**Rizar**, *v. a.* to curl the hair; also to plait linen nicely.  
**Rizo**, *s. m.* curl, plait.—*Tercio-pelo rizo*, unshorn velvet.  
**Roano**, *adj.* roan, said of a certain colour in a horse.  
**Rob**, *s. m.* vide *Atrope*.  
**Robár**, *v. a.* to rob, to steal.—*Casa Robida*, *s. f.* a disorderly, unfurnished house.—*Robár corazones*, to steal hearts, to win people's affections, to make one's self beloved.  
**Robador**, *s. m.* a robber, a thief.  
**Robamiénto**, *s. m.* theft.  
**Roberia**, *s. f.* theft, robbery.  
**Robin**, *s. m.* rust in metals.  
**Roblar**, *v. a.* to caulk horses shoes; also to rivet.  
**Róble**, an oak tree.  
**Robledal**, *s. m.* a wood or grove of oak-trees.  
**Roblizo**, *adj.* strong, stout.  
**Róbo**, *s. m.* theft, robbery.  
**Roborar**, *v. a.* to strengthen.  
**Roborativo**, *adj.* strengthening.  
**Róbra**, *s. f.* an instrument in writing upon a bargain, a bill of sale, or other articles of sale.  
**Robrar**, *v. a.* to draw an instrument in writing; also to clench a nail.  
**Robustamente**, *adv.* vigorously.  
**Robustez**, *s. f.* vigour, strength.  
**Robusto**, *adj.* robust, strong, hardy, stardy.  
**Robustidad**, *s. f.* vide *Robustez*.  
**Róca**, *s. a* rock.—*Rócas*, *pl.* a ridge of rocks about twelve degrees of north latitude.  
**Rocadero**, *s. m.* the part of the distaff or spinning-wheel, about which they fasten the flax; also a piece of paper rolled up wide at top and pointed at bottom, to wrap sweetmeats or the like in.  
**Rocalla**, *s. f.* rock work.  
**Rociada**, *s. f.* a sprinkling; also a volley of shot; (metaph.) scolding or reprehension.  
**Rociadero**, *s. m.* a sprinkler.  
**Rociador**, *s. m.* a sprinkler.  
**Rociar**, *v. a.* to sprinkle, to be dew.

**Rocin**, *s. m.* a nag, a horse.  
**Rocio**, *s. m.* the dew.  
**Róclo**, *s. m.* roquellare, roque-lo.  
**Róda**, *s. f.* the rake of a ship.  
**Rodaballo**, *s. m.* a turbot.  
**Rodada**, *s. f.* the wheel-run on the road.  
**Rodadero**, *adj.* easily wheeling.  
**Rodado**, *adj.* dappled; said of a horse.—*Venir rodado*, *f.* (metaph.) to happen accidentally to the purpose.  
**Rodador**, *s. m.* any thing that tumbles or rolls like a bowl.  
**Rodadura**, *s. f.* a tumbling or rolling like a bowl.  
**Rodaja**, *s. f.* the rowel of a spur, or any thing that turns round in that nature; a pulley or the like.  
**Rodancho**, *s. m.* a round buckler.—*Ser rodincho*, (in cant) to be bold or daring.  
**Rodapelo**, *s. m.* vide *Rodopelo*.  
**Rodapiés**, *s. m. pl.* the bases round the bottom of a bed.  
**Rodár**, *v. n.* to tumble, to roll; (metaph.) to be tossed about unregarded, to be made no account of.  
**Rodear**, *v. a.* to encompass. — *Mas vale rodear que no ahogar*, it is better to go about than drown.  
**Rodéla**, *s. f.* a round of a target.  
**Rodelero**, *s. m.* the soldier that wears the *rodéla*.  
**Rodelero**, a night rambler.  
**Rodéo**, *s. m.* a compass, the farthest way about; (in cant) a company of rogues and whores.—*Rodéo para la cabeza*, a roll, a cloth rolled in a ring to put on the head to carry a burthen.  
**Rodéro**, *adj.* belonging to the wheels.  
**Rodete**, *s. m.* a roll, such as women used to wear on their heads; also a little border for a coat, or the like.  
**Rodézno**, *s. m.* the piece of wood or timber which draws the upper millstone about when it grinds; (metaph.) any short thick thing.  
**Rodilla**, *s. f.* a knee; also a dish-clout.  
**Rodillazo**, *s. m.* a thump with the knee.  
**Rodillo**, *s. m.* a roller, a long round piece of wood laid on the ground, to lay a stone or timber of great weight on, and roll it along.

**Rodillado**, *adj.* that has great knees.  
**Rodrigár**, *v. a.* to prop, to shore up.  
**Rodrigón**, *s. m.* a pole or prop for a vine.  
**Rodrigoneillo**, *s. m.* a little pole or prop for a vine.  
**Roedor**, *s. m.* a gnawer; (metaph.) a carper, a railer.  
**Rodúra**, *s. f.* a gnawing; (metaph.) carping, railing.  
**Roél**, *s. m.* besant, all sorts of round plates used in heraldry.  
**Roér**, *v. a.* to gnaw; (metaph.) to censure, to talk ill of the absent.—*Roér los sancajos*, to carp, to find out faults.—*Róete ése hueso*, there's a bone for you to pick.  
**Roete**, *s. m.* the juice of the pomegranate made into wine.  
**Rofian**, *s. m.* vide *Rufian*.  
**Rofianeria**, *s. f.* vide *Rufianeria*.  
**Rofianear**, *v. n.* vide *Rufianear*.  
**Rogaciones**, *s. f. pl.* the Rogation week.  
**Rogador**, *s. m.* petitioner, intreater, one that prays or requests.  
**Rogar**, *v. a.* to intreat, to pray, to request.  
**Rogativas**, *s. f. pl.* public prayers in the church in some time of need.  
**Roido**, *da*, *p. p.* from *roer*.  
**Rol**, *s. m.* a list, a catalogue containing names, a register.  
**Roldanas**, *s. f. pl.* those little wooden wheels without any spokes, on which the carriages of guns run on ship-board.  
**Rólde**, *s. m.* a circle of persons, or any other thing.  
**Rollizo**, *adj.* thick and round, brawny, fat.  
**Róllo**, *s. m.* any long round thing, a roll, a scroll of writing; also a sweet cake made like a roll or wreath. It is also a gallows.—*Tener su pié-dra en el rollo*, to have a stone at the gallows; to be respected; to be proud and conceited.—*Róllo de manteca*, a roll of butter.—*Pescada en róllo*, barrelled cod.  
**Rollóna**, *adj. fem.* stout, strong. Said of a woman.  
**Romadizado**, *adj.* that has got a cold.  
**Romadizarse**, *v. r.* to get cold.  
**Romadizo**, *s. m.* a cold, a defluxion.



**Romána**, s. f. the balance, called the steelyard. — *Hacer romana*, f. to weigh one thing with another; (metaph.) to have power to do any thing.

**Romance**, s. m. the Spanish tongue; also a sort of poem.

**Romancéar**, v. a. to translate into Spanish.

**Romancero**, s. m. one that composes that sort of verses, called romances; or a book of that sort of verses; or one that writes or translates into Spanish.

**Romancista**, s. m. who composes romances.

**Romancéar**, v. a. to weigh with a steel-yard.

**Román**, adj. black and white; said of the colour of a cat; belonging to the Romans.

**Romanzár**, v. a. to turn or put into Spanish.

**Romáza**, s. f. the sour dock.

**Rómbo**, s. m. vide Rumbo.

**Roméra**, s. f. a woman pilgrim. — *Prov. Irromera, y volver ramera*, to go out a pilgrim, and return home a whore; that is, to pretend sanctity and follow lewdness.

**Romerál**, s. m. a plat of ground planted with rosemary, or where it grows wild.

**Romería**, s. f. a pilgrimage. — *De tales romerías se sacan tales peceras*, such pilgrimages afford such scallopshells.

— *Prov. Romería de cerca múpino y poca cera*, a short pilgrimage is a great expence of wine and little of wax. Those little pilgrimages near home have more of mirth than devotion; and therefore much wine is spent, and little wax offered.

**Romero**, s. m. the herb rosemary; also a pilgrim. — *Prov. Romero góilo, sáco, zalico*, a pilgrim, though he be over-beaten, will get a piece of bread of you. That is, they are importunate though they want it not, and their importunity extorts it. — *Prov. Gran obrero, gran romero*, a great workman is a great pilgrim; because he is sent for from all parts. — *Romero*, s. m. a little fish that sticks to the sharks so close, that they cannot shake it off, and feeds on what slips by the sharks.

**Rómo**, adj. flat-nosed; also the

male mule, got by a horse on a she-ass.

**Rompedór**, s. m. a breaker.

**Rompenéçios**, s. m. one that makes his use of fools till he ruins them.

**Rompepóyos**, s. m. a vagabond, an idle fellow, one that is sitting about in the streets.

**Rompér**, v. a. break; (metaph.) to fall to open enmity. — *Rompér por la gente*, to break through the people. — *Rompérse una persona*, v. r. to break loose into wickedness; to break out into the world to learn experience.

**Rompesquinas**, s. m. a fierce bully, a noisy fellow.

**Rompido**, da, p. p. from *romper*.

**Rompimíento**, s. m. the act of breaking.

**Rónca**, s. f. a bravado.

**Roncamente**, adv. hoarsely.

**Roncár**, v. n. to snore; also to boast of courage or bravery.

**Ronceár**, v. n. to be idle or lazy; to slug about; also to flatter.

**Ronçeria**, s. f. laziness, idleness; also flattery.

**Roncero**, s. m. a lazy idle fellow; a flatterer, a little fawning child.

**Róncha**, s. f. a wheal raised by the sting of a nettle, the bite of an insect, a blow or the like.

**Ronchón**, s. m. augment. of *roncha*.

**Rónco**, adj. hoarse.

**Rónca**, s. f. the round that goes at night, the watch; also the space between the walls of a town and the houses; also the way of the rounds, being a space between the rampart and the low parapet under it.

**Rondadór**, s. m. one that goes the rounds; one that keeps bad hours.

**Rondár**, v. n. to go the rounds; to keep bad hours; to haunt a place much.

**Rondíz**, s. m. the lower or broader part in a precious stone.

**Rondón**, as, *Entrarse de rondón*, to intrude abruptly, without asking leave.

**Ronqueár**, v. n. to be hoarse.

**Ronquedad**, } s. f. hoarseness.

**Ronquera**, }

**Ronquido**, s. m. snoring, snort.

**Ronquito**, adj. hoarsish.

**Ronzál**, s. m. the halter of a horse or mule.

**Ronzár**, v. a. to chew or crack hard things.

**Rónia**, s. f. the scab in sheep, scabbiness; it is also taken for dirt or nastiness grimed into any thing.

**Rofferia**, s. f. cunning, artful, sly.

**Ronoso**, adj. scabby; also grimed with dirt.

**Rópa**, s. f. all furniture of a house, in linen, silk, and woollen; all that belongs to a man's cloathing; the clothes a man has on, or any loose garment he wears over the rest. — *Rópa de levantár*, a morning or night gown. — *Rópa de mesa*, table-linen. — *Rópa blanca*, linen. — *Rópa afuera*, a term used in the galleys to bid the slaves strip to row. — *Rópa a la mar*, (sea-term) to throw goods overboard in a storm, or when a ship is a-ground. — *Hacer a toda ropa*, to plunder all one finds. — *Prov. Quién quiere vivir sano, la rópa de invierno traiga en verano*, he that will be healthy must wear the same clothes in summer and in winter.

**Ropáge**, s. m. drapery, the parts composing a garment.

**Ropávejero**, s. m. a broker that sells old clothes.

**Ropería**, s. f. a street where all sorts of clothes are sold; in monasteries they give this name to a room, where they keep all their clothes or habits; also a wardrobe.

**Ropéro**, s. m. a broker that sells clothes.

**Ropéta**, s. f. a little coat or garment.

**Ropilla**, s. f. a sort of waistcoat with skirts and hanging sleeves, and a narrow welt about two fingers broad on the shoulders.

**Ropita**, s. f. vide *Ropeta*.

**Ropón**, s. m. a gown.

**Róque**, s. m. a rock at chess.

**Roquéro**, adj. rocky. — *Castillo roquero*, a castle seated on a rock.

**Roquète**, s. m. a short surplice.

**Rórro**, s. m. a hum made to set children to sleep.

**Rósa**, s. f. a rose. — *Rósa cartellana*, a Provence rose. — *Rósa de alexandria*, or *rosa montes*, the piony, hill-rose, or king's bloom. — *Rosa silvestre*, sweet-brier.

**Rosado**, adj. of the colour of roses, or made of roses.—*Azeite rosado*, oil of roses.—*Lectuario rosado*, an electuary of roses.—*Azúcar rosado*, sugar of roses.—*Agua rosada*, rose water.

**Rosál**, s. m. a rose-tree; a rose bush.

**Rosário**, s. m. the rosary, the beads.

**Rósca**, s. f. a sweet cake made with a hole in the middle.

**Roscón**, s. m. augm. of *rosca*.

**Roséu**, adj. rosy, of a rose colour.

**Roseta**, s. f. a little rose, such as is made upon curious works in silver or the like, to cover a rivet, or for such use; also the rowel of a spur.

**Rocielâr**, s. m. brightness, a shining beauty, such as of a clear sky, the dawning of the day, a bright sword, or the like.

**Rosmâro**, s. m. a sea calf.

**Roso**, adj. ruddy, as some fruits when ripe, as apples, peaches, or the like.—*No dexar roso, ni relloso*, to sweep away all, good and bad; from the similitude of some sorts of ruit, as peaches, which when green are rough and downy, and when ripe turn ruddy.

**Rosoli**, s. m. rosolis.

**Rosquilla**, s. f. a little sweet round cake made in a ring.

**Rostijúerto**, adj. wrylocked, out of humour.

**Rostro**, s. m. the face.—*Hacer rostro*, to face an enemy, to stand to one's adversary.—*Huirl rostro*, to turn one's back to avoid meeting a man, to avoid contention.—*Llar en rostro*, to upbraid.—*Rostro à rostro*, face to face.

**Róta**, s. f. a rout; a defeat of an army; also a court of justice.—*A uditor de rota*, a judge of that tribunal.

**Rotacão**, s. f. rotation.

**Rotamente**, adv. raggedly.

**Rôto**, adj. broken, torn, ragged; a ragged, or a lowd fellow.

**Rotular**, v. a. to put on an inscription.

**Rétuo**, s. m. an inscription upon any thing.

**Rotundicôl**, s. f. roundness.

**Rotundo**, adj. round.

**Rotura**, s. f. a rent in a garment, a breach.

**Roxear**, v. n. to be ruddy, to blush.

**Rôxo**, adj. red.

**Rôya**, s. m. the dampness of corn.

**Rôza**, s. f. rubbing.

**Rozagante**, adj. ample, sumptuous, shewing; said of dress. (Metaph.) arrogant, proud; also gay, brilliant.

**Rozâr**, v. a. to till the ground in order to sow; also to rub; and, (in cant) to eat.—*Rozarse*, v. r. to resemble.

**Rozavillón**, s. m. (in cant) a sponger, one who comes to eat and drink in a private house without being desired.

**Roznâr**, v. n. to bray like an ass, to mutter, to make a noise; also to gnaw, to champ, to chew.

**Roznido**, s. m. braying, muttering.

**Rôzno**, s. m. (in cant) an ass.

**Rozo**, s. m. the chips made in cutting wood; (in cant) victuals.

**Rua**, s. f. a street.—*Caballo de rua*, a fine horse to prance about the streets.

**Ruân**, s. m. linen cloth so called.

**Ruainô**, adj. roan; said of a horse, a rug.

**Ruâr**, v. n. to walk or ride about the streets, to gallant the ladies.

**Rubêta**, s. f. a kind of venomous frog.

**Rubi**, s. m. the precious stone called a ruby.

**Rubia**, s. f. the herb madder, used in dying.

**Rubiâl**, s. m. the field where madders grow.

**Rubicân**, adj. white and red; said of a horse's colour.

**Rubicundo**, adj. ruddy. Latin *rubicundus*.

**Rúbio**, adj. ruddy; fair haired.

**Rúbio**, } s. m. the fish called

**Rubôn**, } a gurnet.—*Rubien*, red wheat.

**Rubôr**, s. m. shame, blushing.

**Rúbrica**, s. m. shame, blush.

**Rúbrica**, s. m. a mark or flourish either under the name, or at the end of it, to prevent counterfeiting; in books of accounts, to every leaf instead of the name, to shew it has passed such an office, and been examined by such an officer; also the titles of the laws. It is also the rubrick or red letters used in prayer books.

**Rubricar**, v. a. to mark.

**Rubro**, adj. red, of a red colour.

**Ruc**, s. m. a fabulous bird of an immense size.

**Ruclada**, s. f. vide *Rociada*.

**Rueir**, v. a. vide *Rociar*.

**Rueio**, adj. grey; only used in speaking of beasts.—*Rueio de m. macha*, an ass.—*Rueio rodado*, a dapple grey.

**Rúda**, s. f. the herb rue.

**Rudamente**, adv. ignorantly, dully.

**Rudêra**, s. r. rubbish.

**Rudêza**, s. f. dulness, ignorance.

**Rudimento**, s. m. rudiment.

**Rúdo**, adj. dull, coarse, gross.

**Rúcoa**, s. f. a distaff.

**Rueda**, s. a wheel.—*Rueda de pesc. do*, a slice of a round fish.—*Rueda de arcabúz*, the wheel of a wheel-lock musket.—*Calzar la rueda*, to fasten a wheel in order to stop it from running too fast down hill; or to put a stone to it to stop it quite.

**Ruedecica**, } s. f. a little

**Ruedecilla**, } wheel.

**Ruêdo**, s. m. the compass or width of a garment; also a border set about women's petticoats.—*A todo ruêdo*, for all manner of service.

**Ruego**, s. m. intreaty, request, prayer.—Prov. *Ruegos porque caude, y ruegos porque callo*, intreaties to sing, intreaties to give over.—Some people must be courted to sing, and when they begin, will never give over.—Prov. *Ruego de grande, fuerza es que te hâce*, the intreaty of a great man is putting a force upon you; because when great men request, little ones dare not deny.—Prov. *Ruego y derecho hâen hecho*, intreaty and right do the deed. Right alone is not enough; but sometimes fair words and intreaties have more force.

**Ruêlo**, s. m. a kind of roller used in agriculture.

**Rufêzno**, s. m. a little pimp.

**Rufián**, s. m. a ruffian, a bully, a pimp.—Prov. *Almuerzo con rufián, come con carpintero, y cena con hatriero*, breakfast with a bully, dine with a carpenter, and sup with a carrier; because these are their best meals.



**Rufianár, v. n.** to play the ruffian, bully, or pimp.  
**Rufiancillo, s. m.** a little ruffian, bully, or pimp.  
**Rufianeria, s. f.** bullying, pimping, playing the ruffian.  
**Rufinesco, adj.** of, or belonging to ruffians, bullies, and pimps.  
**Rúfo, s. m.** the cant word for a ruffian, bully, or pimp.  
**Rufón, s. m.** (in cant) the steel used to strike fire out of the flint.  
**Rúga, s. f.** vide Arruga.  
**Rugar, v. n.** vide Arrugar.  
**Rugido, s. m.** a roaring like a lion.—*Rugirse una cosa*, to be muttered or whispered about and not openly discoursed.  
**Rugosidad, s. f.** rugosity, wrinkles.  
**Rugoso, adj.** rumpled, wrinkled.  
**Ruibárbo, s.** rhubarb.  
**Ruido, s. m.** noise; sound. — *Ruido*, fray, quarrel; (in cant) a pimp.  
**Ruidosamente, adv.** with great noise.  
**Ruín, adj.** mean, vile, base; despicable, covetous.  
**Ruina, s. f.** ruin, destruction.— *Ruínas de un edificio*, the ruins of an edifice.

**Ruinar, v. a.** vide Arruinar.  
**Ruinoso, adj.** ruinous, threatening ruin.  
**Ruindad, s. f.** a base action; also covetousness, misery.  
**Ruinniente, adv.** meanly, vilely.  
**Ruiponce, s. m.** rampions.  
**Ruipontico, s. m.** the herb centaury.  
**Ruisenór, s. m.** the nightingale.  
**Rulár, v. a.** vide Rodar.  
**Rulo, s. m.** a great bowl.  
**Rumbada, s. f.** the place at the head of the galley where the men go to ease themselves.  
**Rúmbo, s. m.** a course, a way, a method; the rumb a ship steers at sea.—*Echar de rúmbo*, to boast.  
**Rumbosamente, adv.** with pomp and ostentation.  
**Rumboso, adj.** magnificent, splendid, pompous.  
**Rúma, s. f.** the act of chewing or ruminating, as kine do.  
**Rumiador, s. m.** a chewer of the cud; one that considers maturely.  
**Rumiár, v. n.** to chew the cud, to consider maturely.  
**Rumór, s. m.** rumour, report, noise.

**Rumorcillo, s. m.** a little rumour, report, or noise.  
**Rúña, s. f.** (in cant) a great number, quantity or parcel.  
**Ruñón, s. m.** a noise, an uproar.  
**Ruñár, v. a.** to cut or work as the cooper does.  
**Rupticápra, s. f.** a wild-goat.  
**Rupúra, s. f.** vide Rotura.  
**Ruqueta, s. f.** the plant rocket.  
**Rurál, adj.** rural, belonging to the country.  
**Rúseo, s. m.** a butcher's broom.  
**Rusticamente, adv.** rustically, clownishly, boorishly.  
**Rusticidad, s. f.** clownishness.  
**Rústico, adj.** clownish; substantively used, a clown.  
**Rustiquez, } s. f. clownish-**  
**Rustiqueza, } ness.**  
**Rúta, s. f.** route, a road considered as divided into stages.  
**Rutilante, adj.** bright, shining, glittering.  
**Rútilo, adj.** bright shining, glittering.  
**Ruxada, s. f.** a sudden shower.  
**Ruxár, v. a.** to irrigate, to water.

## S.

**S**, a letter mostly pronounced as in English.  
**Sábado, s. m.** Saturday, the sabbath.  
**Sábalo, s. m.** a fish called an o-lave or a shad.  
**Sabána, s. f.** a sheet for a bed.—*Pegarse á uno las sabanas, f.* (fam.) to sleep very much.  
**Sabandija, any** worm or such small creature; also a short ugly person.  
**Sabanilla, s. f.** a small sheet.  
**Sabañón, s. f.** a chilblain.— *Comer como un sabañón*, to eat like a chilblain; to be always eating.  
**Sabáico, adj.** relating to the sabbath.  
**Sabatina, s. f.** the office of Saturday in the church.  
**Sabatino, adj.** belonging to the Sabbath.  
**Sabatismo, s. m.** sabbatism, rest, observance of the Sabbath, superstitiously rigid.  
**Sabatorios, s. m. pl.** a name given to the Jews.  
**Sabéo, adj.** relating to the coun-

try called Sabas, Sabcan.  
**Saber, s. m.** learning, science.  
**Saber, v. a.** to know, to be learned, also to taste of.—*No sabe cuántos son cinco*, he cannot count five, he is a mere idiot.—*Prov. Mas vale saber que habér*, better be wise than rich.—*Prov. Quién poco sabe presto lo reza*, he that knows little soon repeats it. A fool's bolt is soon shot; a short horse is soon curried.—*Prov. Quién no sabe remendar, no sabe parir ni criar*, she that knows not how to mend, knows not how to bring forth or breed up; that is, poor women who have children, must work and know how to mend their cloaths.—*Hacer saber*, to make known.  
**Sabiaménte, adv.** wisely.  
**Sabidór, s. m.** one that knows or understands.  
**Sabidoramente, adv.** (obs.) vide Sabiamente.  
**Sabiduría, s. f.** wisdom, knowledge.—*A sabiendas*, adv.

knowingly, purposely, designedly.  
**Sabieza, s. f.** (obs.) for Sabiduría.  
**Sabina, s. f.** the herb saving.  
**Sabio, adj.** wise, s. m. a wise man.  
**Sabiondez, s. f.** much knowledge joined to much malice and cunning.  
**Sabióndo, adj.** that has knowledge joined to malice and cunning.  
**Sáble, s.** sabre, cimeter, short sword with a convex edge.  
**Sabóga, s. m.** the fish called a shad.  
**Sabór, s. m.** taste, savour, relish. In old Spanish, desire.  
**Saboreár, v. a.** to give a taste, to give a relish.—*Saborearse, v. r.* to smack one's chops or relish a thing one likes.  
**Saboyana, s. f.** a woman's petticoat so called.  
**Sabrosamente, adv.** savourily.  
**Sabroso, adj.** savoury, relishing.  
**Sabués, s. m.** a blood-hound.

**Sábulo**, s. m. gravel, hard sand.  
**Sabuloso**, adj. full or mixed with gravel or hard sand.

**Saca**, s. f. a great sack; also a drawing or taking out, and a duty upon goods exported. —

**Saca**, s. f. exportation. — *Renta de sacas*, a duty upon exportation. — *Aleide de sacas*, a chief officer over those that receive the duty on goods exported. — *Saca de bachilleres*, a sort of hood worn by graduate bachelors in the universities.

**Sacabala**, s. f. an instrument used by surgeons to take out the balls of a wound; a worm, the instrument made use of by gunners to extract a shot out of a gun.

**Sacabocádo**, s. m. a punch to punch shoes, or any such instrument that cuts out a piece.

**Sacabúche**, s. m. a musical instrument called a sackbut.

**Sacadinero**, s. m. a catch-penny, a wheedle to get one's money.

**Sacadura**, s. f. a particular cut made by taylor in cloaths to make them fit easy.

**Sacaliña**, s. f. a wheedle or other art to obtain one's ends; a tax or imposition; a bearded dart, which, if struck into a piece of wood, will draw out a splinter.

**Sacamanchas**, s. m. a scourer, one that takes out spots; one that publishes other men's faults. — *Tierra sacamanchas*, fullers earth.

**Sacamiento**, s. m. a taking or drawing out.

**Sacamuelas**, s. f. a surgeon's instrument to draw out teeth, or a tooth-drawer.

**Sacapelotas**, s. m. a worm to draw a gun; also low fellows.

**Sacár**, v. a. to take out, to draw out. — *Sacár fuerzas de flaqueza*, to make one's utmost, to make a virtue of necessity.

*Sacár pollos las aves*, to hatch. — *Sacár una muestra*, to take out a pattern. — *Sacár a luz*, to produce. — *Sacár en limpio*, to clear. — *Sacár por el rastro*, to discover by the track.

**Sacatrápos**, s. m. a rag-gatherer; also a screw, a cork-screw.

**Sacerdócio**, s. m. priesthood.

**Sacerdotal**, adj. sacerdotal, belonging to a priest.

**Sacerdote**, s. m. a priest.

**Sacerdotisa**, s. f. a priestess.

**Sachadura**, s. f. raking, harrowing, or weeding.

**Sachár**, v. a. to rake, to harrow, to weed.

**Sácho**, s. m. a rake, a harrow, or weeding-hook.

**Saciáble**, adj. satiable.

**Saciár**, v. a. to satiate, to fill, to satisfy.

**Saciedad**, s. f. satiety.

**Sáco**, s. m. a sack; sacking, plundering; a coarse sort of garment worn by peasants and mountaineers; a sack-cloth, such as is worn for a penitential habit; the habit of the Franciscan friars. — *Poner un lugar á saco*, to plunder a town.

— *Prov. Una en el sacco y otra en el pípo*, one in the sack and another in the maw; that is, to eat and carry away. — *Prov. No le fiaré un sacco de alcañenes*, I will not trust him with a bag of scorpions; that is, I will not trust him with the least thing.

**Sacócha**, s. f. (in cant) a pocket.

**Sacománo**, s. m. a sacking, or plundering; one that sacks or plunders.

**Sacoyme**, s. m. (in cant) a master of a house.

**Sacramental**, adj. belonging to a sacrament.

**Sacramentalmente** adv. sacramentally.

**Sacramentar**, v. a. to give the sacraments. — *Sacramentarse*, v. r. to transubstantiate one's self.

**Sacramentário**, adj. denying the reality of the holy sacrament, of the eucharist.

**Sacramente**, vide *Sagrado*.

**Sacramento**, s. m. a sacrament; an oath.

**Sácre**, s. m. the hawk called a saker; a small cannon carrying a ball of about six pounds; a cunning thief.

**Sacrificadero**, s. m. the place where the sacrifices were made.

**Sacrificador**, s. m. a sacrificer.

**Sacrificar**, v. a. to sacrifice.

**Sacrificio**, s. m. a sacrifice.

**Sacrilegamente**, adv. sacrilegiously.

**Sacrilegio**, s. m. sacrilege.

**Sacrilego**, s. m. adj. sacrilegious.

**Sacrismocho**, s. m. a person dressed in black, but all in tatters.

**Sacrista**, } s. m. the sacristan  
**Sacristán**, } or sexton who looks to the vestry and church.

**Sacristania**, s. f. the vestry of a church.

**Sacristia**, s. f. the sacristy or vestry.

**Sacro**, adj. holy, sacred.

**Sacrosanto**, adj. most sacred.

**Sacudida**, s. f. a shake; a snappish word,

**Sacudidor**, s. m. the person who shakes.

**Sacudimiento**, s. m. a shaking or snapping.

**Sacudir**, v. a. to shake, to snap. — *Sacudir*, to beat, to chastise.

— *Sacudir el pelo á uno*, to cudgel one. — *Sacudirse*, v. r. to be snappish, to speak peevishly.

**Saeta**, s. f. arrow, dart, shaft.

**Saetada**, s. f. } a wound or  
**Saetazo**, s. m. } shot of an arrow.

**Saetear**, v. a. vide *Asaetear*.

**Saetera**, s. f. a loop-hole in a wall to shoot through.

**Saetero**, s. m. a bowyer, fletcher, he that makes arrows or darts, or a Bowman that shoots arrows; also an archer.

**Saetia**, s. f. a settee, a small sort of vessel.

**Saetilla**, s. f. a little dart.

**Saetin**, s. m. the water that falls upon a mill's wheel.

**Saetón**, s. m. a great arrow or dart.

**Sága**, s. f. a witch, a false prophetess.

**Sagacidad**, s. f. sagacity, cunning, sharpness of wit.

**Sagapéno**, s. m. sagapenum.

**Sagáz**, adj. sagacious, subtle, cunning.

**Sagazmente**, adv. sagaciously, subtly, cunningly.

**Ságe**, s. m. (obs.) a sage, a diviner.

**Sagita**, s. f. in architecture, is a line drawn from the middle point of the chord or line extended from the extremities of the arch and forming two angles.

**Sagital**, adj. belonging to a dart or arrow.

**Sagitario**, s. m. the constellation called *sagittarius*; an archer, a Bowman.

**Sáma**, s. f. in architecture, the moulding.

**Sago**, s. m. vide *Sayo*.

**Sagrado**, s. m. vide *Sayo*.

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**Sagrado**, s. m. vide *Sayo*.



**Sagrado**, adj. sacred, holy.  
**Sagrár**, v. a. to consecrate, to make holy.  
**Sagrário**, s. m. a sanctuary, a holy place, the tabernacle on the altar, in which the blessed sacrament is kept.  
**Sagrativamente**, adv. (obs.) mystically, morally.  
**Ságulas**, pl. the shrouds in a galley.  
**Sahornarse**, v. r. to get any part of one's body excoriated by over-rubbing.  
**Sahorno**, s. m. excoriation, proceeding from too much rubbing against.  
**Sahucál** s. m. a grove of elder-trees.  
**Sahúco**, s. m. an elder-tree.  
**Sahumador**, s. m. a perfuming pan, or a thing to lay cloaths on over a fire to perfume; a perfumer.  
**Sahumadura**, s. m. a perfuming.  
**Sahumar**, v. a. to perfume. — *Volver una cosa sahumada*, to restore a thing borrowed in a better condition than it was received.  
**Sahumério**, s. m. a perfuming with the smoke of sweets burnt in the fire. The same is also used for burning off feathers or other stinking things for women in fits, or the like.  
**Sain**, s. m. fat, suet, grease, dripping.  
**Sainár**, v. a. to fatten.  
**Sainete**, s. m. any daintiness; also any thing pleasing. — *Sainete*, a sauce, relish, a flavour; something added to food to improve its taste. — *Sainete*, a farce.  
**Sainetillo**, s. m. dimin. of *sainete*.  
**Saino**, s. m. a sort of hog in the West Indies.  
**Sája**, s. f. scarifying.  
**Sajár**, v. to scarify.  
**Sal**, s. f. salt (Metaph.) wit, ingenuity. — *Estar hecho de sal*, f. (fam.) to be merry, agreeable, pleasant. — Prov. *Sal vertida, nunca bien cogida*, salt spilt is never well taken up. Wit lavished to an ill use can never be recalled. — Prov. *Poner sal en la mollera*, to put salt on the mould of the head; to teach one wit.  
**Sála**, s. f. a hall, a large room.  
**Saladár**, s. m. a ground made barren by sea water that has gotten over it.

**Salado**, s. f. salt-meat; also graceful, witty, pleasant.  
**Salador**, s. m. (in cant) one who when he wins at play, adds to the sum he had really set, and stands it out by bullying and swearing.  
**Saladura**, s. f. a salting.  
**Salamandra**, s. f. the salamander, a creature like the lizard, said to live in the fire.  
**Salamanquesa**, s. f. the salamander, or rather the venomous little creature called an eft, as appears by the following proverb. — Prov. *Al que muere de la salamanquesa, al tercer dia le hacen la huesa*, he that is bit by the eft, has his grave made for him the third day after.  
**Salár**, v. a. to salt.  
**Salariár**, v. a. to pay salary, or wages.  
**Salário**, s. m. salary, wages.  
**Sálce**, s. m. a willow.  
**Salcéda**, s. f. the place where willows grow.  
**Salchica**, s. f. a sausage.  
**Salchichón**, s. m. a great sausage.  
**Saledizo**, s. m. the jutting out of a wall.  
**Salero**, s. m. a saltseller for the table.  
**Saléta**, s. f. a little hall.  
**Salgada**, s. f. the plant sea-pot-herb.  
**Salgár**, v. a. (obs.) to salt.  
**Salida**, s. f. a walk, or going out; a sally from a place besieged; also a walking place near a town. — *Dar salida a un negocio*, to bring off a business, to find means to make it succeed.  
**Salidizo**, adj. vide *Saledizo*.  
**Salina**, s. f. a salt-pit.  
**Salinero**, s. m. the person who makes the salt.  
**Salino**, adj. *saline*.  
**Salir**, v. n. to go out. — *Salir en blanco*, not to succeed, to take no effect. — *Salir de madre*, to overflow the banks. — *Salir de rebuella*, to get out of a fray, out of a troublesome affair. — *Salir al campo*, to go out to meet an adversary in the field. — *Salir a la causa*, to stand trial, to vindicate a cause. — *Salir de seso*, to run mad. — *Salir de cascarón*, to creep out the egg-shell, to get into the world. — *Salir con lo que se emprende*, to compass what one undertakes. — *Salirse*, to run

out. — *Salirse de religión*, to quit a religious order.  
**Saltrado**, adj. impregnated or made up with saltpetre.  
**Salitral**, s. m. a place where salt-petre is dug.  
**Salitre**, s. m. saltpetre.  
**Salitrero**, s. m. the person who makes the saltpetre.  
**Salitróso**, adj. of, or belonging to saltpetre.  
**Saliva**, s. f. spittle.  
**Salivación**, s. f. a salivation.  
**Salivár**, v. n. to spit.  
**Salivoso**, adj. full of spittle.  
**Sálma**, s. f. a great sack.  
**Salmista**, s. m. a psalmist, a composer of psalms.  
**Sálmo**, s. m. a psalm.  
**Salmón**, s. m. a salmon.  
**Salmonado**, adj. looking like salmon; said of some fishes.  
**Salmoncillo**, s. m. a little salmon.  
**Salmoréjo**, s. m. a pickle or brine for olives or the like; also a sauce for a rabbit, made with salt, pepper, vinegar, and other ingredients. (Metaph.) a sharp reproof or chiding bout.  
**Salmuera**, s. f. brine.  
**Salobral**, adj. vide *Salobreño*.  
**Salobre**, adj. brackish.  
**Salobreño**, adj. an appellation given to the earth that is saltish or brackish.  
**Salón**, s. m. a great hall. (In cant) a cudgel.  
**Sálpa**, s. f. stock-fish.  
**Salpicadura**, s. f. a speck of dirt or drop of any thing dashed.  
**Salpicár**, v. a. to bespatter, to dash with dirt, or water, or the like; (metaph.) to pick here and there.  
**Salpicón**, s. m. cold beef cut in slices, and eaten with oil and vinegar, onion and pepper.  
**Salpimentar**, v. a. to season with salt and pepper.  
**Salpinga**, s. f. an African serpent so called.  
**Salpresár**, v. a. to powder meat.  
**Salpreso**, adj. powdered, corned, salted.  
**Salpuga**, s. f. a kind of venomous ant so called.  
**Sálsa**, s. f. a sauce.  
**Salsafra**, s. f. sassafras, a wood growing in America, much used in physic.  
**Salséra**, s. f. a saucer, a sauce-boat.  
**Salséréta**, } s. f. a little sau-  
**Salserrilla**, } cer. — *Salserrilla*

**De color**, s. f. a little dish with red paint, which women use for their faces.

**Salséro**, s. m. a saucer; also the herb thyme.

**Salsifráx**, s. m. } vide salsa-  
**Salsifrágia**, s. f. } fras.

**Saltacabrás**, s. m. a Spanish serpent.

**Saltabardáles**, s. m. a romp.

**Saltación**, s. f. the act of jumping; also the art or practice of dancing.

**Saltadéro**, s. m. a high place fit to jump down from.

**Saltador**, s. m. a leaper.—*Salta en banco*, a mountebank, a quack.

**Saltanbarén**, s. f. a sort of loose coat.

**Saltapárades**, s. m. a nimble-fellow, that will leap over a wall.

**Saltár**, v. n. to leap, to skip. Also to blow up with gunpowder.—*Ojos saltados*, great eyes sticking out.

**Saltarén**, s. m. a tune on the guitar formerly in use; also a kind of grass-hopper.

**Saltarin**, s. m. a dancer, a tumbler.

**Saltatriz**, s. f. a female dancer, a rope dancer.

**Saltador**, s. m. a highwayman.

**Salteamiento**, s. m. a sudden assault, a robbery.

**Saltear**, v. a. to assault by surprise, to rob on the highway.

**Salteo**, s. m. the act of attacking passengers on the road to rob them.

**Salterio**, s. m. a psalter or psalm-book; also the musical instrument called a psaltery.

**Salto**, s. m. a forester, a woodman.

**Saltillo**, s. m. a little jump.

**Salto**, s. m. a leap; also an assault, a robbery; and poetically, a forest.—Prov. *Agrín salto, gran quebranto*, a great leap gives a great shake.

Great undertakings cost great pains.

**Salto**, s. m. a kind of grass-hopper.

**Salubre**, adj. salutary, wholesome, healthful.

**Salubridad**, s. f. wholesome-ness.

**Salud**, s. f. health.—Prov. *Salud y alegría, del era era*, health and mirth make beauty.

**Saludable**, adj. whole cure.

**Saludablemente**, adv. wholesomely.

**Salutación**, } s. f. a salutation,  
**Salutación**, } on.

**Saludadór**, s. m. the name given to idle fellows, that go up and down Spain, pretending to a natural gift of curing distempers, killing mad dogs, handling red hot iron, and the like.

**Saludár**, v. a. to salute. Also to pretend to cure with breath or spittle, as those they call *saludadores* do.

**Salutación**, s. f. a salutation.

**Salutífero**, adj. wholesome.

**Salva**, s. f. a salute with great guns or otherwise; also an assay or tasting meat or drink before a great man; a salver to serve glasses or the like on.—*Señor de salva*, a great man that has his meat and drink tasted.—*Hacer la salva*, to taste meat and drink before a great man.

**Salvaguárdia**, s. f. a safeguard, a convoy; also a body of reserve to second another.

**Salvación**, s. f. salvation.

**Salvadera**, s. f. a sand box, to sand writing.

**Salvado**, s. m. bran of meal.

**Salvador**, s. m. a saviour.

**Salvados**, s. m. pl. sand, such as we use for writing.

**Salvaje**, adj. savage, wild.

**Salyagina**, s. f. game.

**Salvamente**, adv. safely.

**Salvamento**, s. m. safety.—*Llevar a salvamento*, to arrive safe.

**Salvantes**, adv. (obs.) excepting, saving.

**Salvár**, v. a. to save. Among scribes and notaries, to set down under any instrument or writing an account of what is blotted out or interlined in the writing.—*Salvarse*, v. r. to be saved, to escape danger.

**Salvaroba**, s. f. a wardrobe.

**Salve!** hail! God save you! Latin, *Salve*.

**Salvin**, s. f. the herb sage.

**Salvilla**, s. f. a salver to serve glasses, sweetmeats or the like on.

**Salvo**, adj. safe, sound; also a saving, or excepting.—*Salvo conduto*, a safe conduct, a pass to carry a man through.

**Sambuato**, s. m. a sort of garment put by the inquisitors on those that come out of prison, reconciled to the church.

**Sambuga**, s. f. a dulcimer, a harp.

**Samblage**, s. m. vide Ensambladura.

**Sampuchino**, s. m. an ointment of marjoram and other ingredients.

**Sampluga**, s. f. vide Almora-dux.

**Samuga**, s. f. vide Xamuga.

**San**, s. m. it stands for *santo*, (a saint) before a proper name, as *San Pedro*, St. Peter, *San Juan*, St. John, &c.

**Sanable**, adj. that may be healed.

**Sanalotodo**, s. m. a kind of panacea.

**Sanamente**, adv. soundly, healthfully; (metaph.) fairly, honestly, simply.

**Sanar**, v. a. to heal, to cure.

**Sancción**, s. f. a sanction, a law established.

**Sancochar**, v. a. to broil or roast any meat without seasoning it.

**Sandalias**, s. f. pl. sandals to wear on the feet instead of shoes.

**Sándalo**, s. m. pl. the herb white-beet.—*Sándalo*, sandalwood.

**Sandaraca**, s. f. sandarak, a kind of arsenick.

**Sandéz**, s. f. folly.

**Sandia**, s. f. a water melon.

**Sandio**, s. m. a fool, or madman.

**Saneamiento**, s. m. making good, answering for.

**Sanear**, v. a. to make good, to answer for.

**Sangrada**, s. f. the act of letting blood; a cut or channel to convey water.

**Sangradera**, s. f. a dish to let blood in; also a canal to convey water; a lancet.

**Sangrador**, s. m. one who lets blood.

**Sangradura**, s. f. a letting of blood.

**Sangrar**, v. a. to bleed, or let blood; to make cuts to carry off water; to make a hole in a sack for corn or the like to run out at.

**Sangraza**, s. f. watery blood.

**Sangre**, s. f. blood. Sometimes it is taken for kindred or consanguinity.—*Sangre de dragon*, dragon's blood.—*Sentencia de sangre*, a sentence of death, or loss of limb.—*Reduñar de sangre*, to stanch, or stop the



blood.—*Escribir con sangre*, to threaten death. — *Helarse la sangre*, to be so astonished, that the blood stagnates. — *Prov. Escupir sangre, en bacia de oro*, to spit blood in a gold bason. To have much wealth, and little enjoyment of it.

Sangrolluvia, s. f. a bloody rain, water and blood mixed.

Sangría, s. f. bleeding, letting blood.

Sangrientemente, adv. bloodily.

Sangriáto, adj. bloody.

Sanguál, s. m. an osprey.

Sanguífero, adj. breeding blood.

Sanguiuéla, s. f. a leech, a blood-sucker; (metaph.) one who cunningly takes advantage.

Sanguína, s. f. a stone that serves to burnish silver.

Sanguinaria, s. f. an herb that stops bleeding.

Sanguinario, adj. bloody, cruel, inhuman, sanguinary.

Sanguineo, adj. bloody, also of a sanguine complexion.

Sanguino, adj. sanguine, bloody.

Sanguinolento, adj. bloody, or bloody-minded.

Sanguinoso, adj. vide Sangriento.

Sanguisuela, s. f. vide Sanguiuéla.

Sanidad, s. f. healthy.

Sano, adj. sound health; also without danger.—*Hombre sano*, (metaph.) an honest well-meaning man. — *Sano de castilla*, (in cant) a dissembling thief.—*El dia, que te casas, ó te matas, ó te sanas*, ref. if you will live to a great age, be old when you are young.

Santa, s. f. a female saint.

Santamente, adv. holily.

Santélmo, s. m. Castor and Polux. At sea they give this name to certain lights which sometimes appear about the masts in storms, and which the sailors look upon as a good omen.

Santeria, s. f. hypocrisy.

Santéro, s. m. an hermit; one that lives with the hermit and goes about questing for his chapel; a man that begs for the church, an hypocrite.

Santiago, s. m. an order of

knights, next in dignity to the Golden Fleece.—*Santiago y cierra España*, 'tis the war cry, used by the Spaniards when going to attack the enemy.

Santiamén, s. m. the twinkling of an eye, the least moment; as *Venir en un santiamén*, to come in the twinkling of an eye.

Santico, s. m. a little saint.

Santidad, s. f. holiness, sanctity.

Santificación, s. f. sanctification, sanctifying, making holy.

Santificadór, s. m. a sanctifier, one that makes holy.

Santificar, v. a. to sanctify, to make holy.

Santiguada, s. f. a blessing. — *Por mi santiguada*, upon my conscience.

Santiguatero, s. m. a knavish fellow who pretends to cure by blessing.

Santiguár, v. a. to bless, properly as a priest, a bishop, a father, and making a sign of the cross; but there are also cheating old women, and knavish fellows who pretend to have particular blessings to cure sick people, and impose on the ignorant.—*Santiguár a uno las orejas*, to rattle one's ears, or to box one.—*Santiguarse*, v. r. to bless one's self, to make the sign of the cross.

Santiguo, s. m. the sign of the cross.

Santimonia, s. f. vide Santidad.

Santina, s. f. the sink in a ship; also the pump.

Santo, adj. holy.—*Santo*, s. m. a saint.

Santochádo, adj. foolish; hypocritical.

Santón, s. m. a great saint, also a hypocrite.

Santuário, s. m. a sanctuary, a holy place.

Santurrón, s. m. the same as *santon*.

Saña, s. f. wrath, fury, madness.—*Prov. Amarse su saña*, *quien por si mismo se engaña*, he that deceives himself must curb his passion.

Sañoso, adj. vide Sañado.

Sañudamente, adv. angrily, with choler.

Sañudo, adj. angry, wrathful, ill-tempered, peevish.

Saphiro, s. m. a sapphire-stone.

Sapiencia, s. f. wisdom.

Sapiéto, adj. learned.

Sapilo, s. m. a little toad.—*Sapilos*, s. m. pl. the disease called the lampas in a horse's mouth.—*Prov. Compón un sapillo pareciera bonitillo*, dress up a little toad, and it will look pretty; to express how great an addition ornaments are.

Sapo, s. m. a toad.

Saponaria, s. f. the herb soapwort.

Saporífero, adj. savoury, that has a good relish.

Saque, s. m. a term used in the playing at ball.

Saquear, v. a. to sack, to plunder, to pillage.

Saqueo, s. m. a pillage.

Saqueo, adj. serving to sew sacks, or bales of goods.—*Agija saquera*, a needle used to sew sacks, bales of goods, and the like.

Saquilada, s. f. the quantity of wheat that is sent to be ground when the sack is not full.

Saquillo, } s. m. a little sack or

Saquito, } bag.

Saraguete, s. m. dimin. of *sarrio*.

Sarampion, s. f. the measles.

Sarao, s. m. a ball, or meeting for dancing.

Sarcia, s. f. a load, a pack.

Sarcillo, s. m. vide Zarcillo.

Sarco, s. m. a hurdle.

Sarcophago, s. m. a sarcophagus, a grave; rarely used but by poets.

Sarcotico, adj. sarcotick.

Sarda, s. f. a kind of fish.

Sardesco, s. m. a little ass of the Sardinian breed.

Sardina, s. f. a pilchard.—*Sardina arenada debajo del sobaco se asa*, a pilchard; that is, one dried like a red herring may be roasted under one's arm. Only heating through is enough. — *Estar como sardina en banasta*, f. to be much crowded.

Sardinero, s. m. a man who sells pilchards.

Sardio, } s. m. a kind of stone.

Sardo, } s. m. (in cant) salt.

Sardique, s. m. (in cant) salt.

Sardonia, s. f. a herb so called.

Sardónico, adj. sardonick; sneering, said of forced laughing, of hypocritical laughing.

Sardónix, s. f. sardonyx, a gem.

Sárga, s. f. serge.

Sárgenta, s. f. a lay nun of St. Jago's order.

Sárgenicár, v. n. to do the duty of a serjeant.

Sárgento, s. m. a serjeant.

Sárgentón, s. m. a stout woman, a sturdy big-boned wench.

Sárgo, s. m. a sea-bream.

Sárgentár, v. a. to gather up the twigs or branches of the vines after pruning.

Sárgentéra, s. f. a place to lay up the prunings of vines, or any brushwood to burn.

Sárgiento, s. m. a twig or branch of a vine cut off.

Sárna, s. f. the itch or mange. —Prov. *No le falta mas que sárna que rascar*, he wants nothing but the itch to scratch. Said of one that has plenty of all things.

Sárnoso, adj. itchy, mangy.

Sárpiller, s. f. a coarse packing cloth to pack up goods.

Sápullido, adj. freckly, full of little spots.

Sárracina, s. f. a battle, a conflict.

Sárria, s. f. a sort of net made of esparto, used to carry chopt straw for beasts.

Sárrio, s. m. a kind of wild goat.

Sárro, s. m. the fur that gathers on a man's tongue in a hot fever; the fur about a chamber-pot, or any like it.

Sárra, s. f. a string of beads, or any such thing that may be strung.

Sárrál, s. m. idem.

Sárrén, s. m. a frying-pan. —Prov. *Frita de sárrén*, pancakes, fritters, or any thing that is made in a frying-pan. —Prov. *Dixo la sárrén a la caldera quibás olla negra*, the frying-pan said to the kettle, stand away thou black thing. —Prov. *Salir de la sárrén, y dar en las bráscas*, to leap out of the frying-pan into the fire.

Sárrénada, s. f. a frying-pan full.

Sárrénazo, s. m. a blow with the frying-pan.

Sasáfrás, s. m. sassafras, a tree so called.

Sasífraga, s. f. the herb saxifrage.

Sástra, s. f. a woman taylor.

Sástre, s. m. a taylor. —Prov. *Ser cómo el sástre de la encruvada, que cuela de vólde, y ponía*

el hilo de su casa, to be like the taylor of the cross-way, who sewed for nothing, and found thread him-elf. To give one's labour, and be at charges besides, to serve others. —Prov. *Al sástre pobre, la aguja que se doble*, a poor taylor must have a needle that will bend; that is, you must be humble when you are poor. —Prov. *Cien sástrés, y cien molinéros, y cien téxedores, son trecientos ladrónes*, an hundred taylor, an hundred millers, and an hundred weavers, are three hundred thieves. We say, take a taylor, a miller, and a weaver, and put them into a sack, and the first that comes out will be a knave.

Sástreçillo, s. m. a puny little taylor, a botcher.

Sátanás, s. m. Satan, the devil. —Prov. *Abrenéncio Satanús!*

*Mala cipa llevar is*: I renounce thee, Satan! Thou shalt have a bad cloak. A proverb in two parts; one says he renounces the devil, and the other answers, if he does so, he will have but an ill cloak, or be ill clad; that is, if a man will not cheat and go to the devil as others do for wealth, he will always be poor.

Sátelite, s. m. poetical, or familiar, for an officer of justice. —*Los sátelites de Jupiter*, the satellites of Jupiter.

Sátsifacción, s. f. satisfaction.

Sátsifacér, v. a. to satisfy, to content.

Sátsifacéto, adj. satisfactory.

Sátsifécho, p. p. of *sátsifacér*.

Sátivo, adj. that is cultivated.

Sáto, s. m. (obs.) vide *Sembrado*.

Sátrapa, s. m. a governor of a province, used sometimes by poets and historians; ironically, a busy body; also a sly crafty fellow.

Sátsuración, s. f. saturation.

Sátsurár, v. a. to saturate

Sátsurnáles, s. m. pl. the feasts of Saturn.

Sátsurnino, adj. saturnine, melancholy.

Sátsurno, s. m. Saturn, a planet.

Sátyra, s. f. a satire.

Sátyrico, adj. satirick, satirical.

Sátyrion, s. m. the herb ragwort.

Sátyrizádo, da, p. p. from *Sátyrizar*.

Sátyrizár, v. a. to satirize, to lampoon.

Sátyro, s. m. a satyr.

Sáuce, s. m. a willow-tree.

Sáucedál, s. m. the place where willows grow.

Sáitro, s. m. the elder-tree.

Sáutór, s. m. in heraldry, is the escutcheon divided into four quarters or escutcheons.

Sauz, } s. f. a willow-tree.

Sáuze, }

Saxatíl, adj. taken among rocks, living among rocks; said of certain fishes.

Saxífraga, } s. f. vide *Sasafrá-*

Saxífrágia, } gia.

Sáya, s. f. a woman's petticoat, generally taken for an upper one.

Sáyál, s. m. coarse sackcloth.

Sáyaléro, s. m. a maker or weaver of sackcloth.

Sáyete, s. m. a little coat or jerkin. —*Sáyete de armas*, a coat of armour.

Sáyo, s. m. a loose upper coat. —*Sáyo Domingüero*, a Sunday garment. —Prov. *Quien no tiene mas de un sáyo, no puede prestárlo*, he who has but one coat, cannot lend it.

Sáyón, s. m. a hangman or executioner; also a great loose coat.

Sáyuelo, s. m. a little upper coat or jerkin.

Saz, s. m. a willow-tree.

Sazón, s. f. season, due time; also the seasoning of things eatable; (metaph.) humour, temper.

Sazonár, v. a. to season; also to ripen.

Scándjce, s. f. Venus comb.

Sceléstó, adj. impious, wicked.

Scenographia, s. f. scenography, the draught of a building, shewing the ground plat, front, and one of the sides of it.

Seiëna, s. f. a fish so called.

Seiëncia, s. f. science, knowledge. —*Saber de certi seiëncia*, to know for certain. —Prov. *Poca seiëncia y buena conciëncia*, little knowledge and a good conscience is best.

Sciëntífico, adj. scientific, knowing.

Seisina, s. a schism.

Seisimático, adj. a schismatic.

Scolopéndra, s. f. vide *Escolopendra*.

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**Scórdio**, s. m. the herb water-germander.

**Scrophulária**, s. f. the herb called lesser celidony or figwort.

**Seytál**, s. m. a kind of amphibana.

**Se**, pron. him, or them, or one's self; sign of the passive.—*Se dice*, it is said.—*Se ama á sí*, he loves himself.—*Se andan hégazones*, they go about idling.—*Hacerse mal*, to hurt one's self.

**Sebestén**, s. m. a fruit-tree so called.

**Sebilo**, s. m. a sort of paste for the hands.

**Sébo**, s. m. tallow.—*Mostrar el sébo*, a sea-term, to run swiftly with a side wind, which makes the ship heel, and shews where she is tallowed.

**Seboso**, adj. tallowy, greasy, fat.

**Séga**, s. f. drought, dryness; also a kernel in the flesh.

**Secadál**, s. m. a dry sandy place.

**Secaménte**, adv. drily.

**Secano**, s. m. a dry season.—*Tierra de secano*, a dry land.

**Secar**, v. a. to dry.—*Secarse*, v. r. to wither, to pine away; also to be extremely thirsty; (metaph.) to say nothing in company.—*A secas*, drily, barely.—*Pan á secas*, dry bread.

**Secarál**, s. m. vide *Sequedad*.

**Sección**, s. f. a section.

**Seceno**, adj. belonging to the number sixteen.

**Seclúso**, adj. secluded.

**Seco**, adj. dry.—*Hombre seco*, a lean or dry man; (metaph.) an austere man, one of no conversation.

**Secreción**, s. f. secretion, separation.

**Secrestación**, s. f. sequestration.

**Secrestár**, v. a. to sequester, to put a thing into third hands.

**Secrésto**, s. m. sequestration, putting a thing into third hands.

**Secréta**, s. f. a privy, a necessary-house.

**Secretaménte**, adv. secretly, privately.

**Secretaría**, s. f. a secretary's office.

**Secretário**, s. m. a secretary.

**Secretillo**, s. m. diminutive of *secreto*.

**Secreto**, s. m. a secret.—*En la boca del discreto, lo público es secreto*, ref. a wise man keeps his own secret, even what is public.

**Secta**, s. f. a sect, a faction, or party of people.

**Sectário**, s. m. a sectary, one that holds with a sect.

**Sectór**, s. m. sector.

**Secuestración**, s. f. vide *Sequestracion*.

**Secuestrár**, v. a. vide *Sequestrar*.

**Secuestro**, s. m. vide *Sequestro*.

**Seculár**, adj. a layman.

**Secularizár**, v. a. to secularize.

**Secundariaménte**, adv. in the second degree, in the second order.

**Secundário**, adj. secondary, belonging to the second place.

**Secundina**, s. f. the secundine, the membrane in which the embryo is wrapped, the after-birth.

**Secura**, s. f. drought.

**Sed**, s. f. thirst; (metaph.) covetousness.

**Seda**, s. f. silk.—*Seda flosa*, sleek silk.

*Seda cruda*, } raw silk.

*Seda de aquel*, }

*Seda de preño*, a hog's bristle.

**Sedadéra**, s. f. an instrument for dressing of silk.

**Sedál**, s. m. a fishing-line.

**Sede**, s. f. a see.—*Santa sede*, the holy see.

**Sedéna**, s. the hurds of the silk.

**Sedeño**, adj. silky, of silk.

**Sedentário**, adj. sedentary, given much to sitting.

**Sederia**, s. f. any goods made of silk; also a silk shop.

**Sedéro**, s. m. a silk man.

**Sedición**, s. f. a sedition, tumult, or mutiny.

**Sediciosaménte**, adv. seditiously, mutinously.

**Sedicióso**, seditious, mutinous.

**Sediénte**, adj. thirsty.

**Sedución**, s. f. seduction, seducement, leading astray.

**Seducir**, v. a. to seduce.

**Seductór**, s. m. a seducer.

**Segada**, s. f. the harvest, the reaping time, the act of reaping or mowing.

**Segador**, s. m. a mower, a reaper, a harvest-man.

**Segár**, v. a. to mow, to reap.

**Segazon**, s. m. the harvest,

mowing, or reaping time; the act of mowing or reaping.

**Seglár**, adj. secular, lay, of the laity, a layman.

**Segregación**, s. f. a separation.

**Segregar**, v. a. to separate.

**Seguida**, s. f. a following, a train.—*Musteres de seguida*, common whores that run after men.

**Seguidilla**, s. f. a sort of couplets; also a Spanish dance.

**Seguido**, da, p. p. from *Seguir*.

**Seguido**, adj. continual, successive; without intermission.

**Seguidór**, s. m. follower.—*Prov. Buena de mjóres, por mengua de seguidóres*, good among the best, for want of followers. Said of a woman who boasts of her virtue and honesty, and is so deformed, that nobody will touch her.

**Seguiménte**, s. m. following, pursuing.

**Seguir**, v. a. to follow, to pursue.—*Seguir*, in sea language to spoon as our sailors call it; that is, to put a ship right afore the wind and the sea without any sail, as is done in desperate storms.—*Seguir á uno hasta la mila*, to pursue a man to the thicket; that is, as far as can be.—*Seguirse*, v. r. to infer one thing from another; also to make one thing follow another.

**Según**, adv. according as.

**Segundár**, v. a. to second.

**Segundariaménte**, adv. secondarily.

**Segundário**, adj. secondary.

**Segundo**, adj. the second.

**Segúr**, s. m. an axe, a battle-axe, a hatchet.

**Seguraménte**, adv. securely, safely.

**Seguramiénte**, s. m. (obs.) vide *Seguridad*.

**Seguránza**, s. f. assurance, safety.

**Segurar**, v. a. to secure, to make safe.

**Segureja**, s. f. a hatchet or small axe.

**Seguridad**, s. f. security, safety.

**Seguro**, adj. safe, secure, sure.

**Seguro**, s. m. a pass, a safe conduct, and insurance.—*En seguro*, mod. adv. in a place of safety.—*A buen seguro*, sure enough.

**Séis**, s. m. six.—*Seses*, pl. the sides on the dice.

**Seiscientos**, adj. six hundred.

Selección, s. f. selection, choice.  
 Selecto, adj. elected, chosen.  
 Selenitas, s. f. selenites, mirror stone.  
 Sellador, s. m. a sealer.  
 Selladura, s. f. sealing.  
 Sellar, v. a. to seal.  
 Sello, s. m. a seal.—*Echó el sello en un negocio*, to conclude an affair.  
 Selva, s. f. a wood.  
 Selvático, adj. of the woods, wild, untamed.  
 Selvaticuéz, s. f. wildness.  
 Selvoso, adj. woody.  
 Semána, s. f. a week, a se'n-night.  
 Semanería, s. f. the business or duty of a week; a weekly turn.  
 Semanero, s. m. one that serves by the week, or takes his turn by the week, or is in his week's waiting.  
 Semblante, s. m. the looks, the countenance, the aspect, by which a man shews the passions of joy, fear, anger, &c.  
 Semblar, v. n. (obs.) to be like.  
 Sembradio, adj. that may be sowed or set.  
 Sembradizo, adj. idem.  
 Sembrador, s. m. a sower.  
 Sembradura, s. f. sowing.  
 Sembrar, v. a. to sow, to set seed or grain.—*Quien bien siembra, bien coge*, f. (metaph.) who sows well, gathers good harvest.—*Sembrar monéda*, to scatter money.—*Sembrar nuevas*, to spread news.—*Sembrar zizaña*, to sow discord.  
 Semeja, s. f. likeness.  
 Semejable, adj. like.  
 Semejante, adj. like, resembling.  
 Semejantemente, adv. likely, resembling; also, moreover.  
 Semejanza, s. f. resemblance, likeness, similitude.  
 Semejar, v. n. to resemble, to be like.  
 Sementera, s. f. vide Sementera.  
 Sementál, adj. sowable, fit to be sowed.  
 Sementar, v. a. to sow.  
 Sementera, s. f. the time of sowing any grain.  
 Semestre, adj. of six months.  
 Semi, the half of any thing; it is employed only in composition.  
 Semicirculo, s. m. half circle.  
 Semicímetro, s. m. the semiciameter of a circle, or half the

line that passes through the center, and touches both sides of the circle.  
 Semidiapente, s. f. half a fifth in music.  
 Semidormido, half asleep.  
 Semilla, s. f. seed.  
 Seminario, s. m. a seminary or place for the education of youth.  
 Seminarista, s. m. the inhabitant of a seminary.  
 Sémola, s. f. fine flowers.  
 Semoviente, adj. removing, putting aside.  
 Sempiterna, s. f. strong serge.  
 Sempiternamente, adv. everlastingly, eternally.  
 Sempiternidad, s. f. perpetuity, eternity.  
 Sempiternilla, s. f. a stuff so called.  
 Sempiterno, adj. eternal, everlasting, perpetual.  
 Séna, s. f. a purging plant so called.  
 Senado, s. m. a senate, a council, a grave assembly. In Spain the players give this title to the audience.  
 Senador, s. m. a senator.  
 Sénas, s. f. pl. two sices at dice.  
 Senatório, adj. of the senator's rank.  
 Sencillamente, adv. ingenuously, sincerely.  
 Sencillez, s. f. ingenuity, sincerity.  
 Sencillo, adj. genuine, natural; also ingenuous, sincere; (metaph.) harmless, easy to be taken in.  
 Senda, s. f. a path.  
 Senderar, } v. n. to go, or walk  
 Senderear, } through paths.  
 Sendero, s. m. a path.—*Prov. En cada sendero hay su atolladero*, in every path there is a sticking or a dirty place. No convenience without some inconvenience.  
 Senillal, s. f. a little path.  
 Sénos, adj. pl. each of them.  
 Séne, s. m. an old man.  
 Seneciud, s. f. old age.  
 Senescál, s. m. a seneschal.  
 Senil, adj. old, belonging to old age, or old people.  
 Séno, s. m. a bay in the sea; the bosom of a man or woman; a fold in a garment.—*Prov. Hinchese mi séno, alomenos de heno*, let my bosom be full, though it be but of hay; that is, let me have a belly full, of

whatever it be; or, so I be getting, no matter how little.  
 Senogil, s. m. a garter.  
 Sensación, s. f. sensation.  
 Sensibilidad, s. f. sensibility.  
 Sensible, adj. that may be felt, or that has feeling.  
 Sensiblemente, adv. sensibly.  
 Sensitivo, adj. sensitive.  
 Sensual, adj. sensual.  
 Sensualidad, s. f. sensuality.  
 Sensualmente, adv. sensually.  
 Sentada, s. f. a sitting.  
 Sentado, adj. judicious.—*Estar bien sentado*, f. (metaph.) to be fixed in good employment.  
 Sentar, v. a. to sit, to sit down, to place.—*Sentar partidas*, to enter accounts.—*Sentar con amo*, to go into place, to live with a master.—*Sentar plaza de soldado*, to list one's self a soldier.—*Sentarse a la mesa*, to sit down to table.—*Sentarse en cucullas*, to sit on one's legs with the body hanging, as people do to ease themselves in the field; or, as children call it, to mould cockle breading.  
 Sentencia, s. f. a sentence, an opinion, a judgment.  
 Sentenciár, v. a. to pass sentence, to pronounce judgment.  
 Sentencioso, adj. sententious, full of sentences.  
 Sentido, s. m. sense, feeling.—*Darse por sentido*, f. to shew one's self offended.  
 Sentidos, s. m. pl. the five senses.  
 Sentimiento, s. m. feeling, sense; also grief, trouble, concern, or opinion.  
 Sentina, s. f. a sink, the well in a ship, where all the water gathers.—*Sentina de pecados*, a sink of sin.  
 Sentir, v. a. to feel, to perceive, to judge, to be of opinion; also to grieve, to be troubled or concerned.  
 Sentir, s. m. an opinion.  
 Señal, s. f. a sign, a token; a standard.—*Habla por señas*, to talk by signs or gestures.—*Hacer señas*, to make signs to another.  
 Señal, s. m. a sign, a mark, a token, earnest given in buying; also a bound, a limit.—*Señal de herida*, the scar or mark left by a wound.—*Tocar en la señal*, to hit the mark.  
 Señaladamente, adv. remarkably, notably.



- Señalar**, v. a. to remark, to note, to point, to fix; also to put a mark to any thing, or to make signals.—*Sueldo señalado*, a fixed salary.—*Señalar y no executar*, in fencing, to make a feint or false pass.—*Señalarse*, v. r. to signalize one's self.
- Señaleja**, s. f. a little mark, note, token, or sign.
- Señaleza**, f. (obs.) a sign.
- Señeramente**, adv. singularly, peculiarly; also wildly, untamely, outrageously.
- Señero**, adj. singular, peculiar; also wild, untamed, outrageous.
- Señor**, s. m. a lord, a master.—*Señor de título*, a nobleman that has a title, as an earl, duke, marquis, &c.—*Señor de bien y mal tratar*, an absolute lord who has power over his vassals to treat them as he pleases.
- Señora**, s. f. a lady, a mistress.—*Nuestra Señora*, our Lady, the blessed Virgin Mary.
- Señorear**, v. a. to rule, to govern, to lord it, to subject, to bring under.
- Señoría**, s. f. lordship, a title of honour; as *vuestra señoría*, your lordship. It is also a sovereignty or seignory.—*La señoría de Venecia*, the seignory or republic of Venice.
- Señorico**, } s. m. diminutive of  
**Señorito**, } *señor*.
- Señoril**, adj. lord-like, belonging to a lord.
- Señorio**, s. m. lordship, power, dominion.
- Señorizar**, v. a. vide *Señorear*.
- Señuelo**, s. m. a lure to call hawks; a stale to catch birds; also any allurement or enticement.
- Seór**, s. m. (for *senór*) master, (in cant.)
- Separable**, adv. separable, that may be separated.
- Separación**, s. f. separation.
- Separadamente**, adv. separately, apart, singly.
- Separador**, s. m. he that separates, severs, or sets apart.
- Separar**, v. a. to separate, to sever, to part.
- Sepedón**, s. m. a sort of serpent, whose bite causes an astonishingly awful swelling, and makes the flesh rot.
- Sepelir**, v. a. to bury.
- Sepia**, s. f. vide *Xibia*.
- Septenário**, s. m. the space of seven days.
- Septenio**, s. m. the space of seven years.
- Septentrión**, s. m. the north.
- Septentrional**, adj. northern.
- Septiembre**, s. m. September, the ninth month of the year.
- Séptimo**, adj. the seventh.
- Septuagenário**, adj. seventy years of age.
- Septuagésima**, s. f. the Sunday fortnight before Shrove-Sunday.
- Sepulcrál**, adj. sepulchral, belonging to a sepulchre.
- Sepúlcro**, s. m. a sepulchre, a tomb.
- Sepultár**, v. a. to bury; (metaph.) to hide or conceal any thing.
- Sepultura**, s. f. a grave.
- Sepulturero**, s. m. a grave-digger.
- Sequáz**, s. m. a follower of another's party, opinion, or doctrine.
- Sequedad**, s. f. drought, dryness.
- Sequedal**, s. m. a dry land.
- Sequéla**, s. f. the sequel, the consequence.
- Sequero**, adj. naturally dry.
- Sequestración**, s. f. sequestration.
- Sequestrar**, v. a. to sequester.
- Sequéstro**, s. m. the sequestration made.
- Sequète**, s. m. a dry piece of bread.
- Sequia**, s. f. vide *Sequidad*.
- Sequillo**, s. m. a kind of rusk.
- Sequito**, s. m. a retinue.
- Ser**, s. m. the being, essence, or existence of any thing.—*Sér*, verb. auxiliary, to be.—*Sér de algúno*, to be a friend to one.
- Séra**, s. f. a basket.
- Seráfico**, adj. seraphick.
- Seraphín**, s. m. a seraphim.
- Seraphina**, s. f. a sort of woollen cloth so called.
- Serapino**, s. m. a gum or resin flowing from the pine-tree.
- Sérba**, s. f. a sort of wild pear.
- Serbál**, s. m. the tree of such pear.
- Serenár**, v. n. to clear up, to grow fair; also to put out all night in the dew.
- Serenáta**, s. f. a serenade, music in the night.
- Serenéro**, s. m. the cover of the head worn at night to defend from the dew.
- Serenidad**, s. f. serenity, clearness, fair weather; easiness in a man's looks; the title serenity; (in cant) impudence.
- Sereno**, adj. fair, clear, serene.—*Sereno*, s. m. the evening dew.
- Seriaménte**, adv. seriously, gravely.
- Série**, s. f. a series, a continuation.
- Seriedad**, s. f. gravity, seriousness.
- Serijo**, } s. m. a little basket;  
**Serillo**, }
- Sério**, adj. serious.
- Sermón**, s. m. a sermon.
- Sermonário**, s. m. a book of sermons.
- Sermoncico**, s. m. a little sermon.
- Sermonear**, v. n. to preach, to make a sermon.
- Serójas**, s. f. pl. the withered leaves that fall from trees.
- Serón**, s. m. a seron, a basket made of rushes like a mat.
- Serosidad**, s. f. serosity, the thin, or watery part of the blood.
- Seróso**, adj. serous, thin, watery.
- Sérpa**, s. f. the herb wild thyme.
- Serpear**, v. n. to move like a serpent, to move by undulation.
- Serpentaria**, s. f. the herb dragon-wort.
- Serpenticida**, s. m. a killer of serpents.
- Serpentin**, s. m. a kind of marble; a piece of ordnance so called.
- Serpentinamente**, adv. in a serpent-like manner.
- Serpentino**, adj. like, of, or belonging to a serpent.
- Serpiénte**, s. m. a serpent.
- Serpigo**, s. m. a disease or tumour so called.
- Sárpo**, } s. m. wild running  
**Sépol**, } thyme, mother of thyme.
- Serrállo**, s. m. the Grand Seignor's palace.
- Serrána**, s. f. a woman mountaineer.
- Serranía**, s. f. a mountainous country.
- Serráno**, s. m. a mountaineer.
- Serrár**, v. a. to saw, to cut with a saw.
- Serreñuela**, s. f. a little mountain.

Serrón, s. m. a great saw used between two men.

Serta, s. f. (in cant) a shirt.

Servadór, s. m. preserver.

Servible, adj. serviceable, useful.

Servicial, adj. serviceable.—*Servicial*, s. m. a clyster.

Serviciáménte, adv. serviceably.

Servicio, s. m. a service; a cover, at table it is taken for a plate, napkin, knife and fork, a close stool.—*Servicio*, a supply granted to the king by the *cortes* or parliament.—Prov. *A buen servicio mal galardón*, good service ill rewarded.

Servidór, s. m. a servant; a close-stool-pan.

Servidumbre, s. f. servitude, bondage, slavery; also a necessary-house; the right one neighbour has of going through another's house or ground, or the like.

Servil, adj. servile, slavish.

Servillas, s. f. a sort of light shoes servant maids wear.

Servilléta, s. f. a table-napkin.

Servilménte, adv. servilely, slavishly.

Servir, v. a. to serve.—*Servir de pelillo*, to do some curious service, but of little value.—*No servir una cosa*, to be of no use.—Prov. *Nisieras a quien sirve, ni pidlos a quien pidó*, do not serve one that has been a servant, nor beg of one that has begged.

Servitú, s. f. servitude, slavery, bondage.

Sesenta, adj. sixty.

Sesgo, adj. aslope, athwart, biasing, awry; also demure; grave.

Sesma, s. f. the sixth part of a yard.

Seso, s. m. the brain; (metaph) sense, judgment; it is also used for an iron to set a pot on over the fire.—*Hablar en seso*, to talk seriously.—*Falto de seso*, that wants brains, mad, foolish.—*Tener el seso en los calcancres*, to have one's brains in one's heels, to be foolish, or preposterous.—Prov. *Quien con tusco ha de entender, mucho seso ha menester*, he that is to deal with a senseless man, has need of much sense or wit.

Sesquialtera, s. f. in music, a note and a half.

Sesquitércia, s. f. one and a third, either in music or other measure.

Sesera, s. f. the part of the skull that contains the brain.

Sesión, s. f. a session; as of a council or parliament.

Sesteadéro, s. m. a summer-house, a place to pass the heat of the summer in, or to sleep after dinner in summer.

Sestar, v. n. to sleep after dinner in summer.

Sestercio, s. m. the Roman coin called a sesterce.

Sesudaménte, adj. prudently, wisely.

Sesúdo, adj. serious, grave, judicious.

Séta, s. f. a sect.—*Séta*, a mushroom.

Setecientos, adj. seven hundred.

Seténa, s. f. the seventh part.—*Seténas*, s. f. pl. seven-fold.

—*Pagar con las seténas*, to pay a thing seven times the value.

Seténo, adj. the seventh.

Seténta, adj. seventy.

Setentón, adj. seventy years old.

Seto, s. m. a hedge.

Severaménte, adv. severely.

Severidad, s. f. severity.

Sevéro, adj. severe.

Servizia, s. f. cruelty.

Sixagenário, adj. sixty years old.

Sexénio, s. m. the space of six years.

Sexma, s. f. a sort of coin.

Séxo, s. the sex, male or female.

Sextante, s. m. money of two ounces weight.

Sextário, s. m. an old Roman measure.

Sextil, adj. of, or belonging to six, sixth.

Séxto, adj. the sixth.

Séxtula, s. f. vide Sexma.

Si, (de) pron. of himself.—*Fuéra de si*, besides himself, out of his wits.—*De por si*, by himself.—*Pera si*, for himself.—*Si*, conjunct. if.—*Si*, adv. yes, yea, or ay.

Sibil, s. m. a little subterraneous room to keep things cool in summer.

Sibila, s. f. a sybil.

Sibilante, adj. whistling, hissing.

Siclo, s. m. a shekel, a sort of

silver coin among the Jews, Sidero, adj. of the stars, starlike, bright, shining, like the stars.

Sidra, s. f. cyder.

Siega, s. f. harvest-time, mowing or reaping-time.

Siembra, s. m. the sowing season.

Siempre, adv. always.

Siempreviva, s. f. the herb (house-leek).

Sién, s. f. the temple of the head.

Siéna, s. f. (in cant) a face.

Sierpe, s. m. a serpent; also an ugly woman, and any thing that moves by undulation.—*Sierpe*, a passionate person; (in cant) a false key.

Sierpecilla, s. f. a little serpent.

Sierra, s. f. a saw; also a mountain.

Sierva, s. f. a maid servant, or a woman slave.

Siervo, s. m. a man-servant, or slave.

Siesta, s. f. the heat of the day from noon forwards; afternoon's nap.

Siéte, adj. seven.—*Máta siéte*, a bully.—Prov. *Siéte es combite, y nueve es confusion*, seven is a feast, and nine is confusion. That is, as far as seven makes good company, but all above produces disorder.

Sietemesino, adj. born the seventh or seven months old.

Sietenal, adj. seven years old.

Sigilación, s. f. sealing.

Sigilar, v. n. to keep a secret.

Sigilo, s. m. a seal. Seldom used but in talking of confession, or the secrecy due to confession.

Sigilosaménte, adv. secretly.

Sigiloso, adj. secret.

Siglo, s. m. an age.—*Buén siglo áya*, God rest his soul. Said for the dead.—*Siglo de oro*, the golden age.—*Siglo de plata*, the silver age.—*Siglo de hierro*, the iron age.

Signar, v. a. to sign, to seal.

Signatura, s. f. signing, scaling, signature.

Significación, s. f. significacion.

Significanza, s. f. (obs.) for significacion.

Significar, v. a. to signify.

Significativo, adj. that signifies.



**Signo**, s. m. sign, token, seal; one of the twelve celestial signs of the zodiack.

**Signiente**, adj. following, next in course.

**Silaba**, s. f. a syllable.

**Silabario**, s. m. the book that contains the syllables.

**Silbar**, v. n. to whistle; also to mock, to despise.

**Silbato**, s. m. a whistle.

**Silbo**, } s. m. whistling.

**Silbo**, }

**Silenciario**, adj. silent, still.

**Silencio**, s. m. silence.

**Silenciosamente**, adv. without speaking, without making a noise, secretly, silently.

**Silencioso**, adj. of, or belonging to silence.

**Silguetillo**, s. m. diminutive of *silguero*.

**Silgnéro**, s. m. a goldfinch.

**Silla**, s. f. a chair; also a saddle.—*Silla real*, a throne.—*Silla de costillas*, a chair with a back made of laths like ribs.—*Silla de mano*, a sedan or chair to carry people in.—*Silla rasa*, a plain pad-saddle.—*Silla de borrenes*, the great saddle.—*Hombre de dos sillas*, a man that can either ride long or short, either the great or the pad-saddle.—*Ser de silla y albarda*, to be for the saddle or pannel; to serve for all uses.—*No ser para silla, ni para albarda*, f. unfit for any thing, good for nothing.

**Sillar**, s. m. stone cut out square for building.—*Sillar del caballo*, that part of the horse's back on which the saddle is set.

**Sillera**, s. f. the part of the horse's back that bears the saddle.

**Silleria**, s. f. a place where they make or sell chairs or saddles; also masons' ark, or the building of a wall with square stone.

**Sillero**, s. m. a sadler, or one that makes or sells chairs.

**Silleta**, s. f. a little chair.

**Sillero**, s. m. a chairman.—*Sillero*, he that makes, sells, or mends chairs.

**Sillica**, or **Sillita**, s. f. a little chair.

**Sillon**, s. m. a side saddle for a woman.

**Silo**, s. m. a granary to lay up corn in, generally under ground.

**Silvador**, s. m. a whistler; also one that hisses.

**Silvár**, v. n. to whistle; also to hiss.

**Silvato**, s. m. a whistle.

**Silvo**, s. m. a whistle, whistling, or hissing.

**Siluro**, s. m. a shad.

**Sima**, s. f. a deep pit, a dungeon, an abyss.—*Sima de vicios*, an abyss of vice.

**Simado**, adj. deep.

**Simia**, s. f. a monkey, an ape.

**Simiente**, s. f. seed.

**Simil**, s. m. a simile in discourse, or writing.

**Similitud**, s. f. similitude, likeness.

**Simio**, s. m. an ape.

**Simonia**, s. f. simony, buying or selling of spiritual things.

**Simoniaco**, adj. guilty of simony.

**Simpar**, adj. without equal.

**Simpatía**, s. f. sympathy, friendship, natural conformity.

**Simple**, adj. simple, pure, unmixt, sincere, innocent, without deceit.

**Simplemente**, adv. simply, honestly, candidly.

**Simpléza**, s. f. simplicity.

**Simplicidad**, s. f. idem.

**Simplicista**, s. m. one that has skill in simples, or cures with them.

**Simplón**, s. m. a silly fellow.

**Simulación**, s. f. dissimulation, counterfeiting, feigning.

**Simulacro**, s. m. an image, a resemblance, an idol.

**Simuladamente**, adv. feignedly, dissemblingly.

**Simular**, v. a. to feign, to dissemble, to counterfeit.

**Sin**, prep. without.

**Sinogoga**, s. f. the Jewish synagogue.

**Sinaléfa**, s. f. a figure used in poetry, which cuts off the last vowel of a word when it ends with a vowel and the next begins with one.

**Sincel**, s. m. vide Cincel.

**Sincelar**, v. a. vide Cincelar.

**Sinceramente**, adv. sincerely.

**Sincerar**, v. n. to clear one's self of a charge or crime.

**Sinceridad**, s. f. sincerity.

**Sincero**, adj. sincere, faithful.

**Sincopa**, s. f. a figure by which a syllable in a word is cut off; also a fainting or swooning fit.

**Sincópar**, v. a. to abbreviate, to

cut off; also to faint, to swoon.

**Sindicado**, adj. judged, tried; subst. used, the office of a judge or steward.

**Sindico**, s. m. a syndick, a steward, an advocate or solicitor for a body politick.

**Singular**, adj. singular.

**Singularidad**, s. f. singularity.

**Singularizarse**, v. r. to make one's self singular; to signalize one's self.

**Singularmente**, adv. singularly.

**Singulto**, s. m. a sob, a hiccup.

**Siniestra**, s. f. the left hand.

**Siniestramente**, adv. unluckily, awkwardly, untowardly.

**Siniesto**, adj. of the left, left-handed; also untoward, unlucky.

**Sinigual**, adj. peerless, that has not its match, matchless.

**Sinjusticia**, s. f. wrong, injustice.

**Sino**, adv. if not, unless.

**Sinóba**, s. f. a fever that lasts a day.

**Sinocal**, adj. that lasts a day; said of a fever.

**Sinrazón**, s. f. a wrong, an injury, a thing contrary to reason.

**Snsabor**, s. m. a distaste, a disgust.

**Sinuoso**, adj. that is not straight, sinuous, crooked.

**Sio**, } s. m. a plant so called.

**Sión**, }

**Siquiera**, adv. at least.

**Siréna**, s. f. a syren, a mermaid.

**Sirga**, s. f. the rope to tow a vessel along, or that draws the net to the shore.—*Ir a la sirga*, to be towed along.

**Sirgar**, v. a. to tow a ship.

**Sirgo**, s. m. a silk twist.

**Sirguero**, s. m. the bird called a goldfinch; also one that tows or draws a boat along.

**Siróco**, } s. m. the south-east

**Siróque**, } wind.

**Sirviente**, s. m. a servant.

**Sise**, s. f. an excise or tax upon meat or drink.—*Sisa*, borax for soldering, or size for gilding.—*Sisa*, the lessening of any thing by subtracting some small part, or cutting measures less; also the sloping or sharpening of a garment.

**Sisador**, s. m. a receiver of excise; (in cant) a pilferer.

**Sisár**, v. a. to diminish, to take

away something, to nim, to lessen; also to slope in cutting.

Sisón, s. m. a taylor that cabages too often, or in too large a quantity.

Sistro, s. m. a musical instrument so called.

Sitiador, s. m. a besieger.

Sitiál, s. m. a stool without a back.

Sitiar, v. a. to besiege.

Sitiábundo, adj. thirsty.

Sitio, s. m. situation; also a siege.

Situación, s. f. situation.

Situado, s. m. an assignment upon a branch of the revenue.

Situár, v. a. to situate.

So, adv. under.—*So pena*, adv. under pain.—*So pena de la pena pronunciada*, under the pain of the sentence passed against you.

Soasár, v. a. to half roast.

Sóba, s. f. (in cant) a beating or cudgelling.

Sobaco, s. m. the arm-pit.

Sobajar, v. a. to misuse, to handle a thing roughly, to mould like dough; to knead bread, to grope.

Sobaquido, s. m. (in cant) what a thief runs away with under his arm.

Sobaquina, s. f. the ill scent of arm-pits.

Sobár, v. a. to knead, to work any thing with the fists, and in a piggish manner.

Sobarbada, s. f. a check given the horse with the bridle; a check to one that takes too much liberty in talking; also a chuck under the chin.

Sobarcar, v. a. vide Sobacar.

Sobejanía, s. f. (obs.) superfluity.

Sobejano, adj. (obs.) superfluous, useless; an old word.

Soberanamente, adv. sovereignly.

Soberanía, s. f. sovereignty.

Soberano, adj. sovereign.

Sobérbia, s. f. pride.

Soberbiaménte, adv. proudly, haughtily.

Sobérbio, adj. proud, haughty; sometimes taken for lofty, great, and noble.—*Palacio soberbio*, a stately palace.

Sobón, s. m. a cunning fellow that knows how to avoid work.

Sobónazo, s. m. augment of sobón.

Sobornador, s. m. a suborner.

Sobornál, s. m. the overplus in measure; also what is laid on a beast over and above its due burden.

Sobornár, v. a. to suborn, to bribe, to corrupt with bribes.

Sobórno, s. m. subornation, bribe.

Sóbra, s. f. overplus, what is over and above, the excess, the surplus.

Sobrádo, adj. superfluous, over and above; (metaph.) idle, unmannerly.

Sobrar, v. n. to be over and above, to be superfluous, to be over measure; (metaph.) to be idle, and of no use.—*A quien no le sobra el pan, na cric can*, ref. who has not bread to give to his dog, had better send it away.

Sobrasár, v. a. to put burning coals under a pot, or the like.

Sobrazár, v. a. to put or to fold something under the arm.

Sóbre, adv. upon.

Sobreabundante, p. act. superabundant.

Sobrabundár, v. a. to superabound.

Sobreañadir, v. a. to add with success.

Sobrasár, v. a. to over-roast.

Sobrecebadéras, s. f. the sprit-sail, top-sail of a ship.

Sobrevivir, v. n. to survive.

Sobrecama, s. f. a counterpane for a bed, or a covering put over it to keep it from the dust.

Sobrecamarero, s. m. a chief chamberlain, a head servant.

Sobrecaña, s. f. a vicious excrescence on the shin-bone of a horse, called a knot, a knob, or a ring-worm.

Sobrecarga, s. f. a surcharge, an overcharge, what is laid on a beast more than its due burden.—Prov. *La sobrecarga mata*, the overloading kills the horse.

Sobrecárgar, v. a. to surcharge, to overload.

Sobrecarta, s. f. a duplicate, a second letter, or order.

Sobrecódula, s. f. a writ or warrant granted upon another.

Sobrecéja, s. f. an eye-brow. — *Sobrecéja de acemila*, plates or pieces of leather hanging over a mule's eyes, to make her look down to the ground.

Sobrecéjo, s. m. an eye-brow.

Sobrecielo, s. m. an awning or covering over a court of a house, or other open place, of canvas or the like to keep off the sun.

Sobrecoger, v. a. to surprise, to take unawares.

Sobrecórva, s. f. the curb, a distemper in a horse's hinder legs.

Sobrecócó, s. f. (obs.) a master cook.

Sobrediente, s. m. a tooth that grows upon another.

Sobredorador, s. m. a gilder.

Sobredoradura, s. f. the gilding.

Sobredorár, v. a. to gild over.—*Sobredorár*, v. a. to gild, to cover with gold.

Sobreház, s. f. the superficies, the part that appears to sight.

Sobrehuésó, s. m. a splint in a horse; (metaph.) one that sticks close to another and becomes very troublesome; any uneasiness that attends a man.

Sobrelintél, s. m. the work, timber, or stone over the lintel, or piece that lies over the jambs of doors or windows.

Sobrellevar, v. a. to bear with, to endure.

Sobrelucir, v. n. to shine much, or above another.

Sobremauéra, adv. excessively.

Sobremáno, s. m. a swelling about the pastern joint of a horse's fore-foot, caused by being too hard ridden when young.

Sobremedida, s. f. over-measure.

Sobremesa, s. f. a carpet for a table; it means also after dinner.—*Din. tr sobre mesa*, to chat after dinner.

Sobremontár, v. a. to surmount.

Sobrenadár, v. n. to swim above, or on the top.

Sobrenatural, adj. supernatural.

Sobrenómbre, s. m. a surname.

Sobreójo, s. m. a lowering, or prying look.—*Llevar sobreójo*, to have a watchful eye upon.

Sobrepáto, s. m. a woman's lying-in after being delivered.

Sobrepasar, v. a. to surpass.

Sobrepelliz, s. f. a surplice.



**Sobrependiente**, adj. hanging-over.  
**Sobrepensar**, v. a. to consider seriously.  
**Sobrepie**, s. m. a swelling about the pastern joint of a horse's hinder leg, caused by being too hard ridden when young.  
**Sobreponer**, v. a. to set upon, or put upon.  
**Sobrepasar**, v. a. to surpass, to excel.  
**Sobrerropa**, s. f. an upper garment.  
**Sobresalido**, adj. impatient, hasty, rash, head-strong.  
**Sobresaliente**, adj. standing above or beyond another.—*Puesto sobresaliente*, an advantageous, or an advanced post.  
**Soldados sobresalientes**, men advanced before the rest of the body.  
**Sobresalir**, v. a. to jut out, to appear, to make a shew, to stand out above, or beyond another, to excel.  
**Sobresaltar**, v. a. to surprize.  
**Sobresalto**, s. m. a surprize.  
**Sobresanar**, v. a. to heal superficially.  
**Sobresano**, adj. healed superficially.  
**Sobrescér**, v. n. to supersede, to cease, to desist.  
**Sobrescribir**, v. a. to write upon any thing; to direct a letter.  
**Sobrescrito**, s. m. a superscription, or superscribed.  
**Sobrescribir**, v. a. to superscribe.  
**Sobresembrar**, v. a. to sow over.  
**Sobrescýdo**, adj. superseded, ceased, desisted.  
**Sobrescymiento**, s. m. superseding, ceasing, desisting.  
**Sobresolar**, v. a. to mend shoes, putting one sole upon another.  
**Sobrestante**, s. m. an overseer, a supervisor.  
**Sobrestera**, s. f. an upper mat to lay on another, or other thing to lay on a mat.  
**Sobrevarda**, s. f. a welt or guard on a garment.  
**Sobrevaina**, s. f. a false scabbard to put over another for riding.  
**Sobrevenir**, v. n. to come upon, to come in the nick of time.  
**Sobrevesta**, s. f. a large coat.  
**Sobrevestir**, v. a. to put one garment over another.

**Sobrevista**, s. f. the beaver of a helmet.  
**Sobrevivir**, v. u. to survive.  
**Sobreusa**, s. f. a dish consisting of poor Jack fried in oil after being boiled, and then put into a liquor of water, pepper, scalded oil, honey or sugar, cinnamon, and a little vinegar.  
**Sobriamente**, adv. soberly.  
**Sobriedad**, s. f. sobriety.  
**Sobrina**, s. f. a niece.  
**Sobrinio**, s. f. a nephew.  
**Sóbrio**, adj. sober. Latin, *sobrius*.  
**Socápa**, s. f. under pretence, under the cloak; also privately.  
**Socarra**, s. f. the scorching lightly any thing over a fire.  
**Socarrar**, v. a. to hold a thing so to the fire, that it be neither raw nor roasted, but scorched in one place, and raw in another.  
**Socarrén**, s. m. the eaves of a house.  
**Socarrón**, s. m. a crafty subtle fellow, an arch wag.  
**Socarronamente**, adv. archly, like a wag.  
**Socarroneria**, s. f. waggery.  
**Socavar**, v. a. to dig under, to undermine.  
**Socavón**, s. m. a cave dug under a hill.  
**Sochanter**, s. m. the under chaunter of a church.  
**Sociable**, adj. sociable.  
**Sociedad**, s. f. society.  
**Socio**, s. m. a companion.  
**Socolor**, under colour, or pretence,  
**Socóno**, s. m. (in cant) any thing robbed, or a present made by a whore to her pimp.  
**Socorredor**, s. m. one who helps, succours, aids, or assists.  
**Socorrer**, v. a. to succour, to relieve.  
**Socorro**, s. m. succour, relief, aid.  
**Socrosio**, s. m. a medicine, a plaster.—*Socrosio mithridático*, mithridate.  
**Soda**, s. f. the herb glasswort.  
**Sodomía**, s. f. the sin of sodomy.  
**Sodomita**, s. m. f. a sodomite.  
**Sodomítico**, s. m. a sodomite.  
**Sodómo**, s. m. vide Sodomita.  
**Soéz**, adj. filthy.

**Sofaldar**, v. n. to tuck up the coats.  
**Soflama**, s. f. a little flame; a great heat, captious and deceiving words.  
**Sofamar**, v. a. to shame one; also to deceive one with fair language.  
**Soflaméro**, s. m. one who deceives with fair words.  
**Sofocar**, v. a. vide *Sufocar*.  
**Sofreir**, v. a. to fry lightly.  
**Sofrenada**, s. f. a check given with the bridle; a check, a reproof, and sometimes a blow on the face.  
**Sofrenar**, v. a. to check with the bridle.  
**Soga**, s. f. a rope, but properly, that which is made of *esparto*.—*Dar soga*, to give out rope; to let a man go on without check.—*Llevar la soga arastrando*, to drag the rope; that is, to be in danger.—*Tener la soga a la garganta*, to have a halter about one's neck; to be in great danger.  
*Tener soga de anoreído*, to have the rope a man was hanged with; that is, to be fortunate in all things.—Prov. *Echar la soga tras el calderín*, to throw the rope after the bucket; to throw the helve after the hatchet.  
**Soguear**, v. a. to measure with a rope.  
**Soguero**, s. m. a rope maker.  
**Soguilla**, } s. f. a little rope.  
**Soguita**, }  
**Sohéz**, adj. mean, base, vile.  
**Sojsgadór**, s. m. a conqueror, a subduer.  
**Sojsgar**, v. a. to subdue, to conquer, to bring under.  
**Sol**, s. m. the sun.—*El sol sale*, the sun rises.—*El sol se pone*, the sun sets.—*El sol pica*, the sun scorches.—*De sol á sol*, from sun rising to sun setting.  
*Detener el sol*, to stop the sun; to aim at impossibilities; to labour in vain.—Prov. *Con el buen sol, estiendese el caracol*, the warm sun makes the snail stretch himself out. The meanest creature with encouragement thrives; or, base people encouraged, grow saucy.  
**Solacear**, v. n. vide *Solazer*.  
**Solado**, s. m. a boarded or paved floor.  
**Solamente**, adv. only.  
**Solana**, s. f. a sunny place, a

loft in a house. Also the rent paid for a house.

**Solanazo**, s. m. augment. of *solino*.

**Solano**, s. m. the east wind.

**Solapa**, s. f. a lapping over in a garment; (metaph.) an underhand practice, a concealed affair.

**Solapadamente**, adv. with dissimulation, deceitfully.

**Solapar**, v. a. to lap over like a garment; also to conceal, or cover, as under a garment.

**Solapo**, s. m. a lapping over in a garment; (metaph.) an underhand practice, a concealed affair.

**Solar**, s. m. the ground a house stands on; the ancient mansion-house of a family.—

*Unidalgo de solir conocido*, a gentleman of an ancient known family.—**Solir**, adj. solar, of the sun.—**Solir**, v. a. to lay a floor, to plank, to pave.—**Solir zapatos**, to sole shoes.

**Solirégo**, adj. of, or belonging to the stock, family, or mansion-house.

**Soláz**, s. f. comfort, gaiety, pleasure, delight.

**Solazar**, v. a. to solace, to comfort, to delight.

**Solazo**, s. m. augment. of *sol*; a burning sun.

**Soldado**, s. f. sold'ers pay, servants wages; also soldering of metals.

**Soldadesca**, s. f. soldiery.

**Soldadico**, s. m. dimin. of **Soldadillo**, } *soldado*.

**Soldado**, s. m. a soldier.—**Soldado aventajado**, a soldier that has more than the common pay.—Prov. *De soldado que no tiene capa, guarda tu pica*, keep your cow from a soldier that has no cloak. Take care of all you have, when you see a poor soldier.

**Soldador**, s. m. a solderer.

**Soldadura**, s. f. soldering, or the place where a thing is soldered.

**Soldán**, s. m. a soldan or sultan.

**Soldar**, v. a. to solder metal.

**Solecismo**, s. m. a solecism, a false concord.

**Solecito**, s. m. dimin. of *sol*; a pleasing sun that does not overheat us.

**Solédal**, s. f. solitude, solitariness, lonesomeness, a solitary

lonesome place, a desert.

**Solémne**, adj. solemn, expensive, famous; also merry, gay.

**Solemnemente**, adv. solemnly.

**Solemnidad**, s. f. solemnity, religious ceremony.

**Solemnizadór**, s. m. a solemnizer.

**Solemnizar**, v. a. to solemnize, to celebrate.

**Soléo**, s. m. one of the muscles, so called by anatomists.

**Solér**, v. n. to be wont, to accustom, to habituate one's self.—**Solér**, s. m. the floor at the bottom of the hold in a ship.

**Solercia**, s. f. cunning, craft.

**Solêta**, s. f. the sole part of a stocking, a new sole put to it.

**Solêtár**, } v. a. to put new  
**Solêtrêar**, } soles to old stockings.

**Solêtéro**, s. m. one whose business is to sole stockings.

**Solevación**, vide *Sublevación*.

**Solevantár**, v. a. to rise up; also to persuade servants to change places.

**Solevár**, v. a. idem.

**Sol'vamiento**, s. m. the art of raising or lifting up.

**Sólfa**, s. f. the name of two notes in music, used to signify music in general.—*Estar en solfa*, to be finished.—*Poner en solfa*, to finish any thing, to make it perfect.

**Solfeár**, v. n. to sing by notes.

**Solicitudión**, s. f. solicitation.

**Solicítadór**, s. m. a solicitor, one that tries, attempts, courts or allures.

**Solicitamente**, adv. solicitously, diligently, carefully.

**Solcítár**, v. a. to solicit, to make haste.—*Solcítár una muger*, to make love to a woman, to endeavour to debauch her.

**Solícito**, adj. solicitous, careful.

**Solícitud**, s. f. solicitude, carefulness, diligence.

**Solidamente**, adv. solidly, firmly.

**Solidár**, v. a. to make solid.

**Solidéz**, s. f. solidity.

**Sólido**, adj. solid.

**Soldéu**, s. m. a sort of cap used by priests.

**Soliloquiar**, v. n. to speak with one's self.

**Solilégüio**, s. m. a soliloquy, a

meditation, a discourse by one's self.

**Solímán**, s. m. mercury sublimate.

**Sóllo**, s. m. a throne.—*Celebración de sóllo*, the king's sitting on his throne when in the *cortes*, either at the opening of them, or to pass acts.

**Solitariamente**, adv. solitarily.

**Solitário**, adj. solitary, lonesome.

**Sólito**, adj. wont, usual, accustomed.—*Sólito*, adj. dimin. of *sol*; all alone.

**Solitud**, s. f. (obs.) solitude.

**Soliviadura**, s. f. relieving, easing.

**Soliviár**, v. a. to relieve, to ease, to lift underneath; sometimes to steal.

**Solvio**, s. m. relieving, or easing, lifting underneath; sometimes theft.

**Sólla**, s. f. a sole, a fish so called.

**Solámár**, v. a. to scorch in the flame.

**Sollár**, v. n. to draw one's breath hard, to blow, to pant.

**Sollastre**, s. m. a scullion in a kitchen.

**Sollastría**, s. f. scullery-work.

**Sóllo**, s. m. a jack, a pike.

**Sollózár**, v. n. to sigh, to sob.

**Solózo**, s. m. a sigh, a sob.

**Sólo**, adj. alone, only.—*A solas*, adv. alone.

**Solomillo**, s. m. dimin. of *solomo*.

**Solomo**, s. m. the under part of the loin, which is the tenderest.—*Solomo de puerco*, an under loin of pork.

**Solsticial**, adj. of the solstice.

**Solsticio**, s. m. the solstice, when the sun enters the signs of Cancer and Capricorn.

**Soltadizo**, adj. loosed; untied, free.

**Soltadór**, s. m. a looser, a releaser, an expounder of difficulties.

**Soltár**, v. n. to let go, to let loose, to release; also to expound difficulties.—*Soltár la presa*, to let go the booty; also to open a sluice.—*Soltár la capa*, to let go one's cloak, either running away, or when one can defend it no longer against thieves.—*Soltár de la cárcel*, to dismiss out of prison.—*Soltár ataduras*, to loose bands.—*Soltár questões*, to



solve or explain obscure questions.—*Soltár los niños de la escuela*, to send the children from the school.—*Soltár deudas*, to remit debts.

Soltéra, s. f. a single woman; generally taken in no good sense.

Soltería, s. f. a single life.

Soltéro, s. m. a batchelor, a single man.

Soltúra, s. f. loosing, delivering, releasing, untying; (metaph.) impudence, lewdness. *Decer el sueño y la soltura*, to tell all one thinks without reserve.

Soluble, adj. that can be resolved or explained.

Solución, s. f. a solution, the solving of a question.

Solvér, v. a. to untie, to solve.

Solutivo, adj. that can solve or untie.

Sóma, s. f. bran; (in cant) a hen.

Sómbra, s. f. a shadow, the shade; (metaph.) protection, defence.—*Poner a uno a la sombra*, to put a man into the shade: that is, to cast him into prison.—*Andar á sombra de tendedo*, to go under the shade of the tiles; that is, to abscond, to keep close.

Sombrájo, s. m. a shady place; a thing that makes a shade.

Sombrár, v. a. vide Asombrar.

Sombreár, v. a. to shade a picture.

Sombreráda, s. f. a salutation, by pulling off the hat; also a blow with the hat.

Sombrerázo, s. m. a very large hat, and a blow given with a hat.

Sombreréra, s. f. a hat-case; also the herb butterbur.

Sombreréro, s. m. a hatter.

Sombrero, s. m. a hat.—*Sombrero albanés*, a high-crowned hat.

Sómbrio, } adj. shady.

Sombróso, } adj. shady.

Someramente, adv. superficially.

Soméro, adj. superficial, that is almost at top.

Sometér, v. a. to submit, to put under, to subdue.

Somnolencia, s. f. a disposition to sleep, sleepiness.

Sómo, adv. the summit or highest part of any thing or moun-

tain.—*En sólo del collado*, on the top of the hill.

Somónte, s. m. what is rough, uncouth, unpolished.

Somorgujador, s. m. a diver.

Somorgujár, v. n. to dive under water.

Somorgújo, s. m. a plunger under water; a bird so called.

Somposár, v. a. to lift any thing as it were, to feel how much it weighs.

Són, s. m. a sound, a noise.—*Baylar al són que se toca*, f. (metaph.) to conform to the time; to conform one's self to one's own business.

Sonable, adj. that may sound, or be sounded.

Sonáda, s. f. a tune; also a famous action or exploit much spoken of, and a rumour, a report.

Sonadéro, s. m. a handkerchief.

Sonador, s. m. that sounds.

Sonájas, s. f. pl. a kind of instrument the country people dance to.

Sonajera, s. m. the woman that plays on the sonájas.

Sonajéro, s. m. a rattle, a small bell, any thing that makes a noise.

Sonár, v. a. to sound.—*Sonarse*, v. r. to be reported or bruited abroad.—*Sonarse las narices*, to blow one's nose.—Prov. *El bien sueña y el mal vuela*, good news is rumoured, but bad news flies.

Sónco, s. m. a sort of herb so called.

Sónda, s. f. a plummet to sound the depth of waters with, a sounding lead.

Sondalésa, s. f. a sounding plummet, such as they use at sea.

Sondár, } v. a. to sound the

Sondeár, } depth of waters.

Sonecillo, s. m. a light sound.

Sonetázo, s. m. a very good sonnet; a very bad sonnet too.

Sonetico, s. m. a poor despicable sonnet, a little pretty sonnet.

Sonéto, s. m. a sonnet. The Spanish consists of fourteen verses.

Sonido, s. m. a sound.

Sonoramente, adv. sonorously.

Sonóro, adj. sounding, that makes a great sounding or a pleasant sound.

Sonoroso, adj. idem.

Sonreírse, v. n. to smile.

Sonrisa, s. f. a smile, or smiling.

Sonrosádo, adj. that is stuck in m.e.

Sonrodár, v. n. to stick in the mire; said of the wheels.

Sonrojár, v. a. to ashame.

Sonrojo, s. m. shame, blush.

Sonosár, v. a. to dye in a rose colour.

Sonosearse, v. r. to blush.

Sonroséo, s. m. to blush.

Sonroséo, s. m. blushing.

Sonsáca, s. f. seducing, cheating.

Sousacador, s. m. one who wheedles or seduces.

Sonsacár, v. a. to wheedle, to worm out, to draw astray, to seduce.

Sonsonete, s. m. a little sound caused by hitting softly on any thing.

Sonjador, s. m. a dreamer.

Sonjár, v. n. to dream.

Sonarréra, s. m. the act of dreaming much, and a heavy sleep.

Sofoliénto, adj. sleepy, drowsy.

Sópa, s. f. a soup.—*Sopa de ada*, a sort of soup so called.—*Ir á la sópa*, to repair for alms to the monasteries where they give to all the poor a mess.—*Estár hecho una sópa*, to be wet through; (metaph.) to be drunk.—*Una sopa de añadido*, a soup that has more liquor put to it, and spoilt by that addition.

Sopaípa, s. f. a kind of fritter with honey.

Sopalánda, s. f. a particular kind of dress worn by vagabonds, generally torn and dirty.

Sopápo, s. m. dewlap, the part next under the chin or throat; a double chin; also a blow under the chin.

Sopár, v. a. to sop.

Sopeár v. a. to use a man ill, to tread him under feet.

Sopéná, v. a. to use ill, to treat ill; also to dip bread in broth and eat it.

Sopetón, s. m. a large sop; also a sudden blow given with the hand.

Sophí, s. m. the sophy or monarch of Persia.

Sophisna, s. m. a sophism, a fallacious argument.

Sophista, s. m. a sophist.

Sophistería, s. f. sophistry.

Sophisticamente, adv. sophistically.

**Sophisticar**, v. a. to sophisticate.

**Sophístico**, adj. sophistical.

**Sopilla**, } s. f. dimin. of *sopa*.

**Sopita**, }

**Soplador**, s. m. a blower.

**Soplamóco**, s. m. a blow given on the nose with the hand.

**Soplar**, v. n. to blow. (Metaph.) to whisper, to inform, to carry tales. — *Soplar una pieza en el juego*, to huff a man at draughts. — *Soplar á la oreja*, to whisper in the ear. — *Sopla, vivo te le doy*, a sort of sport among boys. — Prov. *Soplar, y sorber no puede junto ser*, to blow and sip at once cannot be done. Two contraries cannot be performed at once.

**Sopolillo**, s. m. a thimble, of which they make women's veils.

**Sópolo**, s. m. a breath of wind, a puff, a blast; also a whisper or information, a tale carried.

**Soplón**, s. m. a great puff or blast; generally taken for an informer, a tale-carrier, a spy.

**Sopón**, s. m. a fellow that goes to convents to fetch a soup given there regularly by way of alms.

**Sopór**, s. m. heaviness, sleepiness.

**Soporífero**, adj. that causes sleep.

**Supportable**, adj. supportable, tolerable.

**Supportal**, s. m. a walking-place under a portico or arch.

**Supportar**, v. a. to support, to uphold, to maintain, to bear with.

**Sor**, s. f. a sister; also an abbreviation of *señor*.

**Sórba**, s. f. the fruit called a service.

**Sorbedor**, s. m. a sipper.

**Sorbér**, v. a. to sip. — Prov. *Sorbér y soplar, no se puede hacer á la par*, one cannot sip and blow at the same time. Two contrary actions cannot be done together.

**Sorbete**, s. f. the jelly of any fruit mixed with water to drink.

**Sorbetón**, s. m. a sip.

**Sorbico**, }

**Sorbillo**, } s. m. a little sip.

**Sorbito**, }

**Sórbo**, s. m. a sip; also a service-tree.

**Sórce**, s. m. a little mouse.

**Sordamente**, adv. deafly.

**Sordedad**, }

**Sordera**, } s. f. deafness.

**Sordéz**, }

**Sordidez**, s. f. sordidness.

**Sordido**, adj. sordid, base.

**Sordina**, s. f. a mute.

**Sórdo**, adj. deaf; also that does not sound. — *Piedra sorda*, so architects call a solid sort of stone that makes little noise when struck. — Prov. *No hay peor sordo que él que no quiere oír*, none so deaf as he that will not hear.

**Sornár**, s. f. heaviness, slowness; (in cant) the night.

**Sornár**, v. n. (in cant) to sleep.

**Sornarivón**, s. m. a heavy blow given suddenly with the hand upon the face.

**Sorprehender**, v. a. to surprise.

**Sorprehendido**, da, p. p. from *sorprehender*, surprised.

**Sorpresa**, s. f. surprise.

**Sórra**, s. f. the ballast of a ship.

**Sorrero**, adj. sluggish, because ill ballasted; said of ships.

**Sorteador**, s. m. he that casts the lots; he that attacks the bull at the bull-feasts.

**Sortear**, v. a. to cast lots.

**Sorteo**, s. m. the act of casting lots.

**Sortero**, s. m. a fortune-teller; one that casts lots.

**Sortija**, s. f. a ring. — *Correr sortija*, to ride at the ring.

**Sortijón**, s. m. a great ring.

**Sortijuela**, s. f. a little ring.

**Sortiégro**, s. m. fortune-telling by lots.

**Sortú**, s. m. a great coat.

**Sósa**, s. f. the herb glasswort.

**Sosegadamente**, adv. quietly, calmly.

**Sosegar**, v. a. to quiet, to still, to calm.

**Sosiégro**, s. m. quietness, calmness, stillness.

**Soslayo**, adj. aslope, sloping, athwart.

**Sóso**, adj. unseavoury, insipid.

**Sospiecha**, s. f. suspicion.

**Sospechado**, da, p. p. from *sospechar*.

**Sospechar**, v. a. to suspect.

**Sospechosamente**, adv. suspiciously.

**Sospechoso**, adj. suspicious.

**Sosquin**, s. m. a blow cunningly or treacherously given.

**Sostén**, s. m. a prop, a support; or the act of supporting and keeping up.

**Sostenedor**, s. m. a supporter.

**Sostenér**, v. a. to sustain, to support, to uphold, to maintain.

**Sostenido**, da, p. p. from *sostenér*.

**Sostenerse**, v. r. to sustain; to support one's self.

**Sostenimiento**, s. m. a support, a prop, a maintenance.

**Sostituir**, v. a. to substitute, to appoint one under another; to make a deputy.

**Sostitúdo**, adj. substituted; put under another; substantively used, a substitute, one placed under another.

**Sóta**, s. f. the knave at cards. — *Sóta de navío*, that part of the hold of a ship where the ballast lies.

**Sotabanco**, s. m. among builders, a piece jutting out towards the top of a wall over the frieze or cornice, and betwixt that and the roof, for any thing to rest or stand upon.

**Sotacaballerizo**, s. m. an officer subject immediately to the master of the horse.

**Sotacochero**, s. m. an under coachman.

**Sotacola**, s. f. a crupper, a strap put under the horse's tail and fixed to the saddle.

**Sotalcaide**, s. m. a deputy governor.

**Sotamontero**, s. m. an under huntsman.

**Sotán**, s. f. a cassock; (metaph.) beaten.

**Sotaniña**, s. f. a little cassock.

**Sotáno**, s. m. a cellar.

**Sotaventado**, s. m. adj. drove to the leeward.

**Sotavento**, s. m. the lee side, the side on which the wind does not blow.

**Soterráneo**, s. m. a vault, a place under ground. — *Soterráneo*, -adj. that is under ground.

**Soterrar**, v. a. to bury, to put under ground.

**Sotico**, s. m. a little wood, thicket, or hedge; also a sort of herb that has leaves like trefoil.

**Sotil**, adj. vide *Sutil*.

**Sotileza**, s. f. vide *Sutileza*.

**Sotillo**, s. m. a little wood or thicket.

**Sotilmente**, adv. vide *Sutilmente*.

**Sóto**, s. m. a wood, a thicket, a hedge, a field hedged in.



**Sôto**, adv. under. — *Yo estaba solo un árbol, quando llovió*, I was under a tree when it rained. — *Prov. Por sólo no viyas tras ôtro*, do not follow another in a wood or thicket; because the boughs fly back from him that went before.

**Sotoministro**, s. m. an under-minister or coadjutor in a religious order.

**Sotroso**, s. m. a lynch-pin.

**Sparganéu**, s. m. an herb so called.

**Sperma**, s. m. vide *Esperma*.

**Spódio**, s. m. the ashes of the elephant's tusks.

**Stacte**, s. m. stacte, an aromatick, the gum that distils from the tree which produces myrrh.

**Stêba**, s. f. a thorny herb so called.

**Stentório**, adj. very strong, applied to the voice.

**Stereographia**, s. f. stereography; the art of drawing the form of solids upon a plane.

**Stereographico**, adj. relating to stereography.

**Stereonêtria**, s. f. stereometry; the art of measuring all sorts of solid bodies.

**Sternón**, s. m. the sternum, the breast bone.

**Stomático**, } adj. stomachick,  
**Stomático**, } good for the stomach.

**Stratiôte**, s. m. a plant so called.

**Su**, pron. yours, his. — *Su caballo*, his horse. — *Su padre de v. m.* your father.

**Suadir**, v. a. to persuade.

**Suasible**, adj. that may be persuaded.

**Suasión**, s. f. persuasion.

**Suasivo**, adj. persuasive.

**Suáve**, adj. sweet, pleasant, smooth, soft.

**Suavemente**, adv. sweetly, pleasantly, soft.

**Suavidad**, s. f. sweetness, pleasantness, smoothness, softness.

**Suavizado**, da, p. p. from *suavizar*.

**Suavizar**, v. a. to make sweet and pleasant to the mind or senses.

**Subalternár**, v. a. to subject, to place under another's command.

**Subalternádo**, da, p. p. from *subalternar*.

**Subalterno**, adj. subaltern.

**Subbrigadiér**, s. m. an officer of

horse next in order to a brigadier.

**Subdelegación**, s. f. subdelegation, substitution.

**Subdelegádo**, da, p. p. from *subdelegar*.

**Subdelegádo**, s. m. subdelegate, substitute.

**Subdelegár**, v. a. to subdelegate, to substitute, to appoint one to serve for another.

**Subdiaconádo**, } s. m. the office  
**Subdiaconáto**, } or dignity of a subdeacon.

**Subdiácono**, s. m. a subdeacon, the next in order to a deacon.

**Súbdito**, s. m. a subject.

**Subdividir**, v. a. to subdivide.

**Subdivisión**, s. f. subdivision.

**Subdúplo**, adj. subduple, containing one part of two.

**Subida**, s. f. an ascent or going up. — *Prov. De gran subida, gran caída*, a great rise will have a great fall.

**Subidéro**, ra, adj. a high place.

**Subidêto**, adj. that is ascended, that one must ascend.

**Subido**, adj. lofty, high; (metaph.) proud, haughty. — *Subido de quilate*, very fine or pure, as gold or silver that is much refined; (metaph.) applied to any thing that is of great value. — *Subido de color*, high-coloured. — *Subido de talones*, grown haughty or proud.

**Subidór**, s. m. one that rises up or goes up; or one that enhances, or raises the price, or extols any thing.

**Subir**, v. n. to go up, to rise. — *Subir el precio*, to raise the price. — *Subirse de pinto*, to take state upon one. — *Subirse en el canto*, to sing out of tune by overstraining the voice. — *Subirse de talones*, to grow proud.

**Subitamente**, adv. suddenly.

**Subitaneamente**, adv. idem.

**Subitanéo**, adj. sudden, unexpected.

**Súbito**, adj. sudden, unexpected.

**Subjngádo**, da, p. p. from *subjugar*.

**Subjugar**, v. a. to subdue.

**Subjuntív**, s. m. a subjunctive in grammar.

**Sublevación**, s. f. rising up, a sedition.

**Sublevación**, s. f. } a rising;  
**Sublevamiento**, s. m. } the act of rising or lifting up.

**Sublevádo**, da, p. p. from *sublevar*.

**Sublevar**, v. a. to move a sedition or insurrection.

**Sublimación**, s. f. sublimation, lifting up, extolling.

**Sublimár**, v. a. to lift up, to raise, to extol.

**Sublime**, adj. lofty, highly.

**Sublimemente**, adv. highly.

**Sublimidad**, s. f. loftiness.

**Sublunár**, adj. sublunar, sublunary, under the moon.

**Subordinación**, s. f. subordination.

**Subordinadamente**, adv. subordinately.

**Subordinár**, v. a. to make subordinate.

**Subpolár**, adj. lying under the pole.

**Subrepción**, s. f. subreption, the act of obtaining by surprise or unfair representation.

**Subrepticamente**, adv. clandestinely, thief-like.

**Suprepticio**, adj. subreptitious, done by stealth.

**Subrogación**, s. f. a putting in the place of another.

**Subrogár**, v. a. to subrogate, to put in the place of another.

**Subsanádo**, da, p. p. from

**Subsanár**, v. a. to repair, to restore.

**Subscripción**, s. f. a subscription.

**Subscrito**, p. p. subscribed.

**Subscribir**, v. a. to subscribe.

**Subseguente**, adj. subsequent.

**Subsidio**, s. m. subsidy, aid, relief.

**Subsistência**, s. f. subsistence.

**Subsistir**, v. a. to subsist.

**Substancia**, s. f. substance, food, or nourishment. — *Substancia*, wealth, means of life.

**Substancial**, adj. substancial, real.

**Substanciár**, v. a. to make an abridgement or summary; also to enquire about any thing.

**Substanciôso**, adj. belonging to substance.

**Substantivamente**, adv. substantively.

**Substantivo**, s. m. substantive.

**Substitución**, s. f. substitution.

**Substituido**, da, p. p. from *substituir*.

**Substituidór**, s. m. one who puts another in his place.

**Substituir**, v. a. to substitute.

**Substrahér**, v. a. to subtract.

**Substrahêrse**, v. r. to separate, to withdraw.

**Substrahido**, da, p. p. from *subtraherse*.

Subtendér, v. a. to subtend, to be extended under.

Subténso, *sa*, p. p. from *substender*.

Subterráneo, adj. subterranean, subterraneous.

Suburbano, } s. m. a suburb,  
Suburbio, } out-part of a city.

Subversión, s. f. subversion, ruin, destruction.

Subvertir, v. n. subvert, to overturn, to ruin, to destroy.

Sucarrillo, s. m. (in cant) a page or servant.

Sucarro, s. m. (in cant) a footman, a lacquey, a servant.

Succino, s. m. yellow amber, such as they make necklaces of.

Succión, s. f. suction, the act of sucking.

Sucedér, v. n. to succeed, as by descent, to happen, to fall out.

Sucesión, s. f. succession, descent.

Sucesivamente, adv. successively, by descent.

Sucesivo, adj. successive, by descent, or in course.

Suceso, s. m. success, event, accident chance.

Sucesor, s. m. a successor.

Suciaménte, adv. nastily, filthily.

Suciedad, s. f. nastiness, filth, dirt.

Sucintamente, adv. succinctly, briefly.

Sucinto, adj. succinct, brief.

Súcio, adj. nasty, dirty, filthy.

Súco, s. m. the sap of a tree.

Sucoso, adj. juicy.

Sud, s. m. the south-west wind.

Sudadero, s. m. a sweating place.—*Sudadero de la tierra*, a moist ground where the water oozes out.

Sudár, v. n. to sweat.—*Más vale sudar que toser*, it is better to sweat than cough.

Sudario, s. m. a handkerchief.

Sudést, s. m. south-east.

Sudor, s. m. sweat.

Sudorífico, } adj. sudorifick.  
Sudorífero, }

Sudorífico, s. m. south-west.

Suégro, s. f. a mother-in-law by marriage, the wife's or the husband's mother.—*Prov. No se acuerda la suagra que fue suera*, the mother-in-law does not remember that she was a daughter-in-law.

Suégro, s. m. a father-in-law by

marriage, the wife's, or the husband's father.

Suella, s. f. the sole of the shoe.

—*Suella*, among carpenters, a piece of timber laid on the ground as a foundation to build a lath and plaster wall upon; or a plank laid under a shore or prop.—*Prov. Suélas y vino andan camino*, soles and wine to go the journey; that is, good soles to save the feet, and wine to cheer the heart, make a man travel easily.

Sueldo, s. m. pay, wages.

Suelo, s. m. the ground, the floor, the bottom.—*Dar con la cosa en el suelo*, to let a thing fall upon the ground.—*Echar la cosa por el suelo*, to level a house with the ground.—*Levantar la casa del suelo*, to build a house from the ground.—*Prov. Quién no pone y siempre síca, suelo hilla*, a man who always spends and never gets, must see an end of what he has.

Suelta, s. f. the act of untying.

—*Dar suelta*, f. (metaph.) to free any one from trouble.

Sueltas, s. f. pl. fetters for horses feet.

Sueltamente, adv. loosely, lightly, nimbly, freely.

Suelto, adj. loose, free, at liberty; nimbly, active, quick.

—*Suelto de lengua*, talkative.

Suño, s. m. (obs.) a sound.

Sueño, s. m. sleep, a dream.

—*Dormir á sueño suelto*, to sleep soundly without any disturbance.—*Decir el sueño y la solución*, to tell a man his dream and the exposition of it; (metaph.) to tell a man all one's mind with freedom.—*Prov. Tornásele el sueño del perro*, it was like a dog's dream to him.

Applied to those who fancy they can compass great matters, and come off with loss.

—*Prov. De los sueños no creas malos ni buenos*, of dreams believe neither the good nor the bad. 'Do not be superstitious and give credit to dreams.

—*Prov. Sueño escogido no temeublido*, quiet sleep fears no foul weather; that is, he who sleeps sound, has no apprehensions, fears, or cares upon him.

Suero, s. m. whey; the serum in a man's blood.

Suerte, s. m. a lot, a chance.

Also a sort, a kind, or a manner.—*Echar suertes*, to cast lots.—*Esto me cupo en suerte*, this fell to my lot.—*No le quiero de esta suerte*, I will not have it of this sort, after this manner.—*Prov. A mala suerte envidiar suerte*, he that has ill luck must push boldly.

Suésste, s. m. south-east.

Suficiencia, s. f. sufficiency.

Suficiente, adj. sufficient.

Suficientemente, adv. sufficiently.

Sufocación, s. f. suffocation.

Sufocar, v. a. to suffocate; to stifle; (metaph.) to oppress, to hinder, to prevent.

Sufragáneo, s. m. suffragan, subordinate to an archbishop.

Sufragar, v. a. to help, to favour.

Sufragio, s. m. a vote; also favour, assistance: commonly used for the prayers of the church.

Súfre, s. m. brimstone.

Sufréncia, s. f. (obs.) sufferance, patience.

Sufrible, adj. tolerable, that may be endured.

Sufrida, s. f. (in cant) a bed.

Sufridero, adj. that may be endured.

Sufrido, adj. patient, that will suffer much; (in cant) one that endured the rack without confessing.

Sufridor, s. m. one who suffers or endures.

Sufrimiento, s. m. patience.

Sufrir, v. a. to suffer, to endure.—*Prov. Sufrir per saber*, endure inconveniences to acquire knowledge, and take pains to gain wealth.

Sufumigación, s. f. suffumigation.

Sugestión, s. f. suggestion.

Sugerido, *da*, p. p. from

Sugerir, v. a. to suggest.

Sugerente, p. a. one who suggests.

Sugeto, adj. subject.—*Sugeto*, s. m. a subject, a person.

—*Fulino, es un sugeto de importancia*, such a one is a person of note.

Súgo, s. m. juice.

Sugoso, adj. juicy, full of juice.

Sujeción, s. f. subject on.

Sujetar, v. a. to subject, to submit.

Sujeto, adj. exposed, liable to;



also the point or matter in hand.—*Vengamos al sugeto de nuestra historia*, let us come to the point of our history.

Sulcar, v. a. to make furrows, to plough.

Súleo, s. m. a furrow.

Sulfonete, s. m. a match to light fire with.

Sulphureo, adj. sulphureous.

Sulquillo, s. f. a little furrow.

Sultán, s. m. a sultan.

Súma, s. s. a sum; (metaph.) conclusion.—*En suma*, mod. adv. in conclusion.

Sumamente, adv. in fine, in short; also highly, loftily.

Sumár, v. a. to sum, to cast up, to add together.

Sumariamente, adv. briefly.

Sumario, s. m. a summary, short contents, the sum or substance.

Sumergir, v. a. to sink, to drown.

Sumersión, s. f. submersion, drowning.

Sumidad, s. f. height, the top.

Sumidó, s. m. a sink, a place that swallows all up.

Sumillér de cortina s. m. a chaplain of honour to the king.—*Sumillér de corps*, the king's esquire of the body.

Sumillería, s. f. the buttery.

Suministración, s. f. affording, supplying.

Suministrador, s. m. one who supplies or affords.

Suministrar, v. a. to supply, to afford.

Sumir, v. a. (obs.) to sink, to swallow up, to overwhelm.—*Sumirse*, v. r. to sink into the ground.

Sumisión, s. f. submission.

Sumiso, p. p. of the verb *someter*; adjectively used, it means humble, submissive.

Sumista, s. m. one that makes a collection or an abridgement of many things.

Súmo, adj. the highest, the most excellent.—*El sumo pontífice*, the pope.

Sumptuario, adj. sumptuary, relating to expence.

Sumptuosamente, adv. sumptuously, pompously, magnificently.

Sumptuosidad, s. f. sumptuousness, pompousness, magnificence.

Sumptuoso, adj. sumptuous, pompous, magnificent.

Súmula, s. m. a sum, a collection, an abridgement.

Samulista, s. m. vide Sumista.

Súncbo, s. m. an iron that fastens the pump on board a ship.

Supeditado, *da*, p. p. from

Supeditar, v. a. to oppress, to humble, to subject.

Superable, adj. that may be conquered, overcome, subdued.

Superabundancia, s. f. superabundance.

Superabundante, adj. superabounding.

Superabundantísimo, *ma*, adj. sup. from *superabundante*.

Superabundár, v. a. to superabound.

Superár, v. a. to overcome.

Superbo, adj. vide Soberbio.

Superchería, s. f. overbearing, fraud, deceit, fallacy; also incivility.

Superchero, adj. one that overbears, that oppresses.

Superficial, adj. superficial.

Superficialmente, adv. superficially.

Superficie, s. f. the superficies, the outward face of a thing.

Superfluamente, adv. superfluous.

Superfluidad, s. f. superfluity.

Superfluo, adj. superfluous.

Superintendencia, s. f. superintendency, overseeing.

Superintendente, s. m. a superintendant, an overseer.

Superior, adj. superior, that is above or over another, uppermost.—*Superior*, s. m. a superior.

Superioridad, s. f. superiority.

Superiormente, adv. superiorly.

Superlativamente, adv. superlatively.

Superlativo, adj. superlative, of the superlative degree.

Supérno, adj. supreme, the highest.

Supernumerario, adj. supernumerary, above the number allowed.

Superstición, s. f. superstition.

Supersticiosamente, adv. superstitiously.

Supersticioso, adj. superstitious.

Supino, s. m. supine, a part of grammar.—*Supinos de raposa*, the herb satyrion, or standergrass.

Supitamente, adv. (obs.) suddenly.

Supitáño, adj. (obs.) vide Subitaneo.

Súpito, adj. (obs.) sudden.

Suplemento, s. m. a supplement.

Súplica, s. f. a petition, a request, an intreaty.

Suplicación, s. f. intreaty, supplication, an humble request; also a sweet wafer rolled up, such as confectioners sell.

Suplicacionero, s. m. one that makes or sells sweet wafers.

Suplicante, s. m. a suppliant, he that beseeches or intreats.

Suplicár, v. a. to intreat, to beseech.

Suplicio, s. m. death; (metaph.) the scaffold.

Suplimento, s. m. a supplement, making up what is wanting.

Suplido, *da*, p. p. from

Suplir, v. n. to supply the place of another.

Suponedór, s. m. the person who supposes.

Suponer, v. a. to suppose.

Suposición, s. f. a supposition; also a story, a lie.

Supremamente, adv. to the last end, lastly.

Supremo, adj. supreme, chief.

Supresión, s. f. suppression.

Suprimir, v. a. to suppress, to abolish.

Supuéstó, p. p. of *suponer*.

Supuración, s. f. suppuration, the ripening of a wound.

Supurar, v. a. to suppurate, to come to matter, as a wound does.

Suporativo, adj. the medicine that suppurates or brings a wound to matter.

Suputación, s. f. computation, calculation.

Suputár, v. á. to compute, to calculate.

Súr, s. m. the south.

Súra, s. f. one of the bones in the leg, anatomically so called.

Surcar, v. a. to furrow, to plough up; to cut through the water as a ship does.

Surcir, v. a. vide Zarcir.

Sórco, s. m. a furrow in a field or garden.

Surcidéro, s. m. a road at sea, an anchoring place.

Surgir, v. n. to arrive, to come to an anchoring place.

Súrrio, s. m. a buzzing noise.—*Surrio de tripas*, a noise of wind in the belly.

Surtida, s. f. a small gate in a fortress for the garrison to sally at in time of a siege.

Surtidór, s. m. one that provides a caterer.

Surtir, v. a. to rebound, to fly

high; also to supply with goods.—*Surtir efecto*, to have an effect.

**Súrto**, adj. come to an anchor or riding at anchor; p. p. of the verb *surgir*.

**Sus**, pron. their; as, *sus manos*, their hands. — *Sus*, an interj. go to; as *sus, vamos*, come, let us go.

**Suscitar**, v. a. to rouse up, to raise.

**Súso**, adv. above. — *De súso*, from above.

**Susodicho**, adj. above said, above mentioned.

**Suspécto**, adj. suspected.

**Suspendedor**, s. m. who suspends, or keeps in suspense.

**Suspendér**, v. as to suspend.

**Suspensión**, s. f. suspense, suspension, temporary cessation.

**Suspensivo**, adj. what has the faculty or power of suspending.

**Suspénso**, p. p. of *suspender*.

**Suspensório**, adj. what is made use of in suspending any thing.

**Suspirár**, v. n. to sigh.

**Suspiro**, s. m. a sigh.—*El último suspiro*, (fam.) the last sigh, death.

**Sustén**, s. m. vide *Sosten*.

**Susténér**, v. a. vide *Sostener*.

**Sustentación**, s. f. the act of supporting.

**Sustentador**, s. m. who sustains, maintains, or supports.

**Sustentamiento**, s. m. maintenance, food, sustenance.

**Sustentar**, y. a. to sustain, to maintain, to support, to uphold, to defend.—*Sustentar mucha casa*, to keep a great family.—*Sustentar mucho peso*, to bear a great weight.—*Sustentar conclusiones*, to defend conclusions in the schools.

**Susténto**, s. m. sustenance, maintenance.

**Sustillo**, s. m. dimin. of *susto*.

**Sustitución**, s. f. the substituting of another in one's place.

**Sustituto**, s. m. a substitute, one that is appointed in the place of another.

**Sustituir**, v. a. to substitute, to put in the place of another.

**Susto**, s. m. trouble, cause of trouble, of suspense, of fear, fright, and the like.

**Susurrador**, s. m. one that makes a humming noise; also a whisperer, a mumblér.

**Susurrár**, v. n. to make a humming noise, to whisper.

**Susurro**, s. m. a humming like bees, a whispering, a muttering.

**Sutil**, adj. subtle, crafty; also thin, slender, curious, fine.

**Sutiléza**, } s. f. subtle, crafty;

**Sutilidad**, } also thinness, slenderness.

**Sutilizar**, v. a. to subtilize, to make thin, fine, or slender; to talk finely, to spin out an argument.

**Sutilmente**, adv. subtly, craftily, thinly, slenderly, delicately, curiously.

**Sutiro**, s. m. that noise which one hears in the ear by pressing it with the palm of one's hand.

**Sutura**, s. f. suture.

**Suño**, pron. his, or her's.

**Sybila**, s. f. a sybil, a prophetess.

**Sybilino**, adj. written or foretold by the sybils.

**Sybilismo**, s. m. the doctrine of the sybils.

**Sybilista**, s. m. who professes that doctrine.

**Sycónoro**, s. m. a sycamore, a tree so called.

**Sycophánta**, s. m. a sycophant.

**Sýlaba**, s. f. a syllable.

**Sylabário**, s. m. a syllable.

**Sylabário**, s. m. a spelling book; a book containing an explanation of syllables.

**Sylogismo**, s. m. a syllogism.

**Sylogístico**, adj. syllogistical.

**Sylogizar**, v. n. to syllogize, to reason by syllogism.

**Sýlva**, s. f. vide *Selva*.

**Sylvános**, s. m. pl. the sylvan gods.

**Sylvéstre**, adj. rustic; also unpolite.

**Symbolico**, adj. symbolical.

**Symbolización**, s. f. symbolization, resemblance.

**Symbolizar**, v. n. to symbolize, to resemble.

**Símbolo**, s. m. a symbol, a type.

**Symetría**, s. f. symmetry, a proportion, harmony.

**Symétrico**, symmetrical, proportionate.

**Sympathía**, s. f. sympathy, mutual sensibility.

**Sympatheticamente**, adv. sympathetically, with sympathy.

**Sympático**, adj. sympathetic.

**Symphonía**, s. f. symphony, concert of instruments.

**Symptóna**, s. m. a symptom, a sign, a token among physicians.

**Symptomático**, adj. symptomatic.

**Synolépha**, s. f. synalepha, a figure in grammar so called.

**Synópa**, s. f. a syncope.

**Synopár**, v. a. to shorten, to abbreviate, to cut off.

**Synderesis**, s. m. consciousness of what is good and bad without being taught.

**Syndicár**, v. a. to accuse a person before a judge, to syndicate.

**Sýndico**, s. m. a sort of judge.

**Synodal**, } adj. synodal.

**Synódico**, }

**Synabápha**, s. f. any stuff of its natural colour.

**Synagóga**, s. f. a synagogue.

**Synódo**, s. m. a synod, an assembly of the clergy.

**Synonimia**, s. f. synonymy.

**Synónimo**, adj. synonymous.

**Syntaxis**, s. f. syntax, syntaxis.

**Synthesis**, s. f. synthesis, the act of joining.

**Sýrio**, s. m. the dog-star.

**Sýrio**, s. m. the dog-star.

**Sýrtes**, s. f. a quick-sand, a bog; also any danger.

**Systhéma**, s. f. a system.

**Systóle**, s. f. the contraction of the heart; also the shortening of a long syllable.

**Syzygia**, s. f. syzygia, an astronomical term, denoting a certain phenomenon of the moon.



## T.

**T** Pronounced as in English.

**Ta**, interj. softly; take care.

**Tabá**, s. f. the joint bone of any animal between the two long bones.—*Juego de tába*, a play with such bones among children.—*Meneár la tábas*, to make haste.

**Tabáco**, s. m. the herb tobacco.

**Tabaláda**, s. f. a box on the ear.

**Tabalário**, s. m. the backside.

**Tabaleár**, v. n. to make a noise with the fingers on the table.

**Tabanázo**, s. m. a cuff in the ear.

**Tabanco**, s. m. a stall in the streets, where they sell any thing to eat.

**Tabáno**, s. m. a hornet or horsefly.

**Tabaola**, s. f. a great and confused noise, an uproar, a scuffle, a fray.

**Tabáque**, s. m. a work basket, such as ladies use.

**Tabaquera**, s. m. a snuff-box.

**Tabaquería**, s. m. the place or shop where snuff is sold.

**Tabaquero**, s. m. the seller of snuff.

**Tabaquillo**, s. m. a little basket.

**Tabaquista**, s. m. a connoisseur in snuff, and a great taker of snuff.

**Tabardéte**, } s. m. the spotted  
**Tabardillo**, } fever.

**Tabárido**, s. m. a coat worn by country people, by rusticks.

**Tabárrro**, s. n. a hornet.

**Tabellón**, s. m. a writer, a kind of notary.

**Taberna**, s. f. a tavern.

**Tabernáculo**, s. m. a tabernacle, a tent.

**Tabernero**, s. m. a vintner, a tavern-keeper.

**Tabí**, s. m. a tabby, a silk stuff so called.

**Tabicár**, v. n. to make an enclosure, a partition, or a wall of lath and plaister, or the like.

**Tabido**, adj. rotten, corrupted, in a state of decay.

**Tabique**, s. m. a thin wall or partition of lath and plaister.

**Tábla**, s. f. a board, a plank; a table, a picture, a banker's counter.—*Tabla de río*, that

part where the river runs smoothest.—*Tabla de mesón*, a board which is the sign of a lodging-house or inn.—*Tablá de náulo*, the thick brawny part of the thigh.—*Tabla para contar*, an arithmetical table.—*Segunda tabla, despues del naufragio*, a second plank after shipwreck.—*Tablas del pescu-ézo del caballo*, the sides of a horse's neck.—*Juego de tablas*, the game of tables.

**Tablachina**, s. f. a square buckler.

**Tablácho**, s. m. a dam to detain water.

**Tabladillo**, s. m. a little scaffold, floor, or boarded place.

**Tabládo**, s. m. a scaffold, the floor of a room, a boarded place.—*Tabládo*, s. m. a mark to shoot arrows at.—*Tabládo*, adj. covered with boards or planks.

**Tabláge**, s. m. boarding, planking.

**Tablagería**, s. f. a gaming-house where they play at tables, &c.

**Tablagéro**, s. m. one that keeps a gaming house; one that haunts gaming houses. In old Spanish, a gentleman who exercised himself, darting at a mark, called *tabládo*.

**Tablántes**, s. m. pl. (in cant) a table-cloth.

**Tablá**, s. m. a bed, a square in a kitchen garden.

**Tablázo**, s. m. a blow given with a table.

**Tablazón**, s. m. planks, boards, planking, boarding.

**Tableár**, v. n. to divide a kitchen-garden into beds.

**Tabléro**, s. m. tables to play on, a chess or draught-board; also a shop board; a dresser in a kitchen; also a square stone for an inscript. on.—*Tabléro del capitol*, the square stone on the top of a column.—*Tablero*, a mark to shoot arrows at.—*Poner la vida al tabléro*, to put one's life in danger.—*Perder en los tableros*, to lose at tables.

**Tabléta**, s. f. a little board or plank, a little table, a tablet to write on; also a sweet lozenge.

**Tableteado**, s. m. the noise

that is made by pressing the boards which form a floor

**Tableteár**, v. n. to make the board floor crack by treading upon it.

**Tablita**, s. f. a little board.

**Tablilla**, s. f. idem; also a child's horn-book, a tablet to write on, and the sign hung out to shew a house lets lodgings.

**Tablón**, s. m. a plank, a large board.

**Tabloza**, s. f. a painter's pallet.

**Tabúco**, s. m. a closet; cupboard in a wall.

**Taburète**, s. m. a chair with a back but no arms to it.

**Taburetillo**, s. m. dimin. of *taburete*.

**Tacamaca**, s. f. a gum distilling from a tree called by the same name.

**Tacahário**, s. m. the bum, the backside.

**Tacañear**, v. to play the knave.

**Tacañería**, s. f. knavery.

**Tacaño**, s. m. a knave, a sly deceitful fellow.

**Tacár**, v. a. to leave a mark, a stain, or other thing that hurts the thing marked or stained.

**Tacéta**, s. f. a vessel used in the oil presses.

**Tácha**, s. f. a blemish, a fault, a defect.

**Tachár**, v. a. to find fault with.

**Tachón**, s. m. a stud, a nail with a great flat head.

**Tachonar**, v. a. to stud, to adorn with studs.

**Tachuéla**, s. f. a small nail called a tack.

**Tacitamente**, adv. tacitly, silently, privately.

**Tácto**, adj. still; quiet, hush, silent.

**Taciturnidad**, s. f. taciturnity, silence.

**Taciturno**, adj. silent, not talkative.

**Táco**, s. m. the stopper for the bung of a barrel, the rammer of a gun, a tack to play at billiards, the tompon that stops the mouth of cannons when they are not used.

**Tacón**, s. m. the heel-piece of a shoe.

**Taconear**, v. n. to make a noise with the heels in walking.

Táctica, s. f. tacticks, the art of ranging men in the field of battle.

Tácto, s. m. the sense of feeling.

Tafanário, s. m. the bum, the backside.

Tafetán, s. m. taffety.

Tafilète, s. m. a kind of thin leather so called.

Tafilètear, v. a. to adorn with thin leather.

Tafurêa, s. f. a flat bottomed boat to carry horses in.

Tagarino, s. m. an ancient Morisco, or one descended from the Moors, such as before the expulsion lived among the ancient Christians in several towns, and were become such perfect Spaniards, that they could not be distinguished by any other way, than by being obliged to live apart from the rest in quarters of those towns allotted for them; in Barbary, the Moors give this name to the Moors that were expelled out of Spain.

Tagarnina, s. f. a sort of sweet thistle good to eat.

Tagarôte, s. m. the worst sort of falcon; (metaph.) a poor gentleman who lays hold of a dinner where he can get it.

Tahali, s. m. a shoulder-belt, a bandelier-belt.

Tahéio, adj. a reddish brown colour.—*Tahéio de barba*, that has a red beard.

Tahóna, s. f. a horse-mill; also Bridewell.

Tahonéro, s. m. the man that keeps the *atahona*.

Tabúlla, s. f. a measure or portion of land so called.

Tabúr, s. m. a gamester, a sharper, one that makes gaming his business.

Talurazo, s. m. a great gamester or sharper.

Talurreria, s. f. a gaming-house.

Taibique, s. m. vide Tabique.

Taimado, adj. sly, cautious, crafty.

Taimonia, s. f. craftiness.

Taita, s. f. the word children use for dad or daddy.

Tája, s. f. a score, tally.

Tajada, s. f. a score or tally. — *Tajada*, a cut, a slash, a slice, a piece cut off.—*Hazer tajadas*, f. fam. to threaten, to denounce. — *Tajada de carne*, a slice of meat.

Tajadern, s. f. a dam that keeps water from running to a particular part.

Tajadéro, s. m. a chopping board.

Tajadór, s. m. a cutter, a slasher, a slicer; also a carver, and a chopping block or board.

Tajamár, s. m. the cut-water, the sharp part of the ship before that cuts and divides the water before it comes to the bow.

Tajár, v. a. to cut, to slash, to slice, to carve.

Tajo, s. m. a cut with any instrument; also a chopping block.

Tajón, s. m. a great chopping-block, or board.

Tajoncillo, s. m. a little chopping-block, or board.

Tajuêla, s. m. a four legged-stool.

Tal, such. — *No hay tal*, f. there is no such thing. — *Tal qual*, such as it is. — *Slis un tal per qual*, a sly way of calling one a knave, or a whore.—*Tales y tales palabras*, such and such words.

Tála, s. f. ravage, spoil, havoc, wasting of a country.

Talabárte, s. m. a belt for a sword.

Taladór, s. m. a ravager, waster, a spoiler.

Taladrár, v. a. to bore, to pierce.

Taládro, s. m. a wimble, a piercer, an instrument to bore with, a tarrier to make a tap hole in a barrel.

Talaméra, s. f. the tree where the lures are laid to catch wild pigeons.

Tálamo, s. m. an eminent place in a room where the married couple receives the congratulations of their friends; also the nuptial bed.

Talanquera, s. f. the scaffolds erected to see the bull feasts, or any such scaffold or place erected to see shows.—*Hablar de talanquera*, f. to speak sheepishly, to speak nonsense.

Talánte, s. m. (obs.) desire, will, pleasure.

Talantoso, adj. (obs.) desirous, wilful.

Talár, v. a. to ravage, to spoil, to waste to cut down.

Talavéra, s. f. a sort of earthenware.

Tálco, s. m. talc, isinglass, such as is used instead of glass in windows, or before small pictures.

Talêga, s. f. a bag, a pouch.

Talegazo, s. m. a blow with a bag.

Talego, s. m. a bag, or sack, or 1000 dollars.

Talegón, s. m. a great bag or pouch, a money-bag.

Taleguilla, s. f. } a little bag.

Taleguito, s. m. }

Talento, s. m. a talent, an ancient sum of money in Greece and other eastern countries; the natural talent, ability, or capacity.

Taliôn, s. m. the punishment of equal damage for wrong done, as tooth for tooth, eye eye, &c.

Talionár, v. a. to chastize with the punishment of the talion.

Talismán, s. m. talismán, a magical character.

Tálla, s. f. carving, engraving, carved work; also a tax; also the shavings or bits that fly out in engraving or carving.—*Media tálle*, half relief, when an image is but half raised in carving or sculpture.

Talladóra, s. f. carving. Better *entalladura*.

Tallár, v. a. to carve, to cut out, to shape, to fashion.

Tallázo, s. m. augm. of *talle*.

Tálle, s. m. the mien, proportion, shape, fashion presence.

Tallecér, v. n. to grow to a stalk, to sprout out, to grow sticky, as plants do when they run to seed.

Tallecico, s. m. a little,

Tallecillo, s. m. mien, presence,

Tallecito, s. m. figure, or proportion,

Tallezuêlo, s. m. portion; the

diminut. of *talle*; also a small stalk or stem of any thing that grows, and dimin. of *tallo*.

Tallér, s. m. a place where carvers work; also an academy or the like, where sciences are taught publicly.—*Talleres*, s. m. pl. an ancient coin in Spain.

Tallista, s. m. a carver.

Tállo, s. m. the stalk or stem of an herb, a young sprig of a tree. There was once a tax or duty called by this name.

Talládo, adj. stalky, grown to stalks.

Talmúd, s. m. the Jewish Talmud.



**Talón, s. m.** the heel of a shoe or stocking; in cant, an inn.—*Apretar los talones*, to run away.—*Ir á talón*, to go on foot.—*Tener el juicio en los talones*, to have the judgment in the heels; to be imprudent or inconsiderate.

**Taloneár, v. n.** to go with great speed.

**Talonero, s. m.** (in cant) the same as *mesuero* and *ventero*, an inn-keeper.

**Talonesco, adj.** belonging to the heels.

**Talparia, s. f.** a tumour or abscess in the pericranium.

**Tálque, s. f.** clay to make crucibles.

**Talvína, s. f.** a hasty-pudding, water and flour boiled together.

**Tamandóá, s. m.** a strange creature in Brasil as big as a dog.

**Tamañamente, adv.** as big as another.

**Tamaño, s. m.** the magnitude, the bigness, bulk, stature, or proportion.

**Tamara, s. f.** the date on the bough or branch; also a faggot of brushwood.

**Tamarindo, s. m.** the tamarind, the fruit of a beautiful tree so called.

**Tamarisco, } s. m.** the shrub  
**Tamariz, } called a tamarisk, sometimes growing up to a great tree.**

**Tamba, s. f.** in cant, a blanket.

**Tambaleár, v. n. } to move  
Tambalearse, v. r. } to and fro.**

**Tambaleó, s. m.** the movement to and fro.

**Tambarillo, s. m.** a small trunk with the top round like the old fashioned trunks.

**Tambésco, s. m.** a swing used by children to swing themselves.

**También, adv.** as well, also, likewise.

**Tambo, s. m.** the Indian name in Peru, for the great inns built by the incas on the roads for lodging travellers, and still called by the same name by the Spaniards.

**Tambór, s. m.** a drum.

**Tamborète, s. m.** a kind of round top on board ships.

**Tamboril, s. m.** a small drum, a tabor.

**Tamborilero, s. m.** one that plays on a tabor or drum.

**Tamborin, s. m.** a tabor.

**Tamboritero, s. m.** a drummer.

**Tamíz, s. m.** a sieve.

**Tamo, s. m.** chaff; also the hürds of hemp beaten, or straw worn to dust or chaff.

**Tampóco, adv.** as little, neither.

**Tamújo, s. m.** a sort of goss or furze-bush, with which they heat ovens.

**Tan, adv.** as, so.—*Tan bien*, as well, also.—*Tan bueno*, as good.—*Tan malo*, as bad.

**Tanaceto, s. m.** an Indian herb so called.

**Tánda, s. f.** task, a turn of any thing that goes about among many.

**Tangible, adj.** that may be touched.

**Tanpóco, adv.** as little, neither.

**Tan Solamente, adv.** only.

**Tántas Vêces, adv.** so many times, so often.

**Tanteador, s. m.** the person who deliberates or considers.

**Tanteár, v. a.** to weigh, to consider, to cast up, to deliberate, to essay, to calculate, to try; also to rate, to tax.

**Tantéo, s. m.** an essay, a trial, a calculation, a consideration, a valuation; also a rating or taxing.

**Tantico, a very little, or thus little.**

**Tanto, so much, or as much.—Tanto mas**, so much more.—**Tanto ménos**, so much less.

**Tanto, s. m.** a counter to play or cast accounts with.

**Tañedor, s. m.** a musician.

**Tañér, v. a.** to play upon some musical instrument; from the Latin *tangere*.

**Tañido, s. m.** a tune, also p. p. played.

**Tañimiento, s. m.** (obs.) the sense of feeling.

**Táo, s. m.** a badge like the letter T, worn by those of the order of St. Anthony.

**Tápa, s. f.** a cover for any thing, a lid of a box, &c. also the heel-pieces of a shoe.

**Tapaboca, s. f.** a slap on the mouth with the hand.

**Tapadera, s. f.** a cover for any thing.

**Tapadero, s. m.** a stopple.

**Tapadillo, s. m.** the act of covering oneself with the mantle worn over the head.

**Tapadizo, s. m.** any thing that serves to cover another.

**Tapador, s. m.** a stopper, or stopple.

**Tapár, v. a.** to stop a hole, to cover any thing.—*Tapar la boca*, f. (metaph.) to bribe any one, to prevent any one from doing any injury to another.

**Tapetado, s. m.** the inside of leather turned outward in any thing that is worn and blacked; thence taken for a dirty black, or a very dark colour; a face like a mulatto, almost black.

**Tapête, s. m.** a carpet, a piece of tapestry.

**Tapía, s. f.** a mud wall.

**Tapiadór, s. m.** one that makes mud walls.

**Tapial, s. m.** the case of boards or wattles, which served to fill up to make mud walls, to keep the stuff together; also a rammer to beat earth.

**Tapíar, v. a.** to make a mud wall up a place.—*Tapíar el médio cuerpo*, to stick a man half way into the earth and so let him die.

**Tapicería, s. f.** tapestry, hangings.

**Tapicéro, s. m.** a tapestry weaver.

**Tapices, s. m.** pl. tapestry hangings.—*Tapices de tierra*, carpets to lay on the ground.

**Tapíz, s. f.** a piece of tapestry, a Turkey-work carpet.

**Tapizar, v. a.** to hang with tapestry.

**Taplo, s. m.** (in cant) a plate.

**Tapón, s. m.** a stopple, a bung of a barrel, a stopper for the mouth of a gun.—*Al primer tapón zurrápas*, dregs at the first stopping; so they say, when things fall out ill at first.

**Taponcito, s. m.** a little stopple.

**Tapujarse, v. r.** to cover one's face that one may not be known.

**Tapújo, s. m.** the act of covering or hiding one's face.

**Táque, s. m.** a sound like knocking at a door.

**Taquín, s. m.** (in cant) a pick-pocket.

**Tára, s. f.** tare, the cast, or the like, that must be allowed for in weight.

**Taracea, s. f.** inlaid work in wood.

**Taraceár, v. a.** to inlay.

**Tarafada, s. f.** (in cant,) a cheat.

**Tarafana, s. f.** (in cant,) the custom-house.

Tarafés, s. f. pl. (in cant.) the dice.

Taragóncia, s. f. the herb taragon.

Taragóza, s. f. (in cant.) people.

Taragozagida, s. f. (in cant.) a town.

Tarangana, s. f. a kind of black-pudding so called.

Tarándo, s. m. a kind of stag so called.

Tarántula, s. f. a tarantula, a venomous spider in the kingdom of Naples, which biting a man, makes him die mopish, unless cured by music.—*Parécete que le ha mordido la tarántula*, he cannot be quiet, be still in one place.

Taravira, s. f. a merry feast.

Tarásca, s. f. a great serpent or a giant, carried about towns to make sport on great festivals; thence used for an hobgoblin, or any thing that is frightful.

Tarascáda, s. f. the bite of a dog; also ill language.

Tarascár, v. a. to bite as dogs and other animals do.

Tarascón, s. m. the same as *tarásca*.

Taravilla, s. f. the clacker of a mill; (metaph.) a tongue that is never still.

Taráy, s. m. the tamarisk shrub.

Tarazána, s. f. } a dock

Tarazanál, s. m. } where

they build or lay up ships.

Tarazár, v. a. to tear off, as the civef cats do their testicles when hunted, that part being the principal end for which they are hunted.

Tarazón, s. m. a piece, a slice, a good cut of any thing.

Tarbén, s. f. a large hall.

Tardador, s. m. one that stays or delays.

Tardáño, adj. vide Tardío.

Tardánza, s. f. delay.

Tardár, v. n. to stay long, to delay, to be long a coming, to stop.

Tarde, s. f. the evening.—*Tarde*, adv. late; also the evening.—*Hacérse tarde*, to grow late.—*Hacer tarde en una parte*, to spend the evening in a place.—*Tarde ó nunca*, late or never.—*Tide piáche*, you have not spoke in time or seasonably.

Tardiaménte, adv. slowly.

Tardío, adj. slow, late, that comes late.

Tardó, adj. slow.

Tardón, s. m. a slow fellow, one that stays long.

Tarén, s. f. a task.

Tarifa, s. f. a tariff, a catalogue marking the price of things.

Tarja, s. f. an ancient coin in Spain. It is also an escutcheon.—*Tarja*, s. f. a tally.

Terjár, v. n. to mark with a notch on the tally.

Targeta, s. f. a target that is hollow on the sides.—*Escudo con tarjeta*, an escutcheon in heraldry that is placed on a target.

Tarima, s. f. part of a room raised a step higher than the rest, and boarded, as is used in rooms of state under a prince's canopy, where the chair of state stands. The same used in women's chambers, covered with fine mats in summer, and rich carpets in winter, on which there are cushions for the women to sit on.

Tarquía, s. f. vide Tarja.

Tarquín, s. m. the mud that is taken out in cleansing a pond.

Tarrascár, v. a. (in cant) to open and to draw by force.

Tarreñas s. f. pl. rattles for children; also the same as *sonajas*.

Tárrro, s. m. a large wide earthen vessel.

Tártá, s. f. a tart.

Tartágo, s. m. the purging herb, called spurge.—*Tartago mayor*, five leaved grass.—*Dar á uno tartágo*, to perplex, to vex one.

Tartajear, v. n. to stutter.

Tartajoso, adj. one that stutters or stammers.

Tartamudeár, v. n. to stutter or stammer.

Tartamúdo, adj. that stutters or stammers.

Tartána, s. f. a small vessel called a tartan.

Tartaréo, adj. hellish, infernal, tartarean.

Tártaro, s. m. tartar.—*Tártaro*, s. m. tartarus, hell

Taruga, f. f. a wild beast in the West-Indies, like the *vicuña*, but swifter and larger.

Tarúgo, s. m. a women pin; a dovetail in joiners work; a stopple for the bung of a cask,

or the like; in sea-terms, the bits in a ship, being two main square pieces of timber commonly placed abaft the manger in the loof of the ship to belay or make fast the cable to, when the ship rides at anchor.

Tas por tas, one good turn for another, tit for tat.

Tascár, v. a. to champ, to bite or play on the bit as horses do, to champ like a horse.

Táscos, s. f. pl. hurds of hemp, the dross of any thing.

Tascónio, s. m. vide Talque.

Tasquéra, s. f. (in cant) a tavern.

Tása, s. f. a rate set upon any thing.

Tasación, s. f. a tax, taxing, setting a rate upon any commodity.

Tasadaménte, adv. barely, scantily.

Tasadór, s. m. a sessor, one that values, or sets a rate on goods.

Tasájo, s. m. a slice, a cut of flesh; commonly said of hung beef.

Tasár, v. n. to tax, to rate, to set a price upon goods.

Tastára, s. f. coarse bran.

Tataradeúdo, s. m. an old and long dead relation.

Tataraniéto, s. m. a grandson's grandson.

Tataravuêlo, s. m. a grandfather's grandfather.

Táte! an interjection of warning; take heed! no more of that! have a care!

Táto, s. m. a quadruped so called.

Tau, s. m. v. Tao.

Taumatúrgo, s. m. an excellent author; admirable in his works.

Taúro, s. m. the constellation called Taurus.

Tautologia, s. f. tautology.

Tauxia, s. f. vide Atauxia.

Tavillado, adj. marked with the mark of the manufacturer; said of cloth.

Taxátivo, adj. that limits, that fixes the bounds. A law-term.

Taz por taz, tit for tat, one for the other, without any odds on either side.

Táza, s. f. a cup, any vessel to drink in; a bowl.—*Amigo de tazas de vino*, a friend only in prosperity.



Tazaña, s. f. vide Tarasca.

Tazmia, s. f. every man's share in a heap that is divided; also, in dividing the tithes among the proprietors.

Tazon, s. m. a very large cup, a bowl.

Te, pron. thee.—*Te diré*, I will tell thee.

Téa, s. f. the heart of a pine-tree, which, split in pieces, burns like a torch, and is used as such; thence a torch.

The, s. m. the herb tea, generally known and used in England.

Tèble, adj. (obs.) for terrible.

Techédo, s. m. the roof, the covering, the ceiling.—*Debázo de techédo*, under a roof, within doors.

Techár, v. a. to cover a house, to ceil a room.

Técho, s. m. the roof of a house, the ceiling of a room, the top, or covering of any other thing; (in cant) a hat.

Techúmbre, s. f. the top, or covering of the roof; the top of the covering; the floor of any room that is over another, to which it is a roof.

Técla, s. f. the key which the finger strikes in playing upon the organ, harpsichord, or the like.

Tecládo, s. m. a set of keys for an organ or any such instrument.

Tecleár, v. n. to move the fingers as a person who plays upon the organ; also to try several measures, to succeed in any thing.

Tediár, v. a. to hate; to abhor, to loath.

Tédio, s. m. loathing, weariness, aversion.

Tediosamente, adv. tediously.

Tedioso, adj. tedious.

Teguál, s. m. (obs.) tax, duty, imposition.

Téja, s. f. a tile to cover houses.

*Téja vána*, nothing between the tiles and the room but the bare tiles.—*Estar á téja vána*, to be ill provided, or ill defended against the weather.—*Hablar de téjis abázo*, to talk of our business, or affairs, without running into divinity or high matters.

Tejadillo, s. m. dimin. of *tejado*.

Tejado, s. m. the tiles of a house.—Prev. *El que tiene*

*tejado de vidrio no tire piedras al de su vecino*, he whose roof is tiled with glass, must not throw stones at his neighbour's house; he who has faults of his own must not upbraid his neighbour with his.

Tejár, v. a. to tile a house.—

*Tejár*, s. m. the place where tiles are made.

Tejaróz, s. m. a tiled pent house.

Tejáz, s. m. a blow with a tile.

Tejéro, s. m. a tiler.

Tejillo, s. m. dimin. of *tejo*.

Téjo, s. m. a yew-tree.—*Tejo*, s. m. a broken bit or fragment of a tile.—*Tejo*, a game so called.—*Tejo de oro*, a small bar of gold.

Tejo éta, } s. f. a little tile —  
Tejuéla, } *Tejuélas*, s. f. a pair of snappers, such as boys play with.

Téla, s. f. a web, linen, any thing that is wove; the caul of any creature; any film; the lists for tilting or fighting; also the woof that lies in the loom.—*Téla de araña*, a spider's web.—*Téla de corazón*, the membrane that covers the heart.—*Téla de oro*, cloth of gold.—*Téla de juicio*, trial at law.—*Téla cazadora*, birding-nets.—*Téla de justa*, the lists for tilting.—*Téla de cruz*, the film that is on a nut.—*Téla en el ojo*, a film over the eye. *Mantener téla*, to be the champion at tilting.—*Coger la téla*, to run away, to get out of the lists.—Prov. *Buena téla hila, quien su hijo cria*, she spins a good web, who breeds her son; that is, the best work a mother can do, is to take care of the education of her children.—Prov. *Harto ciego es, quien no ve por téla de cedizo*, he is blind enough, who cannot see through the web of a sieve.

Telamónes, s. m. pl. figures of men that serve for columns in architecture to support a structure, or at least seem so to do.

Telár, s. m. a weaver's loom.

Telaráña, s. f. a cobweb, a spider's web.

Telaréjo, s. m. a little loom.

Telégeto, adj. (obs.) loved with preference and choice.

Teléphio, s. m. an herb so called.

Teléra, s. f. a large nail that they put in the plough.

Telescópio, s. m. a telescope.

Teléta, s. f. blotting paper.

Teletón, s. m. a sort of strong silk so called.

Telica, }

Telilla, } s. f. a little web.

Telita, }

Telina, s. f. the muscle, a shell fish.

Telina, s. m. a sort of ointment made with honey and other ingredients.

Telliz, s. f. a saddle-cloth.

Telliza, s. f. a counterpane, a coverlet for a bed.

Telónio, s. m. the office where the king's officers sit to receive the duties.

Téma, s. f. wilfulness, positiveness, a fixed humour, an obstinate resolution.—*Traher lá górra de téma*, to wear one's cap fantastically.—*Tomár téma con uno*, to take a prejudice to a man.—*Cida loco con su téma*, every madman in his humour; that is, every man, mad or sober, has his way, or his folly.

Tembladéra, s. f. a drinking cup with a round bottom; also a poppy.

Temblador, s. m. a trembler.

Temblante, adj. shaking, trembling.

Temblár, v. n. to tremble, to quake, to shake.

Tembléque, s. m. an aigrette, an ornament worn by women on the head.

Temblequear, } v. n. to quake,  
Tembletear, } to be tremulous.

Temblór, s. m. a trembling, quaking, or shivering.—*Temblór de tierra*, an earthquake.

Temedéro, adj. formidable; awful.

Temér, v. a. and r. to fear.

Temerariamente, adv. rashly.

Temerário, adj. rash.

Temeridad, s. f. rashness.

Temerón, s. m. a bully, a brag-docio, a puffing fellow.

Temerosamente, adv. fearfully.

Temeroso, adj. timorous, fearful.

Temór, s. m. fear, dread.—Prov. *Por temór no pierdas honór*, do not lose honour for fear.

Temóso, adj. obstinate, positive, one that will not be moved when he sets upon a thing.

Tempáno, s. m. vide Timpano.

Temperaménto, s. m. tempera-  
ment.

Temperár, v. a. to temperate.

Temperáncia, } s. f. vide Tem-  
Temperánza, } planza.

Tempero, s. m. temper, dispo-  
sition of a ground to receive  
the seeds.

Tempestád, s. f. a tempest, a  
storm.

Tempestividad, s. f. season-  
ableness.

Tempestivo, adj. seasonable.

Tempestuoso, adj. tempestuous,  
stormy.

Témpla, s. f. water-colours, a  
kind of paint used by painters.

Templadáménte, adv. tempe-  
rately, moderately.

Templadico, adj. a little tem-  
pered.

Templador, s. m. a temperer,  
moderator. In music, a tuner.

Templamiénto, } s. m. (obs.)  
Templánza, } temperance,  
sobriety, moderation.

Templár, v. a. to temper, to  
moderate, to tune an instru-  
ment.

Templário, s. m. a Knight-  
Templar.

Temple, s. m. temper, tempera-  
ture.

Templecillo, s. m. a little  
church or temple.

Témplo, s. m. a temple, a  
church.

Temporada, s. f. a time, space,  
or tract of time.

Temporal, adj. temporal,  
worldly.—*Temporal*, s. m. bad  
weather, a sudden heavy  
shower.

Temporalmente, adv. tempo-  
rally.

Temporalidad, s. f. temporal-  
ity; a living that belongs not  
to the church.

Temporas, s. f. pl. the four  
Ember-weeks at the four quar-  
ters of the year.

Temporizar, v. a. to temporize,  
to play the time-server.

Tempranal, adj. that fructifies  
early; said of a soil.

Tempranaménte, adv. early,  
betimes.

Temprano, adv. early.—*Tem-  
prano*, adj. soon ripe.—*Fruta  
temprana*, early fruit.

Temulento, adj. drunk.

Tenaceár, v. a. to pinch with  
pincers.—*Tenaceár*, to enlist,  
to be obstinate, to be tenaci-  
ous of one's opinion.

Tenacicas, s. f. pl. little pincers  
or tongs.

Tenacidad, s. f. tenaciousness,  
holding fast, positiveness.

Tenáz, adj. tenacious, that  
holds fast, griping, positive,  
covetous.

Tenáz, s. f. a pair of pincers.

Tenazáménte, adv. tenaciously.

Tenazuéla, s. f. dimin. of *te-  
naza*.

Ténca, s. f. the fish called  
tench.

Tensión, s. f. tension.

Tendál, s. m. the awning or  
tilt that covers the stern of a  
ship or boat to keep off the  
sun.—*Tendál de balasta*, the  
part on which the bullet or  
shaft is placed in a cross  
bow.

Tendaléte, s. m. the awning or  
tilt of a ship or boat to keep  
off the sun.

Tendedéro, s. m. a place to  
hang or lay clothes out to  
dry.

Tendejón, s. m. a common  
tent, a sutler's tent.

Tendéncia, s. f. tendency, bent,  
inclination.

Tendér, v. a. to spread abroad,  
to stretch out, to hang out  
linen.

Tendéro, s. m. a shopkeeper;  
also a tent-maker.

Tendidó, p. p. spread abroad,  
stretched out, linen hung out.  
*Bandéras tendidas*, colours fly-  
ing.

Tendilla, s. f. a little shop;  
also a little tent.

Tendón, s. m. a tendon, a sin-  
ew, a ligature by which the  
joints are moved.

Tenebrário, s. m. a sort of can-  
dle-stick.

Tenebrosidad, s. f. darkness,  
great obscurity.

Tenebróso, adj. dark.

Tenedór, s. m. a fork to eat  
meat with; also one that  
holds.—*Tenedór de bastiméntos*,  
a purser, a steward of a ship,  
that has charge over the pro-  
visions.

Tenénia, s. f. the holding of a  
place, the government of a  
fort or castle; also a lieute-  
nancy.

Tenér, v. a. to hold, to have,  
to apprehend, to keep; (meta-  
ph.) to know, to understand,  
to remember.—*Tenér las no-  
vénas*, to perform some devo-  
tion for nine days together.—

*Tenér en poco*, to undervalue.

*Tenér de ir*, to be obliged to  
go.—*Tenér por bien*, to be  
pleased, to vouchsafe, to ap-  
prove.—*Tenérse por dicho*, to  
be fully persuaded, to stand  
to what is said.—*Tengase al  
rey*, stand in the king's name.

Prov. *La mas cauta, es tenida  
por mas casta*, the most cauti-  
ous woman is counted the  
most chaste.

Tenería, s. f. a tanner's house,  
or the tan-pits.

Tenia, s. f. a part of the Doric  
architrave.

Teniente, s. m. a lieutenant, a  
deputy.

Tenór, s. m. the tenour, the  
contents, the matter, the sub-  
stance; also the tenor in  
music.—*Guardar á uno los  
tenóres*, to humour a man.

Tentación, s. f. temptation.

Tentador, s. m. a tempter, the  
devil.

Tentar, v. a. to tempt, to try;  
also to feel.

Tentativa, s. f. an attempt, a  
trial, an experiment.

Tentemózo, s. m. a prop, a  
support.

Tenuaménte, adj. slenderly.

Tenúe, adj. slender, slight,  
weak.

Tennidad, s. f. slenderness.

Tenúta, s. f. a provisional pos-  
session.

Teñir, v. a. to dye.

Teóso, adj. that is full of resin  
and apt to burn.

Tépe, s. m. turf.

Tercér, s. m. vide Tercero.

Tercera, s. f. a devout woman  
who is not a nun, but wears  
the habit of the third order of  
St. Francis; a mediatrix, a  
bawd; also a third person.

Terceraménte, adv. thirdly.

Terceria, s. f. mediation; de-  
positing goods in a third hand;  
(metaph.) pimping, bawding.

Tercero, s. m. a third man, a  
devout man of the third  
order of St. Francis; a me-  
diator; a gatherer of thirds;  
also a pimp; a third man.—  
*Tercero*, adj. third in order.

Tercerol, s. m. the aftermost  
of the slaves that row in a  
galley.

Tercetos, Spanish poetry, in  
which each stanza has but  
three verses.

Tercia, the third part of a yard;  
also tierce, or the third hour



in the divine office.—*Tércias*, s. f. pl. the thirds of church revenues granted by popes to the kings of Spain to carry on the wars against the infidels.

*Terciado*, s. m. a short broad sword.

*Terciána*, s. f. a tertian ague.

*Terciar*, v. a. to mediate; to plough a third time; to throw the cloak over the shoulders; to pass between two about business; also to pimp, to bawd.—*Terciar la tierra*, to plough up land a third time.—*Terciar la capa*, to throw the ends of the cloak over the shoulders.—*Terciar la pica*, to toss a pike, to brandish it, and to charge the pike against an enemy.

*Tercio*, s. m. a regiment, a third part; also mediation or interposition of a third person.—*Tercio postrero de la vida*, the last third part of a man's life; that is, old age.—*Tercio postrero de la espada*, the last third part of the sword; that is, next the hilt.—*Pagar el terció de la casa*, to pay the third part of a year's rent.—*Hacer buen terció*, to mediate, to intercede for another.—*Jugar en terció*, to play three hands.

*Terciopelado*, s. m. wrought velvet.

*Terciopelero*, s. m. a velvet maker or seller.

*Terciopelo*, s. m. velvet.—*Terciopelo liso*, plain velvet.—*Terciopelo rizo*, velvet not shorn.—*Terciopelo de tripe*, a sort of stuff made in imitation of velvet.

*Térco*, adj. obstinate, positive, hard, tenacious.

*Terebinto*, s. m. the turpentine-tree.

*Tergiversación*, s. f. tergiversation.

*Tergiversar*, v. n. to go back, to hold back, to be unwilling, to cross.

*Tericia*, s. f. vide *Thicia*.

*Terliz*, s. f. ticking for beds.

*Terminación*, s. f. the termination, the latter part of a word.

*Terminar*, v. a. to terminate, to bound.

*Termino*, s. m. a boundary.—

*Termino*, manner, behaviour.—

*Termino*, district, territory.—

*Término perentorio*, a peremptory term that cannot be prolonged.—*Llegar a términos de perderse*, to be at the brink of perdition.—*Términos*, pl. terms of art.

*Terminóte*, s. m. an affected word not in use.

*Terna*, s. f. three persons proposed for one employment.

*Ternario*, adj. ternary, consisting of three.

*Ternecito*, adj. very tender.

*Ternejon*, s. m. vide *Terneron*.

*Ternera*, s. f. a cow-calf; also veal.

*Ternero*, s. m. a bull calf.—

*Ternerón*, s. m. a name given to any person easily moved.

*Terneza*, s. f. tenderness.

*Ternezuelo*, adj. dimin. of *tierno*.

*Ternilla*, s. f. gristle.

*Ternilloso*, adj. gristly.

*Térno*, s. m. apparel, dress.—*El téno rico*, the best or costly apparel.

*Ternura*, s. f. tenderness.

*Terquedad*, s. f. obstinacy, positiveness.

*Terquería*, } s. f. vide *Terque-*  
*Terquiza*, } dad.

*Terrado*, s. m. a flat covering of a house on which they may walk; a terrace walk.

*Terral*, s. m. a land breeze.

*Terraplén*, s. m. vid. *Terraplén*.

*Terraplenar*, v. a. to fill with earth.

*Terraplén*, s. m. a rampart of earth; any place filled with earth.

*Terraqueo*, adj. terraqueous, composed of land and water.

*Terraza*, s. f. a sort of earthen vessel with two handles; such as we often see in the pictures of the visitation, with lilies in it.

*Terrazgo*, s. m. any piece of ground; also the rent paid for a field by the tenant.

*Terrazo*, s. m. a clod of clay.—

*Terrizo*, s. m. an earthen pan, a pitcher, any vessel of earthen ware.

*Terrazuéla*, s. f. a little earthen crock, pan, or pitcher.

*Terrear*, v. n. to show itself; said of the earth in a sown field.

*Terregoso*, adj. earthy, cloddy.

*Terremoto*, s. m. an earthquake.

*Terrenal*, adj. earthly, terrestrial.

*Terrenidad*, s. f. earthly quality.

*Terréno*, adj. idem.—*Terréno*, s. m. a space of ground.

*Terró*, adj. earthly.

*Torrera*, s. f. a piece of ground among rocks; also a kind of bird of the same colour as the earth.

*Torreria*, s. f. (obs.) vide *Terror*.

*Torrero*, s. m. a parade, a walking-place, a place of rendezvous, a place of exercise, a but to shoot at.

*Terréstre*, adj. terrestrial, earthly.

*Terrestridad*, s. f. earthly quality.

*Terrezuéla*, s. f. a little land, country, or spot of ground.

*Terribilidad*, s. f. dreadfulness, terribleness.

*Terrible*, adj. terrible, dreadful.

*Terriblemente*, adv. terribly, dreadfully.

*Terribléza*, s. f. vide *Terribilidad*.

*Terrícola*, s. m. a citizen of the world.

*Terrífico*, adj. dreadful, causing terror.

*Terrígeno*, adj. generated in the earth.

*Terrín*, s. m. a clown, a rustic.

*Terrino*, adj. that consists or is made of earth.

*Territorio*, s. m. a territory, district, or jurisdiction.

*Terrromontéro*, s. m. an hill only composed of earth.

*Terrón*, s. m. a clod of earth.—

*Destripa terrones*, a clod-beater, a clown.

*Terroncillo*, s. m. a little clod of earth.

*Terrór*, s. m. terror, dread, fear.

*Terrosidad*, s. f. earthly quality.

*Terróso*, adj. mixed with earth, that has a mixture of earth.

*Terrúno*, s. m. a layer of earth, a rank, a row.

*Térso*, adj. clean, pure, neat, clear, undefiled.

*Tersura*, s. f. neatness, niceness.

*Tertil*, s. m. a duty paid upon silk.

*Tertulia*, s. f. a club or meeting of persons.

*Tertuliano*, adj. one belonging to a club.

*Tervéla*, s. f. vide *Polilla*.

*Tesbique*, s. m. (obs.) vide *Tabique*.

*Tesera*, s. f. a square bone used

by the Romans for various purposes.

Teso, adj. (obs.) vide Tiesso.

Tesón, s. m. firmness, resolution, wilfulness, steadiness.

Tesoreria, s. f. a treasury.

Têta, s. f. the fore part of the head, the noddle.—*Testa de ferro*, one whose name appears as a sham in an agreement made between two persons, representing one of them.

Testadór, s. m. a testator, he that makes a will.

Testamentário, s. m. an executor to a will.

Testamento, s. m. a last will, a testament.—Prov. *Si no vôle por testamento, vága por codicilo*, if it cannot pass for a will, let it pass for a codicil; that is, if it be not of as much value as was expected, let it pass for what it can.—Prov. *Hacer el testamento en la uña*, to make a will on one's nail. To have nothing to bequeath by will.

Testár, v. a. to make a will or testament.

Testarido, adj. headstrong, obstinate.

Testera, s. f. armour for a horse's head, the front of any thing.

Testerada, s. f. a blow with the head; also obstinacy.

Testéro, s. m. any thing to cover or defend the head; the front of a place.

Testiculo, s. m. the testicle.

Testificácion, s. f. testifying, witnessing.

Testificar, v. a. to testify, to witness.

Testigo, s. m. a witness.

Testignár, v. a. (obs.) to witness.

Testimoniéro, *ra*, s. m. and f. an hypocrite, a flatterer.

Testimoniál, adj. belonging to a testimony.

Testimoniár, v. a. (obs.) to bear witness, to depose.

Testimonio, s. m. testimony, witness, deposition; mostly taken in the worst sense.—*Levantóme un testimonio*, he accused me falsely.

Testón, s. m. an Italian coin in the pope's dominions worth about eighteen pence sterling.

Testúz, s. f. } the head of a

Testúzo, s. m. } hog.

Têta, s. f. a teat, a pap, a dug, a breast.

Tetár, v. a. vide Atetar.

Tetilla, s. f. a little breast, teat, or dug.

Têto, s. m. vide Teta.

Tetóna, s. f. a woman that has great breasts.

Tetracórdio, s. m. an instrument of four strings; also a tetrachord or a fourth in music.

Tetrágono, s. m. a tetragon, a square figure.

Tetrágrammaton, s. m. the sacred name of God, composed of four letters, which the Jews do not utter where they find it written, but instead of it read *adonai*; that is, Lord.

Tetrárca, s. m. a tetrarch, a lord over the fourth part of a kingdom.

Tetrarchia, s. f. a tetrarchy, the fourth part of a kingdom under a lord.

Tétrico, adj. unpleasant, harsh, rude, rough.

Tétro, adj. black, stained.

Tetúda, s. f. a woman that has great breasts.

Teúcrio, s. m. an herb so called.

Texedór, s. m. a weaver.

Texedúra, s. f. weaving.

Texér, v. a. to weave.

Texido, s. m. cloth, linen.

Teximiento, s. m. (obs.) the same as *texido*.

Texillo, s. m. a little yew-tree, a little sort of girdle wove.

Têxo, a yew-tree.

Texón, s. m. the beast called a badger, a grey, or a brock.

Têxto, s. m. a text.

Textualista, s. m. he who sticks to the text without minding the commentators.

Textúra, s. f. texture.

Tez, s. f. the colour or grain of the skin of the face.

Túzado, adj. black.

Thálamo, s. m. an eminent place in a room where the married couple sits and receives the usual compliments. Poetical for a nuptial bed.

Thalassomeli, s. m. a sort of physic, consisting of honey, rain-water, and sea-water.

Thalictro, s. m. all-heal.

Thapsia, s. f. an herb like fennel or fennel-giant.

Thaumáturgo, s. m. an admirable and wonderful person; a miracle-maker.

The, s. m. the Chinese herb called tea.

Theáme, s. m. a stone brought

from the mountains of Ethiopia, opposite to the load-stone, as having a natural antipathy to iron.

Theatrál, adj. theatrical.

Theátro, s. m. a theatre.

Théma, s. m. theme, a subject on which one writes or speaks; also obstinacy.

Themóso, adj. obstinate.

Theológál, adj. relating to theology.

Theología, s. f. theology, divinity.

Theologicamente, adv. theologically.

Theológico, adj. theological.

Theologizar, v. n. to speak upon theological matters.

Theólogo, s. m. a divine.

Theoréma, s. m. a theorem.

Theórica, } s. f. theory, specu-

Theoria, } lation.

Therapéutica, s. f. practical physic.

Theriáca, s. f. treacle.

Theriácl, adj. relating to the treacle.

Thérma, s. f. hot-bath.

Thermómetro, s. m. thermometer.

Thesaurizar, v. a. to treasure, to hoard, to lay up.

Thesáuro, s. m. vocabulary.

Thésis, s. f. a thesis or position.

Thesorár, v. a. vide Athesorar.

Thesoreria, s. f. a treasury.

Thesoréro, s. m. a treasurer.

Thesóro, s. m. a treasure.

Thetéra, s. f. a tea-pot.

Thólo, s. m. in architecture, the tholus, an half round covering of a structure like a cupola; it is also taken for the knitting of all the stones or timber of such a work.

Thrénos, s. m. pl. a lamentation.

Thriáca, s. f. vide Theriaca.

Thróno, s. m. throne, a royal seat.

Thuribulo, s. m. a thurible, a censer.

Thuriferário, s. m. he that carries the censer or thurible in solemnities of the church.

Ti, pron. thee.—*Pára ti*, for thee.

Tia, s. f. an aunt.

Tiára, s. f. the pope's crown.

Tibia, s. f. a flute.

Tibiamente, adv. lukewarmly, negligently.

Tibiêza, s. f. lukewarmness.

Tibio, adj. lukewarm.



Tibór, s. m. a china jar.

Tiburón, s. m. a great sea fish called a shark.

Tiempo, s. m. time.—*¿Cuanto tiempo ha?* how long is it since?—*Mal tiempo*, foul weather.—*Llegar á tiempo*, to come in the nick of time.—*Andar con el tiempo*, to suit one's self to the times.—*Dar tiempo al tiempo*, to wait for better times.—Prov. *Qual el tiempo, tal el tiéto*, as the time is, so must the deliberation be; we must act as times offer.—Prov. *Tiéto no hora no se ata con sogá*, tide and hours are not to be tied with a rope; time and tide stay for no man.—*Cada cosa en su tiempo*, ref. every thing in its own time.

Tienda, s. f. a tent; also a shop; also the awning or covering on the poop of a galley.—Prov. *¿Quién tiene tienda, que atiende*, he that keeps a shop, must look to it; if a man does not keep his shop, his shop will not keep him.

Tienta, s. f. a surgeon's probe to search a wound.

Tiento, s. m. caution, care, premeditation; also guess; also the wand painters use to rest their hand on, and a flourish in music before playing.—*Tiento de ciego*, the stick of a blind man.—*Le dieron dos tientos*, they beat him.—*Responder á tiento*, to answer at random.—*Proceder con tiento*, to proceed cautiously.—*Dar un tiento*, to try a man, to sound him.

Tiernamente, adv. tenderly.

Tiernecito, adj. tender, pretty tender.

Tiérno, adj. tender.

Tierra, s. f. the earth. It is also a man's country.—*En mi tierra*, in my country.—*Buena tierra*, a good country.—*Toda la tierra*, all the world.—*Tierra-tierra*, coast-wise, along shore; and metaphorically, with caution, with circumspection.—*Tierra sigilata*, a sort of medicinal earth.—*Poner tierra en medio*, to fly from a place.—*Echar á tierra un negocio*, to lay aside a business, to bury it, to think no more of it.—*Echar por tierra*, to destroy, to level with the ground.—*Pecho por tierra*, in an humble

manner, prostrate on the ground.—*Besar la tierra que otro pisa*, to kiss the ground a man treads on, to pay him the greatest respect.—*Ser tierra*, to be earth, to be mortal.—*De tierra en tierra*, from one country to another.—*No sentirlo la tierra*, nobody living to know it.

Tiessaménte, adv. stiffly, gravely, austere.—*Tiessamente enamorado*, deeply in love.

Tiesso, adj. stiff, tough.

Tiésto, s. m. a pot to set flowers, or small trees in.

Tigre, s. m. the beast called a tiger.

Tildár, v. a. to make a tittle or dash, as the Spaniards do on the letter ñ.

Tilde, s. m. a tittle, a little dash; the dash set over the ñ.

Tildón, s. m. augment of *tilde*.

Tilla, s. f. the hatches of a ship.

Tilo, s. m. the lime-tree.

Timbre, s. m. the crest of a helmet; the top of any other thing.

Timidaménte, adv. fearfully.

Timidez, s. f. fearfulness.

Timido, adj. timorous, fearful.

Timón, s. m. the rudder of a ship; also the pole of a coach or waggon between the two horses.

Timoneár, v. n. to steer at sea, to manage the rudder.

Timonera, s. f. the steerage in a ship where the steersman stands.

Timonero, s. m. the steersman, he that steers the ship.

Timoráto, adj. fearful of offending God.

Tin, the sound that earthen ware makes when shook together.

Tina, s. f. a dyer's copper, or cauldron. Also any great tub, trough, or other vessel.

Tinada, s. f. a pile or stack of wood.

Tinaja, s. f. an earthen jar, or such great earthen vessel.

Tinajón, s. m. a great earthen jar, or such like vessel.

Tinea, s. f. a wood-worm.

Tinél, } s. m. a public hall, a  
Tinelo, } dining-room.—*Tener tinél y casa á todo homo*, an old phrase, signifying to keep open house.

Tinieblas, s. f. pl. darkness. They give this name to the

evening service on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday in the holy week, because the candles are all put out and the church remains dark.

Tino, s. m. judgment, guess, conjecture, sense.

Tinta, s. f. ink.—*Tinta de zapatero*, blacking for shoes.

Tintar, v. a. to dye as dyers do.

Tinte, s. m. any sort of dye.

Tintéro, s. m. an inkhorn.

Tintillo, s. m. reddish, of a pale colour.

Tinto, adj. dyed.—*Vino tinto*, red wine.

Tintór, s. m. vide Tintorero.

Tintorería, s. f. a dyer's house, the dyer's street, also the dyer's trade.

Tintorero, s. m. a dyer.

Tintura, s. f. dye.

Tinturar, v. a. vide Tintar.

Tiña, s. f. the scab, a scald head.—*Tiña de árbol*, the plant misletoe.

Tiñoso, adj. scurvy, scald; (metaph.) covetous, miserable, villain.

Tio, s. m. an uncle.

Tiorba, s. f. the theorbo, a musical instrument so called.

Tiple, s. f. the treble in music.

Tiquismiquis, s. m. affected words, affected expressions in speaking.

Tira, s. f. a long slip of any thing; also a guard or welt of cloth or the like.—*Tira bragueró*, a truss for a broken belly.

Tirabuzón, s. m. a cork-screw.

Tiracol, } s. m. a belt, such  
Tiracuello, } as those used by soldiers.

Tirala, s. f. the great distance from one place to the other.—

*Tirada*, s. f. the act of throwing.—*De una tirada*, mod. adv. at once, in time.

Tirado, adj. cast, thrown, shot. *Oro tirado*, gold wire, or gold thread, or any of that sort which is drawn.

Tiradga, s. f. (in cant) a chan.

Tirador, s. m. one that draws, throws, or shoots, also a drawer in a cabinet or the like; and a place where they stretch cloth on the tenters.

Tiramira, s. f. a long narrow ridge rising in the middle of a plain field; metaphor. any thing that resembles it.

**Tiramollar**, v. a. to pull and let go.

**Tirantes**, s. m. pl. the traces horses draw by in a coach or cart.

**Tirantéz**, s. f. the breadth measured in a direct line.

**Tirapie**, s. m. the shoemaker's strap.

**Tirar**, v. a. to draw, to pull, to pluck; also to shoot, to cast, to throw; (metaph.) to attract, to persuade; also to prevent any one from obtaining their ends.—*Tirar la barra*, to throw the bar; (metaph.) to do one's best.—*Tirar de marada*, to fire a volley.—*Tirar la piedra y esconder la mano*, to throw the stone and hide the hand; to do a mischief, and appear friendly.

**Tirasol**, s. m. vide *Quitasol*.

**Tiravira**; as, *Hacer tiravira*, a sea phrase, to throw a ship flat on her side.

**Tiréla**, s. f. a kind of striped stuff so called.

**Tiriga**, s. f. a little narrow slip of any thing.

**Tiricia**, s. f. the disease called a jaundice.

**Tiriciado**, adj. that has got the jaundice.

**Tirilla**, s. f. a little slip of any thing; a woman's tucker.

**Tirillo**, s. f. a little gun or piece of cannon.

**Tiritaña**, s. f. a sort of very slight silk or taffety.

**Tirtár**, v. n. to quake, to tremble.

**Tiritóna**, s. f. the act of shivering for cold, especially when done out of affection.

**Tiro**, s. m. a shot, a cast, a throw, a gun, a cast at dice, a joke, a reflection, an odd prank, a notable feat, a cheat, a trick.—*Tirés de espada*, a belt for a sword, or the hangings of the belt.

**Tirón**, s. m. a pull, a pluck.

**Tirria**, s. f. aversion, antipathy.

**Tiracuera**, an interj. stand away, draw off, be gone.

**Tisana**, s. f. pisan, cooling drink.

**Tisica**, s. f. the phthisick.

**Tisico**, adj. phthisical, troubled with the phthisick.

**Tisis**, s. f. vide *Tisico*.

**Tisu**, s. m. tissue; a cloth or silk wrought with gold or silver.

**Titero**, s. m. a puppet.

**Titerero**, } s. m. one that goes  
**Titerista**, } about with a puppet show or rare show.

**Titi**, s. m. a kind of very little monkey with a black spot on the head resembling a cap.

**Titilación**, s. f. titillation, a sensation arising from tickling.

**Titimálo**, s. m. any milky plant.

**Titirina**, s. f. any merry feast.

**Titiritero**, s. m. vide *Titerero*.

**Tito**, s. m. a seed of a grape or the like, a little kernel of any fruit; also a chamber pot.

**Titubear**, v. a. to stagger, to waver, to fault.

**Titulado**, s. m. a lord of title, as duke, marquis, &c. one that has a title of honour.

**Titular**, adj. titular.—*Titular*, v. a. to affix a title.—*Titular*, v. n. to obtain a title from the king.

**Título**, s. m. the title of a book, a title of honour, the title a man has to any goods; also a monument.—*Título colorado*, a colourable title.—*Señor de título*, a lord that has a title of honour, as duke, marquis, earl, &c.

**Tixera**, s. f. a pair of scissors.

*Tixera*, the first feather in the wing of an hawk.—*Tixera*, a cut made in a field to drain it.—*Buena tixera*, f. (metaph.) a good eater.

**Tixerada**, } s. f. a cut with  
**Tixeretada**, } the scissors.

**Tixeretas**, s. f. pl. dimin. of *tixera*.

**Tixeretear**, v. a. to give repeated cuts with a pair of scissors.

**Tizna**, s. f. black, the matter kept ready to smut or besmear another.

**Tiznar**, v. a. to smut, to soot, to black, to smear, to sully.

**Tizne**, s. m. the black of a pot or the like.

**Tizo**, s. m. a firebrand; a coal in charcoal that is not well burnt.

**Tizón**, s. m. a firebrand.

**Tizona**, s. f. a sword.

**Tizonera**, s. m. a stroke with a fire brand.

**Tizonera**, s. f. the furnace in which coal is made, or wood reduced to coals.

**To**, a word used in Spanish, to call a dog.

**Toja**, } s. f. a towel, a nap-  
**Toalla**, } kin.

**Toalléta**, s. f. a napkin.

**Toba**, s. f. a kind of stone of a spongy nature.—*Toba*, the scurf on the teeth.—*Toba*, (in cant) a boot.

**Tobaja**, } s. f. a towel, a nap-  
**Toballa**, } kin.

**Toballéta**, } s. f. diminutive of  
**Toballita**, } *toballa*.

**Tobillo**, s. m. the ankle-bone.

**Toca**, s. f. a woman's coif, handkerchief, or white veil for her head; any dress for the head.—*Toca de camino*, a sort of muffler used by men and women in travelling to keep the dust from their faces.—*Toca de red*, a net-cawl to hold women's hair.—*Tormento de toca*, a way of racking people with water.—Prov. *Poco dura la toca en cabeza loca*, head-cloths stay but little on a mad head.—Prov. *Tocas de beata, y uñas de gata*, a devotee's head dressed, and a cat's claws.

To signify an hypocrite.

**Tocadillo**, s. m. a little head-dress; also a game at tables so called.

**Tocado**, s. m. a woman's dress; a small tuft of feathers or copple crown on a bird's head.

**Tocado**, adj. dressed.—*Gran tocado y chico recado*, great cry and little wool.

**Tocador**, s. m. a night-cap; a lady's dressing-room.

**Tocamiento**, s. m. a touch.

**Tocante**, adj. concerning, touching, relating, or appertaining to.

**Tocar**, v. a. to touch, to dress, to belong to, to sound a trumpet, to wind a horn, to play on any instrument in music, to beat a drum.—*Tocar á lea*, a phrase used aboard galleys, when they sound a trumpet for all that are ashore to come on board.—*Tocar arma*, to sound, to beat an alarm.—*Tocar alerta*, to beat to arms.—*Tocar la cabeza*, to dress the head.—*Tocar trompeta*, to sound a trumpet.—*Tocar un instrumento*, to play upon a musical instrument.—*No me toca*, it does not belong to me, it does not regard me.

**Tocayo**, s. m. a namesake.

**Tochedad**, s. f. clownishness, roughness; also folly.



Tochár, v. a. to bar the door with a round pole.

Tócho, s. m. a round pole, a bar to fasten the door with.

Técho, adj. coarse, unpolished, rough, clownish.

Tochúra, s. f. the saying or the action of a wag, of a buffoon.

Tocinero, s. m. the person that sells bacon.

Tocino, s. m. bacon.—*Tocinos*, pl. (in cant) blows.

Tocón, s. m. that part of a tree remaining with the roots after cutting down the rest; also the stump of a man's limb.

Todavía, adv. nevertheless, also, yet.

Todo, adj. all, the whole.—*Hacer á todo*, f. fit for, any thing.—*Con todo eso*, mod. adv. notwithstanding.

—*En todo, y por todo*, mod. adv. absolutely in any manner.—*Hallarse, ó meterse en todo*, f.

to interfere in another's business.—*Túdo poderoso*, almighty.—*Del todo*, quite, altogether, totally.—*Todos*, all, all of them.

Toesa, v. a. vide Hexapeda; a toise, six feet in length, a fathom.

Toga, s. f. a gown.

Togado, adj. that wears a gown.

Tolános, s. m. pl. the disease in horses, and other beasts, called the *lampas*, being a swelling in the gums that hinders their eating.

Toldadura, s. f. an awning, a cloth hung and spread to keep off the sun.

Toldár, v. a. to hang over with an awning or tilt.—*Toldár*, (in cant) to cover, to adorn, to set a thing off to advantage.

Toldero, s. m. he that sells salt by retail.

Toldico, } s. m. a little canoe.

Toldillo, } py, awning, or covering; also sometimes used for a sedan.

Toldo, s. m. a canopy, an awning, a pavilion, any covering that hangs over the head; (metaph.) state, grandeur, pride.—*Hablar con toldo*, to talk haughtily.

Tolerable, adj. tolerable, that can be suffered.

Toleración, s. f. toleration, sufferance.

Tolerancia, s. f. sufferance.

Tolerár, v. a. to tolerate, to suffer.

Tollér, v. a. (obs.) to take away.

Tollo, s. m. a fish called a sea-cat.

Tolón, s. m. only used in the plural *tolónos*; the same as *tolines*; the lamps.

Tolondro, } s. m. a swelling

Tolondrón, } bunch made by a blow; (metaph.) a blunder, a blundering fellow; also a knock or blow.

Tólva, s. f. the bin of a mill, out of which the corn runs by a tunnel to the stones and is ground.

Tolvanera, s. f. a whirlwind of dust a column of dust raised by a whirlwind.

Toma, s. f. the act of taking what is given.—*Toma*, the taking by force of arms a fortress, or the like.—*Toma*, the taking as much as is taken at one time with the fingers or with the hand; as *una toma de tabaco*, a pinch of snuff.—*Toma*, an aperture made to take water out of a river for the use of a mill or the like.

Tomada, s. m. the same as *toma*.

Tomadéro, s. m. the part at which any thing is taken.—*Tomadéro*, the aperture made to take water out of a river.

Tomado, s. m. an ornament formerly used in dress.

Tomador, s. m. he who takes.

Tomadura, s. f. a taking.

Tomajón, s. m. one that takes every thing.

Tomamiento, s. m. a taking.

Tomár, v. a. to take; also to trust.—*Tomár por tal parte*, to strike up such away.—*Tomár el nombre*, to take the word, as among soldiers.—*Tomar prestado*, to borrow.—*Tomar la sangre*, to stanch bleeding.—*Tomar de coro*, to learn by heart.—*Tomar el sol, o altura*, to take the sun's altitude.—*Tomar la voz*, to take part with one.—*Tomar el cielo, con las manos*, to rave, to aim at impossibilities, like reaching to heaven.—*No sabéis con quién os tomáis*, you do not know who you have to deal with.—*Cosa de dar y tomar*, a troublesome affair, a business of debate.—*Tomar las de villa diego*, to run away.—*Tomarse de orin*, to grow musty, to grow rusty.—*Tomarse del vino*, to grow drunk.—*Tomase esa!* take that! a phrase used on giving a blow to another.—Prov. *Mas vale an toma que dos te daré*, once taken, is better than twice I'll give you; a bird in the hand is worth two in the bush.—Prov. *Tómame acuestas, sobrás lo que peso*, take me upon your back, and you'll know what I weigh. Said when one seems to make slight of another.

Tomate, s. m. a red fruit so called.

Tomillar, s. m. a ground where thyme grows.

Tomillo, s. m. the herb thyme.—*Olér la mugér á tomillo*, is to be a clean sweet woman.

Tomín, s. m. a weight of twelve grains.

Tominejo, s. m. a very small bird in the West-Indies.

Tomiza, s. f. a small cord made of *esparto*.

Tómo, s. m. a tome or volume; also weight, bulk, substance; also value, importance.

Ton, s. m. a tune.—*Sin ton, ni son*, without any reason, out of all order or due measure, without any just motive.—*A qué tón ó són viene esto?* what is the reason of that?

Tóna, s. f. the surface of any liquor.

Tonada, s. f. a tune.

Tonadica, } s. f. a song mostly

Tonadilla, } sung to the guitar, very brisk and cheerful.

Tonante, adj. thundering; the epithet given to Jupiter.

Tonar, v. u. to thunder.

Tondino, s. m. in architecture, a moulding so called.

Tonel, s. m. a cask.

Tonelada, s. f. a tun; that is, two pipes, or four hogsheads; also a ton weight.

Toneléjo, s. m. a little vessel.

Tonelero, s. m. a cooper.

Toneléte, s. m. a sort of cap the men at arms formerly wore, when their helmet hung at the saddle.

Tonina, s. f. a fresh tunny fish.

Tono, s. m. a tune. Also a ton in music.—*Salir de tono*, to be out of tune.—*Tóno entero*, a whole note, or tone, or an integer, or the distance that

to run away.—*Tomarse de orin*, to grow musty, to grow rusty.—*Tomarse del vino*, to grow drunk.—*Tomase esa!* take that! a phrase used on giving a blow to another.—Prov. *Mas vale an toma que dos te daré*, once taken, is better than twice I'll give you; a bird in the hand is worth two in the bush.—Prov. *Tómame acuestas, sobrás lo que peso*, take me upon your back, and you'll know what I weigh. Said when one seems to make slight of another.

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is betwixt any two notes, except *mi* and *fa*, betwixt which there is but the less half note. Vide Morley, p. 2.

Tonsúra, s. f. the tonsure or shaving on the head which denotes a churchman.

Tonsurador, s. m. one who shaves.

Tonsurar, v. a. to shave.

Tontáda, s. f. a silly saying, or action.

Tontaménte, adv. sillily, foolishly.—*A tontás, y á locas*, foolishly, madly.

Tontazo, s. m. a great silly fellow.

Tontear, v. n. to play the fool.

Tontecer, v. n. to grow foolish, to be stupidified.

Tontedad, s. f. folly, simplicity, also a heaviness or dulness in the head.

Tanteria, s. f. silliness, folly.

Tontillo, s. m. a little fool; also a hoop, such as are yet used at court by ladies.

Tonto, s. m. a fool, an idiot, a silly fellow, a booby.

Tonto, adj. foolish, silly; also heavy, dull.

Topa, s. f. a pulley.

Topacio, s. m. the precious stone called a topaz.

Topar, v. a. to find, to meet, to run against.—*Topar hago*, (in cant) to cheat at cards.

Tópe, s. m. a jostle, running against a thing; also the top of a mast, or the like.—*Hasta el tope*, up to the top, as far as it will go.

Topetar, v. n. to butt with the head as bulls do; to stumble, to fall in the dark, to reel, to stagger, to blunder.

Topetón, s. m. a jostle, a stumble, a blunder.

Topo, s. m. a mole; also a league and a half.

Topographia, s. f. topography, the description of a place.

Topográfico, relating to topography.

Topógrafo, s. m. a topographer.

Toque, s. m. a touch.—*Tique del oro*, a touch-stone to try gold, or the touching gold on it.—*Tóque de alambór*, the beat of a drum.—*Dar á uno un toque*, to give a man a hint of a thing.

Toquero, s. m. a weaver of a fine sort of head-dresses women wear in Spain.

Toquilla, s. f. a handband, a little woman's head-dress, or a fine sort of silk, like gauze.

Tóra, s. f. a Jew family; also the tribute that a Jew family paid.

Tórada, s. f. a number of bulls.

Tóral, adj. strong, that has most strength.—*Tóral*, virgin, natural yellowish; said of wax.

Torbellino, s. m. a whirlwind; also a very quick person.

Torcecuello, s. m. a bird called a wryneck; in falconry, the tassel-hawk, or the male.

Torcedizo, adj. twisted, or that may be twisted.

Torcedór, s. m. a twister, an instrument to twist with, or the persons that twist; (metaph.) he that screws, or forces any thing out of another by indirect means.

Torcedúra, s. f. twisting; also a liquor made of grapes after the wine is squeezed out, by pouring in water and pressing them over again.

Torcér, v. a. to twist, to wrench, to wrest, to wind; (metaph.) to be out of the way.

Tórche, s. m. a sort of head-stay women used.

Torcida, s. f. a wick for a lamp.

Torcidaménte, adv. twistedly, crookedly.

Torcimiento, s. m. a twisting, wrenching, or wresting.

Tordillo, s. m. a flea-bitten horse.

Tórdo, s. m. the bird called a thrush.—*Tórde*, adj. painted black and white like a thrush; said of the colour of some horses.

Toreador, s. m. one that fights bulls on horseback in bull-feasts.

Torear, v. n. to fight a bull on horse-back in bull feasts.

Toréo, s. m. the practice or the art of fighting bulls.

Torero, s. m. one that deals in bulls; also a bull fighter on foot.

Torète, s. m. a lively young bull.

Toril, s. m. an ox-stall; the place where they shut up the bulls for the bull-feasts.

Torillo, s. m. a little bull.

Toriónda, s. f. a cow that is in lust.

Torloróto, s. m. a sort of musical instruments among shepherds.

Torménta, s. f. a storm, a tempest.

Tormentador, s. m. a tormentor.

Tormentár, v. a. to torment.

Tormento, s. m. torment, great pain, a rack.—*Tormento de cuerda*, a way of racking a man.

Tormentoso, adj. stormy.

Tórmo, s. m. a rock that stands by itself separate from all others.

Tórna, s. f. restitution.

Tornabóda, s. f. the second day's feast at a wedding.

Tornáda, s. f. a return; also a turn about.

Tornadizo, adj. that has been turned or may be turned, a turncoat, a runagate.

Tornadúra, s. f. a land measure of about ten feet.

Tornár, v. a. to turn, to return, to restore.—*Tornar la comida*, to cast up what one has eaten, to vomit.—*Tornár á un negocio de nuevo*, to begin afresh, to begin afresh, to go upon a business.—*Tornár en sí*, to come to oneself, after being in a swoon, or the like.

Tornasól, s. m. the plant called turnsol. It is also any changeable colour.

Tornasoládo, adj. of a changeable colour.

Tornatíl, adj. that turns easily.

Torneador, s. m. one that exercises himself in tournaments, or tilting.

Torneamiento, s. m. a tournament; also a turning.

Tornear, v. a. to turn as turners do; also to tilt, to run at tilt.

Tornéo, s. m. a tournament or tilting.

Tornera, s. f. a nun charged with the *torno de monjas*, (which see.)

Tornéro, s. m. a turner.

Tornillero, s. m. a deserter, a soldier that quits his regiment without leave.

Tornillo, s. m. a screw, a vice, a little turn.—*Soldado de tornillo*, a soldier that runs from the army to return home.

Torniscón, s. m. a blow with the back of the hand.

Torno, s. m. a turn, a turner's lathe, a screw.—*Torno de hilar*, a spinning wheel.—*Torno de monjas*, the nun's wheel, a round box standing on one end upon iron pin to turn



round, by which they receive and deliver out what is necessary without being seen.

**Toro**, s. m. a bull.—*Toro*, s. m. in architecture, the torus, the third member of the base.—*Ciérlos son los toros*, without doubt.—*Averse visto en los cuernos del toro*, to have been on the bull's horns; that is to have been in imminent danger.—*Echar la capa al toro*, to throw one's cloak to the bull; to quit all a man has to save himself.

**Torondón**, s. m. vide *Tolondron*.—*Torondón*, a sore caused by a blow.

**Toronja**, s. f. a citron.

**Torongil**, s. m. the herb baum. *Torongin de limónes*, lemon-baum.

**Torónjo**, s. m. a citron-tree.

**Toroso**, adj. strong, robust.

**Torozón**, s. m. the twisting of the guts, the griping of the guts.

**Torpe**, adj. base, vile, filthy, dirty; also dull, slow.

**Torpedad**, s. f. baseness, villainess, dullness, slowness, filth, dirt, turpitude.

**Torpédo**, s. m. a fish so called.

**Torpemente**, adv. basely, vilely, dirtily; also dully, slowly.

**Torpéza**, s. f. baseness, villainess, filth, dirt; also dullness, slowness.—*Torpéza de lengua*, slowness of speech, bad utterance.

**Torrar**, v. a. to toast, to burn the superficies of any thing.

**Torre**, s. f. a tower.—*Torre de homenaje*, the highest, or the strongest tower in a fort.—*Torre mócha*, a plain tower without any battlements about it.—*Torres de viento*, castles in the air.

**Torrear**, v. a. to erect towers about a wall.

**Torrejón**, s. m. a small tower.

**Torrente**, s. m. a torrent, a violent stream.

**Toreón**, s. m. a large tower on a wall or standing by itself.

**Torreoncillo**, s. m. a little tower.

**Torreçilla**, s. f. a turret, or small tower.

**Torreznada**, s. f. a large omelet with small slices of bacon in it.

**Torreznéro**, s. m. a lazy fellow that sits always over the fire, as if he was roasting rashers of bacon.

**Torréño**, s. m. a rasher of bacon.—Prov. *A torreño de tocino, buen golpe de vino*, a rasher of bacon requires a good draught of wine.

**Torreçucla**, s. f. a turret, a little tower.

**Torrído**, adj. torrid, burnt, scorched, parched.

**Tortijas**, s. f. pl. slices of bread soaked in eggs, then fried in oil or butter, and white wine, honey, and cinnamon put over them.

**Torróntes**, s. f. a white grape so called.

**Torta**, s. f. a cake, a tart.

**Tortada**, s. f. a sort of pancake.

**Tortedad**, s. f. crookedness, wryness.

**Tortera**, s. f. a pasty-pan; also a little wooden dish.

**Torticeramente**, adv. unjustly.

**Tortícero**, **Torticera**, adj. unjust; to invade another's rights.

**Tortilla**, s. f. a little cake.—*Tortilla de huevos*, an omelet of eggs.—*Hacerse tortillo*, f. (metaph.) to break any thing.—*Vakarse la tortilla*, f. (metaph.) to happen against one's wishes or expectation.

**Tortólico**, } s. m. dimin. of  
**Tortolillo**, } *tortola*.

**Tortola**, s. f. a turtle dove.

**Tortolilla**, s. f. a little turtle dove.

**Tortolo**, s. m. the male of the turtle dove. Seldom used.

**Tortozón**, s. m. a kind of large grape so called.

**Tortuga**, s. f. a tortoise.

**Tortuosidad**, s. f. crookedness, winding.

**Tortuoso**, adj. crooked, winding.

**Tortura**, s. f. crookedness; also a rack for criminals.

**Torvisco**, s. m. the herb spurge.

**Tórvo**, adj. fierce, frightful, frowning.

**Torzal**, s. m. any thread twisted.

**Torzón**, s. m. the twisting of the guts properly, but used for the grips; from *torcer*, to twist.

**Torzonada**, adj. griped.

**Tos**, s. f. a cough.

**Toscamente**, adv. coarsely, grossly.

**Tóso**, adj. rude, rough unpolished, clownish.

**Tosecilla**, s. f. an affected cough.

**Tosér**, v. n. to cough.

**Tosigo**, s. m. poisonous juice of yew-tree; poison; pain; sorrow.

**Tosigo**, s. m. poison, intoxication; also pain, grief, anguish.

**Tosquedad**, s. f. rudeness, roughness, unpoliteness, clownishness.

**Tostada**, s. f. a toast.

**Tostador**, s. m. a roasting iron.

**Tostar**, v. a. to toast, to parch.

**Tostón**, s. m. an old name for half a piece of eight; but in Portugal, a *toston* is an hundred reis, worth seven-pence. *Pan toston*, puff-paste, cake or crust.

**Tostones**, s. m. pl. the pease they call *garbanzos* when toasted.

**Totál**, adj. total, entire.

**Totalidad**, s. f. totality, whole quantity.

**Totalmente**, adv. totally, entirely.

**Totilimundi**, s. f. a raree-shew, a shew carried in a box.

**Totovia**, s. m. a lark.

**Toucán**, s. m. a bird in Brasil about the bigness of a mag-pye.

**Toxéada**, adj. poisoned.

**Toxico**, s. m. poison.

**Tóxo**, s. m. a kind of broom.

**Tóza**, s. f. vide *Tocán*.

**Tozal**, s. m. an high and eminent place.

**Tozudo**, *da*, adj. obstinate.

**Tozuélo**, s. m. the neck of any animal.

**Trába**, s. f. a linking, knitting or joining together; also an impediment or hindrance.

**Trabacuenta**, s. f. an error, a mistake in an account; also a quarrel, a dispute.

**Trabadera**, s. m. the thinner part of a beast's foot.

**Trabadura**, s. f. joining together.

**Trabado**, adj. linked, knit, or joined together.

**Trabajado**, adj. troubled, pained, grieved.

**Trabajador**, s. m. a labourer.

**Trabajar**, v. a. to labour, to work.

**Trabajillo**, s. m. dimin. of *trabajo*.

**Trakjo**, s. m. work, labour, pains, trouble, grief.—*Sacar á uno de trabajos*, to bring a man out of trouble.

**Trabajosamente**, adv. d. f. ficultly, laboriously, troublesomely.

**Trabajoso**, adj. difficult, troublesome.

**Trabál**, adj. large; said of

those nails that serve to nail boards, planks, or beams together.

**Trabár, v. a.** to link, to knit, to join together; also to contend for, to dispute.—*Trabarse de palabras*, to quarrel with one.—*Trabar*, to fight.—*Trabarse de lengua*, is to have any impediment in the tongue, such as one cannot speak.—*Trabar la vista*, to squint.

**Trabazón, s. m.** joining, knitting together; also connection, relation to something.

**Trabe, s. m.** a beam.

**Trabláe, s. f.** dimin. of *traba*.

**Trabón, s. m.** an iron ring that they use to put to the feet of horses to subject them.

**Trabúca, s. f.** a kind of cracker.

**Trabucación, s. f.** a mistake.

**Trabucár, v. a.** to overthrow, to overturn, to turn topsy-turvy, to cast down.

**Trabucázo, s. m.** a blunderbuss's shot; also a great and sudden fright.

**Trabúco, s. m.** a catapult; a balista; an engine to cast great stones and darts or any other engine of that nature; a blunderbuss.

**Tracamundáno, s. f.** a ridiculous exchange of any thing of no value.

**Trachéa, s. f.** the artery called *trachéa*, the weasand or wind-pipe.

**Tráchi, Artería, s. f.** idem.

**Tracias, s. m.** north-north west. Not used.

**Tracista, s. m.** a contriver, one that draws the model of a work, an architect; also a sharper, a cheat.

**Trácto, s. m.** a space of time that passes or is passed.

**Tradición, s. f.** a tradition.

**Traducción, s. f.** translation.

**Traducir, v. a.** to translate, also to change.

**Traductor, s. m.** a translator.

**Trafagar, v. n.** to remove things from one place to another; also to traffick.

**Trafágo, s. m.** removing of goods from one place to another, traffick, bustling, motion.

**Trafagón, s. m.** a trading man; also a busy body.

**Trafalméjo, adj.** bold, courageous.

**Traficar, v. a.** to traffick.

**Tráfigo, s. m.** traffick.

**Tragacántha, s. f.** tragacanth, a root; also gum dragant.

**Tragacéte, s. m.** a kind of dart or javelin.

**Tragadéro, s. m.** the throat, the gullet.

**Tragador, s. m.** a swallower, a devourer, a glutton.

**Tragafées, s. m.** a traitor.

**Tragaldábas, s. m.** a glutton.

**Tragaléguas, s. m.** a great runner, speaking of horses or men.

**Tragalúz, s. f.** a window made on the top of a house, a skylight.

**Tragamállas, s. m.** a devouring fellow, a glutton, a comorant; also a blustering bully.

**Tragantáda, s. f.** a very large draught.

**Tragantón, s. m.** a glutton, a devourer, a nasty feeder.

**Tragar, v. a.** to swallow, to devour.—*No poder tragar á uno*, f. to hate, to abhor, or detest any one.

**Tragazón, s. m.** devouring, gluttony, gormandizing.

**Tráge, s. m.** apparel, garb.—*Prov. Con buen tráge se encubre ruin linage*, good garb hides a base pedigree.

**Trageár, v. a.** to dress a person.

**Tragedia, s. f.** a tragedy; also any mournful event.—*Parar en tragedia*, f. (metaph.) to have a bad end.

**Tragédico, adj.** tragical.

**Tragélapho, s. m.** an animal of the stag kind so called.

**Tragicamente, adv.** tragically.

**Trágico, adj.** tragical.

**Tragicomédia, s. f.** a tragicomedy.

**Tragín, s. m.** carriage or convenience for carriage.

**Traginar, v. a.** to transport or carry goods from one place to another.

**Traginéro, s. m.** a carrier, a person that removes goods from place to place.

**Tragino, s. m.** vide *Tragin*.

**Trágo, s. m.** a plant so called.

**Trago, s. m.** a draught of any liquor, a gulp (metaph.) adversity, misfortune, disgrace.—*Trágo de amargura*, a bitter draught, a grievous accident.

**Tragón, s. m.** a glutton.

**Tragoncillo, s. m.** a little glutton.

**Tragonia, s. f.** gluttony.

**Tragopána, } s. f. a large**

**Tragopanáde, } bird so called.**

**Traguillo, } s. m. a little**

**Traguito, } draught, a gulp.**

**Trahedor, s. m.** he that brings or carries.

**Traher, v. a.** to fetch, to bring, to wear; also to draw.—*Traher*, to persuade, to engage.—

*Traherse bien*, to be nicely dressed.—*Traher al ojo*, to observe attentively.—*Traher á mal traher*, to abuse one.—*Traher en lenguas*, to censure, to speak ill of one.—*Traher las piernas*, to rub the legs.

**Trabida, s. f.** bringing, fetching.

**Trahiente, adj.** one who brings.

**Trabilla, s. f.** the leash for a dog; also a sort of cart made use of to carry earth.

**Trahillar, v. a.** to level the ground.

**Traición, s. f.** treason.—*La traición place, mas no el que la hace*, ref. the treason pleases many, but nobody likes the traitor.—

**Traidór, s. m.** a traitor.—*Traidór*, adj. treacherous.

**Traidoraménte, adv.** treacherously.

**Traidoreico, s. m.** dimin. of *traidor*.

**Trainel, s. m.** a pimp's servant.

**Traite, s. m.** dressing of cloth.

**Tráma, s. f.** the woof, in weaving of cloth; (metaph.) a plot, a cunning contrivance.

**Tramadór, s. m.** the person who plots or contrives.

**Tramar, v. a.** to plot, to contrive; also to warp, to weave.

**Trámite, s. m.** a path.

**Trámo, s. m.** a piece of any thing; particularly a piece of land.—*Trámo de cordel*, a piece of rope.

**Tramójo, adj.** the lowest or hardest part of the reed of any grain.—*Buen tramójo tiene que roer*, he has a good weed to gnaw. We say he has a hard bone to pick.

**Tramontána, s. f.** the north-wind; (metaph.) vanity, pride, vain magnificence.

**Tramontáno, adj.** ultramontane, that lives beyond the mountains.

**Tramontár, v. a.** to go down or set as the sun does.—*Al tramontar del sol*, at sun-set.

**Tramóya, s. f.** a machine such as they have in the play-houses for show, to bring down



- angels in clouds, or the like; (metaph.) a cheat, a fraud, a deceitful contrivance.—*Pantas de tramoya*, a sort of lace.
- Tramoyista, s. m. an engine maker; also a cheat, a deceiver.
- Trampa, s. f. a trap-door, a pitfall to catch wild beasts, a trap, a snare; (metaph.) a cheat, a deceit, a fraud.
- Trampales, s. m. pl. sloughs, dirty miry places, where beasts are stuck fast.
- Trampantojo, s. m. a trick or cheat put upon a man before his face.
- Trampear, v. n. to trick, to cheat, to cozen, to defraud, to play the knave.
- Trampalla, s. f. a little trap-door, trap, or cheat.
- Trampista, s. m. a tricking cheating fellow.
- Tramposillo, s. m. a little knavish cheating fellow.
- Tramposo, adj. tricking, deceitful, a tricking cheating fellow.
- Tranca, s. f. a door or window-bar, or the like.
- Trancada, s. f. a fillet, a hair-lace.
- Trancahilo, s. m. any thing that is bound with thread or cord.
- Trancar, v. a. vide Atrancar.
- Trancazo, s. m. a blow with a bar or pole.
- Trance, s. m. a ticklish or dangerous point. In buying and selling, the transferring of goods from the seller to the buyer.—*Trance riguroso*, a dreadful circumstance.—*Trance de armas*, a battle.
- Transelia, s. m. vide Trenchelín.
- Tranchete, s. m. a shoemaker's knife.
- Tranco, s. m. a large stride.
- Tranquera, s. f. a palisade.
- Tranquilamente, adv. peaceably, quietly, calmly.
- Tranquilar, v. a. to quiet, to appease.
- Tranquilidad, s. f. tranquillity, quietness, calmness.
- Tranquilizar, v. a. to quiet, to calm, to appease.
- Tranquilo, adj. calm, still, quiet.
- Tranquilla, f. a little bar for a door or window.
- Transacción, s. f. transaction.
- Transcendente, adj. transcending, surpassing.
- Transcender, v. a. to transcend, to surpass.
- Transcribir, v. a. to transcribe, to copy.
- Transcurso, s. m. process of time.
- Transferir, v. a. to transfer.
- Transfiguración, s. f. the feast of our Saviour's Transfiguration; a changing of shape or figure.
- Transfigurar, v. a. to transfigure, to change the shape or figure.
- Transfixo, adj. transfixed, pierced.
- Transformación, s. f. metamorphosis, transformation, changing of form.
- Transformador, s. m. a transformer, or changer of forms.
- Transformamiento, s. m. vide Transformacion.
- Transformar, v. a. to transform, to change forms.—*Transformarse*, v. r. to transform one's self.
- Transformativo, adj. having the power or quality of transforming.
- Transfuga, s. m. a run-away.
- Transfundir, v. a. to transfuse.
- Transfusión, s. f. transfusion, a pouring liquor from one vessel into another.
- Transgredir, v. a. to transgress.
- Transgresión, s. f. a transgression, offence.
- Transgresor, s. m. a transgressor.
- Transición, s. f. a transition, passing from one thing to another.
- Transido, adj. starved with hunger, thirst, or cold.
- Transigir, v. a. to pass an agreement.
- Transitar, v. n. to pass.
- Transito, s. m. a passage, the passing from one place to another.
- Transitorio, adj. transitory, that passes away.
- Traducción, s. f. translation.
- Transmarino, adj. beyond the sea, ultramarine.
- Transmigración, s. f. a transmigration.
- Transmigrar, v. n. to remove from one country to another.
- Transmisible, adj. that which may be transmitted.
- Transmitir, v. a. to transmit.
- Transmutable, adj. changeable from one thing to another.
- Transmutación, s. f. a changing from one thing to another.
- Transmutar, v. a. to change from one thing to another.
- Transparencia, s. f. transparency.
- Transparentarse, v. a. to be transparent.
- Transparente, adj. transparent.
- Transpiración, s. f. transpiration, perspiration.
- Transpirar, v. n. to transpire, to perspire.
- Transportación, s. f. transportation.
- Transportar, v. a. to transport.
- Transportin, s. m. an upper mattress upon a bed.
- Transposición, s. f. transposition.
- Transpuesto, adj. transposed.
- Transubstanciación, s. f. transubstantiation.
- Transubstanciar, v. a. to change one substance into another.
- Transversal, adj. overthwart, across.
- Tranzadera, s. f. a knot.
- Tranzar, v. a. vide Trenzar.
- Trapacero, s. m. cheating fellow, an extortioner.
- Trapacete, s. m. a broker's or a banker's book.
- Trapacista, s. f. a cheat in buying or selling, an extortioner in lending of money; a broker, a banker.
- Trapajo, s. m. a clout, a rag.
- Trapala, s. f. a confused noise of treading with the feet, or stamping of horses; (metaph.) the noise of babbling.
- Trapaza, s. f. a cheat, a fraud.
- Trapazo, s. m. a knavish trick; also a waggish saying or action.
- Traperia, s. f. a place full of rags, or where they buy and sell rags, rag-fair.
- Trapero, s. m. a rag-merchant.
- Trapiche, s. m. a sugar-mill.
- Trapillo, s. m. a little clout or rag.—*Un mal trapillo*, a pitiful scoundrel.—*La fiesta del trapillo*, the feast of St. Mark; so called at Madrid, because on that day all the rabble and ragged crew go abroad into the fields to be merry.
- Trápo, s. m. a clout, a rag.—*Al atar de los trápos*, at the binding up of the rags. We say, at the winding up of the

bottom.—Prov. *Al descabrido, nunca le falta un trépo que rōto que sōno*, he that has his head broke never wants a rag whole or torn. When a man has a misfortune, somebody or other pities and relieves him, though it be but poorly. — *Trapos*, pl. the foul linen when the laundress has it to wash.

*Traque*, s. m. the noise of a cracker when bursting.

*Traqueadora*, s. f. a turbulent, troublesome woman.

*Traquear*, v. n. to cry like a stork, to clatter like a drum.

*Traquido*, s. m. the report of a gun, the noise of a drum, or the like.

*Traquin*, s. m. (in cant) a pick-pocket.

*Tras*, adv. after, behind. — *Ir tras el ladrōn*, to pursue a thief. — *Tras el vengo yo*, I come in pursuit of him; or, I am next in order to him. — *Tris tras*, s. m. a noise.

*Trasafiejo*, adj. three years old.

*Trasca*, s. m. a thick strap.

*Trascantōn*, s. m. a by-corner; also a wound or blow given on turning the corner of a street, by ruffians who lie in wait.

*Trascordado*, adj. forgotten. — *Trascordado*, s. m. a forgetful man. — *Sois un trascordado*, you forget every thing, you never mind your business.

*Trascordarse*, v. r. to forget one's self, or to fall asleep.

*Trascorrāl*, s. m. a back-yard.

*Trasegador*, s. m. one that racks, pours, or conveys from one vessel to another.

*Trasegar*, v. a. to rack, to pour, to convey from one vessel into another.

*Trasero*, adj. that comes behind, hindermost, backward. — *Trasero*, s. m. the breech.

*Trasfiguraciōn*, s. f. v. Transfiguration.

*Trasfigurar*, v. a. vide Transfigurar.

*Transformaciōn*, s. f. vide Transformaciōn.

*Transformar*, v. a. vide Transformar.

*Trasco*, s. m. an hobgoblin, an apparition; a ghost, a fairy.

*Trasguar*, v. n. to play the hob-goblin.

*Trashoguero*, s. m. an iron back to a chimney; a great log of wood to lay behind the fire.

*Trashojár*, v. a. to turn over the leaves of a book.

*Trashumar*, v. a. to pass from the pastures to the mountains, or the contrary. Said of the flocks.

*Trasiego*, s. m. the passing of a thing from one place to another.

*Traslaciōn*, s. m. a translation.

*Traslador*, s. m. a translator.

*Trasladár*, v. a. to translate.

*Traslado*, s. m. a copy of writing.

*Traslapár*, v. a. vide Solapar.

*Trasluciente*, adj. transparent.

*Traslucir*, v. a. to shine through; to be transparent; to perceive, to conceive, to see into, to understand. — *Traslucirse una cosa*, to have some knowledge or insight into a thing; also to be transparent.

*Trasmallo*, s. m. a close net behind another open one.

*Trasmañana*, s. f. the next day after to-morrow.

*Trasmāno*, adv. behind-hand.

*Trasmontānos*, s. m. pl. the people beyond the mountains.

*Trasmontár*, v. n. vide Tramontar.

*Trasnochada*, s. f. the passing of a whole night without going to bed.

*Trasnochár*, v. n. to watch all night.

*Traspalár*, v. a. to turn, or to shovel corn, or the like, from one place to another.

*Trasparēnte*, adj. vide Transparente.

*Traspasamiēto*, s. m. a transferring or passing away to another; running through with a weapon.

*Traspasar*, v. a. to transfer, to pass over to another, to run through with a weapon, to pierce with hunger or cold; also to exceed, to transgress. — *Trasparse de hambre*, to be pierced or starving with hunger.

*Traspaso*, s. m. the transferring, or making over of a thing; also a trance, an agony. — *Ayunar al traspasso*, to fast from Maundy Thursday till Holy Saturday at noon, in honour of our Saviour's agony.

*Traspeinar*, v. a. to comb again lightly what was already combed.

*Traspie*, s. m. a trip in wrestling. — *Der trapiés*, to reel, to stagger.

*Traspiellarse*, v. r. to grow lean.

*Trasplantár*, v. a. vide Transplantar.

*Trasponer*, v. a. to transfer, to remove, to transplant, to vanish away, to get out of sight.

— *Trasponerse*, v. r. to fall into a swoon; also to vanish.

*Transportár*, v. a. vide Transportar.

*Traspuēsta*, s. f. a sudden disappearing or getting out of sight.

*Traspuēsto*, adj. disappeared, vanished, got out of sight; also transplanted.

*Trasquarto*, s. m. a back-room.

*Trasquilador*, s. m. a shearer, a clipper.

*Trasquiladura*, s. f. a shearing or clipping.

*Trasquilar*, v. a. to clip, to shear, to cut off the hair or wool.

*Trasquilimōcho*, adj. shorn close.

*Trasquilōnes*, s. m. pl. notches in hair that is ill cut.

*Trasonar*, v. n. to doat, to be beside one's self, as one that is half asleep, to be as it were in a dream.

*Traste*, s. m. the fret of an instrument. — *Dar al traste*, to sink down, to founder at sea.

*Trasteár*, v. to tumble the lumber of a house, to turn it over, to look about among goods.

*Trastejador*, s. m. a tiler; also a mender.

*Trastejadura*, s. f. tiling; also mending and altering.

*Trastejár*, v. a. to mend the tiles of a house; thence to mend other things; also to alter, to contrive, to order; (in cant) to break in at the top of a house.

*Trastejo*, s. m. the tiling of a roof.

*Trastiēda*, s. f. a back shop.

*Trasto*, s. m. a piece of lumber. — *Trastos*, pl. the lumber of a house, household-goods; generally taken for things not in use, or of no use.

*Trastornado*, s. m. a madman or a drunken man.

*Trastornador*, s. m. an overthrower, one that turns things topsy-turvy.

*Trastornadura*, s. f. overthrowing, turning things topsy-turvy.

*Trastornár*, v. a. to overthrow, to turn topsy-turvy. — *Trastornár a uno*, to make a man change his mind or opinion.



- Trastornarse*, v. r. to be drunk or mad.
- Trastravado*, adj. crossed, laid athwart
- Trastrigo*, s. m. better than wheat.—*Buscar pan de trastrigo*, to look for better bread than wheat can make; to be foolishly nice.
- Trastrocadura*, s. f. chopping and changing.
- Trastrocár*, v. a. to chop and change.—*Trastrocarse en las palabras*, to mistake in speaking, to speak one word instead of another.
- Trastruécó*, } s. m. a chopping  
*Trastruéque*, } a changing.
- Trastumbár*, v. n. to fall over and over.
- Trasudár*, v. n. to sweat with fear, fright, or through weakness, to be in a cold sweat.
- Trasunto*, s. m. a copy, a figure, a resemblance, a portraiture.
- Trasvenir*, v. a. to differ, to vary, to disagree.
- Trasvinarse*, v. r. to ooze out of a wine-vessel. Said of wine.
- Tratáble*, adj. tractable, that can be managed.
- Tratádo*, s. m. a treaty, a treatise. It is also used for a strong man that is all bones and sinews.
- Tratadores*, s. m. pl. persons appointed to discuss such matters as are proposed; managers.
- Tratamiento*, s. m. an handling or dealing.
- Tratante*, s. m. a dealer.
- Tratanza*, s. f. (obs.) vide *Trato* and *Tratamiento*.
- Tratár*, v. a. to handle, to deal, to trade, to treat.—*Tratár a uno*, to have to do with a man, to converse with him.
- Tratillo*, s. m. a little trade.
- Tráto*, s. m. trade, traffic, management, handling, dealing. In the university of Alcalá, it signifies the custom they have of vexing new comers, by playing upon them.—*Tráto*, manner, behaviour, way of proceeding in life, and the like.—*Tráto de cuerda*, a way of racking by stretching the joints with ropes.—*Tráto de ble*, double dealing.—*Muger de mal tráto*, a bad woman.
- Travérsas*, s. f. pl. certain ropes in a ship so called.
- Través*, s. m. the inclination or bent of any thing to one of the sides when it ought to go straight-ways.—*Través*, misfortune, mishap.—*Través*, in fortification, a traverse.—*Través*, adv. (*á través*) athwart, across.—*Dar el través*, to be cast away at sea.—*Salir al través*, to come athwart a man.—*Ir al través*, a sea term, our sailors call it hulling; that is, when a ship at sea takes in all her sails in a calm, to save them from beating against the mast; or else in a storm, when it is so fierce they can bear no sail.
- Traversáno*, adj. that lies, or is to lie across or athwart another.
- Travesár*, v. a. vide *Atravesar*.
- Travesear*, v. n. to act in an unquiet manner, to move or proceed irregularly.—*Travesear*, v. n. to think or speak in a witty or lively manner.—*Travesear*, v. n. to live in a loose and immoral manner.
- Traveséro*, adj. that is placed across.—*Flauta travesera*, a german flute.
- Travesía*, s. f. a cross-way, a path across.—*Travesía*, thwarting, crossing.—*Viento de travesía*, a contrary wind.
- Travesura*, s. f. unluckiness, waggishness, wantonness, archness, disorderliness, rakishness.
- Traviésa*, s. f. vide *Travesía*.—*A traviésas*, adv. athwart.
- Traviésó*, adj. unlucky, naughtiness; waggish, rakish, wanton.—*Traviésó*, not docile, stubborn, apt to rebel.
- Trávo*, s. m. (in cant) a fencing-master.
- Trayélla*, s. f. (obs.) vide *Trahilla*.
- Tráza*, s. f. a scheme, a plan.
- Trazador*, s. m. a schemer, a contriver.
- Trazár*, v. a. to scheme, to contrive.
- Trázo*, s. m. the delineation of a plan.—*Los trazos*, pl. in painting, the folds of the drape.
- Trazumarse*, v. r. to transpire.
- Trebédcs*, s. f. a trevet.
- Trebejár*, v. a. to toy, to play, to jest, to dandle, to play with a child.
- Trebéjo*, s. m. a chess or draughtman; also a rattle, or other child's toy.
- Treból*, s. m. the sweet trefoil.—*Treból real*, the large sweet trefoil.
- Trece*, adj. thirteen.—*Estar se en sus trece*, to be positive or obstinate.
- Trecéno*, adj. the thirteenth.
- Trecemesino*, adj. thirteen months old.
- Trecésimo*, adj. the thirtieth.
- Trechél*, s. m. a coarse sort of wheat.
- Trecho*, s. m. a space or distance.—*A trechos*, adv. at distances.
- Trecientos*, adj. three hundred.
- Tréfe*, adj. light, weak, that easily bends and gives way; also troubled with the phtisick.
- Trefedád*, s. f. lightness, weakness, aptness to bow, or give way; also the phtisick.
- Trégue*, s. f. truce; rest.
- Treinta*, adj. thirty.
- Tremblór*, s. m. vide *Temblor*.
- Tremedal*, s. m. a quaking bog, a quagmire.
- Treméndo*, adj. dreadful.
- Trementina*, s. f. turpentine.
- Trementinoso*, adj. full of turpentine.
- Tremér*, v. n. to tremble.
- Tremesino*, adj. three months old.—*Trigo tremesino*, corn that comes up and is ripe in three months.
- Tremielga*, s. f. the cramp-fish that benumbs the hands of those who meddle with it.
- Tremielgo*, s. m. a numbness, a heaviness, a dulness.
- Tremolánte*, adj. flying, waving in the air.
- Tremolár*, v. n. to flutter, to fly, to waver, or play in the air the colours or flags of a ship.
- Tremolina*, s. f. commotion in the air or of the air.—*Tremolina*, a tumult, an uproar.
- Tremór*, s. m. dread, fear, quaking for fear.
- Tremulánte*, adj. vide *Tremolante*.
- Tremulár*, v. n. vide *Tremolar*.
- Tren*, s. m. the train of artillery, ostentation.
- Trépa*, s. f. a belt, a band worn across.—*Trena*, (in cant) a jail, a prison.
- Trenádo*, adj. reticulated.
- Tréncas*, s. f. pl. certain bits of reed put in bee hives for certain purposes.—*Meterse hasta las trenças*, to enter into a bog and get beamed. (Metaphorically) to enter deep into an affair.
- Trencellín*, s. m. } a little tress  
*Trencilla*, s. f. } of hair.
- Trencillo*, s. m. } *Trencillo*, the loop worn on the hat.

**Treno**, s. m. a sort of cart without wheels, a sledge.—*Trena*, (in cant) a prisoner.—*Trenos*, s. m. pl. the lamentations of the prophet Jeremiah.

**Trenza**, s. f. a twist, tresses.

**Trenzadera**, s. f. a frame to weave hair.

**Trenzado**, s. m. the hair twisted into tresses.

**Trenzár**, v. a. to twist into tresses.

**Tréu**, s. m. a very small square sail they hoist out in galleys in a storm.

**Trepa**, s. f. a skip, a jump, a tumble; also the border of a garment; a beating.—*Dár una buena trepa*, to give a good beating.

**Trepadera**, s. f. the herb bindweed.

**Trepador**, s. m. a vaulter, a tumbler, a skipper, a jumper.

**Trepadura**, s. f. a vaulting or tumbling.

**Trepanar**, v. a. to trepan the skull, as surgeons do.

**Trepano**, s. m. a trepan, the tool with which surgeons trepan the skull.

**Trepár**, v. u. to vault, to tumble, to skip, to jump; also to stumble.

**Trepiche**, s. m. vide *Trapiche*.

**Trepidación**, s. f. fear, trembling.

**Trepido**, adj. timorous, fearful.

**Tres**, adj. three.

**Tresaño**, adj. three years old.

**Tresdoblar**, v. a. to triplicate.

**Trésna**, s. f. (obs.) vide *Rastro*.

**Tresquilar**, v. a. vide *Trasquilar*.

**Tréta**, s. f. a trick, a slight, a stratagem, a feint; also craftiness.

**Tréza**, s. f. (in cant) a beast.

**Triaca**, s. f. treacle.

**Triangular**, adj. triangular.

**Triángulo**, s. m. a triangle, a figure that has three sides and angles.

**Triaguero**, s. m. one that makes treacle.

**Tribu**, s. f. a tribe.

**Tribulación**, s. f. tribulation, affliction.

**Tribulár**, v. a. to afflict, to trouble.

**Tribulos**, s. m. pl. briars, brambles.

**Tribuna**, s. f. a tribune or gallery in a church, high above

the people, either for the music, for a prince, or for a person of quality.

**Tribunál**, s. m. a tribunal, a judgment-seat.

**Tribúno**, s. m. a tribune.

**Tributación**, s. f. vide *Tributo*.

**Tributar**, v. a. to pay tribute.

—*Tributar obsequio*, to be very obsequious, to pay great respect to.

**Tributário**, adj. tributary.

**Tributo**, s. m. tribute, tax, duty, imposition.—*Tributo*, a constant duty, an incessant duty.—*Tributo*, (in cant) a woman kept for pleasure.

**Tricésimo**, adj. vide *Trigesimo*.

**Triclinio**, s. m. a dining-room.

**Tricórne**, adj. that has three horns.

**Tridente**, s. m. a trident, a fork with three teeth.

**Triennál**, adj. triennial, of three years.

**Triennio**, s. m. the space of three years.

**Trifaúce**, s. m. that has three jaws, as poets feign Cerberus to have.

**Trifido**, adj. divided in three.

**Trifolio**, s. m. vide *Trebol*.

**Trifórme**, adj. having three forms or figures.

**Trigáza**, s. f. } the wheat-  
Trigázo, s. m. } straw when short and chopped.

**Trigésimo**, adj. the thirtieth.

**Triglifo**, s. f. triglyph, in architecture, an ornament of the Doric frieze, consisting of triangular furrows or gutters.

**Trigo**, s. m. corn, wheat.—*Trigo candéal* or *candial*, fine white wheat.—*Trigo tremesino*, wheat that is ripe in three months.—*Trigo rubion*, red wheat.—*Trigo albín*, the wheat that soonest ripens.—Prov. *Harto trigo tiene mi padre en un cántaro*, my father has corn enough in a pitcher, applied to those who boast of very inconsiderable matters.—Prov. *De trigo ó de avena mi casa llena*, my house full of wheat, or oats; if we cannot have the best, we may be satisfied with plenty of the worst.—Prov. *Siembra trigo en barridál, y pon viña en cascajál*, sow corn in clay, and plant vines in gravel.—Prov. *Todo es nada, sino trigo y cebada*, all is nothing, except wheat and barley; that is, all stores without bread are worth little.

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**Trigonometría**, s. f. trigonometry.

**Trigonétrico**, adj. belonging to trigonometry.

**Triguño**, adj. of a wheat colour.

**Triguera**, s. f. small miller.

**Triguero**, adj. that grows in wheat-lands or corn-fields, as a certain kind of asparagus; that frequents them, as a certain kind of sparrow; or that deals and trafficks in wheat, as a corn-factor.

**Trínigue**, adj. of three tongues.

**Trilla**, s. f. the fish called a mullet.—*rilla*, threshing or treading out the corn.

**Trilladera**, s. f. vide *Trillo*.

**Trillado**, s. m. a beaten road; (metaph.) what is well known.

**Trillador**, s. m. a thresher.

**Trillar**, v. a. to thresh, to tread out corn.—*Trillar*, to frequent, to haunt with frequency.—*Trillar*, to beat, to reprimand.

**Trillazón**, s. f. } a flail; a flat

**Trillo**, s. m. } made of three planks stuck with sharp flints, which they draw and turn over the corn spread on the floor, and it bruises the ear and thrusts out the grain, which seves instead of threshing or treading with oxen, as was anciently used, and is more expeditious than either.

**Trimestre**, s. m. the space of three months.

**Trina**, s. f. a term in heraldry; as, *escudo en trina*, the escutcheon divided into three equal parts, to contain three coats.—*Trina en pal*, the escutcheon divided into two equal parts, and the left subdivided, which makes three.

**Trina**, s. f. three things of the same kind, quality, class, or nature.

**Trincafia**, s. m. a certain manoeuvre so called on board a ship.

**Trincapiñones**, s. m. an idle loitering fellow.

**Trincár**, v. n. to lie close to the wind.—*Trincár*, to cut or break into pieces.—*Trincár*, to go jumping, to jump, to hop.

**Trinchante**, s. m. a carver of meat.—*Trinchante*, the carving knife.

**Trinchár**, v. a. to carve meat.

**Trincha**, } s. f. a trench.

**Trinchera**, }



Trincherár, v. a. to make trenches.

Trinchéro, or Tríncheo, s. m. a trencher, a small dish to cut meat upon, or to help about the carved meat.

Trincherón, s. m. augment. of *trínchea* and *trínchera*.

Trinchète, s. m. vide *Tranchete*.

Trínéo, s. m. vide *Treno*.

Trinidad, s. f. the Blessed Trinity.

Trinitária, s. f. a flower so called.

Trinitário, s. m. the religious belonging to the order of the Trinitarians.

Tríno, adj. three-fold. — *Trino*, that contains three things.

Trinquetáda, s. f. a manner of sailing with only the fore-sail in a storm.

Trínquete, s. m. a tennis-court. — *Trínquete*, s. m. the fore-mast, and the fore-sail in a ship.

Tríones, s. m. a constellation so called.

Tripa, s. f. a gut, a tripe, the paunch. — *Tripa ciega*, the great gut, called the inch-pin. — *Tripas*, pl. the guts. — *Echár las tripas*, to vomit up one's bowels. — Prov. *Las tripas están llenas, que ellas llecan las piernas*, let the guts be full, for it is they that carry the legs. — Prov.

*Tripa llena, ni bien huye, ni bien pelea*, full guts neither run away nor fight well; when a man is too full, he is unfit for any thing. — Prov. *Hacer de tripas corazón*, to make the guts heart; that is, to bully and shew much boldness, when heartily afraid.

Tripartir, v. a. to divide into three parts.

Tripartito, *tá*, adj. what may be divided into three parts.

Tripastos, a pulley formed with three wheels.

Tripe, s. m. shag, a kind of woollen stuff so called.

Tripera, s. f. a tripe-woman.

Triperia, s. f. the tripe-market. — *Triperia*, a heap of tripes, the aggregate of the guts or intestines.

Tripero, s. m. a tripe-man.

Triptóngo, s. m. the union of three vowels pronounced like one.

Tripicalléro, s. m. a tripe-seller.

Tripiña, s. f. a little gut, tripe, or paunch.

Tripitrape, s. m. a mass of trifles or ridiculous things heaped together; a confusion of ideas.

Tripitropa, s. f. a violent-revolution in the guts or intestines.

Tripla, s. f. called by our musicians triple proportion.

Tríplice, adj. triple, treble, three-fold.

Triplícár, v. a. to treble.

Tríplice, adj. that includes three things.

Triplícidad, s. f. triplicity, a term in astrology.

Triplo, adj. vide *Tríplice*.

Tripóda, } s. f. a tripod, a ves-

Tripóde, } sel on a stool that has three legs.

Tripólio, s. m. a plant so called.

Tripón, s. m. a great gut, tripe, or paunch, a great-bellied man.

Triputiár, v. n. to dance merrily and immoderately.

Triputio, s. m. a merry dancing.

Triputo, s. m. a great gutted fellow, all guts.

Triputación, (*de náos*) s. f. the crew of a ship.

Triputár, v. a. to man a ship, to furnish it for navigation. — *Triputár*, to mix, to intermix.

Triquete, a word only used in the adverb *a cada triquete*, at every step.

Triquitraque, s. m. a clattering noise, the chopping of meat, or the like; taken also in a lewd sense. — *¿Que triquitraque tiene?* what a clack she has!

Trireme, s. f. trireme, a kind of galley used by the ancient Romans.

Tris, s. m. an instant. — *Ventr en un tris*, to come in a trice. — *Tris tras*, a clattering noise.

Trisa, s. f. a fish called a shad.

Trisagio, s. m. the thrice repeated song of the Seraphims; and any festivity that lasts three days.

Trisca, s. f. the noise of treading on any brittle thing, as glass, nut-shells, or the like; used also for any other noise.

Triscár, v. n. to make such a noise as that of treading on glass, nut-shells, or the like; to crackle. — *Triscár*, to disturb

others by noise and noisy jokes.

Trisecár, v. a. to cut into three equal parts.

Trisección, s. f. the act of cutting or dividing into three equal parts.

Triste, adj. sad, melancholy-doleful.

Tristeménte, adv. sadly.

Tristéza, s. f. sadness, melancholy, sorrow. — *Tristéza*, (*in cant*) the sentence of death.

Tristiga, s. f. a sewer, a subterranean duct to carry off filth.

Tristor, s. m. } (*obs.*) vide *Tris-*  
Tristúra, s. f. } teza. — *Tristúra*, (*in cant*) the jail, the dungeon.

Trisylabo, adj. that contains three syllables.

Tritónes, s. m. pl. tritons, sea-deities.

Trituración, s. f. trituration.

Triturár, v. a. to triturate, to grind.

Triunfador, s. m. one that triumphs.

Triunfál, adj. triumphal.

Triunfante, adj. triumphant, great, splendid, glorious.

Triunfanteménte, adv. triumphantly, greatly, splendidly.

Triunfar, v. a. to triumph; (*metaph.*) to live great or extravagantly; to trump in playing at cards.

Trúño, s. m. a triumph, a stately procession after victory; also a trump at cards.

Trivial, adj. trivial, trifling, common, vulgar, known to all.

Trivialidad, s. f. any thing that is trivial, trifling, vulgar, or common.

Trivialménte, adv. trivially, commonly, frequently.

Trívio, s. m. the division of a place into three roads.

Triza, s. f. a mite, a fragment, a small part of a thing.

Tróba, s. f. vide *Trova*.

Probadór, s. m. vide *Trova-dor*.

Trobár, v. a. vide *Trovar*.

Trocáble, adj. permutable.

Trocador, s. m. that exchanges or permutes.

Trocamiénte, s. m. vide *Trueque*.

Trocár, v. a. to change, to barter; also to vomit.

Trocátinte, s. m. a ridiculous exchange.

Trócha, s. f. a track or foot step.

**Trochemôche**, adv. at random, disorderly, without regard.—*Hacer las cosas a trochemôche*, to do things at random, or hand over head.

**Trocisco**, s. m. a trochisk; a word used in physic.

**Troco**, s. m. a woman's head-wire.

**Trofeo**, s. m. a trophy.

**Troglodita**, s. m. a troglodyte, a cruel man, a savage.

**Trómpa**, s. f. a straight instrument or trumpet of brass, not winding like a horn.—*Trómpa*, an elephant's trunk, or the trunk of any creature, as flies and goats; a child's trumpet; also a top for boys to whip.—*Trómpa de paris*, a Jew's harp.

—*A trompa y taléga*, adv. confusedly, without any order.

**Trompada**, s. f. a blow given with the tusk, or with a trumpet.—*Trompada*, the blow that two men give each other by suddenly meeting face to face.

**Trompazo**, s. m. a great blow.

**Trompéta**, s. f. a trumpet.

**Trompetár**, v. n. to sound a trumpet.

**Trompetéro**, s. m. a trumpeter.

**Trompicár**, v. n. to stumble often, or violently.

**Trompico**, s. m. a child's top or gig.

**Trompicón**, s. m. a violent stumble.

**Trompillár**, v. n. to jumble together, to stumble, to fall.

**Trómpo**, } s. m. a top to play  
**Trompón**, } with.

**Tronáda**, s. f. a tempest; a thunder-storm.

**Tronador**, s. m. a thunderer.

**Tronár**, v. n. to thunder.

**Troncál**, adj. belonging to a stock or trunk.

**Troncár**, v. a. to cut off short.

**Tronchár**, v. a. to break, to snap off boughs of a tree, or the like.

**Tróncho**, s. m. the stalk of a cabbage, or any other plant of that sort.

**Tronco**, s. m. a stock or trunk of a tree; (metaph.) a body without a head; also a truncheon; a dull senseless fellow; in architecture, the body of a column.

**Troncón**, s. m. a great trunk or stock of a tree, or the like.

**Trouéra**, s. f. a loop-hole to fire through in a wall, the port-

hole in the side of a ship; the embrasures in batteries out of which the cannon fire.—*Trouéra de la llave*, a key-hole.

**Tronido**, s. m. the noise of thunder, or any thing like thunder.

**Tróno**, s. m. a throne, one of the nine choirs or angels.

**Tronquillo**, s. m. a little trunk of a tree, or the like.

**Tronzonár**, v. a. to cut in pieces.

**Tronzuelo**, s. m. a little trunk or stock of a tree, or the like.

**Trópa**, s. f. a troop.

**Tropél**, s. m. a crowd, a multitude of people, or the noise of many people; also confusion, disorder.

**Tropelia**, s. f. an insult, a wrong, an injury.

**Tropelista**, s. m. an insulting person, one that does wrong to others.

**Tropellár**, v. a. vide *Atropellar*.

**Tropezadero**, s. m. a stumbling-place.

**Tropezár**, v. n. to stumble.

**Tropezón**, s. m. a stumble.

**Tropezoso**, adj. apt to stumble.

**Trópico**, s. m. a tropick, of which there are two, that of Cancer, and that of Capricorn.

**Tropiezo**, s. m. a stumble; a stumbling block.

**Tropologia**, s. f. an allegorical discourse, or discourse full of tropes and figures, or for correcting the manners of others.

**Tropológico**, adj. allegorical.

**Troqueo**, s. m. a trochee, a sort of foot in the measure of verses, consisting of the first syllable long, and the second short.

**Trotaconvéntos**, s. m. a galloper from monastery to monastery, a gadding woman.

**Trotador**, s. m. a trotting-horse.

**Trotadura**, s. f. a trotting.

**Trotár**, v. n. to trot as a horse does.—*Agua trotada*, water disturbed by beasts going into it.

**Tróte**, s. m. a horse's trot.

**Trotón**, adj. trotting.

**Trotoneria**, s. f. continual trotting.

**Tróva**, s. f. (obs.) verse.—*Trova*, a metrical composition.

**Trovador**, s. m. a poet, a bard.

—*Trovador*, a troubadour, a verse maker, one who composes metrically.

**Trovár**, v. a. (obs.) to meet by chance.—*Trovár*, v. a. (obs.) to make verses.—*Trovár*, v. a. to imitate a metrical composition.—*Trovár*, to invert the sense of words.

**Trovista**, s. m. a poet, or bard, a verse-maker.

**Trox**, } s. m. a granary to keep  
**Troxé**, } corn in.

**Trózo**, s. m. a truncheon, a piece of wood, or of any other thing.

**Trúcha**, s. f. a trout.—*Trucha salmoneira*, a salmon trout.—Prov. *No se toman trúchas a brágas enxutas*, there is no taking of trout with dry breeches; nothing is to be done without trouble and labour.

**Truchamán**, s. m. an interpreter.

**Truchuêla**, s. f. the fish called poor Jack, but commonly taken for the smaller sort of it; also a little trout.

**Trúco**, s. m. a truck-table to play on, like the play of billiards.

**Truculento**, adj. cruel, bloody, savage.

**Trúe**, s. m. a kind of linen so called.

**Trúeco**, s. m. exchange, barter, permutation.

**Trúeno**, s. m. the noise of thunder, or of any fire-arm.

**Trúeque**, s. m. exchange.

**Trúfa**, s. f. a scoff, a joke, a banter.

**Truhán**, s. m. a buffoon, a jester.

**Truhána**, s. f. a she buffoon, a jester.

**Truhancár**, v. n. to play the buffoon or jester.

**Truhaneria**, s. f. buffoonery, or playing the jester.

**Truhanillo**, s. m. dimin. of *truhán*.

**Trujamán**, s. m. an interpreter; also one who advises another in consequence of his superior skill or practice; also a broker.

**Trujamaneár**, v. a. to interpret, to translate; also to play the broker.

**Trujamania**, s. f. the profession or practice of interpreting; also the art of playing the broker.

**Trúlla**, s. f. a rout of people.



Túfio, s. m. a teal.

Tu, pron. thou. — *Tu por tu*, coarse, or ill language. — *Venir a tu por tu*, to come to abuse one another.

Tubo, s. m. a tube, a pipe.

Tudél, s. m. the little pipe that is put into a sackbut to play, or the reed of the hautboy, or the like.

Tudesco, s. m. a sort of great coat so called.

Tuera, s. f. a kind of gourd which is very bitter. — *Amargo como unas tueras*, extremely bitter.

Tuero, s. m. a fire-brand.

Tuérto, adj. crooked, awry, wrong done; also squint-eyed, or one-eyed. — *Prov. Mas vale tuerto que ciego*, better to be one-eyed than blind. — *Tuertos*, s. m. pl. the twisting of the guts. — *A tuerto y a derecho*, mod. adv. right or wrong, without consideration.

Tuetano, s. m. marrow. — *Hasta los tuétanos*, with all the possible vigour.

Tufarada, s. f. the strong scent that a thing emits.

Túfo, s. m. the steam or exhalation from the earth caused either by natural or by artificial fire. — *Túfo*, the strong scent of burning charcoal, or of any thing else. — *Túfos*, pl. the side locks of hair that hang along the temples. — *Túfos*, pl. pride, arrogance, haughty contempt of.

Tugario, s. m. a hut, a small and poor habitation.

Tuición, s. f. tuition, defence, protection.

Tuitivo, adj. that defends, that protects.

Tulipa, s. f. a small tulip.

Tulipán, s. m. a tulip.

Tullido, s. m. one that is lame of the limbs, disabled, maimed, crippled.

Tullidura, s. f. among falconers, the dung or mewtings of a hawk.

Tullimiento, s. m. maiming, or crippling.

Tullir, v. a. to maim, to cripple, to take away the use of the limbs. — *Tullir*, in falconry, to dung; our falconers call it mewting in the long-winged hawks; and slicing in the short-winged.

Tumba, s. f. tomb, coffin, the arched covering over a grave.

— *Baíl de tumba*, a trunk that has the top round or arched.

— *Tumba*, a tumble, a fall.

Tumbadilo, s. m. a cut in the quarter deck for steering a ship.

Tumbado, adj. rounded on the top like the old-fashioned trunks or coffins.

Tumbaga, s. f. Chinese copper; and also any ring made of that metal.

Tumbagón, s. m. a large ring or bracelet made of *tumbaga*.

Tumbár, v. a. to tumble, to make fall. — *Tumbár*, to tumble as tumblers do. — *Tumbár*, to play one tricks or tease him with mockery. — *Tumbár*, to blunt the taste, to deprive of its strong taste. — *Tumbarse*, v. r. to lay down, especially to sleep.

Túmbo, s. m. a tumble. — *Túmbo*, single chance. — *Túmbo de olla*, the residue in the pot when the meat has been taken out.

Tumbon, s. m. a kind of coach, and a kind of trunk so called.

Tumido, adj. swollen.

Tumór, s. m. a swelling, or any rising.

Túmulo, s. m. a tomb, a sepulchre, a heap of stones, a hillock.

Tumulto, s. m. } a tumult,  
Tumultuación, s. f. { a mutiny,  
a sedition, an uproar, a broil,  
a fray, an insurrection.

Tumultuár, v. n. to make a tumult or mutiny, to raise an uproar or insurrection, to make a fray.

Tumultuariamente, adv. the same as *tumultuosamente*.

Tumultuario, adj. the same as *tumultuoso*.

Tumultuosamente, adv. tumultuously.

Tumultuoso, adj. tumultuous.

Túna, s. f. a kind of American fig, and the tree that produces it. — *Túna*, the idle life that rogues, beggars, and vagabonds live.

Tunál, s. m. the same as *tuna*, when it means a tree.

Tunante, s. m. a mumper, a beggar, a rogue, a vagabond.

Tunar, v. n. to mump, to beg.

Túnda, s. f. a beating. — *Túnda*, the shearing of cloth.

Tundición, s. f. the act of shearing cloth.

Tundidor, s. m. a clock-worker, a shearer of cloth.

Tundúra, s. f. a shearing of cloth.

Tundir, v. a. to shear cloth.

Tundizno, s. m. the hair of the cloth when sheared.

Túnica, s. f. a tunick, tunicle, part of the Roman dress, part of a religious man's dress, covering, integument.

Tunjeón, s. f. a little shirt, vest, or garment; also the thin film that is over a nut, or the like.

Túpa, s. f. the eating to satiety.

Túpe, s. m. a toupet; the hair of the forehead put over the wig.

Tupir, v. a. to thicken or mill cloth. — *Tupirse*, v. r. to fill the belly.

Túra, s. f. (obs.) lasting, duration, continuance.

Turár, v. n. (obs.) to last.

Túrba, s. f. a rout, a rabble, a multitude; also turf or peat to burn.

Turbación, s. f. disorder, confusion, trouble, surprize.

Turbadamente, adv. disorderly, confusedly, surprisedly.

Turbado, adj. disordered, in a confusion, surprised, astonished, out of countenance.

Turbador, s. m. one that causes any kind of disturbance.

Turbamulta, s. f. a crowd, a great concourse of people.

Turbante, s. m. a turban, the covering for the head worn by Mahometans.

Turbár, v. a. to trouble, to alter or change the usual order or disposition of things. — *Turbarse*, v. r. to be surprised or amazed, to be out of countenance.

Turbativo, adj. that disturbs, confounds, puts in disorder.

Turbiár, v. a. (obs.) vide *Turbar*.

Tárbido, adj. vide *Turbio*.

Turbino, s. m. powder of turbit.

Tárbio, adj. thick, troubled, puddly, disturbed.

Turbión, s. m. a sudden short storm, a strong gust of wind.

Turbioso, adj. (obs.) vide *Turbis*.

Turbit, s. m. an Indian root so called.

Turbulencia, s. f. turbulence, unquietness, restlessness.

Turbulentamente, adv. turbulently.

- Turbulento**, adj. turbulent, troublesome, quarrelsome.  
**Turco**, s. m. (in cant) wine; also a Turk; adj. Turkish.  
**Turdiga**, s. f. a certain part of an ox's hide.  
**Turgencia**, s. f. swelling; a medical term.  
**Turgente**, adj. swelling; said of the bodily humours; a medical word.  
**Turlerin**, s. m. (in cant) a thief.  
**Túrma**, s. m. the testicle of any creature. — *Túrma de tierra*, vide Criadilla.  
**Turnár**, v. n. to do any thing among many, each in his turn.  
**Túrno**, s. m. a turn. — *Túrno*, adj. goggle-eyed; also stern.  
**Túrno**, s. m. vide Turnio.  
**Turón**, s. m. a field mouse.  
**Turquesa**, s. f. a Turkey stone; also a mould to cast bullets in.  
**Turquesado**, adj. blue, of the colour of a Turkey stone.  
**Turqui**, adj. blue, very dark.  
**Tuquia**, s. f. (in cant) a pistol.  
**Turrár**, v. a. to toast, to scorch.  
**Turrón**, s. m. a sweetmeat made of almonds with honey. — *Turrón*, (in cant) a stone.  
**Turrenada**, s. f. (in cant) a stroke of a stone.  
**Turronéro**, s. m. one that makes or sells the sweetmeat called *turrón*.  
**Turumbón**, s. m. a rub or rising in any thing; a knob on a place or thing that should be smooth.  
**Tus**, pron. poss. pl. thy; as, *tus amigos*, thy friends.  
**Tusár**, v. a. (obs.) to cut, to shear, to poll the hair.  
**Tusón**, s. m. a fleece. — *Caballero de la orden del tóison*, a knight of the golden fleece.  
**Tusóna**, s. f. a strumpet, a prostitute.  
**Tusilágo**, s. f. colt's foot.  
**Tutáno**, s. m. vide Tuetáno.  
**Tutear**, v. a. to speak familiar with one's superiors.  
**Tutela**, s. f. tutorship, guardianship.  
**Tutelár**, adj. tutelar.  
**Tuthia**, s. f. vide Atuthia.  
**Tutór**, s. m. a tutor, a guardian.  
**Tutoria**, s. f. tutorship, guardianship.  
**Tutriz**, s. f. a female guardian, a protectress.  
**Túyo**, pron. thine. — *Soi túyo*, I am thine. — *El mio y el túyo*, meum et tuum. — *Los túyos*, thine, those of thy party; thy kindred.  
**Tymbál**, s. m. a kettle-drum.  
**Tymbaléro**, s. m. a kettle drummer.  
**Týmbre**, s. m. the crest of a helmet or of a coat of arms. — *Týmbre*, any glorious deed.  
**Týmpañillo**, s. m. dimin. of *týmpano*.  
**Týmpano**, s. m. a kettle-drum. In anatomy the drum of the ear.  
**Typhón**, s. m. a whirlwind.  
**Týpo**, s. m. a type, an emblem.  
**Typographia**, s. f. typography; the art of printing.  
**Typógrapho**, s. m. a printer.  
**Tyrania**, s. f. tyranny.  
**Tyranamente**, adv. tyrannical-ly.  
**Tyránico**, adj. tyrannical, belonging to tyranny.  
**Tyranillo**, s. m. a little tyrant.  
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## U.

- U****Bérzimo**, adj. superl. most most fruitful, abundant, and fertile.  
**Ubicación**, s. f. ubication, local relation.  
**Ubicádo**, da p. p. from *ubicar-se*.  
**Ubicarse**, v. r. to be in a certain place.  
**Ubio**, s. m. (obs.) vide Yugo.  
**Ubiquidad**, s. f. ubiquity, omnipresence.  
**Ubre**, s. f. the udder of any creature.  
**Ubrera**, s. f. a sort of sore in a child's mouth.  
**Uce**, a rustic word; the same as *vuestra merced*, your worship.  
**Ucencia**, s. f. the same as *vuestra excellencia*, your excellency.  
**Ufonamente**, adv. briskly, contentedly, mettlesomely; also conceitedly.  
**Ufanarse**, v. r. to be conceited, to boast; also to be merry or brisk.  
**Ufanéro**, s. m. (obs.) a boaster.  
**Ufanéza**, } s. f. a boast, brag,  
**Ufanía**, } vain-glory, pride  
**Ufanídad**, } selfishness, love.  
**Ufano**, adj. presumptuous, arrogant, elated, full of satisfaction; also conceited.  
**Ulcér**, } s. f. an ulcer.  
**Ulcera**, }  
**Ulceración**, s. f. ulceration.  
**Ulcerádo**, da p. p. from *ulcerar*.  
**Ulcerar**, v. n. to ulcerate.  
**Ulcérso**, adj. full of ulcers.  
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**Ultimadamenté**, } adv. lastly.  
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**Ultimar**, v. a. to finish, to put an end to.  
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**Ultrajar**, v. a. to commit outrage, to wrong, to abuse, to affront, to reproach.  
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**Ultrajosamente**, adv. abusively, reproachfully.  
**Ultrajoso**, adj. abusive, reproachful, affronting.  
**Ultramarino**, adj. foreign, that is or comes from beyond the sea.  
**Ultramontáno**, adj. on the farther side, or beyond the mountain.  
**Ultriz**, adj. (fem.) that revenges.  
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without requiring any search or inquiry.

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Umbría, s. f. any shady place.

Umbríoso, } adj. shady, full of  
Umbróso, } shade.

Un, adj. m. one. — *Un hombre*, one man; *un cabello*, a hair; ever used before a substantive masculine; for in other cases it is *uno*, as if one asks how many? the answer is, *uno*, or *una*.

Úna, adj. (fem.) one; *una mugér*, one woman. — *La una*, one of the clock. — *A una*, together at once.

Unánime, adj. unanimous.

Unanimamente, adv. unanimously.

Unanimidad, s. f. unanimity.

Úncia, s. f. an ancient coin, whose value is not known.

Unción, s. f. unction, anointing. — *Extrema unción*, the sacrament of extreme unction given only to people in a dying condition.

Unciones, pl. salivation. — *Por pedir pedira la unción*, rather than not beg, he will beg the extreme unction.

Uncido, da, p. p. from *uncir*.

Uncionario, ria, adj. who takes the salivation.

Uncir, v. a. to yoke oxen.

Undecágono, s. m. a figure of eleven angles or sides.

Undécimo, adj. eleventh.

Undisóno, adj. making a sound like water falling.

Undoso, adj. wavy, full of waves; used only by poets; as *mar undoso*, the wavy sea.

Ungarina, s. f. a man's coat made in the Hungarian fashion.

Ungüivento, s. m. vide *Uncion*.

Ungir, v. a. to anoint.

Ungentario, s. m. a maker or seller of ointments.

Ungüenta, } s. m. ointment.  
Ungüento, }

Unicamente, adv. singularly.

Unicaúle, adj. that has but one stalk.

Único, adj. singular, the only one.

Unicórnio, s. m. an unicorn.

Unidad, s. f. unity.

Unidamente, adv. jointly.

Unificar, v. a. to make one of many by union or mixture.

Uniformar, v. a. to make uniform.

Uniforme, adj. uniform.

Uniformemente, adv. uniformly.

Uniformidad, s. f. uniformity.

Unigénito, adj. the only begotten.

Unión, s. f. union.

Unido, da, p. p. from *unir*.

Unir, v. a. to unite.

Unisóno, adj. unison.

Unitivo, adj. unitive, that joins, that unites.

Unitoso, } adj. vide *Unitivo*.  
Unituoso, }

Universal, adj. universal.

Universalidad, s. f. universality.

Universalmente, adv. universally.

Universidad, s. f. university.

Unívérso, s. m. the universe, the world.

Unívoco, adj. that has one signification.

Úno, adj. one. — *Uno por uno*, one by one.

Untado, da, p. p. from *untar*.

Untador, s. m. an anointer, a dauber.

Untadura, s. f. an anointing, a daubing.

Untamiento, s. m. idem.

Untar, v. a. to anoint, to daub. — *Untar los cascós*, f. (metaph.)

to flatter. — *Untar la mano*, to grease the fist, to bribe.

Untaza, s. f. a coarse ointment.

Unto, s. m. ointment, fat, grease.

Untoso, } adj. fat, greasy,  
Untuoso, } daubing.

Untuosidad, s. f. greasiness.

Untura, s. f. anointing, daubing.

Unturilla, s. f. a little anointing.

Úña, s. f. the nail of a man's finger or toe, the hoof of a beast, the talon or claw of any bird. — It is also a hardness or scab, growing upon beasts where they are galled. — *Úña de caballo*, the herb colt's foot.

— *Úña de asno*, the herb foal

foot. — *Úña de ancla*, the stake of an anchor. — *Úña de vaca*, cow-beel. — *Sol con ñas*, the sun when it shines out now and from amidst the watery clouds. — *Hacer el testamento en la ñña*, to make a man's will on his nail; to have nothing to leave. — *Sacar por la ñña la grandera del leon*, to guess at the bigness of a lion by his claw. — *Ponerse en veinte ññas*, to stand upon twenty nails; that is, upon all four. — *Tener ññas*, to be hard to be understood. — Prov. *Ññas de gato, y habito de beato*, a cat's claws, and a religious man's habit. A wolf in sheep's clothing.

Uñada, s. f. a mark made with the nail, the impression left by the nail.

Uñarada, s. f. a scratch with a nail.

Uñero, s. m. the little skin that flies up about the nails; sometimes taken for a whitlow.

Uñeta, s. f. a play among children, chuck-hole.

Uñidura, s. f. a coupling, a yoking.

Uñir, v. a. to couple, to yoke.

Uñuela, s. f. a little nail, claw, talon, or hoof.

Upár, v. n. to struggle in order to get up, or to rise high.

Urácho, s. m. in anatomy, the aperture at which the urine issues.

Urbanamente, adv. courteously, civilly.

Urbanidad, s. f. civility.

Urbáno, adj. civil, courteous, well beloved.

Úrea, s. f. a vessel called a hulk; also a sort of whale.

Úrce, s. m. an herb so called.

Urdidera, s. f. an engine used by weavers; and (fem.) of *urdidor*.

Urdidor, s. m. one who warps in a loom; also who contrives or begins.

Urdidura, s. f. warping in a loom; a contrivance, a beginning.

Urdiembre, } s. m. the warp  
Urdimbre, } in a loom.

Urdir, v. a. to warp in a loom, also to contrive, to begin.

Uretéra, s. f. the urethra.

Urgencia, s. f. urgency.

Urgente, adj. urgent, pressing.

Urgir, v. n. to urge.

Úrina, s. f. urine.

- Turbulento**, adj. turbulent, troublesome, quarrelsome.  
**Túrco**, s. m. (in cant) wine; also a Turk; adj. Turkish.  
**Turdiga**, s. f. a certain part of an ox's hide.  
**Turgencia**, s. f. swelling; a medical term.  
**Turgente**, adj. swelling; said of the bodily humours; a medical word.  
**Turlerin**, s. m. (in cant) a thief.  
**Túrma**, s. m. the testicle of any creature. — *Túrma de tierra*, vide Criadilla.  
**Turnár**, v. n. to do any thing among many, each in his turn.  
**Túrnia**, s. m. a turn. — *Túrnia*, adj. goggle-eyed; also stern.  
**Túrno**, s. m. vide Turnio.  
**Turón**, s. m. a field mouse.  
**Turquesa**, s. f. a Turkey stone; also a mould to cast bullets in.  
**Turquesado**, adj. blue, of the colour of a Turkey stone.  
**Turqui**, adj. blue, very dark.  
**Tuquia**, s. f. (in cant) a pistol.  
**Turrár**, v. a. to toast, to scorch.  
**Turrón**, s. m. a sweetmeat made of almonds with honey. — *Turrón*, (in cant) a stone.  
**Turrenada**, s. f. (in cant) a stroke of a stone.  
**Turronero**, s. m. one that makes or sells the sweetmeat called *turrón*.  
**Turumbón**, s. m. a rub or rising in any thing; a knob on a place or thing that should be smooth.  
**Tus**, pron. poss. pl. thy; as, *tus amigos*, thy friends.  
**Tusár**, v. a. (obs.) to cut, to shear, to poll the hair.  
**Tusón**, s. m. a fleece. — *Caballero de la orden del tóison*, a knight of the golden fleece.  
**Tusóna**, s. f. a strumpet, a prostitute.  
**Tusilágo**, s. f. colt's foot.  
**Tutáno**, s. m. vide Tuetáno.  
**Tutár**, v. a. to speak familiar with one's superiors.  
**Tutela**, s. f. tutorship, guardianship.  
**Tutelár**, adj. tutelar.  
**Tuthia**, s. f. vide Atuthia.  
**Tutór**, s. m. a tutor, a guardian.  
**Tutoria**, s. f. tutorship, guardianship.  
**Tutriz**, s. f. a female guardian, a protectress.  
**Túyo**, pron. thine. — *Soi túyo*, I am thine. — *El mio y el túyo*, meum et tuum. — *Los túyos*, thine, those of thy party; thy kindred.  
**Tymbál**, s. m. a kettle-drum.  
**Tymbalero**, s. m. a kettle drummer.  
**Týmbre**, s. m. the crest of a helmet or of a coat of arms. — *Týmbre*, any glorious deed.  
**Týmpanillo**, s. m. dimin. of *tympano*.  
**Týmpano**, s. m. a kettle-drum. In anatomy the drum of the ear.  
**Typhón**, s. m. a whirlwind.  
**Týpo**, s. m. a type, an emblem.  
**Typographia**, s. f. typography, the art of printing.  
**Typógrapho**, s. m. a printer.  
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Unituoso, }

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— *Sacar por la uña la grandeza del león*, to guess at the bigness of a lion by his claw. — *Ponerse en veinte uñas*, to stand upon twenty nails; that is, upon all four. — *Tener uñas*, to be hard to be understood. — Prov. *Uñas de gato, y habito de beato*, a cat's claws, and a religious man's habit. A wolf in sheep's clothing.

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Urbáno, adj. civil, courteous, well beloved.

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U'ree, s. m. an herb so called.

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Urdimbre, } in a loom.

Urdir, v. a. to warp in a loom, also to contrive, to begin.

Uretéra, s. f. the urethra.

Urgéncia, s. f. urgency.

Urgénte, adj. urgent, pressing.

Urgir, v. n. to urge.

Urína, s. f. urine.

Urinário, adj. urinary.

Úrta, s. f. an urn, such as anciently they preserved the ashes of the dead in.

Úrnica, s. f. diminut. of *urna*.

Úro, s. m. a wild bull.

Úrsa, s. f. vide *Ossa*.

Usación, s. f. vide *Uso*.

Usadamente, adv. customarily.

Usado, *da*, p. p. from *usar*.

Uságe, s. m. vide *Uso*.

Uságre, s. m. a tetter, a ringworm.

Usanza, s. f. usage, use, fashion, custom.

Usár, v. a. to use, to accustom, to be in fashion. — Prov. *Lo que se usa, no se escusa*, what is fashionable cannot be avoided.

Usiér, s. m. a door-keeper, a mes-senger, a groom of the great chamber.

Usitado, adj. usual, frequent.

Úso, s. m. use; custom, fashion. Also the usance of exchange. — *Uso hace maestro*, use makes a master, or makes a perfect man.

Ústaga, s. f. a pulley in the tops.

Ústéd, (an abbreviation of *usted* merced) you, sir; you, madam.

Ústión, s. f. the actual burning of any thing.

Usual, adj. customary, usual.

Usufructo, s. m. the growing profits or advantage reaped

by land, houses, employments, &c.

Usufructuado, *da*, p. p. from *usufructuar*.

Usufructuár, v. a. to enjoy the profits of any thing.

Usufructuário, s. f. he that receives the profit or advantage made of a thing, but is not the proprietor.

Usúra, s. f. usury.

Usurár, } v. n. to usure, to

Usureár, } practice usury.

Usurário, adj. usurious.

Usuréro, s. m. an usurer.

Usurpación, s. f. usurpation, taking another man's right.

Usurpado, *da*, p. p. from *usurpar*.

Usurpadór, s. m. an usurper.

Usupár, v. a. to usuro, to possess wrongfully.

Utensilios, s. m. pl. utensils, necessities in a house.

Uterino, *na*, adj. belonging to the womb.

Uterál, adj. vide *Uterino*.

Útero, s. m. the womb.

Útil, adj. useful, profitable, beneficial.

Útilidad, s. f. usefulness, profitability.

Útilmente, adv. usefully, profitably.

Utilizár, v. a. to be profitable.

— *Utilizarse*, v. r. to get some benefit from any thing.

Útrera, s. f. a young heifer.

Útréro, s. m. a steer, a young bullock.

Úva, s. f. a grape — *Uva albilla*, a sort of sweet grape. — *Uva créspa*, or *espina*, a gooseberry. — *Uva de perro*, the wild bay-tree. — *Uva pasa*, a raisin. — *Uva lupina*, the herb wolf-bane. — *Uvas javies*, a sort of small but excellent grapes.

*Uvas de Almuñécar*, grapes of Almuñécar, which are long. — *Uvas legeruelas*, the grapes that are first ripe. — *Uva canilla*, the plant called ordinary yellow prickmadam, or stone-crop. — *Hacerse uva*, to be drunk. — *Poner a uno de uva casca*, to leave a man like the husk of a grape, after the wine is pressed out; to strip him of all he has.

Úvada, s. f. plenty of grapes.

Uvaguemaestre, s. m. an officer in the army, under whose care is the baggage.

Úvate, s. m. a sort of conserve.

Uvaspin, s. m. a gooseberry.

Úvaspiuéro, s. m. a gooseberry bush.

Úvêa, adj. (fem.) the third tunick of the eye.

Úvêro, s. m. one who sells grapes.

Úvilla, s. f. a small sort of grapes.

Úxiér, s. m. an inferior officer at court, a porter.

## V.

**V** is pronounced as in English.

Vaca, s. f. a cow; al o all beef though it be ox-beef. — *Vaca*, a kind of song or rustic piece of poetry. — *Vaca*, the stock that two gamsters or two players have in common. — *Vaca de Sant' Anton*, lady-bird. — Prov. *Mas vale vaca en pas, que póllos con agriz*, beef in peace and quietness is better than chicken with sour sauce.

Vacacion, s. f. vacation, leisure, idle or spare time; the vacation of time that schools are shut at the universities, that courts do not sit.

Vacáda, s. f. a herd of cows.

Vacancia, s. f. vacancy, empti-

ness; also vacation time or leisure time.

Vacánte, adj. vacant, void.

Vacár, v. n. to be at leisure; also to be void.

Vaciadero, s. m. a sink, a place to empty out foul water, or the like.

Vaciadúras, s. f. pl. what is emptied out of any place.

Vaciamento, s. m. emptying, evacuating.

Vaciár, v. a. to empty; also to cast in a mould. — *Vaciár la bolsa*, to spend all one's money. — *Vaciár el vientre*, to ease one's self. — *Vaciár metales*, to cast metals. — *Vaciár figuras*, to cast figures.

Vaciedad, s. f. emptiness. — *Decir vaciedades*, to talk nonsense.

Vacilación, s. f. unsteadiness.

Vacilánte, adj. wavering, unsteady, fickle.

Vacilar, v. n. to waver, to be fickle or unsteady.

Vacio, adj. empty; (metaph.) vain or foolish. — *Heuchir el vacío de otro*, to succeed in the place of another. — *Servacio*, to be foolish or conceited. — *De vacío*, adv. empty. — *Estar de vacío*, to have nothing to do, to be empty-handed.

Váco, adj. void, vacant.

Vacuidad, s. f. vacuity, emptiness.

Vacúno, adj. belonging to cows.

Vacúo, adj. empty, vacant.

Váde, s. m. the leather-case in



which students keep their loose papers.

Vadeable, adj. fordable.—*Vadeable*, that may be conquered, overcome, got, or obtained.

Vadeár, v. n. to ford.

Vademécum, s. m. a letter-case or pocket-book.

Válëra, s. f. } a ford in a river.

Vádo, s. m. } ver.—*Tener el vado*, to try the ford; (metaph.) to try cautiously whether an affair may be done with safety.

*Dar vado*, to give way to that which cannot be obstructed; also to furnish means to go through with any business. — *No hallar vado*, to find no ford; (metaph.) not to know how to compass a business.—*No estar al vado*, *ni a la puente*, to be neither at the ford, nor at the bridge; to be at a loss without knowing how to proceed.

Vadósó, adj. that has many fords.

Váfe, s. m. a bold stroke.

Vagabúndo, s. m. vide Vagamundo.

Vagaménte, adv. without any scope or determination.

Vagamundéar, v. n. to play the vagabond, to stroll about.

Vagamúndo, s. m. a vagabond.

Vagár, v. n. to wander, to stray, to idle about.—*Estar de vagár*, or *andar de vagár*, to have nothing to do, to be idle.—*No me vaga*, I am not at leisure.

Vagarósó, adj. (obs.) s. ow, leisurely; also spacious.

Vagázo, s. m. the grape when it has been pressed; the olives when pressed.

Vagido, s. m. the cry of a child.

Vágo, adj. wandering, wavering.

*Dar en vágo*, to give a blow against the air, that is, to have our hopes frustrated.

Vagucación, s. f. inconstancy, or wavering of the mind.

Vagueár, v. n. to wander, to stroll about.

Vaguedád, s. f. vide Vagueación.

Váguido, s. m. giddiness in the head, a swimming in the head, swimming in the head.—*Váguido*, danger of ruin or loss.

Váguido, adj. troubled with a dizziness in the head.

Valár, v. n. vide Vahcar.

Vaharëra, s. f. a sore mouth in infants.

Vahëar, v. n. to reek, to exhale, to steam, to fume.

Váho, s. m. a steam, light vapour.

Váido, s. m. vide Vaguido.

Vaina, s. f. a sheath, a scabbard.

Vainilla, s. f. vainille, an Indian pod used in chocolate.

Vaivén, s. m. fluctuation, uncertainty, indetermination; also a danger or peril.

Val, s. m. a dale, a valley.—

*Val*, a sink, a drain, a common sewer.

Valár, adj. belonging to an enclosing wall.

Válo, adv. farewell; substantively used, a promissary note.—*El postrero ó ultimo vale*, the last farewell, the pangs of death.

Valdéro, adj. that will be available.

Valedór, s. m. intercessor, mediator, favourer, supporter.

Valentácho, s. m. a valiant fellow.

Valentía, s. f. valour, courage; also a courageous action.—*Valentia*, boasting language. — *Hombre y valentia*, an arrogant poor, a proud beggar.—*Pasar de valentia*, to walk in an arrogant manner.

Valentón, s. m. a bully.

Valentonáda, s. f. a boast, a brag, a proud expression.

Valentonázo, s. m. a braggart, a braggadocio.

Valëo, s. m. a sort of brush-wood to make brooms.

Valér, v. n. to be worth; (metaph.) to be in favour, to be powerful.—*Valer*, to be useful; also to defend.—*Valer a uno*, to protect one; also to be in great authority.—*Valerse*, v. r. to make use of.—*Valerse de uno*, to enjoy the favour of one.

*No poderse valer*, not to be able to help one's self.—*No poderse valer con uno*, to be unable to persuade one.—Prov. *Mas vale un topa que dos le dare*, one gift is better than two promises; a bird in the hand is worth two in the bush.—Prov. *Mas vale tarde que nunca*, better late than never. — Prov. *Mas vale bien de lejos que mal de cerca*, good at a distance is better than evil near at hand.

Prov. *Mas vale sólo que mal acompañado*, better to be alone than in bad company.

Valériána, s. f. the herb valerian.

Valérosaménte, adv. bravely, valourously.

Valerósó, adj. brave, valorous.

Valeudiniário, adj. poor in health.

Valia, s. f. value, worth; also favour; also faction or party in a state. — *A las valias*, at the stated price, at the common price that it shall go in its due season.

Validación, s. f. validity, confirmation, strength of an act, contract, and the like.

Validaménte, adv. firmly, strongly, with validity.

Válido, adj. valid, available. — *Valido*, p. p. assisted, supported.—*Valido*, s. m. a favourite.

Valiente, adj. brave valiant.

Valienteménte, adv. bravely, valiantly.

Valiménte, s. m. value, worth; also favour or protection.

Valiósó, (obs.) adj. worthy; rich.

Valiza, s. f. a buoy, a mark at the entrance of a harbour to direct ships.

Valla, s. f. a rail fixed round an enclosure.—*Romper la valla*, to enter at once and first in a business.

Valladár, s. m. a ditch, a trench, an intrenchment.

Valladéar, v. a. vide Vallar.

Vallado, s. m. a parapet, an intrenchment made to surround.

Vallador, s. m. a ditcher.

Vallár, v. a. to surround with a rail, intrenchment, or other like thing.

Válle, s. m. a valley.

Valléjo, s. m. a little valley.

Valóna, s. f. a band, a ruff.

Valónes, s. m. pl. great Walloon-breeches.

Valór, s. m. valour, worth, value, courage.

Valorár, } v. a. to set the price to a thing.

Valoréar, } to a thing.

Valoría, s. f. price, value, estimation.

Valuación, s. f. a valuation.

Valuár, v. a. to value, to prize, to estimate, to set a price to, or value upon.

Vanaglória, s. f. vanity, vainglory.

Vanagloriarse, v. r. to be vain or vainglorious, to boast.

Vanagloriosaménte, adv. vainly, gloriously.

Vanagloriósó, adj. vainglorious.

**Vanamente**, adv. vainly.  
**Vaneár**, v. n. to talk idly.  
**Vanacéise**, v. r. to be vain, to be proud.  
**Vanguardía**, s. f. the van or vanguard of an army.  
**Vanidad**, s. f. vanity, pride, presumption. — *Harer vanidad*, f. to boast of any thing.  
**Vanidóso**, adj. vainglorious.  
**Vano**, adj. wanting substance, wanting reality, vain. — *Vano*, hollow, empty, wanting solidity. — *Vano*, (speaking of certain fruits) wanting the internal and eatable parts, as dry or rotten. — *Vano*, ineffectual, vain, fruitless. — *Vano*, 'arrogant, haughty, presumptuous, vain. — *Vano*, wanting durability, wanting stability, vain. — *Vano*, wanting a reason, a foundation, a proof, vain. — *En vano*, adv. in vain, ineffectually, uselessly, without reason or justice, needlessly. — *Salir en vano*, to fail of success.  
**Vapór**, s. m. vapour, exhalation, steam.  
**Vaporación**, s. f. exhalation, evaporation.  
**Vaporar**, } v. n. to steam, to  
**Vaporeár**, } exhale, to eva-  
**Vaporizár**, } porate.  
**Vaporéso**, adj. full of vapour or steam.  
**Vapulación**, s. f. } vapula-  
**Vapulamiento**, s. m. } tion,  
 beating.  
**Vapulár**, v. a. to whip.  
**Vaqueár**, v. n. to leap the cows, said of the bull.  
**Vaqueria**, s. f. vide Vacada.  
**Vaquerrillo**, s. m. a young herdsman, a boy that tends the cows.  
**Vaquerizo**, adj. belonging to the cows.  
**Vaquero**, s. m. a cow-herd, a herdsman; also a loose coat with long skirts, as the herdsman wear. — *Vaquero*, adj. belonging to herdsman.  
**Vaqueta**, s. f. a heifer; also calf's leather. — *Vaqueta de Muscovia*, Russia leather. — *Vara de vaqueta*, an impudent fellow.  
**Vaquilla**, s. f. a little cow, a heifer. — Prov. *Quando te dieren la vaquilla acude con la soguilla*, when they give you a heifer, make haste with the rope; that is lose not the opportunity, but lead her away.

**Vaquita**, s. f. a little cow, a heifer. — Prov. *Vaquita teneis? acá me quedo*, have you beef? I will stay here. Applied to those who lay hold of any opportunity to dine at other people's tables.  
**Vára**, s. f. a rod, a wand, a twig, a stick; also a yard, and a hawk's perch. — *Vara de liga*, a lime twig. — *Vara de pescar*, a fishing-rod. — *Vara real*, a scepter. — *Vara de justicia*, a rod of justice. — *Vara de paño*, a yard of cloth. — *Vara de jesse*, a tuberate. — *Poner una vara*, among rustics, to hit the bull skilfully in a bull feast.  
**Varadéros**, s. m. pl. ribs of ships.  
**Varál**, s. m. any long pole; (metaph.) a tall fellow.  
**Varapalo**, s. m. a long pole. — *Varapalo*, an affliction, a trouble, a cause of grief.  
**Valár**, v. a. to lay a ship aground. — *Varár*, to launch a ship, to push it from the dock or the shore on the water. — *Varár*, v. n. to be stopt, detained, retarded; said of any affair or business.  
**Varázo**, s. m. a stroke with a rod, a pole, or a yard.  
**Varchilla**, s. f. a certain measure of corn.  
**Vardasca**, s. f. a thin rod.  
**Vardascazo**, s. m. a blow given with a thin rod.  
**Vareador**, s. m. he that beats with a rod.  
**Vareár**, v. a. to measure out by yards; also to thresh or beat with a pole or wand. — *Vareár*, to strike the bull with a spear in a bull-feast. — *Varearse*, v. r. to grow weak or feeble.  
**Varejón**, s. m. augment. of *vara*.  
**Varénga**, s. f. ribs of ships.  
**Varéta**, s. f. a small wand or twig; a twig that has birdlime on to catch birds. — *Varéras*, pl. the stripes on any stuff.  
**Varetaér**, v. a. to stripe, or draw stripes or lines.  
**Variáble**, adj. variable, changeable, inconstant, mutable.  
**Variación**, s. f. variation, difference.  
**Variamente**, adv. variously, diversely, differently.  
**Variár**, v. a. to vary, to alter.  
**Várice**, s. f. varix, a morbid dilation of a vein.

**Varicóso**, adj. varicous, diseased with dilatation, speaking of a vein.  
**Variedad**, s. f. variety, diversity.  
**Varilla**, s. f. a little wand, rod or stick. — *Varilla de cuello*, the throat.  
**Vario**, adj. various, changeable, mutable.  
**Variz**, s. f. a varix, a vein swelling with corrupt blood.  
**Varniz**, s. f. varnish.  
**Varnizar**, v. a. to varnish.  
**Varón**, s. m. a man; a man of importance; also a baron. — *Varon*, is used as an adjective when we say *un hijo varón*, male child, a son.  
**Varonia**, s. f. the male line. — *Varonia*, when it means a barony or territory giving title to a baron, it is better written *baronia*.  
**Varonil**, adj. manly.  
**Varonilmente**, adv. manly.  
**Vasallage**, s. m. vassalage, the duty, subjection, or dependance of the vassal on his lord; and extensively, duty, subjection, and dependance in general.  
**Vasallo**, s. m. a vassal, a subject. — *Vasallo*, any one who acknowledges another as his superior. — *Mal vasall*, a good for nothing fellow.  
**Vasár**, s. m. a shelf to set things on.  
**Vásca**, s. f. a qualm, a loathing in the stomach.  
**Vascongado**, adj. of Biscay, spoken by the people of that country, and it is said of their language.  
**Vaseosidad**, s. f. filth, nastiness, loathsomeness.  
**Vascóso**, adj. filthy, nasty.  
**Vascuence**, s. m. the language of Biscay.  
**Vasera**, s. f. a cupboard. — *Vasera de orinál*, the case in which an urinal is kept.  
**Vasija**, s. f. a vessel.  
**Vasijilla**, s. f. dimin. of *vasija*.  
**Vasílo**, s. m. a small vessel.  
**Váso**, s. m. a vessel, a cup; also a ship, a boat, the body of the hive, or any thing fit to contain another. — *No tener vaso*, to have no vessel; that is to have no capacity.  
**Vasallage**, s. m. vassalage, duty of a subject to his prince or lord.  
**Vassallo**, s. m. a subject, a vassal.



Vastágo, s. m. a stock or stem of a vine or other tree.  
 Vastedad, s. f. vastity, great amplitude.  
 Vásto, adj. vast, greatly ample.  
 Váte, s. m. a bard, a poet, a poetical prophet.  
 Vaticano, s. m. one of the seven mountains in Rome, where the palace of the Vatican is built.  
 Vaticanador, s. m. who foretels or divines.  
 Vateiñar, v. a. to foretel, to divine.  
 Vaticinio, s. m. soothsaying, foretelling, divining, a prediction.  
 Vaxel, s. m. a vessel, a ship, a boat.  
 Vaxilla, s. f. the plate that is used for the service of the table.  
 Váya, s. f. scoff, jest, mockery.  
 Vayga, s. f. a scabbard.  
 Vaynáz, s. m. (fam.) a careless, idle, cowardly person.  
 Vecéro, s. m. he that comes to perform any thing in his turn.  
 Vecinamente, adv. nearly.  
 Vecindad, s. f. neighbourhood, vicinity, nearness.  
 Vecindario, s. m. the number of inhabitants in a town; also a list of them.  
 Vecino, adj. neighbour; also an inhabitant, a house-keeper.  
 Vecino, adv. near, not far.  
 Véda, s. f. prohibition by law.  
 Vedamiento, s. m. forbidding.  
 Vedár, v. a. to forbid.  
 Vedegambre, s. m. white hellebore.  
 Vedija, s. f. a lock of hair, or wool; also the groin.  
 Vedijilla, s. f. dim. of *vedija*.  
 Vedijoso, } adj. full of locks of  
 Vedijado, } hair, or tufts of wool.  
 Vedriado, adj. glazed.  
 Vedúño, s. m. the ground a vineyard stands on.  
 Veedór, s. m. an overseer, an inspector, a comptroller. — *Veedór general*, s. m. an inspector general.  
 Veeduría, s. f. the office of an inspector.  
 Véga, s. m. a field; a tract of low, level, and fertile ground; an open plain.  
 Vegada, s. f. a turn, taking of one's turn.  
 Vegetable, }  
 Vegetál, } adj. vegetable.

Vegetarse, v. r. to vegetate.  
 Vegetativo, adj. vegetative, that has a vegetable life.  
 Vehemencia, s. f. vehemence, earnestness.  
 Vehemente, adj. vehement, not, furious, raging, violent.  
 Vehementemente, adv. vehemently, violently.  
 Vehículo, s. m. vehicle.  
 Vejancon, adj. old, heavy, peevish, and impertinent. Used also substantively.  
 Vejedad, s. f. (obs.) vide *Vejez*.  
 Vjestório, s. m. any thing contemptible as being old.  
 Vejete, s. m. a little old man.  
 Vejez, s. f. old age.  
 Vejezuélo, s. m. a little old man.  
 Vejible, adj. (obs.) vide *Viejo*.  
 Vejote, s. m. augment. of *viejo*, an oldish man.  
 Veinte, s. m. twenty.  
 Veintadoseno, adj. the two and twentieth, the twenty-second.  
 Veintena, s. f. the twentieth part.  
 Veintenar, s. m. the twentieth part.  
 Veinteno, adj. the twentieth.  
 Vela, s. f. a sail; also a candle, and a watch or watchman. — *Vela burda*, or *borda*, a main sail. — *Vela de gavia*, a top-sail. — *Vela redonda*, though in express terms it seems to be a round sail, yet it signifies a square sail. — *Vela maestra*, or *mayór*, the main sail — *Vela de arimon*, the mizen-sail. — *Vela mezana*, the fore-sail. — *Vela de trinquete*, the fore-sail. — *Vela latina*, a triangular sail, vulgarly called a shoulder of mutton sail. — *Vela del juanete*, the top gallant-sail. — *Vela de estaias*, the stay-sails. — *Hacerse á la vela*, to set sail. — *Recoger las velas*, to furl the sails. — *Tender velas*, to spread the sails. — *Navegar con velas tendidas*, to sail with full sails. — *Ir á vela y á rema*, to sail and row; (metaph.) to make all possible speed.  
 Velácho, s. m. the top-sail.  
 Velación, s. f. marriage, most properly a private wedding, a betrothing.  
 Velada, s. f. a watching.  
 Velado, s. m. a new married man. — Prov. *Sease velado, y sease un pálo*, let it be a husband, though it be but a stick; said to express a wo-

man's earnestness to be married.  
 Velador, s. m. one that watches much; also a large lamp or candlestick to work by at night.  
 Velage, s. m. the aggregate of the sails belonging to a ship.  
 Velambre, s. f. an espousal or betrothing.  
 Velamen, s. m. the whole set of sails belonging to a ship.  
 Velár, v. n. to watch; also to betroth, to espouse. — *Velar las armas*, to watch the arms, a ceremony formerly performed by those that were to be knighted.  
 Velarte, s. m. a sort of fine cloth.  
 Veledad, s. f. vallety, whim, vain and inefficacious will or desire.  
 Velejar, v. a. to sail, to crowd sail.  
 Veleria, s. f. a tallow-chandler's shop.  
 Veléro, s. m. a chandler, he that makes or sells candles. — *Velero*, adj. that is a good sailer.  
 Velésa, s. f. the herb toothwort, charvil or chervil.  
 Veléta, s. m. inconstant; or a changeable person.  
 Veléta, s. f. a weather-cock, a vane to show which way the wind blows; also the top of a fishing-rod.  
 Velète, s. m. a thin veil.  
 Velicación, s. f. twitching, stimulation, vellication.  
 Velicár, v. a. to vellicate, to twitch, to stimulate.  
 Velilla, s. f. a little candle; also a small sail.  
 Velillo, s. m. a little veil; also a thin sort of web like gauze.  
 Velites, s. m. pl. soldiers among the Romans in light armour.  
 Vellacada, s. f. a gang or pack of knaves; or a roguesy.  
 Vellacamente, adv. knavishly, archly.  
 Vellacár, v. n. to play the knave, to be arch.  
 Vellacazo, s. m. a great knave.  
 Velláco, s. m. a knave.  
 Vellacón, s. m. a great knave.  
 Vellaquear, v. n. to play the knave, to be arch.  
 Vellaquería, s. f. knavery, archness, waggishness.  
 Vellaquillo, s. m. a little knave, a little wag.

Vellecillo, s. m. soft down, small down and soft.

Vellera, s. f. the woman that trims and adorns other women by her trade.

Vellerifes, s. m. pl. (in cant) the petty officers of justice.

Vellido, adj. downy, full of down or soft hair.

Vello, s. m. down or soft hair on a man's body, or on the face before the beard grows, or on a woman's face; also the nap on cloth.

Vellocino, s. m. a fleece.

Vellón, s. m. a fleece of wool.—*Moneda de vellón*, small change, brass money.

Vellori, s. m. a cloth made of the natural colour of the wool without dying.—*Caballo vellori*, a horse of a colour betwixt black and sorrel.

Vellorita, s. f. the herb and flower paigles or cowslips.

Vellosilla, s. f. mouse-ear.

Vellóso, adj. downy, full of down or soft hair.

Vellóta, s. f. vide Bellota.

Vellotado, adj. like an acorn, of an acorn's colour.

Vellotero, s. m. one that gathers or sells acorns.

Velludo, adj. downy, full of down; subst. used, velvet.

Vellutero, s. m. a man whose trade is to weave silk, especially that kind called *felpa*.

Vélo, s. m. a veil, a covering; (metaph.) an excuse, a pretence.

Velocidad, s. f. swiftness.

Velón, s. m. an oil-lamp.

Velonera, s. f. the stand on which the oil-lamp is usually placed.

Veloz, adj. swift.

Velocmente, adv. swiftly.

Veludo, s. m. velvet.

Vena, s. f. a vein; (metaph.) a vein of disposition, as a vein of madness, and a vein of metal.—*Vena cefálica*, s. f. the cephalick vein.—*Vena basílica*, s. f. the great vein that passes through the liver.

*Vena mediana*, s. f. the middle vein.—*Vena sagitalia*, s. f. the biggest vein in the middle finger.—*Vena poética*, s. f. a poetic vein.—*Vena de locura*, s. f. a vein of madness.—

*Hallar á otro de vena*, f. (metaph.) a well disposed person.

*Dar en la vena*, f. (metaph.) to find out difficult things.

Venábolo, s. m. a javelin, a huntsman's spear.—*Echar venablos*, f. (metaph.) to burst with rage.

Venadero, s. f. the place where animals of the stag-kind or wild boars are wonted to resort.

Venado, s. m. a deer; venison.

Venador, s. m. a hunter.

Venage, s. m. a number or mass of veins; all the veins of the body.

Venál, adj. to be sold.

Venalidad, s. f. venality.

Venático, adj. that has a little of the madman.

Venatório, adj. belonging to hunting.

Vencedor, s. m. a conqueror.

Vencéjo, s. m. the bird called a *martlet*. In falconry, a hawk's jesses; also a gun.—Prov. *Dar el concejo y el vencéjo*, to give the advice and the gun; that is, not only to advise a man how to do his business, but to furnish him with the means.

Vencer, v. a. to overcome, to conquer.

Vencido, da, p. p. from *vencer*.

*Darse por vencido*, f. to give up any thing; to desist.

Vencible, adj. conquerable, that may be overcome.

Venida, s. f. a conquest, overcoming.—*A tres va la vencida* the third effort makes the conquest.

Vencimiento, s. m. overcoming, conquest.

Venda, s. f. a fillet for the head, for bleeding, or the like.

Vendaje, s. m. commission paid to one for his having sold our goods.

Vendar, v. a. to bind with fillets.—*Vendar los ojos*, to blind the eyes, to blindfold.

Vendaval, s. m. the wind that brings home ships from the West-Indies.

Vendedera, s. f. feminine of *vendedor*.

Vendedor, s. m. a seller.

Vendéja, s. f. a public sale.

Vender, v. a. to sell; to deceive.—*Vender palabras*, to use many deceitful words.—*Estár vendido en la conversacion*, to be in company where all play upon a man.

Vendible, adj. saleable, that may be sold.

Vendición, } s. f. a sale.

Vendida, } s. f. a sale.

Vendimia, s. f. the vintage.—

Prov. *Después de vendimias curraños*, after the vintage to bring baskets; after meat mustard.

Vendimiadera, s. f. a woman that works at the vintage to gather grapes.

Vendimiador, s. m. a vintage man that gathers the grapes.

Vendimiár, v. a. to make the vintage, to gather the grapes; (metaph.) to kill any one.

Veneficiar, v. a. to bewitch, to hurt with witchcraft.—*Veneficiar*, vide *Beneficiar*.—*Veneficio*, vide *Beneficio*.

Veneficio, s. m. witchcraft, sorcery.

Venenar, v. a. to poison.

Venenario, s. m. an apothecary.

Veneno, s. m. poison.

Venenosidad, s. f. poisoning quality.

Venenoso, adj. poisonous, venomous.

Venera, s. f. a scollop-shell, the token of a military order.

Venerable, adj. venerable, worshipful, worthy to be honoured.

Veneración, s. f. veneration, worship, respect.

Venerador, s. m. he who highly respects another, or a holy thing; a worshipper.

Venerando, adj. venerable, to be respected or worshipped.

Venerar, v. a. to venerate, to respect, to honour.

Veneroso, adj. venereal, lustful.

Venéro, s. m. a place where there are veins of metal.

Venerpela, s. f. a small shell.

Vengador, s. m. a revenger.

Vengala, s. f. a cane or staff denoting command.—*Vengala*, a thin sort of silk stuff.

Venganza, s. f. revenge.

Vengár, v. a. to revenge.

Vengativo, adj. revengeful.

Venia, s. f. leave, licence.

Venial, adj. venial, pardonable, that may be pardoned.

Venialidad, s. f. venialness, state of being excusable.

Venialmente, adv. venially, not mortally.

Venida, s. f. a coming or arrival.

Venidéro, adj. future, that is to come, or shall come.

Venilla, s. f. a small vein.

Veninoso, s. m. a pimple, bile, or



wheel full of matter, which soon breaks and is cured.—*Venidos* *preñados y paridos*, sore pimples, or biles full of matter, that is, *preñados*; and others broken, and the matter out, which are *paridos*; that is, delivered of the corruption.

**Venir**, v. n. to come; also to fit as apparel.—*Venir á menos*, to decline, to fall to a worse estate.—Prov. *Primero viene, primero tiene*, first come, first served.—Prov. *Bien vengas mal, si vienes solo*, welcome mischief, if thou comest alone; misfortunes seldom come single.

**Venoso**, adj. veinny, full of veins.

**Venta**, s. f. a sale; also an inn.—Prov. *Venta deshice renta*, the sale takes off the farm, or the revenue. It seems that in Spain, if a man sells his estate, the farmers leases are all void.—*Anár de venta en venta*, to go from inn to inn, to wander about begging like counterfeit pilgrims.

**Ventaja**, s. f. advantage, also extraordinary pay allowed to some particular soldiers.

**Ventajosamente**, adv. advantageously, profitably.

**Ventajoso**, adj. advantageous, profitable.

**Ventalle**, s. m. see *Abanico*.

**Ventana**, s. f. a window.—*Ventana enrejada*, a window that has iron bars before it.—*Hacer ventana*, to come to the windows in the afternoon to see the gentlemen ride about the streets.—*Ventanas de las narices*, the nostrils.

**Ventanaige**, s. m. all the windows of the house, or a number of windows.

**Ventanazo**, s. m. the blow and noise made in shutting a window with force.

**Ventanera**, s. f. the woman that is always gazing at the window.

**Ventanero**, s. m. the man whose trade is to make frames for windows.

**Ventanilla**, s. f. a little window.

**Ventár**, } v. n. to blow.

**Ventear**, }

**Venteril**, adj. of, or belonging to an inn.

**Ventero**, s. m. an inn-keeper.

**Ventilación**, s. f. ventilation.

**Ventilar**, v. a. to winnow; also to debate, to bandy, to argue.

**Ventisca**, s. f. a blast of wind, a strong gust.

**Ventiscar**, v. n. to blow hard, said of the wind when it drifts the snow.

**Ventisquero**, s. m. the place where the wind has drifted the snow.

**Ventolera**, s. f. a strong, but not lasting wind.—*Ventolera*, vanity, pride, haughtiness, ostentation.

**Ventor**, s. m. a blood-hound.

**Ventosa**, s. f. a cupping glass.

**Ventosear**, v. a. to apply cupping glasses.

**Ventosidad**, s. f. windiness.

**Ventoso**, adj. windy.

**Ventrada**, s. f. litter; as *Esta cochina ha traído seis lechones de una entrada*, the sow had six pigs at a litter.

**Ventrál**, adj. belonging to the venter or belly.

**Ventregada**, s. m. the coming or falling out of many things together.

**Ventrea**, s. f. a band worn tied round the belly.

**Ventriculo**, s. m. the ventricle, where the meat conveyed from the stomach is digested.

**Ventrúde**, adj. big bellied.

**Ventura**, s. f. luck; good luck.—*Probar ventura*, f. to try fortune.—*A dios y á ventura*, at a venture, happy, be lucky.

Prov. *Ven ventura, ven y d'ira*, come good luck, come and be lasting.—Prov. *Ventura te de Dios hijo, que saber poco, te bista*, God give you good luck, child; a little learning will serve your turn; fortune raises men more than merit.—Prov. *Unas han ventura y otras ventrada*, some maids have luck, and others a bellyful; that is, some have the good fortune to be well married, and others are got with child without being married.—Prov. *Quando la mala ventura se duerme, nadie la despierte*, when ill luck falls asleep, let no body awake her.

**Venturero**, adj. accidental, that comes by chance; used subst. a soldier of fortune, one that goes to seek his fortune.

**Venturilla**, s. f. some good luck.

**Venturina**, s. f. a stone so called, a kind of gem.

**Venturo**, adj. future, that is to come.

**Venturosamente**, adv. luckily, fortunately.

**Venturoso**, adj. lucky, fortunate.

**Venus**, s. f. the goddess of beauty; also a plant so called.

**Venustidad**, s. f. beauty, gracefulness.

**Venusto**, adj. beautiful, graceful.

**Ver**, v. a. to see; to consider, to understand.—*A mi ver*, in my opinion.—*Ver y creer*, to see and believe; seeing is believing.—Prov. *Ojos que ven no envejecen*, eyes that see do not grow old. The plea of curious people that love to see every thing.—*Mas ven quatro ojos, que dos*, f. four eyes see more than two.—Prov. *Ojos que no ven corazon que no llora*, what the eyes do not see, the heart does not feel.

**Vera**, s. f. the sea-shore.

**Veracidad**, s. f. veracity, observance of truth.

**Veranada**, s. f. the summer for beasts.

**Veranero**, s. m. the place where beasts pass the summer.

**Veranar**, } v. n. to pass the

**Veranear**, } summer.

**Veraniego**, adj. of, or belonging to summer; said also of one that during the hot summer cannot eat.

**Verano**, s. m. summer.

**Veras**, s. f. pl. truth.—*Devóras*, in good earnest.—*Con muchas veras*, very earnestly, verily.

**Veráz**, adj. veracious, observant of truth.

**Verbal**, adj. verbal, by word of mouth.

**Verbalmente**, adv. verbally.

**Verbáscos**, s. m. the herb wolfolade or the great lungwort.

**Verbena**, s. f. the herb vervain.

**Verbiración**, s. f. the act of whipping or beating.

**Verberar**, v. a. to whip, to beat.

**Verbigraicia**, adv. for example.

**Verbo**, s. m. a verb.

**Verbosidad**, s. f. abundance of words.

**Verboso**, adj. verbose, prolix, exuberant in words.

**Verbácho**, s. m. a kind of mineral green earth.

**Verdad**, s. f. truth.—*Aunque la malicia obscurezca la verdad, no la puede apagar*, ref. although malice might darken the truth, yet it cannot extinguish it.—

Prov. *La verdad adelgaza mas no quiebra*, truth may be drawn thin, but will not break.—

Prov. *Quien verdad no me dice, verdad no me cree*, he that does not speak truth to me, does not believe me when I speak truth.—Prov. *La verdad está en el vino*, in wine is truth.

**Verdaderamente**, adv. truly, really; sincerely.

**Verdadéro**, adj. true, real, sincere.

**Verdál**, adj. greenish; applied to a kind of plums.

**Verdasca**, s. f. a green twig.

**Verde**, adj. green, youthful, fresh.—*Verde*, s. m. grass.—*Estarse uno verde*, to continue youthful.—*No dexar verde, ni seco*, to leave neither green, nor dry; to sweep all away.—*Darse un verde*, to make a merry bout.

**Verdea**, s. f. green wine of Florence.

**Verdear**, v. n. to look green, to be greenish.

**Verdecér**, v. n. to grow green.

**Verdeciente**, adj. growing green, thriving, looking fresh.

**Verdecillo**, adj. greenish, somewhat green.—*Verdecillo*, s. m. a little bird so called.

**Verdecambre**, s. m. white heliobore.

**Verdegáy**, s. m. a light green.

**Verdeguar**, v. a. to look green, to grow green.

**Verdeñar**, s. m. the sea green stone used by painters.

**Verdemontaña**, s. m. a green coloured mineral.

**Verderól**, s. m. a sort of shell fish so called.

**Verderón**, s. m. the yellow hammer.

**Verdescuro**, adj. dark green.

**Verdete**, s. m. verdigris.

**Verdinegro**, s. m. a deep green, that has a cast of black.

**Verdino**, adj. very green.

**Verdolaga**, s. f. the herb purslain.

**Verdón**, s. m. (in cant) the country.

**Verdor**, s. m. greenness; (metaph.) youthfulness.

**Verdoso**, adj. greenish; (in cant) a fig.

**Verdugado**, s. m. a petticoat.

**Verdugo**, s. m. an executioner, a hangman; also a wheel raised with a lash or a blow; also the shoot or sprout of a tree.—*Verdugo*, the mark left by a blow given with a whip.

**Verdugón**, s. m. augment. of *verdugo*.

**Verdulera**, s. f. an herb-woman.

**Verdura**, s. f. greenness, freshness.—*Verduras*, s. f. pl. all sorts of pot-herbs.

**Vereda**, s. f. a path.—*Veredas*, s. f. pl. so they call the divisions officers make among themselves of the country or a province, for collecting of taxes or the like.

**Veredario**, adj. an epithet applied to postillions, post-horses, and hackney houses.

**Veredero**, s. m. a messenger that carries to small districts.

**Veredilla**, s. f. dimin. of *vereda*.

**Verengena**, s. f. vide *Berengena*.

**Vérge**, s. f. a rod, a wand, a yard, a man's member; also the yard of a ship.—*Verga mayor*, or *Verga grande*, the main-yard of a ship.—*Verga de gata*, the cross-jack, a yard at the upper-end of the mizen-mast under the top, slung there, and having no halliards.

**Vergajo**, s. m. a horsewhip.

**Vergante**, s. m. a scoundrel, a base fellow.

**Vergel**, s. m. a garden, a bower.

**Vergeta**, s. f. vide *Vergueta*.

**Vergonzante**, s. m. a poor person ashamed to beg.

**Vergonzosamente**, adv. bashfully, modestly, shamefacedly.

**Vergonzoso**, adj. bashful, modest, shamefaced.—*Partes vergonzosas*, the privy-parts.

**Vergóna**, (obs.) } s. f. shame, *Vergüenza*, s. f. } bashfulness, modesty.—*Vergüenza*, the privy parts.—*Vergüenza*, the pillory.—*Sacar a uno a la vergüenza*, to expose a man, by way of punishment, to some public shame, as standing on the pillory, or at the whipping-post, or leading him about with a crier proclaiming his crime.—Prov. *Quien vergüenza no tiene toda la villa es suya*, he

who has no shame has the town for his own; that is, impudence carries all before it.

**Vergonzoso**, adj. (obs.) vide *Vergonzoso*.

**Verguar**, v. a. to beat any thing with rods, or with a rod.

**Verguér**, } s. m. an officer } called a verger.

**Vergueta**, s. m. an officer that apprehends offenders.—*Vergueta*, dimin. of *verga*, a twig, a small rod.

**Verdicamente**, adv. truly, sincerely.

**Veridico**, adj. one that speaks truth.

**Verificación**, s. f. verification.

**Verificar**, v. a. to verify, to make good.

**Veril**, s. m. vide *Beril*.

**Verisimil**, adj. likely.

**Verisimilitud**, s. f. likeness.

**Vérja**, s. f. an iron or wooden grate.

**Verméjo**, adj. vide *Bermejo*.

**Vermellón**, s. m. vermilion, a curious red found in the quick-silver mines.

**Vermicular**, } adj. vermicular, } breeding of worms, having worms.

**Vernál**, adj. belonging to the spring, vernal.

**Verniz**, s. f. vide *Berniz*.

**Véro**, adj. true.

**Verónica**, s. f. the herb fluelline.

**Véros**, s. m. pl. *vairy* in heraldry; in garments it is a wavy or scalloped ornament.

**Verosimil**, adj. vide *Verisimil*.

**Verosimilitud**, s. f. vide *Ver Similitud*.

**Verraco**, s. m. a hog.

**Verraquear**, v. n. to grumble as a hog does.

**Verriondéz**, s. f. the lust of hogs.

**Verriondo**, adj. in lust, speaking of a hog.

**Verrocál**, s. m. vide *Berrocál*.

**Verrucaria**, adj. fem. an epithet given to the sun-flower.

**Verruêco**, s. m. vide *Berruêco*.

**Verruga**, s. f. a wart.

**Verrugoso**, } adj. full of } warts.

**Verruguilla**, s. f. a little wart.

**Versado**, adj. versed, used, acquainted.

**Verár**, v. n. to turn round.—*Versarse*, v. r. to use one's self, to acquire use and practice, to make one's self skilful.



**Versátil**, adj. that will turn.  
**Versícula**, s. f. the place where the choir books are laid up.  
**Versificar**, v. n. to versify, to make verses.  
**Versillo**, s. a short line or verse.  
**Versión**, s. f. a version, a translation.  
**Versista**, s. m. versificator, or versifier, he that makes loose verses; a rhymers, a petty poet.  
**Verso**, s. m. a verse; also a small piece of iron cannon.  
**Vertébras**, s. f. pl. the back bones.  
**Vertedero**, s. m. a sink.  
**Vertér**, v. a. to spill, to shed.  
**Vertical**, adj. vertical.  
**Vértice**, s. m. vertex, the point over head, also the superior point of any figure.  
**Verticidad**, s. f. verticity; the power of turning.  
**Vertiente**, s. m. the running down of any water, or the place where water falls.—*Vertiente del monte*, the steep of the hill.  
*Vertiente del río*, the step or descent of a river.  
**Vertiginoso**, adj. vertiginous, giddy.  
**Vértigo**, s. m. vertigo, giddiness.  
**Vérpero**, s. m. the vesper, the evening star.  
**Vérvtillo**, s. m. vide Murci-elago.  
**Vespertino**, adj. of the evening.  
**Vesquit**, v. n. (obs.) to live.  
**Vestál**, s. f. a chaste woman. Mostly used in an ironical sense; also a vestal.  
**Véste**, s. f. vide Vestidura.  
**Vestibulo**, s. m. a porch; an entry or passage into a house.  
**Vestido**, s. m. a suit of cloaths, a garment.  
**Vestidura**, s. f. a garment.  
**Vestigio**, s. m. a footstep, a track, the print of a man's foot.  
**Vestigio**, s. m. a horrible monster, a phantom.  
**Vestimiento**, s. m. vide Vestido.  
**Vestir**, v. a. to clothe, to apparel, to put on cloaths.—Prov. *Al revés me la vesti, ándese así*, I put it on the wrong way, so let it go; applied to those who are in the wrong, and will not be set right.  
**Vestuaría**, s. m. attiring-room.  
**Vêta**, s. f. the great vein or body of the silver or other metal, running in the earth.—*Des-*

*cubrir la veta*, to discover the intention of a person.  
**Vetado**, adj. full of veins of metal; said also of fine stone or marble, that has curious veins.  
**Veterano**, s. m. a veteran soldier.  
**Vetilla**, s. f. dimin. of *veta*.  
**Vexación**, s. f. vexation, trouble.  
**Vexamén**, s. m. a trial, an examination; also vexation, trouble.  
**Vexár**, v. a. to vex, to trouble.  
**Vexiga**, s. f. a bladder; also a blister.—*Vexiga de perro*, the plant alkakeng, or winter cherries.  
**Vexigazo**, s. m. a blow with a bladderful of wind.—*Dar un vexigazo*, to play a trick to deceive one.  
**Vexiguêla**, } s. f. diminutive of  
**Vexiguilla**, } *vexiga*.  
**Veyêce**, s. f. (obs.) vide *Vejez*.  
**Veyênte**, s. m. (obs.) a beholder.  
**Vez**, s. f. a time, and turn.—*Una vez*, once; *dos veces*, twice; *tres veces*, thrice; *cien veces*, a hundred times, &c.—*A veces*, sometimes, by turns.  
*Por esta vez*, for this time.—*En vez de honrarme, me deshonra*, instead of honouring me, he disgraces me.—*Una vez de vino* a glass or draught of wine.—*Tal vez*, adv. perhaps.—*Tal vez ô tal qual vez*, sometimes.  
*Una vez que*; *todas las veces que*; supposing that.—*Llegarse mi vez*, my turn will come.  
**Vejár**, v. a. vide *Avezar*.  
**Vêzo**, s. m. custom, use, habit.  
**Via**, s. f. a way, or means.—*Via*, the bowel the excrements pass through; also the method or plan of life, conduct, or action.—*Via lactea*, the milky way, the galaxy.—Prov. *De lenguas vías, lenguas mentiras*, from long ways, long lies; that is, travellers have a privilege of lying.—Prov. *Una via y dos mandados*, to do two errands under one; to kill two birds with one stone.  
**Vladéra**, s. f. a piece of wood, a weaver's loom or frame.  
**Viador**, s. m. a traveller.  
**Viage**, s. m. a voyage, a journey.—*Buen viage*, a good voyage, or a good journey.  
**Viajador**, s. m. a traveller,

**Viajar**, v. n. n. to voyage, to travel.  
**Viajante**, s. m. one who travels.  
**Viál**, adj. belonging to the road and to travelling.  
**Vianda**, s. f. meat, victuals.  
**Viandante**, s. m. a traveller, a wayfaring man, a passenger.  
**Viaraza**, s. f. a sudden freak that a man takes to do a thing immediately, and does it the worst way through precipitation.  
**Viático**, s. m. provision for a journey. It is generally taken for the sacrament given to sick persons.  
**Vibora**, s. f. a viper, a serpent of that species which brings its young alive.  
**Viborillo**, s. m. the young new born viper.  
**Viborêzo**, s. m. idem.  
**Vibracôn**, s. f. vibration.  
**Vibrár**, v. n. to brandish, to shake, to cast violently.  
**Vicaría**, s. f. a vicarage.  
**Vicariál**, adj. belonging to the vicar.  
**Vicariato**, s. m. the dignity or office of the vicar.  
**Vicário**, s. m. a vicar.  
**Vicealmiranta**, s. f. the second galley in a squadron.  
**Vicealmirante**, s. m. vice-admiral, the second commander of a fleet.  
**Vicecanciller**, s. m. vice-chancellor.  
**Vicedios**, s. m. the pope.  
**Vicésimo**, adj. vide *Vigesimo*.  
**Vice Versa**, adv. on the contrary.  
**Viciár**, v. a. to vitiate, to adulterate; to corrupt.  
**Vicio**, s. m. vice; also rankness, viciousness in land, or the like.  
**Viciosamente**, adv. viciously.  
**Vicioso**, adj. vicious; also rank, over-fruifull.—*Los panes se échân de puro viciôso*, the corn is so rank, or so over-full, that it lodges.  
**Vicisitud**, s. f. a change, a vicissitude.  
**Victima**, s. f. a victim, a sacrifice, an oblation.  
**Victór**, s. m. a victor, a conqueror. This word is used by way of applause, when any person does a thing well.  
**Victoreár**, v. a. to applaud, to praise in general.

**Victoría, s. f.** victory, conquest, triumph.  
**Victoriosamente, adv.** victoriously.  
**Victorioso, adj.** victorious, conquering.  
**Victualia, s. f.** vide **Vituala**.  
**Vicuña, s. m.** the name of an animal in Peru, a kind of wild goat.  
**Vid, s. f.** a vine. It is also that part of a woman which comes out with the after-birth, so called because it is knotty.—*Vid paráda*, a vine that grows up against a wall or over an arbour.—*Vid pasmada*, a vine that is blasted.—*Vid con brázos*, a vine that spreads in many branches.—*Vid tenada*, a vine that lies flat.—*Vides abrazadas*, vines that run up trees.—*Vid mēcha*, a vine trunk without branches.  
**Vida, s. f.** life.—*Buena vida*, padre, y madre *divida*, ref. a good and easy life, or he who lives in great abundance, forgets his father and mother.—*Deber la vida*, f. to owe one's life to another.—*En mi vida*, mod. adv. in my life.—*Mi vida*, exp. my life.—*Hombre de buena*, o *de mala vida*, a good or an ill liver.—*Darse buena vida*, to live at one's ease.  
**Vidriár, v. a.** to glaze earthen ware.  
**Vidriera, s. f.** a glass window.—*Licenciado vidriera*, a scoffing name for a very delicate person.  
**Vidrieria, s. f.** the place where glass is worked or sold.  
**Vidriero, s. m.** a glazier.  
**Vidrio, s. m.** glass.  
**Vidrioso, adj.** glassy.—*Hombre vidrioso*, a man that is like glass; that is, who is touchy and must be gently handled.  
**Vidro, s. m.** vide **Vidrio**.  
**Viduál, adj.** belonging to a widow.  
**Viduelño, or Viduño, s. m.** a vine.  
**Vieja, s. f.** an old woman.—Prov. *Poco á poco hila la vieja el copo*, little by little the old woman spins her distaff full; that is, patience and application carry one through any work though ever so tedious.  
**Viejazo, s. m.** augment. of *viejo*.  
**Viejecito, adj.** oldish.  
**Viejo, adj.** old.—*Viejo, s. m.* an

old man.—*Soldado viejo*, an old soldier, a veteran soldier.—*Tener alguna rosa de viejo*, to have some old habitude left.—Prov. *Si quieres vivir sano, haste alijo temprano*, if you would be healthy, be old betimes; that is, take care of yourself as old men do.—*Del viejo el consejo, y del rico el remedio*, ref. take advice from an old man, and remedy from the rich one.  
**Viédo, s. m.** } a fan to fan  
**Viéndro, obs.** } corn.  
**Vientecillo, s. m.** a soft breeze.  
**Viento, s. m.** the wind.—*Viento*, any thing very light.—*Viento*, a bone so called, that dogs have in the head.—*Buñuelos de viento*, a kind of fritters so called.—*Irse con el viento que corre*, to follow the party that prevails.—*Viento en popa*, a fair wind.—*Cosa de viento*, an idle story, a thing of no moment.—*Viento remolinado*, a whirlwind.—*Viento travessa*, a contrary wind.—Prov. *Viento y ventura poco dura*, wind and good luck are seldom lasting.  
**Vientrázo, s. m.** a great belly or paunch.  
**Viétre, s. m.** the belly, the paunch.—*Viétre*, any internal cavity when large and capacious.—*Viétre de cornero*, a sheep's paunch.—*Viétre de colón*, in architecture, the middle part of the column.—*Ovejas de viétre*, fruitful ewes.—*De viétre y lino*, by father and mother.—*Sacar el viétre de mal año*, to eat one's belly full at another man's table.—Prov. *El viétre ayuno, no oye á ninguno*, an empty belly hears no body; that is, a man when hungry is not fit to be advised or spoke to about business.—*Sacar el viétre de mal año*, to deliver the belly from an evil year; that is, to make use of one's time, and feed heartily when it is to be had.—Prov. *Ciento de un viétre, y cada uno de su viétre*, an hundred of one belly, and every one of his particular mind; so many men, so many minds, though they be all brothers.  
**Vientrecillo, s. m.** dimin. of *viétre*.  
**Viernes, s. m.** Friday.—*Viernes*, any neagre day.—*Cura de*

*viernes*, a lean bony face.—*Lo haré la semana que no tenga viernes*, I will never do it.  
**Viga, s. f.** a beam.—*Viga de lagar*, the great beam over the wine press, which presses the grapes to squeeze the wine out.—*Andir de viga en viga*, to step from beam to beam; to skip idly, to saunter about; to be tossed about from post to pillar.  
**Vigésimo, adj.** the twentieth.  
**Vigilancia, s. f.** vigilant, watchfulness.  
**Vigilante, adj.** vigilant, diligent, watchful.  
**Vigilia, s. f.** the eve of a holiday; any fasting day.—*Vigilia*, watching, the state of being awake, want of sleep.—*Vigilia*, nightly incubation, produce of literary labour.—*Vigilia*, (in cant) the hangman's trumpet.  
**Vigolero, s. m.** the hangman's helper.  
**Vigór, s. m.** vigor, force, life, strength, sprightliness.  
**Vigorár, v. a.** to enliven, to give vigour.  
**Vigornia, s. f.** vide **Bigornia**.  
**Vigorosamente, adv.** vigorously.  
**Vigorosidad, s. f.** vide **Vigor**.  
**Vigoroso, adj.** vigorous.  
**Vigote, s. m.** vide **Bigote**.  
**Vigüela, s. f.** a sort of lute.  
**Vigüelista, s. m.** one who plays upon the *vigüela*.  
**Viguería, s. f.** a parcel of beans.  
**Vigüeta, s. f.** a little bean.  
**Vil, adj.** vile, base.  
**Vilecer, v. n.** to grow vile, or base.  
**Viléza, s. f.** baseness, vileness.  
**Vilhório, s. m.** (in cant) the rogue that shuns a danger by flight.  
**Vil pendiar, v. a.** to abuse, to despise, to contemn, to set very low.  
**Vilipendio, s. m.** contempt, abuse.  
**Villa, s. f.** a town.  
**Village, s. m.** a village, a small collection of houses in the country.  
**Villanage, s. m.** the peasants, the country people.  
**Villanamente, adv.** basely, vilely, clownishly, meanly.  
**Villanón, s. m.** a clown.  
**Villancico, s. m.** a sort of pastoral poem or song.  
**Villanciquero, s. m.** one who composes *villancios*.



Villanería, s. f. the same as *villanía* and *villanaje*.

Villanésco, adj. belonging to the country and the peasantry.

Villanía, s. f. lowness of birth, condition, or state.—*Villanía*, baseness, base action, villany.

Villanía, s. f. villanage, meanness, baseness.

Villano, adj. rustick, of the country, not of the town.—

*Villano*, s. m. a clown, a countryman, a peasant.—*Al villano dale el codo, y tomarse ha la mano*, ref. give to a clown an inch, and he will take an ell.—

*Villano*, karto de ajos, a clown stuffed with garlic; a base stinking fellow; a clodpate, an obstinate blockhead.

Villanote, s. m. vide Villanchon.

Villár, s. m. a great village, a borough.

Villéta, s. m. a little town.

Villète, s. m. a billet, a bill, a note, a letter.

Villelina, s. f. a kind of linen so called.

Villoría, s. f. a country seat.

Villorín, s. m. a kind of coarse cloth.

Villórño, s. m. a contemptuous word for a village, a small paltry village.

Vilménte, adv. vilely, basely.

Vilo, only used in the adverb *en vilo*, in the air, without any firmness or stability.

Vilórdo, adj. heavy, lazy, dull.

Vilórta, s. f. a ring made of willows or of some such pliable branch.—*Juégó de vilórta*, a sort of tennis.

Vimbres, s. f. a twig.

Vinagéra, s. f. a church-cruet.

Vinagre, s. m. vinegar.—*Vinagre*, a rough, austere, crabbed fellow.—*Vinagre*, the juice of fruits before they are ripe.

Vinagréra, s. f. a vinegar bottle or cruet.

Vinagrillo, s. m. a sort of paint or wash formerly used by women, chiefly made with vinegar.—*Vinagrillo*, a sort of rosy vinegar used in snuff to quicken its relish.

Vinagróso, adj. rough, austere.

Vinariégó, adj. skilful in the cultivation and management of vines.

Vinatéro, s. m. a countryman that sells wines.

Vínculo, s. m. band, bond, obligation, entail.

Vinculár, v. a. to entail an estate, to bind sure, to make fast.

Vindicativo, adj. revengeful.

Vindicta, s. f. revenge.

Vino, s. m. wine.—*Vino de manzanas*, cyder.—*Vino de ración*, ordinary wine for servants.—*Vino tinto*, red wine.—*Vino clarete*, a pale red wine.—*Vino brózo*, a harsh unpalatable wine.—*Vino quélto*, wine that is pricked.—*Vino devagociado* or *robotado*, decayed wine.—*Vino de majuelo*, wine of a young vine.

Vinolencia, s. f. excess in drinking.

Vinolénto, s. m. a drunkard, one given to wine.

Vinosidad, s. f. vinosity.

Vinóso, adj. that has qualities resembling those of wine.

Víña, s. f. a vineyard.—*Entróse cómo por víña vendimiada*; he intruded as in a vineyard that had been gathered; he went in with great freedom.—*Víñas y juán danzante*, (in cant) signifies scamper, get away, save yourself.

Vinádéro, s. m. one that farms a vineyard, or that looks to a vineyard.

Vinédó, s. m. a district that is all vineyards.

Vióla, s. f. a viol, a stringed instrument of music; also a flower called violet.

Violacéó, adj. of a violet colour.

Violáble, adj. that may be violated.

Violación, s. f. violation.

Violádo, adj. of a violet colour; chiefly made of violets; as,—*Lamedor violádo*, syrup of violets.

Violador, s. m. a violator, a defiler, an infringer.

Violár, v. a. to violate, to defile, to infringe.—*Violár*, s. m. the spot that produces violets.

Violencia, s. f. violence.

Violentamente, adv. violently.

Violéntar, v. a. to force, to use violence.

Violénto, adj. violent.

Violeta, s. f. a violet.

Violín, s. f. the musical in-

strument called a violin, a fiddle.

Violinista, s. m. a player upon the violin, a fidler.

Violón, s. m. a base viol.

Viperino, adj. belonging to vipers.

Viquitórtes, s. m. pl. knees in a ship.

Vira, s. f. a shaft or arrow to shoot out of a cross-bow; any wooden pin; the lining of the shoe, or the narrow slip of leather on the inside, that runs along the seam to strengthen it.—*Ir mas derecho que una víra*, to walk as straight as an arrow.

Viratón, s. m. a large dart or arrow.

Virár, v. a. to turn.

Virgen, s. f. a virgin.—*Virgen*, adj. fem. untouched, unpolluted.—*Azeite virgen*, the first oil that runs from the olives without pressing.

Virginal, adj. of, or belonging to a virgin.

Virgineó, adj. idem.

Virginidad, s. f. virginity.

Virgo, s. m. a maidenhead.—

*Virgo*, virgo, the sixth sign in the zodiac.

Virgula, s. f. a comma.

Viril, adj. manly.—*Viril*, s. m. a fine glass to set before any thing that it may be seen, and not handled, or to preserve it from dust.

Virilidad, s. f. manhood.

Virilménte, adv. manly.

Viripoténte, adj. marriageable; said of a girl.

Virolénto, adj. he who has the small-pox, or is marked by it.

Virotázo, s. m. a blow, wound, or stroke of a shaft, bolt, or arrow.

Viróte, s. m. a bolt, a shaft, an arrow to shoot out of a cross-bow; a long piece of iron fastened in a ring put about the neck of runaway slaves.—*Viróte jostrádo*, a shaft with a little plate full of sharp points at the end, that it may knock down the game.—*Trága viróte*, a fellow that walks as stiff as if he had swallowed a stake.—*Mirá por el viróte*, to mind one's business, as he who is to shoot looks narrowly to his shaft.—*Echár un viróte tras otro*, to send one shaft

after another. When one servant is sent to fetch another, and both stay; or when a man throws away good money after bad.

Virreina, s. m. the viceroy's wife.

Virreinato, s. m. the dignity or office of the viceroy, and the time that his government lasts.

Virrey, s. m. viceroy.

Virreino, s. m. vide Virreinato.

Virtuál, adj. virtual.

Virtualmente, adv. virtually.

Virtud, s. f. virtue.—*Perdér su virtud*, to wither, said of trees.

*Hacer de necesidad virtud*, to make a virtue of necessity.—Prov. *Virtudes vencen señales*, virtue overcomes ill tokens; that is, though a man seems to be ill inclined, he may overcome all bad tokens and inclinations, and be virtuous.

Virtuosamente, adj. virtuously.

Virtuoso, adj. virtuous.

Viruelas, s. f. pl. the small-pox.

Virulencia, s. f. virulence.

Virulento, adj. virulent.

Viruta, s. f. a thin bit of lath or chip.

Visage, s. f. the face, the visage.—*Hacer visages*, to make faces.

Visagra, s. f. a hinge.

Visantes, s. m. pl. (in cant) the eyes.

Visceras, s. f. the bowels, the intestines.

Visconde, a viscount.

Viscosidad, s. f. viscosity, a tenacious matter.

Viscoso, adj. viscous, clammy, sticking like birdlime.

Visera, s. f. the beaver of a helmet.—*Calár la visera*, to pull down the vizor or beaver of a helmet in order to engage an enemy.

Visibilidad, s. f. visibility, the state of being visible.

Visible, adj. that may be seen.

Visiblemente, adv. visibly.

Visión, s. f. vision, apparition.

*Ver visiones*, to be run away with one's own imaginations.—*Ver visiones*, to see spectres; said to ridicule ugly people that are approaching or coming to us.

Visionario, adj. visionary, belonging to a vision.

Visir, s. m. a pizir among the Turks.

Visita, s. f. a visit, a visitation, a search, an enquiry; also a visitant, one who goes to see another.—*Visita de náos*, the searching of ships by the king's officers to clear them.—*Visita de juez ó prelado*, a judge's going a circuit to try causes, or a prelate's going his visitation.—*Visita de cárcel*, a gaol delivery.

Visitación, s. f. visitation, search, enquiry.

Visitador, s. m. visiter, searcher.

Visitar, v. a. to visit, to search, to try, to enquire into.—*Visitar lugares santos*, to go pilgrimages, to frequent places of devotion.—*Visitar como juez ó prelado*, to go a visitation as a bishop, or a circuit as a judge.—*Visitar comedres*, to go gossiping from one house to another.—*Visitarse*, v. r. to visit, to keep up the intercourse of ceremonial salutations at the houses of each other.

Visivo, adj. visible, obvious to the eye.

Vislumbrar, v. a. to dazzle.

Vislumbre, s. f. a dazzling light; (metaph.) conjecture, suspicion, or idea; also a glimmering.

Viso, s. m. a glimmering, a glance, a sight.—*Hacer visos*, to glimmer as a glass does in the sun.

Visojo, adj. squint-eyed.

Visoño, s. m. vide Bisoño.

Visorio, adj. belonging to the sight.

Visorréy, s. m. a viceroy.

Vispera, s. f. the eve of a feast, or any other day.—*Vísperas*, pl. the vespers, the evening service.—*En vísperas*, very near.—*Vísperas Sicilianas*, the Sicilian vespers.

Vista, s. f. the sight, the sense of seeing; also aspect, appearance.—*Vista*, the eye or eyes; also a vision or apparition.—*Vista*, notice, knowledge.—*A vista de*, before, or with the.—*Vista de aduana*, one who visits the goods and seals them.—*Vistas*, pl. the windows and doors of any edifice; also a prospect.—*A la vista*, facing, near, just by.—*A la vista*, directly, without dilatation.—*Comér ó tragár con la vista*, to look at one

very angrily.—*Conocer de vista*, f. to know any one by sight.—*Estar á la vista*, to be observing.

Vistillas, s. f. pl. an high place to discover the country or the sea.

Vistosamente, adv. beautifully.

Vistoso, adj. sightly, gay, beautiful; (in cant) the coat.—

*Vistosos*, pl. (in cant) the eyes.

Visual, adj. visual.

Vital, adj. vital, belonging to the life.

Vitalicio, adj. during the life of one.

Vitalidad, s. f. vitality, power of subsisting in life.

Vitela, s. f. a young heifer; also the leather made of a cow's skin.

Vitelina, adj. (fem.) of a dark colour, speaking of the bile or choler.

Vito, s. m. (obs.) food, sustenance, provision.

Vitór, s. m. vide Victor.

Vitória, s. f. victory.

Vitoriosamente, adv. victoriously.

Vitorioso, adj. victorious.

Vitréo, adj. vitreous, glassy.

Vitrificación, s. f. vitrification, production of glass.

Vitrificar, v. a. to vitrify, to change into glass.

Vitriolo, s. m. vitriol, copperas.

Vitualla, s. f. victuals, provisions.

Vituperable, adj. blame-worthy.

Vituperación, s. m. blame, censure.

Vituperador, s. m. a blamer, a censurer.

Vituperar, v. a. to blame, to censure.

Vitupério, s. m. blame, censure.

Vituperiosamente, adj. injuriously, shamefully, ignominiously.

Vituperoso, adj. ignominious, shameful, shameless.

Viva ! an interjection; let him live.—*Viva el rey!* may the king live! used in acclamations.—*Viva quien vence*, let the conqueror live. Applied to those who are always for the strongest party.

Viviác, s. m. an extraordinary night horse-guard for the security of a camp.



- Vivacidad, s. f. liveliness, sprightliness.
- Vivamente, adv. sprightly, lively.
- Vivandero, s. m. a vivandier, a sutler in an army.
- Viváque, s. m. a small quarter for soldiers.
- Vivár, s. m. a coney-warren.
- Vivaracho, adj. brisk, gay, lively.
- Viváz, adj. strong, full of vigour; also gay, active, lively; also ingenious, skilful.
- Vivéro, s. m. a park or a warren; also a pool, a marshy place.
- Vivéres, s. m. pl. provisions for a place, army, or ship.
- Vivéza, s. f. liveliness, sprightliness.
- Vividór, s. m. one that knows how to live well.
- Vivienda, s. f. a dwelling.
- Viviente, s. m. a living creature.
- Vivificación, s. f. vivification.
- Vivificar, s. m. vivifier.
- Vivificar, v. a. to give life, to enliven.
- Viviparo, adj. viviparous, bringing forth the young alive.
- Vivir, v. n. to live.—*Vivir*, to live, to dwell.—*Viva v. m. mil años*, I thank you.—*Vivir á cuenta ó voluntad de otro*, to be maintained by another.—*Vivir en una casa*, to live in a house.—*Como se vive, se muere*, such life, such death.—Prov. *Quien quisiere vivir sano coma poco y cene temperano*, he that would be healthy, must eat temperately, and sup betimes.
- Vivo, adj. alive.—*Estár en carnes vivas*, to be naked.—*Vivo*, ingenious, crafty; also inconsiderate.—*Vivo*, active, diligent.—*Al vivo*, very like.—*Guerra viva*, actual war.—*Ojos vivos*, very gay and lively eyes.—*Vivos*, s. m. pl. in architecture, is all that juts out beyond the perpendicular of the structure.
- Viuda, s. f. a widow.—*La viuda honrada, su puerta cerrada*, ref. a widow ought to shut her door; that is, ought to live very careful.
- Viudedad, } s. f. widowhood.
- Viudéz, }
- Viudita, dim. of *viuda*, a young widow.
- Viúdo, s. m. a widower.
- Vizecacha, s. f. a kind of hare in America.
- Vizecondado, s. m. the state, or title of a viscount.
- Vizeconde, s. m. a viscount.
- Vizecondesa, s. f. a viscountess.
- Voace, } used by ruffians and
- Voáree, } bullies, and sometimes by country fellows for
- usted, or *vuestra merced*, your worship; you, sir.
- Vocablo, s. m. a word.
- Vocabulario, s. m. } a voca-
- Vocabularista, (obs.) } bulary.
- Vocación, s. f. a calling, a vocation.
- Vocal, adj. vocal, of the voice.
- Una vocal, a vowel.
- Vocalmente, adv. vocally, orally, by word of mouth.
- Vocativo, s. m. the vocative case.
- Voceador, s. m. bawler, he who bawls aloud.
- Vocear, v. n. to cry out, to scream, to clamour, to call aloud.
- Voceria, s. f. a confusion of voices.
- Vocero, s. m. (obs.) an advocate, a lawyer.
- Vociferación, s. f. vociferation.
- Vociferador, s. m. a boaster.
- Vociferar, v. n. to cry out aloud.
- Vocingleria, s. f. the noise of many voices; also talkativeness.
- Vocinglero, adj. who speaks very loud.
- Voladero, adj. that does, or can fly.
- Volador, s. m. a flier.—*En volandas*, adj. flying through the air; speaking of a witch.
- Volandero, adj. flying, hanging in the air.
- Volante, s. m. a sort of thin veil, any loose thing that flutters in the air.
- Volantón, s. m. the bird that is ready to fly.
- Volár, v. n. to fly.—*Volár con pólvora*, to blow up with gunpowder.—*Volár una grulla*, to fly a hawk at a crane.—*Eso sera como volár un buey*, that is, as likely as that an ox will fly.
- Volateria, s. f. all sorts of fowl.
- Volatil, adj. that flies or can fly.
- Volatilidad, s. f. volatility.
- Volatin, s. m. a rope dancer.
- Volcán, s. m. a burning mountain.
- Volcár, v. a. to overturn.—*El coche se ha volcado*, the coach has been overturned.
- Volear, v. a. to make fly in the air by impulsion.
- Voléo, s. m. the action of making any thing fly.—*De un voléo*, in a minute.
- Volición, s. f. volition, the act of the will.
- Volquearse, v. r. (obs.) vide Revolcarse.
- Volteriedad, s. f. inconstancy.
- Volitario, adj. inconstant.
- Volteador, s. m. a tumbler, a vaulter.
- Voltear, v. a. to roll, to tumble, to vault.
- Volubilidad, s. f. volubility, inconstancy, mutability.
- Voluble, adj. voluble, inconstant, changeable.
- Volumen, s. m. a volume, a bulk; size, bigness.
- Voluminoso, adj. voluminous.
- Voluntad, s. f. the will or affection.—*Quitar la voluntad*, f. to prevent any one from doing what they please.—*Última voluntad*, the last will.
- Voluntariamente, adv. voluntarily, willingly.
- Voluntario, adj. voluntary, done with a good will.
- Voluptad, s. f. voluptuousness.
- Voluptuosamente, adv. voluptuously.
- Voluptuoso, adj. voluptuous.
- Volúta, s. f. the volute, a member of a column.
- Volver, v. a. to turn; also to return.—*Volver á cantar*, to sing again.—*Volver á decir*, to say again, to repeat.—*Volver por*, to protect, to defend.—*Volver*, to change one thing into another.—*Volver por sí*, to defend one's self.—*Volver sobre sí*, to reflect upon one's self.—*Volverse contra alguno*, to turn against one, to be his enemy.
- Volvable, adj. that may be turned.
- Volvimiento, s. m. turning.
- Vólo, } s. m. a bad cholic,
- Vólulo, } so called.
- Vómico, adj. that which causes vomit.—*Nuez vómica*, the vomick-nut from the East-Indies.
- Vomitador, adj. that vomits or throws out of itself.
- Vomitár, v. a. to vomit; {me-

taph.) to insult, to use ill, to discover a secret; also to oblige any one to pay their debts. — *Vomitar sangre*, f. to boast of nobility; to spit blood.

Vomitivo, adj. vomitive, that provokes vomit.

Vómito, s. m. vomit, spue. — *Volver al vómito*, to return to the vomit, to fall again into any vice a man had forsaken.

Vomitório, adj. that causes vomiting.

Voracidad, s. f. voracity.

Vorágine, s. m. a gulph, a gap in the earth, a place that swallows up.

Voráz, adj. voracious, greedy, gluttonous, devouring.

Vórtice, s. m. a vortex.

Vortiginoso, adj. vertical, having a whirling motion.

Vos, pron. ye or you, never used but to inferiors, or where there is great familiarity.

Vosáste, s. m. clownish; for *vuestra merced*.

Vosco, with you, or you; a clownish word.

Vosearse, v. r. to talk to one another by thee and thou.

Vosotros, ye, or you, in the plural number.

Votador, s. m. a swearer.

Votar, v. n. to vote, to vow, to swear.

Votivo, adj. that has been vowed.

Voto, s. m. a vow; a vote, an oath. — *Tener voto en consejo*, to have a vote in council. — *Voto á tal*, an expression to avoid swearing. — *Dar su voto*, to give

one's vote. — *Decir su voto*, to deliver one's opinion.

Voz, s. f. a voice, the noise any creature makes, the sound of an instrument, a report. — *Dar una voz*, to call aloud to. — *Tener voz en capítulo*, to have a vote in an assembly. — *Pública voz*, common fame. — *Correr voz*, any report spread abroad. — *A una voz*, unanimously, by common consent. — *A voz de pregonero*, proclaimed by a crier. — *Dar voces*, to cry out, to halloo.

Voznár, v. n. to cry like a swan or other aquatich bird.

Vuecelencia, an abbreviation of *vuestra excellencia*, your excellency.

Vuelco, s. m. overturn.

Vuelo, s. m. flight; elevation of the mind. — *Vuelos*, pl. ruffles.

Vuelta, s. f. the circular motion of a thing, or turning from one side to another. — *Venir de vuelta*, to come back. — *Dar una vuelta en el aire*, to turn round without touching the ground. — *Dar una vuelta de azotes*, to give one a whipping. — *Ir la vuelta de una parte*, to go toward such a place. — *Otra vuelta*, another turn. — *A vuelta de viaje*, returning home from a voyage. — *Andar á vueltas*, to quarrel. — *Dar una vuelta*, to take a short turn. — *Poner de vuelta y media*, to affront, to abuse one. — *No hay que darle vueltas*, f. (metaph.) do not labour in vain; the thing will be always

so. — *Tener vueltas*, to be inconstant.

Vuelto, p. p. of *volver*; turned.

Vueso, } pron. yours.  
Vuestro, }

Vuestra merced, you, sir; you, madam.

Vulgacho, s. m. the mob.

Vulgar, adj. vulgar, common.

Vulgaridad, s. f. vulgarity; belonging to, or usual with the mob.

Vulgarizádo, da, p. p. from *vulgarizar*; translated out of a foreign language into one's own.

Vulgarizarse, v. r. to court the populace; to be free with them.

Vulgarizar, v. n. to become common or vulgar.

Vulgármemente, adv. vulgarly.

Vulgo, s. m. the rabble, the multitude, the populace. — *Prov. No perdóna el vulgo, tácha de ninguno*, the mob spares nobody.

Vulnerable, adj. vulnerable, that can be wounded.

Vulneración, s. f. the act of wounding.

Vulnerar, v. a. to wound.

Vulnerario, adj. that heals wounds.

Vulpeja, s. f. a fox.

Vulto, s. m. face, visage.

Vulturno, s. m. south-east.

Válva, s. f. the womb.

Vusco, a rustic word; the same as *convosótro*, with you.

Vusted, s. m. the same as *usted*, or *vuestra merced*, your worship; you, sir; you, madam.

## X.

**X**, in Spanish, is sometimes pronounced in the throat, and has the same sound with the J consonant, or *jota*.

Xabalón, s. m. one of the small beams that form the roof of a house.

Xabalonár, v. a. to place the small beams in forming the roof of a house.

Xabalón, s. m. the same as *xábalon*.

Xabalónar, v. a. the same as *xábalonar*.

Xabeba, s. f. a sort of Moorish

pipe to play on. — *Xabeba*, a large net so called.

Xabeca, s. f. a large net so called.

Xabega, s. f. the same musical instrument as *xabeba*; as also the same net as *xabeba* and *xabeca*.

Xabeguero, adj. that fishes with the *xabega*, or belonging to the net called *xabega*.

Xabeque, s. m. a kind of vessel called a xabeck; it is a sort of galley with oars and guns in the sides.

Xabón, s. m. soap. — *Dar un xabón*, f. (metaph.) to chastise any one.

Xabonar, v. a. to soap, to wash with soap. — *Xabonar á uno*, to reprove a man sharply.

Xaboncillo, s. m. washing-balls perfumed, used to shave.

Xabonera, s. f. the herb soapwort.

Xabonería, s. f. soap-house, the place where the soap-boilers live.

Xabonero, s. m. a soap-boiler.

Xabonete, s. m. a wash-ball.



- Xacára, s. f.** a song so called; also a sort of dance.—*Xacára*, a company of young people singing at night through the streets; also a lie, a story.
- Xacarandána, } s. f. (in cant)**  
**Xacaranina, }** the gibberish, or language of rogues and gaol-birds; a company or gang of them; a cant, or a canting crew.
- Xacareár, v. n.** to sing a song called *xacára*; also to plague and vex one.
- Xacaréro, s. m.** one who likes to sing *xícaras*.
- Xacáro, s. m.** a bully, a boaster, a bravo.
- Xáco, s. m.** a kind of short sack wore anciently by soldiers. — *Xáco*, s. m. vide *Xaque*.
- Xáda, s. f. (obs.)** vide *Azáda*.
- Xadiár, v. a.** to dig with a spade.
- Xaez, vide Jaez.**
- Xága, s. f. (obs.)** vide *Llaga*.
- Xaguadero, s. m. (obs.)** vide *Desaguadero*.
- Xaharrar, v. a.** vide *Jaharar*, to plaster wall with fine lime.
- Xaháro, s. m.** fine plaster for plastering of walls.
- Xaheriz, s. f. (obs.)** an oil-mill.
- Xalápa, the purging root** called jalap.
- Xaleár, v. a.** to call the dogs in hunting.
- Xalés, s. m. (obs.)** canvass to cover waggons.
- Xalés, s. m.** a kind of very coarse linen cloth.
- Xalúllo, s. m.** a bit of dough made into a cake and baked on charcoal.
- Xálma, s. f.** vide *Enxalma*.
- Xalóque, s. m.** the south-east wind.
- Xalvegar, v. a.** to white-wash.—*La casa está bien xalvegada*, the house was well white-washed.
- Xamacúco, s. m.** vide *Zamacuco*.
- Xamar, v. a.** vide *Llamar*.
- Xamborliér, s. m.** a valet-de-chambre about the king's person.
- Xambrár, v. a.** vide *Enxambrar*.
- Xaméte, s. m.** a sort of satten, half silk, half worsted.
- Xamúga, s. f.** a particular sort of saddle made for women to ride on.
- Xamuscár, v. a.** vide *Chamuscár*.
- Xándalo, adj.** affected in speaking or in walking.
- Xáno, adj. (obs.)** vide *Llano*.
- Xapoípe, s. f.** a sort of pancake.
- Xáque, s. m.** a check at chess; (in cant) a ruffian, a bully.—*Xoque y mate*, checkmate.—*Xaque de aquí*, go out.
- Xaquéca, s. f.** vide *Axaqueca*.
- Xaquéta, s. f.** a sort of loose upper garment.
- Xaquima, s. f.** a halter for a beast.
- Xaquimázo, s. m.** a blow given with a halter.—*Xaquimázo*, misfortune, hurt, cause of sorrow.
- Xára, s. f.** rock-rose, a plant.—*Xára*, a kind of dart or arrow.
- Xarábe, s. m.** a syrup, a sweet draught made by apothecaries for sick people.
- Xarabearse, v. r.** to make use of syrups.
- Xaraíz, s. m.** vide *Lagar*.
- Xarál, s. m.** a heath, a place full of shrubs or bushes.
- Xaramágo, s. m.** wild rape.
- Xárcias, s. f. pl.** the rigging of a ship; all sorts of fishing-tackle.
- Xarétas, s. f. pl.** the nettings in a ship; nets made of small ropes, used to cover men in close fight; also the grating made like lattice-windows for the light and air to pass through.
- Xarife, s. m.** vide *Xerife*.
- Xarifo, adj.** curious, beautiful, lovely, delicate.
- Xaropár, v. a.** to drench, to purge.
- Xarópe, s. m.** a potion, a draught, a purge.
- Xaropéar, v. a.** vide *Xaropar*.
- Xaragin, s. m.** a garden of pleasure.
- Xárrro, s. m.** a vociferous man, a scolding woman.
- Xauráda, adj.** afflicted, sorrowful, comfortable.
- Xáuria, s. f.** a pack of hounds.
- Xaúto, adj.** insipid, wanting salt.
- Xéa, s. f. (obs.)** the name of a duty paid upon goods by the Moors.
- Xéfe, s. m.** a chief, a chieftain, a commander of a party.
- Xélfe, s. m. (in cant)** a slave.
- Xemál, adj.** belonging to the
- measure of a span called *xeme*.
- Xéme, s. m.** half a foot, or as much as a man can span with his thumb and fore-finger.—*Xeme*, the female face.
- Xenábe, } s. m. mustard.**  
**Xenáble, }**
- Xéno, adj. (obs.)** vide *Lleno*.
- Xépe, s. m.** vide *Alumbre*.
- Xéque, s. m.** a lord, a commander, a governor.
- Xéra, s. f.** as much land as a pair of oxen can plough in a day.
- Xérge, s. f.** a coarse sort of linen like sack-cloth.—*Estár una cosa en xerga*, to be begun and not finished; coarse and unpolished.
- Xergón, s. m.** a straw-bed.
- Xerife, s. m.** a sheriff, which is a title of dignity among the Moors.
- Xeringa, s. f.** a syringe; also trouble, vexation.
- Xeringár, v. a.** to syringe; also to molest, to plague.
- Xeringázo, s. m.** syringing, a squirt.
- Xerqueria, s. f.** a slaughter-house where they kill sheep.
- Xéta, s. f.** a mushroom; (metaph.) they give this name to a black's mouth, or a hog's snout.—*Xéta de pescado*, a fish-pond.
- Xía, s. f.** vide *Chia*.
- Xibia, s. f.** the cuttle-fish.
- Xibión, s. m.** the cuttle-bone or fish.
- Xicára, s. f.** a dish used to drink chocolate out of.
- Xifa, s. f.** the bad part of the meat that they throw away when they kill beasts.
- Xiferáda, s. f.** a blow with such a knife.
- Xiferia, s. f.** the action of killing sheep or oxen, as butchers do.
- Xiféro, adj.** clownish, dirty.—*Xifero*, s. m. a butcher; also a butcher's knife.
- Xilguéro, s. m.** a bird called a goldfinch.
- Xilobálsamo, s. m.** the balm-tree.—*Xilobálsamo*, s. m. a balsam made by boiling and squeezing the leaves of the balsam-trees.
- Ximélga, s. f.** sailors call it a fish, being a piece of timber or plank, made fast either to mast or yard to strengthen it when in danger of breaking.

Ximía, s. f. a she-ape.

Ximio, s. m. a he-ape; (metaph.) one that is always making ugly faces.

Xiride, s. f. stinking corn flag, plant.

Xisca, s. f. a kind of wild reed so called.

Xitár, v. a. to drive out, to drive away.

Xixállar, s. m. the mountain where the *xixallo* grows in abundance.

Xixálo, s. m. a kind of citisus, a shrub.

Xo, a word used to stop horses or other beasts.

Xorgolin, s. m. (in cant) the subordinate companion of a rogue.

Xuagárzo, s. m. a thorny bush that grows in mountainous places so called.

Xubéte, s. m. an armour formerly in use.

Xúcla, s. f. one of the seven signs that the Arabs place on their consonants to denote some vowel.

Xúgo, s. m. the juice of any herb or fruit.

Xugosidad, juicines, juice

Xugoso, adj. full of juice.

Xúgue, s. m. filthiness, foulness.

Xúlo, the leader of the flock; the same as *manso*.

Xurél, s. m. a sort of fish so called.

Xúta, s. f. an American bird of the goose kind, easily domesticated.

## Y.

**Y** is properly a Greek vowel, el, but often used in Spanish.—**Y**, a conjunction copulative; and **Y**, an interjection, denoting anger or contempt.—**Ya**, adv. already.—**Ya sea**, (obs.) supposing, granting.—**Ya se fué**, he is gone.

**Yacer**, v. n. to lie in a place. Commonly used on tombstones; as, *aquí yáze*, here lies—.

**Yacija**, s. f. a bed or the like where one lies.—*Ser de mala yacija*, to be full of pains; also to be a mean, base, wandering fellow.

**Yactára**, s. f. loss.

**Yámba**, s. m. an iambick; a Latin foot so called that has the first syllable short, the second long.

**Yámbico**, adj. consisting of iambicks.

**Yantár**, s. m. food, meat.—

**Yantár**, v. a. to eat, to breakfast.—**Yantár**, s. m. a tax that was formerly so called.

**Yáro**, s. m. the herb cuckoo-pit or calves-foot.

**Yégua**, s. f. a mare.—*Pro. El que deshecha la yegua, eso la lleva*, he who dispraises the mare, has her.

**Yeguáda**, s. f. a herd of mares.

**Yeguecita**, s. f. a little mare.

**Yegüero**, r. m. a keeper of mares.

**Yeguezuela**, s. f. a little or young mare.

**Yélmó**, s. m. a helmet, a head-piece.

**Yélo**, s. m. ice; (metaph.) disdainful, want of love.

**Yama**, s. f. the bloom produced

upon trees; (metaph.) the centre of any thing.—*Yema de dedo*, the brown or fleshy part of the finger.

**Yérba**, s. f. any sort of herb.

**Yermár**, v. n. to make waste, to depopulate.

**Yérmo**, adj. desert, not inhabited. **Yérmo**, s. m. a desert, a solitude.—*Un padre del yermo*, one of the holy anchorets of old.

**Yérno**, s. m. in love.

**Yérro**, s. m. an error, a mistake; also iron.

**Yert**, adj. stiff, stretched out, extended, like a dead body.

**Yérvo**, s. m. a plant so called, which produces little pods like pea-pods.—*Pisa buna ó mala yerba*, f. (metaph.) to be in good or ill temper.

**Yesál**, or **Yeseria**, s. m. lime-kiln.

**Yésca**, s. f. tinder.—*Yesca*, whatever is quite dry, and disposed of course to kindle and be burnt.—*Yesca*, the incentive of any passion.

**Yéscó**, s. m. the herb danewort, or dwarf-elder.

**Yeséro**, s. m. a worker in lime.

**Yéso**, s. m. stone of which mortar is made, so called because used in cement.

**Yésgo**, s. m. a kind of willow.

**Yó**, pronoun, I. Latin *ego*.—

**Yó**, often used as an interjection of contempt.

**Yogár**, v. a. (obs.) to rejoice, to make merry; also to join in carnal copulation; also to be, to stay, to remain, to abide.

**Yogár**, v. a. (obs.) the same as *yogar*.

**Yúcca**, s. f. a root in America, of which the natives make a kind of bread.

**Yugádo**, s. f. an acre of ground, or as much as a yoke of oxen can plough in a day.

**Yúge**, s. m. (obs.) a judge.

**Yúgo**, s. m. a yoke.—*Yugo*, matrimony.—*Yugo*, law, superior authority.—*Yugo*, any heavy or oppressive thing.—*Yugo de navío*, a strong timber that strengthens the stern of a ship.—*Sacudir el yugo*, to throw off all kind of obedience or subordination.—*Sujetarse al yugo*, to submit to the dominion or order of any one.

**Yuguero**, s. m. a ploughman.

**Yugulár**, adj. jugular; said of the veins in the throat.

**Yunque**, s. m. an anvil.—*Prov.*

*Quándo fueres yunque, sífre como yunque; quándo, fueres martillo, hiere como martillo*, when you are an anvil, bear like an anvil; when you are a hammer, strike like a hammer. That is, suit yourself always to your conditions.

**Yúnta**, s. f. a yoke of oxen.

**Yunteria**, s. f. the place where they keep oxen.

**Yüntero**, s. m. one who guides oxen when they plough.

**Yúnto**, adj. (rustick for *junto*) joined, united.

**Yuséra**, s. f. an horizontal stone used in oil mills.

**Yáso**, adv. beneath, under.—*De Dios en yáso*, under God.

**Yusión**, s. f. an order, or the thing ordered.

**Yuyúba**, s. f. vide *Azufaifa*.



## Z.

**Z**, The last letter of the Spanish alphabet.

**Za**, a word used in some parts to frighten dogs.

**Zabida**, } s. f. a kind of house-  
**Zabila**, } leek, or rather of  
aloes.

**Zabórda**, s. f. the running of a ship aground.

**Zabordádo**, *da*, p. p. from *zabordar*.

**Zabordár**, v. n. to run a ship aground.

**Zabórdo**, s. m. the running a ship aground.

**Zábra**, s. f. a sort of vessel or ship.

**Zabucádo**, *da*, p. p. from *zabucar*.

**Zabucár**, v. a. to overturn, to mingle, to mix; also to push.

**Zabullida**, s. f. vide *Zambullida*.

**Zabullido**, *da*, p. p. from *zabullir*.

**Zabullidúra**, s. f. plunging, sinking suddenly into water.

**Zabullir**, v. a. to plunge, to put suddenly under water.—*Zabullirse*, v. r. to plunge, to sink suddenly into water; also to disappear, to hide one's self.

**Zacapélla**, s. f. any noisy quarrel, dispute, contest.

**Zacatin**, s. m. a market, a rag fair.

**Zaceár**, v. a. to frighten dogs; also to lisp.

**Záfa**, s. f. vide *Albornia*.

**Zafádo**, s. f. clearing out a ship.

—*Zafada*, flight, hastening away, running away.

**Zafádo**, *da*, p. p. from *zafar*.

**Zafar**, v. a. to adorn, to beautify; also to clear a ship.—*Zafarse*, v. r. to run away, to fly; to excuse one's self from doing a thing.

**Zafarêche**, s. m. vide *Estanque*.

**Zafári**, adj. (*grana zafári*) a kind of pomegranate.

**Zafariche**, s. m. a board to put earthen pots upon.

**Zafería**, s. f. a farm, a village.

**Zafiedád**, s. f. rusticity either in language or conduct.

**Zátio**, adj. rude, rustical, unpo-

lished, unskilled, ignorant, gross.

**Zafir**, ó **Zafiro**, s. m. a sapphire, a precious stone.

**Zafirino**, *na*, adj. what has the colour of that stone.

**Záfo**, adj. free, without hindrance; also safe, free from danger or hurt; free in his behaviour, alert.

**Zága**, adv. (obs.) behind.—*Zága*, s. f. the extremity behind.

—*Zága*, the load put in the back part of a cart.—*Zága*, s. m. he who is the last player, the left hand.—*No ir en zaga*, no *quedarse en zaga*, not to be behind or inferior to others in any thing.

**Zagal**, s. m. a stout youth, a shepherd.

**Zagalá**, (fem.) of *zagal*.

**Zagaléja**, (fem.) of *zagalejo*.

**Zagalégo**, s. m. a young country lad; also a sort of women's petticoat.

**Zagalito**, s. m. dimin. of *zagal*.

**Zaguán**, s. m. a porch or entry to a house.

**Zaguanête**, s. m. dimin. of *zaguan*.

**Zahén**, adj. the last, the hindmost, that remains behind.

**Zaharêño**, adj. (*páxara zaharêño*) a wild bird.—*Zaharêño*, disdainful, wild.

**Zaharrón**, s. m. vide *Moharache*.

**Zahén**, adj. the appellative of gold coin, formerly called *dóbla zahén*.

**Zaheridór**, s. m. reproacher, censure.

**Zaherimiento**, reproach, censure.

**Zaherido**, *da*, p. p. from *zaherir*.

**Zaherir**, v. a. to blame, to reproach.

**Zahinas**, s. f. pl. a kind of pap that is eaten, so called.

**Zahón**, s. m. great and wide breeches.

**Zahonádo**, adj. of a dusky colour.

**Zahondár**, v. a. to sink in the earth.

**Zahóri**, s. m. an impostor who

pretends to see into the bowels of the earth, through stone walls, or into a man's body.

**Zahórria**, s. f. the ballast of a ship.

**Zabumer**, v. a. vide *Saumar*.

**Zahumerio**, s. m. vide *Saumerio*.

**Zahúrda**, s. f. a hog-sty; also any dark or filthy place.

**Zaida**, s. f. a kind of tame crane.

**Zaina**, s. f. (in cant) the purse.

**Zaino**, adj. dark chesnut without mixture of any other colour.—*Zaino*, adj. treacherous, false.—*Mirar de zaino*, a *lo zaino*, to look as dissembling deceitful people do.

**Zála**, s. f. the Moorish prayers, devotion, or worship.—*Hacer la zálá á uno*, to court one.

**Zalagárda**, s. f. any confused noise made by low people; also a quarrel among bullies on purpose to be parted.—*Zalagárda*, s. f. a false alarm given to an enemy to harass him.—*Zalagárda*, a sudden sally out of an ambush with shouts; also a snare or a malicious and deceitful craftiness.

**Zaláma**, } s. f. flattery, adu-

**Zalamería**, } lation.

**Zalaméro**, s. m. a flatterer.

**Zaléa**, s. f. a sheep's skin dried, but not dressed or tanned.

**Zaleádo**, *da*, p. p. from *zalear*.

**Zaleár**, v. a. to shake any thing or drag it with easiness.

**Zaleár**, to part dogs by crying *za, za*.

**Zaléma**, s. m. an humble inclination, bow, or courtesy.

**Zaléo**, s. m. the skin of a sheep or cow pulled to pieces by the wolf, and carried by the shepherd to his master.—*Zaléo*, s. m. the act of shaking any thing as one does the leather of an animal.

**Zalóma**, s. f. the cry used by sailors working on board a ship.

**Zalomár**, v. n. to cry as sailors do when they work on board.

**Zalóna**, s. f. a large earthen pot.

Zamacúco, s. m. a dunce, a silly fellow; also drunkenness.  
 Zamánza, s. f. a cudgelling, a sound beating.  
 Zamarra, s. f. a garment of sheep skins with the wool on, worn by shepherds.—*Zamarrear*, v. a. to drag and tear, as the wolf does a sheep.—*Zamarrear*, to press close in argument.—*Zamarrear*, to beat, to thrash, to cudgel.  
 Zamarrilla, dimin. of *zamarra*.  
 Zamarrico, s. m. dimin. of *zamarro*.  
 Zamarro, s. m. a garment made or lined with sheep skins; also a dirty, clownish, lumpsy fellow.—*Barbas de zamarro*, a thick dirty beard.  
 Zamarrón, s. m. augmentative of *zamarra* and *zamarro*.  
 Zambárcio, s. m. the large strap that is tied round the mules drawing a coach, that the ropes may not hurt their breast.  
 Zámbo, s. m. a wild beast in America so called.  
 Zámbo, } adj. splay-legged,  
 Zambigo, } having the legs turned inwards.  
 Zambóia, s. f. a sort of quince.  
 Zambómba, s. f. a kind of tabor, a pastoral instrument so called.—*Zambómba*, s. m. a rustic, a clown, a rude, witless fellow.  
 Zamborondón, adj. gross, rude, clownish.  
 Zamborotúdo, adj. idem.  
 Zámbrá, s. f. a feast or dance; any noisy feast; a fray or quarrel.  
 Zambucár, v. r. } to throw.  
 Zambucarse, v. a. } one's self suddenly among any thing in order to be hidden.  
 Zambúco, s. m. hiding one's self suddenly.  
 Zambullida, s. f. sinking into the water suddenly.—*Zambullida*, a particular trick so called in fencing.  
 Zambullirse, v. r. vide *Zabullirse*.  
 Zampalimónas, s. m. a poor beggar.  
 Zampapálo, s. m. a glutton, a great eater.  
 Zampár, v. a. to put one thing in another suddenly; also to eat voraciously and very quick.—*Zamparse*, v. r. to rush into a place, to thrust, to clap in suddenly.  
 Zampatortas, s. m. a glutton; also a dunce, a dolt.

Zampóna, s. f. an instrument consisting of several flutes; in Madrid the boys call by that name a poor man of the hospital.—*Zampóna*, an unwitty saying.  
 Zampuzár, v. a. to put anything into the water; also to hide in any place.  
 Zampúzo, s. m. the act of hiding, concealing, or of finding under water.  
 Zanahória, s. f. a carrot; also a vain and false compliment.  
 Zanca, s. f. a small leg, a spindle shank; that part of the bird's leg which has not flesh on it.—*Ir en zancas de araña*, to proceed artfully.  
 Zancada, s. f. a large step.  
 Zancadilla, s. f. a trip; also a skip or hop, a snare, a fraud.  
 Zancajeár, v. n. to tread awkwardly kicking up the heel.  
 Zancajera, s. f. the step of a coach or chaise.  
 Zancajiento, adj. vide *Zancajoso*.  
 Zancájo, s. m. the heel of the foot, stockings, or shoes.—*Zancájo*, a dull fellow.  
 Zancájoso, adj. bandy-legged, crook-legged.—*Zancájoso*, dull, blundering.  
 Zancarrón, s. m. the foot's bone, dry and without flesh; also any such bone.—*Zancarrón*, an old, lean, ugly, nasty person.—*Zancarrón*, an ignorant professor of any art or science.  
 Zanco, s. m. stilts; also a stalker.—*Poner á uno en tancos*, to raise one, to make one's fortune.—*Subirse en zancos*, to grow proud and haughty.  
 Zancúdo, adj. long-legged.  
 Zandalía, s. f. vide *Sandalia*.  
 Zandálo, vide *Sandalo*.  
 Zandía, s. f. vide *Sandia*.  
 Zanéfa, s. f. vide *Cenefa*.  
 Zânga, s. f. a play at cards in four.  
 Zan-âla, s. f. a sort of linen full of gum and well polished.  
 Zangamánga, s. f. deceit, fraud.  
 Zangandóngo, } s. m. an idle  
 Zangandillo, } fellow, a silly fellow.  
 Zanganeár, v. n. to be very idle.  
 Zangáno, s. m. a drone; a lazy fellow.  
 Zangarilla, s. f. a kind of temporary mill.  
 Zangarilleja, s. f. a young dirty girl.

Zangarreár, v. a. to scratch the guitar; to play upon it without art.  
 Zangarriana, s. f. a distemper in the head among sheep; also melancholy.  
 Zangarullón, s. m. a tall idle lad.  
 Zangoloteár, v. n. to move indecently.  
 Zangoloteo, s. m. indecent motion of one's body.  
 Zanguanca, s. f. a feigned illness to avoid work.—*Hacer la zanguanga*, to feign illness in order to avoid work and be idle.  
 Zanguago, s. m. a tall and lean man; an idle fellow; a simpleton; one who feigns simplicity.  
 Zanja, s. f. a trench dug to lay the foundation of a house; also any foundation.—*Abrir las zanjas*, to dig, to begin an edifice.  
 Zanjado, da, p. p. from *zanjar*.  
 Zanjar, v. n. to make a trench.  
 Zanjón, s. m. a great trench.  
 Zanjoncillo, s. m. dimin. of *zanja*.  
 Zaqueador, s. m. a stalking person; also a great walker.  
 Zaqueár, v. n. to stalk; also to ramble.  
 Zanquilargo, adj. long-legged.  
 Zanguilla, s. f. a long and thin-legged person.  
 Zanguituerto, adj. having the legs crooked.  
 Zanquivano, adj. having long legs.  
 Zápa, s. f. the spade used by pioneers in war.—*Zápa*, a hoe for a garden.—*Zápa*, s. f. shagreen; also a work resembling shagreen.  
 Zapador, s. m. one who saps; an underminer.—*Caminár á la zápa*, to sap, to undermine.  
 Zapár, v. a. to hoe in a garden; in a martial sense, to sap; that is, to sink a deep trench, descending by steps to get into the enemy's ditch.  
 Zaparráda, s. f. vide *Zaparrazo*.  
 Zaparrastrár, v. n. to drag one's garments along the ground, so that they gather up the dirt.  
 Zaparrastróso, adj. that drags his garment loose along the ground, so that it gathers the dirt.—*Zaparrastróso*, ill done, clumsily made or done.



Zaparrázo, s. m. a great blow given by full ng from on high; also sudden infirmity and sudden misfortune in prosperity.

Zapata, s. f. a piece of leather put under something that it may not be spoiled by rubbing.—*Zapata*, a piece of timber put under a beam that leans on a pillar.—*Zapata*, a kind of half boot.

Zapatázo, s. m. a great blow with a shoe.

Zapateador, s. m. who makes a noise with the shoes as in fencing.

Zapateria, s. f. a shoemaker's shop or business.

Zapatéro, s. m. a shoemaker.

Zapático, s. m. a small shoe.

Zapáto, s. m. a shoe.—*Zapáto sobre pillar*, a piece laid on a pillar for a beam to rest on.—*Melérse en un zapáto*, to creep into a shoe for fear.—*Andar con zapatos de fieltro*, to move secretly, privately.

Zápe, the word used to a cat to bid her begone.

Zapeár, v. a. to drive away the cat by crying *zápe*.

Zaphýr, adj. a delicate azure blue.

Zaphýro, s. m. a precious stone called a sapphire.

Zapito, s. m. a wooden vessel into which cows are milked.

Zapóte, s. m. an American tree so called, which now grows in Spain.

Zupuzár, v. n. vide *Zampuzár*.

Záque, a leather bag for wine; also a drunkard.

Zaqueár, v. a. to put the wine from one leather bag into another.

Zaquizamí, s. m. the space or place between the plastering and the roof, tiling or covering of a house; also the ceiling or wainscotting; also a cock-loft.

Zar, s. m. the czar of Muscovy.

Zára, s. f. Indian corn.

Zarabanda, s. f. saraband, a dance; also any noise.—*No importá los coplas dela Zarabanda*, f. it signifies nothing; no matter.

Zarabutéro, adj. lying, intriguing.

Zaradión, s. m. a medicine formerly used to cure dogs.

Zaradique, s. m. idem.

Zaragatóna, s. f. the herb flea-wort or flea-bane.

Zaragoci, adj. (*ciruela zaragoci*) a sort of plum so called.

Zaraguelles, s. m. large beeches.

Zaramágo, s. m. a wild rocket.

Zaramagullón, s. m. a diver, a sea-bird.

Zarainbèque, s. m. a very gay and merry dance.

Zaránda, s. f. a sieve with large holes for the corn to fall through and the straw to remain behind.

Zarandador, s. m. he who winnows corn.

Zarandajas, s. f. pl. small trifles of little value.

Zarandadero, s. m. vide *Zarandador*.

Zarandar, } v. a. to sift the  
Zarandear, } corn.

Zarandillo, s. m. a little sieve.

—*Zarandillo*, a little and brisk fellow.—*Andar como zarandillo*, to move briskly about.

Zarapallón, s. m. a dull, dirty, ragged fellow.

Zarapeto, s. m. a brisk-fellow.

Zarapito, s. m. a kind of sea-gull.

Zaratán, s. m. a cancer in the breasts of women.

Zarázas, s. f. pl. a mess made to kill dogs, rats, &c. also, printed china cotton.

Zarceár, v. a. to clean the water-pipes with long staves or perches.

Zarcéro, adj. a kind of terrier.

Zarceta, s. f. a bird so called.

Zarcillo, s. m. an ear-ring.

Zarco, adj. light blue.

Zarevitz, s. m. the eldest son of the czar of Muscovy.

Zariáno, adj. belonging to the czar of Muscovy.

Zaritzza, s. f. the empress of Muscovy.

Zarca, s. f. an engine to wind up silk.

Zárpa, s. f. the dirt that sticks to dragging garments.—*Zarpa*, the paw of a quadruped.

Zarpár, v. a. to weigh anchor.

Zarpázo, s. m. the noise made by something falling down.

Zarracatin, s. m. a miser; one that haggles much for all he sells or buys.

Zárza, s. f. a briar, a bramble, a thorn, a bush.

Zarzagán, }  
Zarzanéte, } s. m. a cold wind.  
Zarzagavillo }

Zarzahán, s. m. a sort of thin striped silk.

Zarzaidéa, s. f. (the same as *frambuesco*) a raspberry.

Zarzál, s. m. a place full of thorns, brambles or bushes.

Zarzanóra, s. f. a black-berry.

Zarzaparilla, s. f. the plant called *sarsa* or *sarsaparilla*, growing in New Spain.

Zarzaparillár, s. m. the place where the *sarsaparilla* grows.

Zarzaperrána, s. f. dog-briar, eglantine.

Zarzarósa, s. f. the wild rose.

Zárzo, s. m. a hurdle.—*Meneár el zárzo*, to beat, to chastise.

Zarzoso, adj. full of briars.

Zarzuéla, s. f. a comedy or farce in two acts.

Zas, a word used to express a cut or a blow.

Zascandil, s. m. a blow suddenly given, or an act suddenly done.—*Zascandil*, a deceitful or teasing man; or a meddling fellow that offers and promises what he cannot give.

Záta, } s. f. a float of timber  
Zatára, } sent down a river.

Zatico, } s. m. a small bit of  
Zatillo, } bread.

Záto, s. m. a bit of bread.

Zázoso, adj. lispings.

Zéa, s. f. vide *Cea*.

Zébra, s. f. vide *Cebra*.

Zéda, s. f. the name of the letter z.

Zedilla, s. f. a dash under this letter ç.

Zedoaria, s. f. a plant so called.

Zeládo, adj. jealously or carefully looked after.

Zelador, s. m. a zealous, or a jealous person; also a careful person.

Zelár, v. a. to be zealous or jealous; also to be careful.

Zeléra, s. f. jealousy.

Zélo, s. m. zeal.—*Zélo*, the rut in animals, their desire of copulation.—*Zelos*, s. m. jealousy.—*Dar zelos*, to make jealous, to occasion jealousy.—*Pedir zelos*, to shew jealousy, to charge with infidelity in love.

Zeloso, adj. jealous.

Zelotypia, s. f. jealousy.

Zenit, s. m. the zenith, the point in the heavens directly over every man's head, the vertical point.

Zenzalino, adj. belonging to gnats.

Zenzalo, s. m. a sort of gnat.  
 Zephíro, s. m. the west wind, a zephyr, a soft breeze or wind.  
 Zequí, s. m. a Moorish golden coin.  
 Zequia, s. f. vide Azequia.  
 Zeta, s. f. vide Zeda.  
 Zeúgma, s. f. zeugma, a figure in grammar so called.  
 Zilorgáno, s. m. a kind of organ.  
 Zipizápe, s. m. a noisy quarrel with blows.  
 Zirigáña, flattery, adulation; also a trifle.  
 Zizas, words that express a blow, or the noise of a blow.  
 Zitára, s. f. vide Azitara.  
 Zizáña, s. f. vide Vallico.—*Zizáña*, dissension; also infection.  
 Zizanéro, adj. who raises dissension or quarrels.  
 Zóculo, a dye on which a pedestal stands.  
 Zócató, adj. pale with ripeness.  
 Zóco, s. m. vide Zuco.—*Andir de zocos en colodros*, to get out of a danger or of a difficult business, and get into another.  
 Zocóba, s. f. the name of a plant and of a tree.  
 Zóclo, s. m. a sock.  
 Zodiaco, s. m. the zodiac, or circle in the heavens on which the twelve signs are, and the sun makes its yearly course.  
 Zófra, s. f. a Moorish carpet.  
 Zoífo, s. m. an envious carping, railing person.  
 Zollipár, v. n. to sigh.  
 Zollipo, a sigh with a hic-cough.  
 Zolócho, adj. silly, foolish, lacking wit.  
 Zóma, s. f. vide Soma.  
 Zómas, s. f. pl. uneven ridges in the fields.  
 Zómpo, adj. vide Zopo.  
 Zóna, s. f. a zone, or circle in the heavens.  
 Zónceria, s. f. insipidity, foolery, foolishness.  
 Zónzo, adj. insipid, unsavoury, tasteless; also insipid, nauseous, silly, witless.—*Ave zónza*, an insipid man, a silly witless person.  
 Zonzorrión, s. m. a silly person.  
 Zópas, s. f. lisping.  
 Zopisa, s. f. zopissa.  
 Zópo, adj. lame; subst. used, an unhandy person, an awkward fellow.

Zoquéte, s. m. a short and thick piece of wood; also a large piece of bread.—*Zoquéte*, s. m. a short and fat person; also an ignorant fellow.  
 Zoquetéro, adj. beggarly.  
 Zoquetúdo, adj. gross, rude, ill-made.  
 Zorita, adj. (*paloma zorita*) a wild sort of pigeon.  
 Zórza, s. f. a fox; also a whore.—*Estar una zorra*, to be drunk.—*Cazar una zorra*, to make one's self drunk.—Prov. *Asi dixo la zorra á los uvas no pudiendolas alcanzar que no estaban maduras*, the fox said the grapes were not ripe, when she could not reach them.—Prov. *Quando la zorra anda al grillo, no hai para ella, ni para sus hijos*, when the fox goes a cricket-hunting, there is not enough for herself, nor her young.—Prov. *Mucho sabe la zorra, pero mas él que la toma*, the fox is very cunning, but he is more cunning that catches her.  
 Zorrera, s. f. the hole of a fox; also a smoky place or house; so called, because they smoke foxes out of their holes.  
 Zorreria, s. f. the trick of a fox; also any cunning sly trick.  
 Zorréro, adj. heavy, lumpish.—*Porro zorrero*, a fox-dog, a kind of small dog so called.  
 Zorrilla, s. f. a little fox.—Prov. *Zorrilla tagarnillera, hácese muerta por asir la presa*, the tricking fox lies as if she were dead to catch her prey.—Prov. *Zorrilla quemucho tarda caza aguárda*, the fox that waits long, waits for a prey.  
 Zórro, s. m. a he-fox; (in cant) a cheating beggar; an idle fellow.—Prov. *Zorro en zorrería el humo lo echa fuera*, when a fox is in his hole, the smoke fetches him out.—*Navio zórro*, a ship very heavy.—*Zórros*, s. m. pl. the fox's tail; used to take off dust and powder; also the fox's skin dressed.—*Estar hecho un zorro*, to be very sleepy.  
 Zorrocléco, s. m. a kind of paste made into wafers to eat.—*Zorrocléco*, a fellow that looks idle and lumpish, but cunning enough to know his advantage.—*Zorrocléco*, the act of coax-

ing, caressing, wheedling, flatter-  
 ing.  
 Zorronglón, adj. that does what is ordered him in an awkward manner through spite or unwillingness.  
 Zorrúno, adj. relating to a fox.  
 Zorullo, s. m. vide Zurullo.  
 Zorzál, s. m. the bird fieldfare.  
 Zorzaleña, adj. fem. (*azeituna zorzaleña*) a very small round sort of olives.  
 Zostér, s. m. a distemper so called.  
 Zóte, s. m. a dolt numbskull, a heavy dull fellow.  
 Zozobra, s. f. a contrary wind, a hard gale; also trouble, grief.  
 Zozobrado, da, p. p. from zozobrar.  
 Zozobrar, v. n. to be in danger of foundering at sea; also to be in great trouble and affliction.  
 Zúa, } s. f. vide Azuda.  
 Zúda, }  
 Zúbia, s. f. a place where many waters meet.  
 Zuciedad, s. f. Suciedad.  
 Zúcio, adj. vide Sucio.  
 Zúco, s. m. a wooden shoe; also a sort of shoes with wooden soles.—*Zúco*, adj. plain, applied to style.  
 Zúfre, s. m. (obs.) vide Azufre.  
 Zúfrir, v. n. (obs.) vide Sufrir.  
 Zuiza, s. f. a sort of sport, like a muster of soldiers.—*Zuiza*, s. f. quarrel, dispute, contest.  
 Zuizon, s. m. vide Chuzon.  
 Zuláque, s. m. a kind of cement or mastic made of lime, oil, and other ingredients.  
 Zúlla, s. f. a sort of grass well known in Andalusia; the human excrement.—*Zúllarse*, v. r. to ease one's self.  
 Zulléno, adj. said of a feeble old person.  
 Zullón, s. m. a fizzle, a wind expelled without noise.  
 Zumacál, } s. m. a place full of  
 Zumacár, } sumach-herb.—  
 Zumacár, v. a. to tan skin with sumach.  
 Zumacaya, s. f. vide Zumaya.  
 Zumáque, s. m. the sumach-herb whose flowers are used in dying and the bark in tanning.—*Zumáque*, (in cant) wine.—*Ser aficionado al zumaque*, to be drunk.  
 Zumáya, s. f. a bird of the owl kind.



Zúmba, s. f. a large bell hanging on the neck of cattle; also mocking, joking upon one.

Zumbár, v. n. to hum, to buzz like a bee; also to mock, to play upon on.—*Zumbárese*, v. r. to jest.

Zumbél, s. m. frown, angry aspect.

Zumbido, s. m. a humming or buzzing noise.

Zúmbo, s. m. the same as *zumbido*, but less used.

Zumbón, adj. jesting, mocking. *Paloma zumbón*, a kind of pigeon so called.

Zumiénto, adj. full of juice, juicy.

Zumiillo, s. m. the herb called dragon.

Zúmo, s. m. juice, sap, moisture.—*Zumo de cepas ó parras*, wine.

Zumoso, adj. juicy, full of juice.

Zúpia, s. f. foul, bad wine; also any bad liquor; the dregs of any thing.

Zurána, s. f. vide *Zorita*.

Zurcidéra, s. f. a woman that darns.

Zurcidór, s. m. who mends cloths; also a pimp.

Zurcidúra, s. f. mending of cloaths.

Zurcir, v. a. to lie, to tell stories; also to graft, to mend cloaths.

Zúrdo, adj. left-handed.—*A zurdas*, adv. with the left hand, badly.—*Zurdo*, left; said of the hand, and of any thing that is on the left side.—*No*

*ser zurdo*, to be expert, not to be a fool.

Zurita, s. f. vide *Zorita*.

Zuriza, s. f. vide *Zuiza*.

Zúro, adj. vide *Zorita*.

Zúrra, s. f. (obs.) vide *Zorra*.

—*Zurra*, the maceration that skin must undergo to be turned into leather.—*Zurra*, continued labour, incessant study.

—*Zurra*, a handful of blows given to one.—*Zurra*, a rebuke.—*Zurra*, an interjection expressing that we are teased and will be so no more.—*Zurra aleñamo*, beat him, chastise him.—*Zurra*, s. f. (obs.)

a fox.—*Zurra*, currying of skins, or any other thing.—*Zurra*, a whipping or beating;

also dispute, contest.—*Zurra*, blame, reproach.

Zurradór, s. m. a currier; also one who chastises or beats.

Zurrapas, s. f. the lees or dregs sinking in the bottom of a vessel.—*Con zurrapas*, in a nasty manner.

Zurraposo, adj. full of lees.

Zurrapillas, s. f. a few dregs.

Zurrár, v. a. to tan skins with sumach; also to chastise.

Zurriága, s. f. a strap of leather to cast his dart with, a lash for a top or any such whip.—*Zurriaga*, a bird so called, a kind of lark.

Zurriagár, v. n. to make a buzzing or humming noise; also to chastise.—*Zurriár*, to speak with a bad tone of voice.

Zurriagázo, s. m. a blow with a zurriago.

Zurriago, s. m. a whip, an instrument of chastisement.

Zurribánda, s. f. quarrel, fray, battle, fight.

Zurriburri, s. m. a herd of mean people; also a mean person.

Zurrido, s. m. humming, buzzing.

Zurrio, s. m. a humming or buzzing noise.

Zurrir, v. n. to emit a bad or rough sound.

Zurrón, s. m. a leather budget or bag.—*Zurrón*, the first pellicle of some fruits.—*Zurrón*, the top of the stalk of corn where the grains are wrapped up.—*Zurrón*, a child's caul, that kind of skin in which some children are wrapt up when first coming in this world.—*Zurrón*, a kind of little bag found in animals, that is full of worms, or on trees, that is full of caterpillars or the like.—*Zurrón*, a seron.

Zurróna, s. f. a bad woman, a cheating wench.

Zurrusco, s. m. a toast burnt.

Zurujano, s. m. (obs.) vid. *Cirujano*.

Zurullo, s. m. a long and round piece of any thing.

Zurumbét, s. m. an Indian tree.

Zutanico, } s. m. dimin. of *zutano*.

Zutanito, }

Zutano, s. m. f. such a one.

Zuzár, v. a. vide *Azuzar*.

Zúzo, a word to call dogs or incite them.

## END OF PART I.

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